PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884 PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1887. Price Two Cents

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 62.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want columns daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the medium of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—Nice greeting November gave us, with rain and hail.

—Scarcely a gate on West Third street was left hanging in its place last night.

—Several citizens of this city awoke this morning to find their gates missing.

—The devotional meeting of the "Y's" was held in their rooms 55 E. Front street, at four o'clock this afternoon.

—Every Johnnie in New Jersey is getting out his gun, and quail, partridge and rabbit are added to the game he seeks to kill.

—Something people need every day is a handy preparation for cleaning grease and dirt spots from clothing. That advertised by Field & Randolph receives many testimonials.

—Fanny Davenport and Company, who rendered "Pedora" in Music Hall last night, registered at Laing's Hotel during their stay in this city. They left for Elizabeth this morning.

—A new song, to be sung to the tune of 'The Babies on Our Block," is said to be in process of composition by a Plainfield policeman. It is to be entitled "The Dummies on Our Beat."

—The Gossing and Turning Society held a reception in their hall on West Second street last night, which was largely attended by friends and invited guests. Dancing and other pastimes were indulged in.

—All Saints Day was appropriately celebrated in the Catholic churches in this city to-day. Services were held in St. Mary's church at half-past five and eight o'clock.

—Several West Second street small boys engaged in a dangerous practice last night for their own amusement. They tied a heavy rope across the side walk, from a tree to the fence, for pedestrians to tumble over.

—Thos. Barnes and James Burns of Elizabeth and Richard Bloss of Plainfield became involved in a street fight last night and were arrested by Policeman Lynch. This morning each was fined five dollars by City Judge Ulrich.

—Unless the citizens of Plainfield vote a special tax for school purposes at the coming election, there is every indication that the public schools may be closed on January 1. The amount coming from the State Educational Fund is far from adequate, and the Board of Education made an appeal this week for a special tax.—Newark News.

—A regular meeting of the Union County Board of Agriculture will be held at the court house, Elizabeth, next Thursday afternoon, Nov. 3, at two o,clock. A full attendance of members is desirable. An action will be taken in regard to making up a county report for the State Board and a programme talked over for the winter meetings.

—Argument in the case of Chief of Police Dold vs. Constable Garrett P. Smith, who is accused of keeping a gambling-den, will be heard by City Judge Ulrich to-morrow morning. If the case be decided against Smith, he will probably appeal. Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh has charge of the prosecution and Judge Suydam conducts the defense.

—Senator Livingston was in Trenton last Tuesday and is reported to have boasted that he was sure of re-election. The saloon keepers are backing him and will heartily rejoice if they can elect him. The senator is an old joker, and is one of the best fellows in the Legislature. The friends of the late Senator Miller say he will have a joke worth two of that when the returns come in.

—"The Little Tycoon" will be presented at the Stillman Music Hall Nov. 3. An exchange says of it: "At every representation of this magnificent work it has been greeted with the same enthusiasm that has marked its reception since the opening night. Tasteful dressing and charming stage tableaux, together with the brilliant and almost sensational specialties, and not a little excellent comedy work, renders the production highly pleasing to the vast majority of opera goers and amusement seekers.

—The advance in the prices to see Fannie Davenport appears to have been a mistake. People ought to fill the house declined to buy when they learned of the advance in prices, but though the talented actress had not quite as large an audience, those who attended appareded delighted with her last evening at Stillman Music Hall, in her great play of Fedora, a highly dramatic story of love, hate and revenge, ending in the suicide of the Princess Fedora herself, when her revenge had worked more disastrously than she had intended to have it. In the closing death scene Fannie Davenport but adds lustre to the great reputation she made years ago as an actress.

—Bound Brook's five days' musical festival began last night. All the local societies were well represented, together with singers from choral unions and singing societies from Plainfield, New Brunswick, Somerville, Dunellen, Dover, Chester and other places. The festival is held in the Presbyterian church, that having the largest auditorium in town. Dr. H. R. Palmer of New York is musical director; John Gilder of Boston, pianist; Mrs. A. A. Judd of Somerville and Mrs. R. H. Brokaw of Bound Brook, accompanists; Misses Lottie and Annie Smith of New York, leading soprano and contralto singers. The festival this season is under the management of Henry Shepherd. Sacred music is the principal feature in the programme.

—Register Thursday: its your last chance.

—Gazelle Engine No. 1 has been returned to Plainfield from the repair shops.

—An ice-skating craze will take the place of the roller-skating frenzy this winter.

—"Oh, have you seen my new title?" is the song of one of Plainfield's budding geniuses.

—The ballots for the coming election must be five inches wide to operate in the new ballot boxes.

—Borough Council meeting Friday evening at eight o'clock in the parlor of Warren Engine house.

—It isn't right to go chestnutting or fishing on Sunday, but a good many people do not seem to realize it.

—Gunners are as plentiful as usual this fall and as usual game is scarce. It is said that the gunners destroy more fence than game.

—The Union county Board of Freeholders will hold their regular November meeting in the court house at Elizabeth, next Thursday afternoon.

—The Railway Advocate credits a prominent Plainfield man with saying that the present County Republican ticket is the cleanest list he has ever seen.

—An empty flour barrel was swung to the breeze from the top of a telephone at the corner of Third and Liberty streets last night by a number of young men and still occupies its elevated position.

—Steps are being taken by the farmers this fall to prevent city gunners from using their chickens for targets when they are unable to find birds. The practice has become quite a nuisance of late years.

—Our readers are cautioned against the many frauds now traveling about. If one desires to make any purchases go to your town merchan!—especially the one who advertises, and you will be treated right and guaranteed a first-class article.

—Kenney, the fruit-dealer has a fresh consignment of delicious New York State apples and other fruits and nuts of all sorts. His show windows last night tastefully decorated and with grinning jacko-lanterns—attracted considerable attention. See his new advertisement.

—A clerk in the Treasury Department at Washington, is said to have invented a new lock which it is thought will be used in post offices. It is said that while any number of keys may be made to lock and unlock it, it can only be unlocked from the outside by the particular key used in locking it. It is not made clear why this is so, but it is said if the holder loses his key he can be unlocked from the inside, and then locked and unlocked from the outside by any of the keys.

—The story to the effect that a number is marked upon every ticket put into the new ballot box is not true. There is a mark made upon the ballots as they pass into the boxes, but the same mark will appear upon every ticket. This is a precaution to guard against the accidental (or otherwise) deposit of more than one ballot by each voter. If two or more tickets are folded together, only the outside one would receive the impression, or stamp, and the others would be thrown out when the count was made.

—Said a Plainfield saloon-keeper recently: 'I am tired of this claptrap about trying to protect the family from the saloon, as if we wanted to have them. We don't run after any one of the family. Why do its members come to us? If they do not want us to exist why do they patronize us? We would soon close our doors if we had no customers and try something el But why should we be abused continually furnishing the patrons the goods they come to buy, and so eager to buy that you may see them almost any night hanging around our bars three deep, sometimes, waiting to be served? Because some weak fools will more than they can carry, why should we be blamed any more than the grocer, because a man has eaten too much of his groceries than were good for him, and died of gluttony? We are treated as fel-as while he is covered. Of course we will do all we can to protect our business. Just as a man would protect himself in any other legitimate business. People combine against us, yet are willing to take our money, assuring protection by license. They talk 364 days of the year against us, yet find fault if we buy enough votes on the 365th day to defeat them. Of course, knowing what we can do on election day, why should we bother the rest of the year. We say all that is said against us. We are going to exist as long as we can make money enough in the year to make it pay, and don't object to spending a little on election day to win. If what you call the family want to fight, let them fight. We can fight too. Until public sentiment against us we will continue to exist, and it is better to contend by license our business, than make us and our customers sneaks.

The New Ballot Boxes.

A consignment of the patent ballot boxes which the Legislature last winter ordered were received from the manufacturers in this State are at the County Clerk's office, and were on Saturday inspected by the election officers from different sections of the county.

The boxes are about a foot square, and the four sides are made of two plates of glass welded together with a wire netting between. On the top and bottom are pieces of hard oak about an inch in thickness.

There is a crank connected with the box, and when turned it registers the number of the ballot, rings a bell and prints on the ballot the name of the county. There are three locks on the box, two of which are combination locks; therefore it takes three election officers to open it. The turning of the top of the box securely locks it, so that, after the closing of the polls, no ballots can be inserted or withdrawn until the box is opened by the three election officers. It is claimed by the manufacturers that it is the only ballot box in the country that will not register or allow the handle or crank to be turned unless a ballot is inserted. It has been patented in the United States, Canada, England, France and Germany.

MRS. JACKSON RETURNS.

She Has Been Visiting Friends in New York.

Councilman Carey informed a reporter of THE NEWS as published yesterday that he did not know of the whereabouts of Mrs. Jackson, the unfortunate wife of "fire-bug" John M. Jackson, who has been away from home for some days, no one knew where. The reporter learned to-day that she returned home Saturday, having been absent in New York for a week past visiting a cousin, who was ill and who has since died.

Mrs. Horace VanNest, sister of Mrs. Jackson, unable to support herself and children without the help of her husband, another of the imprisoned "fire-bugs," is breaking up housekeeping to return to the home of her father, Seth B. Hawley of No. 74 East Second street. Mr. Hawley is a nightwatchman at Cook's lumber yard. He was a soldier during the war, and has always been known as a respectable, hard-working citizen.

Mrs. Jackson was arranging this afternoon to remove from the corner of Elm and Second streets, to the tenement in the rear of French's Mill, on Somerset street, in the apartments about to be vacated by her sister, Mrs. Van Nest.

In our original account of the capture of the "fire-bugs" we stated that Mrs. Jackson, in her efforts to save her husband from the saloons, had set the saloon-keepers, John Rafferty, arrested. Mrs. Jackson says the Court allowed her to be brow-beaten, and insulted so by Rafferty's lawyer that she declared she would never enter a court-room again. This is her present resolve, though she is willing to give her testimony by affidavit.

When one thinks of this poor woman's efforts, is it any wonder she makes this resolve, and is it not enough to arouse the utmost public indignation that she, struggling to save her little home and family should be insulted by any one, and above all other places in a court room?

Mrs. VanNest says she knew of Mrs. Jackson's whereabouts, during her absence. The sick relative visited died, and Mrs. Jackson remained at the funeral, but she would not satisfy the constable, because, she says, he was insolent to her. She knew Mrs. Jackson would be on hand when wanted.

The prosecution will now proceed as soon as Mrs. Jackson's health will permit.

Senator Livingston's Record

We present herewith the full Legislative record of Senator Livingston during his three years' service in the State Senate as a representative of Union County. The record is made up from the legislative records. It gives a synopsis of the bills presented by the Senator in the interest of the city of Plainfield and especially in the interest of Elizabeth and the County at large. The record will in no wise reflect upon the character of Senator Livingston, and even Democrats cannot take exception to our presentation of his record in the Legislature. Here is the record:

—Westfield Standard.

J. G. Miller to Oppose Ulrich.

Jasper G. Cadmus was unanimously nominated for Assembly from the Third District at the Democratic Convention, this afternoon, but at once declined to run.

At 4:20 Joseph G. Miller was nominated.

STATE NOTES.

A weekly newspaper is about to be established at Riverside with the characteristic name of the New Jersey Sand Burr.

There are 530 dogs assessed in Middletown township. One person who lives near Brown's Dock pays a tax for twenty dogs, which are assessed at $1.50 each.

Four hundred dollars in silver and bank notes was recently stolen from a chest belonging to the Junior Order of American Mechanics at Medford, Burlington County.

The Sandwich and Rockaway Beach Railroad Company has mortgaged its road to the Central Trust Company of New York, to secure the payment of $1,000,000 to be issued in gold bonds in denominations of $1,000 each, to run forty years, bearing interest at 5 per cent. The papers were filed on Tuesday in the Queens County Clerk's office.

The evil of the feeding of brewers grains to milch cows, that the Hudson county authorities are trying to check, is spreading in towns in Bergen county. Milk shippers are rapidly increasing their purchases, and two days in the week strings of wagons loaded with the objectionable food can be seen going from the Paterson breweries.

The last living representative in New Jersey of the old Delaware tribe of Indians, Ann Roberts, whose home is at Indian Mills, Burlington county, and who is 80 years of age, had a judgment of $150 rendered against her at Mount Holly a few days ago. She receives a government pension of $12 per month, and some time ago the State Supreme court decided adversely to her claim to 100 acres of land on the old reservation near Shamokin.

Just how the ladies got hold of bear bottles is not known, but it is nevertheless a fact that several are serving coffee, &c., in specimens up in these bottles or table use. It is a little risky to do this, for the bottles are never sold, and are always the property of the manufacturers or bottlers whose names are blown on the bottles, and those using them for catsup or any other purpose are liable to be sued at law. The New Jersey branch of the Women's Christian Temperance Union were recently made parties to just such suit for violation of a statutory law of the State in reference to having unlawfully in their possession the goods of another. At the Mount Holly Fair the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, it is alleged, had a quantity of catsup at one of their refreshment stands packed up in lager beer bottles bearing the imprint of a well-known brewer in this State. This fact was noted by one of the patrons of the stand, and finally reported to the owner of the bottler, who says he loses considerable every year from persons who fail to return the bottles when empty, and he now proposes commencing an action against the Women's Christian Temperance Union to discover by what right they are using his property without his permission, and also to enforce the penalty against them as prescribed by law. The matter is an important one to all parties, and has already excited considerable interest. Of course it is a trick of the saloon-keepers to bring false charges upon the sincerity of this band of noble women.

PERSONAL.

Prescholer Vanderbeek is at Flemington.

Nathan H. Randolph and Dr. Frank H. Wells have been elected deacons in the Seventh Day Baptist church.

Mr. and Mrs. John K. Clark, who have been the guests of their daughter, Mrs. S. M. Chappell of 28 Manning avenue, North Plainfield, left to-day for Warwick, Orange county, N. Y. There they will visit Mr. Clark's mother and from thence will go to their home in Canonsvlle, N. Y.

The marriage of Melvin Hall of Plainfield avenue, to Miss Minetta F. Randolph, took place at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Randolph on West Front street, last evening. The ceremony was performed at seven o'clock by the Rev. J. J. Baker of this city. The bride wore a dark blue velvet dress, in her corsage and hair were the same orange blossoms that were worn by her mother at her marriage. Among the many guests present were: Mr. and Mrs. P. Higgins, Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Decker of New York; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Randolph and son, Fred of Brooklyn; Isaac F. Randolph of Perth Amboy; A. E. Hall wife and son, D. F. Randolph and wife, Chas. Randolph and wife, Howard Hall, Albert Hall, C. Dunn and wife, Misses Mamie Caroll, Lillie Randolph, Alice Randolph, Florence Lemon, Mrs. Harriett Smalley, Chas. Runk, Wm. Berlew, Chas. Stover and S. M. Potter. The presents were numerous. The happy couple left on the 11:16 train, amid showers of rice and old shoes, to spend their honeymoon at Washington, D. C.

Hallow-een in Plainfield.

All Hallow-een, which precedes All Saints' Day, occurred last night, and was generally observed by the young folks of this city, who held parties and told fortunes, played almost all the pranks and had a good time generally. Some of the games indulged in were ludicrous in the extreme. The small boy, too, took the night for their sport and some of them were naughty enough to throw cabbages and other vegetables at the front doors of people. A long string attached to a door bell also afforded them much amusement. The Plainfield girls were not behind the door neither when it came to having fun and judging from peel after peel of laughter which greeted a reporter's ears as he passed along a pavement thoroughfare where a number of them were masquerading, they were enjoying themselves hugely, but wise persons did not venture too close to them unless they wished to be treated to a shower of flour, which they threw around regardless of injury to clothing. They visited the houses of friends and in this way spent a very enjoyable evening.

Nellie Bergen's Madness.

Unfortunate Nellie Bergen, the twenty-two-year-old daughter of James Bergen of Somerville, Ex-Sheriff of Somerset County, will have to be removed to the insane asylum. Sunday night she grew better, but on Monday afternoon became rapidly worse. During the day she threatened to kill her mother and repeatedly tried to strike her with a heavy earthen flower-pot. Much sympathy is manifested for the poor girl, who is cl..sed among the village beauties. At the age of thirteen she was exposed to the cold at a May-day party. Soon after she took sick and she was left deaf and dumb, as chronicled yesterday. Brooding over her loss of speech and hearing brought on melancholy which now results in madness.

WESTFIELD.

B. and E. Co. No. 1 will meet at their rooms on Central avenue to-night.

Mr. P. F. Randolph of South avenue started last night for his Winter trip through Colorado, Dakota and Montana.

James Boyden, a former resident of Westfield, but now of Wilcox, Arizona, paid a short visit to some of his old friends this week. This part of the country doesn't suit him at all any more, and he expects to return to his mining district at once.

A dozen women met at the town rooms last night to discuss the proposed hotel project. James L. Miller was chosen chairman and Frank Bergen was made secretary. The chairman, after stating the object of the call, spoke about the benefits the township would derive from such a hotel. Mr. C. B. Ripley stated that when the subject was first spoken about to him he did not quite see where the financial part of it would come, but the originator of the idea, Mr. Welsh, suggested to him that it would be of interest to every merchant in Westfield to take stock in the hotel as a hotel when built would attract strangers who would become permanent residents, as in Plainfield at the Park House.

List of Advertised Letters

Remaining in Plainfield Post Office for week ending Oct. 28, 1887.

Brown, Mrs D D	Gibbons, Mrs C B
Bander, Mr L	Hays, Mr J H
Brown, Mr Robert	Harned, Nathan
Baltzhor, F	Johnson, Mrs Sara J
Campbell, Mr Joseph	Jacques, Wm
Case, John W	Karer, Mrs Charles
Carman, Mr O N	Lesley, Miss Mary
Compton, Mrs Julia R	Navetin, Mr Henry
Chase, Mr A D	Nilsen, Miss Anna
Flynn, Miss Ella	Pierce, Mr H C
Glass, Mr Sam	Shepherd, Mr John
	Graham, Miss Annie

Persons calling for the above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

Messrs. Dreier and Allen Settle.

The trouble about Saturday's attempted pistol trade between David C. Allen and Samuel Dreier is settled, and the revolver over which the row started as much dispute has been, through the influence of City Judge Ulrich, returned to Mr. Allen. Mr. Dreier fought the case from principle and not because of the amount involved; and as the adjustment made is satisfactory to him he will push the matter no further.

—Rabbit shooting is now legal and many hunters were seen this morning wending their way toward the mountains in search of the fleet-footed game.

Wm. A. Davidson of Mount's Mills is credited with having seen in his garden a man of perhaps six feet in stature, with horns projecting from his forehead, a body and a phosphorescent glare emanating from his eyes. He claims the thing, he says, for miles around farmers in his neighborhood are out the lookout.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the service of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

Fisher Unpopular Everywhere

JAMESBURG, N. J., Nov. 1.—The hoodlums here had great sport last night over the hanging and burning in effigy of Wm. F. Fisher, Democratic Candidate for Senator from Middlesex. The dummy was headless and was labeled, "Fisher after election."

The Rum-Seller Beneath it all.

SHELBYVILLE, Ill., Nov. 1.—The Circuit Court, with Judge Phillips on the bench, yesterday took up the case of Marion Keller who is charged with the murder of his wife. Keller, the alleged wife-slayer, is a poor drunken wretch without money or friends, and Moulton, Chaffee & Header, a leading legal firm of this city, have volunteered to defend the man, with a view, it is said, to establish the responsibility of the saloon men here with the crime, on the ground of their having sold liquor to a habitual drunkard.

A Canadian "Fire-bug" Caught.

MONTREAL, Nov. 1.—At least one of the incendiaries who have destroyed property in this city has been arrested, namely, Roul Charbonneau, aged 19, against whom a warrant had been issued for arson. After the fire he suddenly left the city and tramped through the eastern states until he reached Holyoke, Mass., where he asked for night quarters at the police station. On being searched a slip of one of the Montreal papers with an account of the fire was found on him and he was held for the Montreal high constable who brought him back yesterday. He will stand for trial at the Court of Queen's Bench next month.

Troops to Prevent a Mob.

SALT LAKE, Nov. 1.—The adjutant General department of Missouri has ordered Co. F and Co. E, Sixth Infantry, stationed at Fort Douglas, near this city, to proceed at once to the new military reservation presented by Chicago to the United States. There are about forty-five men in each company. They will leave here for Chicago next Friday or Saturday. Major Lyster, Captain Cooper Company K which has been building a military road to Fort Duequesne is now marching to Price, a station on the Denver and Rio Grande, and will reach here by to-day or Wednesday. It is rumored that the reason for sending it the troops is the late Federal Uproop in Chicago several days prior to the day set for the hanging of the Anarchists.

Nine are Probably Dead.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 1.—At 2.20 o'clock this morning a fearful explosion occurred in Newman's grocery store on Fourteenth street, near Market, wrecking the grocery store and three buildings adjoining it on Fourteenth street and three buildings on Market street. The Newman family lived over the grocery store. It is known there were twelve people in the building. Three of these have been taken out alive, but seriously injured. The others are in the ruins, and people are now digging in the debris. The wreck presents a frightful scene, and it is not considered possible that any of those will be taken out alive. Nobody knows what caused the explosion. No names are obtainable now.

Gore for Crow Indians.

CROW AGENCY, Mont Ter., Nov. 1.—The plan of dealing with the Crow Indians has been made known. The Indians are all commanded to be in camp at the Crow agency by Friday night. Those out then will be pronounced hostile, and war will be declared against them. A strong force of infantry and cavalry will be moved there to patrol the camp.

All transportation from outside the camp has been ordered in. Deaf Bull, Pretty Eagle and Crazy Head have now joined the outlaws. The officers believe that an engagement will occur here to-day. The Indians will probably take a position on the hills near the agency. Several war chiefs have been to the Crow camps and ordered all who will not fight to go into the agency.

Courts Can't Destroy Privacy.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 1.—The right of an agent of a commercial agency to refuse to produce his or its books and papers in court unless he is willing to do so was established in Detroit yesterday in the case of George H Mciuner, manager of R. G. Dun & Co. Manager Mciuner was arrested in the case of Brand & McCollough against Hinchman & Sons to bring into court the records of the agency to show the fact that Hinchman & Sons had attached Brand & McCollough's stock, which had been duly reported on the books of the agency. He refused and was ordered committed for contempt of court. He got out on a writ of habeas corpus. He affirmed that he had no interest in the suit on trial and that the production of the records might commit himself, or his agency open to prosecution, and demanded release on other grounds. The full bench of the Circuit Court heard the argument and discharged the prisoner, holding that he could not under the constitution be required to produce his private papers or the private records of the agency.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Sindle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue:

1887		1886	
5 a. m.....	36	67	Sun rises..... 6 30
7 a. m.....	40	66	Sun sets..... 4 57
1 p. m.....	50	68	Moon rises..... 4 59
3 p. m.....	49	67	Moon sets.....

Died.

BEYER.—On Monday evening, Peter H. Beyer, at his late residence, 19 Madison avenue. Funeral services Wednesday, at 2 p. m. Interment at Union Hill, Hudson county, N. J.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A LARGE desirable dwelling on Grove street near the First Baptist church; etc.; suitable as a first-class boarding house. Rent low. All improvements. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, No. 35 and 37, opposite station. 10-31-tf

A COMPETENT cook, first-class reference from best families, can be seen for one week at Park avenue Intelligence office.

A JANITOR wanted for the Relief Association. Apply at the rooms of the Association, Second street, corner of Madison avenue. 10-18-tf

AT PRIVATE SALE.—A family declining housekeeping will dispose of entire furniture and household effects of a house containing five rooms, in lots to suit purchasers. Address Vindex, Evening News office. 10-tf

CLERK wanted for order and delivery wagon. Must be bright, active and strong. Reference required. Address P. O. Box 690. 10-24-tf

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 33 Carleton avenue. 27-10

FOR SALE.—A good, young gray horse suitable for family. Enquire of Finis Hibbitts, 12 Liberty street. 1-tf

FOR SALE.—A light easy phaeton. The property of Dr. Smith. Enquire at C. L. Jenkins, 62 East Front street. 10-31-tf

FOR SALE.—A young cow in calf, three years old; also one good milker. Call on Mr. DuPlon, Woodlawn avenue and Randolph road on the hill, or address P. O. Box 1003. 29-3

FOR SALE.—Nice young mare, cow, heifer, two wagons, etc. Jacob Grieb, Langton House, Central avenue, near New Brooklyn. 31-5

LOST OR STOLEN.—On Friday, 28th inst., a blue setter bitch, named Dora, five years old, not field broken. Last seen Friday afternoon, 7:30 o'clock, waiting on porch of Dr. Long's residence, Park avenue. $5 will be paid for her return and no questions asked. Wilson Fiske, Broadway, and Woodland avenue. 31-tf

STORAGE.—For carriages, sleighs, furniture etc. Fire proof building, M. Quinn, No. 8 East Fourth street, near Park avenue. 17-tf

SEVERAL desirable furnished and unfurnished houses to let. Come quickly and take your choice. C. Mulford, broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite depot. 10-10-tf.

TO LET.—House on Washington Park. All modern conveniences. Rent moderately. Terms low for Winter months. Apply F. H. Martin, 70 Mercer avenue. 10-10-tf

WANTED.—Competent nurse and seamstress with good reference, at 62 West Seventh street. 11-1-3

WANTED to rent. A small house or floor with suitable party. Address Obliger, care EVENING NEWS.

WANTED.—A girl for general housework. 70 East Sixth street.

WANTED.—A competent girl for general housework. Apply at 37 East Fifth street. 31-2

WANTED.—A young girl to take care of a child. Apply at No. 11 Crescent avenue. 29-2

WANTED.—A competent girl for general housework, with good recommendations. Wages $15. 57 Kensington avenue. 23-4

What We Think

We have just received from the manufacturers what we consider the finest line of Men and Boys' Shoes ever brought to this city in French, (Common Sense) and English toes. Prices: Machine sewed, $5; Hand welt, $6.

Doane & VanArsdale
22 W. Front St.

TRY
B. T. BARNES'
BROADWAY
Molasses Candy,
FLAXSEED and LEMON COUGH DROPS,
BOSTON CHIPS ETC.,
We make all our candies. Opposite Post Office.

MONOLOGUE AND MUSICAL
Entertainment
BY MASHALL P.
WILDER,
THE HUMORIST, and
Diller's Cornet Quartette
of New York, at the M. E. CHURCH,
Tuesday, Nov. 8th,
at 8 p. m. Tickets 35c. Reserved seat 50c. On sale at the drug stores of Messrs. H. P. Runyon and H. J. Hoagland. Secure seats early.

OTHELLO RANGES,
THE MOST POPULAR.
Lane's Steel Door Hanger and Track.
Hardware, Plumbing and Tinning.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Next to Post Office. 13 East Front street.
Telephone Call 6.

APPLES
of all kinds for immediate and winter use. Best New York State brands by the barrel and in small quantities. Also cut and sugared fruit.

New Figs, Dates, etc.
All kinds of Nuts and Dried Fruits, Oranges.
Malaga Grapes,
Concord and Catawba Grapes. Tropical Fruit in great variety. Call and see us.
KENNEY BROS.,
NO. 8 NORTH AVENUE.

The Most Important
LITERARY
EVENT
of the season. LECTURE by
Col. Mason W. Tyler
at MUSIC HALL,
NOVEMBER 8th,
Subject: "The Constitution of the United States." For the benefit of the Public Library. Tickets at usual places.

SATIN-LINED
OVERCOATS
and a large variety of Men and Boys Suits at astonishing low prices
WERNER'S
MAMMOTH ONE PRICE
Clothing House,
30 West Front street.

PROFESSOR
John Reynolds, the Mesmerist, is coming again. He will be at Reform Hall every day next week, excepting Thursday. Admission 25 and 35c A limited number of reserved seats at 50c. Diagram at Reynolds' Pharmacy.

MUSIC HALL, THURSDAY, NOV. 3.
TEMPLE THEATRE COMIC OPERA CO.
Geo. C. Brotherton, Proprietor.
Third Year and farewell Tour of the original production as presented for 100 nights at the Temple Theatre under the personal management of George C. Brotherton
THE LITTLE TYCOON
Words and Music by Mr. W. Jerome; Revised by Mr. Sydney Rosenfeld. Staged by Mr. Charles Sayre. Costumes designed by Mr. Geo. C. Brotherton. Scenery, Grand Electric Transformation Scenes and Large Chorus.
Popular Prices—$1.00, 75, 50 and 25 cents. Seats on sale Tuesday, Nov. 1.

Plainfield Evening News,

P. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Is published every afternoon at

No. 1 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or for mail subscription in the United States, at $3 per year payable in advance.

TUESDAY NOVEMBER, 1, 1887.

SENSATIONAL STORY FROM TEXAS.

Which, if True, Will Lead to the Apprehension of Lillie Hoyle's Murderer.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 1.—The postmaster here has received a letter from a farmer living near El Paso, Tex., saying that an Irishman who lately came to work on the writer's farm told a story while drunk which may throw light on the mystery surrounding the death of Lillie Hoyle, at Webster, Mass. The man said that he lived in Worcester for some time, and was known there by Dixon H. Cowie, Lillie's uncle, was the father of her unborn child. On the night of her disappearance, Sept. 1, she went with Cowie to a local physician's office. Later they were to drive to perform an operation, but gave Cowie instruments and medicine, and after their return from the girl's home Cowie left her hands. Cowie hired the Irishman to help remove the body. Young Eddie Grimley also assisted. The body was hidden in the water for a time, and then was put where it was found. The Irishman was paid $50, and told to go to Little Rock, where he would receive $150 more. After learning that his employer knew all about the affair he left, going toward El Paso. The matter has been placed in the hands of the authorities.

Marine Intelligence.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Arrived, steamers *Servia*, Liverpool and Queenstown; *Andes*, Glasgow; *Ohio*, Hull; Mordtje; Wilhemarre, Boston; Commonwealth, Philadelphia; Amethyst, Baltimore; Aguan, Boston; Wimbledon, Portland; Nacoochee, Savannah. Ship Earl Burgess, Rio Janeiro; Bark Kedron, Rotterdam; Barry Bagshman, Bilbao; Rudolph Josephy, New Bedford. Arrived out, steamers *Italia*, for New York; *Britain*, Liverpool, has passed Fastnet; Italy, from New York for Liverpool, has passed Kinsale; Noordland, from New York for Antwerp, off the Lizard; Rhynland, from New York, at Havre; City of Chicago, from New York, at Queenstown; Tyrian, from New York, at Avonmouth; Fulda, from New York, at Rotterdam; Duke of Georgia, from New York, at Glasgow.

The Messengers of Peace.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The president yesterday afternoon received a deputation from Great Britain who desire his co-operation in securing a treaty between that country and the United States which shall provide for the amicable settlement of disputes by arbitration. Andrew Carnegie presented the distinguished visitors.

Yale Athletic Association.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 1.—The Yale Athletic association last night elected as officers for the ensuing year: President, H. F. Walker, '88; vice-president, L. B. Gantry, '89; secretary and treasurer, C. L. Bogert, jr., '90; members of executive board, W. Harmar, '89, and A. R. Moen, '89.

Reducing Telegraph Rates.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The Western Union telegraph rates on business between New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Chicago and St. Louis have been reduced from fifty to forty cents. Other reductions are expected in the course of a general revising of rates.

A Brilliant Meteor.

HARTFORD, Nov. 1.—A very brilliant meteor was seen in this city about 6:15 o'clock last night in the southern heavens. It struck very low down toward the southwest. The observers describe it as of remarkable size and splendor.

End of the Indiana Miners' Strike.

VINCENNES, Ind., Nov. 1.—The miners strike at Washington, Davies county, has ended. Nearly 800 miners struck over a month ago for 70 cents per ton, cash and pay every two weeks. The trouble has now been compromised.

He Took All Precautions.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Health Officer Smith, of New York, has telegraphed to the Marine hospital steward saying that any passengers or baggage left the steamer Indepentente without thorough disinfection.

Imprisonment for Life.

BELFAST, Me., Nov. 1.—Marcus M. Crockett was yesterday sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of her husband, Ruel Crockett, last December.

Wealthy Indications.

For Wednesday, in the vicinity of eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, and in New England, fair, warmer weather, with variable winds.

THE BULLETIN OF COMMERCE.

New York Money and Produce Market Quotations.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Money closed at 4 per cent. The lowest rate was 3½ and the highest 5. Exchange closed steady: posted rates $4.84½ @4.86; actual rates, $4.84@4.84½ for sixty days and $4.86@4.86½ for demand. Government closed steady: currency 6s, 121 bid; 4s, coup., 124¾ bid; 4½s, do., 105¾ bid.

The stock market yesterday was dull, but firm, and at noon prices were only slightly changed from those of Saturday. In most cases, however, values were up ½ to ¾ per cent. The special feature of the forenoon's business was Missouri Pacific, which started in very dull after it closed. At intervals complete stagnation prevailed. Prices gradually sagged throughout the afternoon and closed with about the bottom figures of the day current for most of the stocks. The decline, as compared with Saturday's figures, ranged from ¼ to 1 per cent. The greatest weakness was exhibited by Missouri Pacific and Pacific Mail.

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Cotton—Dull and unchanged; fair, 9½@9¾; superfine, $2.50@3.10; good to fancy extra state, $3.80@4; common to good extra western, $3.60@3.90; southern flour firm; common to fair extra, $4.25@4.

WHEAT—Options were moderately active, with a slight decline; spot lots closed dull and easy; No. 2 red, 94¾@95c; No. 1 red state, 99@1.00; No. 2 do., 94¾@95c; No. 1 white state, 99@1.00; No. 2 Chicago, 89@90c; No. 1 red winter, 95@c; No. 2 red winter, New, 85c bid; do., Jan., 89@c; do., Feb., 90@c bid.

CORN—Spot lots closed firm, and closed at ¼@½c decline; spot lots closed steady, but dull and unchanged. Spot sales of No. 2 mixed, 54@54¾c; ungraded mixed, 53@54c; No. 2 mixed, Nov., 56@c bid; do., Dec., 50 bid.

OATS—Closed quiet and steady. Spot lots closed weak and ½c lower. Spot sales of No. 1 white state at 32c; No. 2 do., 30@30½c; No. 1 mixed, Oct., 30@30½c; do., Dec., 29@29½c.

RYE—Dull and unchanged; western, 56c@57c; state, 58@59c.

BARLEY—Quiet and steady; No. 1 Canada, 70c.

PORK—Dull; old mess, $13.50@13.75; new do., $14@14.50.

LARD—Closed dull and heavy; cash, $6.80@6.82½; Dec., $6.65; Jan., $6.40.

A DYNAMITE EXPLOSION

AT THE WORKS OF THE AMERICAN FORCITE POWDER COMPANY.

Four Young Men Blown to Atoms at Lake Hopatcong. No Search—Gathering Up the Fragments—Were They Playing With the Deadly Explosive?

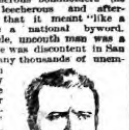
LAKE HOPATCONG, N. J., Nov. 1.—By an explosion this morning at the works of the American Forcite Powder company over a dozen persons were killed and one man wounded. Those killed are Frederick Smith, 18 years of age, who resided at Port Oram; John Fraser, 18 years of age, and Harry Todd, 12, of Drakesville, and Phil Meyers, aged 22, of Philadelphia. The injured man's name is Rogers. He is 19 years of age and lives at Port Morris. His scalp was severely though not dangerously torn.

The company began to manufacture a form of dynamite at Lake Hopatcong about five years ago. The works comprise twenty-five or more frame buildings, scattered over a square mile, in all, among the most extensive devoted to the manufacture of explosives in this country. Each of these buildings is devoted to some special purpose, and an accident can be made impossible, except through the carelessness of an employe. This is the fourth serious explosion at the works. The building in which the accident occurred was situated at the extreme easterly end of the park, about one and a half miles back of the Arlington house. It was a one story frame structure, fifteen feet in length and twenty feet in depth. It was substantially built, heated by hot water pipes, and known as a cartridge house. The cartridges which are manufactured or pressed by means of funnels into the completed cartridges, which were then wrapped in manilla sheets eight by ten inches in size and delivered for shipment. Some of these sheets were picked up at Drakesville, four miles away. Stored in the building were about 50 pounds of dynamite, and how the explosion occurred will never be known. The general manager and the chemist cannot account for it except that the dynamite in the cartridges must have been forced

KEARNEY AND WONG.

Send Lot Orator and Civilized Pagan Meet in New York.

Dennis Kearney has bobbed up again, but not at all seriously. Ten or a dozen years ago he was the great notability of the Pacific coast, the orator of the sand lots, the dangerous turned statesman. His speeches were quoted and laughed at all over the country, and his constant reference to the "lecherous bumblebees" the pronunciation of lecherous and afterward explained that it meant "like a leech") became a national byword. And yet this rude, uncouth man was a power. For there was discontent in San Francisco and many thousands of unemployed, and with one accord they decided that the cause of their misery was "Chinese cheap labor." So Dennis Kearney, the Key. Kalloch and others organized a laborers' party, which held the balance of power in the control of the state constitutional convention and adopted a constitution which all the capitalists of the state denounced as communistic. They also had influence enough to get congress to pass the bill shutting out Chinese immigrants, and by that time Kearney had got a good office and made some money and was living easy. Now he has retired from his retirement with an address, which he has delivered several times in the east, charging that the anti-Chinese restriction law is not enforced, and demanding the passage of the stringent measure introduced by Senator Mitchell.

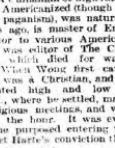


DENNIS KEARNEY.

Wong Chin Foo, the Chinaman who had to pay a duty of $50 on going into Canada the other day, has met Kearney and has repeatedly challenged him to a public debate, which the latter has contemptuously refused. They came face to face the other day, however, in The New York World office, and were introduced and had a very heated discussion, almost coming to blows. Wong Chin Foo is a remarkable character. A Chinaman of high rank, he is thoroughly Americanized (though he has lapsed into paganism), was naturalized many years ago, is master of English, a contributor to various American periodicals and was editor of The Chinese American, which died for want of patronage. Wong first came to America he was a Christian, and he quickly captivated high and low in Rochester, N. Y., where he settled, made speeches in religious meetings, and was quite the lion of the hour. It was even given out that he purposed entering the pulpit. But Bret Harte's conviction that

> "The heathen Chinee is peculiar,"

was never better illustrated than in the case of Wong. The story of his exposure is not a guilty one, and so we will not repent it. Wong had to leave Rochester, however, and he shortly thereafter announced himself a pagan again. He didn't mention his Rochester experience in his recent article answering the question, Why am I a pagan?



WONG CHIN FOO.

When Kearney was in New York six years ago Wong challenged him to a debate on the Chinese question, and the former declined with scathing words. Chinaman grew angry and challenged Kearney to fight with weapons. No reply was made and Kearney soon left for California. Now the Chinaman is more eager than ever for a public debate and offers to prove all the Dennis says untrue; that the Chinese make good citizens, that they do not eat rats; that they are clean and live well as soon as they get money, and that they are as good material for American citizens as any foreigners.

Kearney's last reported exploit in New York was to make a tour of the Chinese quarter in Mott street.

London's New Lord Mayor.

London's new lord mayor is the first Catholic who has ever held that position. But a Scotchman, and most Catholic he will tell you that the two are quite incompatible. He will be sworn in Nov. 9. Perhaps no strange a fact as his religion is his nationality; for the new lord mayor of the great English capital is not an Englishman at all, but a Belgian by birth. He was naturalized twenty-two years ago, however, and has long been an alderman, was at one time sheriff of London and Middlesex, and has filled other offices of trust and honor.

MAYOR DE KEYSER.

His name is Polydore de Keyser, and he is well known to many Americans because of his big hostelry, the Royal hotel, Blackfriars. There are those who say that his experience as a landlord will be of great use to him in keeping up the hospitalities of his office. There is little mounting at him because of his occupation, however, even in aristocratic English circles, for he is an accomplished linguist, a member of half a dozen learned societies and owns fifteen city guilds, and is an excellent speaker. In politics he is a Liberal-Unionist.

The duties of lord mayor of London are manifold. He is a general of militia, an admiral of the port of London, a chief judge of the city, a conservator of the river Thames, etc., etc.

The salary of the lord mayor amounts to $50,000, and includes a princely residence at the Mansion house. He is expected, however, to spend at least as much more out of his own pocket in entertainments during his term.

Mountains of the West.

The Sierra Nevada range might be called a continuation of the Cascade mountains, but those are of volcanic origin, and the Sierra Nevadas are granite, though traces of volcanic action are often found on the flanks and base. It commences at Mount Shasta, 14,400 feet high, and runs in a southerly direction to Tejon Pass, where it joins the Coast range not far from Mount Whitney, the highest mountain in the United States south of Alaska. There are but few passes over these mountains, and the Pacific slope is very steep, the Central Pacific road descending 6,200 feet in eighty miles.—Brooklyn Eagle.

A NOVEL SPECTACLE.

CONTEST BETWEEN A BULL BUFFALO AND AN ENGLISH BULLDOG.

An Exciting Incident Which Occurred when Herds of Bison Roamed the Plains of the West—Remarkable Example of Canine Courage.

The nearest herd swerved; but, contrary to their instincts, came roaring down beside and paralleled to our mounted troopers. This was a fitting time for the well trained, disciplined cavalry soldiers, and the men, in their intense excitement, forgetful of orders, commenced a rattling fusilade from their saddles. The bullets severed off, but not before several were wounded. The firing was sternly ordered to cease. One gigantic bull, a leader, was nearest; he was badly wounded. As was the case on nearly all occasions of troops changing station on the frontier, many dogs of all ages, sizes and degrees mad, under protest, accompanied the column to the Colorado river; here many of the worthless curs were left or drowned while fording; but there were several remaining, and it was these that had turned the buffalo down the column.

There was among them a large, white English bull dog belonging to the regimental band. He was of immense power, and had been trained to pull down beeves at the slaughter corral at Fort Concho. He was, withal, a prime favorite with the soldiers, and consequently well cared for. The pack of dogs were in full cry after the stampeding herd of bellowing beasts as they rushed and tore along the country with their peculiar rolling gait. But "King," the bull dog, singled out the immense wounded leader, who had now slackened his speed and was fatigued in his tracks. He sprung at his throat with great courage, fastened upon him, and the battle commenced, with the column as silent spectators.

A NOVEL SPECTACLE.

It was a novel spectacle. The bronzed troopers; the great shaggy beasts thundering by; the white topped wagon train closed up and halted; the Bedouin cheyenne, and the almost limitless stretch of surrounding prairie and vast solitude. The bull went down upon his knees, but so great was his strength that he quickly arose and with the dog in great circles over his head. "King" had been taught never to let go. The entire command now watched with breathless attention the battle between the indomitable courage of the dog and the great strength of the buffalo. Down went the bull again on his knees, this time not from any weakness, but to gore the dog; rising, he would stamp his feet in rage, then shaking him a while, he would resume swinging and snapping him like a whip cord through the air. The foam, now bloody, flecked the long, tawny beard of the bison bull. His eyes, nearly concealed in the long, matted hair that covered his shaggy head, flashed fire, and his rage knew no bounds.

The dog, which had commenced the fight a pure white, now turned to a spotted crimson from blood which had flowed from the bull's wounds, and still his brute instincts, tenacious courage and training led him to hold on. Had he let go for a moment the quarry, the bull would have gored him to death before he could have retreated. The bull grew perceptibly weaker; he rose to his feet less often. He could no longer throw the dog in circles above his head. The blood stained "King" to a more vivid red, and beginning with dirt, he had lost all semblance to his former self. All were anxiously looking for the struggle to end. Impatience was already displayed upon the men's faces, when suddenly Gen. Mackenzie shouted, "Kill the animal and put him out of his misery!" It was a mercy full command. Two men stepped forward to the enormous beast, now on his knees and rocking to and fro, the dog still holding on—and placing their carbines behind the left shoulder to reach a vital point, fired. He gave one great quiver, one last, spasmodic rocking, and spread himself upon the vast prairie, dead. Not till then did "King" let go!

So great had been the courage of this favorite dog in his fearful struggle that months after, when an order had been issued for all our dogs—always an accumulative nuisance at a frontier post—to be exterminated, "King," the white bulldog belonging to the Fourth cavalry band, was exempted by a special order.—R. Carter, U. S. A., in Outing.

Why the Petticoat Must Go.

Few people seem aware how enormously a petticoat dress of any sort increases the apparent size of the hips until they have seen the same persons in a different—i. e., two-piece dress. Then they are astonished at their own former blindness. The petticoat they do not eat rats; that they are clean and live well as soon as they get money, and that they are as good material for American citizens as any foreigners.

MAYOR DE KEYSER.

Descendants of the Dirt Eaters.

There is a race of negroes in the United States that must be descendants of the dirt eating tribe of Africans. I have found in the interior of the dark continent, for I had a cook who came from the back hill country of Louisiana, which, by the way, is very little known to the outsiders, who was a dirt eater. She said one day that she was going back to the hills, as the black dirt at New Orleans was not good, and she pined for some of the kind she had always been used to eating, and she went back. I was told that in certain soil where these people live there was a strong alkali taste and they fancied very much. Eating dirt becomes a habit with them, and when they wander away they still keep up the desire until they get tired of the mud that is a milder bon bonne article. I have heard of white men who eat dirt, but this negress is the only genuine dirt eater I ever saw.—Col. George L. Cunningham in Globe-Democrat.

Caused by Fright.

Savants have discovered that the hair of the prong horned antelope, like that of man, is made to stand erect by sudden fright. Investigation in this line might take in the hedgehog and the ridgepole cat.—New York Sun.

A Basswood Bellows.

A rich but rather costly addition to fashionable drawing rooms is a musical bellows, the handle and snout of which are frontal silver. The bag is a single piece of kangaroo skin.—Chicago Herald.

STATUE TO PRESIDENT HARRISON.

It Is to Be Set Up in Cincinnati—Ohio's Centennial.

Ohio is to have the next centennial celebration, and proposes, with many other good things, to have a beautiful piece in the statue of President William Henry Harrison. The statue is to stand in Cincinnati; but as the grave of Harrison is at North Bend, which is, or was, the obscure village of North Bend, it is proposed to join with the latter state and all disposed to help in putting up an appropriate shaft at the grave. That state and a large party of Ohio men, including Benjamin Butterworth and John Stevenson, with prominent citizens from Indiana and Kentucky, recently made an excursion to North Bend. Last winter the legislature of Ohio appropriated $75,000 for a bronze equestrian statue of Harrison. The statue is now being made by Louis F. Rebisso, of Cincinnati, and will present a striking figure of the great warrior governor on horseback, as he appeared, or is supposed to have appeared, in his last campaign against the Indians. The first permanent settlement in Ohio was that at Marietta in 1788, and so 1888, the year of the centennial, will be an appropriate time to unveil the monument of the first territorial governor.

WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON'S STATUE.

At the close of the revolution a body of New Englanders, largely veterans of the war, and led by Gen. Putnam, traveled to the Alleghany river in Pennsylvania, and there constructing keel boats floated down to the site of Marietta; there they made a town, and there many Putnams and other descendants of the pioneers remain to this day. Soon after the French made a settlement at Gallipolis, and thereafter Ohio was rapidly settled. William Henry Harrison, first governor, was succeeded in the male line from the noted Harrison who commanded the parliamentary army in the civil war in England and was in power for a short time, after the death of Cromwell. He is recorded in British history as "Harrison the Regicide." A grandson of Governor Harrison is Gen. Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana, late United States senator. It was during the older Harrison's governorship of the territory that he effected those immense purchases of land which extended the Indian title to that land in nearly all of Indiana southeast of the Wabash river; but after Ohio was admitted as the Union in 1802 his jurisdiction was confined to Indiana. He extinguished the Indian title, except to a few reservations, up to Tippecanoe; there the great confederacy of all the tribes and parts of tribes hostile to the cession, the Shawnee Tecumtha in command, formed its camp, and there they were defeated by Harrison in the autumn of 1811. It is a curious fact that Indiana's centennial came long before Ohio's, though most of the state is forty years younger; for in 1763 the treaty of the foundling of Vincennes later than 1755, while some place it as far back as 1690, and there was a French Miami town containing forty well built houses and many huts on Wea plains before Putnam landed at Marietta. The interlock of the heads of the Wabash and Maumee is so complete that French made their courses the route from Canada to Louisiana at least as early as 1700. Ohio is making great preparations for her centennial, and has already secured by all the steam yachts of private subscription to a great interstate exposition at Cincinnati; while the legislatures of Indiana and Kentucky have appointed commissioners to act for them.

A Fine Challenge Cup.

The American Yachting club offers a cup, to be contended for by all the steam yachts of the world, which is a marvel of art and beauty. It is of silver, 3 feet 9 inches high, and weighing 1,000 ounces; the designs are partly classical and partly modern and original, but all represent speed, steam and victory upon the sea. At the base are Pluto and Neptune as types of fire and water; with clasped hands they unite in producing steam, which is figured as rising is graceful coils up the side of the cup. Around the center, etched on a beautifully polished band, are various types of steam yachts in the attitude of racing, and below them is a border of shields, each with a full and smooth central face, on which are to be engraved in succession the points in the races by which the cup is gained. The handles appear to grow from the sides of the cup in the form of grouped marine plants; as they curve again toward the cup they emerge from seaweed and terminate at their junction with the neck in heads representing the children of Eolus. The cup rests upon a shell like vase representing the ocean and in the waves appear a propeller and other devices symbolical of steam-yachts. Above is a beautiful figure, holding in one hand the laurel wreath of victory and in the other a shield on which are a wheel and a flag—the special device of the American yacht club. The body was completed in May, 1883, and is the first in the world giving special attention to steam pleasure vessels. Its growth has been rapid, and from fifteen members and six yachts with which it began it now includes fifty yachts and over 300 members, while steam yachting, at first looked upon with ridicule, is now ranked among the leading sports of the world. The annual regattas of the club are seasons of great interest, and have already shown many interesting contests between yachts under widely varying conditions. The cup is to remain a perpetual challenge cup for all the steam yachts of the world, under the existing rules for racing, modified only as new invention may create new conditions.

CHALLENGE CUP.

Louise Chandler Moulton thinks of passing the winter at Stuttgart. Her health is so poor that she dare not risk the winter months in this country.

Professional Cards.

D. F. R. HENDRICKSON, DENTIST, Graduate of Dr. R. W. Anderson's office, No. 12 Harrison street.

B. FONGATE, ARCHITECT, North avenue, opposite Depot, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES H. SMITH, ARCHITECT, No. 258 Broadway, New York, rooms 9 and 10. Residence, Plainfield, corner Watchung avenue and Somerset street. P. O. Box 2.

C. A. KNIGHT, Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Notary's Office, Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

DR. CHAS. R. THEIS, DENTIST, No. 28 West Front street, Plainfield. Fashionable application for extracting teeth without pain. Gold filling a specialty.

ELECTRIC BATHS. Dr. Grimm is prepared to treat all nervous, chronic and rheumatic diseases, such as insomnia, nervousness, dyspepsia, constipation and disorders of the liver, kidneys, etc., by electricity and electric baths. Consultation free. Lady attendant for the ladies. 61 East Second street, corner of Washington street.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue, Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties seat to all parts of the country. Residence corner of Fifth and Spooner streets.

JAMES B. CRADDOCK, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

J. H. FERSTER, Veterinary Surgeon. Office in Laing's old stand, corner of Front street and Crescent avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Day and night calls promptly attended to. Residence, 111 East Front street. Specialties in all domesticated animals. Residence 72 East Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TRALLE, Architect, 20 Broadway, New York city. Residence, 23 and 25 Prospect street, Tredore Bank Building. Residence Plainfield, N. J.

O. L. JENKINS, M. D., Surgeon, office, 7 W. South, 56 Front St. near Peace street, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours: 10 to 8 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

THE STOCK OF

Merino Underwear

for MEN WOMEN and CHILDREN,

in White, Scarlet and Grey,

AT EDSALL'S,

No 30 West Front street.

is the largest and most complete ever offered by this house. We claim to have the best 19c vest; the best 25c vest; the best $1 vest; the best $1.50 pair of Jersey Ribbed Vests The best 40c Shirts and Drawers.

"	50c	" "
"	$1	" "
"	1.50	" "
"	2.00	" "
"	2.25	" "

The last two mentioned are the celebrated "Natural Wool."

You can surely get suited here to this line of goods. Remember, we are now showing the largest assortment of Jackets ever

SPECIAL SALE

We have received a large line of French and German jointed Dolls of all grades. Also many with kid bodies and indestructible heads. Both moving and steady eyes. Undoubtedly the finest dolls ever shown in Plainfield for the money. For a limited time we will sell these dolls at Special Prices. Come and make your selections before the assortment is broken. A full line of heads and wigs for French dolls, in stock.

A. W. RAND,

24 W. Front street.

THE BEE HIVE,

Will open on Saturday a full line of ladies and children's cloaks. We would also call particular attention of our line of children's knit underwear and children's long and short embroidered cashmere coats from $1.98 up.

Underwear

Children's winter vests and drawers size 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 inches, at 11, 14, 16, 20, 23, 25, 28, 31, 34, 38 cents.

Ladies' heavy merino vests 40 and 45 cents; scarlet vests 54 cents and 81.

Gents' heavy merino shirts and drawers, 50c. and 65c.

Gents' camel's hair shirts and drawers, etc., 98c. and $1.

Men's scarlet shirts, 50c., $1.

Ladies' cashmere gloves in black and tan, all sizes, 15c. per pair.

LOUIS CALLMAN,

38 WEST FRONT ST.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

and

MACHINE SHOP

corner of Front and Richmond streets. Repairing of all kinds of machinery promptly attended to. Special attention given to the manufacture of all kinds of brass castings. Castings for machinery, stoves, grates, etc., furnished at short notice. Orders solicited. Shop open at all hours. Telephone connection. Estimates furnished. Patterns made to order. Brass and iron castings for sale. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. Address all communications to P. O. Box 1. Shop and office, Richmond street, Plainfield, N. J.

H. T. LOTT, Prop.

A THE CITY PHARMACY 21 W. Front street.

May be found careful dispensers, who compound Physicians prescriptions with the utmost care. All prescriptions are checked so that accuracy may be insured. Only the purest of drugs and chemicals are used in our prescription Department.

The City Pharmacy is now the place to select

Choice Perfumes

and Toilet Requisites. We have Vichy and and Carbonic Acid Water in our new latest style siphons.

The City Pharmacy will be open Sunday's for COMPOUNDING DRUGS and the SALE OF MEDICINES;

ONLY

Hours 9. a. m. to 1 p. m. and 4 to 9 p. m.

FIELD & RANDOLPH

PROPRIETORS.

Telephone Call 109.

A THE WHITE FRONT

you can find just what you need for

Fall and Winter Wear

Our stock of Dress Goods have been selected with the greatest care, special attention being paid to the wants of our trade, while our prices will be as they have in the past, the lowest. In Ladies, Gents' and Children's underwear we are in good shape, and every quality both in red and white. Blankets and Comfortables were sold so low as we are selling them this season. A good blanket for 81 and an extra heavy wool one for $1.98. You will find our stock of Hosiery, Ribbons, corsets, buttons, yarns, and, in fact, on all our stock of notions and fancy goods, are very cheap. Call and see us, and be convinced that Miller's is the best place to buy your goods.

J. E. White & Son,

of the WHITE FRONT.

French and German

Classes formed in PLAINFIELD'S HIGH SCHOOL by teachers of the renowned

"BERLITZ SCHOOLS OF LANGUAGES"

Also private lessons at the Pupil's residence. Please address MISS BULKLEY, principal of the High School, Plainfield, or MR. J. J. PETITS, Park superintendent 3 6

Educational.

MISS. MEYER of 60 Front street will open a school for instruction in Kindergarten and Primary work on Oct. 1. All ladies and children desiring to learn Kindergarten will please call at the above address. Miss Meyer will be pleased to be at Edsall's on West Front street, 9 12 3m

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Graduate of Boston Conservatory of Music, will receive pupils at her own or pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Address, 113 Park avenue, P. O. Box 1.

PIANO LESSONS. Mrs. F. C. Somers, late teacher in New York, desiring to secure pupils in Plainfield, offers very liberal terms. Address, P. O. Box 1005. 27 tf

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private. Terms low. Address, Prof. Wm. Alberti, P. O. Box 1005.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. The Misses Dr. Gano and Miss Newton's School for Girls on Lafayette avenue, corner of Watchung avenue, will receive pupils. For particulars address P. O. Box 926, Plainfield.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE, 18 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Fimerson & Coyne,

have opened a store at

16 East Front St.

where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as first-class

Merchant Tailors,

to examine their fine line of samples which they make up to order, at prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

PARK HOUSE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Rates low and terms to accommodate. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements may be made for parties desiring table board, and in stormy weather to be transferred to and from the Hotel. Terms reasonable.

EVAN JONES, PROPRIETOR.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the;

CITY HOTEL,

CORNER OF Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

BUILDER

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE,

P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N. J.

Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 25 years experience.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty Street Stations in Jersey City, foot of Central Railroad.

Time Table in effect Oct. 11, 1891.

Leave Plainfield at 5.27, 7.07, 8.03, 9.07, 10.07, 11.07 a. m., 12.07, 1.07, 2.07, 3.07, 4.07, 5.07, 6.07, 7.07, 8.07, 9.07, 10.07, 11.07 p. m. Sunday at 5.27, 7.07, 8.03, 9.07, 10.07, 11.07 a. m., 12.07, 1.07, 2.07, 3.07, 4.07, 5.07, 6.07, 7.07, 8.07, 9.07, 10.07, 11.07 p. m.

Leave New York, foot of Liberty Street at 4.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 4.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.30, 9.02, 9.30, 10.02, 10.30, 11.02, 11.30 a. m., 12.02, 12.30, 1.02, 1.30, 2.02, 2.30, 3.02, 3.30, 4.02, 4.30, 5.02, 5.30, 6.02, 6.30, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.30, 9.02, 9.30, 10.02, 10.30, 11.02, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 9.02, 9.30, 10.02, 10.30, 11.02, 11.30 a. m., 12.02 m., 12.30, 1.02, 1.30, 2.02, 2.30, 3.02, 3.30, 4.02, 4.30, 5.02, 5.30, 6.02, 6.30, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.30, 9.02, 9.30, 10.02, 10.30, 11.02, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.00, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45 a. m., 12.15, 12.45, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.15, 3.45, 4.15, 4.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45 p. m. Sunday at 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45 a. m., 12.15 m., 12.45, 1.15, 1.45, 2.15, 2.45, 3.15, 3.45, 4.15, 4.45, 5.15, 5.45, 6.15, 6.45, 7.15, 7.45, 8.15, 8.45, 9.15, 9.45, 10.15, 10.45, 11.15, 11.45 p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 6.45, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m. Sunday at 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.35 m., 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.35 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05 m., 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 8.10, 9.32, 9.51 a. m., 12.10 p. m., 2.06, 3.10, 5.32, 6.36, 6.51, 8.40, 9.36, 10.36 p. m. Sunday at 8.10, 10.14 a. m., 2.06, 6.14, 8.40, 9.36 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 8.25, 7.00, 7.30, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.05, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.30, 11.05 a. m., 1.00, 4.30, 7.00, 9.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Staten.

Leave Plainfield at 8.10, 9.32, 9.51 a. m., 12.10 p. m., 2.06, 3.10, 5.32, 6.36, 6.51, 8.40, 9.36, 10.36 p. m. Sunday at 8.10, 10.14 a. m., 2.06, 6.14, 8.40, 9.36 p. m.

Leave Staten at 6.55, 8.37 a. m., 12.00, 4.15, 5.59 p. m. Sunday at 9.15 a. m., 12.00 m., 4.15 p. m.

Westward Connections.

8.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Pittsburg. Also for Bethlehem and Mauch Chunk. Also for Phillipsburg, Belvidere, Delaware Water Gap and Stroudsburg.

9.32 a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong and Sussex.

10.36 a. m.—For Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

2.06 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

3.10 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

5.32 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Delaware, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

6.36 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong and Sussex.

6.52 p. m.—For Flemington.

8.38 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 8.37, 9.05, 11.08 a. m., 12.32, 3.53, 5.54 p. m. Sunday at 8.37 a. m., 12.32 p. m.

Leave Long Branch at 6.25 a. m.

For Perth Amboy, 8.37, 9.05, 9.05, 11.08 12.32 p. m., 3.51, 5.25 6.54 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m.

For Matawan, 8.37, 9.05, 9.05, 11.08 a. m., 1.21, 12.33 5.25 5.54 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m.

Returning.

Leave Philadelphia, North and Green Streets, at 5.30, 7.40, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 2.45, 5.15, 7.00 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.00 p. m.

Third and Berks Streets at 8.35, 9.05 10.30 a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday at 8.35, 10.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 6.00 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker Streets, at 2.20, 9.10, 10.10, 11.30 a. m., 1.34, 4.15, 5.30, 7.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 1.35, 9.10 9.40, a. m., 6.15 p. m.

Trains marked * change cars at Bound Brook.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt

J. H. OLMSTED, Gen. Supt.

Special Notices.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This speaks volumes for the merits of Kemp's Balsam. Kemp's Balsam was not a perfect cure for coughs and colds it would lung trouble, you would not have excellent effect after taking the first dose. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by druggists. Prepared only by E. W. Kemp & Son. Be sure to keep in your house or office for immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at H. J. Hoey, druggist, 125 East Front street.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS From every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Orders filled promptly in the latest styles of art. Miss A. R. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LADIES Do your own dyeing, at home, with Pearline. They will give you perfect results. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. Direction book free. Pearline is the name. Beware of imitations. Pearline is in 5c. packages for fast colors, 10c. for all colors. If your grocer does not stock or sends you imitations, don't buy them, but send them back. 326 JAMES PYLE, New York.

FOR SALE CHEAP. A good young horse, suitable for driving or saddle. Apply to J. E. WHITE, Veterinary Surgeon, 24 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Or at J. Miller's Livery Office.

J. H. FERSTER, Veterinary Surgeon, Office and residence, 72 East Fifth street. Or at J. Miller's Livery Office.

George D. Morrison,

dealer in

FLOUR AND FEED,

NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

PARK AVENUE

PAINT STORE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Sanderson's XXXX BEST FLOUR

This uniformly graded and reliable flour is becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

FOR BARGAINS

In new and second-hand

House Furnishing GOODS

and for

FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERING

call at the store of

F. S. POWLISON,

28 WEST FRONT STREET.

Ranges & Stoves

at Right Prices, and a full line of

House Furnishing Articles

always in stock at

E. MARSH'S,

No. 5 East Front street.

E. MARSH.

E. MARSH.

E. MARSH

LIGHT AND AIRY

Why He Loves a Homely Girl.

To careless eyes she is not fair;
This verdict careless lips declare,
And wonder why, against the charm
Of beauty vivid, rich and warm,
The face they deem so cold and dull,
To him should be so beautiful.

This is the face she turns to him.
O my not 'tis a lover's whim
That finds it fair; nor are they dull
Who say she is not beautiful.
For, strangest of all mysteries,
They never see the face he sees—
The face no artist's skill can limn,
The love fair face she turns to him.
—The Times-Democrat.

A Foreigner's Mistake.

Distinguished Foreigner—Yes; I have traveled a great deal in this country and I cannot help wondering why your government does not catch those train robbers and lock them up.

American—Have you met train robbers?

"Plenty of them; they're everywhere, it seems to me, but I must say they are very polite for highwaymen."

"Polite?"

"Very; and I notice, too, that they are all colored men."

"Oh, those are not train robbers; those are porters."—Omaha World.

Just So.

When fol glows like a fiery ball
And the pestiferous fly insists
On worrying us, we nearly all
Are pessimists.

When days are cool and skies are blue,
And lovely is each rural scene,
We find then pessimists are few
And far between.—Boston Courier.

Not a Desirable Locality.

Stranger (to Nevada citizen)—I think of locating here in business, and will probably want to invest in some real estate. Is the town healthful?

Citizen—Healthful? Why, stranger, the last death that occurred in this town was over a year ago, and that wouldn't have happened if he hadn't called a Bitter Creek man a liar. Let me take you around and show you a corner lot!

Stranger—No, I guess not. I'm an undertaker.—Tid Bits.

The Humorist.

With digits bedabbled with ink,
With eyelids groggy and red,
The humorist sits on a crazy chair
With his address to his head.
Think, scratch, prize!
Hysterics, pitch and chaff,
But the humorist shoots of the English style
Will never evoke a laugh.
—Texas Siftings.

The Important Thing.

Eastern Man (who has been invited to "take a hand" in the game)—I know very little about poker. I suppose the chief requisite in playing the game successfully is a knowledge of human nature?

Western Man—A knowledge of human nature helps, stranger, it helps; but the chief requisite is cash.—Tid Bits.

Betting on the "Nets."

Beneath this stump sleeps William Betts,
A dentist famed and great;
He laid his money on the "Nets"—
Hence his untimely fate;
He will make a new five-dollar sets
Of false teeth, while you wait.
—Puck.

A Sad Dilemma.

Gilhooly—Sad affair over at Jones'.
Gus De Smith—What's the matter?
"One of the twins has died."
"That is an affliction."
"Yes, and the worst of it is the people don't know which of them is dead, they look so much alike."—Texas Siftings.

Why They Walk.

Fairs and expositions over,
Farmers now are mastering back;
Squandered all their summer savings,
In a foretaste, and for lack
Of the wherewithal for tickets,
Have to walk the railroad track.
—Texas Siftings.

Of No Use to Him.

Customer (getting measured)—How much are those trousers going to cost me?

Tailor—Twenty-two dollars, sir. How many pockets do you want in them?

Customer—None. I won't need any pockets after I've paid for the trousers.—New York Sun.

Doctors and Patients.

The doctors tax their patients
When they their bills display;
Folks tax the doctors' patience
When these bills they will not pay.
—Exchange.

A Western Delicacy.

Customer (to Nevada hotel proprietor)—What have you got in the way of game, landlord?

Landlord (rubbing his hands appetizingly)—Well, sir, I can get you upa couple of nice grasshoppers on toast.—Harper's Bazar.

The Old Days.

O give us the days of our daddies
When a song was a song—not a "ballad,"
When "young folks were young" and "children" children"
And cabbage was cabbage—not "salad."
—Louisville Breeze.

A Dull Day.

Able Editor—Much news in your department today?

Political Editor—No, it's dull; very dull.

"Dull, eh?"

"Yes; no new parties have been started since breakfast."—Omaha World.

The Umbrella Joke Again.

When the rain is still pouring,
Very common 'tis the feller
Who came out that it with subtle might
To secure the loan of my silk umbrella."
—Washington Critic.

A Sure Indication.

First Citizen (breathlessly)—Can you tell me where the fire is?

Second Citizen—I think it is the schoolhouse. There were a lot of boys dancing and shouting down on the corner.—Burlington Free Press.

A Poet's Woes.

No, he whose verses, for posterity designed,
By editors are ruthlessly "declined,"
Tossed in the basket that the sanctum graces,
Can't say "this time are cast in pleasant places."
—Tid Bits.

A Novel Test.

"George, dear," she said reproachfully, as she clung fondly around his neck, "why will you eat raw onions when you know you are coming to see me?" "Merely to test you love, my precious," replied George.—Epoch.

The Man with the Cash.

The man who does the brain work,
Gets the glory and the deals;
But the man who lends the business
Holds a mortgage on the cash.
—Chicago Business.

An Absurd Combination.

Of all the color combinations ever planned or seen,
The most absurd is a mingling of the blues with paris green.
—Chicago Tribune.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE 25 and 27 NORTH AVENUE
(In Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have employed for a staff of wiremen so that CONTRACTS

MADE AT ONCE

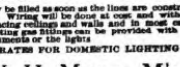
may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost, and without defacing ceilings and walls and in most cases existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments or the lights

RATES FOR DOMESTIC LIGHTING

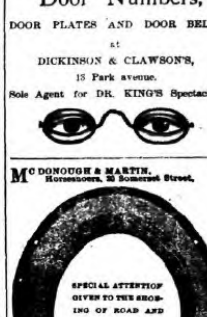
W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Door Numbers,

DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS
at
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,
15 Park avenue.
Sole Agent for DR. KING'S Spectacles



Mc DONOUGH & MARTIN,
Horseshoers, 20 Somerset Street,



All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated never-slip (screw-calks) shoes, will please leave their orders for same at our shop before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to supply the large demand which these celebrated shoes have. Persons desiring to use these will please bring their horse to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

TRY OUR
NEW ENGLAND QUEEN and CREAM
BREAD
no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial
and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

HENRY LIEFKE
NO. 17 WEST FRONT

A FULL LINE OF SCHOOL SUPPLIES AND NEW AND SECOND-HAND SCHOOL BOOKS IS OFFERED AT LOW PRICES BY ALLEN THE STATIONER, 23 E. FRONT STREET. BOOKS USED IN THE PLAINFIELD SCHOOLS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

THE
People's Market,
EAST. 42 PARK AVENUE.
Fresh meats,
Groceries,
Provisions,
VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. H. H. Backman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1880.
D. W. LITTELL,
PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC,
AND SANITARY PLUMBER.
Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also also as a member of that body of practical plumbers I am prepared to do plumbing to any degree only or [illegible] North avenue Plainfield N. J.

AT DOANES,
Formerly "Clare's," No. 9. Park Avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have adde
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets
Overalls, etc.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further
until you have visited my store and inspected MY
Ladies $2 SHOE
either in common sense or opera toe style.
They are Beauties.
I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.
J. J. KENNEY.
No. 20 NORTH AVENUE.

BENNER'S
FRUIT MARKET
Nos. 46 and 48 East Front street.
Now open with a supply of
Fruit, Vegetables, etc.
at NEW YORK PRICES.
CHOICE JERSEY BERRIES 10c per quart.
This place, stock and fixtures for sale including a two years' lease. Best low doing [illegible] ing business.

GOOD QUALITY
BRICK
I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.
I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.
Isaac Scribner,
MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD
P. O. BOX 980.

Fall and Winter Dress Goods, Blankets Flannels, Skirts, etc., just received at POPE'S at the lowest prices.

Boston Clothing House
will remove to 42 W. Front street on July 1st. Previous to removal we will offer all our stock at reduced prices. Indigo Blue Suits $7.50. Men's all wool Cassimere pants from $2 to $4, reduced from $3 and $5. Reductions all along the line. Children's suits and knee pants at cost.
R. J. PERKINS,
28 PARK AVENUE.

MEATS.
GEO. A. MOORE,
(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)
is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at
No. 14 North Ave.,
where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt
MEATS
Fish of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Franklin Place.
DEALER IN
Blue Stone Flagging,
P. O. Box 848

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mrs. Lindsays,
Intelligence Office.
No. 92 West Front street.
Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Out Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone,
60, 70 & 80 Cents,
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Wm. Ciaassen,
Barber and Hairdresser.
Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street.

Kindling Wood.
12 Barrels for $2,
at Mrs Demarest's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street, or addressed to P. O. Box No. 88, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,
Practical Watchmaker
and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 32 Somerset Street,
Grocer and Seedsman.
Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine Sugars, Tea, Coffees, etc. Pound seeds, pure cider vinegar 15 cts old, fruit jars, jelly glass. White Adamtine, Yellow Rock, stone, Earthen and Glassware. Flower Pots, etc. Front grade Ammunition.

Robert Kandolph,
Kalsominer
No. 12 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and whitewashed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attendition. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets
Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 18 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,
(From Paris, successor to Jules Boutet.)
Ladies' Hair Dresser,
Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, tonics and powders. Masquerade and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,
Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road,
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,
78 Somerset street,
Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 41.

Ten Eyck's
Meat Market,
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,
Diven Wells,
Gas Fitter and Tinners. Stoves and Tin Ware made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 32 E. Front.

T. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 27 1-2 West Front street.

Farmer's Hotel,
Somerset street, near Front.
Boarding, Permanent or Transient.
Stabling for horses by day, week or month.
Terms moderate. Jacob Bilmes, proprietor.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.
BLANK BOOKS,
MEMORANDUM BLOCKS,
Tablets, Writing and Drawing Books,
LANGUAGE LESSONS.
Lead Pencils, etc., at low prices. Also full line of
Pure Confectionery
the largest assortment sold in town.
R. C. FISHER'S,
24 West Fourth street, opp. Public School

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,
34 NORTH AVENUE.
First-Class Market,
where can be found a full line of all kinds of FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.
Special attention given to
POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.
Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to complete as near as possible with
NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.
We solicit a call that we may convince that we DO sell
CHEAPER
than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at
A. VANDERBEEK, 28 PARK AVE.
PIANOS TUNED.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Park avenue, W. B. SLITER, Manager.

WALL PAPERS.
G. F. & C. E. Brown
WALL
PAPER.
WINDOW SHADES,
INTERIOR DECORATIONS
23 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

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FURNITURE EXPRESS
LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.
Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.
45 WEST FRONT STREET.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle
28 NORTH AVENUE.
Painters and Paper Hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS SUPPLIES
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Wm. A. Woodruff,
Represents the following first-class Insurance companies:
Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen of England; The Phoenix of Brooklyn; The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at best rates, too.
MONEY TO LOAN
on approved security and low bargains in
REAL ESTATE
Office Barry's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second St.

SERRELL & POUND.
Bicycles, Tricycles
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English and American Sundries. Sole Agents Victor Club, Rudge, Humber, Rover, Safety and other cycles.
R. POUND, 27 East Third street.
H. SERRELL, Plainfield avenue.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR
HATS, SHIRTS & TRUNKS
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U. B. Crane's
Hat Store,
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of all kinds at
S. E. FLOWER'S
at New York Prices, Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting

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GLASS,
LAMPS,
Latest Novelties in ROYAL WORCESTER and CARLSBAD WARE.
FRENCH AND ENGLISH
DINNER SETS.
GAVETT'S
15 E. Front street.
1y-1-3m

L. HEYNIGER,
65, 65 and 67 Somerset street.
Dealer in
FLOUR, FEED,
BALED HAY, etc.,
WOODENWARE
etc., at LESS than New York Prices
TELEPHONE CALL 113.
Branch Store No. 9 North avenue.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.
ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
Blue Stone Flagging,
SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS.
CURBING AND CROSSWALKS.
Sixteen Years' Experience.
M. POWERS,
Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue.
P. O. BOX 1027.
We also supply all orders for kindling wood at Reduced Prices.

Builders Cards.

John P. Emmons,
Successor to Redmond Bros.
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 283.

BUILDER.
C. J. NOEL,
Carpenter & Builder
OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.
Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY.
Mason and Builder,
JOBBING
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. Box 280.
Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,
Established 1867
Carpenter & Builder,
28 EAST THIRD STREET.
Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

PEARSON & GAYLE.
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 1081.
W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street.
H. R. Gayle No. 56 East Second street.
All Work Promptly Attended to.

R. A. Ross,
11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,
Blinds in sash and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Saums,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clarinda avenue, near depot, Bryna. P. O. Box, 1258. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,
Raritan, Bryna, P. O. Box 250.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Madison avenue and Third street.
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors,
Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder,
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 818.

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For Sale and To Let
TO LET FURNISHED.
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Desirable Bargains in
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Sole Agency for North American Philadelphia, Phenix Assurance of London; Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on first mortgages.
Edward C. Mulford,
Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.
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Two tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. No work half-done. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Orders left with D. Cannell, Sanitary Plumber, No. 8 North avenue. P. O. Box 1431. Telephone call 29. Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

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Undertakers and Embalmers
55 PARK AVENUE.
Telephone Call 40. Residence 48 Mad on avenue. Telephone Call 57. Office Hillside cemetery.

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J. B. Miller & Bro.,
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

BENJ. F. MOORE
(late of Moore Bros.)
BUTCHER,
and dealer in
FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.
Corner
PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET
Plainfield, N. J.
Telephone Call No. 111.
Orders Called For
AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

FURNITURE.
FAIRCHILD'S
Furniture Warerooms
21 EAST FRONT STREET
Parlor and Chamber
FURNITURE.
LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, TABLES AND CHAIRS.

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GRIGS
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Repairing in all its branches at
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CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,
18 Somerset street,
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Fidelity & Casualty
COMPANY, issues
Accident Policies
for
$10,000
assuring

1. In event of death	$10,000
2. For loss of two hands	10,000
3. For loss of two feet	10,000
4. For loss of one hand or of one foot	10,000
5. For loss of both eyes	5,000
6. For loss of one hand or of one foot	5,000
7. For loss of one eye	$1,250
8. For disabling injuries—during the continuance of same, per week	$50

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amount.
For circular, etc., call on
Jos. T. Vail, Agt.,
OPPOSITE DEPOT.

FOTOGRAFS.
Instantaneous,
Ever Getting,
Handsome,
Cheapest,
Best.
Great Success with Children's Portraits.
THORN'S,
Opp. Post office.

J. P. Laire & Co's is the place to buy Parlor, Cook Stoves, ranges, double heaters, stove boards, coal hods, pipe, repairs, horse blankets, robes and general hardware.

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SULPHUR AND MEDICATED
VAPOR TREATMENT
EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.
Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases equalizes the circulation, cleanses and purifies the blood, cures Colds, Influenzas, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver Kidney, Lung Diseases, Nervous and General Debility, Paley and Salt Rheum and all skin diseases.
It cures the most obstinate cases of chills and fever and all malarial disorders
Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Closed for cleansing on Saturday's.

COAL and WOOD
C. H. RUGG,
Successor to Morgan Bird,
Dealer in none but best quality Coal, such as
Yeddo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring brook and Council Ridge Coal well screened.
Also Cord and Kindling Wood.
Orders left at my office or byphone will receive prompt attention.
No. 61 Park Avenue,
Bird's Yard,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1887. — Price Two Cents

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 42.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its wide circulation fully furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—Nice greeting November gave us, with rain and hail.

—Scarcely a gate on West Third street was left hanging in its place last night.

—Several citizens of this city awoke this morning to find their gates missing.

—The devotional meetings of the "Vs" was held in their rooms 55 E. Front street, at four o'clock this afternoon.

—Every Johnnie in New Jersey is getting out his gun, and quail, partridge and rabbit are added to the game he seeks to kill.

—Something people need every day is a handy preparation for cleaning grease and dirt spots from clothing. That advertised by Field & Randolph receives many testimonials.

—Fanny Davenport and Company, who rendered "Fedora" in Music Hall last night, registered at Laing's Hotel during their stay in this city. They left for Elizabeth this morning.

—A new song, to be sung to the tune of "The Diddles on Our Block," is said to be in process of composition by a Plainfield policeman. It is to be entitled "The Dummies on Our Beat."

—The Gesang and Turning Society held a reception in their hall on West Second street last night, which was largely attended by friends and invited guests. Dancing and other pastimes were indulged in.

—All Saints Day was appropriately celebrated in the Catholic churches in this city to-day. Services were held in St. Mary's church at half-past five and eight o'clock.

—Several West Second street small boys engaged in a dangerous practice last night for their own amusement. They tied a heavy rope across the side walk, from a tree to the fence, for pedestrians to tumble over.

—Thos. Burns and James Burns of Elizabeth and Richard Shotz of Plainfield became involved in a street fight last night and were arrested by Policeman Lynch. This morning each was fined five dollars by City Judge Ulrich.

—Kinney, the fruit-dealer has a fresh consignment of delicious New York State apples and other fruits and nuts of all sorts. His show windows last night tastefully decorated and with grinning jack-o-lanterns—attracted considerable attention. See his new advertisement.

—Unless the citizens of Plainfield vote a special tax for school purposes at the coming election, there is every indication that the public schools may be closed on January 1. The amount coming from the State Educational Fund is far from adequate, and the Board of Education made an appeal this week for a special tax.—Newark Evening News.

—A regular meeting of the Union County Board of Agriculture will be held at the court house, Elizabeth, next Thursday afternoon, Nov. 3, at two o'clock. A full attendance of members is desirable. An action will be taken in regard to making up a county report for the State Board and a programme talked over for the winter meetings.

—Argument in the case of Chief of Police Dodd vs. Constable Garrett P. Smith, who is accused of keeping a gambling-den, will be heard by City Judge Ulrich to-morrow morning. If the case be decided against Smith, he will probably appeal. Corporation Counsel Craig, it is said, has drawn the information and Judge Suydam conducts the defense.

—Senator Livingston was in Trenton last Tuesday and is reported to have boasted that he was sure of re-election. The saloon-keepers are basking him and will heartily rejoice if they can elect him. The senator is an old joker, and this is one of his latest jokes. The friends of his foe Senator Miller say he will have a joke worth two of that when the returns come in.

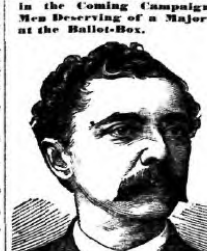
—"The Little Tycoon" will be presented at the Stillman Music Hall Nov. 8. An exchange says of it: "At every representation of this magnificent work it has been greeted with the same enthusiasm that has marked its reception since the opening night. The pleasing airs and charming stage tableaux, together with the brilliant and almost sensational scenic effects, and not a little excellent comedy work, render the production highly pleasing to the lovers of opera-goers and amusement seekers.

—The Knights of Labor are rampant over the latest trick played on them by the Democrats. Three years ago the Knights carried the Democratic convention in favor of their nominee, McMahon, for Congress; but the chairman, who declared against them, had to call out a body of troops to quell their indignation. In the present campaign the Knights declared that if they could not have a candidate for Senator of their own choice, they would oppose the Democratic ticket. They trusted that on Monday after the Sunday afternoon, ex-Director Martine and Senator Livingston conferred in the latter's house, and the decision of both to defeat Senator Miller is considered a fact. The Assembly Convention was called an hour before the County Convention, and Morgan was given the nomination as the Democratic candidate in the second District, where his chances of election are simply hopeless—a Democrat never having been elected in it except once,on the occasion of a split among the Republicans. The Democratic leaders, chuckling at thus getting the labor element out of the way by throwing a sop to catch a salmon, appear to have been gloating too quickly. The labor men, having discovered the trick, now swear vengeance on that head of Senator Livingston, whom they regard as their enemy.

REPUBLICAN NOMINEES.

LEADING MEN CHOSEN TO REPRESENT THEIR PARTY.

Candidates who Call for Votes in the County Campaign.—Men Deserving of a Majority at the Ballot-Box.



James L. Miller.

THE REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR STATE SENATOR

from Union County, a staunch Republican was born in Warsaw, Wyoming County, N. Y., October 15, 1846. He is a member of the well-known firm of Frank Miller & Sons, New York, with which he has been connected for nearly thirty years. In 1886 he married a daughter of Rev. Azel Backus, of Hartford, Conn., and has a family consisting of one son, Frank S., who is Captain of the U. H. Rifles, U. S. N., and two daughters. In 1874 Mr. Miller removed from Brooklyn, N. Y., purchased a fine property in Westfield and at once became interested in the prosperity of the township. Mainly through his efforts the Westfield Improvement was organized and incorporated and a Village Improvement Committee formed. The present excellent roads, finely shaded streets, well kept lawns, and the perfect drainage of the business part of the township, the erection and maintainance of nearly one hundred and fifty street lamps and many other improvements fully testify to the good work accomplished by these associations.

In efforts to promote the public welfare Mr. Miller is always found contributing by personal energy and financial support. Never seeking public positions or in any way endeavoring to secure an election to any office, he has, notwithstanding, been placed in many positions of responsibility, which is a testimonial of his honesty of purpose or firmness in performance of duty he may have been called upon him.

Mr. Miller served his township in the Board of Chosen Freeholders in 1876-80, having for two years previous been a member of the Township Committee, for the past four years President of the Board of Health, and Chairman of the Township Committee; to which position he was elected last spring, in direct opposition to his wishes, by the almost unanimous vote of both parties, the Democrats and Third Party people making no nomination. Mr. Miller does not confine his energy to the material interests of the community, but takes an active part in promoting the moral and educational development. With his many cares, consequent upon an extensive private business and his many public duties, he is executor of several estates, and a member of various committees, commissions, etc., etc. He has in every instance served faithfully, promptly and with discretion. That he is an active, useful and trusted citizen is evident from the foregoing, and those who know him best are the most enthusiastic in presenting his name as the right man to represent Union County in the State Senate.

The following letter is from Robert R. Sinclair of Westfield, who has a host of friends throughout Union county. He is one of the editors of Harper's Weekly, and a man of considerable ability:

EVENING NEWS:—It gives me great pleasure to speak in the highest terms of my neighbor Mr. James L. Miller. He is a successful business man, honest, upright, able, and fearless in well doing. I know of no one who would represent us with greater credit to himself and to his constituents, elected to public office but is in no sense a politician. If the nomination comes to him it will be entirely without solicitation on his part. And if elected as I have no doubt he will be by a handsome majority he will regard his election as a call by the people to a still higher trust to hold. I am sure he will be faithful.

Very truly yours,
ROBERT R. SINCLAIR.

Westfield, N. J. Oct. 13, 1887.

The following extracts are from a letter written before Mr. Miller's nomination, and addressed to a friend and neighbor and a prominent New York lawyer.

WESTFIELD, N. J., Oct. 17, 1887.

EDITOR EVENING NEWS:

Mention has been made of our townsman, Mr. J. L. Miller, as a candidate for the State Senate. Several have spoken to me of him as a probable candidate and generally by way of inquiry as to his availability. My answer, at the first mention of his name and uniformly has been, without any hesitation, "Mr. Miller is a good man; I will vote for him if nominated and do all I can to promote his nomination."

Mr. Miller has been a resident of Westfield for the past ten or fifteen years, during which time he has been a prominent, active and efficient citizen. He has held many public offices and of various kinds. He has been selected for his fitness, without solicitation on his part and has administered such offices to the satisfaction of only of those who elected him, but of the general public. He is not and never has been a politician. Democrats as well as Republicans are insisting, now-a-days, more and more, that good men only shall have their votes. Mr. Miller has several times been elected many times by the voters of Westfield and the esteem for him as a trustworthy and competent public officer is constantly increasing. If he should be elected Senator, his duty would be performed fearlessly, honestly, ably and fully. He would be a credit to his party and to all who support him.

Very truly,
CHAUNCEY B. RIPLEY.

We take the liberty of making the following extract from a letter sent us by an equally prominent Democrat whose name we do not care to publish without his permission:

A PROMINENT DEMOCRAT'S SAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Mr. Miller is a first-class citizen; qualified to fill any office he may be called upon to fill; would make a cool, level headed, judicious and honorable member of the Senate. Senator can ready to vote for him, notwithstanding our political views differ. Would be glad to see every one in the County vote with J. L. Millers.

Westfield, N. J., Oct. 16, 1887.

Here is what the Rahway Advocate says:

James L. Miller of Westfield is not only a good Republican himself, but every member of his family is a good Republican also. When the W. C. T. U. tried to pass an endorsement of the Prohibition candidates a year ago, Mrs. Miller, who is the president of that organization, gave the unwise members of the Union quite a spanking, and forcible rebuke that the endorsement was withdrawn.

Frederick F. Glasby.

the candidate for Sheriff, is also a life long resident of Union County. He was born in 1835 in Elizabeth, and has always lived there. He is of an excellent family whose history is closely associated with that of the city for many years past. When a young man he received employment with the central Railroad Company, and after three years' work in its offices accepted a position as general book-keeper in the Corn Exchange Bank, New York. After four years he left New York and for eight years was associated with Mr. J. J. Williams Crane in the real estate business at 229 Broad street, Elizabeth. Here he became known to nearly everybody in the city and county, and made friends wherever he went. When the partnership was dissolved Mr. Glasby resumed his former business, and accepted first a position in the Mercantile National Bank, New York, and latterly with the banking house of Earl & Dayton, 19 Broad building, New York.

After the election of Sheriff Stiles, Mr. Glasby was invited to become Under-Sheriff, and has held that position till the present time. He has conducted the business of the office upon thoroughly business principles, and his experience as proven of immense value, not only to him but to the whole county. His qualifications for that office are unquestioned. Mr. Glasby has, during the thirty years, met almost all parties from all sections of the county, and his courteous manner, his business-like methods and his thorough knowledge of the details of his office work have improved every one in his favor. He is and always has been a strong Republican, actively engaged in the interests of his party, and he cannot fail to make a strong run and to enlist the active sympathies of every one who desires to see the Sheriff's office conducted as it ought to be.

SAMUEL M. OLIVER.

The candidate for County Clerk is a citizen of Rahway. He was born there, has lived there all his life and has been actively associated with its interests. He is highly popular with the people, and strong in every qualification that endears a candidate's memory. His life-long association with the people of Rahway has resulted in his acquaintance with nearly every voter in that city, and his genial presence and hearty good fellowship have extended to many sections of the county and will insure him many votes that a less popular candidate could not possibly obtain.

Mr. Oliver is not only widely known, but has been thoroughly trusted and always found faithful to his trusts. He was selected as Chief Superintendent of the Water Board, and served one term so satisfactorily that he was appointed Postmaster in February, 1885, he was appointed Postmaster of Rahway by President Hayes, and on the expiration of his term was reappointed by President Arthur. His term expires in January next.

Mr. Oliver is a soldier and been an honorable record. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and is always actively interested in promoting the good of its patriotic and noble band of veterans.

He is also a prominent member of the Royal Arcanum, and of the Ancient Order of United Workman.

Mr. Oliver is a man in the very point of activity and energy. He will prove one of the strongest workers on the ticket.

HON. GEORGE T. PARROT.

Hon. Geo. T. Parrot, the candidate for Surrogate, is a resident of Rahway, and his ability that he was elected Prosecutor of Union county, and for the greater part of his life has been a citizen of the two borders. He was graduated at once settled down to a study of the law with Judge Alward. On being admitted to the bar he was taken into partnership, and the law firm of Alward & Parrot has for many years been one of the best established and most reliable in the county. Every step marked by honorable and equitable. The confidence of the people is manifested by the presence of a more conscientious member of the court than the present of the demands of duty to his constituents and his party.

Mr. Parrot has a large practice and well established reputation as a lawyer. He is held in the highest favor by all who have had business associations with him; and his systematic and methodical manner of work as, and his large experience in the management of estates, eminently fit him for the duties peculiar to the Surrogacy. He has always been an unqualified republican, and has served his party with a fidelity that fully entitles him to the party's most energetic support. He has ever been ready to give his time, his talents and his counsel for the advancement of the whole Republican ticket, and he stands today worthy of every vote and effort necessary to secure his election.

JUDGE JOHN ULRICH

who was unanimously nominated as the Republican candidate for Judge of the Court of the Third District of Union county will prove a most formidable candidate for the Democrats to meet. He was born in New York City, September 16, 1857. In 1871 he located in Plainfield and has resided here ever since. He received his early education in Claverack College and in the post graduate class of the Plainfield High School. He entered the classical department of the New York University in 1876, and left at his sophomore year to engage in the study of law.

The Supreme Court admitted him to practice June 6, 1882, since which time he has by his industry gathered about him a large clientage.

Judge Ulrich is an active Republican, and at various times has been in nominated for different positions. At the early age of 21 he was a member of the Union County Executive Committee, and has always been active in the interests of his party.

His position as City Judge of Plainfield has brought him prominently before our community and his fidelity to his office has won the confidence and regard of our citizens. He was first elected to that office by the Common Council June 1st, 1885. The succeeding December he was re-elected by the people by the Republicans, and heartily endorsed by the Temperance people. The Democrats, for being his election, made no nomination against him. He has always faithfully and honestly administered justice in the discharge of his duties. Judge Ulrich can count his friends by the legion and his election is generally conceded. The citizens unquestionably will endorse the president of The News when it recently said "Good man, nuff ced. He will win."

The Retiring Sheriff.

The candidate for Sheriff Stiles was born in this county on a farm near Elizabeth March 28, 1845. He completed his education in the public schools of Elizabeth, and his whole life is as an open book to the people of the county. It is that of a man whom they have delighted to honor, one who has never been found wanting. He has been elected three different times to the Legislature, each time with increased majorities, the last time carrying every ward and township in the District, even Union, which had always gone Democratic, giving him a majority of fifty. His term as sheriff concludes Nov. 15. He has efficient officers to attend him, to devote his time more fully to his undertaking business at Elizabeth and Plainfield.

Mr. Livingston's Record.

The election of Mr. Livingston, the Democratic candidate for Senator, was warmly advocated by The News three years ago, believing he would make a record of which his constituents would be proud. Because he has utterly disappointed his friends they find that they cannot conscientiously support him for re-election.

His record in the Legislature has nothing in it in his favor. No bill has been introduced by him for the benefit of the people. He has served the Pennsylvania railroad, always voting for their bills. He opposed the bill relating to the legal rate of interest to five per cent. and thereby arraigned himself against the poor man. He opposed by dodging the local option bill, and by the people was not elected to serve the right to decide for themselves whether or not they wanted to exist among them the saloon, the nursery of "rings" and the curse of society. He has openly declared himself of the rum party. Under the constitutional power of contempt of court. He got out on a writ of habeas corpus. He affirmed that he had no interest in the suit on trial and that the production of the records might commit himself, or lay himself open to prosecution, and demanded release on other grounds. The full bench of the Circuit Court heard the argument and discharged the prisoner, holding that he could not under the constitution be required to produce his private papers or the private records of the agency.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept by Sheldon & Co., druggists, corner of Front street and Park avenue.

1887	1886		
7 a. m.	42	63	Sun rises	6 39
2 p. m.	60	63	Sun sets	4 57
9 p. m.	49	67	Moon rises	5 50
7 p. m.	49	67	Moon sets	

—Steps are being taken by the farmers this fall to prevent city gunners from using their chickens for targets when they are unable to find birds of game. The practice has become quite a nuisance of late years.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

Fisher Unpopular Everywhere

JAMESBURG, N. J., Nov. 1.—The boodlums here had great sport last night over the hanging and burning in effigy of Wm. F. Fisher, Democratic Candidate for Senator from Middlesex. The dummy was headless and was labeled, "Fisher after election."

The Rum-Seller Beneath it all.

SHELBYVILLE, Ill., Nov. 1.—The Circuit Court, with Judge Phillips on the bench, yesterday took up the case of Marion Keller who is charged with the murder of his wife, Keller, the alleged wife-slayer, is a poor drunken wretch without money or friends, and Moulton, Chaffee & Header, a leading legal firm of this city, have volunteered to defend the man, with a view, it is said, to establish the responsibility of the saloon men here with the crime, on the ground of their having sold liquor to a habitual drunkard.

A Canadian "Fire-bug" Caught.

MONTREAL, Nov. 1.—At least one of the incendiaries who have destroyed property in this city has been arrested, namely, Roul Charbonneau, aged 19, against whom a warrant has been issued for arson. After the fire he suddenly left the city and tramped through the eastern states until he reached Holyoke, Mass., where he asked for night quarters at the police station. On being searched a slip of one of the Montreal papers with an account of the fire was found on him and he was held for the Montreal high constable who brought him back yesterday. He will stand for trial at the Court of Queen's Bench next month.

Troops to Prevent a Mob.

SALT LAKE, Nov. 1.—The adjutant Generals department of Missouri has ordered Co. F and Co. K., Sixth Infantry, stationed at Fort Douglas, near this city, to proceed at once to the new military reservation presented by Chicago to the United States. There are about forty-five men in each company. They will leave here for Chicago near Friday or Saturday in command of Major Lyster. Company K which has been building a military road to Fort Duchesne is now marching to Price, a station on the Denver and Rio Grande, and will reach here by to-day or Wednesday at the latest. The reason given for haste is the desire to have Federal troops in Chicago several days prior to the day set for the hanging of the Anarchists.

Nine are Probably Dead.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 1.—At 2.30 o'clock this morning a fire explosion occurred in Newman's grocery store on Fourteenth street, near Market, wrecking the grocery store and three buildings adjoining it on Fourteenth street and three buildings on Market street. The Newman family lived over the grocery store. It is known there were twelve people in the building. Three of these have been taken out alive, but seriously injured. The others are in the ruins, and people are now digging in the debris. The wreck presents a frightful scene, and it is to be considered possible that any of those will be taken out alive. Nobody knows what caused the explosion. No names are obtainable now.

Gore for Crow Indians.

CROW AGENCY, Mont. Ter., Nov. 1.—The plan of dealing with the Crow Indians has been abandoned. Gore has been ordered commanded to be in camp at the Crow agency by Friday night. Those out then will be pronounced hostile, and war will be declared against them. A strong force of infantry and cavalry will be moved there to patrol the camp.

All transportation from outside the camp has been ordered in. Deaf Bull, Pretty Eagle and Crazy Head have now joined the outlaws. The officers believe that an engagement will occur here to-day. The Indians will probably take a position on the high ground in the agency. Several war chiefs have been to the Crow camps and ordered all who will not fight to go into the agency.

Courts Can't Destroy Privacy.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 1.—The right of an agent of a commercial agency to refuse to produce his or its books and papers in court unless he is willing to do so was established in Detroit yesterday in the case of George H. Michner, manager of R. G. Dun & Co. Manager Michner was commanded, in the case of Brand & McCullough against Hinchman & Sons to bring into court the records of the agency to show the fact that Hinchman & Sons had attached Brand & McCullough's stock, had been daily reported to the patrons of the agency. For refusal he was ordered committed for contempt of court. He got out on a writ of habeas corpus. He affirmed that he had no interest in the suit on trial and that the production of the records might commit himself, or lay himself open to prosecution, and demanded release on other grounds. The full bench of the Circuit Court heard the argument and discharged the prisoner, holding that he could not under the constitution be required to produce his private papers or the private records of the agency.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept by Sheldon & Co., druggists, corner of Front street and Park avenue.

1887	1886		
7 a. m.	42	63	Sun rises	6 39
2 p. m.	60	63	Sun sets	4 57
9 p. m.	49	67	Moon rises	5 50
7 p. m.	49	67	Moon sets	

Cent-a-Word Column.

A RESPECTABLE young English girl wishes a situation as chamberwork or nurse. Good plain sewer and intelligent. Call for two days at Mrs. H. M. Demarest's 130 Park avenue.

A YOUNG WOMAN wants employment by the day; washing, ironing or waiting on table. Call at 138 West Front street.

A USEFUL American wishes a situation to care for horses and cows. Very willing and obliging. Temperate and honest. Best of reference. Address P. F. L., Scotch Plains P. O., Lock Box 43. 23-6

A LARGE desirable dwelling on Grove street near the First Baptist church, to-let, suitable as a first-class boarding house. Rent low. All improvements. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, No. 35 and 37, opposite depot. 10-21-tf

A COMPETENT cook, first-class reference from best families, can be seen for one week at Park avenue Intelligence office.

A JANITOR wanted for the Relief Association. Apply at the rooms of the Association, Second street, corner of Madison avenue. 10-18-tf

A T PRIVATE SALE.—A family declining housekeeping, will dispose of entire furniture and household effects of a house containing nine rooms, in lots to suit purchasers. Address Vindex, Evening News office. 18-tf

CLERK wanted for order and delivery wagon. Must be bright, active and strong. Reference required. Address P. O. Box 630. 10-24-tf

CHRYSANTHEMUM show, 25 varieties, every color in bloom. Hillside avenue. Also Hyacinths, etc., for sale. 27-3

CHEAP building lots for sale at Evons' Netherwood, Tenth street and Kensington avenue. Enquire of Charles H. Hand. 26-4

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 33 Carleton avenue. 27-10

FOR SALE.—A good, young gray horse and two wagons. Enquire of Pintis Hibbitts, 12 Liberty street. 1-4t

FOR SALE—A light easy phaeton. The property of Dr. Smith. Enquire of O. L. Jenkins, 62 East Front street. 10-31-tf

FOR-SALE—A young cow in calf, three years old. Also old cow good milker. Call on Mr. DuFlon, Woodlawn avenue and Randolph road on the hill, or address P. O. Box 1001. 28-3

FOR SALE.—Nice young mare, cow, half or two wagons, etc. Jacob Grieb, Langton House, Central avenue, near Brooklyn. 31-5

GENERAL HOUSEWORK.—Girl wanted at 21 Duer street. Mrs. Sexder. 26-3

LOST OR STOLEN.—On Friday, 28th inst., a blue setter bitch, named Dora, five years old, not feed broken. Last seen Friday evening, 7:30 o'clock, waiting on porch of Dr. Lewis' residence, 5 Madison. $5 will be paid for her return and no questions asked. Wilson Place, Broadway and Woodland avenue.

OPERATORS AND hasters wanted immediately, at corner of Third and New sts. 28-3

PLEASANT ROOM, Good board, can be had at No. 20 Grove street. Call or address Reference exchanged. 27-3

$5 REWARD for return of black Gordon setter to D. C. Adams, 14 Craig Place, North Plainfield.

SITUATION wanted as coachman, gardener or farm manager. Experienced man. Good reference. E. D., care EVENING NEWS.

SITUATION wanted to take care of horse and carriage. Twenty years at last place. Address Ira Randolph, Bound Brook, N. J. 34-4

STORAGE—For carriages, sleighs, furniture etc. Fire proof building, E. Quinn, No. 8 East Fourth street, near Park avenue. 17-tf

SEVERAL desirable furnished and unfurnished houses to let. Come quickly and take your choice. E. C. Mulford, broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite depot. 10-12-tf

TO LET—House on Washington Park. All improvements; 10 rooms newly decorated. Terms low for Winter months. Apply F. H. Martin, 70 Madison avenue. 10-10-tf

WANTED—Competent nurse and seamstress with good reference, at 62 West Seventh street. 11-1-3

WANTED to rent. A small house or floor with suitable party. Address Obliger, care EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 70 East Sixth street.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Apply at 37 East Fifth street. 31-2

WANTED—An experienced saleslady in a first-class dry and fancy goods store. Address "saleslady," care EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—A competent cook and laundress, also chambermaid and waitress. Reference required. 10 First Place.

WANTED—A situation as nurse to a grown-up child, and seamstress. Understands all kinds of sewing, also dressmaking. Address P. O. Box 781.

WANTED—A girl for general housework in a small family. Address P. O. Box 146.

WANTED AT ONCE—At the Pond Machine and Coke works, 200 good carpenters, apply to Hynt B. and C. Co., at the works.

WANTED—A situation as cook, washer or ironer. Fully competent. Good reference. Call for two days at No. 149 West Front street.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework, with good recommendations. Wages $15. 57 Kensington avenue. 25-4

TRY
B. T. BARNES'
BROADWAY
Molasses Candy,
FLAXSEED and LEMON COUGH DROPS,
BOSTON CHIPS ETC.,
We make all our candies. Opposite Post Office.

OTHELLO RANGES,
THE MOST POPULAR.
Lane's Steel Door Hanger and Track.
Hardware,
Plumbing and Tinning.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Next to Post Office. 18 East Front street.
Telephone Call 6.

APPLES
of all kinds for immediate and winter use. Read New York State brands by the barrel and in small quantities. Also an extra assortment of
New Figs, Dates, etc.
All kinds of Nuts and Dried Fruits, Oranges.
Malaga Grapes,
Concord and Catawba Grapes. Tropical Fruits in great variety. Call and see us.
KENNEY BROS.,
NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE.

The Most Important
LITERARY
EVENT
of the season. LECTURE by
Col. Mason W. Tyler
at MUSIC HALL,
NOVEMBER 8th,
Subject: "The Constitution of the United States." For the benefit of the Public Library. Tickets at usual places.

SATIN-LINED
OVERCOATS
and a large variety of Men and Boys Suits at astonishing low prices.
WERNER'S
MAMMOTH ONE PRICE
Clothing House,
30 West Front street.

PROFESSOR
John Reynolds, the Mesmerist, is coming again. He will be at Reform Hall every day next week, except Thursday. Admission 25 and 35c A limited number of reserved seats at 50c. Diagram at Reynolds' Pharmacy.

MUSIC HALL, THURSDAY, NOV. 3.
TEMPLE THEATRE COMIC OPERA CO.
Geo. C. Brotherton, Proprietor.
Third Year and farewell Tour of the original and unapproached production of
THE LITTLE TYCOON
under the management of George C. Brotherton
Words and music by Mr. W. Spencer; revised by Mr. Sydney Rosenfeld. Grand Casts. Beautiful Scenery. Magnificent Scenery. Grand Electric Transformation Scene and Large Chorus.
Popular Prices—$1.00, 75, 50 and 25 cents. Seats on sale Tuesday, Nov. 1.

Plainfield Evening News,
E. W. HOSMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
Is published every afternoon at
No. 5 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered in the City and through trains at ten cents per week, or by mail postage prepaid to all parts of the United States at $3 per year in advance.

TUESDAY NOVEMBER, 1, 1887.

SENSATIONAL STORY FROM TEXAS.

Which, If True, Will Lead to the Apprehension of Lillie Hoyle's Murderer.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 1.—The postmaster here has received a letter from a farmer living near Mt. Pasco, Tex., saying that an Irishman who lately came to work on the writer's farm told a story while drunk which may throw light on the mystery surrounding the death of Lillie Hoyle, at Webster, Mass. The man said that he lived in Webster for four months preceding Sept. 1. Dixon R. Cowie, Lillie's uncle, was the father of her unborn child. On the night of her disappearance, Sept. 1, she went with Cowie to a local doctor's office. The doctor was too drunk to perform an operation, but gave Cowie instruments and medicines, and after their return home the girl died under Cowie's hands. Cowie hired the Irishman to help remove the body. Young Edgar Grimley also assisted. The body was hidden in the water for a day, and then put where it was found. The Irishman was paid $50, and told to go to Little Rock. On

RIOTS IN LONDON.

MATTERS OF HISTORY SUGGESTED BY RECENT EVENTS.

The Lord George Gordon Riots of a Hundred Years Ago—How They Originated. Their Results—Homeless Poor in the London of Today.

London has had a small riot, and there are well grounded fears of a very big one. All great cities are liable to riots, and London is no exception; but it is a notable fact that that city has in the last century had fewer popular disturbances than any other great city in Christendom. While Paris has witnessed three revolutions and many minor events, Berlin has had the students' insurrection of 1848, Vienna has been in actual possession of a mob, only beaten down by the bombardment of Windischgratz, and New York her great draft riots and many another but terrible affairs, London has suffered no serious riot since the "Wellington troubles," and has not really suffered great loss of life or property since the terrible Gordon riots of 1780. The English character is conservative, the government is strong, and those who have much to lose remember those who have anything to lose for from a riot more than twenty to one.

Certain parks and vacant places in London like, partly by law and partly by long usage, become the property—as it were, the resorts—of the poorest unemployed. Most feared of these is Trafalgar square, and of late many thousands have passed the night there, sleeping on benches, on the walks or wherever they could find room. This led to the abandonment of the square by the better classes and so to ill feeling and personal combats. The unemployed talked over their grievances and decided to present a petition to the home secretary, demanding work or public charity in some form. Each successive gathering became more riotous and when a monster meeting was called for the 18th, in Trafalgar square, the police received orders to prevent it. The latter took possession of all entrances to the square, the people gathered in the adjacent streets; there was a push for the gates, and a few men were clubbed. Mass meetings were held in the vicinity and many incendiary speeches made. The statement by one workingman that "they treat us just as hif we was hignorant Hirishmen" is an amusing illustration of the London laborer's view of government in the two islands. Traffic was completely stopped by these mass meetings; so more police were sent to disperse them, and the crowd moved towards Hyde park with the usual demonstrations.

Not more than 3,000 or 4,000 had got into Hyde park when the police again appeared in force, and being appealed to by the adjacent shopkeepers, who feared pillage, they closed and fastened the gates. The crowd attempted to force their way through a small gate, when the mounted police charged upon

HOMELESS POOR IN TRAFALGAR SQUARE.

them—an act generally condemned. Two men were so badly hurt that their death is expected, and many slightly injured. So the matter rests, with the laborers threatening, the politicians defending and denouncing, and the papers commenting with various degrees of severity. Mr. Gladstone has drawn on himself a deal of Tory wrath by publicly denouncing the police, and Lord Randolph Churchill has denounced Gladstone.

The Lord George Gordon riots have been made noted among all English reading people by the genius of Charles Dickens, who used them as the sensational background and turning point of his "Barnaby Rudge." For five days—from the 6th to the 8th of June, 1780—London was at the mercy of a mob; whole blocks of stores were sacked, numerous Catholic churches and chapels were demolished, prisons were broken open, arsenals plundered and scores of persons killed by accident or design, while on the 7th thirty-six fires were raging at one time. The police were completely defeated, nor could even the military disperse the mobs till they had killed and wounded 500 people. The total loss could not be estimated, as scores of wounded rioters crept into abandoned cellars or sewers to die, while many drunken ones perished in the fires. And all this grew out of an attempt to disperse an assembly of 50,000 to 60,000 people, who had come with Gordon to present a petition against the act removing the Catholic disabilities. He was acquitted, but after words sentenced to a long imprisonment for libel and died in prison at the early age of 43, after having become a convert to Judaism. His was undoubtedly the maddest act of Georg. Prancis Train on the British model. The misery caused by the Napoleonic wars created fearful riots all over England, but not so bad in London; the "Luddites" once numbered 150,000 rioters, who went about breaking the machinery which, they said, threw poor men out of work. At length a mob attacked the house of the Duke of Wellington and broke his windows; this in 1832, during the agitation of the reform bill. During those troubled years also occurred the "Manchester massacre," when the police charged upon an immense and closely packed mass of people gathered in the fields to hear a radical speech. Few were hurt by the police, but hundreds were injured and many killed, being squeezed and trampled upon in the panic. Then followed that bombastic series of measures for the relief of labor, and with them such an improvement in the general condition that London has only known riots by tradition since the accession of Victoria, and the most conservative statisticians admit that "British laborers are 30 per cent. better fed, 40 per cent. better housed, 50 per cent. better clothed and 100 per cent. better educated than in the reign of George IV."

The Rawson Shooting.

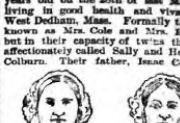
We present today sketch portraits of S. W. Rawson, the Chicago millionaire, who was recently shot by his

stepson, W. R. Lee; Mrs. Rawson, mother of young Lee, and of Lee himself. The circumstances of the shooting are too well known to need repetition in this connection, as are also the personal history of all concerned.

NINETY YEAR OLD TWINS.

Mrs. Sally Cole and Mrs. Hepzibah Everett and Their Long Life.

Sally and Hepzibah are twin sisters, 90 years old, on the 26th of last May, and living in good health and vivacity in West Dedham, Mass. Formally they are known as Mrs. Cole and Mrs. Everett, but in their capacity of twins they are affectionately called Sally and Hepzibah Colburn. Their father, Isaac Colburn,



SALLY. HEPZIBAH.

was a yeoman of the New England type, living in the vine clad farm house in West Dedham, where the twins were born May 26, 1797. Hepzibah was from the start a little heavier than Sally, but the resemblance was so perfect that acquaintances could only distinguish them by a tuck in the Hepzibah upper lip. She was married in 1818 to Nathan Everett, and as he had been wounded in the war of 1812 he drew a pension during life, which his widow now receives. Sally about the same time married Noah Cole, and so the twins were separated, but they regretted this so much that both husbands soon located in West Dedham, where the girls were born and have ever since resided. The Coles had no children; the Everetts had one daughter, with whom the twins now reside. Their parents had nine girls and three boys, of which family five girls still live—Mrs. Nabby Smith, of Dedham, aged 96, Mrs. Abiatha Richards, of Dedham, aged 86; a Mrs. Lincoln, of Philadelphia, and the twins. All are in excellent health and fairly active, which they attribute to the plain fare and open air work of their early days. Their recollections of early days are of no historical value, relating chiefly to their work on the farm, attendance at the country church, the old militia musters and the like. But it is of interest to contemplate a healthy old couple like these and hear them recall the merry days when they rode the farm horses afield and did other rural work.

THREE PRETTY WOMEN.

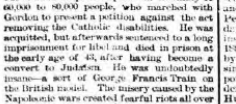
They Have Taken the Hungarian Prizes for Beauty.

We present pictures of the three most beautiful ladies in Hungary—that is, if the correctness of the people and judges is proof of it. We need scarcely add—if the artist has succeeded, the reader will see it for himself—that every nation has its own ideal of beauty, though the Hungarian ideal is not at all a bad one. We may say in general that the ideal beauty of any race is the race itself slightly exaggerated, but harmonious. Thus, the Mongolians having al-

most eyes slightly inclined toward the nose, the Chinese artist represents his ideal beauty with eyes slanted almost at an angle of 45 degs. Similarly the American beauty personal traits sadden tends to the tall and willowy; the English a little more to the solid and stocky; the German to the coarse and we are on delicate ground. The Hungarian ideal of beauty seems to consist in finely carved features, good eyes and a medium forehead. The great competition at which these ladies were the winners was at a festival held on St. Stephen's day at Buda-Pesth, in aid of the sufferers by the recent fires and inundations which have wrought such havoc in Hungary. Several distinguished noblemen and statesmen exerted themselves to make the festival a success; over 100,000 visitors attended and the profits were 60,000 florins above 50,000. The first prize for beauty was awarded to Fraulein Miss Gisella Schuler, of Orokhaza; the second and third to Fraulein Ida Toronyi and Fraulein Marska Kolos, of Buda-Pesth. Miss Schuler was 18 years old the day she received the prize—a golden apple of beauty. "To the all beautiful, Sept. 20, 1887," to be worn at the throat suspended by a gold chain. The other ladies received similar decorations. The festival is regarded as the most brilliant of its kind in the British realm. The misery caused by the Napoleonic wars created fearful riots all over England, but not so bad in London; the "Luddites" once numbered 150,000 rioters, who went about breaking the machinery which, they said, threw poor men out of work. At length a mob attacked the house of the Duke of Wellington and broke his windows; this in 1832, during the agitation of the reform bill. During those troubled years also occurred the "Manchester massacre," when the police charged upon an immense and closely packed mass of people gathered in the fields to hear a radical speech. Few were hurt by the police, but hundreds were injured and many killed, being squeezed and trampled upon in the panic. Then followed that bombastic series of measures for the relief of labor, and with them such an improvement in the general condition that London has only known riots by tradition since the accession of Victoria, and the most conservative statisticians admit that "British laborers are 30 per cent. better fed, 40 per cent. better housed, 50 per cent. better clothed and 100 per cent. better educated than in the reign of George IV."

Writing With a Rubber Hand.

It is generally supposed that when a human being loses both hands the power of writing is gone with them. But the luckless individual, unless, indeed, one can learn to write with the toes or the teeth after the fashion of certain dime museum freaks. Walter Alexander is a young man in Belleville, N. J., who, having lost both hands, has had rubber ones substituted with which he is able already to write a clear, legible hand. And what is more wonderful he has decided to become a stenographer. This is the way he signs his name:



Walter E. Alexander was and is an employe of a local rubber works. His duties included the feeding of scrap rubber into a crushing machine. On the 17th of June last he was careless, as is often the habit of those in charge of machines. He let his hands go in a little too far; there was a sickening sound as they fluttered between the heavy rolls, a cry of anguish, and the man was free. The machine was stopped, but not in time to save Walter's hands.

Now he is time clerk for the rubber factory and is learning to use the typewriter, and, as stated, thinks of essaying stenography. He can do most things almost as well as anybody else, and can even drive a horse. He is constantly besieged for his autograph, and says he isn't a bit discouraged by the fact that his fore arms are timber and his hands rubber.

That young fellow has just the right sort of pluck.

There's a very silly craze just now for white and gilt furniture. It looks well only in rooms specially decorated to receive it.

FALLING WALLS.

INQUIRY SUGGESTED BY THE RECENT NEW YORK CALAMITY.

The Laws in All the States Better Than Their Execution—Buildings That Have Fallen in the Past—Buddensiek Now in Sing Sing—Father Kirner.

The sudden fall while in course of construction of large buildings in the United States has become altogether too common to be comfortable of late years, and the recent collapse of a school building in New York city has started a very general inquiry into the laws of different states on the security of buildings. One painful fact is apparent on a very brief examination: the laws in every state are much better than their administration. Indeed the inspection of buildings is almost invariably a mere matter of form in every state until some great calamity startles the people, when there is a savage inquiry and for a long time after the law is well enforced. The moral would seem to be, if you want to be safe go where the last great calamity occurred.

Of great fires, too, accompanied with destruction of life, we have had decidedly more than our share. The laws surrounding fire escapes in hotels have grown correspondingly rigid, and the most careless reader of the daily papers, when he is conducted through the devouring element of a big hotel into a remote room, looks around nervously for the fire escape.

In cases of fire the chief danger is usually from panic, as there is frequently time for the inmates of a burning building to emerge in an orderly manner; but in the sudden fall of a building coolness is rare and fear often added to the horror. In all the first century of United States history there were fewer calamities from falling buildings—at any rate, fewer reported—than in the last ten years. Were builders more honest? Perhaps so, but there were then fewer cities and very

RUINS OF FATHER KIRNER'S SCHOOL HOUSE

few buildings over five stories in height falling, and not many in haste, and contractors were conservative. Soon after the centennial year, however, a number of casualties were reported, but as only three or four persons were killed and few injured, no special action was taken. Finally, on the 8th of February, 1881, the whole heavy iron roof of the Union depot in Buffalo, N. Y., fell with a crash that was heard all over the city, and immediately after large sections of the wall fell in on it, crushing all beneath. In a few hours every city in the country was in anxiety, for it was taken as a matter of course that the depot was crowded, as the time tables indicated several trains in at the same time. By an extraordinary chance—shall we say providence?—all trains were late but one, and over that the fallen roof formed a sort of arch. Only four men were killed and few seriously injured.

On the 9th of November, 1883, the iron roof, inside walls and stone columns of one wing of the new capitol at Madison, Wis., fell and buried forty workmen. A cry of horror went through the city and state, and was echoed all over the country; but the most rigid investigation did not fix the responsibility to the general satisfaction. Ten persons were killed or mortally hurt and many

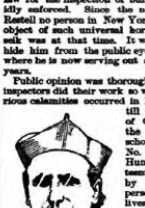
THE BUDDENSIEK CALAMITY.

disabled for life. On the same day a building fell in Cincinnati, killing one man and injuring several. Then came the August 27th wing of the old United States hotel in Washington fell, burying the employes and two or three others; but only three deaths resulted. On the 28th of the following December a new *iron hotel in process of erection at New Orleans* fell at a time when nearly all the workmen were on the roof. Though they fell nearly sixty feet only two were killed. Late in the '70s there was an epidemic, so to speak, of falling buildings in Rochester, N. Y., and in '81 or '82 another, the most notable being the collapse of a four story business block near the center of the city, by which four men lost their lives. A singular incident of this calamity was the fact that the corner of the building was upon the roof at the time, and went down to the ground with the falling mass, rubbish and even without suffering any appreciable shock. Another calamity of this sort was the falling of the Nebraska State capitol while building, and there were many others, records of which are not accessible to the present writer.

Down to this time, however, the public mind had not been greatly stirred, though many minor accidents of a like nature had occurred; but on April 13, 1885, an appalling calamity in New York city excited the whole country, led to a general examination of the causes of such accidents and an overlooking of the law, and made the name of Buddensiek infamous. A contagious block of eight five story buildings, on Sixty-second street between Tenth and Eleventh avenues, CHARLES BUDDENSIEK, New York, fell in an instant. The wreck was complete. Nothing remained of the once imposing block but a pile of debris, from which rose a cloud of dust and among which a few mangled, struggling forms were seen, while groans and agonizing cries for help excited the pitying spectators almost to madness. The police at once formed a guard around the ruins and hundreds of men, called to uncover the dead and rescue the wounded. The shocking details need not be repeated. By rare good fortune only a few workmen were killed, while sixty were hurt in various degrees.

Charles Buddensiek, the builder, was arrested, and then all the horrible details of his career came out. He was a habitual violator of the law—building unsafe tenements, using poor mortar and weak supports in insufficient number, the inquiry showed—and houses built by him were hastily evacuated, and out of twenty-three it was shown that not one was really safe. He rouse the people at last, and in New York at least the law for the inspection of buildings was rigidly enforced. Since the notorious Mase, Reed and Buddensiek affair there has been the object of much universal horror as Buddensiek was at that time. It was a charity to hide him from the public eye in Sing Sing, where he is now serving out a term of ten years.

Public opinion was thoroughly roused and inspectors did their work so well that no serious calamities occurred in the city



FATHER KIRNER.

till the recent one of Oct. 17, when the new Catholic school building at No. 445 East One Hundred and Fifteenth street fell, by which seven persons lost their lives, among them being Father Kirner, the priest in charge of the work, and injuring many more. Of the killed three were Italians, Father Kirner's mission being among that people. The building was 100 by 30 feet, of brick, and the workmen all ascribe the calamity to bad mortar—"it wasn't mortar at all, 'twas only mud," and also to the lack of supports as required by law under the center of the long joists. The person alleged to be to blame is the city Inspector William J. Martin, in whose district the building was located, as it was his duty to forbid the continuance of the work unless the law was complied with. Martin has been dismissed and placed under arrest, and the board of fire commissioners has also dismissed several other inspectors. The penalty likely to be inflicted on Martin is somewhat more disagreeable than that meted out to a delinquent contractor the writer knows of, whose work collapsed, killing several men and injuring others. These was an investigation in his case, the jury could not fix the blame, and the people of his district elected him to the state legislature!

Father A. Emilians Kirner was pastor of the Roman Catholic church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel and was a native of Germany, and was fifty years old. His work was always in mission fields, and he had built and assisted in the building of a large number of churches and institutions in London—where he went when 26 years of age—Italy and America. He was immensely popular and was known as Father Kirner the Good.

SPECIAL SALE

We have received a large line of French and German jointed Dolls of all grades. Also many with kid bodies and indestructible heads. Both moving and steady eyes. Undoubtedly the finest dolls ever shown in Plainfield for the money. For a limited time we will sell these dolls at Special Prices. Come and make your selections before the assortment is broken. A full line of heads and wigs for French dolls, in stock.

A. W. RAND,
24 W. Front street.

THE BEE HIVE.

Will open on Saturday a full line of ladies and children's cloaks. We would also call particular attention of our line of children's flannel dresses and children's long and short embroidered cashmere coats from $1.85 up.

Underwear

Children's winter vests and drawers size 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 inches, at 11, 14, 18, 20, 22, 25, 28, 30, 33 cents.

Ladies' heavy merino vests 40 and 45 cents; scarlet vests 84 cents and $1.

Gents' heavy merino shirts and drawers, 50c. and 65c.

Gents' camel's hair shirts and drawers, 65c. 85c., $1.

Men's scarlet shirts, 50c., $1.

Ladies' cashmere gloves in black and colored, 15c. per pair.

LOUIS CALLMAN,
38 WEST FRONT ST.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS
FOUNDRY
and
MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April 1886. We are prepared to furnish at short notice, Castings for machinery, bridges building stones, fireplaces, grates and all kinds of covers, grade bars, furnace pots, stove grates, sash weights, fence posts, lawn settees, and other kinds of castings. Many of the above are constantly in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish designs for any kind of castings not on hand. Repairing of machinery built by the day or on contract. Work done promptly and satisfactorily.

E. R. ELSTON, Prop.

Professional Cards.

DR. F. E. HENDRICKSON, DENTIST, Successor to Dr. R. W. Anderson; office, No. 113 East Front street. Gas administered.

BOGGATE, ARCHITECT, North avenue, opposite depot, Plainfield, N. J. 2-25-88

CHARLES H. SMITH, ARCHITECT, No. 336 Broadway, New York, rooms 8 and 9. Residence, Plainfield, corner Park and Watchung avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call 77.

MAHLON C. LEE, Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner. Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

DR. CHAS. R. THEIRS, DENTIST, 28 West Front street. Has used successfully anæsthetic application for extracting teeth without pain. Gilding a specialty.

ELECTRIC BATHS.

Dr. Griffen is prepared to treat all nervous affections, such as nervous prostrait, skin diseases, asthma, Catarrh, rheumatism, dyspepsia, constipation and chronic diseases generally, by electricity and electric baths. Consultation free. Call at office for ladies, 64 East Second street, corner of Washington street.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence corner of Firth and Sycamore streets.

LARISON & CLEVELAND, Counsellors at Law. Solicitors in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second st.

J. H. FERSTER, Veterinary Surgeon. Office in Leland's old stand, corner of Main street and Madison avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Day and night calls promptly attended to. Telephone Call No. 47. Consultation on diseases of all domesticated animals free. Residence 72 East Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city. Room 12 and 13. Implement and Teachers' Bank Building. Residence Plainfield N. J.

O. H. PERKINS, Successor to E. W. South, 56 Front St. Near Peace street, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 7 to 8 a. m., 1 to 2 and 7 to 9 p. m.

THE STOCK OF
Merino Underwear
for MEN WOMEN and CHILDREN,
in White, Scarlet and Grey,
AT EDSALL'S,
No 20 West Front street.

Is the largest and most complete ever offered by this house. We class as leaders the 50c. vest; the best 75c vest; the best $1 vest; the best $2.25 camel's hair or Jersey Ribbed Vests The Best 40c Shirts and Drawers.

" 50c " "
" 75c " "
" $1 " "
" 1.50 " "
" 2.00 " "
" 2.50 " "

The last two mentioned are the celebrated "Natural Wool."

You can surely get suited here in this line of goods. Remember, we are now showing the largest assortment in Dudsbome new

CARPETS

ART SQUARES, RUGS, OIL CLOTHS, etc.

ever shown in this part of the State and at the lowest prices.

AT THE
CITY PHARMACY
21 W. Front street.

May be found careful dispensers, who compound Physicians prescriptions with the utmost care. All prescriptions are checked so that accuracy may be insured. Only the best grades of preparations are used in our prescription Department.

The City Pharmacy is now the place to select

Choice Perfumes

and Toilet Requisites. We have Vichy and and Carbonic Acid Water in our new latest improvement.

The City Pharmacy will be open Sunday's for COMPOUNDING DRUGS and the SALE OF MEDICINES,

ONLY
Hours 9. a. m. to 1 p. m. and 4 to 9 p. m.

FIELD & RANDOLPH
PROPRIETORS.
Telephone Call 109.

AT THE
WHITE FRONT
you can find just what you need for
Fall and Winter Wear

Our stock of Dress Goods have been selected with the greatest care, special attention being paid to the quality and styles, while our prices will be as they have in the past, the lowest. Ladies, Gents and Children's Underwear we can supply every size and quality both in red and white. Blankets and comfortables we never sold as low as we are selling them this season. A good blanket for $1 and an extra heavy wool one for $1.50. You will find our line in dress trimmings, ribbons, corsets, buttons, yarns, and, in fact, on all our stock of notions and fancy goods, are away down. Come and see us and examine our goods and prices and you will be sure that White's is the best place to buy your goods.

J. E. White & Son,
of the WHITE FRONT.

French and German
Classes formed in PLAINFIELD'S HIGH SCHOOL by teachers of the renowned
"BERLITZ SCHOOLS OF LANGUAGES"
Also private lessons at the Pupil's residence; Please address MISS BULKLEY, principal of the High School, Plainfield, or DR. J. T. FRITTS, Park street.

Educational.

MISS. MEYER of 60 Pearl street will open a school for fancy and ornamental needlework and ladies handiwork, on Oct. 1. All ladies and children desiring to obtain instruction will please call at the above address for terms. Samples of work can be seen at Edsall's on West Front street. 9 13 2m

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of Piano Playing, rooms either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Address, box 1, Post office. Call Box P. O. Box 1010. 27-30

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, case or private lessons. Terms reasonable. Address P. O. Box 1020.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. The Misses Perkins and Miss Newton's, School for Girls on Lafrande avenue, corner of Washington street. For particulars address P. O. Box 858, Plainfield.

Cook's Fruit Store,
18 PARK AVENUE.
Fruits of all kinds.
Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Jimerson & Coyne,
have opened a store at
16 East Front St.
where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as first-class
Merchant Tailors,
to examine their fine line of samples, which they make up to order, at prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

PARK HOUSE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J
Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entirely new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements may be made for parties desiring table board, and in stormy weather to be transferred to and from the Hotel. Terms reasonable.
EVAN JONES,
PROPRIETOR.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the
CITY HOTEL,
Corner of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.
J. H. Staats, Prop'r.
GOOD Accommodations.

BUILDER
James H. Pope,
Carpenter & Builder
RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE,
P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N. J.
Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 25 years experience.

200 Different styles of OVERCOATS
for Men and Boys' way down in prices at
SCHWED BROS.
7 East Front street.

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors,
and Practical Embalmers.
Office, Warerooms and residence No. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone call 64.

FIRST-CLASS NICKLE
ALARM CLOCKS
$1.25.
first-Class Nickel Time Clocks,90 cents.
AT COLLIER'S,
2 PARK AVENUE.
Established 19 years. Repairing on Pianos, Organs, Melodeons and all kinds of musical instruments.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty Street Time Table in effect, Oct. 23, 1887.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 2.37, 5.45, 6.32, 7.06, 7.35, 8.02, 8.30, 9.05, 9.35, 10.05, 10.35, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.01, 2.05, 2.35, 3.05, 3.35, 3.53, 4.04, 4.32 5.05, 5.35, 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m., 12.05 night. Sunday, 2.37, 5.45, 6.32, 7.06, 7.35, 8.02, 8.30, 9.05, 9.35, 10.05, 10.35, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.01, 2.05, 2.35, 3.05, 3.35, 4.04, 4.32, 5.05, 5.35, 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m., 12.05 night.

Leave New York, Pond Liberty Street 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 noon, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday, at 5.00 a. m.; 12.00 noon; 1.00, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 8.00, 9.30, 10.00, p. m.

Passengers for Newark or orange cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.32, 7.06, 7.35, 8.02, 8.30, 9.05, 9.35, 10.05, 10.35, 11.05, 12.05, 1.01, 2.05, 2.35, 3.05, 3.35, 3.53, 4.04, 4.32, 5.05, 5.35, 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 5.45, 6.32, 7.06, 7.35, 8.02, 8.30, 9.05, 9.35, 10.05, 10.35, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.01, 2.05, 2.35, 3.05, 3.35, 4.04, 4.32, 5.05, 5.35, 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.35, 7.55, 8.15, 8.32, 9.05, 9.35, 10.05, 10.35, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 2.35, 3.05, 3.35, 3.53, 4.04, 4.30, 5.05, 5.35, 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.35, 7.55, 8.15, 8.32, 9.05, 9.35, 10.05, 10.35, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 2.35, 3.05, 3.35, 3.53, 4.04, 4.30, 5.05, 5.35, 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.32, 9.31 a. m., 4.05, 5.15, 6.15, 8.16, 6.00, p. m.

Sunday at 5.10, 8.32, 9.31 a. m., 6.00 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.55, 8.07 a. m.; 12.07, 4.15, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.15 a. m., 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

8.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong etc. Sundays for Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, etc.

8.32 a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Mauch Chunk, etc.

9.31 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre Scranton, etc.

4.05 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 8.02, 11.08 a. m. 12.33, 3.51, 5.54 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.27 a. m.

Leave Port Am. 3.27 a. m., 8.02, 11.08 12.33 p. m., 3.51, 5.25 5.54 p. m. Sunday 8.27 a. m.

Leave Ocean Grove 3.27, 5.45, 8.02, 11.08 a. m., 1.21, 12.33 5.25, 5.54 p. m. Sundays 8.27 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 1.32, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44 a. m. 2.16, 3.39, 6.04, 8.17 p. m. Sunday at 1.32, 5.10, 9.35 a. m. 6.30 p. m.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, Kensington and Green Street at 8.30 11.10 a. m., 1.15 3.45, 5.15, 7.00 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m. 1.15, 12.00 p. m.

Third and Market Streets at 8.30, 9.05 10.30 a. m.; 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a.m., 1.00 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker Streets, at 1.25, 9.10, 10.16, 11.35 a. m. 2.40, 4.50, 7.00, 8.00 p. m. Sunday at 1.25, 9.18 9.40, a. m. 6.15 p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked change cars at Bound Brook.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt
J. R. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

Special Notices.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE
The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of introducing a valuable remedy to the people of Balsam was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will get an excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate. Procure a bottle at once and keep in your home or room for immediate use. Future use. Price 25 cts. and 75 cts. Sold by druggist. Large size for and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS,
Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LADIES
Do your own dyeing, at home, with Pearline Dyes. They will color anything and they are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package—6 colors. Send for free sample card. Diamond Dye Brightener, Amour to Package or for Fashion Plate Free. Diamond Dye Works, Burlington, Vt. If your druggist or fancy goods dealer does not crock or smut. For sale by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 2-17-1y

FOR SALE CHEAP.
A good young horse, suitable for driving or delivery wagon. Apply to
J. H. FERSTER, Veterinary Surgeon,
Cor. Front and Madison Ave.
Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

George D. Morrison,
dealer in
FLOUR AND FEED,
NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

PARK AVENUE
PAINT STORE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Window Glass
Paints, White Lead, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes Wall Paper, etc.
E. M. ADAMS,
18 PARK AVENUE

FOR BARGAINS
In new and second-hand
House Furnishing *GOODS*
and for
FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK
and
UPHOLSTERING
call at the store of
F. S. POWLISON,
28 WEST FRONT STREET.

Ranges & Stoves
of every description, the latest improvements, together with a large assortment of
House Furnishing Articles
Which I offer at the lowest prices consistent with reliable goods. Repairing of Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces, Tinning, Roofing, Spouting, etc., promptly attended to. E. ARRISON, 127 West Front street.

LIGHT AND AIRY.

Why He Loves a Homely Girl.

To careless eyes she is not fair;
This verdict careless lips declare,
And wonder why, against the charm
Of beauty tried, rich and warm,
The fates they decree so cold and dull,
To him should be so beautiful.

This is the face she turns to him.
O easy task to a lover's whim!
That finds it fair; nor are they dull
Who say she is not beautiful,
For, strange to all of mysteries,
They see not outside face he sees—
The love-lit face that is true to him.
The love-lit face that is true to him.
—The Times-Democrat.

A Foreigner's Mistake.

Distinguished foreigner—Yes, I have traveled a great deal in this country and I cannot help wondering why your government does not catch those train robbers and lock them up.

American—Have you met train robbers?

"Plenty of them. They are everywhere, it seems to me, but I must say they are very polite for highwaymen."

"Polite!"

"Yes; and I notice, too, that they are all colored people."

"Oh, those are not train robbers; those are porters."—Omaha World.

Just So.

When mid-year time a hero's ball
And the belle for an hour
On morning air is merely all
Are memories.

When the sere and skies are blue,
And the year is in rural verse,
We shall love it more and more few
Also for—Boston Courier.

Not a Desirable Locality.

Stranger (to Nevada citizen)—I think of locating here in business, and will probably want to put a man in some real estate. Is the town healthy?

Citizen—Healthy? Why, stranger, the last death that occurred in this town was over a year ago, and that wouldn't have happened if he had not received a Bitter Creek man a line. Let me take you around and show you a corner lot.

Stranger—No, I guess not. I'm an undertaker.—Tid Bits.

The Humorist.

With slight, bald head and watching,
With wrinkles grim and hard,
The weary humorist sits and writes
Of what—somebody's bald head.
Think not his task is easy,
His eyes, mouth and chief,
But the jokes and shots of the English style
Will make you like a laugh.
—Texas Siftings.

The Important Thing.

Enters: Man invites has been invited to take a hand in the game—I know very little about it. I suppose the chief requisite is to be able to lose successfully is a knowledge of human nature?

Host—No Man. A knowledge of human nature helps success, I believe, but the chief requisite is cash.—Tid Bits.

Betting on the "Nets."

Beneath the shade sleeps William Betts,
A double fortune had spent
He had his hand on the "Nets"—
How he got on the nets—
No more he'll make five-dollar bets
Of fifty-cents, while you wait.
—Puck.

"A Sad Dilemma."

Gilhooly—Sad affair over at Jones'.
Gus De Smith—What's the matter?
"Why one of the twins has died."
"That's an affliction."
"Yes, and the worst of it is the people don't know which of them is dead, they look so much alike."—Texas Siftings.

Why They Walk.

Fairs and expositions over,
Farmers now are saunt'ring back;
Squandered all their summer savings,
In a fortnight, and for lack
Of the where-with-al for tickets,
Have to walk the railroad track.
—Texas Siftings.

Of No Use to Him.

Customer (getting measured)—How much are these trousers going to cost me?

Tailor—Twenty-two dollars, sir. How many pockets do you want in them?

Customer—None. I won't need any pockets after I've paid for the trousers.—New York Sun.

Doctors and Patients.

The doctors tax their patients
When on they their bills display;
Folks tax the doctors' patience
When these bills they will not pay.
—Exchange.

A Western Delicacy.

Customer (to Nevada hotel proprietor)—What have you got in the way of game, landlord?

Landlord (rubbing his hands appetizingly)—Well, sir, I can get you up a couple of nice grasshoppers on toast.—Harper's Bazar.

The Old Days.

O give us the days of our daddies
When a song was a song, not a "ballad,"
When young folks were "lassies and laddies"
And cabbage was cabbage—not "salad."
—Dansville Breeze.

A Dull Day.

Able Editor—Much news in your department today?

Political Editor—No, it's dull; very dull.

"Dull, eh!"

"Yes, no new parties have been started since breakfast."—Omaha World.

The Umbrella Joke Again.

When the rain comethi pouring,
Then you mustn't "chaff" him the feller
Who came last night with subtle might
To secure the loan of my silk umbrella."
—Washington Critic.

A Sure Indication.

First Citizen (overheard)—Can you tell me where the fire is?

Second Citizen—I think it is the schoolhouse. There were a lot of boys dancing and cheering down on the corner.—Burlington Free Press.

A Poet's Woes.

Ah, he whose verses, for posterity designed,
Are unto publishers ruthlessly "declined,"
Turned to the fact that the sanctum graces,
Can't say "this lines are cast in pleasant places."
—Tid Bits.

A Novel Test.

"George, dear," she said reproachfully, as she clung fondly around his neck, "why will you eat raw onions when you know you are coming to see me?" "Merely to test your love, my precious," replied George.—Epoch.

The Man with the Cash.

The man who does the brain work,
Gets the glory and the dash;
But the man who lends to business
Holds a mortgage on the cash.
—Chicago Business.

An Absurd Combination.

Of all the color combinations ever planned or seen,
The most absurd is a mingling of the blues with paris green.
—Chicago Tribune.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE 35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE
(in Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of workmen so that CONTRACTS

MADE AT ONCE

may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without defacing ceilings and walls and in most cases existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments or the lights

RATES FOR DOMESTIC LIGHTING

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Door Numbers,

DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,
13 Park avenue.
Sole Agent for DR. KING'S Spectacles

McDONOUGH & MARTIN,
Horseshoers, 20 Somerset Street,

All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated Reversible Horse-Nails shoes, will please leave their orders for same at our shop before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to supply the large demand which these celebrated shoes have. Persons desiring to use these will please bring their horse to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

TRY OUR
NEW ENGLAND QUEEN and CREAM
BREAD
no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial
and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

HENRY LIEFKE
NO. 27 WEST FRONT

A FULL LINE OF SCHOOL SUPPLIES AND NEW AND SECOND-HAND SCHOOL BOOKS IS OFFERED AT LOW PRICES BY ALLEN THE STATIONER, 23 E. FRONT STREET. BOOKS USED IN THE PLAINFIELD SCHOOLS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

THE
People's Market,
RING, 42 PARK AVENUE.
Fresh meats,
Groceries,
Provisions,
VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. B. H. Buchman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends when he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1860.
D. W. LITTELL,
PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC,
AND SANITARY PLUMBER,
Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also elected a member of that body of practical plumbers in the county, is prepared to do plumbing in any desired style or manner, 8 North avenue, Plainfield N. J. 28-17

AT DOANE'S,
Formerly Clare's, No. 9, Park Avenue,

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have added
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further
until you have visited my store and inspected MY
Ladies $2 SHOE
either in common sense or opera toe style.
They are Beauties.
I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.
J. J. KENNEY,
No. 20 NORTH AVENUE.

BENNER'S
FRUIT MARKET
Nos. 66 and 68 East Front street.
Now open with a supply of
Fruit, Vegetables, etc.
at NEW YORK PRICES.
CHOICE JERSEY BERRIES 10c per quart.
This place, stock and fixtures for sale including a two years' lease. Rent low doing large business.

GOOD QUALITY
BRICK
I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.
I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.
Isaac Scribner,
MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD
P. O. BOX 930.

Fall and Winter Dress Goods, Blankets Flannels, Skirts, etc., just received at POPE'S at the lowest prices.

Boston Clothing House
will remove to 42 W. Front street on July 1st. Previous to removal we will offer all our stock at reduced prices. Indigo Blue Suits $6.50. Men's all wool Cassimere pants from $2 to $4, reduced from $3 and $5. Reductions all along the line. Children's suits and knee pants at cost
R. J. PERKINS,
29 PARK AVENUE.

MEATS.
GEO. A. MOORE,
(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)
Know the sole proprietor of the old established market at
No. 14 North Ave.,
where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt
MEATS
fish of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and
Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Franklin Place.
DEALER IN
Blue Stone Flagging,
P. O. Box 828

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mrs. Lindsays,
Intelligence Office,
No. 92 West Front street.
Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Out Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone,
60, 70 & 80 Cents,
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser.
Ladies' and Children' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-25-1y

Kindling Wood.
12 Barrels for $2,
at Mrs Demeus's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 98, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,
Practical Watchmaker
and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 22 Somerset Street,
Grocer and Seedsman,
Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine Sugars, Tea, Coffees, etc., tinned goods, pure cider vinegar 40 cents old, fruit jars, jelly cans, White Granite, Yellow ware, Stone, Earthen and Glassware, Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Kandolph,
Kalsominer
No. 13 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and whitewashed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets
Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,
(From Paris, successor to Jules Boutes.)
Ladies' Hair Dresser,
Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, tonics and powders. Masquerade and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,
Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road, dealer in all kinds of
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,
78 Somerset street,
Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No 14.

Ten Eyck's
Meat Market,
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

L. L. Mc[illegible]
Diven Wells,
Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After a experience of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 31 E Front.

T. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 27 1-2 West Front street.

Farmer's Hotel,
Somerset street, near Front,
Boarding, Permanent or Transient, Stabling for horses by day, week or month. Terms moderate. Jacob Bilman, proprietor.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.
BLANK BOOKS,
MEMORANDUM BOOKS,
Tablets, Writing and Drawing Books,
LANGUAGE LESSONS.
Lead Pencils, etc., at low prices. Also full line of
Pure Confectionery
the largest assortment sold in town.
R. C. FISHER'S,
24 West Fourth street, opp. Public School

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,
104 NORTH AVENUE.
First-Class Market,
where can be found a full line of all kinds of
FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.
Special attention given to
POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.
Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete as near as possible with
NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.
We solicit a call that we may convince that we DO sell
CHEAPER
than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at
A. VANDERBEEK, 32 PARK AVE.
PIANOS TUNED.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manager.

WALL PAPERS.
G. F. & C. E. Brown
WALL
PAPER.
WINDOW
SHADES,
INTERIOR DECORATIONS
23 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

CASEY
FURNITURE
EXPRESS
LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.
Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.
45 WEST FRONT STREET.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle
25 NORTH AVENUE.
Painters and Paper Hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS SUPPLIES
Brushes, etc.

INSURANCE
Wm. A. Woodruff,
Represents the following first-class Insurance companies:
Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen of England; The Merchants of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at best rates, has
MONEY TO LOAN
on approved security and has bargains in
REAL ESTATE
Office Berry's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second St.

SERRELL & POUND,
Bicycles, Tricycles
AND TANDEMS,
English and American Sundries. Sole Agents Victor Club, Rudge, Humber, Rover, Safety and other cycles.
R. POUND, 27 East Third street.
H. SERRELL, Plainfield avenue.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR
HATS, SHIRTS & TRUNKS
at
U. B. Crane's
Hat Store,
19 PARK AVE. Next to Walker's Bakery.

PICTURE
FRAMES
of all kinds at
S. E. FLOWER'S
at New York Prices, Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting

CHINA,
GLASS,
LAMPS,
Latest Novelties in ROYAL WORCESTER and CARLSBAD WARE.
FRENCH AND ENGLISH
DINNER SETS.
GAVETT'S
15 E. Front street.
10-1-3m

L. HEYNIGER,
65, 65 and 67 Somerset street.
Dealer in
FLOUR, FEED,
BALED HAY, etc.
WOODENWARE
etc., at LESS than New York Prices
TELEPHONE CALL 113.
Branch Store No. 9 North avenue.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.
ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
Blue Stone Flagging,
SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS AND MANTELS.
CURBING AND CROSSWALKS.
Sixteen Years' Experience.
M. POWERS,
Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue.
P. O. BOX 1287.
We also supply all orders for kindling wood as formerly, direct from the factory.

Builders Cards.

John P. Emmons,
Successor to Emmons Bros.,
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 862.

BUILDER.
C. J. NOEL,
Carpenter & Builder
OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.
Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY.
Mason and Builder,
JOBBING
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. Box 280.
Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER.
Establisher 1846
Carpenter & Builder,
36 EAST THIRD STREET.
Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

PEARSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 1421.
W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street.
H. E. Gayle No. 84 East Second street.
All Work promptly attended to.

R. A. Ross,
19 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,
Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Saums,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans, P. O. box 1238. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,
Residence, Evans, P. O. Box 250.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Madison avenue and Third street,
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors,
Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder,
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 318.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.
For Sale and To Let
TO LET FURNISHED.
TO LET UNFURNISHED.
Desirable Bargains in
BUILDING LOTS
FIRE INSURANCE.
Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phenix Assurance of London, Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgage.
Edward C. Mulford,
Real Estate Broker, 36 and 37 North avenue, opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.
Telephone No. 93.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.
JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. No work half-done. Our appearance is approved of by the Board of Health. Letters left with D. W. Littell, Sanitary Plumber, No. 8 North avenue, P. O. Box 1416. Telephone call at Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

A. M. RUNYON & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
28 PARK AVENUE.
Telephone Call 40. Residence 46 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 37. Office Hillside cemetery.

LAING'S HOTEL.
J. B. Miller & Bro.,
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

BENJ. F. MOORE
(late of Moore Bros.)
BUTCHER,
and dealer in
FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.
Corner
PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET
Plainfield, N. J.
Telephone Call No. 111.
Orders Called For
AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

FURNITURE.
FAIRCHILD'S
Furniture Warerooms
21 EAST FRONT STREET
Parlor and Chamber
FURNITURE.
LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, TABLES AND CHAIRS.

CRIGS
ARARE
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ARARE
GRIGS
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Repairing in all its branches at
L. M. FRENCH'S
CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,
18 Somerset street,
PLAINFIELD.

THE
Fidelity & Casualty
COMPANY, issues
Accident Policies
for
$10,000
assuring

1. In event of death	$10,000
2. For loss of two hands	10,000
3. For loss of two feet	10,000
4. For loss of one hand and one foot	10,000
5. For loss of one hand	5,000
6. For loss of one hand or of one foot	$3,333.33
7. For loss of one eye	$1,250
8. For disabling injuries—during the continuance of same, per week	$50

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amounts.
For circular, etc., call on
Jos. T. Vail, Agt.,
OPPOSITE DEPOT.

FOTOGRAFS.
Instantaneous,
Everlasting,
Handsome,
Cheapest,
Best.
Great Success with Children's Portraits.
THORN'S,
Opp. Post Office.

J. P. Laire & Co's is the place to buy Parlor, Cook Stoves, ranges, double heaters, stove boards, coal hods, pipe, repairs, horse blankets, robes and general hardware.

MME. QUICK'S
SULPHUR AND MEDICATED
VAPOR TREATMENT
EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.
Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases equalled the circulation, clears away impurities in the blood, cures Colds, Influenza, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung Diseases, Nervousness and General Debility. Pimples and Salt Rheum and all skin diseases.
Cures the most obstinate cases of chills and fever and all malarial disorders.
Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Closed for cleansing on Saturday's.

COAL and WOOD
C. H. RUGG,
Successor to Morgan Bird,
Dealer in none but best quality Coal, such as
Yeddo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring brook and Council Ridge Coal Well screened.
Also Cord and Kindling Wood.
Orders left at my office or byjpostal will receive prompt attention.
No. 61 Park Avenue,
Bird's Yard,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 | PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY NOVEMBER 2, 1887. | Price Two Cents

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 42.

The NEWS reaches all classes of our city. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and the names of persons in all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertising rates pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—Tuesday next will be election day.

—Frisch's new hall on Somerset street is nearly completed.

—Opinions will be read at Trenton in the Supreme Court to-morrow.

—Register to-morrow; it is your only chance. If you fail it will deprive you of your vote.

—Allen, the stationer, has purchased a new line of goods, as noted in his advertisement in another column.

—Vesper and Benediction services, preceded by the Rosary, will be held in St. Mary's Church, Friday evening.

—Several young men who reside in this vicinity are endeavoring to arrange a target excursion to take place Thanksgiving Day.

—A number of young men from this city went to Mt. Bethel last evening and gave an amateur minstrel entertainment in a hall in that place. The performance was well attended, and at its conclusion a ball was held.

—The large elm tree which stood on the corner of Second and Fifth streets in front of the residence of F. W. Moore, was cut down yesterday by order of Street Commissioner Anderson, on account of its blocking the road.

—A party of six Plainfielders, of whom Chas. Smith was one, went gunning yesterday in the neighborhood of Mt. Bethel. They killed thirty six rabbits. Another party of nine from this city bagged twenty-eight rabbits and two quail.

—The devotional meeting of the Y's was held at their rooms Nov. 1st, and a very pleasant time was enjoyed, after which a short business meeting was held, and Mrs. Taylor gave a very pleasant description of the last convention of the W. C. T. U.

—There was a wreck on the Philadelphia and Reading coal tracks at Port avenue, Elizabethport, early yesterday morning. While backing a train a locomotive crashed into a caboose and smashed it. Four of the coal cars were derailed and badly broken.

—The grounds where the circuses have usually been held—on Plainfield avenue, between Fourth and Fifth streets—has been purchased by Wm. Cortwright of West Fifth street from Mrs. Elina Wykoff of Highlstown. The land will be cut up into twenty-three building lots.

—Judgment in the case of Chief of Police Chas. W. Dodd vs. Constable Garret P. Smith, who is charged with keeping a gambling den on Park avenue, was to have been rendered by City Judge Ulrich this morning, but Smith's counsel was absent and the case was adjourned until Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

—The Monthly Meeting of the [illegible] Society of the German Reformed Church will take place to-morrow evening at the residence of Mrs. V. Unangst, corner of Duke street and Mercer avenue. At the same time and place business relating to the forthcoming fair will be transacted, on which account a full attendance is desired of all who feel interest in the success of the fair, which is to be for the purpose of raising funds to furnish the new church.

—The trouble that the Democrats had in finding a candidate for Assembly from the Third District causes considerable amusement among the Republicans, who are certain of Judge Ulrich's election. Every Democrat whose name was mentioned in connection with the nomination declined, saying in every instance that it was because he saw almost certain defeat before him. At length, after over two hours' canvassing, there was put upon the ticket the name of Smith, whose absence from town prevents information reaching him concerning his nomination for a day or two at least.

—On Monday night Patrolman Edward Kelley of Summit, while on duty near the tracks of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad heard a loud crash and found that a large oak tree had fallen across the track. Two trains were nearly due. Kelley ran to a flag shanty at Morris and Springfield avenues, and breaking in the door, got two red lanterns, lighted them, and placing one on the east-bound track, ran with the other to the station and signalled the approaching freight train. The two trains were stopped and the train hands were occupied about an hour in removing the obstructions from the track.

—The Knights of Labor are rampant over the latest trick played on them by the Democrats. Three years ago the Knights carried the Democratic convention in favor of their nominee, McMahon, for Congress; but the chairman, who declared against them, had to get out a back window to escape their indignation. In the present campaign the Knights declared that if they could not have a candidate for Senator of their own choice they would oppose the Democratic ticket. They wanted Mr. Morgan. Sunday after Sunday afternoon, ex-Director Martine and Senator Livingston reinferred in the latter's home, and the problem of how to down the Knights is considered solved. The Assembly Convention was called an hour before the County Convention, and Morgan was given the nomination as the Democratic candidate in the Second District, which means that the Knights are simply hopeless—a Democrat never having been elected in it except once, on the occasion of a split among the Republicans. The Democratic leaders, chuckling at thus getting the labor element out of the way by throwing a sprat to catch a mackerel, appear to have been gloating too quickly. The laborites, having disappeared for the time, now swear vengeance on the head of Senator Livingston, whom they regard as their enemy.

—"The Little Tycoon" to-morrow night.

—Marshal P. Wilder will appear at the M. E. church Nov. 8.

—Tier's lake appeared to be a receptacle for gates stolen by the observers of Hallow-een.

—The new ballot boxes arrived this afternoon and are in the possession of the City Clerk.

—A prize bazaar under the auspices of the Women's Relief Corps will be one of this season's attractions.

—The City Common Council will hold its regular monthly meeting for October in the council chamber next Monday evening.

—The Union County Republican nominees will be given a reception at the Republican Headquarters on Front street, Saturday afternoon.

—The Court House ring dictated the county Democratic nominations to fall just as we supposed they would. The Court House ring must go.—Westfield Standard.

—The date for the regular October meeting of the Board of Managers of the Fire Department will fall on election night. It will probably be deferred until some other evening.

—The "court-house ring" ticket does not please the Democrats of Scotch Plains.—Fanwood correspondent of the Rahway Advocate.—And Scotch Plains is by no means alone in so thinking.

—The Democratic voters of North Plainfield will meet at Democratic headquarters, West Front street, Plainfield, to-night at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of forming a permanent organization.

—The Y. M. C. A. will give a reception to the men employed at Scott's and Potter's pipeworks Dec. 15. The reception to clerks will be held Feb. 3, 1888; and the reception to firemen will occur March 10.

—The members of Gazelle Engine Co. No. 1, took their apparatus out for a "wash" yesterday afternoon to test the machinery previous to its being accepted by the Fire Commissioners. It is said to have given satisfaction.

—The Democratic City convention of Elizabeth for the nomination of a Mayor and for chosen Freeholders will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon at Schmeig's Concordia Hall, Elizabeth avenue. The Republican City Convention for the same object, will be held to-morrow afternoon in Collet Hall, Broad street.

—The Plainfield Land Improvement Company have secured the title to the large plot of property known as the Randolph farm on Grant avenue. They have already had the land surveyed and cut up into desirable building lots, and propose to offer the same for sale, which will enable every one to purchase. Read the advertisement.

—The remains of John Stewart of Newark, who died last March, have been exhumed and will be brought to this city to-day. Stewart, brother of Plainfield is a brother of the deceased, whose body was interred this afternoon in the cemetery connected with the Methodist church. This resinterment was under the auspices of Winfield Scott Post, No. 28, Grand Army of the Republic.

—"Like every successful comic opera," says an exchange, "The Little Tycoon" unfolds new beauties and gathers in additional charm with each representation. Its grace, purity and absolute freedom from anything approaching grossness or vulgarity, render it exceedingly attractive to a large class of refined and intellectual persons who are rarely seen at ordinary theatrical or musical entertainments."—"The Little Tycoon" will be presented at Music Hall Thursday, Nov. 3.

—Ex-Sheriff Nat. Thompson, of Union county, who has been engineer at the state prison for three years, resigned the position on Saturday, as he was very popular with the keepers and instructors, and just before his departure they summoned him to the "centre," where they nearly took his power of speech away by presenting him with a beautiful diamond stud. The presentation speech was made by Keeper Paul, Rue, Mr. Thompson invited all hands to a collation, where they spent a few pleasant hours together.

—Eight Senators are to be elected in New Jersey this Fall in the counties of Camden, Cape May, Monmouth, Warren, Gloucester, Union, Somerset and Salem. Each of the newly-elected Senators will cast a vote for the succession of Hon. John R. McPherson. Of the Senators holding over seven are Republicans and six are Democrats. The Republicans must elect four and the Democratic five Senators this Fall to secure control of the State. If the Democrats hold their own in Monmouth and Union, and gain Somerset, Salem and Camden, they will have the next Senate by one majority, even though they lose Warren. With Warren and without one of the other three they would still have a bare majority. If the Republicans hold Gloucester, Essex and Salem, and elect in either Warren, Union, Somerset or Monmouth, they can lose Camden and still have one majority. It is easy, to see from these facts what is expected of the Union county Republicans. It is that they elect the whole ticket. That will secure them a Republican Senator.—Elizabeth Journal.

The New Pond Tool Works.

Two massive iron doors, one weighing 1,600 and the other 1,065 pounds, arrived at the Pond Machine shop this morning. They were consigned to the Pond Machine Tool Works Company and are to be used as doors for the large safe to be used by the Company. They were shipped from Herring & Co's Establishment in New York.

The safe in question arrived in town Monday morning from Worcester, Massachusetts, and will immediately proceed to wire the new buildings of the Pond Machine and Tool Works Company.

Judge Ulrich's Opponent.

Messrs. L. F. Wadsworth, A. Saltzman and J. Rafferty, all of Plainfield, were appointed a committee to notify Joseph G. Miller of his nomination by the Democrats for Assembly from the Third District and were empowered to appoint a nominee in case he declined to accept.

Mr. J. G. Miller's intimate friends say that they are positive he will decline. He is at present out of town, but will return in a day or two.

HE TRIED TO KILL HIMSELF.

Farmer Bopp's Hired Man Cuts His Own Throat.

John Bopp, a German farmer living about two miles from Westfield on the road to Rahway, engaged Jacob Decker at the employment agency of Karlen & Liebert, No. 28 Greenwich street, New York City, yesterday, to work for him on his farm. The newly-hired man went to bed last night at about eleven o'clock, shortly after reaching Westfield; and when Mr. Bopp knocked at his room this morning he was surprised to find the fellow evidently a heavy sleeper, for there was no response to his calls. Listening intently he heard low moans, and on forcing open the door found Decker welt-ring in his own blood. Both Mr. Bopp and his sister judged him dead.

Frightened, Mr. Bopp hurriedly harnessed his horse and drove to Westfield, where he notified Constable Marsh, who immediately telegraphed to Coroner Westcott. The farmer then called Dr. Sherman Cooper and took him to the farm. The doctor pronounced the suicide supposed case still alive, the only wound being a severe stab in the throat. The gash had stopped bleeding and was at once washed and sewn up. Decker was very feeble from loss of blood and was unable to speak. The knife—an old-fashioned one with a horn handle and a four-inch blade—was found covered with gore under the bed. At noon the man was not yet dead, but the doctor said that he could not live long.

Mr. Bopp says that Decker was cheerful enough last night. They had supper together both in the New York and at the farm-house. Decker is about forty years old and seemed to be in very needy circumstances. Among his effects were a Bible with "Jacob Decker" on the fly-leaf, and a letter written in German to a girl in the old country. The letter was signed, however, Alfred Kochler and the address was Orange, Westchester, N. Y. Constable Marsh took charge of the knife and letter and will try to find out more about the man.

PERSONAL.

Illness confines Andrew Love, jr., of Dunellen to his home.

Jack and Miss Alice Bartendale gave an All Hallow-een party at their residence Monday evening.

Mr. A. C. LaBoyteaux has taken up his residence in Plainfield. His address is 52 East Sixth street.

David Augerlauer, the hostler at Blimm's Hotel, who was injured in a runaway accident on Mountain avenue, recently, is now able to leave the house.

Mr. F. W. Bird, the builder, has removed to the corner of East Front and Pene streets, having sold his residence on Grandview avenue to Mr. Morgan of Worcester, Mass.

Mr. E. V. Lorton, keeper of Records and Seals of the State Lodge, Knights of Pythias, left town yesterday to attend the installation of new lodge, No. 141, at Pemberton, N. J.

Chas. Fisk, a New York banker, and brother of Pliny Fisk, is about to move into the George F. Opdyke residence on Seventh street. Mr. Opdyke is moving into his new dwelling on Eighth street.

George A., age 4, son of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Jackson of Fifth and Liberty streets, died of membranous croup last evening after a short illness. Interment in Evergreen cemetery to-morrow afternoon at 3:30.

Samuel D. Barlow of Dunellen, who for the past two years has been confined in the Morris Plains Asylum, died Sunday at the age of 47. The funeral services were held at Dunellen this afternoon. Interment at Washington, D. C.

Mr. W. I. Sparks of the firm of Hanchett & Sparks, grocers, corner of Peace and Fifth streets, yesterday withdrew from the partnership, Mr. Hanchett continuing. Mr. Sparks will continue to reside in Plainfield. He and Mr. Hanchett are married to sisters, and the dissolution is a friendly one.

Wm. F. Trust of Scranton, Pa., last night purchased from J. B. Miller and Bros., the lot on Seventh street adjoining that recently purchased by Geo. Thatcher, corner Central avenue, and will at once erect a $7,000 residence for his own occupancy. He has secured the service of Mr. B. Fosgate, Architect, to prepare his plans

Electric Light Notes.

Men are engaged driving two new fifty-feet deep wells at the electric light station on Madison avenue.

The new arc machine for street lighting purposes which arrived yesterday was put in position to-day.

North Plainfield is now in darkness. The Electric Light Company took their circuit off this morning. The lights were here before maintained by private subscription.

Elders' Association.

The elders of the Crescent-avenue Church, this city, extended a cordial invitation to the Association of Ruling Elders of the Presbytery of Elizabeth to attend a social meeting Monday evening at the house of Mr. L. N. Lovell at the corner of Third street and Crescent avenue. As a result about sixty-five elders gathered in the large and handsome residence and an enjoyable evening was passed in social intercourse and interchange of views and experiences regarding church work. The Moderator, Mr. Langdon, of Elizabeth, called the meeting to order for a few moments to listen to a report from Mr. Quackenbush, Chairman of the Association's Committee on the Centenary fund of a million dollars for Ministerial Relief. This committee were appointed to further the interests of fund and stimulate the brethren to liberal giving toward it. The committee estimated this Presbytery's proportion of the fund to be $12,000.

Punished For Wife Beating.

Patrick Newell, who lives at the corner of Fourth and Washington streets, was arrested on complaint of his wife, who charged him with assault. City Judge Ulrich heard the case this morning and sentenced Newell to be confined in the County Jail for a term of twenty days, in default of a fine of five dollars.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

Jenny Lind is Dead.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Jenny Lind died to-day, aged 66 years.

The Anarchists Must Hang.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2.—Justice Waite of the Supreme Court to-day denied the application of the Chicago Anarchists and announced that the decision of the lower courts in the case would be sustained.

Gossip Made Her a Suicide.

ELKHART, Ind., Nov. 2.—Mamie, the 15-year-old adopted daughter of the Rev. F. W. Adams, of St. John Episcopal church committed suicide last night on account of idle gossip concerning her. She was found dying by her family upon returning from a funeral. She took strychnine.

Four Lives For Her Own.

OAKLAND, Ill., Nov. 2.—Yesterday Mrs. Samuel Nelson, who lives near Sidell, north of this city, gave birth to four babies, three girls and one boy. Mrs. Nelson is about thirty years old, and about two years ago gave Birth to twins, both girls. The four children are doing well, but the mother's life is despaired of.

The "Queer-Shaver" to Lecture.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 2.—Pete McCartney, the noted counterfeiter, is once more a free man. Judge Allen having released him until Jan. 1, on his own recognizance, McCartney is now a broken down, old man, but as soon as his voice recovers from his paralytic stroke he proposes to lecture on the ways of counterfeiting and the lives of famous counterfeiters.

Bandits Brave All Texas.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Nov. 2.—Bandits under the lead of the celebrated Zurionti entered the store of Madelin Flores at Sabonas ranch in Hidalgo county, Sunday night and looted it of every dollar and every piece of goods. The proprietress was tied, but not otherwise maltreated. The bandits said that they were not afraid of the whole State of Texas. Fresh appeals for protection have been addressed to Gov. Ross.

A Crook of the Bath.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—The police here are busy looking for a fellow who resorted to an ingenious scheme to make an easy living. His plan was while revelling in the torrid atmosphere of a Turkish bath to summon a district telegraph messenger boy and send him with a note to certain well-known people, in which the writer announced that, while happy as a hoari in the enjoyment of Oriental luxury he accidentally and unexpectedly found himself short of cash, and wished they would send him a few dollars. Of course he signed some name that was responsible and the uniformed messenger generally returned to the luxurious and perspiring crook in the bath-room with a bill many times more than enough to pay for having his cuticle curried.

A Western Gay Lothario.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 2.—Dr Joseph P. Cox of Hayward, Wis., has been arrested on a charge of adultery and bigamy made by his wife, who is the daughter of Charles Peelock, a well-known St. Paul citizen. In 1886, to settle a suit for seduction, he married the girl who now sues him. Next summer, having left his wife, he became acquainted with and pretended to marry the daughter of Charles L. Strickland, a book-keeper of this city. The result of the union was a child, which died rather mysteriously after having been treated by Dr. Cox. He and the child's mother finally parted and Cox went to Hayward, a small town in the Pine country, where he started and managed a hospital for lumbermen. It was while he was there that the present suit was instituted. It is believed he has another wife at Saxon, D. T., and there are reports of still another at Oconto, Wis., from which place he originally hailed.

Grim Death Followed Gaiety.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 2.—A special from Delhi gives the following particulars of a horrible wholesale poisoning: Last Friday evening George King, living near Lamara in Franklin parish, gave a dance and supper at his residence. After the supper was over nearly all the guests were taken sick. A doctor was sent for who said that the sickness was caused by poison, and he was unable to render much relief. The following seven persons have died from the effects of the poison: Louis King, jr., Ben King, Walter Bell, Lee Ford, John O'Brien, jr., Miss Minnie Brown, Zeke Hill (colored). The wife of Zeke Hill and his six children, Mrs. Louis King and her child, Fenese Walker and child, one of the Dunham boys, Bruce Squires and Hillard Butler, his wife and daughter, are still living, but only seven are alive at last accounts. No motive can be assigned for the dastardly deed. The cook is not supposed to be guilty as she is dangerously sick herself and her husband and one or two of her children are dead. The doctor and others are investigating the matter to ascertain the nature of the poison.

—The Methodists have secured the refusal of an 80x165 foot plot of ground on the corner of Somerset street and Linden avenue, for $3,000, and have $2,400 raised towards the purchase. They will erect a Methodist church there, provided they buy.

—Nicholas W. Conway of East Third and Washington streets, while descending a stairway in a building on the corner of Park avenue and Front street about 9:30 this morning, was seized with sudden dizziness arising from disturbance in the stomach, and fell nearly the full length of the stairway, painfully bruising his left side and body, his face and hand and making a gash on his eyelid. He was assisted to his home, where his wounds were carefully dressed.

The Chautauqua Idea.

Dr. Jesse Lyman Hurlbut of Plainfield delivered a very interesting address on the theme of popular culture, in the Park M. E. Church in Elizabeth, before the Hale Circle Monday evening.

Dr. Hurlbut said that the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circles were instituted in 1878 at Chautauqua, and proved to be of such practical value that 60,000 names are on the roll, and over 120,000 have been connected with it in the nine years of its existence. Probably 200,000 people are brought under its influence all over the world where the English language is spoken.

There are 200 members at the Cape of Good Hope, 3,000 in Japan, and in Calcutta, Australia and the islands of the Pacific, Circles are reading the regular studies of the course.

The office of the C. L. S. C. is in Plainfield, and the annual fee is fifty cents. A blank application will be sent to anyone who will send to Miss K. F. Kimball, Plainfield. The class of 1891 was formed Oct. 1st, 1887, and it will take four years to complete the course.

—The first grand sociable of "The Merry Five" will be held at Excelsior Hall, Scotch Plains, to-night. The music will be furnished by Prof. Frasee. Messrs. H. Guevier and R. Drake are the Committee of Arrangements, and Messrs. M. Smith and G. Hyde are the Floor Committee. The order of dancing includes thirty sets.

The Borough (?) Marshal.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—

Allow me through THE NEWS to ask the members of the Council of the Borough of North Plainfield, or any citizen of the Borough who may be able to answer, whether the boundary of the borough extends as far as Mt. Bethel, or the mountains, as I see by your valuable paper that our Marshal, two Sundays in succession, has captured men who have violated the law by hunting on the mountain, and brought them before Judge Allen for trial. Is there not something should happen in the Park or anywhere else within the borough that the Marshal was wanted for, and the public for [illegible] believe the Marshal receives $450 per year for his salary and therefore I think we are entitled to his services at public entertainments other than the game on the mountains, and that he should be within reach so that he might be found when wanted nearer the borough than on the mountain.

A TAXPAYER OF THE BOROUGH.

WESTFIELD.

More hunters with guns and dogs around our town yesterday than rabbits or squirrel.

The funeral of the young girl Jenny Campbell, who sucked it every day, was held on Saturday morning last took place yesterday afternoon.

The rooms of the Young Republican Club have received a fine large portrait of our popular Governor and Candidate for Senator, J. L. Miller.

Our commuters are finding fault with our Depot, and an effort will soon be made to have a new one built next Spring. The old one being altogether too small and not in keeping with the progress of our town. The cold weather during the past week has made the room around the store, while waiting for the train, so that they can hardly move around.

At the meeting of our hotel proprietors at Mahlon Dickerson's on Friday last Messrs. Bergen and Wm. E. Welsh were appointed a Committee to obtain the necessary information as to cost, plans and the size of ground, building, etc. The plan was submitted to make it a Stock Company with shares, so as to enable every one that fe is an interest in the welfare of our town, and wants it to grow, to take one or more of the shares. Of course he signed some name that was responsible and the uniformed messenger generally returned to the luxurious and perspiring crook in the bath-room with a bill many times more than enough to pay for having his cuticle curried.

STATE NOTES.

The Lehigh Valley Railroad Company contemplates building a branch from their road to Lake Hopatcong.

William Engelbrecht, a Succasuna farmer, has presented to Capt. Krobatsch of Union Hill, a monster pumpkin weighing 178 pounds. Many pumpkin pickings of Rencauses visited Union Hill yesterday morning and said that it was the largest pumpkin ever grown in this State. Before Engelbrecht is entitled to place it on exhibition at the Waverly fair, but be concluded to let it grow on the vine until it reached its full growth, and then present it to Capt. Krobatsch, who is his personal friend.

All the world would regret if the voice of the Swedish Nightingale, who is seriously ill, should be hushed to death. Jenny Lind has been out of the public eye for many years, but she is not out of the public heart.—World. That is true—on this side of the water. Jenny Lind appeared before the public which she now reveres a few years ago, but her wonderful voice was gone, and British brutes hissed her. It is pleasant to know that her fellow countrymen have not scrouched like a parrot and had kindness and affection from any other land that could be put together.—Newark Journal.

The New Brunswick Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument Association has at last decided upon a design for the monument which will be erected upon the cemetery lot which was given to the association by the Middlesex Board of Freeholders. The design represents a soldier standing on a granite column, with a gun at rest, looking away in apparent search of an enemy. Before the column is raised the association will have to pay $7,000 to the carver of the granite, and as the members have at [illegible] of that sum in the possession [illegible] no doubt but that the monument will be raised within a few weeks.

Old Isaac Clark, of Kingston, is a marvel to all who know him. For many and many a long winters have fallen upon his head, yet he follows the plow through the field with as firm a step as the youngest of the sturdy farmers in that vicinity. Two weeks ago he was engaged in plowing, and the next Sunday walked one mile to church, which has been his custom for half a century. He does not wear glasses, and can read fine print without difficulty. Frame is powerful and erect, and he is looked upon as a very strong man. Clark is able to do as much work in a day as any two of the young farmers round about Kingston, and has known but few days in his long life during which he has felt unable to do his usual amount of work.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for the day as kept by the engineering corps at last year, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue:

6 a. m.	32	51	Sun rises	6 31
9 a. m.	42	59	Sun sets	4 56
12 m.	45	63	Sun rises	5 34
4 p. m.	50	73	Moon sets	

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The undersigned dissolve their business relations this day by mutual consent. An early settlement of all accounts is requested, and may be effected with either party. HANCHETT & SPARKS.

Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 1st, 1887. 2-12

Garden Hose Column.

A LARGE desirable dwelling on Grove street near the First Baptist church, suitable as a first-class boarding house. Rent low. Enquire of premises or E. C. Mulford, Broker, No. 35 and 37 opposite station. 10-31-tf

A JANITOR wanted for the Relief Association. Apply at the rooms of the Association, Second street, corner of Madison avenue. 10-19-tf

AT PRIVATE SALE.—A family declining housekeeping, will dispose of entire furniture and household effects of 4 rooms, containing nine rooms, in lots to suit purchasers. Address Vindex, Evening News office. 10-19-

CLERK wanted for order and delivery wagon. Must be bright, active and strong. Reference required. Address P. O. Box 426. 10-24-tf

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 38 Carleton avenue. 27-10

FOR SALE—Large Plymouth Rock cockerels. Broadway, fourth house from Plainfield avenue. 3-3

FOR SALE.—A good, young gray horse suitable for doctor. Enquire of Plainfield Hitchitts, 13 Liberty street. 1-46

FOR SALE—A light easy phaeton. The property of Dr. Smith. Enquire of O. L. Jenkins, cor. Front street. 10-31-tf

FOR SALE—Nice young mare, cow, heifer, two wagons, etc. Charles Urich, Lessing House, Central avenue, near New Brooklyn. 31-3

FOR SALE—Two milch cows. Apply to Samuel W. Wakefield, corner of Somerset and Race streets. 3-6,*

HELP—Wanted in a light business for the holidays. Address "Help," care of Evening News.

MASSAGE—(System of S. Weir Mitchell, M. D.) Reference: Alex. J. C. Skene, M. D., 167 Clinton street, Brooklyn. Address Mrs. S. C. Hall, Westfield, N. J. 2-3

PLEASANT rooms, heated, good board, convenient to Scott's Press Works. Terms reasonable. 68 East Second street.

STORAGE—For carriages, sleighs, furniture etc. Fire proof building, M. Quinn, No. 8 East Fourth street, near Park avenue. 17-tf

SEVERAL desirable unfurnished and unfurnished houses to let. Some quickly and have your choice. E. C. Mulford, broker 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite depot. 10-10-tf.

TO LET—House on Washington Park. All improvements; 10 rooms newly decorated. Terms low for Winter months. Apply F. H. Martin, 70 Mercer avenue. 10-10-tf

WANTED—An experienced salesady in dry goods. Must be well versed in dry goods store. Address "saleslady," care EVENING NEWS.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Mrs. J. T. Fritts, 81 Park avenue. 11-2-1t*

WANTED.—Work by the day or week, by a seamstress. Address M. R. S., care of Evening News. 2-2

WANTED—Competent nurse and seamstress with good reference, at 92 West Seventh street. 11-1-3

The Most Important LITERARY EVENT of the season. LECTURE by Col. Mason W. Tyler at MUSIC HALL, NOVEMBER 8th, Subject: "The Constitution of the United States." For the benefit of the Public Library. Tickets at usual places.

SATIN-LINED OVERCOATS and a large variety of Men and Boys Suits at astonishing low prices WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE Clothing House, 30 West Front street.

PROFESSOR John Reynolds, the Mesmerist, is coming again. He will be at Reform Hall every day next week, excepting Thursday. Admission 25 and 35c A limited number of reserved seats at 50c. Diagram at Reynolds' Pharmacy.

MUSIC HALL, THURSDAY, NOV. 3.

TEMPLE THEATRE COMIC OPERA CO.

Geo. C. Brotherton, Proprietor.

Third Year and farewell Tour of the original production as presented at the Temple Theatre under the management of George C. Brotherton

THE LITTLE TYCOON

Words and music by Mr. W. Steuart, revised by Mr. Sydney Rosenfeld. Staging of Song and Concerted Numbers by Mr. Gerard. Grand Electric Transformation Scene and Large Chorus.

Popular Prices—$1.00, 75, 50 and 25 cents; seats on sale Tuesday, Nov. 1.

ATTENTION

Those seeking homes, investments or speculation. The finest building property in this section of the county now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit. This property is located near the Grant Ave. depot, Plainfield, N. J., and is in close proximity to the Pond Tool manufactory and the Potter Press Works. It is situated in the healthiest, most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. To those desiring to procure homes, or young men wishing to make small investments this opportunity is especially invited. Builders or contractors would also find it advantageous to procure prices before looking elsewhere.

For particulars, inquire of Wm. C. Kelly No. 36 Park Ave. or Dr. Fritts, Park avenue. Map of property can be seen at Dr. Fritts' office.

Plainfield Evening News,
E. W. HOWLAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 Somerset Street, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
and delivered within the City and Borough limits at 10 cents a week. Sent by mail to all parts of the United States at $6 per year in advance.
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1887.

MRS. JAMES BROWN POTTER.

Manager Miner Confident That His Star will be a "Great Go."

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—At the Fifth Avenue theatre Harry Miner's face was beaming with smiles yesterday as he looked at the line of men at the box office waiting to purchase seats in advance. He was surrounded by a number of theatrical managers, among

MRS. JAMES BROWN POTTER.

whom were John Stetson and Augustus Pitou. "I am convinced that Mrs. Potter will be a great go," said Mr. Miner, "and at the conclusion of the engagement here we will go to Brooklyn for a week, and from there to Boston."

In an interview yesterday Mrs. Potter expressed deep gratitude for the kindly reception given her on her first appearance here. Mrs. Potter's favorite play is "Loyal Love," which will be produced shortly, to be followed by "The Lady of Lyons."

THOSE CONNECTICUT BURGLARS.

The Gang Still Working the Smaller Towns, but Securing Little Plunder.

WATERBURY, Conn., Nov. 2.—This part of Connecticut is about once a year visited by desperate and effective burglars. It was supposed when Postmaster Clark, of Birmingham, broke up a gang that loitering of this class would be a thing of the past, but recent developments show that there is more work for him or some one else equally capable to do. Recently the store at Union City, which also does service as a postoffice, was robbed in the night. Last week burglars robbed Ford's store, in Waterville, and broke into the safe, but in the postoffice in the store had they been able to lay hands on valuables. It was believed that the arrest of the gang was then possible, all preliminaries would have been awaited, but evidently the thieves are still unknown, as on Monday night they appeared in Thomaston, noted for its clock manufactories, and broke into the postoffice, but were able only to secure a small amount in postage stamps. They then forced an entrance to the Naugatuck railroad depot and drilled the safe open, but only secured $1.80. They then left town by means of a horse and wagon, stolen from John Warner's stable, and were found abandoned in *this city*. The gang are believed to be skilled cracksmen, and every effort is being made to capture them.

A LOUISIANA CHURCH RIOT.

Two Men Killed in a Quarrel Over the Exchange of Wives.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 2.—A fatal affray at a negro church is reported from West Feliciana parish. Following a custom in vogue among plantation negroes in portions of the south, two members of the congregation exchanged wives two years ago. The bargain did not prove satisfactory, and quarrels arose among the members of the much mixed families, which gradually involved nearly the entire congregation.

It was decided a few days ago by the parties involved to meet at the church and settle all difficulties by a general free fight. A large number were present at the appointed time, but the conditions upon which the fight was arranged were not observed. As soon as the parties came together knives and pistols were drawn and a bloody riot followed, the result of which was that Edmund Turner and William Clark, the principals, were killed outright, and James Rowbury was severely if not fatally wounded.

Israel Davis, William Jordan and James Williams are under arrest charged with murder, and warrants are out for other participants in the riot.

Arrested by His Bondsmen.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 2.—Yesterday Alpheus Hodges, of the town of Harmony, was arrested on the charge of being a defaulter in the sum of $861, which, as collector of taxes, he had neglected to turn over to the county treasurer. The arrest was made at the instance of the nine bondsmen of Hodges, and Justice J. J. Sevrens put over the transaction this week. It is stated that it is believed Hodges will effect a settlement, as he is worth two or three times the amount taken. The affair creates a decided sensation, as Hodges is a Grand Army man, a prominent political worker and well known throughout the region. He used the funds in his own business.

The Woman Suffragists.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 2.—Yesterday afternoon's session of the American Woman Suffrage association was opened with prayer and music. The committee on a plan of work submitted a report, upon which there was a lengthy discussion. This was followed by addresses by Dr. Mary F. Thomas, of Indiana; Mrs. Rebecca H. Hazzard, of Missouri, and others. In the evening there were addresses by Miss Mary E. Haggett, of Indiana; Col. T. Wentworth Higginson, of Massachusetts, and Senator D. D. Pratt, of Pennsylvania. The executive committee's annual report was submitted to-day.

In Sympathy with the Anarchists.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Nov. 2.—The Anarchists and Socialists of this city and county will hold a great mass meeting to-night. Handbills have been distributed inviting all sympathizers to be present. Editor Shevitch, of the New York Socialists, will be one of the speakers. Sympathy with the Chicago Anarchists will be the principal theme for discussion.

The Constitutional Convention Defeated.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 2.—The election in Delaware yesterday on the question of a constitutional convention polled over 14,000 votes, which is about 1,000 short of the required majority, and the convention is lost. The saloons, the judiciary, the county officers and Senators Gray and Saulsbury opposed the convention.

KILLED WHILE SLEEPING.

A ST. LOUIS GROCERY WRECKED BY A GAS EXPLOSION.

Five Members of One Family Killed Outright and Two Fatally Injured—The Remarkable Escape of Miss Hattie Bryant from the Ruins.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 2.—A terrific explosion early yesterday morning startled the residents in the neighborhood of No. 7 South Fourteenth street. The old brick grocery store at that number tottered and fell with a crash and a reverberating roar, and eight members of three families living in the upper stories passed from a deep slumber into the sleep of death probably without an awakening. Four persons in the building, who finally escaped, suffered frightful experiences in the ruins and were severely burned and bruised. The grocery was run by Michael Newman. Of his family of seven persons five were killed outright, including himself. Two of his children were so severely hurt that they cannot live. All this frightful slaughter and wreck is supposed to have been caused by an explosion of gasoline kept in the grocery, although some attribute it to leaking gas.

The list of the dead is as follows: Mrs. Agnes Beasley, Charles Devere, Mrs. Charles Devere, Michael Newman, 52 years; Mrs. Annie Newman, 46 years; John Newman, 16 years; Eddie Newman, 13 years; Kate Newman, 11 years.

The wounded are: Miss Hattie Bryant, of Columbus, Ky.; Charles Kiefled, Emma Newman, 18 years; Nellie Newman, 15 years.

Efferdt's injuries are only slight bruises and scratches. Mamie Newman cannot live, and Nellie may possibly recover. Six other persons who lived in the building were slightly bruised.

The store was on the corner of the alley running through Fourteenth to Targee street, and was the north room of the building covering Nos. 7, 9 and 11 South Fourteenth street. The building, a two-story brick, was completed but a short time ago, and only one storeroom was occupied. All of the upstairs portion was occupied as a tenement. Mr. Newman, the family of seven lived directly over the store. The force of the explosion was terrific. The entire block of buildings north of and across the alley from the building in which the explosion took place was gutted by the blast. The Newman block, crushed in, was covered by the roof, which fell immediately upon the ruins and formed a barrier through which the rescuers had to cut their way. Beams and walls impeded progress, and threatening as the entire side seemed ready to crash down the gallant men who pressed to the spot where calls for help directed them. The roof was soon removed, and in the debris were revealed the mangled forms of the grocerymen's family. Two of Newman's daughters were first removed. Mamie, 18 years of age, was still alive, but mangled from the timbers and charred by fire, was beyond the hope of recovery. Her sister Nellie, 15 years old, moaned piteously for her sister, and seemed to forget her own desperate injuries in mournful inquiries for her sister. For the half hour that these two had been imprisoned the efforts of the rescuers to draw near to each other when they saw escape impossible. The rest of the Newman family were dead. Some sat upright and others were doubled in their beds. They evidently died while they were wrapped in slumber.

In the same building, over storeroom No. 9, lived Charles Devere, a traveling salesman, and his wife. Visiting them was Miss Hattie Bryant, of Columbus, Ky., sister of Mrs. Devere. She was badly injured, but miraculously escaped death, and was the only person who passed through the horrible ordeal and lives to tell the story of escape.

Above these apartments in the building were many persons in the neighborhood more or less cut and bruised, for the flying spin of wood and timber did not alone destroy the Newman store. For several blocks on either side of the street the concussion shattered the windows, and in the immediate vicinity of the opposite side of the way the fronts of buildings were crushed by the terrible force, and scarcely a window or a door remains. Walls cracked, floors gave way, and plaster fell in every house within a radius of 100 yards.

There are many theories to explain the cause of the explosion, but none is satisfactory. The mob which jeered and hissed the excitedly talk of Anarchists and dynamite, but men of sense discountenance this idle gossip. The general belief is that a escaping gas filled the cellar, and that Mr. Newman, kept a quantity of kerosene oil and gasoline in the cellar near where the explosion occurred, took a lighted lamp in his hand and the flames while it burned indicate this. The vessels and the oil, if there were any, have been destroyed, and the only man that knows is dead. The neighboring gas company, is supported, however, by the store boy, John Benyenue, who says that he was annoyed during the afternoon yesterday by a strong smell of gas, and left the shutting up of the store for the night at 7:30 o'clock he went through the building looking for the open burner. He did not visit the cellar.

The financial loss by the explosion will amount to about $20,000, divided in small amounts among the property owners in the neighborhood. The principal loss falls on William Bischoff, who owns the entire block building, Nos. 7 to 13 South Fourteenth street. He recently purchased the building for $16,000. The losses are fully covered by insurance.

Miss Hattie Bryant awoke to find herself buried beneath heavy timbers somewhere against a wall. She knew not how nor where she was thrown, but when her eyes opened she beheld a terrible scene. On one side a wall of fire roared, apparently to the sky, while the crashing timbers and the clatter of iron caused a storm of dangerous missiles to fly about her head. The screams of those in the adjoining rooms filled her ears, and for a time as she realized her situation she almost fainted, but, nerved to a last desperate struggle by the groans of the dying, she tried to escape, but found herself a prisoner. She was fairly pinned by a beam across her thighs and an iron rod over one side. As she twisted and struggled to get free she threw forward her until left long black tresses were scorched and the odor of burning flesh has penetrated her lungs and almost suffocated her. Relief appeared hopeless, but just as she sank back in despair the ruins settled down and the overhanging timbers were raised from the limbs which were fettered in their deadly embrace. No time was to be lost, as the fire pressed close around her.

With an extraordinary effort Miss Bryant, shaggered, bleeding and burned, made her way through the ruins without knowing where she was going, or pausing even to see or feel a way to safety. Again and again she fell and, as she says, her strength was simply by sheer desperation she struggled forward, failing headlong into an open space, where she lay unconscious for a few minutes. She was rescued by a good Samaritan, and she again rose to her feet only to find herself in the comparative safety of a small rear yard. Hence she ran to a neighboring house and, climbing through a balcony, sank down in a faint. A neighbor found her there and carried her into the house, where she was given a skirt and some clothing.

PROBABLY MURDERED AND ROBBED.

The Mysterious Death of Former Postmaster Hoult, of Mount Holly, N. J.

MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., Nov. 2.—The death of James D. Pearce, a well known farmer of Mount Holly, under circumstances that point very strongly to the theory that he was robbed and murdered, has excited interest as much interest as the sensational Kate Anderson murder, and bids fair to tax the skill of the detectives as much in this case. The home of the dead farmer, whose funeral took place yesterday, is just on the edge of Mount Holly.

On Saturday last he left home saying he was going to Philadelphia to collect some money due him from two or three commission merchants to whom he had been accustomed to consign his produce. At the same time he dispatched his eldest son to Philadelphia with a load of hay, telling him to take it to Camden, and there meet him at Grant or the latter. The youth did as he was bid, and found his father waiting for him in Camden when he reached there in the afternoon. The hay was then sold, and Mr. Pearce told his son he might go home on the train, which he did.

Mr. Pearce then collected the moneys due him, amounting to about $600, together with the sum received from the sale of the hay, and jumping into his wagon started his team off for home by way of the turnpike leading through Merchantville and Moorestown. This was the last seen of him alive, and then he seemed to be in his usual health and spirits, in good humorously with some acquaintances.

After leaving Camden all trace of him was lost until his team brought up at Mount Holly, with the wagon and

THE PRESIDENT'S TRIP.

HOW HE HAS TRAVELED OVER THE COUNTRY.

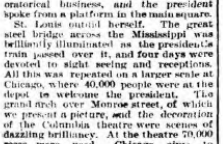
Pictures Showing the Enthusiasm of His Reception in Chicago and Omaha—Some Interesting Incidents of His Journey. Judge Elliott's Death—Minor Matters.

Grover Cleveland, at the time of his election, had traveled less than any previous president, less indeed than any distinguished public man. More than any other prominent American, his experience

ARCH ON MONROE STREET, CHICAGO.

was provincial; nor did he seem in any hurry to break the record in that particular. But once started he appears to be in a fair way to see a great deal, aided as he is by an accomplished wife, who possesses in a rare degree the faculty of making friends. The people have received them with great demonstrations of respect, and this without distinction of party. All the latest appliances for display have been employed; blazing gas wells, illuminated arches and tungsten electric lights in addition to the old fashioned military parades and booming of cannon. The first formal demonstration it was at Indianapolis, Oct. 1, when 20,000 people looked at (and a few heard) the president while he replied to Governor Gray's address of welcome. At least as large the citizens claim more) a crowd greeted him at Terre Haute, who the "Old Man Eloquent" and "the Tall Sycamore of the Wabash" (Hon. Richard W. Thompson and D. W. Voorhees) did the oratorical business, and the president spoke from a platform in the main square.

St. Louis outdid herself. The great steel bridge across the Mississippi was brilliantly illuminated as the presidential train passed over it, and four days were devoted to sight seeing and receptions. All this was repeated on a larger scale at Chicago, where 40,000 people were at the depot to welcome the president. The grand arch over Monroe street, of which we present a picture, and the decoration of the Columbian theatre were scenes of dazzling brilliancy. At the theatre 20,000 roses were used. Chicago aims to be fast in everything, and her papers record with something like pride that at the reception the president shook hands with "forty-seven persons per minute." Similar scenes were enacted at Milwaukee, St. Paul and Minneapolis. In fact, the American people like to see the man to whom they have intrusted the chief magistracy for four years. On the evening of October 11 the president and party left Minneapolis for Sioux City, going thence down the Mis-



ARRIVAL AT OMAHA.

souri valley and pausing for a reception at Omaha, where an immense popular demonstration was organized. Thence to Kansas City and southward to Atlanta was his route, and at the last named place were the most extensive ceremonies of the trip. A great industrial exposition in the capital of the empire state of the south, the presence of eminent manufacturers from all sections and the president of a thoroughly united country make a combination to stir the blood of the patriotic citizens. While no more enjoyable, perhaps, the president's southern tour will be the most important of any.

It is a fact worth noting, while our most popular presidents have traveled about the country most, each succeeding one has been criticised more and more severely at the time. Washington's New England tour was the cause of untold embarrassment, as the matter of etiquette in a republican government had not then been established, and the governors and other state officials were equally in fear of doing too much or too little. Governor Hancock, of Massachusetts, threw himself back on his dignity, claiming that governor and president were equal in rank, or, if any odds, the governor was the superior, as the federal power was but the agent of the states; but the people good naturedly laughed him out of that notion and gave Washington an enthusiastic reception. We have long since gotten rid of any embarrassment on that score, and feel that nothing is too good for our appointee. Monroe traveled more than all six predecessors together, for Jefferson rather disapproved of what he called "royal progresses," and Madison was too busy, with war and financial troubles in progress. Soon after his inauguration Monroe visited all the settled regions north of the Potomac, inspected forts, naval stations and arsenals, reviewed the militia, addressed speeches and letters of advice to public bodies, corrected on the spot whatever he thought wrong in revenue offices, and studied the resources of the country with great zeal. On the fifteen tours he wore the uniform and form of a major in the Continental army—his highest rank in the revolution—and as the old styles of dress were going out of fashion this dress gave a sort of antique dignity to his appearance, and attracted much attention. The reports are considered that his tour did much good. Gen. Jackson's trips were the subject of much contention, as were all his acts; and his three successors traveled very little. Indeed, there was a general conviction that the last trips of the time of Gen. Grant, who traveled much more than any of his predecessors and was more savagely criticised for it. (But he established the precedent, and when his successor made his long tour of the west and south in 1877 but little was said against it. Garfield's first trip from the White House was to Long Island, the ague-in striking at the very start; and Arthur was not in the least a traveler. The maintained his usual complete reserve and appeared before the public head of any president we have had; but previous to his election he had visited many sections of the country.

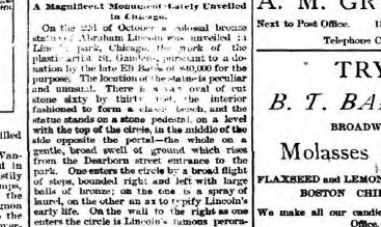
The only sad incident in the present trip was the sudden death of Judge Elliott at Memphis.

THE FRENCH FRONTIER.

Trouble Over the Recent Shooting by German Guards Averted.

"Trouble is averted." So say the dispatches on French affairs, meaning that the German government admits the wrong done by its frontier guard in firing on the French hunters and agrees to pay an indemnity to the families of the killed and wounded. There was but one killed and one wounded, but the circumstances were so peculiar that we present them somewhat in detail, with a map of the locality. A glance at this map shows the place of the shooting very clearly. The accepted version now is that the seven Frenchmen were quietly walking along the pathway on their side of the line and that they were fired upon by the German advance rifleman from the station in the fir forest on the other side of the line. The proof is complete.

Monsieur Le Begue, a local officer of the revenue, had invited some friends to a morning hunt and a breakfast in the woods. They were Messrs. Valentin, a civilian of Lavigny, Arnoux, a retired officer of the artillery; Wangen, an Alsatian gentleman, and Brignon, an operator of the foundries at a neighboring town. With them were two "trackers," or hunters' assistants. As they were walking in single file, as shown in the map, towards the lodge where they were to breakfast, they had to cross an open glade, bordered by a dense and scrubby fir forest on the German side. In this glade they were suddenly alarmed by two shots and the whistling of bullets. Instantly M. Brignon cried out:



LOCALITY OF THE SHOOTING.

"O, the vile dogs! They have killed me!"

Another shot followed, and M. De Wangen sank to the earth badly wounded in the thigh. The other three hunters hastily took refuge behind trees and stumps, while the two "trackers" fled, but the shooting did not continue. M. Brignon died before they could carry him to the nearest town. M. De Wangen is recovering. The reader may imagine the fury that the event on the French peasants are enthusiastically loyal. M. Sadoul, prosecutor for the district, promptly notified the corresponding official on the German side. An inquiry conducted by both showed that the shots were fired by Richard Kauffman, an advance rifleman, or chasseur, and that he was utterly without excuse. The German government has paid the indemnity and it remains to be seen what will be done with Private Kauffman.

A Sparrow and a Postage Stamp.

The Dean of Canterbury was at work, surrounded by books and papers, in a room that opens into the garden; presently a sparrow flew in, perched on the table and leisurely looked about her. The dean was careful not to disturb her. After a short survey she went to the stamp box, which was open, took a stamp in her beak and quietly flew away with it. What could she have wanted with it? Can any of my little readers guess? A little child said to me, "I never heard of a bird sending a letter by post; did she want it to mend a hole in her nest?" Perhaps. It happened in June, last sparrows rear a great many families, so the home might have been out of repair. One would like to know.

The Song of the Bee.

Buzz, buzz, buzz!
This is the song of the bee.
His legs are of yellow,
A jolly good fellow,
And yet a good worker is he.

HOME OF THE HONEY PEE.

Buzz, buzz, buzz!
From morning's first gray light
Till falling of daylight,
He's singing out merry and free.
The summer day through,
Oh! we may get weary,
And think work to be dreary;
Tis labor by far
To have nothing to do.

—St. Nicholas.

OFFENSE AND DEFENSE

READY FOR ATTACK.

The North Atlantic squadron of the United States navy, under the direction of Admiral Lone, has been making some very interesting experiments in naval warfare at Newport, R. I. Rear Admiral [illegible] the problem to be solved [illegible] in a harbor unable to go further [illegible] and become of land forces, and [illegible] The operates by a blockading [illegible] squadron. Imagine torpedo boats [illegible] The vessel selected [illegible] the Atlanta, the new iron clad [illegible] Lieut. Commander Caspar F. Goodrich, U. S. N., and consisted of several [illegible] direction of Commander [illegible] United States Torpedo Station, and the [illegible] were as follows:

Any torpedo boat long enough under fire to receive three rounds per one minute where a machine gun fire could strike it or a minute and a half under small arm fire to be considered disabled and to retire from the contest. Any such boat within the beams of the electric light for fifteen seconds to be similarly retired. Guard boats which should fail to discover the approach of a torpedo boat till the same was within twenty feet were to be considered as destroyed. When her guard boats were thus put out, or the attacking force had successfully attacked a torpedo, the Atlanta was to be considered as vanquished. The judges were to signal either of these contingencies by lights previously arranged. The Atlanta was put in effective fighting trim. Everything aloft was put down except the lower yards, and all the rigging securely lashed. A stout five inch steel hawser was passed around the ship just high enough above water to prevent a hostile boat going over or under it; this, thirty feet apart, were twenty torpedoes, each controlled electrically and arranged to be fired by contact. Towing astern was the guard vessel with a steam pump hose, to throw imaginary hot water on any attacking boat that came near enough; and forward was a somewhat diff rent arrangement for the same purpose. Our cut presents a day view of the Atlanta prepared for the attack, and shows various other defensive apparatus, such as beams, nets, etc.

The following is briefly the conflict began at 7 p. m., and at 8:45 the Atlanta was completely victorious—that is, the judges had declared all the attacking boats disabled, and that none of them could be near enough to plant a torpedo. And now all we need to find out is, would it work that way in actual combat?

Various other interesting tests have also been made, and the general result seems to have been satisfactory.

NEW STATUE OF LINCOLN.

A Magnificent Monument Lately Unveiled in Chicago.

On the 22d of October a colossal bronze statue of Abraham Lincoln was unveiled in Lincoln park, Chicago. The work of the plastic artist St. Gaudens, pursuant to a donation by the late Eli Bates of $40,000 for the purpose. The location of the statue is peculiar and unusual. There is a vast oval of vast stone sixty by thirty feet, the interior fashioned to form a classic beach, and the statue stands on a stone pedestal, on a level with the top of the circle, in the middle of the side opposite the portal—the whole on a gentle, broad swell of ground which rises from the Dearborn street entrance to the park. One enters the circle by a broad flight of steps, bounded right and left with large bells of bronze; on the one is a spray of laurel, on the other an axe to typify Lincoln's early life. On the wall to the right as one enters the circle is Lincoln's famous peroration:

> With malice towards none, with charity for all, with firmness in the right as God gives us to know the right, let us strive on.

On the other side is this quotation from the Cooper Union speech of 1860:

> Let us have faith that right makes might, and in that faith let us to the end dare to do our duty as we understand it.

Mr. St. Gaudens has been long occupied in preparing models for this statue, and made many changes as suggestions were offered or long study gave him better conception; for he has had two almost insuperable difficulties to overcome—to give the unconventional dress of the period a dignified and [illegible] and to [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

DEACON BURDETTE.

WHO COMES OF THE PROSECUTION.

"Prisoner, did you kill this boy?" "I did, your honor; I cut his throat. He shot me in the ear with a rubber sling, and—" "The prisoner is discharged, and the sheriff will give him back his knife and tell the janitor to sharpen it for him."

THE GHOST AND THE GRIS.

My son, he uniformly serious in your conversation with strangers. It is an uncomfortable situation to be in, having uttered a merry little pleasantry, to hisara, from the icy chill that congeals your heart's blood, that you are talking to that awful and human iceberg, the man who never jokes. There is only one worse thing in this world of horrors—the man who always jokes.

"WITHOUT ARE DOGS."

What stuff people do write about dogs. Here what Col. Thomas Wentworth Higginson writes in Harper's Bazar: "How many of us hold to our friends with a love as inexhaustible and as inextinguishable as that which our dog gives to us?" What rubbish is this! It seems to me that when people become addicted to dog worship they lose their minds. The dog loves the man who feeds him. If you keep a good, well bred dog five years, then sell him, and in two months his "inexhaustible love" will be so far exhausted and his "inextinguishable" love so nearly put out, that the faithful creature will chase you out of his new master's orchard. A man who confesses that his love for his friends is weaker, and more selfish, and less faithful than a dog's, puts a shamefully low estimate upon his friendship. I love to read that two grand old books in the world, the Bible and Shakspeare; neither of them says anything good about a dog. It isn't that I dislike dogs, because I don't; I like them; but there is such a tendency to dog worship in these weak, poodling times of pug and mastiff that a man needs a great deal of wholesome corrective. What's that? You once had a dog that—Do you suppose I am going to accept the statements of men who once had, or who now have dogs, as evidence? You'll want to tell me about a bass you caught, the next thing. I knew your dog; a long haired, beautiful, active, faithful creature he was, as ever meddled the heart of a boy. He used to trample all over other people's gardens and carried his unwelcome fleas into your neighbors' homes; he tore down climbing vines and dug for moles and rats under the rose bushes, and when it rained on him he smelled like the pickling room of a tannery. I knew your dog.

PROFESSIONAL PHILANTHROPY.

"What is the charge?" asked the justice. "Well, sah," said the officer, "this man knocked the child here into the gutter, then kicked him all the way across the street, an' when I rose up and yes he was behin' him and the gate of a dump cart." "Why did you assault the child, prisoner?" "Because he threw a stone at a poor cat." "What is your business?" "I am a philanthropist." He got thirty days for sentiment and reflection.

A VALUABLE AFFLICTION.

"What swells your face up so awfully, boy?" "Jumping toothache." "Doesn't it hurt?" "No; it kills me." "Come into my office," said the kind young dentist, "and I'll cure it for you in a minute." "Don't want it cured," replied the boy; "want it to keep me out of school on the race days. It's mighty near busted now, and to-night, maybe, but I wouldn't take ten dollars for this tooth, just the same."

THE BOY OF TEMPTATION.

"You can trust me now," said the infant, resolutely. "I wouldn't tell a lie to save my life." "But can you trust yourself?" asked the pastor, anxious to break a habit of exaggeration and prevent its fatal growth. "I can tell the truth without any trouble," insisted the reformed man, "the season is about over, and beside, some hound got into the store last night and stole my front roll; the prettiest thing you ever whipped a brook with; weighed four and a half ounces, and in 1879 I landed a salmon with it that weighed ——" But the infidel had lighted a cuttle and gone away to get his bell and book.

ANOTHER HEARTLESS EVICTION.

Not alone in suffering Ireland and bleeding Iowa does the curse of landlordism mate desolate homes and ruin many a family. We have just learned, from sources that cannot be doubted, that young Willoughby Kitteredge Shackleham, who has been boarding at Mrs. Hashbacon's well known boarding house for six weeks past, was last evening fired out of his "apartments" by the landlady, who retained his Sunday gloves and cane, thus thrusting the unhappy tenant into the street practically naked. Mr. Shackleham has long been one of the brightest lights of our city, and if his place at the suspender counter is vacant to-morrow morning it will be because the worst has come. A man can live upon wood, however, for an indefinite space of period. There is something that usually goes with worst, but we do not know how to spell it.

EXECUTED WITH A PEN.

Cardinal—

Beneath the sliding rule of men entirely great,
The typewriter is greater than the sword.

Oldguild—Who sword, my lord?

Cardinal—

The man who received the typewriter letter,
The printers who set up the copy;
While words spelled in the manner of one small m,
With all the letters piled on top of another,
Like to a Chinese sentence standing on its head
What else is there in life?—Ever after
Ill dwell?

And yet I know it means "The horse fell dead,"
In all the lexicons we there's no such word
As "shlit Mailfoll;" yet full well I know
It stands, in this man's note, for "information;"
I have so learned the bangled language of the thing.
That all its jargon is writ plain for me;
But sorely do I fear that learning it,
I have made hopeless wreck of temperate speech,
And lost my front pew standing in the synagogue.
See, all around this line of consonants
Scarred with lost capitals, the proof reader has drawn
His awful circle with the pencil blue;
Stand off; while on this correspondent's head
I launch the thes of our composing Rooms.

[The exes.]

Dog gone the billy be dog-goed man of thumbs,
The diddledy dag goned chalky fingered loon;
"Y gaun," y gaul, ol rabbit; jasmine pail!
And spoke; odd bodkins, by Vernal glove;
By Mars his gauntlet; by the rules of ice;
Sweet by and by, and be oh, baby by;"—
[At this point the cattish slowly strikes away.]
—Brooklyn Eagle.

On a Pullman Car.

Passenger—Porter, your insolence and inattention to your duties are insufferable. Perhaps you don't know me—

Porter—Oh, yes, I knows yo', sah; yo's de president ob de road. An' now let me d'rect yo' 'tention to de fact dat I's a prominent member ob de syndicate wat's negotiatin' wid a view to takin' a no'gage on de road; an' I's not pleased wid de way yo' uses fit to 'sume to me—'deed I isn't.

Passenger—I beg your pardon, my dear sir. Have a cigar!—Tid Bits.

Bring Out Your Pawn Tickets.

Sol's genial warmth begins to fade,
Now Gabriel's sackbut addresses a note,
And soon with pinching fingers we'll trade
The ticket for the overcoat.

—Detroit Free Press.

OFFICE 25 and 27 NORTH AVENUE
(In Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arrangements for a staff of wiremen so that CONTRACTS

MADE AT ONCE

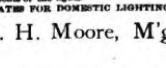
may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without defacing ceilings and walls and in most cases existing gas fixtures can be provided with attachments for the lights

RATES FOR DOMESTIC LIGHTING

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Door Numbers,

DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS
at
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,
13 Park avenue.
Sole Agent for DR. KING'S Spectacles



MCDONOUGH & MARTIN,
Horseshoers, 20 Somerset Street,

All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated never-slip screw-calkal shoes, will please leave their orders for same at our shop before November 1st. In order to give us a chance to supply the large demand which these celebrated shoes have. Persons desiring to use these will please bring their horses to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

HENRY LIEFKE
NO. 27 WEST FRONT

A FULL LINE OF SCHOOL SUPPLIES AND NEW AND SECOND-HAND SCHOOL BOOKS IS OFFERED AT LOW PRICES BY ALLEN THE STATIONER, 23 E. FRONT STREET. BOOKS USED IN THE PLAINFIELD SCHOOLS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

THE

People's Market,

REMO. 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats,
Groceries,
Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

I The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. R. H. Buchman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC,
AND SANITARY PLUMBER.

Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also obtained a number of that body of practical plumbers in all I am prepared to do plumbing in any part of Plainfield or North Plainfield. Shop No. 127 to 133 South avenue.

AT DOANE'S,

Formerly Clark's, No. 9, Park Avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have adde

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further

until you have visited my store and inspected MY

Ladies $2 SHOE

either in common sense or opera toe style.

They are Beauties.

I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.

J. J. KENNEY.

No. 20 NORTH AVENUE.

BENNER'S

FRUIT MARKET

Nos. 66 and 68 East Front street.

Now open with a supply of

Fruit, Vegetables, etc.

at NEW YORK PRICES.

CHOICE JERSEY BERRIES 10c per quart.

This place, stock and fixtures for sale including a two years' lease. Rent low and only paying business.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD
P. O. BOX 930.

APPLES

of all kinds for immediate and winter use. Best New York State brands by the barrel and in small quantities. Also an extra assortment of

New Figs, Dates, etc.

All kinds of Nuts and Dried Fruits, Oranges,

Malaga Grapes,

Concord and Catawba Grapes. Tropical Fruit in great variety. Call and see us.

KENNEY BROS.,

NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE.

Boston Clothing House

will remove to 42 W. Front street on July 1st. Previous to removal we will offer all our stock at reduced prices. Indigo Blue Suits $6.50. Men's all wool Cassimere pants from $2 to $4, reduced from $3 and $5. Reductions all along the line. Children's suits and knee pants at cost.

R. J. PERKINS,

29 PARK AVENUE.

MEATS.

GEO. A. MOORE.

(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

is now the sole proprietor of the old established Market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt

MEATS

fish of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

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Real Estate and Fire Insurance.

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Franklin Place.

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Blue Stone Flagging.

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Lumber, Masons Materials,

Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone,

60, 70 & 80 Cents,

May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and Children's hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by electric 12-blade safety razor removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 4 W. Front street. 7-22-1y

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2,

at Mrs. Dennis's, Watson avenue. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 80, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker

and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 67 Somerset Street,

Grocer and See man.

Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine Teas, Coffees, etc., canned goods, pure cider vinegar 45 cts. gal., fruit jars, jelly cans. White Granite, Yellow Rock, stone, Earthen and Glassware, Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,

Kalsominer

No. 18 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and white-washed. Also, Carpets cleaned and dyed. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. [illegible],

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter cloaking, which she does in the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Comarie,

(From Paris, successor to Jules Boutes.)

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French permanent tonics and powders. Manicuring and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,

Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road, dealer in all kinds of

Oil, Lamps and Picture.

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

76 Somerset street,

Meat Market,

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Cal No 14.

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Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

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Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work cheap. Also, pumps repaired. Sixteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 90 E Front.

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Boarding, Permanent and Transient. Stabling for horses by day, week or month. Terms moderate. Jacob Blum, proprietor.

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the largest assortment sold in town.

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FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

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First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of all kinds of

FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

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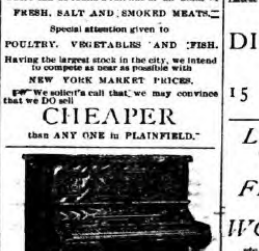
Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete as near as possible with

NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.

We solicit a call that we may convince that we DO sell

CHEAPER

than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.



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PIANOS TUNED.

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Messenger Service

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Park avenue, W. S. SLITER, Manager.

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Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.

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25 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper Hangers.

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Wm. A. Woodruff,

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English and American Sundries. Sole Agents Victor Club, Rudge, Humber, Rover, Safety and other cycles.

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H. SERRELL, Plainfield avenue.

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CHINA,

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Latest Novelties in ROYAL WORCESTER and CAULSBAD WARE.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH

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GAVETT'S

15 E. Front street.

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L. HEYNIGER,

92, 65 and 67 Somerset street.

Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED,

BALED HAY, etc.,

WOODENWARE

etc., at LESS than New York Prices.

TELEPHONE CALL 112.

Branch Store No. 9 North avenue.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.

ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Blue Stone Flagging,

SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS.

CURBING AND CROSSWALKS,

Station Yards' Expressmen.

M. POWERS,

Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue.
P. O. BOX 182.

Workmanship as good for blasting stone as can be had, stone from the Kenney quarry.

Builders' Cards.

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 98.

BUILDER.

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter & Builder

OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.

Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED.

THEODORE GRAY.

Mason and Builder,

JOBBING

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

P. O. Box 280.

Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,

Established 1867

Carpenter & Builder,

30 EAST THIRD STREET.

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

PEARSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 1491.

W. J. Pearson, Vice street, near Emily street.
H. E. Gayle No. 84 East Second street.

All Work promptly Attended to.

R. A. Ross,

11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,

Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Refitting of stores cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Sauns,

Car cente and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot. Brown P. O. Box 1528. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Residence, Evans, P. O. Box 286.

Carpenter and Builder.

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Madison avenue and Third street,

Manufacturers of Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 232

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale and To Let

TO LET FURNISHED.

TO LET UNFURNISHED.

Desirable Bargains in

BUILDING LOTS

FIRE INSURANCE.

Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phenix Assurance of London, Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgages.

Edward C. Mulford,

Real Estate Broker, 25 and 27 North avenue, opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.

Telephone No. 80.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.

JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. No work half-done. Our specialties in operation of the Board of Health. Orders left with D. W. Littell, Sanitary Plumber, No. 8 North avenue. P. O. Box 1416. Residence of Manager, Mr. Jones, 15 Dudley avenue. Mr. Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

A. M. RUNYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

218 PARK AVENUE.

Telephone Call 40. Residence 65 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 31. Office Hillside cemetery.

LAING'S HOTEL.

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

BENJ. F. MOORE

(Late of Moore Bros.)

BUTCHER,

and dealer in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.

Corner

PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET

Plainfield, N. J.

Telephone Call No. 111.

Orders Called For

AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

FURNITURE.

FAIRCHILD'S

Furniture Warerooms

21 EAST FRONT STREET

Parlor and Chamber

FURNITURE.

LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, TABLES AND CHAIRS.

CRIGS
ARAE
RIGA
RIAR
RIGA
ARAE
GRIGS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Repairing in all its branches at

L. M. FRENCH'S

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

18 Somerset street,

PLAINFIELD.

THE

Fidelity & Casualty

COMPANY, issues

Accident Policies

for

$10,000

assuring

1. In event of death	$10,000
2. For loss of two hands	10,000
3. For loss of two feet	10,000
4. For loss of one hand and one foot	10,000
5. For loss of both eyes	5,000
6. For loss of one hand or of one foot	$2,500.00
7. For loss of one eye	1,250
8. For disabling injuries during the continuance of same, per week	$50

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amounts.

For circular, etc., call on

Jos. T. Vail, Agt.,

OPPOSITE DEPOT.

FOTOGRAFS.

Instantaneous,
Everlasting,
Handsome,
Cheapest,
Best.

Great Success with Children's Portraits.

THORN'S,

Opp. Post Office.

J. P. Laire & Co's is the place to buy Parlor, Cook Stoves, ranges, double heaters, stove boards, coal hods, pipe, repairs, horse blankets, robes and general hardware.

MRS. QUICK'S

SULPHUR AND MEDICATED

VAPOR TREATMENT

EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.

Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases and equally for Rheumatism, Chronic and nervous the blood, causes Colds, Influenza, Inflammation, Neuralgia, Kidney Complaints, Diseases, Nervous and General Debility, Paleness and Sick Headache and all skin diseases.

In cases of contagious diseases of chills and fever and all malarial disorders.

Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Closed for cleaning on Saturday's.

COAL and WOOD

C. H. RUGG,

Successor to Morg an Bird,

[illegible] one but best quality Coal, such as Lehigh, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring Brook and Council Ridge Coal well screened. Also Cord and Kindling Wood.

Orders left at my office or by post will receive prompt attention.

No. 61 Park Avenue,

Bird's Yard,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 | PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1887. | Price Two Cents

FOR PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES, TELEPHONE CALL NO. 61.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its great columns daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and for Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertising rates pay better than those of all the other papers combined. Plainfield demands and gets its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper the NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—Register to-day.

—The Boards of Registry are in session in the various polling places to-day.

—Register to-day; this is your only chance; your vote may elect a county official.

—The Republican Association rooms will be open every evening until after election. All are welcome.

—The Union County Board of Agriculture are in session at the Court House in Elizabeth, this afternoon.

—In the Orphans' Court Somerset county, last Friday, orders to sell were granted, in estates of Elizabeth Suydam, John Dixon and Arthur A. Stiles.

—To-day is being observed as "Bryant Day" by the various Chautauqua circles throughout the country.

—Morris Hanlon of Somerville, under sentence on a conviction of rape, has been granted a stay of proceedings pending decision on his application for a new trial.

—The funeral services over the remains of the late Rev. Corey took place from the Scotch Plains Baptist church at half-past three o'clock yesterday afternoon.

—Reynolds, the mesmerist, will once more delight Plainfielders. His next appearance here will be at Reform Hall all next week, beginning Monday, November 7.

—The Somerset County Court of Common Pleas will be in session for naturalization purposes at the County Clerk's office, from 10:30 a. m. to 4 p. m. on the 4th and 5th insts.

—The engine of Conductor Garret Durling's train, due in Plainfield at 9:52 a. m., blew out her cylinder heads at Somerville yesterday and broke both connection rods. No one was hurt.

—Next Tuesday being election day is by law a holiday, and the banks will be closed accordingly. All saloons, hotel bars, etc., will be supposed to remain closed until voting is over in the evening.

—A reception will be given by the candidates on the Republican ticket at the Association Rooms on Saturday evening Nov. 5, from 7 to 9 o'clock, to which the citizens of Plainfield are cordially invited.

—The will of Elizabeth Drake of Bernards, who died Sept. 6, was probated in the Somerset County Surrogate's office Oct. 24. Will of Martin Skillman of Franklin, who died Oct. 19, was probated Oct. 25. Inventory, filed same date, $21,996.94.

—Witnesses in the case of the State vs. V. Palermo and wife, who are charged with assault and battery on Mr. and Mrs. Lemuel Stewart and son John, were summoned to Elizabeth to-day. Palermo has not yet been caught, but his wife is under bonds.

—John T. VanCleef, secretary of the State Board of Assessors, has delivered to County Collector Gaston a remittance from State Comptroller Anderson of $656.79, balance due Somerset county on account of railroad taxes. The larger proportion of the above amount goes to Franklin township.

—The University of Pennsylvania defeated Rutgers College at football at New Brunswick, yesterday, by a score of 13 to 10. When time was up Rutgers had the game won, but the referee refused to call the game and ordered five minutes more play, during which Pennsylvania kicked a goal.

—The adjourned meeting of the Somerset County Board of Freeholders was held on the bridge at Seaman's dam, Oct. 23. On motion of Mr. Lott it was ordered that the floor of the bridge be sheathed with one-inch hemlock boards. Adjournment was further made to Wednesday, Nov. 9, the usual date of meeting falling on election day.

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—Rev. Dr. Livingston's record does not show him to be a safe man for Senator. He has not the best interest of the county and the cities at heart. James L. Miller has always been a public spirited man and is alive to the benefits of proper legislation for the whole county. He is the man who will best serve Union county.—Elizabeth Journal.

—The sale of tickets for the Y. M. C. A. course of illustrated lectures, to be delivered *Nov. 15, 19, 22 and 29, and Dec. 22, will open* Tuesday, Nov. 8, at seven a. m., at Reynolds' pharmacy. As there will be no rush for trains on that day the tickets will be ready for immediate delivery and payment, an advantage for both buyer and seller as compared with the past system.

—A change to the old rates went into effect at the Western Union Telegraph office in this city and other places November 1st. There is competition in Baltimore & Ohio to fight against now and the Western Union takes advantage of the monopoly. A message of ten words cannot now go from Plainfield for less than twenty-five cents, whereas fifteen cents was the former price.

—The Presbyterian Synod of New Jersey has arranged for holding in each of the 219 towns of the state, which has a Presbyterian church. Simultaneous Foreign Mission meetings, to begin November 13. In Plainfield three public meetings will be held on Tuesday, November 15. In the First Presbyterian church there will be a ministerial conference at 10:30 a. m. and a woman's meeting at three p. m. In the Crescent avenue church there will be a popular meeting in the evening at 7:45 p. m., to be addressed by the Rev. Dr. Gates, President of Rutgers College at New Brunswick. Rev. T. F. White, D. D. of Bismuth, will preside at all the meetings, and in the afternoon and evening will make addresses.

WANTED TO KILL HER CHILD.

A Colored Woman's Terrible Condition.

A week ago Sunday Mrs. Julia Cuff of Somerset street near Stony Brook, a colored woman, became the mother of a baby having a white arm and a hair lip.

Early last evening Mrs. Cuff visited her coops in the vicinity of her domicil and stole two chickens, which she took to a liquor saloon and sold for rum. In her weakened condition, though she is a large, powerful woman, the rum made her crazy. Then she got a barrel stave and started home with the openly avowed purpose of killing her week-old child.

Her husband, Sylvester Cuff, is a smal man, respectable and hard-working. He is employed as a coachman by J. Frank Hubbard of Seventh street, Director of the Union County Board of Freeholders. The couple have three children, the eldest of whom is considered half-witted, and this, it is alleged, is because of the brutal treatment received, the child having been beaten from infancy over the head by its mother.

When Mrs. Cuff arrived home she overturned the house and tried to set fire to the house. The husband tried to quiet her, and a neighbor, a colored woman, hurried away in search of Marshal Becker, whom she found in a Somerset street saloon.

The marshal visited the scene, but the husband did not desire his wife arrested, and a colored neighbor got the baby and concealed it in the house of another colored woman for protection. The child had only a little flannel shirt which scarcely came to its waist. It was altogether a horrible-looking object, and it was thought it would not live.

Mrs. Cuff, missing her baby, got out on the street and smashed in the windows by hurling stones at them. The husband darkened the house and concealed the children for fear his wife would kill them also in her drunken fury.

Then the marshal was again called from the saloon to quell the disturbance. The neighboring colored women who alone were afraid to cope with Mrs. Cuff, finally succeeded in pacifying h r.

One colored man fearing that the lives of his family would be endangered by the woman, is said to have loaded a revolver to shoot her, if she attempted to again carry out her threat to set fire to his house. The marshal would not arrest the woman, as he was desired by the neighbors not to. The persons who sold her the liquor, however, ought to have been arrested. The marshal could not make such an arrest without a complaint, if he would even then, as he understood to be a saloon Democrat. At all events those who want him say they always look for him in one saloon or another. He spent some time in a Plainfield saloon this morning, although he is supposed to be always on duty in the borough, for which the taxpayers pay him $650 per year. According to the correspondent in THE NEWS of yesterday, he also seems to regard it as part of his duty to go over the mountain, miles beyond the borough limits, after violators of the game laws, because he receives a portion of the fines. However this may be it is a pity if the borough cannot find a marshal with more self-respect than to be always lounging around barrooms.

—To-day is the last registry day in Plainfield. The polls close at eight o'clock.

—The Little Tycoon Opera Company arrived in this city on the 11:45 a. m. train.

—The Board of Directors of the Y. M. C. A. will hold a regular meeting this evening at 8 o'clock.

—It is said that the old No. 2 hand fire engine is now doing duty in South America, where "shines" are not as numerous as they have been in Plainfield.

—Ex-Chief Andrew Carney, John Haberle and Andrew Lutkins started out this morning on a shooting expedition to wage war against the fleet-footed rabbit. Their friends live in hopes.

—The hours for the reception to the County Republican nominees, in the Plainfield headquarters, Saturday, will be from seven to nine o'clock p. m.

—Messrs. Barkalew & Dunn, the popular North avenue grocers, this morning received a large cargo of apples which they are disposing of at the lowest possible prices.

—Mr. Livingston's record does not show him to be a safe man for Senator. He has not the best interest of the county and the cities at heart. James L. Miller has always been a public spirited man and is alive to the benefits of proper legislation for the whole county. He is the man who will best serve Union county.—Elizabeth Journal.

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SHORN OF POWER.

The Fire Department has no Right to Tax.

Before the fall bench of the Supreme Court, Judge Magie to-day read an opinion concurred in by Judges Depue and Knapp in the case of Taylor, Pros., vs. the Plainfield Fire Department, declaring that no power exists whereby, defendant may assess taxes.

The case was brought by Mrs. Carrie B. Taylor of this city, upon whom property the Fire Department had levied for 1886 fire tax. Constable Smith had made a levy and was about to advertise the property for sale when he was stopped by a writ of certiorari procured by Mrs. Taylor's counsel from the Supreme Court.

As the suit threatened the existence of the Fire Department, Attorney General Stockton and Mr. Johnston, his partner, of Trenton, were engaged to assist Suydam and Stillman, the local counsel of the Fire Board. Mrs. Taylor was joined by a large number of citizens, who desired to see the city in control of its own fire department, and Corporation Counsel Moore was retained for the prosecution. The case was elaborately argued both orally before the court and subsequently on brief. The prosecution attacked the very foundation of the whole fire department tax system, and have gained success at every point. The tax is now set aside with costs.

The decision is of momentous importance to the city and North Plainfield. The object of the prosecution was to place the city in control of its own fire department. This should now be easy of accomplishment. To wrest this victory from the eminent counsel who were opposed to him, and to cause to be set aside laws that were on the statute book before he was born is indeed a brilliant achievement for our talented Corporation Counsel, Craig A. Marsh, and will probably help to place his reputation where it belongs, among the leading lawyers of the State.

It now remains for tax-payers to unite and agree on the best fire protection system possible. Let there be a measure perfected that will place Plainfield in the van in this respect, as she is already in so many others.

PERSONAL.

John Roselle, formerly of this city, but now of Brooklyn, N. Y., was in town to-day visiting his old friends.

Mr. F. T. Nicholas of Union street, who has been at Mt. Tabor for the past six months, for his health, is home again.

Miss A. T. Sinclaire has been supplying the place of Miss Davis in the Grammar school during the latter's illness.

Annie, wife of Joseph Schroppe of Jackson avenue, North Plainfield, died this morning at the age of twenty-six years and five months.

Winfield Scott Post, No. 74, G. A. R., will attend in a body the installation of the officers of the new Bound Brook G. A. R. post on Tuesday, Nov. 10.

The church of the boyhood of Edmund Clarence Stedman, the banker poet, appearing in last week's Christian Register, says Plainfield was his home in his infancy.

Edward, the five-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Blimm of Somerset street, died this morning about four o'clock after a short illness with membranceous croup. Deceased was a bright little fellow and was the life of the household of which he was a member.

Rev. Alexander Truatt of Charlottsville, Va., who is now visiting Plainfield friends, says that, according to a letter just received from his wife, the seasons have changed around. The letter stated that the snow was a foot deep in the little Virginia town, while fans were not out of place here at the time.

The Sentinel of Franklin, Mass., brings the information that Henry W. Greene, grandson of the late Zachariah Webster of this city, was married a few days ago to Miss Mattie L. Jones. The young couple started at once for Las Vegas, New Mexico, where Mr. Greene has a winter residence.

The Pierson (Fla.) Advance makes the following mention of a native Plainfielder, who went to Florida some three years ago: "H. S. Bilyeu, formerly foreman of the Emporia Advocate, has purchased, and gone to Los Angeles, Cal. Mr Bilyeu is an intelligent gentleman and a good printer, and we hope that fortune may smile upon him wherever he may roam."

—It is whispered that one of this winter's early marriages will make a Benedict of a well-known Plainfield drug clerk.

—"The Little Tycoon" will be presented with all its funny incidents and dramatic features at the Stillman Music Hall to-night.

—A new club has been instituted in this city and they have dubbed themselves the Columbia Social Club. It includes about *twenty members and they have secured* quarters on North avenue.

—For the past three weeks a young girl—age seventeen—has been missing from the home of her parents on East Third street, in this city. Various rumors are on the street concerning her disappearance, and one of the stories connects her with an elopement with a married man. The girl's mother says she has no doubt that, though she has no exact knowledge of the daughter's whereabouts, she is working at some good place, and that there is nothing about the girl who is their only child, to warrant the stories that are in circulation. Her parents are respectable, hard working people and feel keenly their daughter's mysterious absence from home. It is said that the girl had left town, but she was seen in Plainfield two days ago.

BOUND BROOK.

A revival is in progress in the M. E. Church.

Mrs. W. W. Jordan has gone to Falls Church, Va., on a visit.

John B Codington is erecting a new building for Dr. DeMott.

Commissioner Littell has been ill during the past week with malaria.

Miss Mamie Giles is making her home with her friend Miss Lilian Belding.

A black and tan pup belonging to Wm. Hagaman, valued at $25, was stolen Monday night.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

Welcome Competition.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The report which came from Baltimore via Chicago, to the effect that a new telegraph company is to be organized as a rival to Western Union has attracted much attention in business circles.

Friends of Spies Weep.

JOLIET, Ill., Nov. 3.—Louis Nebee, brother of Oscar, the Anarchist doing a fifteen-year sentence here, visited his convict brother at the prison to bring him the news of the doom of the condemned at Chicago. Nebee was overcome with emotion, and the brothers shed copious tears, conversing in German. Convict Nebee had but yesterday received a letter from Spies in which the latter abandoned all hope from the Supreme Court and rested his case with the Governor.

Tried to Kill the Witness.

SHELBYVILLE, Ill., Nov. 3.—A new feature in the Keller murder trial has been developed. William Helton is a witness for the defense and George Jacoby for the prosecution. Monday evening the two started home together, and on the way Helton fell or was thrown from the wagon and received fatal injuries. It is charged that Jacoby threw the man from the wagon intentionally and with the purpose of preventing his attending the trial. Jacoby is under arrest.

Will Spies Cheat the Gallows?

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—A rumor was current last night that Spies the Anarchist had determined to commit suicide rather than die on the gallows. There are Anarchists in Chicago who declare that Spies will never be hanged. They agree that no earthly power can avail, but stoutly maintain that their leader will cheat the gallows. The intelligence has been communicated to the proper authorities. They may be able to thwart any suicidal attempt which Spies may make, but if greater precaution must be enforced. Under existing regulations it would be an easy matter to convey to the doomed seven enough poison to kill seventy men.

When Chicago was a Swamp.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—John McCauley died at his residence yesterday, aged 74. He had been 57 years in Chicago, coming here when the place was a Swamp. McCauley was at all times an eccentric man and in the fall of 1873 he made a bet that he could go from Chicago to Philadelphia for less than $10, the fare at the time being $20. The wager was taken and McCauley shipped himself as express in a box he had made for that purpose. At Altoona, Pa., the trick was discovered, but the messenger permitted him to remain in the car until the Quaker City was reached. The total cost of the trip was $9.05 and McCauley won the wager.

Killed the Host "Just in Fun."

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 3.—A wedding party was assembled last night at the residence of Wiley Jenkins who lives about two miles out on the Shelbyville pike when a neighbor named Jack Leap came in at the bidding of some of the party. He took his seat near the door and soon after was discovered with a pistol in his hand, snapping it apparently for fun, thinking it was not loaded. He refused the request of Mr. Jenkins to put the revolver away and snapped it again at Jenkins. It exploded, carrying the bullet into the abdomen of Jenkins, who soon afterward expired. Jenkins was the father of the bride. Leap is a German and, all his neighbors say, good natured.

A White-Livered Grand Jury.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 3.—More "White Cap" outrages are reported in Harrison and Crawford Counties. These outlaws visited the house of John Amy in Scott township, Harrison County, and in his presence stripped his wife perfectly nude and administered forty lashes, laid on hard. It is said that the county officials are thoroughly terrorized, as is shown by the fact that the case of Charles Longford of Mount Prospect, Crawford County, was presented to the grand jury with proofs of the identity of the men who outraged his family, but they refused to find a true bill. Longford tore the masks from two of his assailants and recognized his nearest neighbor and deadliest enemy as one. In spite of this he could not secure prosecution by the court which feared the arrogance of his assailants.

TELEGRAPHIC TWINKLES.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Nov. 3.—An early morning incendiary fire burned N. J. & W. H. Tertgue's carriage factory to the ground. Loss, $18,000.

ROCKAWAY, Nov. 3.—An epidemic of diphtheria prevails here. In two weeks 15 have have died—in one case three children of one family.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 3.—Rumors that Major A. M. Way has killed himself are untrue. He is in hiding to escape arrest. Deficiencies at work on the books of the Building Loan Association have unearthed new cases where poor servant girls have been cheated out of $1,500 each.

A Rally at Cranford.

The voters of Cranford township turned out en masse Tuesday night to greet the Republican nominees for the county offices. All were present—Mr. Miller, Mr. Oliver, Mr. Glasby, Mr. Parrot and Mr. Voorhees. The hall was crowded to its utmost capacity and the meeting throughout was an enthusiastic one. Mr. Ellis presided. The address of the evening was made by Frank Bergen, and he was followed by Foster M. Voorhees and others.

Borough Democrats Organize.

A meeting of Borough Democrats was held in the Plainfield Democratic Headquarters last night, and steps were taken to organize permanently. David J. Carney made a motion having in the object the expulsion from the room of all ex North Plainfield Democratic voters. Mr. Carney's idea did not meet with that unanimous voice of approval which he evidently expected. Several sensible men said that they didn't intend to do anything of which they would be ashamed and hence didn't care who were screened. The motion did not prevail. Then Mr. Carney arose and took a seat next to the reporter, to whom he courteously suggested that he would prepare a report for THE NEWS in the strike would withdraw. He whispered that he wanted to "go for" the "tickers" who were running the meeting, but was bashful about doing so in the reporter's presence. The pencil-pusher gratefully declined Mr. Carney's offer. Mr. Carney thereafter remained mute, and the meeting could not again disturb the serenity of the atmosphere of peace that overhung the assembly.

The meeting, which was called to order by Wm. Ludlow, resulted in the adoption of the name, "The North Plainfield Democratic Association," and in the election of John Beilue as temporary chairman and of Councilman Riker as secretary pro tem. Messrs. E. C. Morse, Wm. Ludlow and Andrew Kenney were appointed a committee on permanent organization and were empowered to prepare a declaration of principles and a series of bylaws. Messrs. Kenney, Slater and Henry Woodland were chosen to draw up resolutions. A recess was taken and they set to work. The result of their labors was a long, well-written preamble, magnifying the virtues of the Democratic party—and a brief little *resolution signifying the Association's ap*proval of the Somerset county nominees. Adjournment was then taken until Wednesday, Nov. 9th, at 8 p. m., in the same place.

She Will Probably Die Insane.

The parents of Jane Estelle or "Nellie" Bergen, of Somerville, are so warmly attached to the unfortunate girl that they will not send her to and insane asylum so long as she can be kept confined at her home. Physicians say that the absence of machines will wear her out before long, and they think that she will probably die in the midst of her ravings. She destroys everything that she can lay her hands on, and has ruined lamps, clocks and dishes, among the latter a china set that was a wedding present bringing to her sister. Nellie attended a school for deaf mutes for several years and became a proficient dressmaker. It now appears that she has had crazy fits three or four weeks back. The sad occurrences were, however, kept quiet until last Monday's election, and from which she did not become generally known until Monday morning, when she tried to kill her mother.

Amateur "Pie-Bugs."

On complaint of Mr. A. L. Cadmus, James Sullivan, Thos. Dowd, Jr., Ed. Bergen, John Grinnell and a lad named Burgess were arrested by Policemen McCue and Grant, this morning, for stealing and making bonfires of boards stolen from Mr. Cadmus' lumber yard on West Front street.

—If you haven't yet registered do so to-night and don't lose your vote.

—The Membership Committee of the Y. M. C. A. will meet this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

—The Reform Club will hold its regular meeting in Reform Hall at eight o'clock this evening.

—Field & Randolph advertise "Dentine" for the teeth. It is of their own manufacture and is said to be excellent.

Decker Will Not Die.

Jacob Decker, the German hired man who attempted to commit suicide yesterday, is improving, so the doctors say, and if he is careful may get well. Upon further examination it was found that he had also inflicted some slight cuts on the abdomen, but none of a serious nature.

WESTFIELD.

Mr. G. L. Skinner of New York has taken the Gannett Cottage for the winter.

Caspar Heiniger, one of our Westfield boys, is bound to see most of our country. Having paid his aged father and old friends a visit a short time ago, after a residence of three years in Montgomery, Alabama, he has landed this time as head steward of the Phoenix Hotel at Las Vegas Hot Springs, N. M.

The Prohibitionists seem to be the most lively ones this canvass. They will hold a mass meeting this Tuesday evening at Temperance Hall, most of the speeches will be will be present and address the meeting.

Now that the fire department are building a house for themselves, it is urged that they ought to put a bell and tower, to ring alarms, for as it is at present, someone has to run to the schoolhouse, or try to get into one of the churches, in which an alarm can be given, and valuable time is lost thereby.

STATE NOTES.

The Phillipsburg News, the only daily paper published in Warren county, and hitherto non-political, came out yesterday for Benjamin F. Howey for senator and the republican ticket.

Katie J Bergen, a young lady of Woodville, Somerset county, a few days ago ran quite a desperate race for her young companions. Suddenly she fell and cried out that she was dying, and expired at once. Death was due to over-exertion.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Seidle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue.

	1887	1886		
6 a. m.	35	46	Sun rises	6 33
9 a. m.	47	53	Sun sets	4 56
12 m.	60	64	Moon rises	7 03
3 p. m.	63	70	Moon sets	

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The undersigned dissolve their business relations as copartners this day by mutual consent. An early settlement of all accounts is requested, and may be effected with either of the undersigned.

WM. H. SEIDLE,
CHARLES F. SEIDLE.

Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 1st, 1887. 3-12

Centre-Board-Column.

A LARGE desirable dwelling on Grove street, opposite the First Baptist church; to let; suitable as a first-class boarding house. Rent low. All improvements. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, No. 35 and 37, Arcade station. 10-31-4t

A JANITOR wanted for the Relief Association. Apply at the rooms of the Association, Second street, corner of Madison avenue. 10-13-tf

AT PRIVATE SALE.—A family declining housekeeping, will dispose of entire furniture and household effects of a house containing nine rooms, to suit to suit purchasers. Address Vindex, Evening News office. 10-4tf

CLERK wanted for order and delivery wagon. Must be bright, active and strong. Reference required. Address P. O. Box 630. 10-24-4t*

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 33 Carleton avenue. 27-10

FOR SALE—Large Plymouth Rock cockerels. Broadway, fourth house from Hillside avenue. 3-2

FOR SALE.—A good, young gray horse suitable for doctor. Enquire of Phelps Hibbitts, 12 Liberty street. 1-4t

FOR SALE.—A light easy phaeton. The property of Dr. South Enquire of Jenkins, M. D., 92 East Front street. 10-31-tf

FOR SALE.—Nice young mare, cow, heifer, two wagons, etc. Jacob Grieb, Langston House, Central avenue, near New Brooklyn. 31-5

FOR SALE.—Two milch cows. Apply to Samuel V. Wakefield, corner of Somerset and Race streets. 3-4,*

MASSAGE.—(System of S. Weir Mitchell, M. D.) Refers by permission to J. C. Bleeke, M. D., 167 Clinton street, Brooklyn. Address Mrs. S. C. Hall, Westfield, N. J. 2-3

STORAGE—For carriages, sleighs, furniture etc. Fire proof building, M. Quinn, No. 8 East Fourth street, near Park avenue. 17-tf

SEVERAL desirable furnished and unfurnished houses to let. Coons quickly and take your choice. E. C. Mulford, broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite depot. 10-10-tf.

TO LET—House on Washington Park. All improvements; 10 rooms newly decorated. Terms low for Winter months. Apply F. H. Martin, 70 Mercer avenue. 10-10-tf

WANTED—A good tin roofer. John Ingram, Westfield, N. J.

WANTED—A girl for general house work. 70 East Sixth street.

WANTED—A situation to cook, wash and iron, or general housework. Good reference at 7 Liberty street, near Front.

WANTED.—Work by the day or week, by a seamstress. Address M. R. S., care of Evening News. 3-2

WANTED—Competent nurse and seamstress with good reference, at 62 West Seventh street. 11-1-3

APPLES

of all kinds for immediate and winter use. Best New York State brands by the barrel and in small quantities. Also an extra assortment of

New Figs, Dates, etc.

All kinds of Nuts and Dried Fruits, Oranges,

Malaga Grapes,

Concord and Catawba Grapes. Tropical Fruit in great variety. Call and see us.

KENNEY BROS.,

NO. 8 NORTH AVENUE.

PROFESSOR

John Reynolds, the Mesmerist, is coming again. He will be at Reform Hall every day next week, excepting Thursday. Admission 25 and 35c A limited number of reserved seats at 50c. Diagram at Reynolds' Pharmacy.

RUBBER STAMPS.

Orders taken for all kinds of Rubber Stamps,

Rubber Type,

etc for Mercantile and Family use at less than

New York Prices.

Call and see samples and get prices at

ALLEN'S

The Stationer,

22 EAST FRONT STREET.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

Weatherstrips,

Lubricating Oils,

STOVES,

RANGES, FURNACES, HARDWARE PLUMBING, TINNING.

Stove and Furnace Repairs a specialty.

13 E. Front street.

Telephone Call 6.

ATTENTION

Those seeking homes, investments or speculation. The finest building property in this section of the county now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit. This property is located near the Grant Ave. depot, Plainfield, N. J., and is in close proximity to the Pond Tool manufactory and the Potter Press Works. It is situated in the healthiest, most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. To those desiring to procure homes, or young men wishing to make small investments this opportunity is especially invited. Builders or contractors would also find it advantageous to procure prices before looking elsewhere.

For particulars, inquire of Wm. C. Kelly No. 36 Park Ave. or Dr. Fritts, Park avenue. Map of property can be seen at Dr. Fritts' office.

The Most Important LITERARY EVENT

of the season. LECTURE by

Col. Mason W. Tyler

at MUSIC HALL,

NOVEMBER 8th,

Subject: "The Constitution of the United States." For the benefit of the Public Library. Tickets at usual places.

Reserved seats will be on sale to-morrow morning. All parties having fifty cent tickets can have the same exchanged, on payment of twenty-five cents extra, at Reynolds's and Shawe.

To the Ladies.

Look at our all wool striped Flannel Skirts, made and unmade. A full line of Newmarkets, Jackets and Cloaks for Ladies, Misses and Children, AT POPE'S.

MUSIC HALL, THURSDAY, NOV. 3.

TEMPLE THEATRE COMIC OPERA CO.

Geo. C. Brotherton, Proprietor.

Third Year and farewell Tour of the original production as presented at the Temple Theatre under the management of George C. Brotherton

THE LITTLE TYCOON

Words and music by Mr. W. Spencer; revised by Mr. Sydney Rosenfeld. Strong Casts. Elegant Costumes. Magnificent Scenery. Grand Electric Transformation Scene and Large Chorus.

Popular Prices—$1.00, 75, 50 and 35 cents seats on sale Tuesday, Nov. 1.

MONOLOGUE AND MUSICAL

Entertainment

BY MARSHALL P.

WILDER,

THE HUMORIST, and

Diller's Cornet Quartette

of New York, at the M. E. CHURCH,

Tuesday, Nov. 8th,

at 8 p. m. Tickets 75c. Reserved seat 50c. On sale at the Corner Store of Dr. Marshall, N. J. Reynolds and R. J. Shaw, on and after Nov. 4th.

Plainfield Evening News,

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,

Is published every afternoon at

No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or by mail postage prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $5 per year payable in advance.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1887.

THE CONNECTICUT BURGLARS.

An Arrest That May Lead to the Capture of the Whole Gang.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Nov. 3.—John McNamara, who many aliases, and serving a year's sentence in jail here, was made a confession, implicating John Crosby, alias John Lattin, the horse thief. Crosby stole a horse and carriage on Saturday night from the barn of John T. Moody, ex-superintendent of the New York and New Haven railroad. He tried to dispose of it in New York, but was arrested. Several horses have been stolen lately in Fairfield county, and Crosby answers the description of the suspected party who sold them in New York. McNamara's partial confession leads the authorities to believe that two of a gang of thieves and burglars have been captured. The balance of the gang with whom McNamara says he operated are still at large.

McNamara claims that he, with his party, did the double burglary at the McNeil mansion in Fairfield and carried off the silver plate. The same party have robbed more houses and residences of a sealskin sacque and silverware. They robbed the Congregational parsonage of $25 worth of clothing. They attempted to break into Harry Glover's residence, but were driven off by hounds. Some half dozen other houses were robbed in Fairfield. They also entered residences in Black Rock and Norwalk, and in these two towns they were shot at, but escaped. The necessary requisition papers for the removal of Crosby to this state are now being obtained.

Marine Intelligence.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Arrived, steamers England, Liverpool and Queenstown; Chero kee, Savannah; City of Alexandria, Havana; Colon, Aspinwall; City of Augusta, Savannah; Louisiana, New Orleans; Middlesex, Portland; Delaware, Charleston; Barracouta, St. Croix; Clarified, Port Limon, Bark Falmouth, Windsor, N. S. Arrived out, steamer Pieter De Coninck, from New York for Antwerp, has passed the Lizard.

Killed on the Track.

STEUBENVILLE, O., Nov. 3.—While John G. Beatty and Hattie Turner were walking on the Panhandle railroad track last night, they stepped out of the way of an east bound freight, only to be struck by a west bound freight train. Beatty was instantly killed, and Miss Turner's back and both legs were broken so that she cannot live.

Saved from the Wreck.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The steamer Wyanoke, which arrived yesterday from Richmond, saved from the rigging of the wrecked schooner Edith B. Everen Capt. Camp and four seamen and brought them to this port. One seaman was drowned and another died in the rigging of exhaustion before the Wyanoke sighted the wreck.

Charged with the Harn Murder.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 3.—William Sims and Harry Howard, two toughs, are under arrest here, charged with the murder of Jacob Hoffman, a farmer living near Allegheny on the same train on which young Harn's body was found at Chicago. Detective Murphy has no doubt that both Sims and Howard know all about the murder.

Postmasters Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—The postmaster general has appointed the following fourth class postmasters: William L. Kelley, Lexingville, Pa.; B. T. Smith, West Nanticoke, Pa.; William Christman, Columbia, N. Y.; S. F. Bowne, Pavilion, N. Y.; C. D. White, West Clarksville, N. Y.

Secretary Whitney's Illness.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Secretary Whitney's condition grows more favorable day by day. Yesterday he took his usual drives and seemed to have benefited by them. It will come to no decision as yet in regard to where he shall go for the month's rest prescribed by his physician.

The Extreme Penalty for a Brute.

WARSAW, N. Y., Nov. 3.—In the case of Sylvester Cook, of Castile, N. Y., charged with incest, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty. Yesterday the extreme sentence was pronounced of ten years' imprisonment.

Mother and Child Killed.

FITCHBURG, Mass., Nov. 3.—Mrs. James Hoar and child, of Westburg, while walking on the railroad track yesterday, were struck by an engine and killed.

Weather Indications.

For Friday, in New Jersey, eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, and in New England, slightly cooler, partly cloudy to fair weather and westerly winds.

THE BULLETIN OF COMMERCE.

New York Money and Produce Market Quotations.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Money closed at 3 per cent., the lowest rate. The highest rate was 4 Exchange closed steady; posted rates, $4 84@4.85; actual rates, $4.83@4.83½ for sixty days and $4.86@4.86½ for demand. Government closed firm; currency 6s, 121 bid; 4s, coup., 124½ bid; 4½s, coup., 107 bid.

At the opening values were up ¼ to ⅝ per cent., but the was lost after 11 o'clock under a raid on the Erie stock, which was strongly bought a week and declined 1½ per cent. Toward midday the market stiffened and by 1 o'clock prices had advanced ½ to 1 per cent. The most active stocks were Reading, St. Paul, Lake Shore, Western Union, Union Pacific, Lackawanna and Missouri Pacific. The market was moderately active after midday, and prices were steadily maintained. Lackawanna was the feature of the day when a slight reaction took place, the result of realizations. The coal stocks, Nashville and Chattanooga and Northwestern were also the strongest stocks on the list. Of the first named Delaware and Hudson was especially strong on the belief that the dividend would be at the rate of 5½ per cent for the quarter, instead of 1½.

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—FLOUR—Closed steady and without material change; winter wheat extras, $3.40@3.60; Minnesota extras, $3.50; city mill extras, $4.30@4.40; southern flour closed steady; common to choice extra, $4.20@4.85.

WHEAT—Spot lots were active and feature less. Prices closed weak and 1@1½c lower spot lots closed firm, but unchanged. Spot sales of No. 1 red state at 94@96c; No. 2 do. 93@93½c; No. 3 red winter, 89@c; ungraded red, 89@93c. No. 2 red winter, New, 89@c bid. do. Dec., 89@c bid, and do. Jan., 90@c bid.

CORN—Spot lots were dull, but firm and closed ½@¾c higher. Spot lots closed firm and slightly higher. Spot sales of No. 2 mixed at 56@57c; ungraded mixed, 54@56c. No. 2 mixed, New, 56@c bid, do. Dec., 57@57½c bid, do. Jan., 58@c bid, and do. Feb., 58½@59c bid.

OATS—Spot lots were dull, but firm and closed steady. Spot lots closed strong and slightly higher. Spot sales of No. 2 white at 39@39½c; No. 3 do., 38@38½c; No. 2 mixed, New, 38@c, do. Dec., 38@38½c.

PORK—Dull; mess, $11.50@12; old mess, $12.50@13.50; new do., $14@14.50.

A SWISS WEAVER'S CRIME.

MURDERING HIS FAMILY BY PISTOL AND FLAME.

His Wife Tied to a Bed and Shot—He Then Sets Fire to the House and His Two Young Children Are Smothered to Death.

TURNERVILLE, Conn., Nov. 3.—John Hodel, a silk weaver of this village, shot and killed his wife and, setting fire to his house, smothered his two children to death. The people of the village observed smoke escaping from the roof of the house and went in to put out the flame. They discovered that Mrs. Hodel had been tied to a bed and shot and that the husband, who was probably the murderer, had fled. While the posse went off in hot chase for Hodel the people suddenly remembered that the two children, aged 6 and 3 years, had not been seen. On going to their room, the little bodies were discovered in bed. One of the boys lived a short time, the other had been smothered.

The excitement in the village as soon as these facts became known was intense, and the indignation of the citizens found vent in threats to lynch the inhuman wretch. The man was finally found by the town constable and placed under arrest. He cannot talk English, but through an interpreter said that he and his wife made an agreement by which he was to kill her and then he and then kill himself. He said that he had tied his wife in the bedroom and then shot her, and had afterward set fire to the house to burn up the boys. He would have killed himself, but he broke the gun. Hodel and his wife quarreled over a row a few weeks ago, and the neighbors say they have been fighting almost constantly since. Hodel had been drunk for several days. He was committed to the Tolland county jail to await the action of the grand jury.

Hodel is 55 years of age. His wife was about the same age, and the two boys, Jacob and Adolph, were 3 and 6, respectively. He has not been in this country very long, and says that he sent $250 to his father in Switzerland Tuesday night to repay money borrowed for passage to this country. At the hearing yesterday afternoon the interpreter testified that Hodel acknowledged that he had killed his wife and admitted that he had burned the house. Hodel pleaded not guilty to the charge of murder.

The Bully of Gibraltar.

READING, Pa., Nov. 3.—For some time past there has been a feud existing between John Hyle and William Quinter, both *brawny puddlers, as to who was the bully of* Gibraltar, this county. They met in the woods and engaged in a brutal rough and tumble fight, kicking, cutting, and biting each other fearfully. Quintard is so badly injured that at once the physicians gave him up. Hyle has been arrested.

A Mennonite Bishop's Funeral.

LANCASTER, Pa., Nov. 3.—John Kohr, one of the eight bishops of the Mennonite church of Lancaster county, was buried yesterday from the church at Landisville. He died on Saturday, aged 81 years. Three Mennonite bishops, twelve preachers, and 1,200 communicants of the church attended the funeral. There were 500 carriages in line, and the procession was two miles long.

Sword Bearer's Sweet Communings.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 3.—The Indiana report Sword Bearer to have been in the Big Horn mountains communing with the spirits. He tells them he goes to where God lives, who has a thousand wives, a man and an Indian there, with which to begin the world over again when all are killed in this war. The colored troops from McKinney camped at the agency yesterday.

Light Sentence for a Wife Murderer.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 3.—Andrew Fenner, aged 50, was sentenced by Judge Newman, court yesterday of killing his wife by pushing her down stairs because she threw a cup of hot tea in his face. In consideration of his age and the fact that he had been in prison since last July, he was sentenced to four months, which covered the period of his imprisonment, and then discharged.

Jefferson Davis' Condition.

MACON, Ga., Nov. 3.—While there was some consolation in the news among his family and friends as to Jefferson Davis' condition on Tuesday, those here have been somewhat alarmed, but not definitely know whether he will leave for Beauvoir to-day, as previously arranged, or not, his attending physicians advising quietude and more rest.

Evaded Arrest by Suicide.

PARIS, Nov. 3.—M. George Bay, an accomplice of General Boulanger in the matter of decorations from the war office, committed suicide yesterday upon learning that officers were on the way to arrest him.

An Aged Farmer Killed.

BROCKPORT, N. Y., Nov. 3.—William Ireland, a farmer, aged 70 years, of Clarkson, N. Y., was thrown from his buggy here yesterday afternoon by a runaway horse, and died a few minutes afterward.

Emperor William Not Able to Rise.

BERLIN, Nov. 3.—Emperor William is not yet able to rise. The disturbing symptoms are abating, but the pain at the base of the spine still continues, and is especially acute with any movement.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS CONDENSED.

At Oakland, Ills., on Tuesday, Mrs. Samuel Nelson gave birth to three boys and one girl. The children are doing well.

In Faulkner county, Kan., the three grandchildren of Mrs. Fisher were burned to death by the house taking fire.

Mexican bandits raided the town of Brownsville, Tex., taking every article of value from the store of Madeline Flores.

Samuel W. Bowerman, a prominent Massachusetts Democrat, died on Tuesday, aged 63.

The Mormon jurors have all taken the prosecution's oath in the third district court at Salt Lake city.

Smith, the manager of the Elmira Base ball club, has made formal application for admission into the International league.

George Barclay and Harry Hill have escaped from the Canandaigua (N. Y.) jail.

Burglars who stole valuable articles from the house of D. S. Wilson, of Dubuque, Ia., left there, on the dropping of some days later, with a plea for forgiveness.

At a dance and supper given in Franklin parish, La., seven persons were killed by poison placed in the food by some unknown person.

Fire at Bromley's wooden mills, Germantown, Pa., yesterday caused a loss of $75,000.

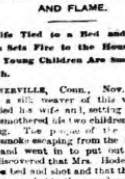
George W. McElroy, formerly editor of The Intelligencer, Lancaster, Pa., a member of the Lancaster bar and ex-district attorney of York county, died in York on Tuesday, aged 60 years.

Ex-Judge Samuel M. Chambers, a veteran in New York politics, died last night of heart disease in Jersey City, 73 years old.

THE DEATH OF JENNY LIND.

A Brief Life Sketch of the World-Famed Songstress.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—Mme. Goldschmidt (*Jenny Lind*), the celebrated Swedish singer, died here yesterday, aged 67. She had been seriously ill for some weeks.



JENNY LIND.

Jenny Lind was born at Stockholm, Oct. 6, 1820, being the daughter of a teacher of languages. It is related that even in her third year she sang with an expression that deeply moved the feelings of all listeners. At 9 years of age she entered the musical training school attached to the Court theatre, and in a little more than a year afterward appeared with success as vaudeville. She continued on the stage till her twelfth year, when she partly lost her voice, and was compelled to retire. Four years later the music in her voice returned, and in March, 1838, she made her real debut in opera. From 1841 to 1845 she resumed her study, and then followed the most successful musical career ever vouchsafed a single individual.

She arrived in New York, Sept. 1, 1850, and, under the management of P. T. Barnum, appeared in all the principal cities of the United States. Her financial success was most remarkable, in many cases from $2,000 to $5,000 being paid for a choice of seats. Her first concert in this country, given at Castle Garden, New York, netted nearly $18,000, and the gross receipts of her tour were over $712,000. In addition to this she appeared in many concerts for charitable purposes.

Feb. 5, 1852, in Boston, the famous song stress was married to Mr. Otto Goldschmidt, a German pianist and composer. Since 1858 their home has been in or near London. After her marriage she retired from all professional life, but many times appeared in public for charitable purposes up to the year 1868.]

STRIKING PLANTATION WORKERS.

Firing Upon the Men Who Took Their Places—Four Men Wounded.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 3.—The strike on the sugar plantations, which prevails generally throughout the sugar belt Tuesday, assumed a serious aspect yesterday. Lecassagne, a sugar planter of Terrebonne parish, refused to pay five laborers to take the place of that number of negroes who had struck on the plantation in Lafourch parish. The strikers left themselves in the cane field, and when the new men came to work fired on them *from ambush, seriously wounding four.* The laborers shot down by colored strikers were white men. When the strike occurred a few white men remained at work, and Lecassagne employed forty-five of them to work in his city. These are the men who were ambushed. It is not known whether any of them are fatally hurt. A company of militia stationed at Thibideaux has been sent to the scene of the trouble. The strike extended yesterday, and now includes almost every plantation in southwest Louisiana. A number of ringleaders in the strike in St. Mary parish have been arrested. Serious disturbances have occurred at Pattersonville, and troops will probably have to be sent there.

A Poisoner and Suicide.

HYLAND, N. Y., Nov. 3.—Friday night Jacob W. Van Keuren, of Utica, who was *visiting his father-in-law here, purchased* strychnine at a drug store, saying he wanted it for rats. He returned to Utica and ate pleasantly, and before putting out the light in the bedroom he handed his wife a glass, stating that it contained some medicine which he had prepared for her. Half the mixture and he drank the remainder. After they had retired he told his wife what he had done. She raised a outcry, which speedily brought her father and the other members of the family. She was given an emetic and physicians were summoned, but all efforts failed, though she is still in a critical condition. Van Keuren refused to take an emetic, and he died in great agony shortly after the arrival of the doctors.

A Woman's Heroic Act.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 3.—A few nights ago a negro family living near the residence of George W. Cox, in Pickens county, went away to a carnival meeting, locking their single child in the cabin. During their absence the cabin caught fire. Mrs Cox discovered the flames, and, knowing that the sick child was inside, she rushed to the house without waiting to summon assistance. With an ax she broke open the door, entered the burning cabin, and seized the almost suffocated negro child. On making her exit a part of the building fell upon her and knocked her down, but she shielded the child from the fire by wrapping her clothing around it. The brave woman was being burned to death when her husband arrived and rescued her from the flames, but she was so badly burned about her life is despaired of. The child was uninjured.

A Washington Labor Demonstration.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—One of the most imposing labor demonstrations ever known in this city occurred last night. With the form of a street parade, with bands of music, chinese lanterns and transparencies early in the evening, followed later with meetings and addresses in three large public halls. Knights of Labor assemblies, Federation of Labor men and members of organized labor generally participated in the parade. In the parade, 6,000 or 8,000 orderly men being in line. At Masonic temple, Mr. C. H. Litchman, grand secretary of the Knights of Labor, presided over one hall, in the course of his remarks he denounced the carrying of any flag but the Stars and Stripes. This sentiment was heartily applauded.

Society of Christian Endeavor.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 3.—At yesterday's afternoon session of the Society of Christian Endeavor papers on "Christian *Endeavor and the Church*" and "Gleanings from the Look-out Field" were read by Rev. N. B. Remick, of Troy, and Miss Maronetta Wilbur, of Elmira. Rev. Henry Ward, of Buffalo, treasurer of the convention on "Our Opportunity." In the evening Rev. Dr. Ward spoke upon "Our Field, the World." Rev. Dr. S. V. Leech, of Saratoga, delivered an address upon "Christian Endeavor, from the Standpoint of Christ's Example." The conference then adjourned to meet at Elmira on the first Tuesday and Wednesday of October, 1888.

Victims of the Vernon Disaster.

MANCHESTER, Wis., Nov. 3.—The bodies of seventeen men and two women, victims of the Vernon disaster, were found two miles north of Two Rivers yesterday. All the bodies were drowned. The remains of the two women, who were sisters, were clothed with the exception of shoes. One of the bodies of the men was that of George Thorpe, captain of the Vernon, who lived at Quebec, burg, N. Y., and another that of E. S. Borland, a traveling man from Milwaukee. The captain's watch had stopped at five minutes before 8 o'clock.

REMOVED TO TULLAMORE.

REASONS FOR CHANGING O'BRIEN'S PLACE OF IMPRISONMENT.

The Tullamore Jail Could be More Readily Reached by Troops in Case of Any Attempt at Rescue—Wilfrid Blunt Speaks for the Commons.

CORK, Nov. 3.—The removal of Mr. O'Brien from Cork to Tullamore yesterday created a tremendous sensation throughout the portion of Ireland, firm in its demand for home rule, and many serious forebodings of trouble at the prison for the transfer. The reason alleged by the government officials is that the authorities wished to remove the prisoner from the influence of the mayor of Cork, whose visits to the jail and promises to report to the country the daily progress of events concerning Mr. O'Brien and Mr. Mandeville, their treatment, utterances, etc., were thought to have an unfavorable effect upon the prisoners and the public.

But it is suspected that the true reason is that Tullamore is easily and speedily accessible from Dublin, Curragh, Kildare and other places in that region, where troops are stationed in large numbers. The fact is that the government had reason to fear that in the present temper of the people a rescue might be attempted, and took timely precautions against it.

Another circumstance favorable to the government in transferring Mr. O'Brien to Tullamore is the fact that both the visiting and residential magistrates, as well as the landlords at Tullamore, are staunch supporters of the Dublin executive's coercion policy, and there is perhaps no other place in Ireland over which the prisoner could be so far removed from home rule influences or sympathies and at the same time be so securely *guarded against violent attempts to set him* free.

Mr. O'Brien when taken on board the train at Cork was somewhat pale and worn, but cheerful and hopeful. Among those who were permitted to converse with him, and read the morning papers with apparent interest.

The fact that Messrs. O'Brien and Mandeville wore their ordinary dress was perhaps due in a very much greater degree to the desire of the officials to afford as little provocation as possible to the people to resort to violent acts than to spare the feelings of the prisoners, though the convicted men were strongly censured, and it is feared that any attempt to resent indignities upon them could have been successfully carried out. The Liberals assert that the transfer of the M'Donnells to the Londonderry jail, and now throwing them into a jail notoriously foul *and ill conducted, and thereby dampen the* ardor of the sympathizers and threaten to become martyrs to the Irish cause. If this is really the motive of the executive, they further declare, its effect will be lost, for no Irish sympathizer, they say, will dare to be in the Irish party stands in fear of jails or in awe of a law that must ultimately, through its enforcement, cause the downfall of the party that enacted it.

Mr. William John Evelyn, the Conservative member who recently resigned his seat for Deptford because of his inability to support the government's Irish policy, has intimated that he will support Sir Wilfrid Blunt as his successor in the house of commons if that gentleman will consent to stand for the place.

The Testimonials to Paine and Burgess.

BOSTON, Nov. 3.—The committee on the proposed testimonials to Gen. Paine and Edward Burgess, the owner and designer of the Volunteer, have practically decided that the contributions shall be used for the purchase of a very elegant vase of silver for Gen. Paine and a fine gift cup or purse for Mr. Burgess. The vase is to be made by Tiffany of New York, and will be elaborately designed. It will not be completed before the end of the year. When finished a dinner will be given to the two gentlemen, at which the presentations will be made. The subscription list closed last night. The amount raised, $6,000, will be increased though the Eastern Yacht club, amounts to $11,500.

Denounced by the Business Men.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Nov. 3.—In pursuance of a resolution of the Business Men's association of the town, the treasurer, J. P. Williams, has issued a circular to the Labor Relief committee $340 thus far received by him. The resolutions passed by the association did not embody the boycott of the Lehigh Valley railroad advocated by some of those present. The resolutions denounce the stand taken by the operators as tyrannical, unjust, and pledge themselves to use every honorable means to aid the men to victory. The resolutions are signed by all the business contributors, over 400 in number.

Masked Burglars at Flushing.

FLUSHING, L. I., Nov. 3.—Two masked burglars entered the Hamilton house, near the Broadway station, Tuesday night and stole goods worth $225. Later the residence of Samuel McCreery, a New York business man, was entered by the same men and property to the value of $1,400 and $100 in cash taken. The latter place the robbers were discovered by Mr. McCreery's son-in-law, but he was covered by a revolver by one of the men and compelled to remain quiet, while the other ransacked the house.

Served Notice on His Intended Victims.

OPELIKA, Ala., Nov. 3.—"Dink" Bucklew, the noted desperado, has served written notices on half a dozen prominent citizens of Chambers county that he intends to burn their out and kill them. He has murdered four men. Within the last three months Bucklew's life has been one of outlawry. The governor has offered $500 reward for his arrest, but everybody feared him too much to attempt his capture. The sheriff of the county has now summoned a posse of twenty men and started in pursuit of the outlaw.

Sentenced to Sing Sing.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Thos. H. Davis, the cashier and general financial agent of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad at the Sixteenth street depot, who disappeared on the 14 inst. was arrested and arraigned at Camd. n. N. J. when it was found that his accounts were short, was yesterday sentenced to four years and ten months in Sing Sing prison.

Probably Murdered.

HARTFORD, Nov. 3.—William E. Tracy, of New Britain, was found dead on his barn floor on Monday. It was thought to be an accident, but a medical examination finds that the wound on the head was made by a blunt instrument. Suspicion points to the hired man, but there is no evidence. Tracy was a respected citizen, 44 years of age. He leaves a family.

A Policeman Held for Murder.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 3.—The coroner's inquest in the *Willie in H. Dolan case was com*pleted at noon yesterday. The jury holds Officer Kelly, a policeman, of Birmingham, who did the shooting, on a charge of murder. Dolan's remains were sent to Syracuse, N. Y., in compliance with the request of his mother.

H. KENTON, Prop

NEW HAMPSHIRE'S BRIBERY CASES.

Both the Majority and Minority Reports Agree Upon the Main Points.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 3.—The report of the judiciary committee in the Sheffield bribery case was presented in the senate yesterday. The majority report, signed by five members, finds that Wm. Morrison, Sheffield, received from $1,000 to $1,500 offered by C. W. Dodge to vote for the Hazen bill; that broker W. A. Baker, of Boston, tried to influence member W. J. Reed by offering him from $1,000 to $2,000 to vote for the Hazen bill; that Woodbury Durgin tried to bribe member Bean to vote for the Atherton bill for $500 to $1,500; that broker Moseley, of Boston, tried to bribe member Franklin by an offer to help him make money in stocks if he would vote for the Hazen bill; that United States Marshal Fred A. Barker, of New Hampshire, offered member E. A. Watkins money to vote for the Hazen bill; that Hon. Frank Jones offered to get member A. B. Lang a place on the railroad if he would vote for the Hazen bill; that Mr. Jones refused to sign a petition for better mail facilities unless member Spofford would support the same bill; and many other cases of attempted bribery were proved.

The minority report, signed by four members, discusses with that of the majority as to corrupt attempts to influence the state brokers. Several members sign only portions of both the majority and minority reports, so that there are really several minority reports. The house will proceed to specific cases where the evidence is considered doubtful; but the whole committee agree that bribery was attempted, and the report recommends legislation to prevent the use of railroad passes and to punish attempts at bribery. The house is considering the reports to-day, and will probably adopt the minority report.

A West Virginia Outlaw Captured.

POMEROY, O., Nov. 3.—A message from Racine, seven miles above here, says that Dan Cunningham, who is charged with being the leader of the Jackson and Roane county gang of robbers and murderers, crossed the river from Graham Station to Racine yesterday, and was arrested. He will be turned over to the West Virginia officers. This is the gang that robbed and murdered Rev. Thomas Ryan, and was afterwards pursued, when one of them was captured and lynched and others were shot.

All on Board Perished.

QUEBEC, Nov. 3.—The schooner Marie Victoire, which has been missing for two weeks, capsized on the shoals at Sanpoint, near Mingan Harbor, and all on board were drowned. The names of the lost on board were: Capt. Eugene Bouchas, aged 25 years; Capt. Boucher has lately purchased the schooner and was making his first voyage in her as owner. None of the bodies have yet been recovered.

Minister Washburne's Will.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—The will of the late Elihu B. Washburne was admitted to probate yesterday. The estate is worth $850,000, consisting of personal property valued at $750,000 and real estate to the value of $135,000 and upward. The estate is not to be divided for two years after the death of Mrs. Washburne, which event will occur on Friday the eighteenth day of November next. If she should die before that time the executor, his office, No. 7 Park avenue, in the city of Plainfield, sell the lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate, hereinafter described, at public vendue, for the shortest term for which any person will take the same, and for the most same and pay such taxes, together with interest thereon and all arrears, charges and expenses

Name	Description	Amt. Tax
Allen, Est. Phoebe, H and L cor Second and Plainfield avenue		36 10
Brokaw, Mary A, W 1st, Front street adj Moody's Lane		15 65
Bedley, William H, 25 ft Lot W Front street bet of J. Keefe		1 74
Barnes, Mrs. Sarah, S 5 to 10 acres low land, Randolph road		5 22
Beck, Edward, H and L Plainfield ave bet 3d and 3d streets		7 89
Craig, James H and L Dunellen ave near Second		36 10
Craig, Est Adam, 4 H and 2m farm, North End Dunellen ave's		196 60
Craig, Est Adam, H and L Front street		13 92
Cole, Mulford, 2 House and n cor Dunellen and Jefferson ave		34 80
Cole, Elias, H and L 20 and 22 W Second st		36 10
Cole, Elias, H and L 2 Front street (Homestead)		174 00
Goff, Lewis, H and L Seeley Lot		1 81
Day, Frank, state North avenue		7 89
Dowling, Dr. J. W., 6 Lots Arlington ave		20 68
Dunellen, Est. John, H and L 46 Front street		104 40
Gaston, Patrick, H and L 56 W 3d street		6 09
Goodell, Joseph, H and L 84 E Second st		17 40
Goodell, Joseph, H and L 2 Pine Lot n of Cedar		5 22
Hart, Lucy K., Lots 8 and 9 Block 3 Netherwood avenue		3 48
Hyde, Charles, Lot Woodland avenue		5 70
Hayes, Hr. James, H and L 186 E Front st		60 60
Hyde, Edward, H and L 3 Lots on Rock st near Clinton ave		20 88
Marsh, Mrs. Elizabeth, H and L Madison avenue adj Stockbridge		43 50
McKnight, Est. Robert, H and L 28 s 2d st		6 22
Melbourne, Isaac S., H and L 4 a n corner Dunellen and Clinton ave		17 40
Ohl, Caroline, H and L Lots Pemberton, Elizabeth, Lane Field and Plainfield avenue		36 54
O'Keefe, Anna, 40 ft Lot W 5th street bet of the N. Bank		4 35
Rogers, Marietta, H and L Madison avenue near Stockbridge		36 10
Richardson, Maggie, H and L 81 E 6th st		31 32
Simpson, Robert, H and L n cor Front and Plainfield avenue		36 10
Schuits, Carl, Lot 14 Raymond ave		2 61
Thurworth, Lucie E. H and L Lot s of Trustee Mt Olive church, H and L w cor 2d and Liberty		13 92

Witness my hand this 7th day of September A. D., 1887.

Special Policies — ROBERT DUNHAM, Collector of Delinquent Taxes.

Notice is hereby given that the Tax Payers of the CITY of PLAINFIELD, that the taxes assessed in the year 1887, and that IF THE SAID TAXES [illegible] ID by the

20th day of December next, the names of the respective taxes, Judge for prosecution

COMMISSIONERS OF APPEAL.

In cases of taxation meet at the Common Council on TUESDAY, the next, and sit from o'clock p. m. to hear complaints

JOHN JOHN

Dated Plainfield, [illegible] 1887. [illegible] day of [illegible] 13 cawtd

What We Think

We have just received from the manufacturers what we consider the finest line of Men and Boys' Shoes ever brought to this city in French, (Common Sense) and English toes. Prices: Machine sewed, $5; Hand welt, $6.

Doane & VanArsdale

22 W. Front St.

RICHARD RAY,

Successor to Frank Ray,

Livery Stable,

NORTH AVENUE, Opp Depot, Plainfield.

CARRIAGES TO MEET ALL TRAINS.

Funeral Notice a Specialty.

S. W. WAKEFIELD,

ENGINEER

AND PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER

Special attention given to the heating of dwellings and perfect ventilation by hot water. Also to the setting of Steam Boilers. Have had over four Years' Experience, and for the past year Foreman for Hotchkiss & Co. Can guarantee satisfaction. Orders solicited from Contractors.

OFFICE

80 Somerset Street.

My Reference my work.

JOHN JOHNSON,

Dealer in

Best Quality Coal.

Yard and Office, SOUTH AVENUE.

Orders by Mail Promptly Attended to

P. O. BOX 1467.

TO THE PUBLIC!

We wish to inform our customers and the public generally that we have on hand the

BEST QUALITY OF

LEHIGH COAL,

Fresh from the Mines.

It is under cover and will be protected from the weather. We are also prepared to deliver it well screened and in good order promptly. We are also prepared to furnish all kinds of Dressed Lumber and Masons' Materials at short notice.

A. D. Cook and Bro.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries.

18 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD.

Try the Brunswick Hams and Fresh Filbert and Asbury Kernel Butter.

SATIN-LINED

OVERCOATS

and a large variety of Men and Boys Suits at astonishing low prices.

WERNER'S

MAMMOTH ONE PRICE

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

PUBLIC SALE

OF

Real Estate.

CITY OF PLAINFIELD.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain decree made by Hon. Leon Abbett, Judge of the City of Plainfield in the county of Union, to make the unpaid taxes assessed on lands, tenements, hereditaments and real estate in the said city of Plainfield in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-five, the subscriber, the officer nominated and appointed by the Commissioners, will on and on Friday the eighteenth day of November next, at the hour to be by him fixed, at

HENRY HANCHETT,

(Successor to Hanchett & Sparks)

GROCERS,

CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY

Are serving their patrons as usual with the best goods that money will buy and at the lowest living rat s. Call and see for yourself.

WEST END

COAL YARD,

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.35 per ton, until further notice. Dressed Lumber at all times. Kindling cut by the load. Office No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

INSURANCE.

Isaac Brokaw.

REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

REDUCED STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

Agent for the following first-class fire companies, representing a total of Nearly *Two York, Jersey City, of Jersey City N. J.*

Money to Loan on first mortgages, Valuable Real Estate. Houses rented and collections made. Prompt returns.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

FOR ALL NERVOUS AND BLOOD DISORDERS.

POOD TONIC.

NERVE

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS & HOTEL KEEPERS.

MADE'D BY Carl Kaerth, PLAINFIELD, N. J.

PRICE 50c. A BOTTLE

WOMAN AND HOME.

A LADY CORRESPONDENT TELLS HOW TO CARE FOR THE HAIR.

Dress as a Recreation—A Well Shaped Woman—To Break Up Baby's Cold. Gloves, Corsets and "Reform" Clothing. Stray Bits of Information.

A woman whose hair reaches to her waist, thick as one's wrist when braided, needs no artificial ornament to adorn her head, and shouldn't she spends less care to arrange than a scanty crop. All women can possess such hair if they give the proper care. It is not best to keep the hair closely cut; after seven years it need not be touched by the scissors except to clip the forked ends once every month. Constant brushing is the secret of luxuriant shining tresses, as it strengthens the hair and brings out its natural luster, and, by brushing, the ugliest red hair can be changed to a warm golden tint. Use a hard brush; do not pass it lightly over the hair, but with firm, steady strokes brush until the scalp glows. If just before retiring you loosen your hair and brush it this way you will find you can sleep much better. Braid it in two loose plaits, or, if very short, leave it unbraided, as the hair should always be well aired and need not be bound unnecessarily.

Do not use patent medicines or preparations of any kind, and above all things don't wear night caps, covering the head with a cap is almost as bad as putting a clothes pin on the nose at night to keep out the cold. Many ladies have the mistaken idea that the head and face should be closely covered when walking or even a short distance in the sunshine, going often quite far in the sunlight, except in snow, benefits the complexion as well as the hair. Too heated people should remember that the sun changes the color of their hair to a more aggravating shade.

Combs are not a necessity for long hair, except to comb out tangles; the sharp teeth injure the scalp and produce dandruff. Washing the hair in cold sage tea promotes the growth and prevents falling out; burdock root tea is also good. Washing the hair with ammonia makes it coarse and brittle and splits the ends, instead of which take the yelk of an egg, beat slightly with the hand, adding a few very few drops of water and rub well into the roots of the hair, then repeat makes the hair soft and silky. Allow about two minutes to get nearly dry, then rinse the head well in tepid water, into which put a few drops of ammonia (ammonia is the most beautiful stimulus known for the hair and quickens its growth when nothing else will avail). After washing wipe and rub the hair dry with a towel, brush and part carefully with the fingers and dry in the sun, or, in winter, dry by the fire. Never go into the open air until the hair is thoroughly dry. Shampooing the hair every morning in cold water and then brushing until the scalp glows is good for the hair when it is short and will not dry quickly. Crimping pins do not injure the hair, unless they are of metal and the hair is put up too tight on them. If the hair is unusually oily, a mixture of half an ounce of carbonate of ammonia in a pint of sweet oil makes the best hair invigorator.—Ann Bascuils in Detroit Free Press.

Dress as a Recreation.

If it were not for clothes a great part of the world would have nothing to do and nothing to think about. It would be no sense what books and pictures and brica a brac, music, poetry and conversation are to others. They take the place of metaphysics, astronomy and practical church work. Possibly it may require as much thought to plan a reception gown as to calculate an eclipse, especially when the purse is slender; to imagine a new shape for a bonnet, a new drapery, a new trimming, as to invent a philosophical solution of the universe or to compose a symphony, but the mind is more enlarged and enriched by one than the other. We do not exactly want to live for clothes, to satisfy our souls with such material things, although many are so completely content to give all their leisure and thoughts to them, and are no sooner off with the old clothes than they are on with the new. They always have a dressmaker in the house and shopping on hand. Their literature is fashion reports. They have no interests to speak of apart from this frivolous pursuit, or none so great, so absorbing. Happiness for such people consists in a wardrobe where no omission can be detected.

But let it not be supposed that this adoration of clothes is a peculiarly feminine trait, although more obvious. Are not plants coxcomb both in the masculine gender, and is there any feminine memory in the plant? Of course it may be urged that men have nobler occupations which consume their time, that their minds are not so narrow as to be agitated by the shape of a collar, but this is perhaps only an argument in favor of the higher education of women. If their minds were as elegantly and suitably furnished as those of their husbands, would they not find something more interesting to devote themselves to?

Dress is a kind of recreation, like poetry or music, not the absorbing interest of a lifetime, although one might suspect quite the reverse. Too profound attention to it is debilitating to the mental fiber, like some poisons, it has a cumulative effect; one cannot trifle with it or it asserts itself, and becomes an intoxication in one case, a fetich in another. It is always a pleasure to see well dressed people; a gown that fits badly, colors ill assorted, tawdriness, depress one like bad drawing, like "sweet bells jangling out of tune." But those who put their soul into their clothes, into the hang of a skirt or the set of a sleeve, have generally very little else to bestow and leave no one's own exhausts their resources. "A sweet disorder in the dress" may be advised for artistic effect; it relieves primness and gives a touch of piquancy to toilet; but the disorder must not lapse into a disease; one is not more certainly born with a genius for music, for literature or art, than another is born with a taste for dress, knows what to wear and how to wear it.—Harper's Bazar.

A Well Shaped Woman.

Art should always be based on nature, and no art is true which does not take nature for its model. A perfect, symmetrical, healthy woman of five feet ten inches in height must comply with the following standard: She should be 128 pounds at the least, and could stand up to ten pounds more without injury to health or artistic perfection. The distance between the tips of her two middle fingers, when the arms are extended, should be exactly the same as the height, or ten times the length of her hand, or seven and a half times the length of her foot, or five times the diameter of her chest from one armpit to the other. The distance from the bottom of the thighs to the ground should be the same as from the former point to the top of the head. The knee should be exactly midway from the junction of the thighs to the bottom of the heel.

The distance from the elbow to the tip of the middle finger should be the same as from the elbow to the middle line of the chest. From the top of the head to the chin, with the head posed naturally, should be the same as from the level of the chin to the armpit, or from the heel to the tip of the large toe. The bust of a woman of the height named should be forty-three inches around over the arms, and the waist twenty-four.

The upper part of the arm should be from thirteen and a half to fourteen inches, and the wrist six inches. The ankle should be six inches, the ball of the leg fourteen and the thigh twenty-five. Any woman of the height mentioned who has these measurements can congratulate herself on having as perfect a form as the Creator ever made. Of course the proportions vary with the height.—New York Mercury.

Girls in the Kitchen.

"People make such a fuss about girls not going into service that I've kept a list of reasons against it," said a girl to me in the kitchen, without really knowing that they were giving them, and it's a pretty dreadful list, too. But there! it's both sides, and I'd like a training school for both, and a different way of looking at things all round. There won't be much change till there is."

This remark was repeated to a woman of high social position, "and the root of the problem was intense, and who had made a genuine home for the servants in her own house.

"The thing that strikes me most seriously is," she said, "that the girl's opportunity for a really good marriage ceases the moment she enters a kitchen. Say what you will, and in the natural destiny of woman, and my girls are nice girls, who ought to have a fair chance to find the right mate. Two of them are well educated, and the third is the young professional man or merchant and not disgrace him, but such men would never dream of looking at them. The ordinary kitchen maid is not to be thought of in connection for below them in every way. I don't know what to do about it, but it seems to me that if for any reason she is to be the inmate of the house she should be allowed to continue in domestic service. Am I right or wrong?"

From other witnesses who had thought seriously and impersonally of the girl's side of the question has come much the same testimony.—Helen Campbell.

How to Break Up Baby's Cold.

When a little baby has been cold, not so feverish and sick as to require packing, which one dreads to do because of the increased danger resulting from any exposure afterward, but is snuffling and its head stuffed with red eyes and running nose and stuffed head, I take the little one in my lap several times through the day, and again at bed time, and, with the palm of my hand, gently rub the little feet—soles and tops and ankles—with sweet oil or goose oil, and then hold them long and well before an open fire to thoroughly heat the oil into the skin.

Then I bathe and rub the little bared back from neck to hips, especially along the spine, with oil also, shielding baby's back from cold drafts, and letting the warm rays of fire light and heat it just right, chafing and thoroughly heating till skin will absorb no more oil.

Wrapped in flannel and tucked away in her warm nest for the night, baby often wakes in the morning with but little trace of a cold.

If there is hoarseness with other symptoms of an oncoming cold, for a simple remedy I like to give baby two teaspoonfuls with a bit of butter or sweet oil or lard or all in it, or a few teaspoonfuls of onion syrup made of sliced onions and brown sugar, which helps loosen the throat and clear the bowels, curing away, perhaps, the aggravating source of the cold.—Clarissa Potter in Good Housekeeping.

"Old Fashioned" Rooms.

"Old fashioned" rooms are rather a fad just now. They are furnished just as hundreds of years ago were furnished before the electric craze set in, with hair cloth furniture, pictures in the regulation places—over piano and sofa; cut glass chandeliers, with tinkling drops; heavy curtains, looped back over lace ones, and all the other adjuncts of the "best parlor" of the past. Strange though it may seem, such rooms have a certain solid stateliness of their own, and I am wondering how we wearied with the wilderness of decoration that marks the modern drawing room.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Buttons Going Out.

There is wailing among the button makers. The gorgeous display of imported buttons on ladies' dresses by the dozens and dozens are going out of fashion. The correct thing now is to conceal the fastenings. Boxes and boxes of buttons are stored on the shelves of the dealers. But—such are the compensations of trade—the hook and eye sellers are delighted. —New York Sun.

Relief for Hiccough.

If you should have hiccough try one of the following remedies, every one of which is vouched for by different authorities: Quickly refrigerate the lobe of the ear; clasp the hands with arms raised above the head; press the finger each side under the ear, near jawbone; inhale chloroform until relieved.—Boston Budget.

French Society Fashions.

Many fashionable French ladies are taking to the study of astrology, and are having observatories erected in secluded parts of their grounds. A taste for rare books, curious editions and fine bindings is another fashion among French society ladies.—Demorest's Monthly.

Nothing Left Over.

An apparent surplus at evening entertainments is to be reckoned among the sour things of social life. The time has gone by when people stuff their guests. No dish is filled, and simplicity of menu and service is the charm of elegant hospitality.—Chicago Times.

The occasional washing of the hands with cornmeal and borax soap, in tepid water, helps to keep them soft and smooth, and give fine nails. A little lemon juice is excellent to apply at night.

Some fashionable women in Philadelphia have the backs and seats of bedroom chairs upholstered with silk and filled with broken balsam boughs, which give fragrance for the whole season.

An English physician recommends football for girls. He says it is an exhilarating game and would prove highly beneficial to young ladies who are apt to be morbid or hysterical.

Meat juice and the scrapings of raw beef are sometimes given to sickly children. The eggs of tapeworms might in that way find entrance into the intestines.

Never use a sharp knife in cleaning the nails. Fill under the nails with soap, and then remove it by brushing with a nail-brush.

Women are beneforth to be admitted to the competitions of drawing and modeling in the Paris School of Decorative Art.

Canned tomatoes should be kept where it is dark and dry. Light injures them.

Do not make jelly in damp or cloudy weather.

Cover jellies with sugar when set away.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

A PLEASING EVENING DRESS INTRODUCED BY PARIS MODISTES.

Revival of Irish Poplins in Scotch Plaids. The New Velvet and Augora Cloths. Latests Style in English and French Round Hats.

Recent importations by New York milliners include both English and French round hats. The former in turn embrace a number of styles as to the low crowned kind for it—traveling and morning wear, tall felt hats, with a closely rolled brim; and beaver hats trimmed with loops of velvet ribbon and old silver ornaments.

ROUND HAT WITH WIDE BRIM.

The French round hats are more dressy in effect than are the English hats. Numbered with French hats are felt ones, with the brims rolled up full on either side. They are also hats with wide brims irregularly rolled, and hats with a wide poke front and gay ribbons coming from the back to be loosely in front. The cut here given illustrates a round hat with wide brim and ribbon ties. It is a Paris pattern hat of dark gray felt. The brim, which is lined with black felt and turned up on one side, widens from two to five and one-half inches. A tuft of dark gray feathers furnishes the trimming; the bent tie vest; the bent tie vest; the bent tie vest; the best gilt Jersey Ribbed Vests The Best 40c Shirts and Drawers.

" 50c " "
" $1 " "
" 2.00 " "
" 2.25 " "

The last two mentioned are the celebrated "Natural Wool."

You can surely get suited here in this line of goods. Remember, we are also showing the largest assortment of handsome new

CARPETS

ART SQUARES, RUGS, OIL CLOTHS, etc.

ever shown in this part of the State and at the lowest prices.

AT THE

CITY PHARMACY

21 W. Front street.

May be found careful dispensers, who compound Physicians prescriptions with the utmost care. All prescriptions are checked so that accuracy may be insured. Only the best grades of preparations are used in our prescription Department.

The City Pharmacy is now the place to select

Choice Perfumes

and Toilet Requisites. We have Vichy and and Carbonic Acid Water in our new latest style siphons.

The City Pharmacy will be open Sunday's for COMPOUNDING DRUGS and the SALE OF MEDICINES

ONLY

Hours 9. a. m. to 1 p. m. and 4 to 9 p. m.

FIELD & RANDOLPH

PROPRIETORS.

Telephone Call 109.

AT THE

WHITE FRONT

you can find just what you need for

Fall and Winter Wear

Our stock of Dress Goods have been selected with the greatest care, special attention being paid to the quality and styles, while our prices will be as they have in the past, the lowest. In Ladies, Gents and Children's Underwear we can supply a good size and quality both in red and white. Blankets and comfortables we never sold as low as we are selling them this season. Good blanket for $1 and an extra heavy wool one for $1.50. You will find our price in dress trimmings, ribbons, corsets, Hamburg edges, etc., in fact, on all our stock of notions and fancy goods, are away down. Come and see us and examine our goods and prices and you will be satisfied that White's is the best place to buy your goods.

J. E. White & Son,

of the WHITE FRONT.

FORD & STILES,

Funeral Directors,

and Practical Embalmers.

Office, Warerooms and residence No. 27 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone call 66.

The Newspaper at Home.

In many families the newspaper has become a forbidden object to the hands and eyes of the younger members. Their parents have become unwilling that they should familiarize themselves with the records of crimes to be found there, with the fact of the frequency of such crimes, or with the frequently successful methods of committing them, while in many cases the advertisements have become sources of apprehension. It is a pity, however, to deprive the growing children of all knowledge of what is going on in the world in different regions from those of crime, and households have always their safeguard in the provision of a weekly paper which, while giving its readers abreast with the current of the world, is not bound as a matter of news to the daily consideration of the last theft or murder.—Harper's Bazar

The Housekeeper's Recreation.

A woman can be a good housekeeper without making all her time to do her business. If she cannot let her, after all, be satisfied to be an ordinarily good one, and take some of the time from her previously self imposed drudgery for reading, education of children, self improvement and for recreation. There is no reason why a long programme of work should be laid out for every day, nor why it should be carried through at all hazards. If each hour of the day is arranged for some kind of work, one hour at least ought to be set apart for recreation, and that hour of all others, rigidly observed.—Cor Good Housekeeping.

A Lesson in Gloves.

By the by, have you seen those most curious gloves, underwear and stockings that fill a window on Broadway! They call it "Primrose," but it is the brightest, most glaring, most assertive yellow I have ever seen in my life. Who in the world would have courage to clothe herself in this get up? The gloves and stockings are sufficiently long, with the assistance of the silk skirt, to envelop over the body, and I am wondering what bellet dancer will add to it all with a black sash and make herself a study in yellow and black for the front row.

When will women learn that gloves intense in color simply make their hands look large and prominent? For, really, anything that attracts the eye to the hand not only increases their size. That is one reason why white gloves have such an abominable effect. Don't you remember the old fashioned photographs where per- had their hands arranged in the most ridiculous manner over the backs of imp- chairs—that is, impossible out of a photograph gallery—and where the first thing you saw, or rather the first thing that struck you, was the deadly whiteness of the hands and their immense size? In the same way the modern photograph ing one might wear a five glove, but in the picture it looked like nine.—"Bab" in New York Star.

Let Us Remember Home.

Let us make flannel shirts for the Hottentots, interest ourselves in mighty charities, or become, in a word, models of public spirit. But let us not quite forget our homes. In our homes are lips that often and often will yearn for cups of cold water, and sad, weary hearts will gladden and grow fresh again when a sip is given, unasked, by a thoughtful, loving hand. The small offerings cost so little! There is nothing in the world that costs so little and is yet so priceless. The fire burning brightly upon the hearth, the favorite dish upon the table, the cold water to the humble laborer when evening calls him home, and the baby lifted from the mother's tired arms, a strong hand at the heavy kettle, an appreciative eye for the capital bread and the nice tea—this is the cup, returned full and overflowing, that half banishes the cares of the day, and brings new light into loving eyes. The old fashioned hymn tune and song for the silver haired father, the ready fingers that thread the needle for grandma's failing eyes, the word of encouragement for the grieved child—these are such little cups, and yet they are so blessed!—St. Louis Magazine.

The Actress and Her Stays.

It is said that years ago Mrs. Scott Siddons' dressmaker advised her to leave off her corsets. "What, lose my stage figure!" cried the "Impossible!" The dressmaker urged that she was losing her figure anyhow, and that the only means of saving it was to take radical measures at once. "Well, here goes me stays," said the actress, and she made a proceeded to fit her a twenty-five inch waist. At the end of the season she came back again. "Make me another, seven inches waist," she demanded, but in the meantime her figure below and above the waist had resumed their normal proportions, her skin had grown two shades fairer and clearer, and she looked younger. Since then she has never worn a stay, and she says that while none before she abandoned them it was all she could do to drag herself about, while now she is as expressed was then she was so fresh and vigorous that she could have done much more and not marked it. She still occasions to wear very gorgeous gowns.—New York World.

"Reform Clothing" for Women.

The movement in the direction of what is called "reform clothing" for women is certainly progressing. I had occasion to visit a shop where women's wear is sold and was astonished at the quantity and variety of "improved" garments kept in stock. A good many of them seem to be very sensible, too, for they combine an amount of comfort in their use with that gracefulness of appearance which seems to find an essential of the fashions. The shopkeeper said: "There are hundreds of ladies wearing the divided skirt now, though only about four houses. When they go out of doors they dress in the old style. In the new fashions of underclothing however, the use is getting to be universal. Women are more and more sensibly dressed now than ever before, but they will never come to trousers, you may be sure."

As the speaker was a woman and a smart one, I am happy to take her word for it.—Philadelphia Times in New York News.

Woman's Sorrows and Cruelty.

No, the pathos of life is not exhausted in the sorrows of women; nor is its cruelty altogether the prerogative of men. It need not be told here how merciless are the exactions of social life in our great cities, with their inexorable "must be's" and "must have's," yet women, whose eyes will overflow as they talk of the burden of human sorrow and cruelty which weighs on the lot of love and mercy rules their lives will accept these killing sacrifices. They feel no compunction as they put on graceful costumes and wreathe their faces, perhaps, in a mask of toil, of anxiety, of heartache, and, alas! even under too great a pressure, a departure from a strict kind of honesty. Do we not all know that life is full of wrecks made in this way—of men each of whom, like Lydgate in George Eliot's story, starts with pure white sails on what is to be a triumphal voyage—no mistakes such as other men have made—but, she who should have been his inspiration, his star, is his ruin! With her incorrectable mind she is to the inexorable rock upon which he is wrecked, and his lofty aspiration and fair ideal go down fathoms deep in mud and slime.—Mary Parmele in American Magazine.

Professional Cards.

DR. F. E. HENDRICKSON, DENTIST, office, No. 18 East Front street. Gas administered.

B. DUSGATE, ARCHITECT, 3 North avenue, opposite depot, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES H. SMITH, ARCHITECT, No. 206 Broadway, New York, rooms 6 and 7. Residence, Plainfield, corner Front and Watchung avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call 77.

C. O. HOWARD, Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Office corner Front and Second street.

DR. CHAS. R. THEIRS, DENTIST, 2 East Front street, offers his local anesthetic application for extracting teeth without pain. Gold filling a specialty.

ELECTRIC BATHS.

DR. Gritten is prepared to treat all nervous diseases, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, asthma, Catarrh, rheumatism, dyspepsia, constipation and chronic diseases generally, by electricity and electric baths. Consultation free. Attendant for the ladies. 61 East Second street, corner of Washington street.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

J. ARTHUR CODINGTON, Counsellor at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Office corner of Park avenue and Second st.

J. H. FERSTER, Veterinary Surgeon. Office in Laing's old stand, rear of Front street, on Plainfield avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Day and night calls promptly attended. Telephone Call No. 16. Consultation on diseases of all domesticated animals. Residence 72 East Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 240 Broadway, New York city, rooms 26 and 27. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence Plainfield N. J.

L. JENKINS, M. D. Office, No. 2 E. W. South, 58 Front St near Peace street, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Educational.

MISS. MEYER Of the Front street will commence school for fancy work, crocheting and ladies handiwork, on Oct. 1. All ladies and children desiring to obtain instruction will call at the above place or address for terms. Samples of work can be seen at Edgehill on West Front street. 9 13 2m

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of Piano, Organ, Singing, receives either at her own or at pupils residence. Liberal terms. Address Box 107 Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1107.

LOCUTION.

L Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Maud Alcott, P. O. Box 1107.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

The Misses Gardner and Miss Newton's, School for Girls, will reopen at their residence, 10 North Washington street, Plainfield, for particulars address P. O. Box 815, Plainfield.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,

18 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS,

CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Jimerson & Coyne,

have opened a store at

16 East Front St.

where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as first-class

Merchant Tailors,

to examine their fine line of samples, which they make up to order, at prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

PARK HOUSE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements for parties and families desiring table board, and in stormy weather to be transferred to and from the Hotel.

Terms reasonable.

EVAN JONES,

PROPRIETOR.

CENTRAL AND COMPLETE HOTEL IN THE

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

BUILDER

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE,

P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N. J.

Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 25 years experience.

CENTRAL R. R.

OF NEW JERSEY.

Trains in New York, foot of Liberty Street: (Commencing Sunday, Oct. 30, 1887.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 5.45, 6.32, 7.06, 8.02, 9.02, 10.02, 11.02 a. m., 12.02, 1.02, 2.02, 3.02, 4.02, 5.02, 6.02, 7.02, 8.02, 9.02, 10.02, 11.02 p. m. Sunday at 3.37, 5.45, 6.32, 8.02, 9.02, 10.02, 11.02 a. m., 12.02, 1.02, 2.02, 3.02, 4.02, 5.02, 6.02, 7.02, 8.02, 9.02, 10.02, 11.02 p. m.

Leave New York, Pavonia ferry, Second st. and Cortlandt street, at 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Passengers for Dunellen change cars at Bound Brook.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.31, 11.30 a. m.; 2.08, 3.16, 4.38, 5.36, 6.35, 8.04, 9.03, 10.05, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 8.04, 9.17, 10.30 a. m. Sunday at 5.10, 10.14 a. m.; 3.45, 8.11, 9.05, 11.30 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.07, 6.25, 7.09, 7.59, 8.15, 9.09, 10.15, 11.15 a. m.; 12.53, 2.00, 3.25, 5.05, 5.23, 6.15, 7.15, 8.40 p. m. Sunday at 8.30, 11.05 a. m., 1.00, 6.30 p. m.

Passengers for Somerville change cars at Bridgewater.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.32, 9.31 a. m., 2.16, 4.38, 5.36, 6.35 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook at 6.45 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.55, 8.07 a. m.; 12.40, 4.15, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.15 a. m. 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at Bird-in-Hand for Bird-in-Hand, Lancaster, Lake Houston, etc. Sundays for Easton, 7.14 a. m.—For Pennington.

8.32 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, the Del. Water Gap, Mauch Chunk.

9.31 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Elmira, Tunkhannock, Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

5.16 p. m.—For Pennington, High Bridge branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, etc.

6.02 p. m.—For Flemington.

8.38 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Bound Brook, Camden and Atlantic Connections, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 8.02, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.54 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.57 a. m.

For Tuckahoe, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Cape May, Anglesea, Wildwood, Holly Beach, Atlantic City, Somers Point, Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Long Branch, Red Bank, Matawan, Keyport, Freehold, Jamesburg, Monmouth Junction, Hightstown, Trenton, Philadelphia, Bordentown, Mount Holly, Lumberton, Vincentown, Pemberton, Medford, Moorestown, Camden, Atlantic City, Cape May, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Tuckahoe, Millville, Vineland, Bridgeton, Salem, Glassboro, Woodbury, Swedesboro, Paulsboro, Gloucester, Woodbury, Salem, Bridgeton, Millville, Vineland,

THE "SCARE CAT" DEVICE.

A New Invention That Must Meet with General Approval.

Mr. Bart Kane, of Brooklyn, E. D., president of the Scare Cat club, has the thanks of this office for a copy of his new invention called the "Scare Cat." Thinking that a little short description of the device would not be devoid of interest to the public I have, in company with the author, examined and criticised it and must heartily indorse it.

The machine or appliance consists of a decollate black walnut box, around which an elastic gum band is lightly attached. Inside the low rock box a small bait is arranged in such a way as to catch the eye of the common, midnight, predatory Tom cat. He executes a low, passionate wail, smells the bait and hunts for it. When he takes his head out of the low rock lunch counter a common elastic band goes with him at a rapid rate across the state of New York.

The following day a cat with a swollen appearance and apoplectic bulging eye is found dead in the corner of a fence in St. Lawrence county. Thus does the "scare cat" save much in the outlay of boot-jacks in New York, and add to the business of the coroner in St. Lawrence county.

The attractive features of the "scare cat" are so apparent to the casual observer that when the president of the Scare Cat club of Brooklyn opened out on the corner of the City Hall park, near the postoffice, not long ago, the crowd overwhelmed Mr. Kane, and a policeman had to prohibit the sale of this great boon on the streets of our town.

I can truly say that after successfully using the "scare cat" for a night or two on a delegation of silver throated songsters of Staten Island, we have been in the habit of coming underneath our casement at eventide and singing, "Sweet Spirit, Hear My Prayer," that it is a good thing. Nine baritone cats with purple faces and bulging eyes tried to catch the 12 o'clock boat for New York, and died before they could get their tickets chopped.

I sleep well now and miss that seal brown taste in the mouth which I formerly noticed on getting up. Life seems to wear a more roseate hue, and I say frankly to Mr. Kane that he is my benefactor. The common elastic band sold at stationery stores is all the outlay required each night, and it will make a common tortoise shell cat hang his tongue out so far that any physician can readily ascertain what is the matter with him.

The "scare cat" has a wonderful career ahead of it, and I have no doubt that in the near future it will be so far perfected that by putting a nickel in one corner it will catch a contralto cat, pull his tongue out nine inches, play a tune and bury the cat.—New York World.

The Prodigal Son.

Prodigal Son—Father, I have spent my substance and have arisen and returned to thee.

Practical Father—What did you spend all that money on?

"Ammar photography."

"Kill the fatted calf and send it to the nearest idiot asylum. My son will dine there to-morrow."—Omaha World.

The Cane's Revenge.

—Life.

No Fears for a Coal Famine.

It is claimed that a coal famine is imminent and that western families will have to burn corncobs this winter. This is not overly encouraging to drought stricken Kansas, Iowa, Illinois and Wisconsin, where there is nothing but cobs three inches long; but for Nebraska, where the cobs are used for baseball bats, we consider the famine with a remarkable degree of composure. As long as the festive cornsob maintains its present mammoth proportions coal diggers may strike, and coal dealers may peal, the Nebraska hearth will still be warm and cozy. Eastern strikers may put this in their cob pipes and smoke it.—North Bend (Neb.) Flail.

Couldn't Aim.

A Boston young man was taken out by some Fort Worth gunners to kill ducks at Hurst's lake. As a large flock of canvas backs floated right by him, and he didn't shoot, one of the Fort Worthites got excited and yelled:

"Why in thunder didn't you shoot?"

"Why," answered the Boston man, "every time I put my gun level at one, four or five other blamed green headed fools would swim right in between so I never could get a good shot at one."

The party went home.—Texas Colonel.

Mistake of Identity.

Omaha Man—Do you intend to lecture in Omaha?

Eastern Stranger—Lecture!

"Yes, you lecture, don't you, or perhaps you only write?"

"I am not a lecturer or an author, sir. I am a manufacturer of car stoves."

"Oh! I beg your pardon. My friend Bilkins must have made a mistake. He told me you were a noted cremationist."—Omaha World.

Very Encouraging.

"Do you think, doctor, we will have the cholera here in New York this winter?" asked an inquisitive man of a New York health officer.

"I have studied the matter closely," replied the official with great deliberation, "and it is my opinion, from all I can gather, that if our present exemption from cholera continues for six months we will not have any cholera this year."—Texas Siftings.

To a Fix.

First Art Critic at an exhibition)—Great Scott!

Second Art Critic—I should say so.

"How under the sun are we to get up our critiques?"

"I don't know. There is no way to distinguish good paintings from bad."

"None at all. There isn't a single price mark in the whole catalogue."—Omaha World.

A Practical Suggestion.

Beggar—Please, sir, give a poor man some assistance.

Gent.—I've nothing for you.

Beggar—You might subscribe on the installment plan, and pay over the first installment now and the rest on the first of the month. Then you wouldn't feel it much.—Texas Siftings.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE 35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE

(In Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen so that CONTRACTS

MADE AT ONCE

may be filed as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without defacing ceilings and walls and in most cases existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments or the lights

RATES FOR DOMESTIC LIGHTING

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Door Numbers,

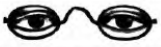
DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS

at

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,

13 Park avenue.

Sole Agent for DR. KING'S Spectacles



McDONOUGH & MARTIN,

Horseshoers, 39 Somerset Street,

All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated new "ship knee" calks shoes, will please leave the orders for same at our shop before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to supply the large demand which these celebrated shoes have. Persons desiring to use these will please bring their horse to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

CHEAP BOOKS.

We have a large line of popular books in nice cloth binding, good paper and good print at only 39 cents each. These include Emerson's Essays, Carlyle's Sartor Resartus, Adam Bede, Guy Mannering, etc., etc. Also many books for children at 15, 20, 25, 30 cents and upward.

A. W. RAND,

24 W. Front street.

THE

People's Market,

BANO, 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats,

Groceries,

Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. R. H. Bachman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC,

AND SANITARY PLUMBER,

Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also elected a member of that body of practical plumbers I am prepared to do plumbing in any locality. City or Town, 9 North avenue. Plainfield, N. J. 35-1y

I have secured the agency for the above named and will keep a full line of the goods constantly on hand at the lowest possible prices, and guarantee satisfaction in every instance. Call and examine the goods and get prices. It will be a pleasure to show the goods to the public. It allows the ray of light to enter the eye with the least possible resistance.

AT DOANE'S,

Formerly Clare's, No. 9, Park Avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have adde

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further

until you have visited my store and inspected MY

Ladies $2 SHOE

either in common sense or opera toe style.

They are Beauties.

I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.

J. J. KENNEY.

No. 20 NORTH AVENUE.

BENNER'S

FRUIT MARKET

Nos. 66 and 68 East Front street,

Now open with a supply of

Fruit, Vegetables, etc.

at NEW YORK PRICES.

This place, stock and fixtures for sale including a two years' lease. Rent low doing a good business.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE NORTH, PLAINFIELD

P. O. BOX 930.

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 27 WEST FRONT

Boston Clothing House

will remove to 42 W. Front street on July 1st. Previous to removal we will offer all our stock at reduced prices. Indigo Blue Suits $6.50. Men's all wool Cassimere pants from $2 to $4, reduced from $3 and $5. Reductions all along the line. Children's suits and knee pants at cost.

R. J. PERKINS,

29 PARK AVENUE.

MEATS.

GEO. A. MOORE.

(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to supply patrons with the best grades of Fresh and Salt

MEATS

fish of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance.

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Franklin Place.

DEALER IN

Blue Stone Flagging.

P. O. Box 823

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mrs. Lindsays,

Intelligence Office,

No. 92 West Front street.

Evergreens, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsay.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone,

60, 70 & 80 Cents,

May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-29-1y

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2,

at Mrs. Demens's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 98, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker

and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 62 somerset Street,

Grocer and Seedsman,

Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Martin Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine Sugars, Tea, Coffees, etc., etc. Cooks, pure cider Vinegar 4½ cars old, fruit jars, jelly cans. White Seranite, Yellow Rock, stone, Earthen and Glassware, Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,

Kalsominer

No. 13 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and whitewashed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 10 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,

(From Paris, successor to Jules Boutes.)

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, tonics and powders. Masquerade and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,

Corner of Green street and Green Brook road, dealer in all kinds of

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures.

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

78 Somerset street,

Meat Market,

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 14.

Ten Eyck's

Meat Market,

Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

L. McVoy,

Driven Wells.

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 83 E. Front.

T. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Books, Stationery,

and Music, 27 1-2 West Front street.

Farmer's Hotel,

Somerset street, near Front,

Boarding, Permanent or Transient. Stabling for horses by day, week or month. Terms moderate. Jacob Blimm, proprietor.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

BLANK BOOKS,

MEMORANDUM BLOCKS,

(Tablets, Writing and Drawing Books.)

LANGUAGE LESSONS,

Lead Pencils, etc., at low prices. Also full line of

Pure Confectionery

the largest assortment sold in town.

R. C. FISHER'S,

24 West Fourth street, opp. Public School

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE.

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of all kinds of

FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

Special attention given to

POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.

Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete as near as possible with

NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.

We solicit a call that we may convince that we DO sell

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For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at

A. VANDERBEEK, 32 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

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WALL PAPERS.

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WALL PAPER.

WINDOW SHADES,

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58 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

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LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.

Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.

45 WEST FRONT STREET.

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Represents the following first-class Insurance companies,

Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen of England; The Merchants of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at best rates, has

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on approved security and has bargains in

REAL ESTATE

Office Berry's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second st.

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Bicycles, Tricycles

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English and American Sundaies. Sole Agents Victor Club, Rudge, Humber, Rover, Safety and other cycles.

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H. SERRELL, Plainfield avenue.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR

HATS, SHIRTS & TRUNKS

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Hat Store,

12 PARK AVE. Next to Walker's Bakery.

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of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

at New York Prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strangers for drawing and oil painting

CHINA,

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Latest Novelties in ROYAL WORCESTER and CRESCENT CARLSBAD WARE.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH

DINNER SETS.

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15 E. Front street.

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L. HEYNIGER,

45, 46 and 47 Somerset street,

Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED,

BALED HAY, etc.,

WOODENWARE

etc., at LESS than New York Prices.

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FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.

ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Blue Stone Flagging,

SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS.

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Sixteen Years' Experience.

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Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue.

P. O. BOX 186.

We also supply all orders for building sand home, as formerly, derived from the factory owned

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John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 98.

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Carpenter & Builder

OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.

Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder,

JOBBING

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

P. O. Box 260.

Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,

Establisher 1867

Carpenter & Builder,

36 EAST THIRD STREET.

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

PEARSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 1431.

W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street

H. E. Gayle No. 34 East Second street.

All Work Promptly Attended to.

R. A. Ross,

11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,

Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Sauns,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens. P. O. Box, 1258. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Residence, Evens, P. O. Box 350.

Carpenter and Builder,

25 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Madison avenue and Third street,

Manufacturers of Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 212.

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Undertakers and Embalmers

58 PARK AVENUE.

Telephone Call 40. Residence 48 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 37. Office Hillside cemetery.

LAING'S HOTEL,

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

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Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

BENJ. F. MOORE

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and dealer in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.

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LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, TABLES AND CHAIRS.

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CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

18 Somerset street,

PLAINFIELD.

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Fidelity & Casualty

COMPANY, issues

Accident Policies

for

$10,000

insuring

1. In event of death	$10,000
2. For loss of two hands	10,000
3. For loss of two feet	10,000
4. For loss of one hand and one foot	10,000
5. For loss of both eyes	5,000
6. For loss of one hand or of one foot	$3,333.33
7. For loss of one e	$1,250
8. For disabling injuries during the continuance of same, per week,	$50

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amount.

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OPPOSITE DEPOT.

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Everlasting,

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Great Success with Children's Portraits.

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EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.

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It cures the most obstinate cases of chills and fever and all malarial disorders.

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C. H. RUGG,

Successor to Morgan Bird,

Dealer in none but best quality Coal, such as

Yeddo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring brook and Council Ridge Coal Well screened.

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Orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.

No. 61 Park Avenue,

Bird's Yard,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1864. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1887. Price Two Cents

JOTTINGS.

—The front of Barkalow & Dunn's store on North avenue is being treated to a coat of paint, which greatly improves its appearance.

—From four o'clock to seven to-morrow evening are the hours for the reception to the Republican nominees in Republican Headquarters.

—The five boys arrested yesterday for burning wood stolen from Mr. A. L. Cadmus' lumber yard were discharged by City Judge Ulrich, to-day, with a reprimand.

—At the last meeting of the Board of Governors of Muhlenberg Hospital Rufus K. Cane was elected President, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Rockhill Potts.

—Joseph Dunn of New street met with a painful accident while engaged at his work in the Potter Press Works Wednesday. He was running a machine in the room and the second finger on his hand got caught in the gearing, severely smashing it. A physician dressed the wound.

—The anniversary of the Guild of the Parish of Grace Church will be held in the church to-morrow—*Saturday*—night at eight o'clock. The address will be delivered by the Rev. Dr. Langford of N. Y. The public are cordially invited to attend.

—Thanksgiving Day, now three weeks off, marks for most families the time to begin preparations for Christmas. The seasons roll rapidly round to busy grown people, though the children find long intervals between their holidays. To them, Christmas is yet a long way off.

—There is said to be a scarcity of pennies in some localities, where they command a premium. A Newark firm has sent an order to the mint for 200,000, and another firm has had an order at the mint for over a month for 50,000. A Boston firm has also sent an order for $10,000 worth.

—Superintendent Tabor and Foreman Skelley of this city went to Morristown Wednesday afternoon with a new electrical armature to replace the one recently burned out. They left this city about three p. m., and before eight p. m. they had the armature in place and the lights burning.

—Mesmerist John Reynolds will appear at Reform Hall every evening, except Thursday, next week. The admission price is 25 and 35 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents. Mr. Reynolds' previous pleasing exhibitions in this city are well remembered and need no endorsement. His own reputation is enough to bring a large audience.

—A hotel clerk gives as a reason for using the slow burning sulphurous matches in such general use in hotels, that they are safer in the hands of most guests than the better quality of matches that burn so readily and rapidly. If this be the true reason the action of the hotels using such matches is commendable, but there are those who think that economy is a stronger motive on the part of the hotels than consideration for the safety of the guests.

—At a meeting of Franklin Council, No. 41, Jr. O. U. A. M., held in their rooms on East Front street, last evening, State Organizer Rollinson of Rahway was present and found the council in a very prosperous condition. A communication was read from State Councillor Butterworth of New Brunswick, announcing Sunday, Nov. 20, as a day of Thanksgiving and Praise. A committee was appointed to await on a prominent minister to preach an appropriate sermon for the occasion.

—Considerable merriment was caused by Justice Louis F. Wadsworth at the recent Third Assembly District Democratic Convention. The Justice was speaking of the virtues of his party and said, "I am proud that I am a Democrat—proud because it is better to be a dweller in the tents of the ungodly than it is to be a door-keeper in the house of the Lord." Of course he corrected himself, and said that he meant it was preferable to be a door-keeper in the house of the Lord than a dweller in the tents of the wicked, but there was a roar of laughter all the same.

—At a meeting of Gazelle Engine Company, held Wednesday, it was decided to take the steamer, which has just returned from the Manchester Locomotive Works, where it was thoroughly overhauled, out for a "wash" some evening next week. A Committee, comprising Messrs. Andrew Love, Sr., Vincent L. Frasee, Thaddeus O. Doane, Vincent W. Nash and John B. Gable, was appointed to invite the Chief and Assistant Engineers, members of the Fire Board and officers of the various companies to participate upon their return they will partake of a collation to be prepared.

—"Monbars," the next play to be given at Music Hall, as elsewhere advertised, is by the author of "The Two Orphans," which has made fame and fortune for the author and the leading actress. An examination of the notices given by the leading papers of the country where the drama has been presented with great success, impresses one with the opinion that it is something worth seeing by playgoers, especially as it is said with Mr. Mantell in the leading role, an actor who made great fame in the play of Fedora, in which Fanny Davenport appeared here a few evenings ago, and in which Mr. Mantell by his superior acting so greatly assisted in making a success.

—Mr. Julia Cuff—the colored woman who, as referred to yesterday, within a week after confinement got crazed with liquor and attempted to set fire to her house and murder her children—was said to have boasted yesterday that although she had been out the night before, she never felt better in her life. It appears the chickens she was supposed in the night to have stolen from a neighbor and sold for rum, were taken from her own coop. They were sold to a grocer, and with the money she tried to purchase liquor at Blatz' Hotel, but Mr. Blatz would not allow any to be sold to her and sent her off the premises. She did not have any trouble elsewhere in getting liquor from the saloons, putting her in a condition which was prevented from being of tragical consequences by only the vigilance of neighbors.

—The total number of votes registered in the various wards of this city is 1,945, divided up as follows: First Ward, 483; Second Ward, 446; Third Ward, 370; Fourth Ward, 646.

—Ladies wishing to save money will do well to look at the assortment of woolen hoods at the Bee Hive, who also offers a special line of kid gloves this week.

—The funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Annie Schroope will be held in St. Joseph's church to-morrow morning at ten o'clock, as per notice elsewhere.

—The conductors on the passenger and freight trains of the Central Railroad of New Jersey had their wages raised yesterday. The passenger conductors will hereafter receive $3.50 per day.

—It is a significant fact that the delegates to the Third Assembly District Democratic Convention re-assembled, after adjournment, in a Plainfield saloon. Remember that Senator Livingston admitted that his party is the rum party.

—Jos. B. Miller and Brother, proprietors of Leland Hotel, last night purchased the Onderdonk property on Seventh street, from Mr. J. P. Onderdonk of Philadelphia. The price stated is $30,000. The property includes the entire square from Seventh street to Eighth, and from Central avenue to Madison, excepting the corner of Eighth street and Central avenue, owned by Councilman Gilbert.

—There are about 300 voters in North Plainfield, of whom probably two-thirds are Republican. At the Democratic meeting held a few evenings ago for the purpose of organizing a Borough Democratic Association, and which is spoken of as a large assemblage, there were 26 voters present, only 18 of the number joining the proposed association. Facts make the columns of a contemporary appear even more silly than usual, and which has become so utterly contemptible as to be absolutely beneath notice.

—Probably the greatest treat to be presented in Plainfield for many a day is the entertainment to be given at the Methodist church next Thursday, by Marshall P. Wilder, as elsewhere advertised. Mr. Wilder has appeared before and delighted Queen Victoria and the Prince and Princess of Wales. Among others, Sarah Bernhardt is reported to have said that Mr. Wilder is the best reader she has ever heard. But that doesn't count for much alongside of our Rev. Dr. Hurlbut, who regards him among the funniest.

—Work was begun to-day on a new three-story brick building, 22x65 feet, on Somerset street, corner of Jackson avenue, for Mr. J. H. Woods of the Woods Bros. Woods Brothers, millers, to cost between $8,000 and $9,000. The ground floor will be a store, and the two upper stories will be made into flats. The building is to be ready for occupancy by March 1st. The ground on which the building is to be erected is part of the property belonging to the French homestead, the old frame building thereon having been erected in 1806 for Mr. P. M. French by his father.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The State Supreme Court at Trenton yesterday rendered decisions in a large number of cases, including the following:

Bray vs. Chosen Freeholders of Hudson. Held that the act authorizing the Board of Freeholders in certain counties to lay out and improve roads as unconstitutional.

Newark Aqueduct Board vs. Newark City. Application for a mandamus to compel Council to raise the sum of $3,500 refused.

Associates of Jersey Company and National Docks Company vs. Jersey City. Held that the fact of the payment of a tax promptly does not prevent the Commissioners of Appeal from raising the valuation afterward. Increased valuation affirmed.

Ontario Railroad Company vs. State Board of Assessors. Involves the construction of the Twelfth Section of the General Railroad and Telegraph Act of 1884. The Court decided that the assessment of the Board was excessive and ruled that it should conform with the act.

Barney vs. Jersey City. To recover a penalty under an ordinance relative to the care of sidewalks in regard to snow. Judgment reversed.

Salmon vs. Haynes, Mayor of Newark; application for mandamus to compel the Mayor to sign a resolution to pay a bill of $70. Held that when the resistance of a veto is overcome by the lawful duties are ministerial and he must sign the warrant ordered by Council. Peremptory mandamus ordered.

State vs. American Powder Company; indictment for polluting water of a stream, thereby destroying the fish. Held to be good.

As a result of Sheriff Stiles' winning his suit against the Union County Board of Freeholders, Sheriff Withington of Mercer will begin suit to recover payment from that county for the care of the prisoners throughout his term. During that time Mercer county has had a warden who has been paid $100 a month. Sheriff Withington claims that his case is parallel with Stiles' in Union.

The Fire Tax Decision.

President Wm. E. Jones of the Fire Board was interviewed this morning concerning yesterday's decision of the Supreme Court, which states that the Fire Department has no right to tax residents of Plainfield and North Plainfield.

"I haven't yet seen an official copy of the decision," he said, "and therefore don't know just what the result will be. There is one thing sure under an existing old law we have a right to raise not more than $7,000 on perishable property. Of course this will not pay our expenses, but we will have to make it go as far as we can, if we can't get any more than that. We surely will not pay out money from our own pockets."

Fire Commissioners Fred. Knowland and W. K. McClure had not seen the decision, either, save as published in THE NEWS, they said, but declined to make much *comment; but their opinions concurred with* that of Mr. Jones.

Judge Geo. P. Suydam, who argued the case for the defense, says that he hasn't yet received a copy of the decision, but expects one to-night. As he understands it, it looks as though the decision would knock the fire department out completely. He thinks that if affects the "$7,000 act" of 1886 as well as the original ordinance of 1849.

PERSONAL.

Julian Hawthorne, the celebrated fiction-writer, has returned from Sag Harbor to his home in Scotch Plains.

Gen. Eli Long and his daughter, Miss Mary Long, of Grove street, have arrived home from their Fall pleasure trip.

Superintendent Tabor of the Electric light has so far recovered from the serious injuries to his foot as to be able to walk out with the aid of crutches.

A social gathering was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Vermeule on Liberty street last evening. Music and dancing were features of the occasion

James S. Henry died at his home in North Plainfield yesterday, aged 76 years, 5 months and 26 days. The funeral will take place from the Holy Cross church to-morrow afternoon at four o'clock.

The Rev. Dr. VanMeter, pastor of the M. E. church, will give the second lecture of the Reform Club free course at Reform Hall Thursday evening, Nov. 10, at eight o'clock. The subject is, "A Peep on the West Coast of Africa."

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel McDavitt of West Third street celebrated the first anniversary of their marriage at their residence last evening. A number of their friends were present, and a most pleasant evening was enjoyed.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac W. Pangborn of Rockview avenue, North Plainfield, have issued invitations for the wedding reception of their daughter, Nellie May, and Chas. H. Lyman, to be held Thursday evening, Nov. 17, from eight o'clock to ten.

Adelaide Grannette, daughter of William B. Grannette of West Fourth street near Grant avenue, has recovered from the injuries received from leaping from a moving train on the Plainfield station, so as to be able to go about the house. The Central Railroad Company will foot the doctor's bill.

The funeral services over the remains of the late George A. Jackson, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Jackson, who died Tuesday night, took place from the residence of his parents yesterday afternoon at half past two o'clock. Interment was made in Evergreen Cemetery.

A select party of friends were entertained Wednesday night by Mr. Mrs. E. C. A. Woltman at *their residence on Madison* avenue. Among those present were Chas. Schipper, Dr. Hedges, Mrs. S. A. Potter, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wann, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Lowitz, Miss Schipper, Miss Mildred Potter and Mr. and Mrs. W. Acton.

The funeral services over the remains of Eddie, the five-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Blimm, who died yesterday morning from a severe illness with inflammatory croup, took place from the residence of his parents, on Somerset street, at three o'clock this afternoon; the Rev. Mr. Koechli, pastor of the German Reformed church, officiated. Interment was made in the Presbyterian cemetery, North Plainfield.

The amateur musical and dramatic entertainment recently given in the parlors of Mrs. K. C. Conant, at Evona, netted $100 for the benefit of the Church of Heavenly Rest. It is understood that a similar treat will be given each month during the season. The next meeting will be Nov. 23d. Among others who will take part are: Wade Whipple, Mr. F. R. Tilton, Mr. J. H. Stubbs, Miss May MacReynolds, William T. Angele, Mr. J. O. Stevens, Mr. G. O. Stevens, Miss Florence A. Stevens, Miss *Dora Wilcox* and Miss *Etta C.* Koinicin.

Charles W. Sanford, formerly of Seventh street, corner Plainfield avenue, is now in St. Paul, Minnesota. From that city he writes: "Although St. Paul and Minneapolis have about the same population, Minneapolis has four first-class, one second-class and one third-class theatre, while St. Paul has only one first-class and one third-class. A new playhouse has just been built in Minneapolis; and they talk of building another in St. Paul. Another is being made to raise $40,000 with which to build the ice palace; I judge that there will be no difficulty in securing that amount. The ice palace will be built upon the Winter here. I like the West very much. The population of St. Paul is increasing rapidly. Last year forty factories were built, and the gain in population was 32,000; next year, it is expected, it will be enlarged by 50,000."

A Brakeman Injured.

John Carrid of Dunellen, a brakeman on drill engine No. 90, met with a painful accident at the railroad station in this city shortly after eight o'clock this morning. He was engaged in putting on the brake on a freight car which was being drilled on a side track, when the wooden beam to which the brake-chain is attached underneath the car suddenly broke, and he was thrown backward. In the fall his body struck the steel rails and he received painful injuries about the face, body and lower limbs. Dr. J. T. Fritts was summoned and after a hasty examination ascertained that no bones were broken, but the man is suffering from a severe nervous shock. He was taken to his home by train.

Jugs that Held $85.

The Home Missionary Society connected with the First Baptist church "broke jugs" last night, and discovered that the fund was increased by $85. In a quiet entertainment that followed Messrs. B. T. Barnes, Elmer Runyon and Misses Julia Ketcham and Emma West took part.

Hospital Report.

The Medical Director of Muhlenberg Hospital, T. H. Tomlinson, M. D., makes the following report for the past three months: Admitted, 14; discharged cured, 14; discharged improved, 1; dispensary patients, 82.

W. R. COCK, Secretary.

August Barghard, age fourteen years, of Clinton avenue, Newark, was taken to St. Joseph's Hospital a few days ago seriously injured. Young Barghard was attending a grazing mule by a rope at Mountain View, below Roanton, when he found some nuts and they broke away around his leg and sat down to crack the nuts. The mule suddenly took fright and ran away, dragging the lad fully a mile and a-half. Barghard is horribly bruised and mangled. His recovery is doubtful.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

TELEGRAPHIC TWINKLES.

CROW AGENCY, MONT., Nov. 4.—The situation remains unchanged, save that Indians continue to arrive in large numbers.

AUSTIN, TEX., Nov. 4.—The State Capitol is crumbling to pieces and the massive dome, 300 feet high, is expected to fall.

CENTRALIA, Ill., Nov. 4.—A futile attempt was made early yesterday morning to wreck a Jacksonville-Southeastern railroad train.

PLAQUEMINE, La., Nov. 4.—The caving-in of the banks on the river front continues to grow worse each hour. Property owners in the vicinity moving are inland.

MONTREAL, Nov. 4.—The growth of the Knights of Labor organization here within the past few months has been phenomenal and the assemblies continues to enlarge.

HOUGHTON, Mich., Nov. 4.—The wife and daughter of Delphi Brunelle, a farmer, were besieged by wolves last night. After a brave battle the wild hordes was driven off.

OLD BRIDGE, N. J., Nov. 4.—The Second Assembly District Middlesex County Republicans to-day nominated for Assembly by acclamation Daniel Herbert of Dunham's Corners.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 4.—The eleven-year-old son of Capt. Chas. Haggart was sent for a cow last evening. He tied a rope around his wrist and to the cow's horn. The animal ran away and dragged him to a frightful death.

KEYPORT, N. J., Nov. 4.—Hon. Thos. B. Stout was to day stricken with paralysis while talking to his wife at his home. She noticed his chin drop, his eyes open wide, a faint look overspread his features, and that he strangled so that he could not speak to her, though trying hard to do so. He is still unconscious.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 4.—A warrant was issued to-day for the arrest of Maj. A. M. Way of this city for embezzling funds of the Empire Building and Loan Association. His family say that they do not know of his whereabouts, but he is supposed to be concealed in his home. The complainants, two servant girls employed in the Catholic Protectory, have been paying into the Loan Association for fifteen years, each losing about $1,500.

Constable Smith Gets 30 Days.

City Judge Ulrich to-day sentenced Constable Garret P. Smith to thirty days' confinement in the county jail. The case was that brought by Chief of Police Dodd, who accused the Constable of keeping a gambling-den on Park avenue. Corporation Counsel Marsh conducted the case for the plaintiff, and the plaintiff and Judge Suydam appeared for the defendant. No defense was, however, attempted. Smith has filed an appeal bound in the sum of $300, and the case will be taken to Elizabeth. It is only a question of time when the Constable will be in durance.

At the beginning of to-day's proceedings the defendant's counsel submitted the case without argument. Thereupon Corporation Counsel Marsh commended the wisdom of that course and dryly remarked that it was pre-eminently a case where silence was golden.

In his argument Mr. Marsh first touched on the nature of the crime—it being the most serious of which the City Court is cognizant. Then he commented on the fact that he who stood charged with the nefarious offense was a constable. The rule of prosecution under the section in question on account of the difficulty in securing evidence, was also touched upon.

He remarked by the way that the only other similar case ever tried in this city was against this same defendant.

It has been said that is more easy to convict a man of murder than of selling liquor without a license. But conviction in a liquor case is easy compared with this. For not only are the ordinary rules of law relaxed, but the participants themselves are criminals under the law, and the reliance of the plaintiff is placed in the fears of the gamblers that they will be indicted if they give evidence.

Mr. Marsh insisted that every allegation had been proved and stated that the atrocity of the offense was in the fact that the offender was in a position of trust and that the parties debauched through his instrumentalities were minors.

But—he concluded—if we disregard everything except what Smith himself has said, he stands convicted, because the ordinance says that he is an offender who keeps or causes or permits to be kept a gambling-den; and Smith admits that he saw his gambling for money and made no effort to stop the evil—at once violating his oath of office and infracting the ordinance in question.

Smith searched, in the custody of an officer, for a bondsman. Edward Thorn, the saloon-keeper, at last consented to go Smith's security.

Union County Courts.

The jury in the case of Charles Ricot, the youth charged with robbing the office of the Tremley railroad station, yesterday afternoon returned a verdict of not guilty.

During the morning the attention of the Court was called to the trial of William King, one of the men indicted for the larceny of Henry Keenan's horse and wagon.

The case was given to the jury at about noon, and in a short time they returned a verdict of guilty.

Prosecutor Wilson entered a nolle pros in each of the following cases: John Bonfert, charged with rape; Stephen Carney, assault and battery; James Faulkner, assault with intent to ravish.

In the case of the State vs. Margaretta Palermo, indicted for assault and battery on Lemuel Stewart, a nolle prosequi was entered in two indictments, and through her counsel, W. R. Codington, she pleaded non vult to the third. Mrs. Palermo was not indicted because at the time of the assault she was in her husband's presence and supposed to be under his control. Hence legally she is not responsible for the assault. Palermo himself is still at large. The heaviest charge is against him.

The court was adjourned until Wednesday.

Library Directors Meet.

President Male presided at the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Plainfield Public Library and Free Reading Room, Wednesday evening. The roll call showed that Messrs. Tilyer, Tracy, Baldwin and Babcock were present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. The following bills were ordered paid: Flora M. Pangborn, $18.30; W. D. Force & Bro., $12; Library Bureau of Boston, $69.44; A. W. Tyler, salary for October, $100; E. M. Odam, $46; E. L. Adams, $27.45; W. H. Williams, $35.44; Plainfield Gas Co., $7.35; J. C. Pope & Co., insurance, $24. A subscription from Mr. J. B. Howard for books fund was reported. A letter from Julian Scott was read and ordered engrossed on the minutes as follows:

Wm. M. Stillman, Esq., Sec't., etc.

Your letter of yesterday giving official notice of the action taken by the Board of Directors of the Male Library and Art Gallery, which by resolution proposed to me the elegant books of Paul LaCroix, has been received. In return permit me to say, I have always felt under obligations to the Library and Art Gallery, and such services as I am able to render have been given, only to express my interest and kindly feeling for whatever accept the beautiful and useful gift, assuring the board that its kindness will not be forgotten, and will ever command the gratitude and services of

Yours most respectfully and truly,
JULIAN SCOTT.

Plainfield N. J., Aug. 5th, 1887.

The Art Committee presented the following resolution, which was on motion adopted:

"Resolved, That the Art Committee be authorized to arrange for an art school in connection with the Art Gallery, provided the same can be done without expense to the general fund."

The Art Committee also reported progress on the Schoolmaster loan exhibition.

The monthly report of the Librarian for October was received and ordered on file. It was as follows:

LIBRARIAN'S REPORT.

Vols. on Accession-book, Sept. 30th, 1887.	6,761
No. of volumes added	911
Cash received from fines and sales	$15.70
Visitors to building during month	1,096

Issue by classification:

Fiction	897
Juvenile	329
Biography	55
Travel, etc	35
Philosophy	4
History, etc	15
Sociology	22
Philology	3
Natural Science	22
Useful Arts	16
Fine Arts	14
Literature	106
History	57
Total	1,472

A. W. TYLER, Librarian.

Counsellor Marsh Wins Again.

The suit of Nelson D. Hadley vs. the P. T. Barnum Circus Company was decided by Justice J. Oakley Nodine, this morning, in favor of Hadley. Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh conducted the case for the plaintiff, and Wm. R. Codington was the lawyer of the defense. The suit was for $32.50, being wages due Hadley as drum major in the circus band. The Company had refused to pay because Hadley had, they alleged, violated his contract by engaging in a fight. It appeared that he acted in self-defense, and he won his suit with costs—Mr. Codington leaving the court-room as soon as his motion for adjournment was denied.

Mr. Codington will at once appeal the case on the ground that notwithstanding the fact that he filed an affidavit stating that a material witness was unable to be present, the Court took no notice of his application for postponement.

Will Miller Decline?

Joseph G. Miller was seen by a NEWS reporter this morning and was asked whether or not he would accept the Democratic nomination for Assembly from the Third District.

"I have not," he said, "been officially notified by the committee that I have been chosen as candidate. I have neither accepted nor declined. I do not, however, expect to run."

At noon it was understood that Mr. Miller had been waited upon by the committee and that he had written a letter of declination, but at two o'clock the letter was still in his possession.

"I have not yet made up my mind," he said. "I am told that the tickets have already been printed with my name thereon. That may prevent my withdrawal. I will decide finally by to-morrow."

If Mr. Miller's name of Jasper G. Cadmus will be substituted.

STATE NOTES.

David Brown, a colored man residing near Croswick, Burlington county, was seriously wounded in the side of his face yesterday by the accidental discharge of his gun while hunting for rabbits.

George Wilson of Elizabethport, while hunting for rabbits on Staten Island sound Monday night, caught a young shark weighing about 12 pounds. It is a rare thing for sharks to be found in those waters.

A strange marine monster, which resembled the sea serpent seen off Long Branch last summer in description, was found yesterday at the mouth of the Navesink river. It had been cast upon the shore by the recent heavy storms. It is 11 feet in length.

Alex. Sandt and his wife Francis have been sentenced by the U. S. Court at Trenton to pay a fine of $500 and to be imprisoned for one month, for selling liquor without a license of fraud. They carried on a swin-ling game at Jersey City under the head of a "matrimonial agency."

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding days of last year, as kept at Sadler's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue:

1887	1886		
6 a. m.	35	51	Sun rises	6 34
9 a. m.	44	55	Sun sets	4 54
12 m.	59	59	Moon rises	7 46
3 p. m.	65	56	Moon sets	

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.
The undersigned dissolve their business relations as grocers this day by mutual consent. An early settlement of all accounts is requested, and may be effected with either party. HANCHETT & SPARKS.
Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 1st, 1887. 3-12

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP. Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of J. H. Forster, Veterinary Surgeon, 22 East Fifth street, Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

Died.

SCHROOPE.—In North Plainfield, Nov. 3, Anna E., wife of John Schroope, aged 28 years and 1 months.
Funeral services from St. Joseph's church, (Morning avenue,) Saturday morning, Nov. 5, at 10 o'clock. 8*

HENRY.—In North Plainfield, Nov. 3, James S. Henry, aged 76 years, 5 months and 26 days.
Funeral services from Holy Cross church, Washington avenue, North Plainfield, on Sunday afternoon, Nov. 6, at 4 o'clock. 4-5-R*

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A WOMAN wishes to go out by the day to wash, iron or cook. Address M. A. D., care of the EVENING NEWS. 8*

A LARGE desirable dwelling on Grove street near the First Baptist church, to let; suitable as a first-class boarding house. Rent low. All improvements. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, No. 35 and 37, opposite station. 10-21-tf

A PRIVATE SALE.—A family declining house-keeping, will dispose of entire furniture and household effects of a house containing nine rooms, in lots to suit purchasers. Address Vindex, Evening News office. 18-tf*

CLERK wanted for order and delivery wagon. Must be bright, active and strong. Reference required. Address P. O. Box 690. 10-24-tf*

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 33 Carleton avenue. 27-10

FOR SALE.—A good, young gray horse suitable for delivery. Enquire of Flintar Hibbitts, 12 Liberty street. 1-4t

FOR SALE.—A light easy phaeton. The property of Dr. South Enquire of Jenkins, M. D., 62 East Front street. 10-31-tf

FOR SALE.—Nice young mare, cow, heifer, two wagons, etc. Jacob Grieb, Langton House, Central avenue, near New Brooklyn. 31-5

FOR SALE.—Two milch cows. Apply to Samuel V. Wakefield, corner of Somerset and Race streets. 3-6,*

FOR SALE at a bargain, a desirable building lot on Somerset street, near Mr. Runkle's fine property. Size of lot 87 1-2 front by about 250 feet deep. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, 35 and 37 opposite station. 11-3-tf*

INFORMATION IS WANTED—For the purpose of completing a biography, of the whereabouts of any of the four sons of Ira Sherman, who formerly resided in the town of Stanford, Dutchess county, N. Y., and afterwards in Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Address Amenia Times, Amenia, N. Y.

LOST—In North Plainfield a hood to plaid cloak, red lining. Finder will be rewarded if he will call on Mrs. Walter Haviland, Rockview avenue.

LOST on Wednesday, Nov. 2, a cashmere shawl, with pin attached, between Lenderborne's photograph gallery and Woodhaven's store. Finder will please return to same to W. S. Benton, at A. M. Griffen's, Front street. 4-4

MASSAGE—(System of S. Weir Mitchell, M. D.) Reference: Alex. J. C. Skene, M. D., 1 Clinton Place, New York City. Address Mrs. S. C. Hall, Westfield, N. J. 2-3

STORAGE—For carriages, sleighs, furniture etc. Fire proof building, M. Quinn, No. 8 East Fourth street, near Park avenue. 17-tf

SEVERAL desirable furnished and unfurnished houses to let. Come quickly and take your choice E. C. Mulford, broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite depot. 10-10-tf.

TO LET—House on Washington Park. All improvements; 10 rooms newly decorated. Terms low for Winter months. Apply P. H. Martin, 70 Mercer avenue. 10 10-tf

WANTED—A good cook, washer and ironer, with reference at 5 La Grande avenue, near Crescent Avenue Church. 3-2

WANTED—Lessons on the Banjo. Address, with particulars, W., P. O. Box 584, Plainfield.

WAGONS FOR SALE—Two new business wagons—one a three spring and the other a platform spring. Each wagon has a bottom spring, and is thoroughly well made. Will be sold at a bargain at Laing's Hotel. It will pay any body desiring such vehicles to call and see them. 11-4-2

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 70 East Sixth street. 9-tf

EVERYTHING

in the shoe line for Men, Women, Boys, Youths, Misses and children.
Doane & VanArsdale
22 W. Front St.

MUSIC HALL,
Thursday, Nov. 10th,
The Romatic Emotional Actor, ROBERT B.
MANTELL,
SUPPORTED BY
A STRONG DRAMATIC COMPANY,
Under the Management of Augustus Pitou, in the Great Five Act Play, Monbars. Adapted from the French by Louis Nathal. Engagement held in France under Napoleon I. Seats on sale Monday Nov. 7th. Prices 75-50-25-15-1.00

ATTENTION
Those seeking homes, investments or speculation. The finest building property in this section of the county now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit. This property is located near the Grant Ave. depot, Plainfield, N. J., and is in close proximity to the Pond Tool manufactory and the Potter Press Works. It is situated in the healthiest, most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. To those desiring to procure homes, or young men wishing to make small investments this opportunity is especially invited. Builders or contractors would also find it advantageous to procure prices before looking elsewhere.
For particulars, inquire of Wm. C. Kelly No. 36 Park Ave. or Dr. Fritts, Park avenue. Map of property can be seen at Dr. Fritts' office.

THE MOST IMPORTANT LITERARY EVENT
of the season. LECTURE by
Col. Mason W. Tyler
at MUSIC HALL,
NOVEMBER 8th,
Subject: "The Constitution of the United States." For the benefit of the Public Library. Tickets 50 cents.
Reserved seats will be on sale to-morrow morning. All parties having fifty cent tickets can have the same exchanged, on payment of twenty-five cents extra, at Reynold's and Shaw's.

PROFESSOR
John Reynolds, the Mesmerist, is coming again. He will be at Reform Hall every day next week, excepting Thursday. Admission 25 and 35c A limited number of reserved seats at 50c. Diagram at Reynolds' Pharmacy.

APPLES
of all kinds for immediate and winter use. Best New York state brands by the barrel and in small quantities. Also an extra assortment of
New Figs, Dates, etc.
All kinds of Nuts and Dried Fruits, Oranges,
Malaga Grapes,
Concord and Catawba Grapes. Tropical Fruit in great variety. Call and see us.
KENNEY BROS.,
NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE.

MONOLOGUE AND MUSICAL
Entertainment
BY MARSHALL P.
WILDER.
THE HUMORIST, and
Diller's Cornet Quartette
of New York, at the M. E. CHURCH,
Tuesday, Nov. 8th,
at 8 p. m. Tickets 35c. Reserved seat 50c. On sale at the usual places and at the door. M. P. Reynolds and E. J. Shaw, on and after Nov. 4th.

Plainfield Evening News,

T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Published every afternoon at

No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or by mail postage prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $5 per year payable in advance.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1887.

CRUSHED BY A FREIGHT TRAIN.

A Horse Car Run Into on the Railroad Track and Two Persons Killed.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 4.—Two lives were lost at the Federal street crossing of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago road last evening by the premature raising of the safety gates, the killed being Mrs. John M. Culp, aged 50, teller of the Old Fellows' Savings bank, of this city, and Miss Harriet Weyman, aged 16, eaters of the tobacco merchants of this city, both residents of Allegheny. The gates were raised just after a train had passed, and the street car, in which Mr. Culp and Miss Weyman were, started across the railroad, as did another car coming in the opposite direction. At this moment the gate keeper noticed a freight train coming at a rapid speed. He attempted to lower the gates, but the cars were already on the tracks. The engineer tried to stop his train, but the momentum was too great. One of the cars got over all right, but the rear end of the other was struck by the engine and swung around against the car on the other track. Mrs. Culp and Miss Weyman were on the rear platform attempting to escape, and both of them were knocked down and run over by the wheels of the train. No one else was injured.

Murder and Suicide.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Nov. 4.—A double tragedy occurred last night at the farmhouse of Edward Richardson, of 80 Paul, by which Mrs. Richardson and Fred Hanson came to their deaths at the hands of the former. They separated, Richardson going into the corridor, whither Hanson was called a few moments later, and almost immediately a pistol shot was heard. Hanson fell backward into the room screaming "I'm shot, and fell into his brother's arms. Richardson was found in the hall with a bullet wound in the right ear and another in the left breast. Hanson was shot in the abdomen. He refuses to make a statement regarding the cause of the shooting. It is asserted Richardson discovered his wife about two years ago attempting what she may have considered the trouble, but Richardson is said to get on friendly terms. Richardson died. Doctors say Hanson cannot live.

Deserters from the Atlanta.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Six sailors, George Nelson, Daniel S. Brownell, Adam Decker, Albert Randall, Oscar Bruland and Samuel Blumberg, deserters from the United States cruiser Atlanta, lying at anchor at Tompkinsville, S. I. Commanding Lieut. R. D. Hoyt, board of 6:00 apiece for their services. The Atlanta was to have sailed yesterday for Newport to take part in a target practice. She will have to ship six new sailors before sailing, however.

Terrible Fall of a Sick Miner.

SCRANTON, Penn., Nov. 4.—Joseph Wickstrom, a miner employed at the Harrison iron mine, met a terrible death Wednesday morning. He was taken sick in the mine late in the morning and decided to go to the surface. Being unable to climb the ladder, he got into the cage used for hoisting ore and started to the surface, landing on the floor at the bottom of the shaft he was seized with vertigo and fell from the cage to the bottom of the shaft.

The Sixth of the Newman Family.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—Mamie Newman, aged 19, daughter of Michael Newman, died yesterday from injuries received from the explosion in Market street on Tuesday morning. She is the sixth victim. The police and the fire department agree that the catastrophe was caused by the explosion of gas, and that no crime was committed. There have been no arrests and none are expected.

A Pioneer of the Northwest Dead.

MADISON, Wis., Nov. 4.—Judge Philip L. Spooner, father of United States Senator Spooner, died yesterday, aged 76 years. He had taken a prominent part in the development of the northwest.

Drowned in the Canal.

LANCASTER, Pa., Nov. 4.—Joseph Kemerer, aged 69, was accidentally drowned in the canal at Columbia Saturday night. He was a highly respected citizen of that place.

Weather Indications.

For Saturday, in New Jersey, eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, and in New England, slightly cooler, fair weather and west to northwest winds.

THE BULLETIN OF COMMERCE.

New York Money and Produce Market Quotations.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Money closed at 3½ per cent. The lowest rate was 3 and the highest 4. Exchange closed steady, posted rates, $4.84½ @4.85; actual rates, $4.84@4.84¾ for sixty days and $4.85@4.85½ for demand. Government closed firm; currency 6s, 121 bid; 4s, coup., 121½ bid; 4½s, coup., 104¾ bid.

The stock market this morning was moderately active, but the dealings were without feature of interest, the majority of the stocks opened higher per cent lower than they closed in but in many cases the decline was fully recovered in a few minutes, and by o'clock nearly all the stocks were fractionally higher than the closing figures of last night. Pacific Mail and Central Pacific were the only exceptions to the rule. Canadian Southern and Milwaukee Lake Shore and Western were the leaders.

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—FLOUR—Closed quiet and steady; winter wheat extra, $3.25@4.10. Minnesota extra, bright city mill extra, $4.30@4.40; choice do., $4.50@4.75. Southern flour closed quiet and unchanged; common to choice extra, $3.60@4.85.

WHEAT—Opened were moderately active and irregular. The changes were slight, however, and the close was barely steady at about 1c@½c lower than yesterday. No. 2 red, spot, 83@83½c. Spot sales of No. 2 red state at 80@80c, No. 2 do., 80c; No. 3 do., 78c; No. 2 winter, Nov., 82c; do., Dec., 82½c; bid; do., Jan., 82 3-8@83c.

CORN—Spots were fairly active, with prices weak, and closed ½c lower. Options were closed steady at unchanged prices. Spot sales of No. 2 mixed at 48@48½c, ungraded, 45@48c; No. 2 mixed, Nov., 48@48½c; do., Dec., 48@48½c; do., Jan., 49@49½c.

OATS—Options were firm and fairly active, closing at a slight advance. Spot lots closed strong and slightly higher. Spot sales of No. 1 white at 35@35½c; No. 2 do., 34@34½c; No. 2 mixed, Nov., 33@33½c; do., Dec., 33@33½c.

RYE—Dull; western, 56c; state, 56@56c.

BARLEY—Nominal.

PORK—Dull; old mess, $13.00@13.75; new, $13.00@14.00.

LARD—Closed firm, but quiet; cash, $6.77½; Dec., $6.10; Jan., $6.05.

A MENAGERIE LET LOOSE.

TERROR IN THE ST. LOUIS UNION RAILROAD STATION.

Six Cars Belonging to Robinson's Circus Wrecked and the Animals Liberated. One Man Decapitated by the Cars and Five Persons Seriously Injured.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—An accident occurred last evening which caused consternation, and pedestrians in the St. Louis union station, and for a time converted the premises into a jungle and howling wilderness of wild beasts. Six cars owned by Robinson's circus stood on a track in the yards. Lions, tigers, leopards, zebras and other wild beasts filled them. The station was crowded with suburban residents and visitors from country towns. The train was on its way from Indge City to Cincinnati, and was pulling out of the station when the six cars left the track. They were scarcely off before a freight train coming through collided into them. George Squires, a canvas man, who was on one of the cars, was instantly killed. His head was cut off and his limbs were torn from his body. Blanche Fisher, a performer, was hurt about the head, one of the passenger coaches being wrecked. Thomas Foley, Jack Keefe and one man unknown were seriously injured. Others were hurt more or less, but did not require hospital treatment.

The shock threw the cars into a chaotic mass and the fight began.

Suddenly a voice screamed: "My God, the tiger is loose!" and the royal Bengal bounded into the crowd, which scattered in all directions. One man was bitten in the neck by the beast and infuriated animal. Capt. Hercules and other officers were present, but they did not know about an hour after the density of the crowd. A flight of stairs leads to the upper offices, and up this the tiger sprang. Near the top he met Joseph Charles, the chief of police. The surprise was all on Mr. Charles' side.

Man and animal stood facing each other. There was not room for them to pass, and the tiger, evidently not relishing the look of the beast, which glared at him and followed him step for step, preparing for a spring. Mr. Charles stood in fear of assistance. There were none in sight. He fled. They did not strike or faint. They got chairs and tables to barricade the door and shouted for help from the window. Mr. Charles got into the office safely, but his revolver through the slightly opened door and fired at the beast, which became more and more infuriated at the sight. The police force of armed men arrived with poles and canvas, and after a struggle succeeded in overpowering the brute. They threw the canvas over him and pinned him to the floor, where they held him until he was taken to a cage.

Some cages are demolished and two menageries made one. The loss to the circus company will be 40,000. Fourteen animals in all were liberated from the cages. A lion was overpowered with poles and canvas in the waiting room of the city and county hall, an ibex was captured slightly injured, a big boa constrictor was cut to pieces by the wheels of the train, a tiger had three bullets in him and numberless other wounds. Eleven animals were at large rampant, creating a reign of terror in the well worn section of the city for over two hours. Squads of circus men with firearms, pikes, etc., assisted officers in capturing them. The last secured was a monkey which got into the dress circle in the ticket office of General Manager Taussig, until loosed with strong ropes, nearly strangled and hauled into a cage.

Charged with Fraud.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 4.—A complaint was filed yesterday in the suit of the Thomas and Mersey Marine Insurance company, of Liverpool, against Thomas G. Crosby and Lorenzo Dimmick. The complaint alleges in substance that on the 8th of January, 1885, the defendants were made general agents of the plaintiff's company; that Dimmick had exclusive charge of the books and conducted the business, and concealed a plan for systematically defrauding the plaintiff. The plaintiff alleges that Thomas G. Crosby took no part whatever in the conduct of any of the defendant, Dimmick, and had no knowledge of the same until long after their commencement. The plaintiff demands $116,000 damages and costs.

A Chicago Hotel Panic.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Fire was discovered in the Chicago club, in Monroe street, at 4 yesterday morning. The club house is directly opposite the ladies' entrance to the Palmer house, and the fierce flames spread and broke out through the windows a wild panic ensued among the guests of the hotel, many of whom rushed into the street in their night clothes. Half a dozen club members and as many women, who are employed about the club, were asleep in the buildings at the time. They had no warning of the flames until the firemen rushed into their apartments and pulled them out bodily. About $60,000 will cover the loss, and the insurance is $60,000.

A Congressman Roughly Handled.

READING, Pa., Nov. 4.—Congressman Brumm, the Greenback-Labor representative in congress, was roughly handled at a political meeting in Girardville Saturday evening by "Mickey" Doyle and a gang from Shenandoah. Mr. Brumm, in his speech, called attention to the fact that Doyle had been a heavy Greenback Labor meeting for the purpose of interrupting it. Doyle then harangued the crowd, and when they closed to reply he attempted to do so. Doyle made to violently force him from the stand. In the scuffle his clothing was torn and he escaped bodily injury by retiring to Lafferty's hotel. A general riot was imminent.

Argument for an Extra Session.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Judge Stoddard, of the superior court, has sent his resignation to Governor Lounsbury, and will return to the practice of law after Jan. 1. As this will create a vacancy in the bench one man short for over a year, unless an extra session of the legislature is called, it is thought probable that Judge Stoddard's resignation may influence the governor to call the extra session, which is urgently demanded in certain sections of the state on account of the failure of the last session to pass an act regulating the removal of grade crossings.

An Escaping Prisoner Shot Dead.

CALDWELL, N. J., Nov. 4.—Thomas Wallace, convicted in the penitentiary, was shot dead by one of the guards yesterday while attempting to escape. He was shot through the head. Wallace came from Newark and was serving a two years' term for burglary. There have been a number of escapes from the prison, and extra vigilance was exercised by the wardens.

Bogus Butter Evading the Law.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—A petition was filed in court yesterday signed by several prominent merchants engaged in the sale of butter stating that quantities of oleomargarine are being sold contrary to law. They charge that the constables are not making the returns for violations.

PLEADING FOR THE ANARCHISTS.

Arrangements for Presenting the Monster Petition to Governor Oglesby.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—The Amnesty associations received many petitions yesterday from various parts of the west praying for commutation of the sentence of the Anarchists. The arrangements for carrying the petitions to Governor Oglesby, at Springfield, have been nearly settled, but the day has not been fixed. The delegation will consist of over 100 persons, representing various trades and industrial interests, and will be headed by Charles G. Dixon, Senator Barnes and Representatives Wright and Robertson. It is also nearly definitely settled as yet whether the wives and children of the Anarchists shall be taken to the governor.

Efforts are being made by the Amnesty association to have a great mass meeting on Saturday in the interests of the condemned men. It is understood that the police will not object to the meeting if it is conducted on a proper basis.

It is stated that Adjutant Spies has signed a petition to the governor asking for a "free, full and complete pardon," on the ground that he had been illegally and unjustly convicted. The other Anarchists, it is understood, will also sign this kind of petition. The fact that they may ask for a full pardon, and that the governor may feel compelled to refuse it leaves the way open for commuting their sentence just as successful as if the petition was direct to the point. The innumerable petition for a commutation of sentence drawn up by Mr. Salter, of the Ethical society, was sent here yesterday by Judge Finney, ex-Judge Henry Booth and a number of prominent persons.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—A petition to Governor Oglesby, of Illinois, has been forwarded from this city to the Amnesty association at Chicago, asking for executive clemency in behalf of the condemned Anarchists. It bears 150 signatures, all of them being names of editors, reporters, compositors and accountants in the employ of the Boston Globe, including the managing editor, the assistant managing editor and nearly all the principal men connected with the paper.

HONORING A FRENCH VISITOR.

Cordial Reception to Admiral Vignes, of the French Navy.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—Precisely at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon the flagship Minerva, of the French North Atlantic squadron, steamed opposite this city. The flagship reached League Island about 2:15 o'clock, when a national salute of twenty-one guns was fired from the frigate in honor of the American flag. This was responded to at League Island by thirteen guns in honor of Admiral Vignes. The vessel then replied with thirteen guns. After the fire of the salutes the band of the French cruiser played "Hail Columbia."

As the vessel neared the spot in mid-river where she was to be anchored thousands of persons were observed along the wharves, waving their hats and handkerchiefs as a signal of welcome to the foreign guests. The river was also filled with smaller boats of every description that kept near the flagship, and no sooner had she anchored than the water about her was black with rowboats.

Admiral Vignes expressed himself as being delighted with the cordial reception extended him. He visited the Franco-American and invited guests on board the man-of-war.

The Infected Steamers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—President Bayles, of the board of health, advises Mayor Hewitt that it is not necessary to request the general government to send the cholera ship Iowa. The Alsana has already sailed. The Britannia is at present due to sail from there disease. In the case of the Burgundia, said to be approaching here from infected ports, if the disease is found on board it will be inhuman to compel the return of the passengers and expose them to the horrors of an epidemic at sea. Mr. Bayles says the department will welcome any action looking to the checking of emigration from infected ports.

Pensioners' Appeals.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Second Assistant Secretary Hawkins has made a report showing that on July 1, 1886, there were 3,299 appeals pending from the commissioner of pensions. From that date to Nov. 1, 1887, 2,958 appeals were filed. These appeals were disposed of as follows: Appeals wherein pension office was sustained, 3,729; appeals wherein pension office was reversed, 236; appeals wherein action was reconsidered by pension office, 1,131; appeals withdrawn, 34; appeals dismissed, 159; total, 5,289. Appeals pending Nov. 1, 1887, 930.

Reception to Col. and Mrs. Grant.

BUFFALO, Nov. 4.—The Buffalo Republican league held a reception in Concert hall yesterday afternoon in honor of Col. and Mrs. Fred D. Grant and Senator Hiscock. The hall was beautifully decorated with flowers and plants, and music was furnished by the Philharmonic orchestra. The guests were assisted to receive a number of prominent individuals and gentlemen of the city, and it is estimated that nearly 10,000 people, many of them ladies, were present during the hour and a half during which the reception lasted.

Beecher's Successor.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 4.—It is virtually settled that the Rev. Charles A. Berry, of Wolverhampton, England, is to be called to Plymouth church as its pastor. The advisory committee of the church having charge of the subject of a successor to Mr. Beecher met last evening and unanimously voted to recommend the selection of Mr. Berry. While this does not bind the church, it is understood that the decision of the committee will be ratified, inasmuch as the sentiment in the church is strongly set in the same direction.

A $50,000 Fire at Oil City.

OIL CITY, Pa., Nov. 4.—Fire broke out about 1 o'clock yesterday in Hamlin Reid's foundry and machine shop on North Elm street, and in an incredibly short time communicated to the Enterprise Milling company's block to Cochran & Cook's planing mill; to Trax & Kramer's wagon factory, and thence to the armory building, all of which were totally destroyed. Total loss, $52,700; insurance, $34,300. William Pollock, a member of No. 2 hose, fell from the top of a building and was seriously injured.

The Horse Disease in New Jersey.

CAMDEN, N. J., Nov. 4.—The horses of Camden county are still diseased to a considerable extent. Assessor Thomas Thorp, of Waterford township, lost a valuable mule Wednesday, the third animal within three weeks. Less than a week ago Charles Stafford, of Glendale, lost a horse of lung fever, and Alfred Garwood has one supposed to be fatally ill.

Over the Dam to Death.

COHOES, N. Y., Nov. 4.—Thomas Aken and Edward Daley, two young men who had been in attendance at a clambake on Goat Island, were returning in a row boat last night, when they drifted into the current, and, losing their bearings, drifted over the dam near Hines' mill and were drowned. The men were about 25 years of age.

IS IT AN INFERNAL BOMB?

THE MYSTERIOUS PARCEL SENT TO CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE.

Either a Deliberate Attempt to Murder the Distinguished Jurist or a Bohemian's Joke—The Affair Now in the Hands of the Police.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—A bold, audacious attempt was made last evening to blow up Chief Justice Waite with what has the appearance of an infernal machine. The machine was delivered to him at 6:30 last evening by a messenger from the office mail messenger Joseph F. Hicker. The box, which is an ordinary white box, of the kind in which valentines are sent, is about six inches wide by eight inches long and about half an inch in depth. It had printed on one end "Beauties of Tennyson," and on the cover was addressed as follows:

> TO THE HON. CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE,
> No. 1413 L street, N. W.,
> Washington, D. C.
>
> Important Papers.

The box had on it five two-cent stamps and a special delivery stamp. The number of the special delivery was No. 2,862, and the box was postmarked Washington, D. C., Nov. 3, 4:30 p. m.

The box contained a glass tube in the shape of a syphon about eight inches long and bent about three inches from the end. The tube is three-eighths of an inch in diameter and the hole about the size of an ordinary percussion gun cap. About an inch and a half from the longer end is a percussion cap. On the top of the cap is a tiny cylinder extending for one and a quarter inches, on top of which is another cap. To this cap is attached a small wire, and to that is attached a second wire. This second wire was attached to the top of the box by a hook fastened to the top of the box. The remainder of the tube contains a dark colored liquid. Around the shorter end of the tube is a wrapping of white paper held in position by mucilage, the contents of which is as yet unknown.

When Chief Justice Waite received the box he immediately opened it. The usual presidential dispensation the wire which was fastened to the top of the box had become detached, and the lid was removed, without pressing upon the cap. It is supposed that in stamping the box the wire had become detached, thus saving the life of the chief justice.

The police were shortly afterward notified of the receipt of the alleged infernal machine, and it is now at police headquarters in this city.

When a correspondent called at Justice Waite's house later in the evening he found that gentleman somewhat disposed to take a jocular view of the circumstance. After explaining the nature of the machine the chief justice said:

"I must be in error, but I am inclined to regard the affair as a hoax. It was either sent to me for the purpose of creating a prejudice against the Anarchists or else some practical Bohemian delighted in wasting in order to work up a sensation which he might sell at a good profit to the leading newspaper representatives here."

The Murderer of Preller.

ST LOUIS, Nov. 4.—Governor Hill, of this state in the case of Brooks, alias Maxwell, the convicted murderer of Arthur Preller, believe that the decision of the United States supreme court in the case of the Chicago Anarchists practically decides the case of Brooks adversely to his appeal. Disinterested attorneys agree with them, but Brooks and his chief counsel, Mr. Flauntleroy, are still confident of securing a new trial.

Probably the United Labor Party.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Referee Stetson finished the taking of testimony in the matter of the fifth election inspectorship yesterday afternoon. He will give his decision some time to-day. He expresses the opinion that neither Dr. Ferdinand Ward or Irving Hall is entitled to the inspectors, but he has not decided whether the United Labor party is entitled to them or not.

Capture of a Noted Mexican Bandit.

RIO GRANDE CITY, Tex., Nov. 4.—Pasuelos, the noted Mexican bandit, was captured at Las Guadeloupe, Mexico, yesterday, together with two associates. They were taken to Camargo, where, it is said, Pasuelos will be shot. Pasuelos was one of the bandits who sacked the rich Alaka ranch, on the San Juan river, above Camargo, two weeks ago.

The Worst is Over.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Dr. Porter reports to the Marine Hospital bureau that owing to a favorable change of weather he believes the yellow fever to be disappearing from Tampa and the worst to be over. There have been seven new cases and three deaths in two days.

Ohio Guarding Against Cholera.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 4.—The Ohio state board of health has sent out circulars advising the health officers in all cities and towns to be on the watch for persons and goods from the infected cholera ship in New York harbor.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS CONDENSED.

The money circulation of the United States was expanded during October $13,026,636.

Reports of extreme destitution in Newfoundland are substantiated by Rev. Dr. Hawley, vicar apostolic of the west coast.

Russell Sage, the well known financier, died at Lesther Head, England.

It is asserted that a number of leading newspapers throught the country are about to establish a telegraph line in opposition to the Western Union.

The coroner's jury in the case of the dead fireman found on the life raft with Stone, the only survivor of the steamer Vernon, find that the vessel was not properly provided with life preservers, and recommend that the steamboat inspector be held for trial.

Moonshiners of Haroldson county, Ga., entered the house of William Morgan, who had given evidence against them, and beat him to death.

Jefferson Davis has sufficiently recovered to leave Macon for his home, though still quite weak.

Forty-five men were killed by an explosion in a load mine near Matlock, England.

Sixteen hundred miners are on strike in Belgium.

Highway robbers have created a reign of terror in the vicinity of Musquodoboit harbor and Jeddore, N. S.

Connecticut's railroad commission reports that the wooden railroad bridges near Hartford need careful watching.

Secret agents of Germany are numerous in Russia, and their government is kept well informed.

Walter Klosterman and John Haldemaker, young business men of Kalamazoo, Mich., were drowned while duck hunting.

The "White Caps," of Harrison and Crawford counties, Ind., still continue their lawless acts. Recently the wife of John Amy, of Scott township, received forty lashes in his presence.

TRAIN ROBBERS BRANCHING OUT.

"Holding Up" a Train on the Rio Grande Road—Passengers Unmolested.

GUNNISON, Colo., Nov. 4.—The east bound train from Salt Lake on the Denver and Rio Grande was held up by four masked robbers early Tuesday morning, as a lonely spot about five miles east of Grand Junction. At that point the road runs close to the Gunnison river, and the cliffs rise from 200 feet high, alongside of it. The engineer saw obstructions ahead, and as he brought his train under control he saw four men on the track. He called to him, "Get down out of there," which command they responded to and the mail agent and express messenger.

Two of the robbers went through the mail and express cars, while three remained behind to guard them from the mail. The express cars carry locked safes, which only certain agents on the road can open, and the messengers had no keys, so the robbers were disappointed. As the safes are securely bolted to the cars, the robbers could neither open or remove them, hence they captured no express money. The conductor on the train, who had considerable money on his person, hid while the robbers held the train, after quietly sending a trackman back to flag the train that was to follow, and in that manner escaped from death. From that point information was quickly sent both ways. The engineer had some $300 with him, which he threw overboard, thinking the robbers would search it. The thieves held the train fifty minutes, and then after removing the obstructions permitted it to proceed. None of the passengers were disturbed.

The authorities are active, and it is thought that the parties will be caught, as the country is sparsely settled, and the scouring them. This is the first attempt at train robbery on the Rio Grande road.

Naval Experimenters Wounded.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 4.—A spar torpedo burst this afternoon while being run out of a boat in the harbor during experiments, and the men in the boat and those in the launch had a narrow escape from death. Only two of them were injured. They were gunners, and were stationed in the bow of the boat. Their sides were lacerated and ribbed with pieces of the torpedo, and one of them had a rib broken. They are being cared for at the naval hospital. The blast was not badly damaged that the occupants had difficulty in reaching the wharf before she sank. The explosion shook all the buildings along the upper front, and the shock was felt all over town, causing some alarm among the residents. The explosion must have been caused by the electric current being sent prematurely, as it was not time for the officer in charge of the battery made a blunder, or whether some defect existed in the apparatus remains to be learned.

Attacking the American Board.

WATERBURY, Conn., Nov. 4.—The first attack on the American board has been made in this city. It was made yesterday at the fall meeting of the Naugatuck Valley Conference of Congregational churches, when Rev. Mr. Blackman, of Naugatuck, after the conference with the representative Congregationalists in different parts of the country, offered resolutions of condemnation directed against the management of the American Board as a close corporation, on the ground that under the present constitution the Congregational churches had no say. The resolutions censuring the board and recommending that corporate members of the board be hereafter nominated by state conferences. The resolutions were enthusiastically passed, and Rev. Dr. Anderson, of Waterbury, Rev. Mr. Blackman, of Naugatuck, and Judge Torrance, of Birmingham place, where Judge Torrance resides, will go *before the state conference, which will meet in* Middletown next Tuesday.

Who Killed Capt. Patterson?

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 4.—Capt. John Patterson, who runs a coal barge to Elizabethport, was found in the hallway of a beer saloon on Pine street, bleeding from a wound in the head. He had been drinking in the place, when he left with Joseph Fuller, Jr., and left there to go to his boat. How he came by his injuries is a mystery that the police are trying to fathom. Capt. Patterson never spoke after he was found, and died yesterday afternoon at the City hospital.

To Punish Boodlers and Bribers.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 4.—Yesterday the bill to prevent bribery was passed by the house under a suspension of the rules. It provides that whoever attempts to corruptly influence an executive or judicial officer of either branch of the legislature shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding five years, or a fine not exceeding $1,000, and that whoever accepts a bribe shall forfeit his office, be forever disqualified from holding office and be imprisoned for a term not exceeding ten years.

Accused of Using Bogus Cigar Labels.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 4.—Three of the biggest wholesale tobacco dealers in town are about to be sued by the Cigarmakers' union. The union claims that these dealers have been selling large quantities of New York tenement house cigars in boxes stamped with bogus union labels. The New York Cigarmakers' union has guaranteed $1,000 of the expense of the prosecution. Professor Johnson I. Platt, of the Yale Law school, has been retained as counsel for the cigarmakers.

New Jersey Board of Education.

TRENTON, Nov. 4.—The state board of education met in the executive chamber at the state house yesterday. The Rev. Dr. Magie was elected superintendent of schools in Morris county. The election of the Salem county superintendent was deferred until the next meeting. A report had been expected from State Superintendent Chapman on industrial education, but its presentation was postponed.

Beating the World's Record.

BUFFALO, Nov. 4.—At the Buffalo driving park yesterday afternoon, Mr. C. J. Hamlin's pacing mare Maud S. beat her record at one time, a mile in 2:18, neither horse making a break in the entire distance. The time beats the world's record for team trotting. The quarters were as follows: First, 0:34½; second, 1:08¾; third, 1:44

The Floors Gave Way.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 4.—Yesterday morning the first two floors of the dry kilns at the Richmond elevator gave way, letting down a large quantity of wet wheat and injuring four men in their fall. The injured are William Romer, Patrick Conner, Tim Mahony and William Patterson.

A Blind Sailor's Pension.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Joseph Fuller, an old seaman, residing at Newburyport, Mass., who served in the navy early in the war, was yesterday allowed a sung sum of money as a pension for total blindness from Oct. 27, 1863. His first payment, payable at the Boston agency, will be $13,085.

For Insuring a Scapegoaniac.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—An agent of the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Insurance association of New York, has been arrested for insuring the life of a man aged 62 years. A state law provides that no policy shall be issued to a person over 60 years of age.

Uniting a Kingly Country.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Lord Joseph Chamberlain has evidently not added anything to his political fame or advanced at all his diplomatic stature by undertaking his mission to America. The Daily News pitches into him, on the ground that he is not one of full the drastic article published by The Toronto Globe in reference to Mr. Chamberlain, as well as the strictures on this gentleman by other Canadian papers. The News, referring to these strictures, says that it nevertheless hopes that Americans, despite the follies of Mr. Chamberlain, will accord him a reception worthy the queen's representative, and that he will be treated with the courtesy that such a representative should expect. The Daily News prints a letter from Commissioner Chamberlain's inflaming harangues will be buried in oblivion, and that his mission will be accomplished with success.

RICHARD DAY,
(Successor to Frank Day.)
Livery Stable,
NORTH AVENUE, Opp Depot, Plainfield.
CARRIAGES TO MEET ALL TRAINS.
Family Riding a Specialty.

S. W. WAKEFIELD,
ENGINEER
AND PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.
Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings by low pressure Self Feeding Boiler. Also to the Ventilating and Sanitary Plumbing. Repairing promptly done. Estimates cheerfully furnished.
OFFICE
80 Somerset Street.
My Reference my work.
JOHN JOHNSON.
Dentist.
Orders by Mail Promptly Attended to
P. O. BOX 1467.

TO THE PUBLIC!
We wish to inform our customers and the public generally that we are on hand the
BEST QUALITY OF
LEHIGH COAL,
Fresh from the Mines.
It is under cover and well protected from the weather, and we are prepared to fill orders promptly, well screened and in good order on short notice. We are also prepared to furnish all kinds of Seasoned Lumber and Mason Materials at Reasonable Notices.
A. D. Cook and Bro.

NEW STORE.
The Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
Provisions,
18 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD.

277 the Brunswick Hum ner Park & Tilford and Asbur, Merri

HENRY HANCHETT,
(Successor to Hanchett & Sparks)
GROCERS,
CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY
Are serving their patrons as usual with the best goods that money will buy and at the lowest living rat s. Call and see for yonrself.

WEST END
COAL YARD,
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.50 per ton, cash or further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to buy in coal. Offices No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard, South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw.
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
12 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD
Agent for the following first-class companies: Germania, of New York. Hanover of Hanover $5.00 per cent. Scrip. Orders for Insurance elected on all kinds of property Furniture and dwellings a specialty at lowest rates.
Money to Loan on first mortgages. Bargains in Real Estate. Rents collected and collections made. Prompt returns.
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

FOR ALL NERVOUS AND BLOOD DISORDERS.
INE
ALLEN'S
The Stationer,
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS & HOTEL KEEPERS.
POOR
TONIC.
PRICE 50c. A BOTTLE.
MADE BY
Carl Kaerth,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Ranges & Stoves
which is used at the well known store on the corner of Second street and Park avenue, is stocked with a well assorted stock of
House Furnishing Articles
Which he is not afraid to sell cheap for cash. Also a full line of Tinware, Graniteware, Woodenware, Lamps, Oils, Glassware, Crockery, Etc. Repairing done on short notice. Remember the place, corner of Second street and Park avenue.

CHARLES G. FRANKLYN.

THE AGENT OF THE CUNARD LINE AND HIS DOWNFALL.

From the Suicide of British Lords to That of Jailbirds—A Dramatic Story Explaining a Recent Sensational Arrest in the City of New York.

From palace to prison, from the society of British noblemen and American millionaires to that of jailers, from the elegant mansion in Washington square to a cell in the Ludlow Street jail—such is the sudden social metamorphosis which has struck New York city with amazement. The descent of Nebuchadnezzar from royal banquets to browsing on herbs "made folks talk" in Babylon, surely the complete collapse of a many millionaire and his confinement in prison on complaint of his own noble consin is not enough to set all the tongues in New York to wagging. And all this is precisely what has happened to Charles G. Franklyn, Esq., of the Cunard line of ocean steamers, formerly of England and later of the fashionable and commercial circles of New York. Only a few weeks since the Franklyn mansion, on North Washington square, one door from Fifth avenue, was the envy of the socially ambitious, and its elegant interior exhausted the descriptive capacity of reporters on the occasions when it was opened to society. Since then Franklyn has taken his meals in Ludlow Street jail, though now bailed out, and his sorrowful wife is trying to dispose of the furniture under the hammer, with *the aid of lawyers, how far* the $2,000 a year she has in her own right will go towards meeting matters. What has become of Franklyn, formerly the elegant and talented manager of the Cunard line of ocean steamers, and later of the fashionable and commercial circles of New York. Only a few weeks since the Franklyn mansion, on North Washington square, one door from Fifth avenue, was the envy of the socially ambitious, and its elegant interior exhausted the descriptive capacity of reporters on the occasions when it was opened to society. Since then Franklyn has taken his meals in Ludlow Street jail, though now bailed out, and his sorrowful wife is trying to dispose of the furniture under the hammer, with *the aid of lawyers, how far* the $2,000 a year she has in her own right will go towards meeting matters. What has become of Franklyn, formerly the elegant and talented manager of the Cunard line of ocean steamers, formerly of England

LIGHT AND AIRY.

Autumn.

The butterfly's departed,
Likewise the belted bee;
The small boy in the orchard
Is up the apple tree.

The trees wear lovely colors
In beautiful excess;
All nature seems to rustle
Just like a new silk dress.

The sausage soon will ripen,
The popcorn soon will pop,
And Christmas things enliven
The windows of the shop.

Sing hi! for merry autumn,
Sing ho! for autumn gay,
Whose pretty potpie squirrels
Among the branches play.
—Harper's Bazar.

Life in Gotham.

The Court—Mr. Clerk, is this Thursday afternoon?

Clerk—Yes, your honor.

The Court—*To-morrow* is the Turkish Sabbath, Saturday the Hebrew, and Sunday the Christian. We adjourn until Monday.

Clerk—But that is Labor day; Tuesday is the anniversary of the founding of the German empire.

The Court—Then we are closed for the week.—Tid Bits.

Fateful Fans.

Gracefully the Spanish beauty
Flirts unless her ability fan,
Pensively her art of coquetry
On the guileless heart of man.

Who can blame her Yankee sister,
Who is also a fan to her aid
To assist with Moorish magic
Grace that nature has not made?

Had man realized his folly,
When he first designed a fan,
He had saved from its bewitchment
Many a suffering brother man.
—Texas Siftings.

An Important Contribution.

"I've a very important editorial to write, James," said a country editor to the boy, "and must on no account be disturbed."

"Yessir," said the awe struck boy.

In five minutes James rapped timidly at the door.

"Didn't I tell you that I mustn't be disturbed?" shouted the editor.

"There is a man down stairs with half a bushel of turnips," shouted James.

"Show him up at once!" shouted the editor. —Epoch.

Friends.

We'd climbed up to a rocky nook,
Were hidden so, to us unseen;
For I'd resolved to know my fate,
And was intensely, evilly keen.

So round her waist I put my arm
(She said she thought there was no harm),
And told her, trembling, of my love,
Called her "sweetheart," "dear" and "dove."

"I like you very much," said she,
"And hope I set so small always be"—
"Please, Lord," I prayed, "grass ear no more,"
"I know the rest: you're number four."—Life.

A Disappointment.

Bobby go young Mr. Featherly—I heard Clara tell ma that she was disappointed because you didn't call last Sunday night.

Young Featherly (in a tremulous whisper) —I say, Bobby, did your sister say how disappointed she was?

Bobby (thoughtfully)—I'm tryin' to think —Yes, she said she was agreeably disappointed.—New York Sun.

Woman's Sphere.

They talk about a woman's sphere,
As though it had a limit;
There's not a place in earth or heaven,
There's not a sphere or star given,
There's not a thought or work or plan
There's not a whisper, yea or no,
There's not a sigh or wish or breath,
That has a feather's weight of worth,
Without a woman in it.
—Unknown Exchange.

Enough Good as a Feast.

Cincinnati Grocer (to customer)—And is that all, madam?

Customer—Nothing more, I believe.

Cincinnati Grocer—We have some very nice sauerkraut, madam.

Customer (reflectively)—I don't remember how our supply of sauerkraut is. Oh, well, you may send a couple of barrels, if you like. —Epoch.

A Pair of Fools.

They went to see the city,
Two of the rural class,
And one had in his money,
And one blew out the gas.
The one who blew the gas out
Was turned pretty gray;
Dead is the other absent
Dead broke, that is to say
—Boston Courier.

A Letter to the Editor.

Assistant Editor—Here is a letter from a correspondent, who writes regarding a matter of no earthly interest to anybody. He says "While loath to intrude upon the very valuable space of your brilliant and widely influential journal"——

Editor-in-chief—Let it go in.—Epoch.

Fare Thee Well.

Lady Mary Augusta, farewell!
My passion I never shall tell;
You'll reject me, I'm sure,
So I'll not ask you that I'm poor,
You spell love with a capital L.
—Tid Bits.

Quarrelled with the Price.

Miss Wahlsh of Boston—Have you visited any of the girls' schools since you have been in town, Mr. Wahlsh?

Mr. Wahash of Chicago—Only one, Miss Wahlsh, and I didn't stay very long. I think ten cents for three shots is too high.—New York Sun.

Too Short to Last Long.

The tailless dress coats had its day,
And isn't coss-ers so fair
To fly the fashion's jade wells;
But it's worn in hotels
By thoroughbred waiters, they say.
—Hotel Mail.

A General Overhauling.

Dumley (at the supper table)—Yes, I have spent most of the day at the dentist's.

Mrs. Hendricks (her landlady)—Are you having your teeth filled, Mr. Dumley?

Dumley (struggling with a steak)—Yes, mum; filled and sharpened.—New York Sun.

Devotion to Sciences.

How doth the busy scientist
Delight to serve a term
At turning potions inside out
To suit the fastest germ!
—Nebraska State Journal.

Knew All About It.

Lawyer (in court)—Little boy, do you know the nature of an oath?

Little Boy—Yes, sir. It's something my pa uses to put up stovepipes with.—New York Sun.

An Afterthought.

He said she was his jewel, then
He paused, quite sad and pensive,
He realized with other men
That jewels are expensive.
—Washington Critic.

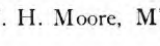
The Plainfield Electric Light Co

OFFICE 36 and 37 NORTH AVENUE
(in Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

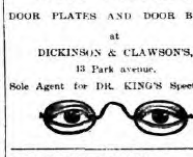
The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen so that CONTRACTS may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without defacing ceilings and walls are in most cases existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments or the lights

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Door Numbers,
DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS
at
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,
13 Park avenue.
Sole Agent for DR. KING'S Spectacles



McDONOUGH & MARTIN,
Horseshoers, 20 Somerset Street,



All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated never-slip screw-calks' shoes, will please leave their orders for same at our shop before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to supply the large demand which these celebrated shoes have. Persons desiring to use these will please bring their horse to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

CHEAP BOOKS.

We have a large line of popular books in nice cloth binding, good paper and good print at only 39 cents each. These include Emerson's Essays, Carlyle's Sartor Resartus, Adam Bede, Guy Mannering, etc., etc. Also many books for children at 15, 20, 25, 30 cents and upward.

A. W. RAND,
24 W. Front street.

THE
People's Market,
NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.
Fresh meats,
Groceries,
Provisions,
VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. B. H. Buchman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1880.
D. W. LITTELL,
PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC
AND SANITARY PLUMBER,
Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also one of a member of that body of practical plumbers I am prepared to do plumbing in any licensed city or Town, 3 North avenue Plainfield N. J. P. O. Box 383

I have opened the agency for the above celebrated lamps. They are now displayed on ground floor near the side of building, and invite the attention of purchasers and consumers to the large amount of portability and economy immediately over the centre of grate formerly occupied by the old lamps. It allows the ray of light to enter the eye with the least possible resistance.

AT DOANE'S,
Formerly Clare's, No. 9, Park Avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have adde
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further
until you have visited my store and inspected MY
Ladies $2 SHOE
either in common sense or opera toe style.
They are Beauties.
I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.
J. J. KENNEY.
No. 20 NORTH AVENUE.

BENNER'S
FRUIT MARKET
Nos. 66 and 68 East Front street.
Now open with a supply of
Fruit, Vegetables, etc.
at NEW YORK PRICES.
This place, stock and fixtures for sale including a two years' lease. Reasons for selling business.

GOOD QUALITY
BRICK
I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.
I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.
Isaac Scribner,
MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD
P. O. BOX 930.

TRY OUR
NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM
BREAD
no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.
Give Us A Trial
and be convinced.
All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.
HENRY LIEFKE
NO. 27 WEST FRONT

Boston Clothing House
will remove to 42 W. Front street on July 1st. Previous to removal we will offer all our stock at reduced prices. Indigo Blue Suits $6.50. Men's all wool Cassimere pants from $2 to $4, reduced from $3 and $5. Reductions all along the line. Children's suits and knee pants at cost
R. J. PERKINS,
29 PARK AVENUE.

MEATS.
GEO. A. MOORE.
(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)
is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at
No. 14 North Ave.,
where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt
MEATS
fish of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and
Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Franklin Place.
DEALER IN
Blue Stone Flagging,
P. O. Box 838

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mrs. Lindsays,
Intelligence Office,
No. 92 West Front street.
Breathing, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsay.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone,
60, 70 & 80 Cents,
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser.
Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-28-1y

Kindling Wood.
12 Barrels for $2,
at Mrs. Demens's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. Conary's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 88, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,
Practical Watchmaker
and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 62 Somerset Street,
Grocer and Seedsman,
Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine cigars, Tea, coffees, etc. canned goods, pure cider vinegar 4 years old, fruit jars, jelly cans. White Granite, Yellow Ware, Stone, Earthen and Glassware, Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,
Kalsominer
No. 18 East Third street P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and white washed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets
Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter trade making, which she does in the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,
(From Paris, successor to Jules Boutes.)
Ladies' Hair Dresser,
Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, tonics and powders. Manicuring and theatrical costumes to hire. 18 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,
Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road, dealer in all kinds of
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,
79 Somerset street,
Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No 14.

Ten Eyck's
Meat Market,
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

L. L. McVoy,
Driven Wells,
Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to flow new. Over an experience of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 93 E. Front.

P. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 27 1-2 West Front.

Farmer's Hotel,
Somerset street, near Front.
Boarding, Permanent or Transient. Stabling for horses by day, week or month. Terms moderate. Jacob Blum, proprietor.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.
BLANK BOOKS,
MEMORANDUM BLOCKS,
Tablets, Writing and Drawing Books,
LANGUAGE LESSONS,
Lead Pencils, etc., at low prices. Also full line of
Pure Confectionery
the largest assortment sold in town.
R. C. FISHER'S,
24 West Fourth street, opp. Public School

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,
24 NORTH AVENUE,
First-Class Market,
where can be found a full line of all kinds of FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.
Special attention given to
POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.
Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete as near as possible with
NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.
We collect a call that we may convince that we DO sell
CHEAPER
than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at
A. VANDERBEEK, 32 PARK AVE.
PIANOS TUNED.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Park avenue, W. S. SLITER, Manager.

WALL PAPERS.
G. F. & C. E. Brown
WALL
PAPER.
WINDOW
SHADES,
INTERIOR DECORATIONS
21 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

CAREY
FURNITURE
EXPRESS
LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.
Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.
45 WEST FRONT STREET.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle
25 NORTH AVENUE.
Painters and Paper Hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

INSURANCE
Wm. A. Woodruff,
Represents the following first-class Insurance companies:
Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen of England; The Merchants of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at best rates, and
MONEY TO LOAN
on approved security and has bargains in
REAL ESTATE
Office Berry's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second st.

SERRELL & POUND,
Bicycles, Tricycles
AND TANDEMS,
English and American Sundries. Sole Agents Victor Club, Rudge, Humber, Rover, Safety and other cycles.
R. POUND, 32 East Third street,
H. SERRELL, Plainfield Avenue.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR
HATS, SHIRTS & TRUNKS
at
U. B. Crane's
Hat Store,
12 PARK AVE. Next to Walker's Bakery.

PICTURE
FRAMES
of all kinds at
S. E. FLOWER'S
at New York Prices, Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting

CHINA,
GLASS,
LAMPS,
Latest Novelties in ROYAL WORCESTER and CAULSBAD WARE.
FRENCH AND ENGLISH
DINNER SETS.
GAVETT'S
15 E. Front street.
1y-1-3m

L. HEYNIGER,
36, 35 and 37 Somerset street.
Dealer in
FLOUR, FEED,
BALED HAY, etc.,
WOODENWARE
etc., at LESS than New York Prices
TELEPHONE CALL 113.
Branch Store No. 9 North avenue.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.
ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
Blue Stone Flagging,
SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS.
CURBING AND CROSSWALKS,
Sixteen Years' Experience.
M. POWERS,
Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue.
P. O. BOX 1227.
We also supply all orders for bluestone work at factory, direct from the factory.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons,
Successor to Emmons Bros.,
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 985.

BUILDER.
C. J. NOEL,
Carpenter & Builder
OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.
Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder,
JOBBING
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. Box 280.
Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,
Carpenter & Builder,
36 EAST THIRD STREET.
Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

PEARSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 1481.
W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street.
H. E. Gayle No. 84 East Second street.
All Work Promptly Attended to.

R. A. Ross,
35 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,
Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closet Saturdays.

R. V. Saums,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bvona, P. O. Box 1288. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,
Residence, Evona, P. O. Box 280.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Madison avenue and Third street,
Moulding, Sashes, Blinds, Doors,
Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder,
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 312.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.
For Sale and To Let
TO LET FURNISHED.
TO LET UNFURNISHED.
Desirable Bargains in
BUILDING LOTS
FIRE INSURANCE.
Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phenix Assurance of London; Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgage.
Edward C. Mulford,
Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.
Telephone No. 60.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.
JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. No work half-done. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Orders left with W. Littell, Sanitary Plumber, No. 8 North avenue. P. O. Box 1436. Telephone call 28. Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, but ween Putnam avenue and Broadway.

A. M. RUNYON & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
58 PARK AVENUE,
Telephone Call 40. Residence 48 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 37. Office Hillside cemetery.

LAING'S HOTEL.
J. B. Miller & Bro.,
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

BENJ. F. MOORE
(late of Moore Bros.)
BUTCHER,
and dealer in
FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.
Corner
PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET
Plainfield, N. J.
Telephone Call No. 111.
Orders Called For
AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

FURNITURE.
FAIRCHILD'S
Furniture Warerooms
21 EAST FRONT STREET.
Parlor and Chamber
FURNITURE.
LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, TABLES AND CHAIRS.

CRIGS
ARRAE
RRIG
AIRA
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ARRAE
GRIGS
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Repairing in all its branches at
L. M. FRENCH'S
CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,
18 Somerset street,
PLAINFIELD.

THE
Fidelity & Casualty
COMPANY, issues
Accident Policies
for
$10,000
assuring

1. In event of death	$10,000
2. For loss of two hands	10,000
3. For loss of two feet	10,000
4. For loss of one hand and one foot	10,000
5. For loss of one hand or one foot	5,000
6. For loss of one hand or of one foot	$2,500.00
7. For loss of one eye	2,500
8. For disabling injuries—during the continuance of same, per week,	$50

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amount.
For circular, etc., call on
Jos. T. Vail, Agt.,
OPPOSITE DEPOT.

FOTOGRAFS.
Instantaneous,
Everlasting,
Handsome,
Cheapest,
Best.
Great Success with Children's Portraits.
THORN'S,
Opp. Post Office.

J. P. Laire & Co's is the place to buy Parlor, Cook Stoves, ranges, double heaters, stove boards, coal hods, pipe, repairs, horse blankets, robes and general hardware.

MME. QUICK'S
SULPHUR AND MEDICATED
VAPOR TREATMENT
EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACE STREETS.
Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases equalizes the circulation, cleanses and purifies the blood, corrects Colds, Influenza, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung and Skin, Nervousness and General Debility, Paler and Salt Rheum and all skin diseases.
It cures the most obstinate cases of chills and fevers and all malarial disorders.
Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Closed for cleaning on Saturdays.

COAL and WOOD
C. H. RUGG,
Successor to Morgan Bird,
Dealer in none but best quality Coal, such as
Yeddo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring brook and Council Ridge Coal Well screened.
Also Cord and Kindling Wood.
Orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.
No. 61 Park Avenue,
Bird's Yard,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 "PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1887 Price Two Cents

JOTTINGS.

—Piles of dead leaves were burning on the mountain last night.

—Special services were held in the Catholic churches on this city last night.

—Fire near Bound Brook at eleven o'clock last night destroyed a house and barn owned by a farmer named Doughterty.

—The Union county Republican candidates will be given a reception at Republican Headquarters this evening from four o'clock to seven.

—The Young Men's Meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms on Monday evening will be conducted by Mr. E. L. Bonney. Topic, "Prepare the Way for God's Blessing." Mal. 3: 6-12.

—The Electric Light Company will next week begin the work of reëstablishing the line for incandescent lighting, in compliance with the new contract recently made for lighting the city.

—Services will be held to-morrow at the Trinity Reformed church at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. The pastor's subject in the evening will be, "Elisha and Modern Conventionalities."

—An official copy of the Supreme Court's decision in the Plainfield fire-tax case will not be received in this city for several days yet. Judge Magie is busily engaged in preparing a syllabus.

—Jacob Becker, the hired man who tried to kill Jim s ff at farmer John Bogle's, near Westfield, is improving. He says that hell "ain't such a bad place as he gets, for he is tired of living.

—The prayer meeting of the Young People's Association of the First Baptist church will be held Sunday afternoon as usual. The session to-morrow will be a consecration meeting.

—Last Monday night some young scamp took the gate from the fence in front of Mr. Burke's residence on West Front street, and then it upon some burning leaves. The gate was almost entirely destroyed.

—There are Millers and Millers. There is Jog Miller and Dray Miller; but the Miller who is to grind the wheat, they say, is the Hon. Jas. L. Miller, the Republican candidate for State Senator. There's no chaff about him.

—The unfortunate insanity of Bertie, the daughter of Ex-Sheriff Bergen of Somerville, does not give any signs of leaving her mind. Mr. Bergen devotes needless care to the girl and has closed his business until he has more time to attend to it.

—The nominations are all made. Clear the decks for action. Vote as your conscience tells you is right, and instead of such a victory as at the last county election in this county, when the Republicans carried 9 of the 32 offices voted for, it will be a clean sweep.

—The newly organized Bound Brook Post of the Grand Army of the Republic will be mustered in to-night. It will be known as Craven Post, so named in honor of the gallant Captain Craven, once a resident of this vicinity, who lost his life at the battle of Mobile Bay.

—Services in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Asa Reed Dills, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Evening theme: "The Gibbing Hand, Bishop Simpson and Fong Du Lac." Wm. will preach to-morrow at 11 a. m. in the Holy Cross Church. All are invited.

—The Saloon-Democrats are on a stiffjaunt This is the game they are trying with Drug Miller for Assembly. "Now, we don't expect to elect him, but give us a complimentary vote." Spring Lake Democrats are good enough for them. But the sensible voter will say, "Do you see anything green in my eye?"

—At the Methodist Episcopal Church, Sunday, special services will be held to-morrow morning, without a sermon. In the evening the Rev. Dr. Hurlbut will preach at 7:30. The pastor of the church, Dr. Van Meter, is absent from home, participating in the dedication services of a church in Baltimore, where he was formerly a pastor.

—It is said that the deputy warden at the County Jail, Philip Brown, obstructs the prosecution at the "five bag" cases, by preventing as much as possible the friends of the prosecution seeing the "five bags," and that Judge McCormack was compelled to interfere a few days ago. If this is so, the Board of Freeholders should take prompt measures to remove this official.

—The musical festival at the Bound Brook Presbyterian church came to a successful close last night. John Francis Gilder of Boston, the piano virtuoso, gave repeated evidence of his master-skill and was the star of the concert.

—Mesrer. J. the duet and sons choruses, and Longfellow's "Stars of the Summer Night" were the only vocal pieces that were really good. It wasn't the fault of the voices, though.

—A report was current on the streets today that the prize-fight between James Dwyer of this city and a man named Goff of Bartley, for which the gate money is being made up, will take place to-night within 100 miles of New York. The police will try to prevent any such disgraceful scene in this vicinity. Dwyer is said to be an employé in Scott's Press Works, and to have respectable relatives who deplore his course.

—A Pawnbroker went down to the County Clerk's office and took an application paper. He handed in his candidate, but County Clerk Connell said he would not charge him any thing if he would vote the Democratic ticket. The honest Pawnbroker man was indignant at the bare-faced attempt to purchase his vote and he declared he would vote a straight Republican ticket. "Jack" never read him self that time.—Westfield Standard.

—Let us consider the meaning of the initials of Hamilton Fish Livingston, the Democratic candidate for State Senator. Shall the people of New Jersey by voting in favor of the Camden steal, by which two Republicans were deprived of seats in the Assembly for which they had been elected. Left the Senate Chamber and disgust the Loyal Opinion question. Left by the better elements in the Democratic party and supported by the "Court House Ring."—Ex.

THE BOROUGH COUNCIL.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT MATTER DISCUSSED.

Street Repairs.—Sidewalks for Mercer, Manning and Washington Avenues.—Other Business Transacted.

The regular meeting of the North Plainfield Council was held last evening, Nov. 4. Present, Councilman McGee, McCutchen, Milne and Slater; absent, Councilman Weaver and Riker. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. An application of August Beenman for a peddler's license was referred and subsequently granted.

The following claims were presented: F. A. Dunham, for grade stakes, $20.50; T. J. Young, sidewalks, $7.50, Geo. Becker, salary, $37.50, fees, 88.95. Referred to Auditing Committee.

A petition for sidewalk on the Mercer avenue side of the property of L. L. Martin, was referred to Committee on streets.

Clerk Arnold's report was read as follows:

Balance on hand	$830.50
Received from licenses	20.00
Fines	58.00
	$907.50
Disbursed by order of Council	189.50
Balance	$917.98

The report was ordered filed.

Councilman Milne offered the following resolution:

Report of the Committee and Streets and Public Health.

During the Month of October repairs have been made on the following Streets:

Craig Place, between Dater and Grove streets, the gutters on each side were plowed out and cleaned.

On Rockview avenue, near Orchard avenue, two man holes were cleaned out and the refuse carted away.

On Emily street, between Somerset and Front streets, and on Chatham street, there were spread 88 loads of gravel to partially fill up the low places in the roads on Somerset street from Jackson avenue to Green Brook road. The gutters on each side of the road have been cleaned out and cut down to their proper depth. The work on Somerset street this week is in progress, and will probably be completed this week to Hillman's Bridge on Somerset street.

The report was signed by A. H. Milne, and filed.

Mr. Milne as Chairman of the Committee on Streets, reported the amount on hand at last report $258.85; paid out $255.01, leaving a balance of $3.84. The report was received and ordered on file.

A motion was presented by Mr. McCutchen that the Treasurer of the Mayor and Clerk in drawing the amount of $54.24 in Road Fund in the hands of the Collector be entitled. Carried.

Mr. McGee moved that one member of the Auditing Committee be instructed to report on bills. Carried.

The Auditing Committee reported Mr. Becker's bill correct and ordered that it be drawn from the Borough Fund, and Mr. Dunham's bill from the Road Fund.

The following resolutions were then adopted:

By Mr. McCutchen:

That the petition asking for the construction of a sidewalk on the Mercer avenue side of Mr. Martin's property be granted.

By Mr. Milne:

That sidewalk conforming to ordinance be constructed on the north side of Manning avenue from Seventh to Somerset street and Worker visit avenue.

By Mr. McCutchen:

That a sidewalk conforming to ordinance be constructed in front of vacant lot on Washington avenue, corner of Linden avenue.

They were instructed by Fire Wardens and the Mayor, investigate the matter of lighting streets and public places in the borough, and obtain proposals for obtaining a sufficient number of public lights in the borough, and report the same to the Mayor and Council with all convenient speed.

Adjourned.

Honorable Bob vs. Saloon-Bob.

Senator Livingston's admission to Editor Morrison of the News, but Spinner that the Democratic party had a "split ticket" being issued against him with much effect in his candidate's district, is a fraud. The Tribune is in error. Senator Livingston never made such a statement to the editor of THE NEWS, and we have not so stated. He made the statement in the presence of several prominent citizens in a store on Front street, and was reported by us in the same daily, and never denied by the scheme who favors the saloons because he thinks they can elect him.

The senator has been a subscriber to THE NEWS since the first number four years ago, and has always been used as well by us as by all his friends. We decline to take any mean advantage of him for political or any other reason. We will add honorably the side to win or to lose right, but never dishonorably. Three years ago we aided the honorable Bob in every way possible and was rewarded by him the same day

Plainfield Evening News,

T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,

Is published every afternoon at

No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

And delivered within the City and Borough limits at 10 cents per week, or by mail postage paid, to subscribers in the United States, at $5 per year payable in advance.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1887.

IT WAS A BOHEMIAN'S "FAKE."

The Action of the Alleged Infernal Machine Held for Trial.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Superintendent Hopkins, to-person this morning, when the police arrived, found in his office a mysterious looking package last even ing brought in by the boots to Chief Justice Waite, made a confession yesterday afternoon to Inspectors Hoff and Horgan, in which he admitted that the infernal machine was invented by himself and Arthur B. Sperry, a reporter on The Critic, for the purpose of creating a sensation. Inspector Hoff says that Hopkins also admitted that another purpose was to raise some money through the use of the sensation to newspaper correspondents. Hopkins was then immediately arrested on the charge of conspiracy to defraud R. Wynne of the Cincinnati Commercial Bureau, in connection with that scheme. It was soon, that the package contained a few grains of powder just sufficient to burst the fuse and scatter the person who might open it over the floor.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Popular Bed Room Furnishing—Recipes for Old Fashioned Dainties.

Colored and white bed spreads are both in fashion. Pretty cretonne or sateen is much used for the colored ones, and the bolder, which one is reminded of the old-fashioned chintz. White ones have to be a regular embroidered one, which entails a face or hem-stitched one with a colored stripe is usually the case. A pretty finishing off touch is a ruffle of sateen in the pink, light blue or other delicate shade. The pillow cases will have almost spaces are covered to match. Bolster cases are also very fashionable. Bureau scarfs are very much used and have to be of the same embroidered above the hem.

Bread Home Made Apple Butter.

Home made bread has ceased to be a part of every day life, and is now considered a luxury for the rich. It is just as fine as it ever was, and is just as much appreciated as it ever was. It is always to be.

The home made bread which is to be found in the market is much in quantity, but it is not the same as that which is made at home. It is not so fine, and it is not so delicate, and it is not so much appreciated as it ever was. It is not so much appreciated as it ever was. It is not so much appreciated as it ever was.

To Improve Tea for Flour.

[illegible]

The Decline of the Pillow Sham.

[illegible]

Toilette Table in French Style.

[illegible]

DESIGN FOR TOILETTE TABLE.

This table is of wood, painted white and and well varnished. The tabletop is covered with red flannel, over which is very evidently embroidered with knotted thread lace. The drapery consists of Turkey red calico upon which are applied, with chain stitch, designs of flowers or birds cut out of cretonne. It is desired to make the table handsome, the drapery can be of more costly material with hand painted or embroidered ornaments.

Rose Scent Jar.

A potpourri or rose scent jar consists of a stock of rose leaves, to which are added various odoriferous substances and essences. The rose petals are gathered in the morning, and after drying them off for an hour are put into a stone jar. Each layer of leaves is strewed very sparingly with common salt, and allowed to stand two days. Fresh leaves can be added every morning until there are enough. Then put into the jar with the leaves evenly ground allspice and the same of broken stick cinnamon. Let it stand closely covered for six weeks. Mix together in the proportion of one ounce of ground allspice cloves, cinnamon and mace, one ounce bruised orris root, some lavender flowers, and one ounce of dried flowers of lemon thyme. Add all this to your permanent rose jar as it is made, leaves with the rose leaves, and let the whole stand for a month or two before using. Add a little more spice if you like it strong, or omit any spice which you do not like. Add a pint of good cologne. Add from time to time orange flower water or the like and leaves as soon as fresh rose petals can be procured. Just before putting in the cologne dissolve the essence of the jar for a few minutes.

A Rich Beverage from Oranges.

To make [illegible]

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

HOW HUMAN SACRIFICE IS REGARDED IN THE CONGO REGION.

One of the Most Interesting of the Jubilee Gifts Received by Queen Victoria—The Secrets of the Magic Mirror Explained—Dangers of Alpine Tourists.

[illegible]

A MAGIC MIRROR.

[illegible]

Sweet Cloud Statistics.

[illegible]

An Old Conjeer.

[illegible]

Queen Henrietta's Signet Ring.

[illegible]

Rose Brettmann.

[illegible]

Queen Victoria's Table in French Style.

[illegible]

Accidents in the Swiss Alps.

[illegible]

A BALLOON CHAIR'S TABLE.

THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Charles Dickens' Grandmother — The Source of the Novelist's Gift for Story.

Mr. T. Wemyss Reid writes in The London Daily News of the grandmother of Charles Dickens, repeating what was told him long ago by the first Lord Houghton. "Of all Mrs. Dickens' stories, none met more hearty approval than one which she told to the children of Mr. Crowe, the granddaughter of the person in whom the title and estate [illegible] Lord Houghton, speaking to me recently of some of Mrs. Dickens' stories, said that the best of them all was the one about the [illegible] It was her delight to tell it to the children whom she and [illegible] were able to visit, and who seldom missed the annual [illegible] of Mrs. Dickens' stories. Lord Houghton, [illegible] in his life, lastly Houghton [illegible] good in the illness neither of David Copperfield, Mr. Micawber, Little Nell, or Tiny Tim, but he could tell the old fairy tale [illegible] Mrs. Dickens had some reminiscences which Lady Houghton still recollected, in the days of her youth, of the old lady [illegible] Crowe.

Sweet Cloud Statistics.

[illegible]

The Progress of Medical Science.

[illegible]

Rose in Wet Gentle Sleep.

[illegible]

Hands Without Fingers.

[illegible]

Backward and Dreamy Children.

[illegible]

Cures for Warts.

[illegible]

A Wedding Ring Motto.

[illegible]

The Great London Fire.

[illegible]

An Old Saying.

[illegible]

Jay Gould's Yacht.

[illegible]

A Charge Not Sustained.

[illegible]

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Why Some People Wear Eye Glasses. Various Practical Items for Every Day.

Specifics are numerous and various. They were held a dozen years ago. It is now but a matter of surprise to see them on children of 8 to 10 years of age. An oculist being asked if disease of the eyes was on the increase, thinks they are not, but that vanity puts many people into spectacles. Only an oculist can have any idea how many people wear such glasses. They think it adds to their personal appearance.

In regard to [illegible] people, they study and read by a [illegible] to 16, or maybe, the [illegible] commence to read [illegible] the [illegible] in reading [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

LITTLE LAUGHS.

The once flourishing town of Solitaire, in Arizona, is now entirely deserted. The man who named the town builded better than he knew.—Norristown Herald.

Mme. Patti has decided to learn to play the banjo, and if at any time within the next two months a man with disheveled hair, a wild, haunted look in his dark eyes, buttons missing from his pants and socks that wear a negligee Pacific appearance, is found wandering lonely around solitary places in Europe, his name will probably be Nicolini.—St. Paul Globe.

A bright newspaper woman in New York gained admission as a lunatic to an insane asylum and remained there a couple of weeks, taking notes, which she worked up into a graphic newspaper article. It is suspected that she deceived the physicians in charge by wearing a fashionable bustle as large as a flour barrel and having her hair hanged within half an inch of her eyebrows.—Norristown Herald.

Natural gas is a great boon to the people of Pittsburg, but the people there make light of it.—Norristown Herald.

"I was helpless, professor," said a hospital under surgeon, "that I would be given that leg operation in the poor ward." "No, I assigned it to Young Snobleone, but I'll give you a whack at the entrees."—The Epoch.

It costs something to die respectably in Omaha. On the case inclosing the body of a man sent from there to Akron, O., for burial, was the following itemized bill, for which, hereof on delivery of undelay returned": Undertaker's bill, $60; hospital expenses, $25; insurance fee, $10; license, 75c. The bill was paid, but the rest of the family will get back to Akron in time to die there.—Exchange.

But not a penny from influenza. Do you know what it is to shout, then cough, wriggle and long to sit the bench? Wife thoughtfully—Why, I believe, John, physicians hold that colds always attack the weakest spot.—The Epoch.

But One Billy Birch.

Mr. William Birch, the old time minstrel, has just recovered from a severe illness. Yesterday morning he met a friend who owns a fast trotter, and who offered the use of it to Birch, saying that the exercise in a ride would do him good. Birch accepted the offer, and in the afternoon ordered the horse hitched to a light road wagon. He drove slowly down Lexington avenue. The horse seemed silent in a slowly manner, and at times evinced a disposition to use both sides of the street.

In vain did Birch soothingly say, "Sich, Beauty," and "Gee, Dan, Dobbin." At last a frantic one hossing thereto he turned and the horse took the bit in his teeth and bolted. Then it was that Birch startled the fast he was seeking, for he wrapped the lines about the whip and deliberately climbed over the back of the seat. He did not stop at this, and soon he was seen to be dangling over the tailboard of the wagon. He dropped off, rolled over in the mud several times, got up, shuffled down his vest and remarked to a policeman:

"I made a bit that time, eh?" The officers then took him to look after, not holding on to his horse, but Birch shook his head and said reflectively, "There's lots of horses and buggies in this world, and noble guardians of the law, but I'll give you a tip that there is not one fully Birch."—New York Evening Sun.

A Midnight Reverie.

I sit before the open grate
And see a face in every fire;
The evening, and the hour is late,
But memories and thoughts inspire.

Above and deep in their fair,
Watching, glowing, clear ember,
And in the ashes of a flame or fire
And dance or sit, not to remember

The things that would call me a dream,
Such as the sweet sleeping, waking,
Until at times of real scene
As if the weary hours were breaking.

The fire dies out. The sudden chill
But makes me more fully aware
I go to my bed, and sleep still,
And wishing cannot ever be cheaper.
—Lowell Citizen.

Mistakes Her Calling.

"And what does your husband do for a living?" asked Mrs. Chatterwell during her first call on a new neighbor. "He's a reporter," "A what?" "A newspaper reporter, he goes about everywhere, learns all the news and tells it to the paper." "And do they pay for that?" shrieked Mrs. Chatterwell, rising to her feet in her amazement. "Oh, my, my, my! Oh, dear, dear, dear! I've lost much—$2,000 good money since I've lived in Tinkertown!" She makes a straight rush for the newspaper office.—Journalist.

A Doubtful Accommodation.

Brownell's employer was calling his attention to the sales of another traveling man, and intimating that he ought to try and do as well.

"I tell you what it is," said Brownell, at last to the tried man's many hints to travel. Now I don't sell any goods to dead men, and—"

"Certainly," replied the merchant, thoughtfully, "I think I will start a route on that route next month."—Merchant Traveler.

A Hint to a Boarder.

Short Man (about supper) he had been the envy of the Long Man's table. I declare! I have had three cups of coffee all to myself.

Mistress of it. Every individual boarding-house knows it. You will be lucky find them in the dictionary, sir.—Judge.

Business Very Quiet.

Lady (leading cards)—A piece of stamp, please.

Young assistant—Any particular kind you take it with you or have it sent.—Harper's Bazar.

Information.

Helen—Mamma, what is casus belli?

Mother—My child, never speak of anything so indelicate. It is the Latin for stomach ache.—Life.

The Politician and the Fisherman.

The politician's up and doing,
And a-whistling with a will;
The fisherman, his sport pursuing,
Is lying still.—Boston Courier.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co

OFFICE 35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE
(in Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen to do that CONTRACTS

MADE AT ONCE

may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without defacing ceilings and walls and in most cases existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments or the globes

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Door Numbers,

DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS

at

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,

13 Park avenue.

Sole Agent for DR. KING'S Spectacles

McDONOUGH & MARTIN,
Horseshoers, 20 Somerset Street.

All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated nerve quieting shoes, will please leave their orders for same at our shop before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to supply the large demand which those celebrated shoes have. Persons desiring to use these will please bring their horse to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

I have secured the agency for the above celebrated irons. They being cut, studded and grooved as near the sole as possible, and having the greatest amount of convexity and concavity immediately over the center of frog found in the pebble. It allows the ray of light to enter the eye with the least possible resistance.

AT DOANE'S,

Formerly Clare's. No. 9. Park Avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have adde

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

14 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further

until you have visited my store and inspected MY

Ladies $2 SHOE

either in common sense or opera toe style.

They are Beauties.

I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.

J. J. KENNEY.

No. 29 NORTH AVENUE.

BEAVER'S

FRUIT MARKET

Nos. 66 and 68 East Front street,

Now open with a supply of

Fruit, Vegetables, etc.

at NEW YORK PRICES.

This place, stock and fixtures for sale including a two years' lease. Reason for selling business.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. Having enlarged the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage heretofore and solicit a share of the same during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD

P. O. BOX 830.

CHEAP BOOKS.

We have a large line of popular books in nice cloth binding, good paper and good print at only 39 cents each. These include Emerson's Essays, Carlyle's Sartor Resartus, Adam Bede, Guy Mannering, etc., etc. Also many books for children at 15, 20, 25, 30 cents and upward.

A. W. RAND,

24 W. Front street.

THE

People's Market,

RENO. 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats,

Groceries,

Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned have purchased the Terrace's Market, and are well fitted, at No. 42 E. Second street, and will be pleased to receive a share of the patronage of his friends who in reasonable prices and in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL SCIENTIFIC

AND SANITARY PLUMBER.

Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also elected a member of that body of practical plumbers I am prepared to do plumbing in any line. Shop at 17 and 19 North avenue Plainfield N. J. 8-17

EVERYTHING

in the shoe line for Men, Women, Boys, Youths, Misses and children.

Doane & VanArsdale

22 W. Front St.

MEATS

GEO. A. MOORE,

of the late firm of Moore Bros.

is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will be pleased to supply patrons with the finest cuts of FRESH MEAT.

MEATS

Of all kinds, oysters, Clams, Game in season. Of the lowest market prices. Anything not specially kept in stock furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance.

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 13 Franklin Place.

DEALER IN

Blue Stone Flagging,

P. O. Box 338

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mrs. Lindsays,

Intelligence Office,

No. 92 West Front street.

Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office: Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone,

60, 70 & 80 Cents,

May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Wm. Claassen.

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving in ticket 12 tickets $1.00. Ingersoll re-moved with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 8 W. Front street. 8-22 1y

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2.

at Mrs. Demeos's, Watne street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 5 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 89, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker

and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 62 Somerset street,

Grocer and See'man,

Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour. Orange County Butter, fine Sugars, Tea, Coffees, canned goods, pure cider vinegar always on hand. Front Jars, jelly cans, White Granite Yellow Ware, Stone Jars, Bowls and Glassware. Blue Points, Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,

Kalsommer

No. 13 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and white-washed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,

From Paris, successor to Jules Houtea.

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, toilets and laundries. Magnetic and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,

Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road, dealer in all kinds of

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

28 Somerset street,

Meat Market,

receive deliveries of all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 11.

Ten Eyck's

Meat Market,

Fruits and Vegetables in season, 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

L. McVoy,

Driven Wells,

Gas Fitter and Water Driver. Old wells made to work easy. Also an experience of fifteen years in well digging. Satisfaction of work guaranteed to my care with strictest form. Shop 8 E. Front.

P. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Books, Stationery, and Music, 57 1-2 West Front street.

Farmer's Hotel,

Somerset street, near Front,

Boarding, Refreshments at all hours. Transient Stabling for horses by day, week or month. Terms moderate. Jacob Rimm, proprietor.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

BLANK BOOKS,

MEMORANDUM BLOCKS,

[Tablets, Writing and Drawing Books.]

LANGUAGE LESSONS.

Lead Pencils, etc., at low prices. Also full line of

Pure Confectionery

the largest assortment sold in town.

R. C. FISHER'S,

24 West Fourth street, opp. Public School

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE.

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of all kinds of

FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

Special attention given to

POULTRY VEGETABLES AND FISH.

Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete as near as possible with

NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.

If We solicit a call that we may convince you we sell

CHEAPER

than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at

A. VANDERBEEK, 32 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue, W. S. SLITER, Manager.

WALL PAPERS.

G. F. & C. E. Brown

WALL PAPER.

WINDOW SHADES,

INTERIOR DECORATIONS

251 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK

CASEY

FURNITURE EXPRESS

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.

Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.

45 WEST FRONT STREET.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle

25 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper Hangers.

WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

INSURANCE

Wm. A Woodruff,

Represents the following first-class Insurance companies:

Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool London and Globe of England, Westchester of New York, Norwich Union of England, North British Mercantile of England, the Northern of England, The Queen of England. The Merchants of Newark. The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at best rates, has

MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security and has bargains in

REAL ESTATE

Office Berry's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence 110 E. Second St.

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but best class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thanking for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 27 WEST FRONT

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR

HATS, SHIRTS & TRUNKS

at

U. B. Crane's

Hat Store,

12 PARK AVE. Next to Walker's Bakery.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

41 New York Office, Studio 28 West Front street. Specialty for decks and oil painting

CHINA,

GLASS,

LAMPS,

Latest Novelties in ROYAL WORCESTER and CROSLEAD WARE.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH

DINNER SETS.

GAVETT'S

15 E. Front street

L. HEYNIGER,

86, 88 and 47 Somerset street,

Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED,

BALED HAY, etc.,

WOODENWARE

etc., at LESS than New York Prices.

TELEPHONE CALL 108.

Branch Store 90 & 92 North avenue.

FIRST CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.

ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Blue Stone Flagging,

SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS.

CURBING AND CROSSWALKS.

Sixteen Years' Experience.

M. POWERS,

Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue, P. O. BOX 1267.

We also supply all orders for kindling wood as formerly, direct from the factory.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 942.

BUILDER.

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter & Builder

OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.

Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder,

JOBBING

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

P. O. Box 350.

Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,

Established 1867

Carpenter & Builder,

38 EAST THIRD STREET.

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

PEARSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 1421.

W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street
H. E. Gayle No. 84 East Second street.
All Work promptly Attended to.

R. A. Ross,

11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,

Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closet Saturdays.

R. V. Saums,

Car ente and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bvons. P. O. Box, 1238. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

I. Manning,

Residence, Bvons, P. O. Box 260.

arpenter and Builder,

25 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Madison avenue and Third street.

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 215.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale and To Let

TO LET FURNISHED.

TO LET UNFURNISHED.

Desirable Bargains in

BUILDING LOTS

FIRE INSURANCE.

Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phoenix Assurance of London; Queen of Liverpool. Northern. Money to Loan on First Mortgage.

Edward C. Mulford,

Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, Opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.

Telephone No. 90.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.

JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. No work half done. Our apparatus approved of by the Board of Health. Orders left with D. W. Littell, Sanitary Plumber, No. 8 North avenue, P. O. Box 1405. Telephone call 29. Residence of Manager, Dan Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

A. M. RUNYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

38 PARK AVENUE.

Telephone Call 40. Residence 48 Madison avenue Telephone Call 37. Office Hillside cemetery.

LAING'S HOTEL.

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

BENJ. F. MOORE

(late of Moore Bros.)

BUTCHER,

and dealer in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.

Corner

PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET

Plainfield, N. J.

Telephone Call No. 111.

Orders Called For

AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

FURNITURE.

FAIRCHILD'S

Furniture Warerooms

21 EAST FRONT STREET

Parlor and Chamber FURNITURE.

LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, TABLES AND CHAIRS.

CRIGS CARAE RIGRIA RIARIG GRIGS CARAE GRIGS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Repairing in all its branches at

L. M. FRENCH'S

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

18 Somerset street,

PLAINFIELD.

THE

Fidelity & Casualty

COMPANY, issues

Accident Policies

for

$10,000

assuring

1. In event of death	$10,000
2. For loss of two hands	10,000
3. For loss of two feet	10,000
4. For loss of one hand and one foot	10,000
5. For loss of both eyes	5,000
6. For loss of one hand or of one foot	$5,000
7. For loss of one eye	$1,250
8. For disabling injuries—during the continuance of same, per week,	$50

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amount.

For circular, etc., call on

Jos. T. Vail, Agt.,

OPPOSITE DEPOT.

FOTOGKAFS.

Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsome, Cheapest, Best.

Great Success with Caldren's Portraits.

THORN'S,

Opp. Post Office.

J. P. Laire & Co's is the place to buy Parlor, Cook Stoves, ranges, double heaters, stove boards, coal hods, pipe, repairs, horse blankets, robes and general hardware.

MME. QUICK'S

SULPHUR AND MEDICATED

VAPOR TREATMENT

EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACE STREETS.

Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases equalizes the circulation, cleanses and purifies the blood, cures Colds, Influenza, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung Diseases, Nervous and General Debility, Palsy and Salt Rheum and all skin diseases.

It cures the most obstinate cases of chills and fever and all malarial disorders.

Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Closed for cleaning on Saturdays.

COAL and WOOD

C. H RUGG,

Successor to Morgan Bird.

Dealer in none but best quality Coal, such as Yeddo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring brook and Council Ridge Coal Well screened.

Also Cord and Kindling Wood.

Orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.

No. 61 Park Avenue,

Bird's Yard,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY NOVEMBER 7, 1887 — Price Two Cen

Proclamation by the Governor.

For abundant harvests, for commercial and industrial prosperity, for freedom from pestilence, for peace and order, for continued civil and religious liberty, and for innumerable other blessings during the past year, we, as a grateful people, should offer thanksgiving to Almighty God, "from whom cometh every good and perfect gift."

In recognition of such duty, and in accordance with established custom, I, Robert S. Green, Governor of the State of New Jersey, do hereby designate TUESDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF NOVEMBER INSTANT, as a day of public thanksgiving and prayer, to be observed and kept by the people of this State, abstaining from all unnecessary secular employments, most of them resort places of worship and give thanks and praise to God for His infinite mercy and goodness, with prayer for a continuance of the same, especially for happiness to the nation, State and people.

Given under my hand and privy seal, at the city of Trenton, this third day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eight-seven, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and twelfth.

ROBT S. GREEN.

By the Governor.

ROBERT GREEN, JR.,
Private Secretary.

Political.

TO REPUBLICAN VOTERS AND workers: Every voter should be a worker this year. The opportunity is ours, let us seize it. The whole ticket can be elected. Watch for disappointments and stop all eating and trades. In their extremity the old ring is ready to resort to any means short to secure part of their ticket. Vigilance and work is what we need. The people of this county need a complete change. They are ready to down the Court House ring. Immediately report any matter requiring attention to your member of the City Executive Committee.

C. M. GOSHARD,
Chairman Rep City Com.

SITTINGS.

The City Common Council will meet to-night.

The Y. M. C. A Seniors meet to-morrow at 7:30 p. m.

Fire-bug' sypathizers were busy working Sunday to help Senator Livingston with a few votes.

"The Royal Craftsman," that interesting Masonic journal of which City Judge Ulrich is the able editor, is out for October.

The educational work of the Y. M. C. A. is in charge of Messrs. C. E. Ross and John Leal. For particulars apply at the Association rooms.

Secret investigations are being made concerning charges of penalations made against the employees of the Central Railroad shops at Elizabethport.

—The board of Freeholders should unanimously agree at their next meeting, to remove Deputy Warden Breen from the County Jail, for his action in the "fire-bug" cases.

Superintendent Codington of the Chimney Rock Mission school raised $50 on his first attempt, this morning, towards the fund for the building of a new chapel. The amount desired is $500.

The Democrats claim that they will carry the county to-morrow by 80 majority. The Republicans expect to carry it by several hundred and elect their entire ticket—as they probably will, if every man votes.

A 10 membership in the Y. M. C. A. entitles a person to a ticket to the third at each of the three courses of entertainments given by the Association. Those wishing to join should leave their name and amount of the membership fee at Reynolds' Pharmacy.

The Young Men's Meeting at the Y. M. C. A. to-night is evening at eight o'clock will be led by E. L. Bergen. Topic: "Prepare the way for God's blessing." Mal. 3: 6-12. Active members are especially urged to be present this evening. *All men are welcome.*

The town's record of the number of miles covered by members of the Plainfield Bicycle Club will be kept by Capt. Pryor. The prize was awarded to Treasurer William H. Middleton, who has ridden during the year 6,404 miles, 1,000 of which were covered during the month of October.

The sale of tickets for the Y. M. C. A. course of illustrated lectures, to be delivered Nov. 15, 22 and 29 and Dec. 6, will open Tuesday, Nov. 8, at seven a. m., at Reynolds' pharmacy. As there will be no rush for trains on that day the tickets will be ready for immediate delivery and payment, an advantage for both buyer and seller, as compared with the usual system.

The reception given to the Union County Republican candidates, in this city, Saturday afternoon, was to the nominees a gratifying evidence of their popularity. From four o'clock to seven, men kept thronging into the Republican headquarters on Front street, shaking hands with the men of their ticket. At seven o'clock there was a pleasant banquet, and the most of town candidates left by half-fast trains for their homes. The Plainfield Cornet Band accompanied them with music to the train.

—Somebody noticed a burnt glow in the sky above the city, last night at a little before eight o'clock, and rang the alarm bell. The fire was on the mountain, however, and Engine No. 2 and Albert Baker Carriage No. 1, which were speedily brought together by means of the facts dragged down Madison avenue as far as Fourth street, and Zephyr Hook and Ladder apparatus No. 1, which was run out far beyond the city limits, before it could be put into service. People stood along the streets and watched the lurid flames on the mountain top until a late hour. The fire was a sweety sight.

The Somerset county Democrats are split. John R. McPherson's farmer was made chairman of the County Committee, against the better sense of the delegates, and then, according to well authenticated reports, Mr. M. V. Terhune and others of the Senatorial nomination it he would pledge himself to vote for McPherson for Speaker. This pledge he peremptorily refused and then Mr. Bergen was nominated, presumably having given the required pledge. A workingman's ticket, so called, was then put in the field with Bergen's name on it. Later Mr. Bergen found he had made a mistake and withdrew from the workingman's ticket, and is now likely to be decidedly beaten. The result shows that McPherson is a candidate, and the Union County voters must remember that Mr. Livingston is a McPherson man.—Elizabeth Journal.

Three hundred and five incalescent lamps to be used in lighting the city arrived Saturday.

—There will be a Plainfield Bicycle Club run to-morrow. The start will be from Club House at 10 o'clock a. m., returning about 11 o'clock.

—In their advertisement to-day Kenney Bros., the North avenue fruiters' call attention to the large stock of apples, which they are disposing of at reasonable prices.

—The cool weather is the presage of winter and already people are catching colds. Field & Randolph advertise a wild cherry cough mixture of their own make, as well as cough drops. There are only two of their many specialties.

—Professor Reynolds holds forth at Reform Hall this evening. Everywhere that he has appeared the press, the pulpit and the people unite in calling his gift a wonderful one. In his way he has been one of the benefactors of the human race, for he has contributed not a little to their happiness by this mirth-provoking talent of his. Popular prices prevail.

In the year 1888 there will occur five eclipses—three of the sun and two of the moon. A total eclipse of the sun will occur Jan. 1st, partly visible at Washington as a partial eclipse the sun setting eclipsed. The second *eclipse being a partial eclipse of the moon* will occur Jan. 16, visible at Washington and generally in Europe, Africa, North and South America, the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. The third will be an annular eclipse of the sun, June 25, invisible at Washington. The fourth will be a partial eclipse of the moon, July 12, visible at Washington, but visible generally in Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia, the Atlantic and Pacific oceans and the eastern portion of *South America. The fifth will be a total* eclipse of the sun, Dec. 21 and 22, invisible at Washington.

The decision of the Court of Appeals, giving Sheriff Stiles control of the jail and prisoners therein, ousting Warden Cahill, Democrat, has given the Republican county ticket a great boom. The greedy and tenacious manner in which the wardenship was filled to the Democratic Board of Freeholders, despite a Supreme Court decision that they had no right to deprive the sheriff of the custody of the jail and against the protests of Sheriff Stiles last April and the consequent large expense to the county by the costs of the appeal has disgusted many voters and there will be a great effort made to clean out the Court House ring on Tuesday. James L. Mahler, nominated for Senator, has especially made a good impression in his appearance among the people of the county, while his opponent, the present incumbent, Senator Livingston, has gone about but little and discussed most of his canvass by explaining away charges and records of his brother, the brother of which he has been successful.—New York Tribune.

The Prize Fight a Fizzle.

Saturday night was the date fixed and a dilapidated barn on the Holly road between this city and New Brooklyn, in Middlesex county, the place appointed for the fistic prize fight between James Dwyer of this city and a man named Goff of Newark. Friends of the pugilists and "sports" who had received the "tip" began to arrive at the Campbell Club House, and just before midnight, the principals and their backers arrived and proceeded to a room in the second story of the house, while the pugilists dressed for the fight. Then a question arose which blocked the fight. A large number of tickets had been sold at five dollars each and the money was in the pugilists' pockets ready to fight for nothing and returned to the city. A number of persons who could scarcely all night in the cold contented home thoroughly disgusted with the affair.

It is probably well for the principals that the fight did not come off, as the Middlesex county authorities had a number of constables in citizens' clothes, who were watching the whole proceedings. The "mill" was a fizzle from beginning to end.

The prize fight between Dwyer and Goff, however, between Buckman Michael Sweeny and Pugilist Goff. Sweeny had been given a ticket to the affair for buckshare and was offered five dollars instead when it was found that the fight would be no fight. He wanted more money and got more for words. The matter was finally settled.

Two Good Speeches.

Judge Norman Harper and Editor Wm. J. Leonard each made an able address at the Reform Club meeting last night. Judge Harper went into several years and reviewed the growth of temperance organizations in this and other lands. He spoke in praise of the action of the Knights of Labor in the temperance cause and read extracts from opinions of theology and the medical men, showing the evil effects which had been wrought by the use of alcoholic beverages.

Mr. Leonard wished that the people of Plainfield might go around from house to house and see for themselves the ill resulting from the temperance evil. Next evening, he thought would be far more instructive than words. He traced the spread of the drink habit to the modern saloons and said that there was far less drunkenness when hotel-bars were the nearest approach to rum-shops.

Fire Beyond the Notch.

The flames that destroyed a frame dwelling house half way between North Plainfield and Stelting made such a bright reflection just beyond the Notch that men started out with Warren Engine, No. 3, and a hose carriage. They went only as far as Park place. The building that was burned was to have been moved into by Thomas Parkinson, to-day.

Parkinson was recently notified by Mr. W. B. Codington, counsel for North Plainfield Township, to vacate the shanty near John son's store, which he has been occupying some months. The officials claim the property for the township, and say that Parkinson is a "squatter," having never paid either rent or taxes. Parkinson used to be a night-watchman, but of late has kept a place on the mountain of decidedly bad repute. Few residents of the borough will be sorry to lose their neighbor.

ILL FATED STEAMERS.

Wursby Disasters Recalled by the "Fanny Garner."

A steamer which passed through the canal recently attracted considerable attention and excited no little interest among the older residents of Bound Brook. It was the "Fanny Garner," one of the vessels of the late Jacob Shurts, built in Bloomington about 30 years ago, and the same steamer whose belay exploded with such fatal results in the canal between Weston and Millstone in the summer of '50. At the time of the explosion the boat was running, loaded with merchandise, consigned from New York firms to merchants in Trenton, Captain Bird commanding. The captain's son and four deck hands lost their lives. Mr. Bird's body being literally torn to atoms. The head was found in the meadow by the Baxter Wrecking Company.

Mr. Shurts lost a large amount of money on the steamers he built at Bloomington, both the exception of the "Franklin." The "Mollusco," lately on the Canal, Captain Eckman was in command of that vessel and had a fine time swing with his life. A passenger, a friend of R. G. DuBurn, was killed in that accident. The "Eureka," the blindwas destroyed in the Delaware and Lehigh during the war, and heavily freighted with government supplies started for the South. She went by the name of "Sea Mission, who dwelt on first and second mate, 2 pilots, 2 engineers and a crew of 10 men; also a paymaster of the army with $30,000 government money on board. The vessel was never seen after starting outside and not one of the crew ever reached shore to tell the tale. She carried by a confederate privateersman and the crew thrown into the horrible Southern prisons and perished there.

Warren Union Mission.

The Sunday evening services held in the Mission Chapel are growing in numbers. The attendance there was large last night and was increased under the direction of Mr. M. M. Dunham occupied a full half hour and the congregation entered into this service with a spirit that always manifests itself in the Mission meetings. The devotional exercises were conducted by Mr. S. A. Gums, Superintendent of the Bethel Mission, who dwelt on the subject of repentance. After all singing "Come Unto Me," the meeting was given to the congregation for voluntary service. The time was fully occupied—a number taking part. Before the meeting closed Mr Dunham read five cards from the cover, which were handed to the desk in writing. Mr. Gums then gave the usual invitation to any who desired prayer for themselves to manifest it by raising the hand. Mr. John Cory then offered prayer in behalf of all requests presented. After singing "Is It Well With My Soul?" the meeting closed.

Flyers.

Much indignation was aroused in Rahway yesterday by the distribution in the streets of that city of circulars in the interest of Thomas Forsyth, the Democratic candidate for Sheriff. This desecration of Sunday will cost the Democracy a few votes, and shows the desperation of the Court House Ring.—Tribune.

Yesterday Rahway was flooded with thousands of copies of the Sunday Leader of Plainfield containing an answer to the charges made against Thomas Forsythe, the Democratic candidate for Sheriff, which appeared last Thursday in the Rahway Advocate. The charge was to the effect that there was a mark on the ballots used in Plainfield in 1881. The papers arrived by carriage, and were distributed like handbills. People's doors were found plastered with them, and Democratic politicians with campaign documents they were very indignant. The action, it is thought, will cost Forsythe many votes.—World.

Talk to Men Only.

One of the series of "Popular Talks" arranged by the Reception Committee of the Y. M. C. A. will be given by Ernest R. Ackerman this week Friday evening at eight o'clock. The subject is, "Reminiscences of a Trip Across the Continent." In the course of his remarks the speaker will describe a visit to an ostrich farm and a night in Chinatown. The admission will be by ticket, which may be obtained by the asking upon application at the Association rooms.

Made Sausage of His Finger.

Edward Brown of Park Place and Duer street, North Plainfield, while engaged cutting sausage at about half-past eight o'clock Saturday night in VanSickle's meat market on North avenue, caught the middle finger of the *right hand in the knives of the machine* and severed the finger at the hand. Dr. Long dressed the wound, which is a very painful one. Mr. Brown, although in pain, is around, caused no duty work.

—We have received from an Elizabeth correspondent, who signs himself, "Democrat," a communication denouncing Mr. Forsyth, the Democratic candidate for Sheriff, and *praising Mr Beasley, the Republican candi*date. We never take any stock in charges made from anonymous letters, never placing the they may be. We leave such methods to saloon-Democrats, who offer ways that are dark and trick-that are vain are peculiar." It would be an insult to the intelligence of such respectable readers as The News has the honor to be addressed by Republicans and Democrats alike—to publish such matter. We published a week ago Mr Glasby's excellent record, and a day or two later, Mr. Forsyth's, giving abundant time to refute any statements made, if incorrect. No one has done so, and therefore there is no need of saying anything more now, when it is too late to be replied to. The fight has been an open, honorable fight on our side, and we leave the case with the people with confidence as to the result.

William Rhodes, are thirty-five, a mason in the employ of Contractor VanSickle, with a wife and child, living on Bath avenue, New Brunswick, was instantly killed and horribly mangled under the wheels of a freight train going east over the New Street crossing at 8:35 yesterday morning.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

A Month's Lake Disasters.

CHEYBAGON, Mich., Nov. 7. The damage and total loss to vessel property for the month of October in the straits and vicinity from Fox Island to Hammond's Bay, on Lake Huron can be fairly estimated at $80 000, besides the loss of eighteen persons.

A Sheriff Guilty of Murder.

SAN ANTONIA, Tex., Nov. 7.—At Bones Sheriff Thumm, of Medina county, was convicted on *Saturday of the murder of J. W.* Hilderbrant, a lawyer of this city, and sentenced to a term of twenty-five years in the penitentiary. The murder occurred at Castroville, the County seat of Medina county, last July. Thumm has killed so many men men that he had become the terror of Western Texas. His trial was taken to Bones on change of venue.

Wash Bi-Death-Warrant.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 7.—Albert Otto, who lives on the Hopkins road, gave himself up at the jail yesterday, saying that if the Anarchists in Chicago were hanged he was to be hanged too, and asking that he be protected. Four days ago he said he expressed the hope that they would be hanged and the next day found blood marks on his doorsteps. He believed that they were a death *warrant put there by the Anarchists* because of what he had said, and he became insane.

An Early Morning Crash.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 7.—The Canon-ball passenger train coming south on the Atchison and Nebraska Railroad crashed into the rear end of a freight train at Bessner Station, twelve miles north of Atchison, at six a. m. Saturday. The caboose, in which were six "Greasers," was destroyed. John Worth of Red Oak, Iowa, was scalded to death. W. Robinson Sandwiche, Iowa, was seriously scalded and will probably die. J. McEldower of Bloomfield, Ill., Chas Pullman of Muscatine, Iowa and A. F. Wilcox of Northern Nebraska Were badly scalded.

Rescue for the Anarchists.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 7.—A union meeting of Socialists and Anarchists has been called for the purpose of trying to devise some of the seven condemned men at Chicago. It is understood that there will be a call for volunteers to go to Chicago to be there next Thursday night, and it is the general belief that an attempt at rescue will be made at that time as there will be a gathering of "reds" from all parts of the United States. There have been great preparations going on here for some time among the Anarchists, but it is impossible to ascertain the nature of the action that will be taken.

They Say It's a Rich Mine.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 7.—A well attested report of a remarkable discovery of rich gold bearing deposits in the Sierra Madres in the state of Chihuahua, Mexico, on the line about 650 miles from El Paso, has assumed practical shape by the purchase of a group of four veins, by some sagacious capitalists here. These veins are from 4 to 12 feet thick and it is claimed that ore can be found in them giving not less than $500 per ton. Much of it runs into the thousands. There is an enormous water power at hand and the parties are hurrying forward a stamp mill. This is the same mineral belt in which are located the famous Batopilas mines of Governor Shepherd and many others.

Anarchist Engel Tries Suicide.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—George Engel, the condemned Anarchist, tried to commit suicide in his cell by taking opium early Sunday morning. Shortly after midnight the turnkey passed Engel's cell door and discovered and awoke Dr. J. L. Ray, who was sleeping in his office there. When *the doctor arrived* Engel had been taken from his cell, and was lying in the front office of the jail. He was wholly insensible, and to all appearances life was ebbing fast. By the use of the usual remedies given in cases of poisoning he was restored to consciousness in about ten minutes. Dr. Ray, as soon as he saw Engel, said that he had taken some powerful opiate, the pupils of his eyes were widely dilated, and the action of the heart was also correspondingly. When the Anarchist recovered consciousness an effort was made to induce him to drink some coffee, or swallow an antidote. He firmly declined to take anything what or. He positively declared that he had attempted to commit suicide, but said that he had been drinking a little whiskey.

Dr. Ray visited the jail several times yesterday to see Engel. He found him sleeping each time he called, but he was entirely out of danger. Engel declared during the day that he had taken the poison with suicidal intent. He said he preferred death by his own hand to being executed by law and had taken poison with the intention of ending his life. He refused to tell where he had obtained the drug.

The examination of Engel's cell resulted in the discovery of the bottle which contained the laudanum taken by Engel. The bottle furnished no evidence from whom it was procured.

STATE NOTES.

The L high Valley Railroad Company contemplates building a branch from their road to Lake Hopatcong. Two or three routes have been proposed, but which route will be adopted is a question as yet undecided. From Lake Hopatcong the new road will branch off from the main line of the Lehigh Valley Railroad at West End, Hunterdon county, running up the Musconetcong Valley, touching Asbury, New Hampton, Change-water, Anderson, Stanhope, Hackettstown, Bloomsbury and Hackettstown. Another route proposed is that the branch start near Clinton, running over Schwey's Mountain to Budd's Lake and from thence to Lake Hopatcong.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Chas. R. Thiers and Robert Huntsman have been hunting at Barnegat. They shot six rabbits.

John F. Evans, Assistant Superintendent of the Potter Press works, is visiting at his former home in Norwich, Conn.

The Hon. John Kean, jr., Hon. James L. Miller, F. F. Glasby, S. M. Oliver and Geo. F. Parrot, dined together Saturday at Laing's Hotel.

William Rankin has begun the erection of a handsome dwelling on the lot on Front street, between Grant avenue avenue and Evona.

John Bird has returned to Plainfield from Memphis and Nashville, Tenn., whither he went on business for the Potter Press Works of this city.

A nephew of the Rev. F. J. O'Hanlon, pastor of St. Joseph's church, arrived in this city *from Ireland, last week* and is stopping with the Rev. Mr. O'Hanlon.

Eugene A. Laing on North avenue has returned from a week's gunning at Federalsburg. He reports having had a good time, and says he secured lots of game.

Robert E. Burt, who for some time past has been employed as inside wireman for the Electric Light Company here, left to-day to accept a position with a company in Newark.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. McGee will give a high tea to a large number of invited guests this evening, from 8 to 11 o'clock, at their residence on Orchard place, North Plainfield.

The Rev. W. D. McClintock, who succeeds the Rev. R. S. Holmes as Registrar of Chautauqua University, has arrived in this city to assume the labors and the duties of the position.

Miss Florence L. Marsh of Madison avenue is about to leave on a two weeks' visit to Worcester, Mass. Miss Marsh, while absent, will be the guest of Prof. F. J. Miller, formerly of the High School in this city and now of the Worcester Academy.

Alfred J. Dent, late of the Potter Press Works, and whose dwelling on West Fifth street was burned some months ago, has effected a settlement with the Insurance Company, and leaves to-night with his wife and family for St. Paul, Minnesapolis. He has many friends in this vicinity who wish him success in his new business and home in the West.

A select party of friends were entertained last Friday evening, by Miss Jessie and Master Willie Watters at their home on Chatham street, North Plainfield. Among those present were Misses Lena Baker, Edna French, Maud French, May Moulton, Grace Moore, Amelia Kester, Jennie Pope, Walter Gibson, Maurice Sutphen, Lewis Miller, Bliss Crater, Frank Kesselring, Frank Moore, Willie Mosgrove, Ben Zeiss, Harry Kesselring, F. Lawrence Scheeline, Willie Pope and Frank Hoagland. The affair was a surprise. The manner in which Mr and Mrs. Watters received the children will long remembered by those present. The committee of arrangements were Florence Bird and Minnie Zeiss.

—A full attendance is desired at the Exempt Firemen's Association meeting this evening at Gazelle parlors at eight o'clock. Amendments to the By-Laws to be acted upon.

Are All Equally Guilty?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—The saloon keeper whose remarks were noticed in a late issue of the NEWS was right. Are not the rumsellers are no more to blame than are those who by their votes give them the privilege of selling—thus becoming partners in the sin. It was amusing, as well as sad, to hear, some time ago, the aged mother of a saloon keeper who had just been arrested, berating one of the "all-or-none councilmen." Her words were substantially these—"It is all very well to arrest the poor drunkard, but why don't they lock up the men who make him drunk." An I so say I, another who has suffered from Plainfield's curse.

* *

Regular Republican Nominees.

UNION COUNTY.

For Senator—James L. Miller of Westfield.
For Sheriff—Frederick F. Grandy of Elizabeth.
For County Clerk—Samuel M. Oliver of Plainfield.
For Surrogate—George T. Parrot of Elizabeth.
For Coroners—David M. Miller, M. D., Elizabeth; Monroe B. Long, M. D., Plainfield.
For Members of Assembly—First District—John J. Louden; Second District—Foster M. Voorhees; Third District—John Ulrich.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

For Senator—Elton A. Thompson.
For Assembly—Oscar Conkling.
For Surrogate—William H. Long.
For Coroners—Dr. Fred Jones, Dr. George V. VanNeste. Dr. C. B. P. Fisher.

The Weather Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue.

	1887	1886		
6 a. m.	48	50	Sun rises	6 38
9 a. m.	45	39	Sun sets	4 50
12 m	54	42	Moon rises	10 32
3 p. m.	60	42	Moon sets	

THIS WEEK.

We are offering Men's Boots at remarkably low figures and in fact everthing in the shoe line.

Doane & VanArsdale
22 W. Front St.

Y. M. C. A. COURSE.

THIRD APPEARANCE IN PLAINFIELD.

M. R. H. H. RAGAN,

in a series of five of his most famous

ILLUSTRATED LECTURES

DATES AND SUBJECTS AS FOLLOWS:

Tuesday, November 15th, "Here and There in London."
Saturday, November 19th, "A Summer in Spain and Morocco."
Tuesday, November 22d, "Glimpses of Scotland."
Tuesday, November 29th, "Ramblings in Rome."
Thursday, December 22d, "The Yosmite and the Yellowstone."

Tickets for the Course of Five Lectures, with reserved seat. $2.00.
Single reserved seat, each evening 50 and 75 cents.
Reserved Seats may be procured at Reynolds Pharmacy on and after election day.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A VERY pleasant furnished front room to let, near the depot. Terms moderate. P.O. box 1186. 7-2

A RESPECTABLE and competent woman wishes a situation to do the down-stairs work of a small family. Address, References. Call or address 54 Grove street. *

A LARGE desirable dwelling on Grove street near the First Baptist church, to let; suitable as a first class boarding house. Rent low. All improvements. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, No. 35 and 37, opposite station. 10-31-tf

A CLERK wanted for order and delivery wagon. Must be bright, active and strong. Reference required. Address P. O. Box 950. 10-24-tf*

A DWELLING HOUSE to rent. Twelve minutes walk from Rail Road. Tool House Suitable for Boarding house. Rent moderate. E. C. Mulford, agent. 5-2-tf*

A DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 38 Clarkson avenue. 27-10

FOR SALE—A light easy phaeton. The property of Dr. South Esquire of Jenkins, M. D., 62 East Front street. 10-31-tf

FIRST-CLASS BOARD, pleasant rooms, small private party, central location, private family. Box 429, P. O. 11-5-1w

FIRST-CLASS nurse in confinement or any sickness. Terms low. Reference of the first order. Address Nurse, P. O.

FOR SALE—Two milch cows. Apply to Seward W. Whitfield, corner of Somerset and Rees streets. 7-6*

FOR SALE at a bargain, a desirable building lot on Eighth street, near Mr. Blunk's fine property. Size of lot 47 1-2 front by about 150 feet deep. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, 35 and 37 opposite station. 11-3-tf*

I'LL want-I in a fight business for the Holidays. Address Help, care EVENING NEWS. 5-2

LOST—On Wednesday, Nov. 2 at Langhorne's Photograph gallery. A package containing a black cashmere basque. Cane on lace and 2 breast pins. Reward will be given by return of same to W. S. Benten, at A. M. Griffen's, Front street. 4-4

PROSPECT Hill building plots, finest in the city. Also a few choice shade and Winter blooming plants, for sale at Denton's Nursery, Hillside avenue. 11-7-7

$500 REWARD will be paid for return to Park House, of bill pocket book, mislaid or lost about three months ago. 7-3

STORAGE—For carriages, sleighs, furniture etc. Fire proof building, M. Quinn, No. 8 East Fourth street, near Park avenue. 11-tf

SEVERAL desirable furnished and unfurnished houses to let. Come quickly and take your choice. E. C. Mulford, broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite depot. 10-10-tf.

WANTED—A young girl Protestant for housework in family of three adults. 46 Madison avenue. 7-2

WANTED—An experienced saleslady at Estall's dry and fancy goods store, right away. None but better giving length of experience and where last employed. 7-1tf

WANTED—In private family, colored girl as good plain cook and to assist in washing and ironing. Reference required. Call at 64 West Seventh street. 5-2t

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 20 East Sixth street. 5-tf

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The undersigned, Partners in the business relations as grocers this day by mutual consent. An early settlement of all accounts is required. Dated this 1st day of Nov., 1887. HANCHETT & SPARKS.
Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 1st, 1887. 2-4t

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP. Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Enquire of Dr. J. H. Forster, Veterinary Surgeon, 72 East Fifth street, Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

TO-NIGHT

To-morrow night and every night this week Professor Reynolds the noted English Mesmerist will be at Reform Hall. Prices of admission twenty-five and thirty-five cents. A few reserved seats are on sale at Reynolds' pharmacy.

ATTENTION

Those seeking homes, investments or speculation. The finest building property in this section of the county now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit. This property is located near the Grant Ave. depot, Plainfield, N. J., and is in close proximity to the Pond Tool manufactory and the Potter Press Works. It is situated in the healthiest, most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. To those desiring to procure homes, or young men wishing to make small investments this opportunity is especially invited. Builders or contractors would also find it advantageous to procure prices before looking elsewhere.

For particulars, inquire of Wm. C. Kelly No. 36 Park Ave. or Dr. Fritts, Park avenue. Map of property can be seen at Dr. Fritts' office.

THE MOST IMPORTANT LITERARY

EVENT

of the season, LECTURE by

Col. Mason W. Tyler

at MUSIC HALL,

NOVEMBER 8th,

Subject: "The Constitution of the United States." For the benefit of the Public Library. Tickets at usual places.

Reserved seats will be on sale to-morrow morning. All parties having fifty cent tickets can have the same exchanged, on payment of twenty-five cents extra, at Reynold's and Shaw's.

MUSIC HALL,

Thursday, Nov. 10th,

The Romatic Emotional Actor, ROBERT B.

MANTELL,

SUPPORTED BY

A STRONG DRAMATIC COMPANY,

Under the Management of Augustus Pitou, in the Great Five Act Play, Monbars. Adapted from the French by Lewis Nathan Esq. Scene laid in France under Napoleon I. Seats on sale Monday Nov. 7th. Prices 75-50-1-00

MONOLOGUE AND MUSICAL

Entertainment

BY MARSHALL P.

WILDER,

THE HUMORIST, and

Diller's Cornet Quartette

of New York, at the M. E. CHURCH,

Tuesday, Nov. 8th,

at 8 p. m. Tickets 35c. Reserved seat 50c. On sale at the drug stores of Messrs. H. P. Reynolds and R. J. Shaw, on and after Nov. 4th.

Plainfield Evening News.
T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or by mail postage prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $5 per year payable in advance.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1887

ABSCONDING MAJ. WAY.

Poker and Dares the Cause of His Involuntary Absence.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 7.—The case of alder-man Maj. A M. Way is still an absorbing topic of conversation in this city. The major is a well-to-do man. Originally he was a cracker maker. He earned his title in the war. On his return he became an energetic politician. When the Jarrard ring held sway here the major was in full accord with it. Levi Jarrard died in state's prison, Joseph Jarrard committed suicide in Brooklyn, after defaulting in this city, and Robert Miller was sued for many thousand dollars by the city, but although the jury brought in a verdict against him such a cry was raised. Way was thought to be the only one to whom money did not stick, and only on this account have such remarks have been made that he was the only one of the gang who did not get clear. He has been in financial straits before this, but his friends have helped him out.

It is not known how many shares of spurious stock Way has issued, but he has borrowed of a number, who would lend him any money, and he is reported to have succeeded in fleecing the citizens and the two loans to the tune of $40,000. The friends of Way say he got the stock in good faith, and a detective is looking for him with poor chances of success. The major had a large income, and there was no reason why he should go wrong, but his infatuation for gambling was so strong that he could not resist it.

Pistol Practice in Court.

READING, Pa., Nov. 7.—John F. Smith and Jay Israel F. Schreiber, well known lawyers, in a case that has been a long stated ag grudge, met in the court room Saturday to be the chief actors in session. Squire Israel would not have it between them. Smith drew a revolver and fired at Schreiber, the ball passing through the latter's coat, but not touching his person. Others were placed under arrest, the court announcing that it would make an order reg rding the affair on Monday.

Two Cargoes Adrift in a Boat.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Nov. 7.—A report has reached here of the loss of Indian and Eddy Millerdam and William Lower were found in a boat adrift on the Salmon river, in Queens county, on Tuesday night. The men had been out on the river steaming on Wednesday night and got together in a boat. No cargo was on board when found. Great fears are entertained. The cause of their death has not been discovered.

A Scientific Writer Dead.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 7.—Oscar Garger, assistant to Professor O. C. Marsh, of the Peabody museum, Yale college, died in this city yesterday, aged 31 years. He had made extensive researches in paleontology and wrote much upon that branch of knowledge. He was a member of Professor Marsh and Professor Smith, of Yale, in expeditions of the United States survey and in the west.

Guarding Against Cholera.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 7.—The Illinois state board of health has formally requested the quarantine commissioners of New York to issue no more certificates to all immigrants from cholera districts, and that they be not permitted to leave the quarantine station, and to notify by telegraph the health commissioners of Chicago and St. Louis about any of the immigrants intend to pass west.

Died in His Youth.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Rachnb W. England, of Stamford, Conn., has just died. He was manager of the most extensive brass works of Connecticut, and by his energy and ability had suggested many universally used improvements in the combination of metals. He was 38 years old, and was a brother of Bergt. England, of the Park police.

Marine Intelligence.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Arrived, steamers Polaria, Hamburg; Ohio, Liverpool; Jan Breydel, Antwerp; Burgundia, Marseilles; Chattahoochee, Savannah; Benefactor, Wilmington, N. C.; steamer Wm. Todd, Roanoke, Richmond; Adam, Amsterdam. Barks E. S. Powell, Victoria; Jose E. Moro, Cabarien; Eastern Star, Barbados.

Coal scarce in Massachusetts.

NEW BEDFORD, Nov. 7.—The supply of coal on hand in this market is some 25,000 tons less than it was at this time last year, 5,000 tons being of pea size. Dealers say that there is prospect of a scarcity of coal equal to that during the strike of last winter. Prices have jumped up fifty cents a ton here already on all grades.

Hopkins' Trial Postponed.

WASHBURTON, Nov. 7.—Sheldurne G. Hopkins, the lawyer, who has been arrested on a new paper sensation by sending through the mails a counterfeit informal machine to Chief Justice Waite, appeared before the police court this morning and waived answer to a charge of conspiracy to defraud. The trial was postponed for one week.

St. Stephen's Present to the Pope.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—It was announced from the altar of St. Stephen's Roman catholic church, in East Twenty-eighth street, yesterday, that the church had responded to the appeal of Archbishop Corrigan for a special Peter's pence collection for Pope Leo XIII by a collection amounting to over $1,200.

Jumped to His Death.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 7.—William Rhoades attempted to jump on a moving train near the Suyd in street station yesterday morning and fell under the car wheels. His head was cut completely from his body and his arms terribly mangled. Rhoades leaves a wife and two children.

Newfoundland's Commissioner.

MONTREAL, Nov. 7.—A special dispatch to The Gazette from St. John's, Newfoundland, states that Hon. Edward Wm. Carty, attorney general of Newfoundland, has been appointed to represent that colony on the fisheries commission. He has already left for Washington.

Woolen Mills to Close Down.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Nov. 7.—The large woolen mills of T. Pomeroy's Sons will shut down in a few days for an indefinite period, owing to dissensions among the heirs to the estate of the late Theodore Pomeroy. The estate will be settled in the courts.

The Longest Session Yet.

BOSTON, Nov. 7.—The New Hampshire legislature was prorogued Saturday morning after the longest session on record in the Granite state, 158 days. The next longest session was in 1886, when it continued 102 days.

BOMBS FOUND IN HIS CELL.

A SEARCH OF THE CONDEMNED ANARCHISTS' ROOMS MADE.

A Box, Containing Four Infernal Weapons, Found in Lingg's Abode—Consternation in the Jail—A Reaction of the Anarchy sentiment Prevalent.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—The cells of the condemned Anarchists in the county jail were thoroughly searched after 9 o'clock Saturday morning, and the following results were found: A hidden cavity in a wooden box which was concealed under a pile of newspapers in a corner of the cell occupied by Louis Lingg. The cell well was five inches deep, but nothing of consequence was found there. Then the officials entered Lingg's cell. The search was made in the presence of Lingg, who remarkably lounged in an adjacent cell, whence he watched the officers with eager eyes. He was placed in the cell from which Engel was taken, and as the officers moved around in the little room he was overheard to sing. Suddenly turning to the officers, Lingg cried to them to look out for the bombs, which they would find in the corner. Then the officials entered Lingg's cell. The search was made in the presence of Lingg, who remarkably lounged in an adjacent cell, whence he watched the officers with eager eyes. He was placed in the cell from which Engel was taken, and as the officers moved around in the little room he was overheard to sing. Suddenly turning to the officers, he

A FAMOUS SILK WEAVER.

DEATH OF JOHN RYLE AT HIS BOYHOOD'S HOME.

He Made Fortunes and Lost Them, but to Him There Was No Such Word as Discouragement—The Reward of Industry and Integrity.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 7.—Only a few days ago John Ryle of Paterson called the father of the American silk industry, celebrated his 71st birthday at the same place where he was born, near Macclesfield, Eng. Mr. Ryle and his daughter had been traveling through England for recreation, and the latter expected to remain for some weeks yet. It was part of the programme that Mr. Ryle should pass his birthday at Stockport, the scene of Paterson's first attempt at silk industry, and the occasion was made a gala day by the residents. At the last minute accounts Mr. Ryle was in good health, but his relatives in Paterson have received a cablegram announcing his death yesterday at the place of his birth. No particulars were given. With his death passes away one of the most unique characters in the history of Paterson, and one to whom the development of the silk industry is due. He had long been the senior silk manufacturer in Paterson, and the honors showered above has been universally accorded as a deserved and honorable one.

He was born in the village of Bollington, near Macclesfield, Cheshire, Eng., on Oct. 22, 1816. His parents were Peter and Sarah Ryle. His father was a machinist. In 1824 his parents moved from the old town to the city of Macclesfield, where they both died. His schooling was obtained in a Sunday school, and that was not a thorough training, but for the second-class boys who were obliged to work for a living. He went to work at the age of 5, and was thus early in life initiated in the industry in which he afterward became so famous. He worked in the mills of Charles Roe, Esq., of Macclesfield, and also was superintendent of the mill owned by his brothers Reuben and William. He then became impressed with the growth and importance of the young nation, and despite the objections of his brothers, on March 1, 1839, he sailed from Liverpool in the ship Manilla, and after a voyage of forty-nine days he landed in New York city. All his fortune was his knowledge of the silk business and his two hands. He first went to New Jersey Mills, where he worked on a silk handkerchief factory of Samuel Whitmarsh. In the following September he returned to New York and established the work himself in a small way at the corner of Maiden lane and William street. He secured the business but a short time, when he made him in contact with Rodgers, which led to the establishment of

HE WORE A BUSTLE.

He Wore It as a Shoulder Protection While Carrying Coal.

Some Norwich boys found a woman's bustle last week, and, being inspired by some lower power, put it in a carrier's basket in place of the canvas sack he had been accustomed to use. When the coal carrier went out the next morning with his first load of coal his eye fell upon the strange thing for which he had no name.

"What is this, Mollie?" he said to the driver; and although both of them were family men they were only human, Mollie replied.

"Sure, I dunno. I never seed the likes of it before."

Not finding his shoulder protector, the coal carrier saw in it a novel substitute for it, and he said:

"Begorra, Mollie, I have it. This is a patent shoulder piece the boss has got me!" and he put the old bustle on his shoulder and finding that it was a fair fit, tied the string around his neck. He worked with the new shoulder protector all day to the astonishment of all who recognized the bustle in such high use. Pat noticed that the new protector made him a source of considerable curiosity, but he did not learn the truth until he showed it to the boss in the evening, when, thanking him for the gift, he said:

The invention of the bustle is well, but he never carried coal. These wire cords are that carrier that they cut like a knife, but, begorra, the thing is a good one, and I can make some use of it."

His employer informed him that he had been subjected to a practical joke, that his shoulder protector was a bustle that had seen fit duty and been laid away.

Mike, the driver, smiled, and said: "It's never seen a prouder day than this. Twenty men in coal have been robbed. I'll bet a better man never wore one than Pat Donegan."

—Norwich Bulletin.

THE CHILDREN.

"What kind of boys go to heaven?" asked the Sunday school superintendent. "Dead boys," was the unexpected answer of the infant class. Jordan Times.

Mary was sent away from the dinner table because she misbehaved, and told to go upstairs and tell nurse to put her to bed. The family seemed to forget about her absence, the parlor-maid and babies in need completed the meal, and then the lady of the house, who didn't tell you to go upstairs?" Mary looked up plaintily. "Yes, in. I'm going, I'm on my way now." Harper's Bazar.

"Now, Warren, you've been examined." "Yes." "Well, what are you ashamed of?" "I'm ashamed of no pa." Life.

Little Warren's grandmother has a fine collection of autographs, and is constantly adding to it. During house cleaning last spring she had a large, buxom negress to assist and to do the scrubbing. She expressed herself as much delighted at the admirable manner in which Vann had done her work. It pleased Warren greatly to hear the woman so well spoken of, as she had been specially kind to him. When Vann was leaving he expressed himself fully Warren spoke up quickly, and said, in a most enthusiastic voice: "Let's get her autograph, grandma!"—Harper's Magazine.

He Looks Like Ochiltree.

A friend of Lawrence Gardner tells this pleasant story. Some months ago Mr Lawrence was travelling in a Pullman car going from New York to Saratoga. He noticed that the porter paid more than usual attention to him, and thought nothing of it. At last, after much hesitation the porter said:

"Howdy, Col. Ochiltree? I haven't seen you on the road for some time."

"No, I've been very busy in New York," replied Gardner.

The porter then went into another car and Gardner said to his friend adjoining to the smoker. Presently the porter came in, and, going up to Gardner, said:

"You remember, colonel, the last time I saw you?"

"Yes."

"Well, you promised me a dollar, and you never gave it to me."

"Well, here's the dollar," said Gardner, and from that day to this he has been hunting up the auburn haired romancer of the Pampas.—Washington Critic.

Not Much.

He winked to a fellow-loafer to step into a doorway near the postoffice, and then confidentially remarked:

"Sonny, the postmaster and I don't hitch very well, so I don't care to go in and see about my mail. Suppose I give you a quarter, and you go in and inquire for a letter for Claude Montoire, and if you get one bring it here."

"Not much!" exclaimed the boy as he drew away.

"But why?"

"Because I worked that racket for a fellow about a month ago. They passed out a letter, and I had just grabbed it when an old duffer grabbed me. 'Who dare to put another, call you?' he bellowed. 'Want me, Solicitor to with you, eh? Ah! I'll risk you!' And he walloped me with a cane until I had to ride home on a dray. No, no; Claudy, I've learned something now."—Detroit Free Press.

He Traveled in Style.

Handover (to commercial traveler)—Good morning, Mr. Smith. Home again, eh?

Commercial Traveler—Yes, got back from a flying trip on the 2 o'clock run from Boston.

Handover—Why, I came over from Boston on that train. Strange I didn't see you.

Commercial Traveler—Did you take a parlor car?

Handover—No certainly not.

Commercial Traveler—Well, that's the reason you didn't see me.—The Epoch.

New York's Money Market.

New Yorker (to visitor)—Don't take those bonds, Bill; sell your stock, tenth mortgage loans for the bonds.

Visitor (to New Yorker)—Look half a hundred around this restaurant.

"Did they agree to let us have $30,000 on them?"

"No, are they said they wouldn't give over half a cent a pound for 'em."

"By junks! Money must be fearfully tight."—Omaha World.

A Change of Scene.

"Why is that, mother?" "The rule, my child, is to go where you are most wanted. You see, when we have a social dance a glad sound comes from the parlors that I cannot do. I found But the first softer echoes in the two Dandelion club,

And in some all the sisters, from gray head to cub.

And the building so short is used, as you see, By the Farmers' Exhibitions and Mineral company."—Robert J. Burdette.

They Don't Grow There.

Chauncey Depew told this experience in a recent speech: "I was up in Scotland this summer, where they understand a joke more easily than anywhere in the world, and was riding with a very good sightseeing, and said to my Dutch guide: 'I must find a soft stone somewhere to sit down on.' He said: 'My friend, there are no soft stones in Scotland.'"

RELIGIOUS GLEANINGS.

Messrs. Moody and Sankey will begin a series of meetings in Petersburg Dec. 1.

The New York Chinese mission has now between 4,000 and 5,000 Celestials in its Sabbath schools.

The week beginning Nov. 13 is set apart as one of special prayer for young men and Young Men's Christian associations.

The Black Hills Methodist Episcopal college is to be located at Hot Springs. That town gives the land and $10,000 in money.

The first Christian church in the Congo Free State was organized in November last year, and there are now 1,062 converts in the Congo mission.

A union between the Presbyterian and Congregational churches has been proposed, and gone as far as a formal agreement, set forth by a committee for the consideration of the churches.

In Denmark, where there were no Catholics before 1848, there are now nearly 10,000, with 20 priests, 30 sisters, 3 hospitals and 19 schools, and the Jesuits have a flourishing college in Copenhagen.

The house of bishops is to meet Oct. 27 at St. James', Philadelphia. It is expected a missionary bishop will be chosen for the diocese of Nevada and Utah, and also a successor to the late Bishop Elliott, of Western Texas.

The Methodist Episcopal church in Germany reports: Members, 7,107; on trial, 3,196; traveling preachers, 50; on trial, 10; local preachers, 80; preaching places, 536; Sunday schools, 244; officers and teachers, 819; scholars, 10,502; library volumes, 10,200.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co

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The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen without CONTRACTS

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may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost, and without defacing ceilings and walls and in most cases existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments or the bulbs

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Door Numbers,

DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS

at

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,

13 Park avenue.

Sole Agent for Dr. KING'S Spectacles

M'DONOUGH & MARTIN,

Hatmakers, 20 Somerset Street,

All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated never-rip screw-nailed shoe, will please leave their orders for same at our shop before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to have a large assortment which these celebrated shoes have. Persons desiring to use these will please bring their lasts to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

THE

People's Market,

at No. 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats,

Groceries,

Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. B. H. Backman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends who can rely on satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

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PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC,

AND SANITARY PLUMBER.

Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also elected a member of that body of practical plumbers is prepared to do plumbing in any licensed city or Town. 8 North avenue Plainfield Box N. J. 12-1y

I have secured the agency for the above celebrated lenses. They being cut, polished and ground at near the axis as possible, and having the greatest amount of convexity and concavity immediately over the center of grind found in the pebble. It allows the ray of light to enter the eye with the least possible resistance.

AT DOANE'S,

Formerly Clare's, No. 9, Park Avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have adde

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further

until you have visited my store and inspected MY

Ladies $2 SHOE

either in common sense or open toe style.

They are Beauties.

I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.

J. J. KENNEY.

No. 20 NORTH AVENUE.

BENNER'S

FRUIT MARKET

Nos. 66 and 68 East Front street,

Now open with a supply of

Fruit, Vegetables, etc.

at NEW YORK PRICES.

This place, stock and fixtures for sale including a two years' lease. Rent now being carrying business.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD

P. O. BOX 930.

CHEAP BOOKS.

We have a large line of popular books in nice cloth binding, good paper and good print at only 39 cents each. These include Emerson's Essays, Carlyle's Sartor Resartus, Adam Bede, Guy Mannering, etc., etc. Also many books for children at 15, 20, 25, 30 cents and upward.

A. W. RAND,

24 W. Front street.

MEATS.

GEO. A. MOORE.

(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

is now the sole proprietor of the old-established market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of fresh and salt

MEATS

fish of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance.

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Franklin Place.

DEALER IN

Blue Stone Flagging,

P. O. Box 848

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mrs. Lindsay,

Intelligence Office,

No. 92 West Front street.

Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone.

60, 70 & 80 Cents,

May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and Children's haircutting a specialty. Shaving ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 8 W. Front street. 8-22 1y

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2,

at Mrs. Demens's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. Fisher's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 88, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker

and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 62 Somerset Street,

Grocer and Necessman,

Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine Sugars, Tea, Coffees, etc., canned goods, pure cider vinegar 4 cars old, fruit jars, jelly cans. White Granite, Yellow Ware, Earthenware and Glassware, Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,

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No. 13 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings kalsomined, any color and whitewashed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,

(From Paris, successor to Jules Houtot.)

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, tonics and powders. Manicuring and theatrical costumes to hire. 5 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,

Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road, dealer in all kinds of

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

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Meat Market,

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No 14.

Ten Eyck's

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Fruits and Vegetables in season, 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

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Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 80 E Front.

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Boarding, Feed, Sale and Transient Stabling for horses by day, week or month. Terms moderate. Jacob Blum, proprietor.

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Lead Pencils, etc., at low prices. Also full line of

Pure Confectionery

the largest assortment sold in town.

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FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

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FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

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Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.

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Latest Novelties in ROYAL WORCESTER and CARLSBAD WARE.

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FLOUR, FEED,

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All Work promptly attended to.

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Telephone Call 60. Residence 48 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 37. Office Hillside cemetery.

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A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

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LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, TABLES AND CHAIRS.

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Fidelity & Casualty

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Accident Policies

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$10,000

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1. In event of death	$10,000
2. For loss of two hands	10,000
3. For loss of two feet	10,000
4. For loss of one hand and one foot	10,000
5. For loss of both eyes	5,000
6. For loss of one hand or of one foot	$3,333.33
7. For loss of one eye	$1,250

8. For disabling injuries—during the continuance of same, per week, $50

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amounts.

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OPPOSITE DEPOT.

FOTOGRAFS.

Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsome, Cheapest, Best.

Great Success with Children's Portraits.

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J. P. Laire & Co's is the place to buy Parlor, Cook Stoves, ranges, double heaters, stove boards, coal hods, pipe, repairs, horse blankets, robes and general hardware.

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VAPOR TREATMENT

EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.

Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases equalizes the circulation, cleanses and purifies the blood, relieves Colds, Indigestion, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung Diseases, Nervous and General Debility, Palsy and Salt Rheum and all skin diseases. It cures the most obstinate cases of chills and fever and all malarial disorders.

Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Closed for cleansing on Saturday's.

COAL and WOOD

C. H. RUGG,

Successor to Morgan Bird,

Dealer in none but best quality Coal, such as

Yeddo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring brook and Council Ridge Coal Well screened.

Also Cord and Kindling Wood.

Orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.

No. 61 Park Avenue,

Bird's Yard,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1887. — Price Two Cents

Proclamation by the Governor.

For abundant harvests, for commercial and industrial prosperity, for freedom from pestilence, for peace and order, for the continued civil and religious liberty, and for innumerable other blessings during the past year, we as a grateful people, should offer thanksgiving to Almighty God, "from whom cometh every good and perfect gift."

In recognition of such duty, and in accordance with establish ed custom, I, Robert S. Green, Governor of the State of New Jersey, do hereby designate THURSDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF NOVEMBER INSTANT, as a day of public thanksgiving and recommend that on that day the people of this State, abstaining from all ordinary secular employment, meet in their several places of worship and give thanks and praise to God for His infinite mercy and goodness, with prayer for a continuance of peace, plenty and happiness to the nation, State and people.

Given under my hand and privy seal, at the city of Trenton, this third day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twelfth.

(L. S.)

ROBT. S. GREEN, Governor.

By the Governor,
ROBT. S. GREEN, JR.,
Private Secretary.

Political.

TO-NIGHT REPUBLICAN VOTERS AND WORKERS. Every voter should be a worker this year. The opportunity is ours, let us seize it. The whole ticket can be elected by reason of its discountenance and stupidity and traitors. In their extremity the old ring is ready to resort to any expedient to save part of their ticket. Vigilance and work is what we need. The people of this county want a complete change. They are ready to thrash the Court House ring. Immediately report any matter requiring attention to your member of the City Executive Committee.

C. M. GODDARD,
Chairman Rep. City Com.

JOTTINGS.

Eighth street from Park avenue is being macadamized.

Robert Mantell will appear in "Monbars" at Music Hall Thursday night.

New steam heating apparatus has been furnished throughout the City Hotel.

The oil cloth factory has shut down for two weeks in order to make some necessary repairs to the boiler.

Sheriff Stiles has caused notices to be posted in the various polling places warning voters against bribery.

The Y. M. C. A. "Seniors" meet this evening at 7:30 o'clock sharp, instead of eight, their usual time of meeting.

Col. Mason W. Tyler will deliver his lecture on the "Constitution of the United States" at the Stillman Music Hall to-night.

The mountain fires seem to be increasing rather than decreasing. The air in the vicinity of the mountains is muggy with smoke and at night the mountain is all aglow.

A special policeman noticed a plump rabbit crouching in the shadow of a fence on Seventh street last night. He picked it up in his hand and suddenly dropped it. It was a rabbit of another color.

The following is given as a cure for diphtheria: "Put one teaspoonful of powder of sulphur into a wine glass of water; stir with finger not spoon; when well mixed use as a gargle. Brimstone kills every species of fungus in man, beast or plant. An ointment of sulphur is one that the gargle be swallowed instead of being spit out. If the patient cannot gargle, sprinkle one teaspoonful or two of flour of brimstone on a five cent on a shovel, the patient holding his head over and inhaling the fumes."

The week commencing Nov. 13th, and continuing until the 19th, is observed as a week of prayer by many churches in all lands. The Association in this city will observe the season by young men's meetings on Monday, Tuesday and Saturday evenings at 8 o'clock. The first meeting will be a consecration service on the day of prayer, Sunday the 13th, at 4 p. m., and will be led by Mr. C. T. Kissam. Active members of the Association and all Christian young men are specially urged to be present at this time. Mr. Ernest R. Ackerman will deliver an address on the 15th. M. C. A. Gymnasium Friday evening, Nov. 11. Subject "Reminiscences of a Trip Across the Continent." As many are deprived of the privilege of taking the trip this will give an opportunity of hearing a description of what one sees upon a journey. Tickets of admission may be obtained without charge upon application at the Association rooms.

AT THE POLLS.

Trading Off Everybody Else for Livingston.

A little more than one-third of Plainfield's registered voters cast their ballots this morning. The number registered throughout the city is 1,946, and of these only 718 had voted at noon. The registry roll is as follows: First ward, 485, second, 446; third, 370; fourth, 645. The number of votes cast during the morning was divided up among the polling places thus: First ward, 163; second, 98; third, 177; fourth, 280.

In North Plainfield at one o'clock the ballots had been cast: First District—Republican, 95; Democratic, 42; Prohibition, 6; total, 143. Second District—Republican, 65; Democratic, 41; Prohibition, 19; total, 118.

The banks and schools were closed all day. Most of the stores closed at noon, as did the public schools.

The great fight seems to be between the senatorial candidates, Democrats trading off the entire ticket for Livingston. But there are many Democrats voting the entire Republican ticket.

This fact and the lightness of the Prohibition vote makes the Republicans confident that they will offset any gains which Livingston may make through sacrificing the other Democrats on the ticket.

The news from Rahway is that all the Republican candidates are running ahead.

CITY COMMON COUNCIL.

NINETEENTH MEETING.

A Busy Session—A New Ordinance of Interest to Liquor Dealers Introduced—Two Ordinances Adopted—Other Business.

The City Common Council held its regular November meeting in the Council Chamber at eight o'clock last evening. The members present were President Marsh and Councilmen Bowers, Carey, Dumont, Dunham, Simpson, Taylor, Wilbur and Waring. Absent—Councilmen Gray and Voorhees.

The minutes of two previous meetings (regular and special) were read and approved.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication from the Board of Education stating that the school accommodations were inadequate and that it was the intention of the Board to erect a new school building in the vicinity of Evona, and requested the Council to advertise an election for the Board, under the act "Authorizing Boards of Education to raise necessary funds for school purposes," was read and ordered filed.

In connection with the above Councilman Dumont offered a resolution, "That the City Clerk be authorized to advertise an election for the Board of Education at the time of the Charter election, and that the form of notice as well as the form of ballot be prepared by the President of the Council and City Clerk." The resolution was adopted, all voting aye.

A communication from Mr Baker agreeing to put the names of streets at the corners for $80 was read and ordered filed.

CLAIMS.

The following claims were presented and referred to the proper committees:

Globe Gas Light Co	$1169.04
Plainfield Gas Lt. Co	21.00
Elevator Lt. Co	655.00
John Johnson	119.94
F. A. Dunham	41.30
John Johnson	28.90
F. A. Dunham	11.85
C. A. Dunham	456.75
Jones & Co	41.00
P. M. French	11.00
C. A. Dunham	61.50
French Bros	30.30
Jasper Wilson	9.95
H. Platfoot	25.00
O. B. Leonard	130.50
Geo. M. Angleman	41.00
Craig A. Marsh	125.00
T. W. Morrison	79.50
Times Publishing Company	50.00
O. B. Leonard	24.00
C. W. Dodd	75.00
Chas. Lynch	60.00
G. W. Grant	60.00
Thomas McCue	60.00
R. R. Rep'g	3.00

Sundry poor claims were presented and referred to the Alms Committee.

A communication from Mayor Male, appointing W. S. Sliter, as special policeman, was read and ordered filed as required by law.

The monthly reports of City Treasurer Tittsworth and Collector Johnson were presented and referred to the Finance Committee.

The Committee on the City Hall reported that they did not think it advisable for the present Council to take any action in reference to the new proposed city hall.

The report was received and recommendation was adopted.

An opinion presented by Corporation Counsel Craig, in reply to Councilman Taylor's, Chairman of the Finance Committee, was read. It covered eight type-written pages of legal cap and was to the effect that any part of the $2,639.74 recently paid by the Comptroller to the City Treasurer—and which represents taxes levied against the property of the Central Railroad Company of New Jersey located in this city—required by law to be paid by the city to the Board of Education.

In it he said that it the claim of the Board of Education for a portion of the money to a similar portion of moneys paid into the city treasury from licenses, penalties, fines and forfeitures when any law appropriable to the "municipal purposes" of the city.

"Mr. Tuthill," the opinion went on, "that having already the legal contemplation fixed the amount required for school taxes by reference to all taxable property, including the very property on which this railroad tax was laid, the Board of Education has received, or will receive in the future, from the taxes assessed by its order, the full amount to which under the law they are entitled.

"It would be unwise as well as illegal for the Board of Education to adopt the construction that it can thus should compute separately any order assessed by it the proportion of property taxable by the city assessor and look to this railroad tax for the percentage of the taxable valuation of the railroad property, because, for instance, in the event of a city debt, the taxable property of the railroad may be swept away by the express direction of the statute applying the railroad tax in the first instance towards the payment of the city debt.

"On the other hand the true construction of the law is that the city assessor assesses for the Board of Education their full quota of taxes without danger of depletion by any adverse claims.

"I conclude that the Common Council are not required to appropriate any part of the tax in question to the uses of the Board of Education."

In connection with the above Councilman Taylor offered a resolution that the City Clerk be instructed to notify the Board of Education that in the opinion of the Corporation Counsel, the Board was not entitled to any part of the railroad taxes. The resolution was adopted.

Chairman Dunham from the Alms Committee stated that he thought the Committee's expenses would exceed the appropriation.

Mr. Dumont from the Street Committee reported back the petition of the residents of the vicinity of Prospect and Park avenues requesting that a crosswalk laid across Ninth street from Prospect to Park avenues, and asked the Council for instructions.

Mr. Waring moved that the Committee be instructed to place a suitable crosswalk across Ninth street from Prospect to Park avenues. So ordered.

Councilman Taylor from the Committee on Finance stated that Collector Johnson's claims had been examined and that the reason that no rate had yet been fixed for the collection of this year's taxes. He said further that the collector at Passaic received only one per cent., while the collector here received three per cent.

Councilman Wilbur introduced an amendment to the ordinance "To License Inns and Taverns and to Regulate and Prohibit the Sale of Spirituous and Fermented Liquors." The ordinance amended section 16 by striking out the word "February" and inserting the word "March." The ordinance was passed on to its second reading.

The ordinance was then read for a second time by sections.

Councilman Taylor moved to amend by inserting the words "that proportionate fees be charged."

Mr. Carey thought the time should be extended.

The amendment was lost.

The original motion, to adopt the ordinance on the second reading, then prevailed.

Mr. Dumont then called from the table the communication from Mr Baker, agreeing to put names of streets at their intersection for $80, and moved that the proposition be accepted and that the few additional signs needed be furnished at the same rate. So ordered.

Mr. Dumont moved that Second street between Peace and Washington streets be macadamized by spreading crushed stone at an expense not to exceed $300, the property owners to pay one-half of the cost. So ordered.

The following petitions for peddlers' licenses were presented and referred to the License Committee: *Peddlers*—John Benner, James Kinsey, H. S. Elliott, M. C. Kilokile, Mr. Scribner, Edward Randolph, G. S. Larkin, W. Osborn. Hack—George Steinhart.

The quarterly report of City Physician Manning was received and ordered filed.

Mr. Dumont called from the table the ordinance, establishing a Board of Health, to consist of five members to be appointed by the Mayor, and approved by the Council. The ordinance was adopted on the third reading.

The ordinance changing the name of certain streets was next taken from the table, read for the third time and adopted.

Mr. Dunham offered a resolution that a note for $300 be discounted at the First National Bank for sixty days. So ordered.

President Marsh requested Mr. Bowers to take the chair.

Mr. Marsh then moved that the City Clerk be directed to receive and accept in behalf of the city the four ballot boxes at a cost not to exceed $100.

The Committee on Licenses reported all applications referred correct, and they were granted.

The Auditing Committee reported all bills referred correct, and they were ordered paid and warrants ordered drawn therefor.

The Council then adjourned.

Why They all Laughed.

An audience that laughed till the tears were in their eyes greeted Professor Reynolds at Reform Hall last night, the first of his second appearance in Plainfield. Several excellent subjects were obtained, who at the will of the Professor forgot their own names, stammered and tried to jump over imaginary holes in the ground. When they were safely hypnotized, they fished industriously in an imaginary stream of water supposed to be flowing in front of the platform. The bushels of fish that were caught became, in the twinkling of an eye, a mass of squirming eels, and the enthusiastic fishers became anxious to escape the slippery creatures. Golden eagles with which the subjects' filled their pockets suddenly became molasses, and the looks of disgust upon the subjects faces when they discovered their pockets filled with the sticky stuff, convulsed the audience.

When one of the subjects discovered that the head of a well known young man in town was on fire, he made a rush from the platform and throwing his coat about the head of the supposed victim, in his haste to extinguish him in his humanitarian zeal. Meanwhile the audience fairly screamed with laughter. There were many other funny things. Prof. Reynolds provides a highly mirth provoking entertainment. He may be seen at Reform again Hall to-night.

More of that School Question.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—In the letter of Mr. Chas. Potter, which you published in THE NEWS of Oct. 28, it was suggested that, instead of an increase in the taxes, as asked for by the Board of Education, a "reasonable tuition fee" be required from the "academic scholars." By "academic scholars" Mr. Potter evidently alludes to the scholars pursuing the classical or scientific courses in the four classes of the High School. Suppose that to the pupils in these courses each of these classes reached even as high as $70 a month. If this expense were defrayed by the tuition fees of the pupils, the board would save $280 a month from the four classes, or $2,520 per school year of nine months. In this way the worry which we fear for the board to save $2,520 a year, but $2,520 would not build the new schoolhouse that the board wants and which the taxpayers of a portion of the city are justly clamoring for.

To another letter on the same subject to a contemporary of THE NEWS, Mr. Potter states as his opinion, that by this tuition fee system "our schools could be well sustained and facilities increased on the present rate of taxation." It is not easy to see how $2,520 a year in tuition fees can do this.

STILLMANITE.

List of Advertised Letters

Remaining in Plainfield Post Office for week ending Nov. 8, 1887.

Britton, W C — Green, Mr T B
Conaghton, Miss Mary — Grysson, Mrs Anna G
Compton, Miss Mary D — Hammer, Mrs Wm
Colgate, Mrs — Hiller, Mr J W
Curtis, G B — MacHinney, Alice
Cuba, Manganese Co. — Olmstead, Miss Lulie
Case, Miss A & B — Phillips, Mrs Lizzie E
Clancy, Miss Nannie — Patterson, Mrs Amelia
Doig, Mrs John R — Smith, Wm L
Dwyer, Mr Jas — Sheehan, Mrs Anna Smith, Mrs Ann

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

—The young men's educational class will meet this evening in the Y. M. C. A. rooms at 7:30 o'clock. Young men wishing to avail themselves of the opportunities offered should apply at the association rooms, Front street corner Sycamore, upstairs, post office.

—At the Council meeting last evening Councilman Wilbur succeeded in having an ordinance passed on its second reading changing from the first of February to the first of March as the time for the liquor licenses to expire; but Mr. Wilbur forgot to make a motion to have it engrossed and advertised, and therefore it will have to lie over until the next meeting of the Council.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

No More Fighting Just Now.

FORT CUSTER, Mont., Nov. 8.—Corporal Charles Sampson, killed in the fight with the Crows, was buried here yesterday with military honors. Crazy Head and one other Indian were brought in as prisoners. Twelve Indian prisoners have been ironed at the post blacksmith shop. The body of a squaw was found near the battle-field, killed by an explosion of a Hotchkiss shell. Chief Plentycoose with five warriors has arrived at the agency and says if he had been there he would have prevented the trouble. It is reported now that twelve Indians were killed in the battle, but their bodies have not been found. *The wounded men and Indians are doing well.* The Indian prisoners will probably be sent to Fort Snelling. A council will probably be held at the agency after the issue. All Indians are now in camp at the agency and no further trouble is expected.

The "Fire-bug" Craze Spreads.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 8.—The "fire bugs" of this city are creating consternation on all sides and hardly a night passes but there is some property destroyed by them. The first six days of the month witnessed seven incendiary fires and yesterday two more were added to the list. The property destroyed consists mostly of stables, which are easily fired. Foot pads are abroad in all parts of the city and it is a nightly occurrence for men to be knocked down and robbed. The police appear to have no clew to the gangs that are evidently organized for burning and plundering.

Will Murder be Avenged?

VALPARISO, Ind., Nov. 8.—The grand jury investigation of the railroad disaster at Kouts has been concluded. Though the jurors' report is not yet made public, it is thought indictments have been found against Engineer Dorsey of the freight train and conductor Parks of the passenger. On account of the common law having been abolished in all criminal cases in India, and as no special statute exists to cover criminal negligence the lawyers here are of opinion that a prosecution will be fruitless.

A Train-Wrecker Freed.

SEDALIA, Mo., Nov. 8.—Judge John E. Ryland of Lexington, opened the November term of the Criminal Court in this city yesterday. Prosecuting Attorney Lamm caused a sensation in the court room after the Judge had delivered his charge to the Grand Jury by stating that he desired to dismiss the case against Fred Page, indicted eighteen months ago for train wrecking. Page had been previously tried but the jury failed to agree. This is the last of the famous train-wrecking cases growing out of the great southwestern strike.

A Criminal's Escape from Jail.

HUNTINGTON, Pa., Nov. 8.—George Ward, a desperate criminal from Chicago, who was sent to the county jail here in September, for assault with intent to kill John Wolf, a Pennsylvania railroad conductor, escaped Sunday night by sawing the locks on his cell door and boring a hole through the wall of the prison. He then climbed down by a rope made with tied clothes.

Lehigh vs. Cornell.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Nov. 8.—Arrangements have been completed for the championship game of football between the eleven of Lehigh and Cornell universities, the game to be played Thanksgiving day in the Maple Avenue park.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS CONDENSED.

Gen. Joshua T. Owen died in Philadelphia yesterday, aged 62.

Mrs. Merrill, of Danvers, Mass., was found dead in bed on Sunday, and foul play is suspected.

David Snowberger, aged 15, of Quincy township, Pa., was killed on Saturday by the accidental discharge of his shotgun while out hunting.

Joseph Lawn, of Omaha, Neb., while drunk and sleeping in a stage coach was burned to death by the straw on the bottom catching fire.

The crew of the brig Ossco, which foundered at sea, arrived at New York on the ship Camelia.

John White, of Amboy, Mich., quarrelled with a neighbor named James Wells and chicken him to death.

The explosion of a boiler in a sawmill near Knoxville, Ga., Forest J. Matthews, the owner, and two negro helpers were killed instantly. Another negro fatally scalded.

The operatives of the National Rubber works, at Bristol, R. I., voted yesterday to accept Assignee Cole's proposition, and the mills will resume at once.

J. H. Taylor, of Jeffersonville, Ind., was shot and mortally wounded while standing at his door on Sunday night. A neighbor is suspected of the crime.

The first truss of the Poughkeepsie, N. Y., bridge was finished and swung clear yesterday.

The Mississippi *supreme court has affirmed* the decision of the lower court refusing bail to Hamilton and Eubanks, charged with the murder of Gamwell, the Prohibition editor.

Patrick McNamara, who is under indictment for murder for the killing of John Murray, in Jersey City, was admitted to bail Sunday in the the sum of $2,500. Murray was a "rough" and sought a quarrel with McNamara, the latter threw a beer keg at him and killed him.

Sea-Captains Censured.

TWO RIVERS, Wis., Nov. 8.—A verdict was returned by the coroner's jury in the case of the victims of the Vernon disaster. The jury finds thus the facts before it are insufficient to warrant censure the owners of the boat, either for faulty construction or worthlessness of the life preservers; but that the captains of the vessels that passed the wreck are to be severely censured for failing to report at the nearest ports, to enable the dispatching of a relief expedition in time to save some of the persons floating about.

Bandits to be Shot.

RIO GRANDE CITY, Tex., Nov. 8.—Adolfo De Leon and Chico Pelon, two bandit chiefs, the worst of all the gang that have been committing depredations in this section, have been captured in Mexico by the troops under command of Capt. Lamadrid. They are now in the Camargio jail, and the rancher, who has been harboring them is also a prisoner with them. They will all certainly been shot.

PERSONAL.

Wm. Mertins of East Third street, is about to move to Paterson.

William H. Seale of East Front street has had a large three-story frame building erected on the corner of Stiner Place and Linden avenue into which he expects to move his grocery business in a short time.

Wheels Crush His Collar-bone.

Harry Warnock, the nine year-old son of Alexander Warnock, met with painful accident on West Front street yesterday afternoon at six o'clock last night. He attempted to cross from one side of the street to the other, and was knocked down by a carriage belonging to ex-Councilman Begnelin. The carriage wheels passed over the boy's neck and shoulder, fracturing his collar bone and inflicting other painful injuries about the head and body. He was picked up and carried into Radford's grocery store and was later taken to the home of Mr. V. L. Frazee on Orchard place, in a carriage. Dr. Long was summoned and did all in his power to alleviate the little fellow's suffering, but did not set the collar bone until this morning.

The mishap was purely accidental. The boy did not see the carriage approaching and the driver could not stop the horses in time to avert the accident. Mayor Begnelin, who was in the carriage at the time, fells grieved over the unfortunate mishap.

Fell Forty Feet Almost Unhurt.

Patrick Donovan, a workman on the new Methodist Episcopal Church at Hackettstown, fell forty feet from the network of beams and scaffolds to the uncompleted gallery, and from thence to the beams of the floor below. He gathered himself up immediately and had a slight scalp wound dressed, and will suffer no serious results. Mr. Donovan resides on West Third street, this city, and is employed by Mr. I. W. Pangborn, the builder.

Plainfielders May See it Done.

Concerning "Monbars," which will be presented at the Stillman Music Hall Thursday, Nov. 10, last night's Newark News says:

In "Monbars" Robert B. Mantell, who is playing at Taylor's this week, has a fine and supposed combat with a mad dog and comes upon the stage with his left arm to all appearances bleeding. Mantell, in order to make the counterfeiting more realistic, dipped his arm in some fleshings, which gave a bloody appearance. Then he procured a piece of raw beef, and with a slight odor of burning flesh, and the arm burned black in the fire, it looked real-hot iron. I told him that I would bet $10 he dared not take the hot end of it in his hand. He came upon the stage very proudly and I did the trick, but when the poker was handed to him by one behind that he did not want to touch it after all and I won the bet. The trick is a secret of course, and I think a valuable one. Mantell wanted to make part of the play realistic and put half a dozen chemicals to work to deceive a method by which I could entertain the audience. The audience believed. They failed, but a member of my company, who had been quietly at work, hit upon this scheme. He got a piece of beef, and I don't think that anybody has yet discovered the secret of it."

BOUND BROOK.

The local knights of Labor Assembly say there is no "workingmen's" ticket in Somerset county.

John G. Smith has moved into his new house, and Jno. McGraw of Bloomington has taken possession of the residence vacated by him.

Chas. H. Livezey proposes constructing a house to cost $. J. Stryker & Sons have the contract.

Justice Somers is reported as slowly improving. He does not gain strength very fast and is not yet able to sit up.

A horse belonging to John Manning ran away on Main street, Monday. He turned from the street at the railroad crossing and in a short time got down in a ditch, and broke shafts of the wagon. The horse was uninjured.

STATE NOTES.

The fourth semi-annual bicycle race takes place at Irvington to-day.

Otto G. Schmidt, a druggist at the corner of Tenth and Gardner street, Hoboken, has been missing from his home for several days. He has had domestic trouble.

The mystery surrounding the death of Anna Jackson of Asbury Park, who died two weeks ago from the effects of chloroform administered, is still unsolved. The Coroner's inquest threw no light on the subject.

Joseph Snyder, residing near Little York, said to be the smallest man to cast a ballot in this State. He is twenty-two years old, weighs seventy-three pounds and is 39 inches high. He cast his first ballot in Union Township a year ago. He was presented with a handsome gold watch and chain which was raised by managers of shows to permit himself to be exhibited. His reply invariably was, "I don't have to make a show of myself."

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue.

	1887	1886		
6:00 a. m.	42	28	Sun rises	6:39
9 a. m.	48	35	Sun sets	4:49
2 p. m.	60	41	Moon rises	11:37
9 p. m.	41		Moon sets	

Cents-Word-Column

A VERY pleasant furnished front room to let, near the depot. Terms moderate. P. O. Box 1156. 7-2

A LARGE desirable dwelling on Grove street near the First Baptist church, to let; suitable as a first-class boarding house. Rent low. All improvements. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, No. 35 and 37, opposite station.

CLERK wanted for order and delivery wagon. Must be bright, active and steady. References required. Address P. O. Box 1156. 10-24-tf*

CHAMBERMAID and waitress wanted, in small family. References required. Apply at Mrs. C. W. Hillman, No. 10 Second Place. 8-5

DWELLING HOUSE to rent. Twelve minutes walk from Pond Tool works. Suitable for Boarding house. Rent moderate. E. C. Mulford, agent. 5-24-tf*

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 33 Carleton avenue. 27-10

FOR SALE—A light easy phaeton. The property of Dr. South Esquire of Jenkins, M. D., 92 East Front street. 10-31-tf

FIRST-CLASS BOARD, pleasant rooms, moderate price, central location, private family. Box 479, P. O. 11-3-1w

FOR SALE—Two milch cows. Apply to Samuel C. Wakefield, corner of Somerset and Rare streets. 5-6,*

FOR SALE at a bargain, a desirable building lot on Eighth street, next to C. Runkle's fine property. Size of lot 67 1-2 front by about 250 feet deep. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, 35 and 37 opposite station. 11-3-tf*

LOST on Wednesday, Nov. 2, a cashmere waist, with pin attached, between Langhorne's photograph gallery and Woodland avenue. Reward given for return of same to W. S. Benton, at A. M. Griffen's, Front street. 4-4

MAN wanted to take care of two horses and make himself generally useful. Apply at Mr. Thompson Front street near Evona station. 8-1

PLEASANT rooms with good board, also table board. 50 Madison avenue. 8-5

PIANO TO RENT—Fine instrument, perfect order. Apply 93 Park avenue. 8-5

PROSPECT Hill building plots, finest in the city. Also trees, bulbs and Winter blooming plants, for sale at Denton's Nursery. Telephone. 11-7-7

$500 REWARD will be paid for return to Park House, of bill pocket book, missing or lost about three months ago. 7-2

STORAGE—For carriages, sleighs, furniture etc. Fire proof building, M. Quinn, No. 8 East Fourth street, near Park avenue. 12-tf

SEVERAL desirable furnished and unfurnished houses to let. Come quickly and take your choice. E. C. Mulford, broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite depot. 10-10-tf.

WANTED—A young girl (Protestant) for housework in family of three adults. 40 Madison avenue. 7-2

WANTED—An experienced saleslady at Edsall's dry and fancy goods store, right away. Answer by letter giving length of experience and where last employed. 7-tf*

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 70 East Sixth street. 3-tf

GRAND FAIR

At the

German Reformed Church

CRAIG PLACE. Under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society. Every afternoon and night of the week

BEGINNING NOV. 14, '87

ADMISSION TEN CENTS.

The proceeds of the fair are to be used to furnish the church, and all our friends are invited to attend.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The undersigned dissolve their business relations as grocers this day by mutual consent. All accounts will be settled as required, and may be offered with either party. MANCHETT & SPARKS.

Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 1st, 1887. 2-tf

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP. Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Enquire of

J. H. Ferster, Veterinary Surgeon,
72 East Fifth street,
Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

TO-NIGHT

To-morrow night and every night this week Professor Reynolds the noted English Mesmerist will be at Reform Hall. Prices of admission twenty-five and thirty-five cents. A few reserved seats are on sale at Reynolds' pharmacy.

ATTENTION

Those seeking homes, investments or speculation. The finest building property in this section of the country now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit all. This property is located near the Grant Ave. depot, Plainfield, N. J., and is in close proximity to the Pond Tool manufactory and the Potter Press Works. It is situated in the healthiest, most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. To those desiring to procure homes, or young men wishing to make small investments this opportunity is especially inviting. Builders or contractors would also find it advantageous to procure prices before looking elsewhere.

For particulars, inquire of Wm. C. Kelly No. 36 Park Ave. or Dr. Fritts, Park avenue. Map of property can be seen at Dr. Fritts' office.

THIS WEEK.

We are offering Men's Boots at remarkably low figures and in fact everything in the shoe line.

Doane & VanArsdale
22 W. Front St.

THE MOST IMPORTANT LITERARY EVENT

of the season. LECTURE by

Col. Mason W. Tyler

at MUSIC HALL,

NOVEMBER 8th,

under the auspices of the United States Grant Post. For the benefit of the Public Library. Tickets at usual places.

Reserved seats will be now on sale monday. All parties having fifty cent tickets can have the same exchanged, on payment of twenty-five cents extra, at Reynold's and Shaws.

MUSIC HALL,

Thursday, Nov. 10th,

The Romatic Emotional Actor, ROBERT B.

MANTELL,

SUPPORTED BY

A STRONG DRAMATIC COMPANY.

Under the Management of Augustus Pitou, in the Great Five Act Play, Monbars. Adapted from the French by Louis Mallat, Esq. Scene laid in France under Napoleon I. Seats on sale Monday Nov. 7th. Prices 35-50-75-1.00

MONOLOGUE AND MUSICAL

Entertainment

BY MARSHALL P.

WILDER,

THE HUMORIST, and

Diller's Cornet Quartette

of New York, at the M. E. CHURCH,

Tuesday, Nov. 8th,

at 8 p. m. Tickets 35c. Reserved seat 50c. On sale at the drug stores of Messrs. H. P. Reynolds and E. J. Shaw, on and after Nov. 7th.

Plainfield Evening News,

T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Is published every afternoon at

No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or by mail postage prepaid to any part of the United States, at $5 per year payable in advance.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1887

IN A CITY OF THE ANCIENTS.

Excavations in Arizona Territory—Two or Three Thousand Skeletons Exhumed.

TUCSON, A. T., Nov. 8.—Some very important discoveries concerning pre-historic ruins have been made during the past year by Professor Frank Cushman, who has charge of an archæological expedition in the Salt River valley, in southern Arizona. The remains of an ancient city were found. In investigation showed that the city extended out in all directions from a palace or temple. The foundations of many of the houses have been exposed, many of them consisting of but a single room. Some more and have there would be one of larger and more ample proportions, and in most of these larger ones were found burned vessels and skeletons. Two thousand of these have been found and exhumed. There was a general burial ground where the dead seemed to have been thrown in promiscuously.

Large quantities of pottery were found in the tombs and dwellings. The finer pieces were of many different shades, but were all of light color, with black markings and figures, resembling one greatly of ancient Egyptian pottery. The inferior specimens look much like that made by the Arizona Indians of to-day. No iron, copper or bronze instruments of any kind have been found, but great quantities of stone axes, stone pestles and mortars, stone needles and knives and other such implements belong to the stone age. But the skill with which these articles were made was far superior to that shown by the Indians found in America by the whites.

Mr. Cushman found a good deal of wheat and barley and other grain, all of it, of course, in a charred and blackened condition, and he also traced several canals and found the ruins of a large reservoir, so that he had no doubt that extensive irrigation had been carried on, and that all the valley had been under cultivation. He thinks there must have been a population of at least 25,000 in the ruined city he was exploring, and that most of the inhabitants lived by cultivating the soil of the surrounding country.

Mr. Cushman thinks that these ancient dwellers were destroyed suddenly, like the inhabitants of Herculaneum and Pompeii. It was probably an earthquake. He says "I have found one house under the walls of houses, lying as if the walls had suddenly fallen upon the person and crushed him to death. They were, no doubt, a religious people, and probably had superstitious which they saw in the calamity that befell them a warning to seek some other abode. They promptly moved and built, and it may have been these descendants that the Spaniards found in Mexico. They were certainly equal in intelligence and general advancement to the Aztecs."

Specimens of the houses and implements have been gathered for the Smithsonian Institution, and the work of which these investigations has been examined.

HOUSES DEMOLISHED BY THE CARS.

A Freight Train Crashes Down on a Shanty—A Narrow Escape.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 8.—A very serious loss of life was narrowly averted at Wilsburg, on the line of the Wheeling division of the Baltimore & Ohio, a few miles north of the city, about 10 o'clock yesterday afternoon. As it is, three people are very badly wounded, while many thousand dollars of property have been destroyed, and traffic on the line will be blocked until late this afternoon. A freight train of **twenty** cars was en route for Wheeling, and ran through the town of Wellsburg at a high rate of speed. At the southern corporation line a construction gang had been making some repairs to the track, and the train struck the spot the rails spread and eight cars left the track, crashing into and entirely demolishing two dwelling houses occupied by two brothers named Joseph and John Murphy. None of the first named family were at home, but John, who works at night, was asleep in bed, with two of his children, aged 3 and 4 years, respectively, asleep by his side. The house was completely demolished, and the father and two little ones, with Mrs. Amelia Murphy, a sister of John, were buried from sight.

An alarm of fire was sent out, and the work of rescue at once began. The lady, her brother and the child were soon taken from serious when found, and the lady may die. The baby was unharmed.

A Septuagenarian's Suicide.

BATAVIA, N. Y., Nov. 8.—The body of Barney Altenburg, who mysteriously disappeared from his home in East Oakfield this county, more than six weeks ago, was discovered in a dense mass of underbrush and weeds in a swamp not far from East Oakfield this morning. A piece of clothesline was fastened to the neck of the dead man, and one end was tied to a small tree near by, while the other end was grasped in the dead man's hand, indicating that he had strangled himself. Altenburg was 70 years old, and leaves a family.

Forsaken by His Son.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Johann G. Knoll was arrested on the steamer Suevia, from Hamburg, in charge of forgery, amounting to several thousand marks. It is alleged that he forged the name of H. Sunger, of Stuttgart. He has invested a considerable amount of money was found on him. When taken before Commissioner Lyman he was held for examination. His son, a young man of 20 years, who accompanied the old gentleman, refused to have anything more to do with him when informed of his crime.

Tramp Prisoners in Revolt.

LANCASTER, Pa., Nov. 8.—Thirty-eight tramps confined in the county workhouse have for several days been in revolt, and refused to break stone. A number of them attempted to escape, and one of the number was shot by Deputy Shaub, how badly has not yet been ascertained, as the tramps are in possession of the yard and threaten with violence anybody who enters.

New Rifles Adopted.

BERLIN, Nov. 8.—The perfection of more effective powder and bullets enabled the war office to adopt the smaller bore rifles. The defects of the magazine bore are only apparent in cool weather. The change will cost thousan repeaters. The expense of the change will be enormous, but the government has decided to manufacture the new rifles with the greatest energy.

Additional Appropriations Recommended.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The annual report of the board of visitors to the West Point Military academy, prepared by Mr. George W. Childs, was presented and submitted to the secretary of war. It commends the condition and management of the academy, but recommends largely increased appropriations.

NEARING THE END OF LIFE.

A BELIEF THAT THE CONDEMNED MEN WILL COMMIT SUICIDE.

The Anarchists Busy All Knowledge of the Bombs Found in Lingg's Cell. Engel's Suicidal Effort — Anarchists Drilling at the Midnight Hour.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—Yesterday afternoon Mr. W. M. Salter, who has been working in connection with H. D. Lloyd in the investigation of the Haymarket affair, called for records of the coroner's inquest. The Anarchists asked Spies to see publicity, but he knew of no bombs found in Lingg's cell. Saturday Spies wrote the following, and told it to anarchist who transmitted the signatures of Fielden and Schwab:

It is useless to argue and my friends know that we have no knowledge of anything of the kind. No one in my house knows anything about it, and if there was room enough in a cell for it to be secreted, search at any moment and at all times. The first information I received of the matter was from the papers this morning. I have not seen Lingg for a week, and had not had any letters from him for at least a fortnight. I have written to Lingg for I do not see any reason why I should not. I have not written to him because I am not in the habit of writing to a condemned man, and only sent him one once before and never put together more than a few lines. I don't believe that a single one of the prisoners condemned even the remotest knowledge of the matter other than the public knows. I am not in the habit of writing

WOMAN'S WEEK.

THE METROPOLIS INVADED BY FAIR REFORMERS.

The Women's Christian Association and its Secret Meetings—The Congress of the Association for the Advancement of Women—Sketches Taken on the Fly.

The last week in October was emphatically a Woman's Week in New York city, for the great associations were in session, bringing together a bright array of the brightest women in the country. One was the ninth biennial meeting of the Woman's Christian Association and all the world included—and was a sort of mysterious affair as to men were admitted except at certain short and unimportant sessions. In turn did the enterprising reporters and artists of the city press plead for one instance just one.

"We must have an report, we can't have it, and it is positively will not allow any pictures," said the Sunday and vivacious-looking lady who guarded the vestibule. And yet the little lady herself made a delightful picture as she stood down the law so serenely unpalatably to the embarrassed reporter, and even as she rejected the suggestion she was caught on the fly as it were, in a quick, artistic cut. "You can come back at 3 p. m. and get what the secretary has to say in statements, and the pretty sentiments applicable, but as the secretary was actually out at all, it really known that some of these matters were discussed at these executive meetings. Prominent among these was Mrs. H. Bronson and H. M. Ingham, the former of Cleveland, O., "Amusements," by Miss M. C. Thompson, of Philadelphia, "Training the Senses," by Mrs. M. J. Edwards of St. Louis, and a paper on the religious bearing the work by Mrs. J. H. Winters, of Baltimore.

The first meeting was the fifteenth annual congress of the Association for the Advancement of Women. All the meetings were public except the executive sessions, and the discussions showed a very high order of ability, as well they might, for the speakers included many of the most talented women in America, the peculiarity was believable in all the papers. They took the invariable woman's ground on how society and government must mould all the evils of life could be cured by the application of stringent laws, more restriction or more stimulation.

The meetings were not without their humorous features. One instance in particular called forth much merriment, says the reporter who furnishes the following. A slender man sat between two matronly women. He showed in every line and motion that this was his day. In an unconscious, self-satisfied way he seemed to say, "I am a man, and I am proud of it." Presently the two women who brought their husbands along were so indecent as to ask questions of him. They are a Washington, while the man brought along with him just a little too fine featured or small boned.

"NO PICTURES, PLEASE."

This association, organized in 1873, is the child of Sorosis, the noted women's club. The presiding genius is Mrs. Ward Howe, who not only eminent in her day as a truly great American woman, but who will live as long as our language is free and stirring. "Battle Hymn of the Republic." Each successive meeting has been the occasion of a higher order of addresses, and this one, held for three days in Metropolitan Hall, surpassed all the preceding. Among the best productions offered was that of Mrs. May Wright Sewall, of Indianapolis, on "Women as Educators." This lady is the president of the Indianapolis schools, the merit of the Indiana school system—a system so near perfection that it is being adopted or considered by nearly all states—and the fact that that state employs so large a proportion of women and pays them generously, made Mrs. Sewall's summary of great interest. Mrs. Anna Garlin Spencer was posted for an address on "The Domestic Problem," but preferred to give one on "Intellectual Sympathy Among Women." It was strikingly original, but the lady got upon rather delicate ground by a curious contrast between Blaine and Cleve-

AT THE WOMAN'S CONGRESS.

land. All the men present, especially the reporters, seemed to like their cuts, but she steered through the difficulty quite successfully. Mrs. Howe, as president, added a little sketch of Lucretia Mott, the delightful old lady grandma married and dignified presence. Many other subjects were discussed with great ability, and the room which held the good fortune to attend the last session will speak of share it well spoke to the fact that American has produced such talented women.

Munro and the New Then.

The American Yacht club has barred out from its contests the wonderful little steam yacht Gitana, owned by Mr. Munro. Mr. Munro, of New York, on the alleged ground that she is not of the proper class. Mr. Munro doesn't hesitate to say, however, that the real reason for this action on the part of the club is the surprise in that the New Then is too fast for the contests. But he proposes to build a new steam yacht faster than the New Then, to measure ten feet over, and of such build and size as will make it quite impossible for the club to rule it out.

CYNTHIA E. CLEVELAND.

The President's Relative Who Has Written a Sensational Book.

One of the literary sensations of the day is a book by Miss Cynthia E. Cleveland, entitled "Session, or Civil Service in the Departments." It is a fat volume of 300 pages, printed on heavy paper and is a story of actual life in the form of fiction. It is not, however, G. G. Carpenter, of Indianapolis, author of a distinctive spirit, as is claimed, and one purpose of it is to give the correct impression of a true representation of the life of their representatives in the departments at Washington and on our streets. The use of political life of Washington is handled with a master hand, and one is, I doubt not, from the author's own position that the book is the work of spite.

Another as I know Miss Cleveland, I am convinced that she is not the cause mother for the book, which is in a singular faded spinster, as the newspapers have stated. She is, on the contrary, fine looking. She is a brilliant conversationalist, has a fine form and splendid form and a remarkable intellectual face. Her complexion is fair, her forehead broad and intellectual, and her hair is dark and beautiful. She talks well also, her mouth is by no means an unpleasant one. Above her forehead she combs a mass of curly gray hair, which was once golden brown. She moves well and has a graceful walk, and she has had a most remarkable career. She has been a lawyer, a teacher, a public lecturer, a writer who knows pressed a real service a Cabinet officer in the law, has taken place in the departments. Besides all of her appointments she has been a lecturer on the topics of the day, and has given all of her leisure to literary work. She is a native of Connecticut, and was born in 1829. In 1849, having acquired some of instruction in the nursery art. In 1850 she had received a call to a professorship of English literature in London, and in 1851, then being 34 years of age, went to the Crimea as superintendent of a corps of volunteer nurses. There she met Florence Nightingale, and only Miss Stanley as they both left the organization in hospital. A Sorority in Nevinda. Two days later they received 800 soldiers from the battlefield, and had been wounded in Balaklava, and in three days some more had arrived and gladdened those women their charge. So well did Miss Cleveland that she was given charge of all the hospitals of the Bosphorus. Into the storm was too great for her constitution, and a touch of hospital fever prostrating her and permanently impairing her health. Queen Victoria sent the heroine a jeweled cross, the sultan of Turkey sent her a bracelet set with brilliants and a ring, the Khedive of Egypt a ring, and Napoleon III. a medal. She returned and a school for nurses founded under her direction, and the soldiers of the Crimean war started a subscription to fund her a [illegible] which she declined. [illegible] years she has lived unobtrusively in [illegible], London. But although physically prostrated from active labor, her mind is [illegible], she has remained to do much for suffering humanity in her writings, which have [illegible] volumes helpful and instructive.

Florence Nightingale as might be expected has mingled among her friends [illegible] of the most exalted women and women in this. Perhaps the most beautiful [illegible] was that of Miss Cleveland, who [illegible] Queen Victoria. There is but a year's difference in their ages, and the singer reappeared on the concert stage to obtain the money with her music at short notice to that Miss Nightingale started to the Crimea to alleviate the sufferings of Her's soldiers. Both have devoted their whole active life for their unfortunate fellows of charity.

It was while she was caring for battered fighting men in the Crimea that Miss Nightingale met Miss Severs. Sister, the work, now almost forgotten by the busy world and remembered principally because of his skill in making delicious dishes out of scraps. But Sister's fame was spread by her friendship for the English army than that of Florence Nightingale herself. "Oh, yes!" said an old timer to whom the writer spoke of Sister, "he invented a camp kitchen!" Sister, who was of course a Frenchman by birth, but a British subject by adoption, offered his services as chief cook at the Crimea to the British army and was given unlimited power to overturn the existing order of things until he [illegible] established. He succeeded so well that the general health of the army improved perceptibly at once and he was the recipient of unlimited praise. He died in 1858.

Sister was the author of several books, not the least important of which is "The Ultimate Campaign," published shortly after his return from the Crimea. This is what he wrote of Miss Nightingale:

She is rather high in stature, fair in complexion and slim in person; her hair is brown and is worn quite plain; her physiognomy is most pleasant; her eyes of a blue tint, speak of kindness and sympathy; she was standing with her left arm pressed much to the south and well formed, while her face was turned to the north and most known to connoisseurs of the [illegible] among the well of the other. Her person as she stood there was [illegible] as to [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] and

THE LIME KILN CLUB.

"Will Moses Jumbo Comeback please step this way?" asked the president, as the meeting opened.

Brother Comeback, who has been a very quiet but deeply interested member of the club for the past few years, advanced to the desk, and Brother Gardner continued:

"Moses, I 'spect dat you am on de pint of removin' to Illinoy."

"Yes, sah."

"You will take your certificate long wid you, an' you will keep your membership wid us just the same, an' any time you kin raise as many half dollars as a freight train an' run up an' see us you will find a hostile welcome."

"Yes, sah—too much obleeged, sah," replied Moses, as he wiped a tear from his eye.

"An now I want to say a few furder words to you," resumed the president, after a solemn pause. "You am gwine to put loose an' sail in de company of strangers, an' dar am a few things you would do well to remember.

"Remember, dat a lawyer will work harder to clar a murderer dan he will to convict a thief.

"Remember, dat a banker who employs de loan of his bar am fishin' round to secure de loan of your wife's harter.

"Remember, dat you can't judge of de home happiness of a man an' wife by seein' em at a Saturday night picnic.

"Remember, dat while de average man will not in de least change in a business transaction, he will water his milk an' mix lamb's wool in his socks.

"Remember, dat all de negatives of de best photographs are retouched, an' de wrinkles an' freckles worked out.

"Remember, dat sweet pie am made up of good dough, fat gravy stomachs, deception, heartless conduct an' bad grammar.

"Remember, dat people will rather stop to open a door for a lady on a frosty morning dan to offer him your harter, but it takes years to satisfy em dat your great grandfather wasn't a pirate an' your great grandmudder de leading girl in a fifteen cent ballet. You can run out down an elevator even an' reflect as you digest, an' de man of us will succeed to carry out de inside programme of de meetin'."

"Be Organized to your various homes," said the president as the triangle sounded its notes of warning, "triumphant and exultin' an' de grease which keeps de wheels of society from stickin' hard to Ezekiel between. An old man position may keep right smart in de Hebrews Ruskin around de is mentioned leben months in de book, but de same reason will bring in chicken broth, an' kind words in case you *have a run of biliousness. Somebody wake* up Elder Toots an' let us get heavenly down stairs."—Detroit Free Press.

Jacquelined Gen. Houston.

When Gen. Sam Houston was governor of Texas he was a strong active and persistent in causing the prosecution of a defaulting officer—so much so indeed that the friends of the accused raised the cry of persecution. The governor was charged with, like a company of gentlemen, hooded the idea that he was prejudiced against the defaulter, declared that he had a harder set for him than the enforcement of the laws, and said that he should probably have the opportunity of convincing the public that he had no feeling of personal animosity against the man. The evidence against him will be so overwhelming that any grand jury will find a true bill of indictment," said the general, "and no petit *jury in the world can fail to convict the* criminal on such evidence. Then, when found guilty as sentenced, he will change his tune, and he will be overwhelming friends for him will appeal to me for executive clemency. Then will be no time to show that I have no prejudice. I shall put it to him, for I will never allow such a contemptible scoundrel to contaminate the penitentiary of Texas."—Harper's Magazine.

History a la Ignatius Donelly.

Will Shakespeare—Please, sir, the manager of the Globe theatre wants his new play.

Lord Bacon—Now now!

"How now, sir, for to-night."

"To-night—first at St. George; how does he expect me to finish my Organum, write my politics and get it ready for that trial and write three plays all in one day?"

"If I don't know, sir, but he wants the title right away so he can put it on the bills."

"Well, Fillpot, let me see. Tell him the title will be 'Hamlet.'"—Omaha World.

Understood His Business.

Omaha Tribune: Man on Chicago—I understand a good many Chicago families employ Scandinavian cooks.

Hotel clerk—Yes, that's so.

"Can you tell me how I can get the address of such families?"

"Go to the Highland Caterer's emporium. Do you wish to engage a cook?"

"No, no; I am a sort of Killcorn's dyspepsia medicine."—Omaha World.

For Her Dear Sake.

"Willie," said a young wife, "are you going to take part in the bonus tournament?"

"Yes, I think of it."

"Shall I, dear, for my sake."

"Why?"

"Because you might win and it would surely get into the papers."—Washington Critic.

Important Business.

Citizen (to member of board of trade)—Any business of importance accomplished at the meeting last night?

Member—Yes.

Citizen—What was it?

Member—We perfected arrangements for the annual banquet.—The Epoch.

Very Much Worn.

Gentleman (at railway station)—I find that I have got to go to Montreal to-night, and I want a coat. Have you one?

Clerk—Yes, sir. You want a cutaway coat, I suppose.—New York Sun.

Opposed to Corporal Punishment.

"If your dolly has been naughty, why don't you whip her?"

"Oh, I don't believe in that sort of thing!"—Exchange.

It Goes, but It Is Still There.

The car stove, people said, must go.
So also said inventors clever;
It does, for by its heat we know
The car stove goes as well as ever.
—Boston Courier.

COMMERCIAL PROVERBS.

Men who have company rule have money.

Some men carry too much sail; some too little.

Great men, when analyzed, usually prove to be very small men.

Men trade on borrowed reputation as they trade on borrowed capital.

Good intentions will not help a man on his way if he takes the wrong road.

The history of trade shows that failure is the rule and winning the exception.

Money moves the crops that make the great west the granary of the world.

One man is overnice and becomes fussy; another is careless and loses his trade.

The same great lesson of failure is taught in the professions that is taught in trade.

One man runs his business because he is a slovenly another runs it because he is a fop.

Men neither win nor lose in the same way, one fails and is smart; another wins and is dull.

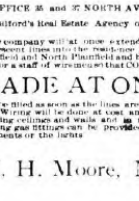
The merchants of old Tyre were "princes," all their traffickers were the honorable of the earth."

Integrity, honor and piety do not save a man from disaster if he fails to observe the law of success.

Talent and temper often go together. It is rare to find a sharp, bright man that is a generous man.

The law of success is as certain as the law the tides. All must obey these laws if they would prosper.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co



OFFICE 35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE

(to Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen so that CONTRACTS

MADE AT ONCE

may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without defacing ceilings and walls and in most cases existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments for the lights

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Door Numbers,

DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS

at

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,

13 Park Avenue.

Sole Agent for DR. KING'S Spectacles

M'DONOUGH & MARTIN,

Horseshoers, 30 Somerset Street.

All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated Interwelding Calk are cordially invited to call at our shop before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to supply the large demand which these celebrated shoes have. Persons desiring to use these will please bring their horses to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

THE

People's Market,

NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats,

Groceries,

Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. B. H. Buchman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends where he will endeavor to satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL SCIENTIFIC

AND SANITARY PLUMBER.

Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also elected a member of that body of practical plumbers, I am prepared to do plumbing in any locality in or near Plainfield, N. J. Residence 8 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. 26-1y

I have secured the agency for the above celebrated lenses. They bring out, stabbed and ground as near the axis as possible, and have the greatest amount of convexity and concavity immediately over the center of grain found in the pebble. It allows the ray of light to enter the eye with the least possible resistance.

AT DOANE'S,

Formerly Clare's, No. 9, Park Avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have adde

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further

until you have visited my store and inspected MY

Ladies $2 SHOE

either in common sense or opera toe style.

They are Beauties.

I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.

J. J. KENNEY,

No. 20 NORTH AVENUE.

BENNER'S

FRUIT MARKET

Nos. 66 and 68 East Front street.

Now open with a supply of

Fruit, Vegetables, etc.

at NEW YORK PRICES.

This place, stock and fixtures for sale including a two years' lease. Rent low. Owner going West.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD

P. O. BOX 930.

CHEAP BOOKS.

We have a large line of popular books in nice cloth binding, good paper and good print at only 39 cents each. These include Emerson's Essays, Carlyle's Sartor Resartus, Adam Bede, Guy Mannering, etc., etc. Also many books for children at 15, 20, 25, 30 cents and upward.

A. W. RAND,

24 W. Front street,

MEATS.

GEO. A. MOORE.

(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt

MEATS

fish of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance.

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Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Franklin Place.

DEALER IN

Blue Stone Flagging.

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Intelligence Office.

No. 92 West Front street.

Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone.

60, 70 & 80 Cents.

May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-22 1y

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2,

at Mrs. Demens's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street, or addressed to P. O. Box No. 88, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker

and Jeweler. Importer of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 62 somerset Street,

Grocer and Sportsman,

Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine Sugars, Teas, Coffees, etc. Canned goods, pure cider vinegar 4 years old, fruit jars, jelly cans. White Granite, Yellow Rock, stone, Earthen and Glassware, Flower Pots, etc. Rioted grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,

Kalsominer

No. 18 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and whitewashed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

M[illegible], office on,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A[illegible] Dodrimet,

(From Paris, successor to Jules Houtes.)

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, lotions and powders. Masquerade and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,

Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road, Dunellen, N. J.

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

28 Somerset street,

Meat Market,

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No 14.

Ten Eyck's

Meat Market,

Fruits and Vegetables in season, 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

L. McVoy,

Driven Wells,

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 90 E. Front.

J. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 27 1-2 West Front street.

Farmer's Hotel,

Somerset street, near Front.

Boarding, Permanent or Transient. Stabling for horses by day, week or month. Terms moderate. Jacob Hamm, proprietor.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

BLANK BOOKS,

MEMORANDUM BLOCKS,

Tablets, Writing and Drawing Books,

LANGUAGE LESSONS,

Lead Pencils, etc., at low prices. Also full line of

Pure Confectionery

the largest assortment sold in town.

R. C. FISHER'S,

24 West Fourth Street, opp. Public School

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of all kinds of

FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

Special attention given to

POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.

Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete as near as possible with

NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.

We solicit a call that we may convince that we do not speak

CHEAPER

than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at

A. VANDERBEEK, 49 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manager.

WALL PAPERS.

G. F. & C. E. Brown

WALL PAPER.

WINDOW SHADES,

INTERIOR DECORATIONS

33 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK

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FURNITURE EXPRESS

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.

Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.

45 WEST FRONT STREET.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle

25 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper Hangers.

WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

INSURANCE

Wm. A Woodruff,

Represents the following first-class Insurance companies:

Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen of England; The Merchants of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at best rates, has

MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security and has bargains in

REAL ESTATE

Office Berry's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second St.

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 27 WEST FRONT

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR

HATS, SHIRTS & TRUNKS

at

U. B. Crane's

Hat Store,

12 PARK AVE. Next to Walker's Bakery.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

at New York Prices, Studio 28 West Front street. Strangers for drawing and oil painting

CHINA,

GLASS,

LAMPS,

Latest Novelties in ROYAL WORCESTER and CAULSBAD WARE.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH

DINNER SETS.

GAVETT'S

15 E. Front street.

L. HEYNIGER,

93, 95 and 97 Somerset street.

Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED,

BALED HAY, etc.,

WOODENWARE

etc., at LESS than New York Prices

TELEPHONE CALL 113.

Branch Store No. 9 North avenue.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.

ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Blue Stone Flagging,

SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS.

CURBING AND CROSSWALKS,

Sixteen Years' Experience.

M. POWERS,

Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue.

P. O. BOX 1287.

We also supply all orders for kindling wood as formerly, direct from the factory.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 962.

BUILDER.

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter & Builder

OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.

Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder,

JOBBING

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

P. O. Box 350.

Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,

Established 1867

Carpenter & Builder,

36 EAST THIRD STREET.

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

PEARSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 1481.

W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street

H. E. Gayle No. 84 East Second street.

All Work Promptly Attended to.

R. A. Ross,

11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,

Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Saums,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton House, near depot, Bvona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Residence, Bvona, P. O. Box 850.

Carpenter and Builder,

20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Manufacturers and Third street,

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder.

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 212.

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For Sale and To Let

TO LET FURNISHED.

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Desirable Bargains in

BUILDING LOTS

FIRE INSURANCE.

Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phoenix, Assurance of London; Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgages.

Edward C. Mulford,

Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.

Telephone No. 90.

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JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. No work half-done. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health, orders left with D. W. Littell, Sanitary Plumber, No. 8 North avenue, P. O. Box 1410. Telephone call 26. Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

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Undertakers and Embalmers,

55 PARK AVENUE.

Telephone Call 40. Residence 48 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 37. Office Hillside cemetery.

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J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

BENJ. F. MOORE

(late of Moore Bros.)

BUTCHER,

and dealer in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.

Corner

PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET

Plainfield, N. J.

Telephone Call No. 111.

Orders Called For

AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

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FAIRCHILD'S

Furniture Warerooms

21 EAST FRONT STREET

Parlor and Chamber

FURNITURE.

LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, TABLES AND CHAIRS.

CRIGS ARAE RIG RA RA RIG ARAE GRIGS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Repairing in all its branches at

L. M. FRENCH'S

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

18 Somerset street,

PLAINFIELD.

THE

Fidelity & Casualty

COMPANY, issues

Accident Policies

for

$10,000

assuring

1. In event of death	$10,000
2. For loss of two hands	10,000
3. For loss of two feet	10,000
4. For loss of one hand and one foot	10,000
5. For loss of both eyes	5,000
6. For loss of one hand or of one foot	$5,000.00
7. For loss of one eye	1,250
8. For disabling injuries during the continuance of same, per week,	$50

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amount.

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Jos. T. Vail, Agt.,

OPPOSITE DEPOT.

FOTOGRAFS.

Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsome, Cheapest, Best.

Great Success with Children's Portraits.

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Opp Post office.

J. P. Laire & Co's is the place to buy Parlor, Cook Stoves, ranges, double heaters, stove boards, coal hods, pipe, repairs, horse blankets, robes and general hardware.

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SULPHUR AND MEDICATED

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EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.

Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases equalizes the circulation, cleanses and purifies the blood, cures Rheumatism, Influenza, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung Diseases, Nervousness and General Debility, Paleness and Salt Rheum and all skin diseases.

It cures the most inveterate cases of chills and fever and all malarial disorders.

Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Closed for cleansing on Saturday's.

COAL and WOOD

C. H. RUGG,

Successor to Morgan Bird.

Dealer in none but best quality Coal, such as Yeddo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring brook and Council Ridge Coal Well screened. Also Cord and Kindling Wood.

Orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.

No. 61 Park Avenue,

Bird's Yard,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 — PLAINFIELD N J. "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1887. — Price Two Cents

9 O'CLOCK A. M.

Whoop!

PLAINFIELD, UNION COUNTY AND NEW JERSEY ALL REPUBLICAN.

SHOUT THE GLAD TIDINGS.

Somerset Likewise Republican.

THE RESULT IN DETAIL.

Senator-Elect Miller.

We give herewith in tabulated form the vote in Union County as far as it was possible to obtain it. In some of the Wards in Elizabeth the counting of the returns, it was estimated, would take until six o'clock this morning, and in some of the townships like delays were apparent. Nevertheless we give all it was possible to obtain up to the hour of going to press, and also dispatches from all over the State and the United States.

Robert L. Livingston, Democrat, who was elected Senator from Union county three years ago by 398 plurality, is defeated by Jas. L. Miller, Republican, by about 200 plurality.

We give below dispatches which tell the story. Comment is needless. If the defeated are wise, they may profit by the lesson of the hour, and the victors should make the most of the opportunity to serve the people faithfully. All honor to the victors, and the defeated can console themselves that it took very good men to defeat them.

Republican majorities in Union county received during the night from the localities named are as follows:

FOR SENATOR, JAMES L. MILLER.
Plainfield, 287; Westfield, 104; Railway, 104; Linden, 105; Cranford, 70; Fanwood, 60; *New Providence*, 7.

FOR SHERIFF, GLASBY.
Plainfield, 350; Westfield, 120; Railway, 178; Cranford, 74; Fanwood, 70; Linden 47; New Providence, 30.

FOR COUNTY CLERK, OLIVER.
Plainfield, 341; Railway, 207; Linden, 87; Westfield, 109; Cranford, 91; Fanwood, 1.

FOR SURROGATE, PARROTT.
Plainfield, 351; Railway, 110; Linden, 103; Westfield, 106; Cranford, 46; Fanwood, 60.

FOR ASSEMBLYMAN, ULRICH.
Plainfield, 362; Railway, 147. Judge Ulrich estimates that he will have 750 in the district.

The second polling place of the fifth ward in Elizabeth gave the following vote: Miller, 215, Livingston, 147; Gindy, 202; Forsythe, 156; Oliver, 198; Crowell, 161.

SUMMIT, Nov. 9.—Summit gives the following Democratic plurralities: Livingston, 88; Colton, 99; Forsythe, 58; Crowell, 84; Gerber, 44.

NEW PROVIDENCE, Nov. 9.—The Democratic plurralities in New Providence were: Colton, 3; Crowell, 34; Gerber, 4.

SOMERVILLE ELECTION.

In South Plainfield there were four tickets in the field, viz: The Republican, the Democratic, the Prohibition, and the Workingman's. The vote was as follows:

Tickets	District	Total Maj.
	1st 2d	
Republican	191 169	360 74
Democratic	115 171	286
Prohibition	15 16	31
Workingmen's	17 17	

This vote was distributed among the various candidates as follows:

FOR STATE SENATOR.

	1st	2d	Total	Maj.
Lewis A. Thompson, R.	97	94	191	34
Jas. J. Bergen, D.	111	178	289	
Alfred Stelle, P.	15	46	61	
No nomination, W.				

FOR ASSEMBLY.

Oscar Conklin, R.	97	93	195	345
George E. Ewen, D.	111	173	284	89
Walter W. Wilmarth, P.	16	19	35	
George P. Norton, W.		17	17	

FOR SURROGATE.

William H. Laing, R.	100	108	208	90
Abraham T. Huff, D.	104	122	226	
Arthur F. Sutphen, P.	14	17	31	
Arthur P. Sutphen, W.	17	17	17	

FOR CORONERS.

Dr. Fred'k Jones, R.	99	108	207	91
Dr. G. VanNest, R. & W.	98	118	216	82
Dr. C. E. Fisher, R. & W.	87	149	236	38
Dr. Emily D.	113	123	236	
Dr. J. L. Compton, D.	111	125	236	
Dr. S. O. B. Taylor, D.	114	122	236	
John Beckman, P. & W.	17	16	33	
Jacob Boice, P.	16	16	32	
Putney O. Belding, P.	16	16	32	

RETURNS OF THE ELECTION IN UNION COUNTY, NOV. 8, 1887.

Localities.	Vote of 1886.				Vote of 1887.				State Senator.		As'b'y 1st Dist.		Assembly 2d Dist.			Assembly 3d Dist.			County Clerk		For Surrogate		For Sheriff		For Coroners.			
	Whole Number of Votes for 1886.	Republican Ticket for 1886.	Democratic Ticket for 1886.	Prohibition Ticket for 1886.	Whole Number of Votes.	Republican Ticket	Democratic Ticket	Prohibition Ticket	James L. Miller Rep.	Robert L. Livingston Dem.	Alden B. Hopkins Pro.	John J. Lovden Rep.	John J. Matthews Dem.	Foster M. Voorhees Pro.	William C. Cotter Rep.	Charles W. Maxfield Dem.	John Ulrich Rep.	Joseph G. Miller Dem.	F. B. Kelly Pro.	Samuel M. Oliver Rep.	John L. Crowell Dem.	D. E. Byron Pro.	George T. Parrot Rep.	James J. Gerber Dem.	James W. Woodruff Pro.	Frederick F. Glasby Rep.	Thomas Forsyth Dem.	Neil McLeod Pro.	David W. Miller, M. D. Rep.	Monroe B. Lore, M. D. Dem.	Alfred G. Donovan Pro.	Walter R. Clarke Pro.
First Assembly District.																														
Elizabeth—																														
First Ward	1127	562	576	39					190	190									210	172			202	173		198	196				
Second Ward	979	530	434	6																										
Third Ward	758	403	351	4																										
Fourth Ward	441	189	251	11					205	234		198	238						189	216			218	187		224	183		210	218	208	218
Eighth Ward	420	146	317	7																										
Second Assembly Dist																														
Fifth Ward	1022	589	400	40																										
Sixth Ward	444	230	200	15																										
Seventh Ward	307	189	107	11					215	124									208	130			198	139		223	118				
Linden	354	212	132	8					213	119									213	126			198	139		223	118				
Union	380	165	221	4					173	197				180	181				172	192			192	169		200	150				
Springfield	157	90	67	39																										
Cranford	237	100	95	40					125	95									97	84			113	67		131	52				
New Providence	121	51	65	5																										
Summit	363	128	206	49																										
Third Assembly District.																														
Railway.																														
First Ward	307	129	155	23					142	156									160	144			146	148		143	154				
Second Ward	342	179	154	9	398	196			188	149									202	167			163	182		203	132				
Third Ward	344	187	150	38																										
Fourth Ward	254	110	116	28	274	130	144		134	146									130	144			170	108		193	107				
Clark	69	40	29	1																										
Fanwood	228	143	83	2																										
Westfield	472	242	174	46	514	278	178	37	262	189	32								245	178	37	264	185	33	260	180	33	259	178	33	258	256	177	177
Plainfield—																														
First Ward	370	180	151	29	385	204	168	12	197	172	13								209	159	12	197	173	12	202	170	12	201	204	166	166	
Second Ward	325	196	99	46	358	220	107	11	238	110	11								251	97	9	230	111	16	241	100	12	236	247	99	101	
Third Ward	398	198	180	40	401	204	176	19	225	160	17								224	156	15	218	166	18	224	156	17	224	224	97	97	
Fourth Ward	491	230	244	45	544	246	245	22	221	271	21								301	202	19	254	277	20	296	245	20	296	245	245	245	
Totals	10233	4781	5539	601																										
Majorities			758																											

To Avert Shoddy Building.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—At the risk of making myself obnoxious, I once more respectfully appeal to the authorities of the city of Plainfield and the borough of North Plainfield, through the medium of your columns, to take some action to insure safe building, and I wish once more to record a solemn protest against the Bubbleboard class of work now being executed in this vicinity. As I have said on a previous occasion, "you cannot" neither do I desire, to prevent cheap building, as the condition of the poorer classes demands this sort of house, but "you can enforce safe building" even in cheap structures.

My attention has just been attracted by certain apartment houses now in course of construction in North Plainfield, where the trenches for foundation walls are not more than six inches deep below the top surface of the ground, merely the top soil removed and in some places hardly that, and while this does not give a sufficient footing, the filling or leveling in of grade from the street which is contemplated, will not give sufficient protection to the base.

The foundation walls themselves are being built of shale and constructed almost entirely of "spawls," and this is the class of building tolerated in this very prosperous and fast growing locality, and for the purpose of tenements or apartment houses, which, as I understand it, are being constructed to accommodate several families each.

I ask once again, "Is this no body's business?" Have the authorities not in a measure responsible for damage that may come to the property and lives of poor people in allowing this character of work to pass by unnoticed? I repeat the question, "Is it a matter of no importance?"

One day there will be a crash in Plainfield and the fair fame of the "Queen City" will be marred by a few scores in its hasty dash that will fairly make one's blood curdle—and for what—simply for the purpose of swelling the coffers of unscrupulous speculators, who probably are persons with no interest in our community beyond the lure which they hope to secure.

If the time has come when apartment houses are a necessity in this city, would it not well to have the transfer from of work in the bud at once, and so avert a possible disaster and loss of life, and secure for the plan a class of buildings that will be a credit rather than a disgrace.

OSCAR S. TEALE.

JOTTINGS.

—*Good-looking, Senator Miller.*

—A brilliant meteor flashed into view in the western sky above Plainfield at 7:15 last night. It lasted about a half minute.

—The roads in Westfield, Scotch Plains and vicinity have been macadamized, and the mud will not be so deep during the coming winter as it has been in the past.

—A party of eight young men went on a rabbit hunt yesterday morning. They rode in a box wagon accompanied by a large lunch basket and ten hounds. They went for a good time and had it; but the rabbits did not suffer much.

—Messrs. F. L. C. Martin, Jos. Sanford, A. G. Slevin, John Barnett, Harry Dorrance and Frank D. Hyzinger of the Plainfield Hockey Club, and W. Le Boyteau, also of this city, went on a club run yesterday morning, leaving the club house at ten o'clock. They rode to Washingtonville, Feltville and the surrounding country, and report good roads and steep hills.

—Of the 1,945 voters registered in Plainfield 1,558 cast their ballots, only 387 not voting.

—Two picked teams without names had a merry game of football on the Park avenue grounds yesterday afternoon.

—Hon. James L. Miller (R. Wolf, he is the man who went to the Senate of New Jersey this year of the Christian era.—Elizabeth Herald, Nov. 2.—I-di-ot-ic!! But "Let not him that girdeth on his harness boast himself as he that putteth it off."—1 Kings.

—THE NEWS was the only paper published in Plainfield yesterday, and to-day it is out bright as usual, but as five o'clock in the morning, to give our readers the result of the battle of the ballots. As we go to press the moon and stars are brightly shining, and the night is as still as can be imagined. It is a night full of sunlight, geniality, and Republican victory, as events have proved. As one of the warriors in the fight, and our faithful aids, now that the victory is won, can leave our friends the enemy and be with us. As we drop our weary pen for rest we say "God speed the right."

—The mock-dance and musical entertainment by Marshall P. Wilder last evening in the Methodist church was one of the most delightful of the many delightful affairs given there. It was well attended and proved a financial success, greatly to the gratification of the excellent ladies who had charge of the affair and their numerous friends, who were made to laugh so heartily by the humorist, little Wilder, and were so charmed with the music.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

Union County Republican.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 9, 2 a. m.—The counting of the returns will not be completed before six o'clock in the morning. Enough has been learned, however, to secure the election of Miller, Republican candidate for Senator, over Livingston, Democratic, by about 200 plurality. Matthews, Democrat, for Assembly, is re-elected from the First District by 800 majority. Voorhees, Republican, is elected for Assembly from the Second District by 300 majority, and Ulrich, Republican, from the Third District by 537 majority.

Somerset Co. Goes Republican.

SOMERVILLE, Nov. 9—Thompson, Republican candidate for Senator, has 400 plurality in the county. Conklin *Republican candidate* for Assembly, 97 plurality. Huff, Democratic candidate for Surrogate, about 500 plurality.

Long Republican, has been Surrogate two terms, and his defeat has been expected, as his long continuance in office, was considered obnoxious to both parties. With this exception, the county goes Republican.

New York's Democratic Tidal Wave.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9—A Democratic tidal wave seems to have started in Long Island, sweeping New York, and ending at Lake Erie.

The vote in this city on District Attorney is large. Cook, 113,654; Grant, 58,624; George, 30,587; Hall, 5,154. The Democratic plurality in the State is placed at 10,000 by the Republicans. George cast over 15,000 votes in Brooklyn, but elsewhere the bottom seems to have dropped out of his party, as his vote is unexpectedly a small one. The contest for District Attorney waged with great fury and resulted in 20,000 plurality for Col. Fellows, the Democratic nominee. In Brooklyn the sweep was complete. Chapin was elected Mayor by about 8,000 majority. The returns from other states are so meagre and incomplete as to indicate nothing excepting that Gov. Ames has been re-elected in Massachusetts and Virginia has gone Democratic.

Essex County Republican.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 9—The Republicans elect nine of the ten Assemblymen and give Martin for Senator 15,000 majority. He is the author of the Martin Act.

All Pennsylvania Republican.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 9.—The Record concedes the entire Republican State ticket elected. Lewis, Rep., for Sheriff is probably defeated.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—One hundred and ninety-three cities and towns give Ames (Rep.) 96,872; Lovering, 56,155.

Foraker Wins in Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 9.—One hundred precincts in Hamilton Co., give Foraker 14,244; Powell, 9,972; Scott, 3,524. Republicans claim that Foraker's majority in the State will be 25,000.

Atlantic County Republican.

ATLANTIC CITY, Nov. 9—Atlantic county has gone Republican by about 700 majority.

Ames Elected.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Ames' election is conceded by the Democrats, though there seem to have been Democratic gains.

The Democrats Claim Cleveland

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 9—The Democrats are claiming this city by a large majority.

Virginia Democratic.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 9.—Virginia has been carried by the Democrats. This secures Barbour the United States Senatorship.

New Jersey Republican.

TRENTON, Nov. 9.—Returns from all parts of the State show that the Republicans have two majority in the Senate and six in the House, a majority of eight on joint ballot.

New York Goes Democratic.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9th.—Seventy-four of the eighty-two election districts in this city give Cook, Dem., 99,693; Grant, 50,067; George, 30,573. Cook's plurality below Harlem River will be about 60,000. The returns from the rest of the State are meagre, but indicate the election of the Democratic ticket. The Prohibition and Progressive Labor vote in New York and Brooklyn is insignificant, while outside those cities the Prohibitionists seem to have outrivalled the Georgeites party for first place. Col. Fellows, Dem., is elected District Attorney by 20,000 plurality over Nicoll, Rep. and Independent.

Middlesex Mixed.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 9.—Fink Rep., for Sheriff, has 600 majority over Fisher, Dem.; Howell, Rep., is re-elected Surrogate by 500 majority over St. George Kempton of Perth Amboy. The Democrats elect two of the three Assemblymen—a gain of one. Miles Ross worked with the Republicans.

THE ACME OF GOVERNMENTS.

Col. Tyler Shows How Our Constitution Leads the World.

There are fresher subjects for lectures than "The Constitution of the United States," but Col. Mason W. Tyler delivered a highly interesting discourse on that very idea, in the Stillman Music Hall, last night. Not over two hundred persons heard the scholarly dissertation, but those ten-score enjoyed it thoroughly. Mayor Job Male introduced the Colonel and during the evening sat on the stage with Messrs. C. C. Baldwin, J. W. Yates, J. Evans Tracy and Geo. H. Babcock, all of whom are members of the work of the Job Male Public Library and Art Gallery, for whose benefit the lecture was given. The following is a synopsis of what the Colonel said:

Prior to the year 1400 were the Dark Ages, and it is only within the last 450 years that [illegible] the people have been made [illegible] to think for themselves. It was only 400 years ago that Copernicus was born, and he was not until 1500 [illegible] to write the words "and yet it moves" in the margin of his manuscript, which was the corner stone of the universe and advanced the true theory. But as late as 1616 Galileo was forced to publicly renounce his belief in the Copernican theory. Even in 1620 the mother of Kepler was punished for witchcraft because her son was a convert of Copernicus. These things happened in recent enlightened years; other occurrences followed. In 1628 Harvey published his discovery of the circulation of the blood and revolutionized medical science. In 1670 Sir Isaac Newton unlocked the mysteries of gravitation. The nineteenth century, from 1670 to 1770, was a boiling cauldron of development—of advancement of physical science. From 1730 to 1750 Benjamin Franklin laid the foundation for electrical science. These things were all slowly developed, and I refer to them in order to show how active and fruitful the human mind was through those later years.

The English revolutions of 1640 and 1688 had for their great ultimate object the same intent as had ours of 1770. Oliver Cromwell and John Hampden acted but for the people; and a sturdy spirit prompted our fathers to leave their country to come to this bleak continent. They settled here in order to govern themselves and to worship God without interference. Their endurance of sufferings was born of the same influence which won success to Newton, Franklin and Franklin. They carried to a successful issue a revolutionary war, with a government at their back. The nominal Federal Government was without power, and could not even pay its debts. It was during the days of the political atoms of Washington, the Adamses, the Morrises and Jefferson that we triumphed. After the war the Federal Government existed.

The creation of the present Constitution was by far a greater miracle than was the creation of the Declaration of War. All sects of people—Puritans, Baptists, Dutch, Quakers, Presbyterians, Catholics, English Loyalists and Georgia's jail-birds—were scattered over the country. These people had fled from governments of wealth and of power, controlled by a power that would interfere with personal life ties and rights. But once gain the equivalence and the necessity of a [illegible] mon home-government. The colonies were, however, cautious. They were two months over eighty days before the sheriff and in the conventions of 1780 and the years immediately succeeding, three days prevented a quid so unanimous. From the beginning there hung over all the shadow of the slave-trade monster. But this demon became a reality, and in the United States were to be found the richest ores of the world. There was a preponderation of slave labor, and, produced the pure metal. It was not until 1789, after great opposition, that the Constitution was finally adopted by all the States.

The Constitution has given us a model republic, under the laws of which the people may govern themselves *and make and execute their own laws.* We are the first instance of practical, successful republics.

Sixty millions of people are to-day equally protected by our avenged equality share in our government. Every citizen of the United States is the political peer of his neighbor. An Astor or a Vanderbilt has no more voice in the government than has a servant.

The first advantage of our Constitution is economy in administration.

The President of the United States receives $50,000 per annum. The royal family of England drain the public of more than $3,000,000 yearly. Louis Napoleon to support his imperial institution appropriated from the funds of France $5,000,000 every twelfth month. England's annual demand from ten to twenty times as much as do the same officials here.

Another advantage of our constitution is freedom from military establishments. Royalty means an army. Each of the Russias has a standing army of 1,000,000 men; the United States has 30,000 in her army and navy. Russia's army is 1,000,000 yearly, while during the same time we expend only $50,000,000. But this is not the only cost. See what a multitude of men from industrious pursuits there is. The French army of 500,000 men if engaged in productive industries would be worth to their country at least $100,000,000 per year. The money that other countries expend on war-matters we spend on schools and libraries.

But by far the greatest achievement of the constitution was the consolidation of so many large and vigorous States—such an empire in itself—into a single nation—the uniting under a single flag a dozen different peoples, once so widely separated.

His Economical Wife.

Here is what a commuter is credited with saying: *"I am blest with an economical wife,* who is forever running after bargains; if she sees an advertisement of a sale in some New York or Newark store she flies right off, spends a dollar for car fare, a quarter for lunch, and 62 ½ for something she could have bought in Plainfield for $3.00! Oh! she has a great head! Last night I had to get out of bed to wind a one-day Waterbury clock that she bought at a sale about a year ago, and when I got back from the country I had to run up how much we had saved on it. First there was the expenses of the trip, say $1.25; next 85 cents for the clock; total, $2.10. For $3.00 she could have got an eight-day clock right here in Plainfield, and that is not all either; it has run every day since, and I [illegible] to wind the jerky thing, up, to say nothing of the shock to my nerves, and the mental bad words when I have forgotten to wind it, that have come to me, for the sake of peace in the family, to get up and exercise my muscle on it. There are 365 days in the year; five minutes a day is 1,825 minutes, which is 30 hours and 25 minutes; counting seven hours as a night's sleep, I have actually lost my time for Eighth street, next Mr. Bunkle's fine property. Size of lot 87 1-2 front by about 250 feet deep. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, 35 and 37 opposite station. 11-3-tf*

LOST on Wednesday, Nov. 2, a cashmere waist, with pin attached, between Langhorne's photograph gallery and Woodland avenue. Reward given for return of same to W. S. Benson, at A. M. Griffen's, Front st. 8-4

MAN wanted to take care of two horses and make himself generally useful. Apply at Mr. Thompson Front street near Evona station. 8-1

PLEASANT rooms with good board, also table board. 90 Madison avenue. 8-5

PIANO TO RENT—Fine instrument, per feet order. Apply 33 Park avenue. 8-5

PROSPECT Hall building plots, finest in the city. Also trees, bulbs and Winter blooming plants, for sale at Denbon's Nursery, Bubble avenue. 11-2-tf

STORAGE—For carriages, sleighs, furniture, etc. Second floor building, M. Quinn, No. 5 East Fourth street, near Park avenue. 11-tf

SEVERAL desirable furnished and unfurnished houses to let. Come quickly and take your choice. E. C. Mulford, broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite station. 10-10-tf

WANTED—An experienced saleslady at Edsall's dry and fancy goods store, right away. Answer by letter giving length of ex-perience, if any, last employed. 7-tf

WANTED—A girl for general housework. 70 East Sixth street. 3-tf

GRAND FAIR

At the

German Reformed Church

CRAIG PLACE. Under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society. Every afternoon and night of the week.

BEGINNING NOV. 14, '87

ADMISSION TEN CENTS.

The proceeds of the fair are to be used to furnish the church, and all our friends are invited to attend.

STATE NOTES.

William A. Shreve, formerly a well-known resident of Bordentown, died at Franklin, Pa., Sunday night, of apoplexy while upon a visit. He had made two fortunes, one in California in the early days of the gold fever, and the other in the Pennsylvania oil fields, but lost them both in speculating in stocks. He was 70 years of age and made his home in New Brunswick.

Died.

JEFFERIS—In Piscataway township, Nov. 7, suddenly of hemorrhage of the lungs, Sarah, wife of Alexander Jeffris, aged 63.

The funeral services will be held at her late residence on Sherman avenue, near Clinton avenue, Thursday, Nov. 10, at 2:30 p. m.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A LARGE desirable dwelling on Grove street near the First Baptist church, to let; suitable as a first-class boarding house. Rent low. All improvements. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, No. 35 and 37, opposite station. 10-21-tf

CHAMBERMAID and waitress wanted, in small family. References required. Apply at Mrs. C. W. Hillman, No. 10 Second Place. 8-5

DWELLING HOUSE to rent. Twelve minutes walk from Pond Tool works. Suitable for Boarding house. Rent moderate. E. C. Mulford, agent. 8-2-tf

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 33 Carleton avenue. 27-10

EVONA LOTS, on South avenue, opposite Evona station, 12 months, modern improvements, stable, shaded lawns and gardens. Leslie M. Daniel, 44 Broadway, New York.

FOR SALE—A light cart phaeton. The property of Dr. South Esquire of Jenkins, N. S., on Second Front street. 10-31-tf

FIRST-CLASS BOARD, *pleasant rooms, moderate rates, central location, private* family. Box 479, P. O. 11-3-1w

FOR SALE—Two milch cows. Apply to Samuel V. Wakefield, corner of Somerset and Race streets. 3-6,*

FOR SALE at a bargain, a desirable building lot on Eighth street, next Mr. Bunkle's fine property. Size of lot 87 1-2 front by about 250 feet deep. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, 35 and 37 opposite station. 11-3-tf*

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WANTED—A girl for general housework. 70 East Sixth street. 3-tf

BOUND BROOK.

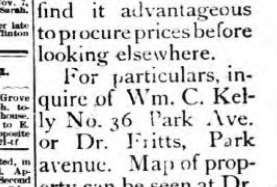
Messrs. Sylvanus Ayers, O. B. Reynolds, Ransom Lamb, Wm. H. Ayers and Judge Thompson are interesting themselves in a *plan to furnish the town with water.* The project includes the making of a reservoir by constructing a dam at Middle Brook, and bringing the water from there in an iron conduit. The falls are 65 feet higher than the greatest elevation in the town. The estimated cost of the work is $20,000.

ATTENTION

Those seeking homes, investments or speculation. The finest building property in this section of the country now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit all. This property is located near the Grant Ave. depot, Plainfield, N. J., and is in close proximity to the Pond Tool a nufactory and the Potter Press Works. It is situated in the healthiest, most delightful and prospect part of the City of Plainfield. To those desiring to procure homes, or young men wishing to make small investments this opportunity is especially inviting. Builders or contractors would also find it advantageous to procure prices before looking elsewhere.

For particulars, inquire of Wm. C. Kelly No. 36 Park Ave. or Dr. Fritts, Park avenue. Map of property can be seen at Dr. Fritts' office.

THIS WEEK.



We are offering Men's Boots at remarkably low figures and in fact everything in the shoe line.

Doane & VanArsdale

22 W. Front St.

MUSIC HALL,

Thursday, Nov. 10th,

The Romatic Emotional Actor, ROBERT B.

MANTELL,

SUPPORTED BY

A STRONG DRAMATIC COMPANY.

Under the Management of Augustus Pitou, in the Great New York Success, Monbars, adapted from the French by Louis Nartaul, Esq. Seats on sale Monday Nov. 7th. Prices 50-50-75-1.00

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The undersigned dissolve their business relations as grocers this day by mutual consent. An early settlement of all accounts is requested, and must be effected with either party. HANCHETT & SPARKS.

Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 1st, 1887. 2-5

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP. Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of J. H. Forster, Veterinary Surgeon. 72 East Fifth street.

Or at I. W. Long's Livery Office.

TO-NIGHT

To-morrow night and every night this week Professor Reynolds the noted English Mesmerist will be at Reform Hall. Prices of admission twenty-five and thirty-five cents. A few reserved seats are on sale at Reynolds' pharmacy.

Plainfield Evening News,

T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Is published every afternoon at

No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

And delivered within the city and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or for mail postage prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $5 per year payable in advance.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1887.

NEW YORK DEMOCRATIC.

The Republican Ticket Victorious in Pennsylvania.

Cook Re-elected Secretary of State in New York—Williams for supreme Court Judge in Pennsylvania—Brown Again Elected Governor of Massachusetts—The Results in Other States.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The elections yesterday resulted in a triumph for the Democracy. In this city the fight was over the district attorneyship, and the result is the election of St. John R. Fellows, whose plu-

JOHN R. FELLOWS.

rality over De Lancey Nicoll is not far from 20,000. The city Democratic ticket, supported their state ticket, too, giving Mayor Hewitt a plurality of about 46,000. The United Democracy elected all its city and county officers.

The state goes Democratic by a plurality of about 11,000. The vote for Governor George was small, and that for the Prohibition candidate showed considerable increase over previous years.

In Brooklyn, the Democratic candidate for mayor, Hunt, is elected, but by a reduced majority. Chapin seems to be elected.

The city and county offices elected are: John R. Fellows, district attorney; Theodore W. Myers, surrogate; George H. Bixby, register; Edward Lauterbach, recorder; Michael J. Dady, president of the board of aldermen; Michael J. D. Mosher, coroner.

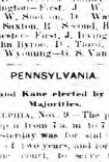
The board of aldermen elected on Tuesday is composed of 21 Democrats, 3 Republicans, 1 Independent and 1 Irving Democrat. The new board will stand: Democrats, 19; Republicans, 4; Independents, 2; Irving Democrat, 1. The old board consisted of 14 Republicans and 8 Democrats. The new senate will stand: Republicans, 19; Democrats, 13. The old senate consisted of 14 Republicans and 8 Democrats. In the next assembly there will be 85 Republicans and 60 Democrats.

THE SENATE.

First District, Ed. F. Eagan, D.; 2, James F. Pierce, D.; 3, E. F. O'Connor, R.; 4, Peter F. Farrell, D.; 5, Thomas F. McCarthy, D.; 6, F. F. Bedin, D.; 7, F. F. Langbein, D.; 8, Clarence Van Cott, R.; 9, C. A. Stadler, D.; 10, C. A. Cantor, D.; 11, Eugene S. Ives, D.; 12, Jacob A. Cantor, R.; 13, Henry H. Rogers, R.; 14, E. Connolly, R.; 15, Gilbert A. Deane, R.; 16, Michael E. Cudden, D.; 17, N. M. Curtis, R.; 18, Jacob Worth, D.; 19, Thomas F. Kellogg, R.; 20, George Z. Erwin, R.; 21, George B. Sloan, R.; 22, H. J. Coggeshall, R.; 23, F. B. Arnold, R.; 24, Wm. Lewis, R.; 25, Francis M. Bixby, R.; 26, Wm. Purcell, R.; 27, J. Shot Fassett, R.; 28, John Raines, R.; 29, D. McNaughton, D.; 30, E. A. Walker, R.; 31, John Laughlin, R.; 32, J. P. Velhot, R.

THE ASSEMBLY.

Albany, First District, Fred W. Conner, D.; Second, S. H. Youngman, R.; Third, J. Hill, R.; Fourth, Peter Smith, D.; Fifth, Allegany, Albert S. Colwell, R.; Rensselaer, Monroe D. Lewis, R.; Cattaraugus, First, Harrison Chesney, R.; Second, Wm. Sheridan, D.; Cayuga, First, Edward D. Silvery, R.; Second, Fred C. Wells, R.; Chautauqua, First, G. F. Nixon, R.; Second, B. Frost, R.; Chemung, Ira Corbin, R.; Chenango, Edward D. Ferry, R.; Clinton, Frank S. Cumming, R.; Columbia, Wallace Dunspaugh, R.; Cortland, W. D. Tisdale, R.; Delaware, Charles M. Kipp, R.; Dutchess, First, Edward Cassidy, D.; Second, Thomas H. Mc Carthy, D.; Third, Edward Gallagher, R.; Erie, First, Edward Lauer, D.; Second, Thomas Dwyer, D.; Third, Patrick Keating, D.; Fourth, Jacob Fuhrmann, D.; Fifth, Michael Kenney, D.; Essex, Smith Ely, jr., R.; Franklin, Edmund Lyon, R.; Fulton and Hamilton, Charles A. Herman, R.; Genesee, Frank Hawley, R.; Greene, Charles H. Bagley, D.; Herkimer, Frank M. Kelly, R.; Jefferson, First, Harrison Cheney, R.; Second, Thomas Smith, R.; Kings, First, Thomas Smith, D.; Fourth, Jer. Hays, D.; Fifth, M. Brennan, D.; Sixth, W. J. McKenna, D.; Seventh, Thomas Boyle, D.; Eighth, Morgan, D.; Ninth, J. Martin, D.; Tenth, George F. Roesh, D.; Eleventh, R. H. Hamilton, R.; Twelfth, R. H. Rosenthal, D.; Thirteenth, J. W. Smith, D.; Fourteenth, Patrick Divver, D.; Fifteenth, Charles A. Herman, D.; Sixteenth, E. F. Hagan, D.; Seventeenth, W. Jennings, D.; Eighteenth, Patrick Gleason, D.; Nineteenth, John Connolly, D.; Twentieth, W. H. Hornidge, D.; Twenty-first, E. H. Crosby, R.; Twenty-second, Joseph Blum, office killed; Twenty-third, R. O'Connor, D.; Twenty-fourth, John B. Shea, D. Niagara—First, Christian F. Goerss, R.; Second, J. M. Harwood, R. Oneida—First, Wm. Kernan, D.; Second, George W. McVean, R.; Third, George W. Rattie, D. Onondaga—First, Hiram Hamilton, R.; Second, William H. Gallup, R.; Third, Walter W. Chesebro, R. Ontario—Robert Mosly, R. Orange—First, John C. Arnold, R. Second, George W. Green, D. Orleans—I. Edwards, D. Oswego—First, Orville Taber, R. Second, D. E. Ainsworth, R. Otsego—First, J. S. Newton, R.; Second, W. L. Ostrander, R. Putnam—Henry Mosier, R. Queens—First, John Cushion, D. Second, William Dykes, R. Rensselaer—First, Edward Neil, D. Second, A. J. Cromwell, R. St. Lawrence—First, N. M. Curtis, R. Second, H. H. Hollister, R. Third, M. H. Featherly, R. Saratoga—First, H. J. Donelson, R.; Second, William Roberts, R. Schenectady—Edward D. Cutler, R. Schuyler—Adrian Tuthill, D. Seneca—J. M. Martin, D. Steuben—First, Wm. Mc Nulty, D.; Second, A. Brundage, R. Suffolk—Henry E. Huntington, R. Sullivan—James D. Decker, D. Tioga—E. L. Latham, R. Tompkins—E. Kelly, R. Ulster—First, Cuno N. Dewitt, R.; Second, John J. O'Reilly, R.; Third, C. H. Winchell, R. Warren—Arnold F. Kellogg, R. Washington—First, J. W. Ford, R.; Second, H. Wilson, R. Wayne—First, Charles T. Saxton, R.; Second, R. H. Dox, R. Westchester—First, J. Irving Burns, R.; Second, Joseph Bloomer, D.; James W. Rusel, R. Wyoming—to 8. Yan Gordier, R.



A. W. WILLIAMS.

made with the state ticket, and in 1885, when Quay (Rep.) had a plurality of 44,456. The following is the estimated result in counties:

Allegheny—Republican plurality, 2,500; Democratic gain of 750.

Fulton county—Democratic plurality, 225, a Democratic gain of 153.

Dauphin county—Republican plurality, 2,000; a Republican gain of 500. Harris's majority in Harrisburg, 600; a Republican gain of 4 9.

Monroe county—McGrann, 1,400 plurality; a Democratic gain of 278.

Rochester, Nov. 9.—First assembly district of the Monroe county delegation—Defended Dem., plurality 500. Second district, Sullivan (Dem.), 200 plurality. Third district, Joseph Hale (Dem.), 200 plurality. Twenty-ninth district—Richard deCle Nachtion (Dem.), 1,000 plurality. Democratic gain, 3,000.

Lockport, Nov. 9.—In Niagara county as far as heard from, estimated at 500, being a Republican gain of nearly 1,200. Walker (Rep.) senator for Thirty-sixth district will have 4,000 majority. Entire county is in Republican hands for one assembly district—Hurd.

Utica, Nov. 9.—Oneida county, with one Senate district missing, gives Gr. 1,852 majority.

Albany, Nov. 9.—This city entire gives Cook, 10,856; Grant, 9,800; Huntington, 94; scatter, 1,044. The vote in 1885, for Hill (Dem.), was 10,756; Bayne, 9,731; Cook, 1,041.

The last senate was composed of 23 Republicans and 10 Democrats. The new senate will stand: Republicans, 19; Democrats, 13. The last assembly stood: 84 Republicans, 54 Republicans and 54 Democrats. In the next assembly there will be 85 Republicans and 60 Democrats.

THE SENATE.

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PENNSYLVANIA.

Williams and Kane elected by Handsome Majorities.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 8.—The polls in this state are open from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m. The election yesterday was for state treasurer, for a term of two years, and for a judge of the supreme court, for a term of fifteen years. The candidates were: Republican—Wm. H. Hart for treasurer and Henry W. Williams for judge of the supreme court. Democratic—Bernard J. McGrann for treasurer and J. Ross Thompson for supreme court judge. Prohibitionist—Silas A. Irish for treasurer and Solon B. Chase for judge of the supreme court. Complete returns will be received by the state committees of the several parties to-day (Tuesday), but it is safe to say that the Republican majority will be 75,000 for Williams and 70,000 for Hart. Returns from twenty-one election districts indicate McNaughton's election. Howard Ayer (Dem.) is elected county treasurer. The balance of the county vote is Republican, but very close.

Rochester, Nov. 9.—First assembly district of the Monroe county delegation—Defended Dem., plurality 500. Second district, Sullivan (Dem.), 200 plurality. Third district, Jacob Hale (Dem.), 200 plurality. Twenty-ninth district—Richard deCle Nachtion (Dem.), 1,000 plurality. Democratic gain, 3,000.

Lockport, Nov. 9.—In Niagara county as far as heard from, estimated at 500, being a Republican gain of nearly 1,200. Walker (Rep.) senator for Thirty-sixth district will have 4,000 majority. Entire county is in Republican hands for one assembly district—Hurd.

Utica, Nov. 9.—Oneida county, with one Senate district missing, gives Gr. 1,852 majority.

Albany, Nov. 9.—This city entire gives Cook, 10,856; Grant, 9,800; Huntington, 94; scatter, 1,044. The vote in 1885, for Hill (Dem.), was 10,756; Bayne, 9,731; Cook, 1,041.

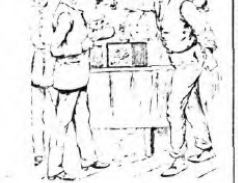
The last senate was composed of 23 Republicans and 10 Democrats. The new senate will stand: Republicans, 19; Democrats, 13. The old senate consisted of 14 Republicans and 8

ELECTION DAY IN GOTHAM

FINE WEATHER, CHEERFUL CROWDS AND A LARGE VOTE.

A Great Variety of Tickets and a Peculiar Election—Splits and Combinations. Scenes and Incidents at the Polls—Balloting Voters.

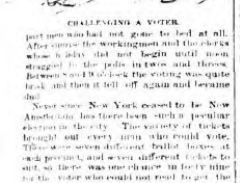
New York, Nov. 8.—Election day opened mild, hazy and still, a perfect Indian summer day. The 812 polling places in the city were ready for business on the stroke of 6 o'clock and the workers for the different parties were punctually on hand swinging white badges and with tickets. The voters did not begin to pour in any degree for some time after the polls were opened. It was fully an hour before sunrise, and most honest folk were still in bed. Those who did patronize the earliest ballots were for the most



CHALLENGING A VOTER.

part men who had not gone to bed at all. After cursing the workingmen and the clerks whose labors did not begin until noon struggled to the polls in twos and threes between 6 and 8 o'clock. The voting was quite brisk and then it fell off again and became dull.

Never since New York ceased to be New Amsterdam has there been such a peculiar election in the city. The variety of tickets brought out every term the could vote. There were seven different ballot boxes at each precinct and every different ticket to suit, so there was no chance for any voter or the voter who could not read to get the right ticket in the right box. An elaborate system of registration and challengers to boot. There are the regular clerks and judges. There are the "regular" parties, besides "split," "combination," etc., and each faction with not all the others like a hook.



AT A POLLING BOOTH.

In one tall narrow building on Bell street there were 6 voters. In one house near Mott street there are 125 voters, and in No. 9 Mott are 18 Chinese voters. Now the intent of the legislature in dividing New York city into 24 election districts was that there should be no more than 500 voters to each district; but here, as in many other sections, there are 600, or even 700, in a single block, and of course the local officials cannot divide a block. Hence we find in the returns one election district with only 190 registered voters and another with 900. But every resident office it has a chance to vote.

It seems strange that in the face of such a law any man should think it possible to smuggle in an illegal vote, but they do, hence these scenes. A policeman with a "repeater" on his way to the station, with a "peering coward in the rear, a "challenged" man, innocent, but in fear of being arrested, and an innocent, ignorant foreigner, who

ARGUING A REPEATER.

blunders into half a dozen places before getting the right one. The voting booths are located wherever the local inspectors find it convenient, except that no saloon or place where intoxicating liquors are sold can be used. Cigar stores are the favorite localities in all the principal streets of Fourteenth street. Above that, especially in the fashionable precincts of Fifth avenue and Murray Hill, there is great difficulty in securing good places, for residences are preferred, and next to them corner groceries, but if neither is convenient, the officials look at liberty to over tobacconists' booths. But election day up there is like a Sunday school picnic. "No fun above Tenth street," as the universal testimony of the east side belays.

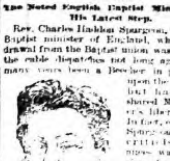
Striking Girls Adopt a New Plan.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 8.—The striking laundry girls have adopted a new tactic. With light baggies, they now follow the delivering wagons of Besser Bros.' big cottage laundry, learn the names of patrons and resign at them to withhold washing. The scheme is meeting with considerable success.

REV. CHARLES H. SPURGEON.

The Noted English Baptist Minister and His Latest Step.

Rev. Charles Haddon Spurgeon, the noted Baptist minister of England, whose withdrawal from the Baptist union was noted in the cable despatches not long ago, has for many years been a President in popularity



REV. C. H. SPURGEON.

upon the other side, but less successful since Mr. Steele left the country. In fact, one of Mr. Spurgeon's most cherished institutions, the Pastors' college, has not been very definite, but it would seem to have been founded about 40 years ago as an adjunct to Regent's park chapel, London, and to-day almost 60 students are in attendance. Mr. Spurgeon's cultured instincts are of withdrawal—he is not very definite, but it would seem to have been a matter of conscience with him. Spurgeon was an ardent admirer of Beecher, made almost a pet of him. Spurgeon's cultured instincts are of withdrawal—he is not very definite, but it would seem to have been a matter of conscience with him. Spurgeon was an ardent admirer of Beecher, made almost a pet of him.

SPURGEON'S TABERNACLE.

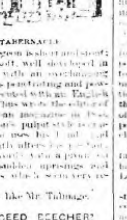
Spurgeon is not ordained; his face is large and soft, well shorn and in the latest part, and with an overhanging forehead. His voice is penetrating and peculiarly soft, governed by the Anglo English provincial twang. This was the subject of a well known American preacher in Dr. Talmage. Mr. Spurgeon's pulpit is a model of modesty. No more has he had official notoriety, frequently affects to be poor and embellishes his words with a pious vein of goodness, and sudden outbreaks of downward movements which seem very remarkable.

All of which is very like Mr. Talmage.

WILL HE SUCCEED BEECHER?

The Rev. Charles A. Berry, of Wolverhampton, England.

And now the authorities of Beecher's Plymouth church, in Brooklyn, are talking about another Englishman, and there is little doubt on the part of many who ought to know that the Rev. Charles A. Berry, of Wolverhampton, will be the next pastor of Plymouth. Mr. Berry is about 40 years old, is not a large man physically, is liberal in his views, and possesses a clear, resonant voice. He has done a great deal of mission work, has built up the Queen Street church, Wolverhampton, from a mere nothing, and is now over-looked Americ During that years he preached in Plymouth church two or three times, was very cordially received and was showered with social honors. Henry Ward Beecher himself was greatly impressed by Mr. Berry, and remarked of him a year ago at Liverpool, England:



REV. CHARLES A. BERRY.

"If I am not mistaken that man will be heard from soon. He has got the right stuff in him."

The manner of Mr. Berry in the pulpit is that of exceeding naturalness. He has none of the stiff formality to be found in the English preacher. He has a direct, earnest manner of talking, preaches extemporaneously, and delivers his words with an elegance of diction and a nervous ease of speech that concentrate the attention of his hearers to the last word uttered. Though he expressed himself before going to the church on the Sunday of his first sermon in Plymouth as feeling tremely nervous at occupying so distinguished a position as Plymouth pulpit, this nervousness appeared to have departed after the first prayer. From that time on he was free, easy and natural, and the sense of strangeness did not appear to trouble either preacher or hearer.

No less an authority in Plymouth church than Wilbur, the man who is also a big financier, says of Mr. Berry that it is very likely that in him will be found the man who will satisfy the two wings of Plymouth church's widely distinct congregations—the conservative element, who desire that the prestige of the church shall be continued by the ministerial succession, and the younger element, who are looking forward to a pastor who will be all that Mr. Beecher was in progressiveness of thought, in liberality of mind and a worker in the development of church work.

A Woman's Presence of Mind.

Persons who were hurrying on the Grand Central depot the other morning about 9 o'clock were shocked to see a woman in deep mourning, with a child, suddenly appear in the middle of the street. It seemed as if the brain of powerful truck horses must in an instant trample the life out of her. But she stood her ground, and as the horses came on reared to double in front of her in the shape of a half, and then she rolled rapidly over and over, neck-under scrambled to her feet with the child in her arms. The powerful feet of the horses were down on her heavy cloak, and then they stopped. When she was lifted to her feet she was found to be unhurt, but she was terribly excited, and could only say, "Oh, my child, my child!" Her child was safe in her arms. A large crowd of spectators gathered around. New York sun.

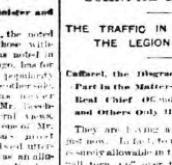
SCANDAL IN FRANCE.

THE TRAFFIC IN THE CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR.

Caffarel, the Disgraced General, and His Part in the Matter—Mme. Limousin the Real Chief Of Staff—Caffarel, Wilson and Others Only Her Accomplices.

They are having a pretty row in France just now. In fact, to use a bit of slang that is entirely allowable in this instance, France is full from top to bottom over the Caffarel-Limousin-Wilson, et cetera, scandal. It has involved the resignation of President Grevy's son-in-law, and may lead to the most serious complications. What is it all about?

Well, certain persons who have become newly rich in



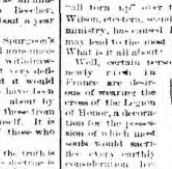
CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR.

France are desirous of wearing the cross of the Legion of Honor, a decoration for the possession of which most people would envy. Formerly every earthly consideration, besides orders according to the rank, after twenty years of meritorious service on persons who have rendered some remarkable service either to the industry, commerce or art of the nation, and lastly on individuals who by some notable deed of valor or even signal act of service to the state have rendered themselves worthy of receiving this much coveted reward. The statutes, moreover, provide that the number of the Official Gazette which contains the nomination of the new chevalier shall likewise state distinctly the reason for which the cross has been conferred. Nowadays, however, this condition has not been strictly enforced, "services exceptionelles" being the title under which the reasons have been framed in most cases. The order is composed of five classes, ranging from grand cordon to chevalier, and, except in the case of foreigners, it carries with it an annuity of 250 francs. The members, besides a special communication and precedence, are entitled to numerous small privileges, including the military uniform, which distinguishes a chief of the order at the funerals. It may be said that the Legion of Honor is essentially a democratic order. In its ranks are to be found princes of the blood royal, peers, politicians, members of the chamber, professors, tradesmen, simple sailors and soldiers, diplomats, artists, priests, and even soldiers of fortune, who have distinguished themselves in the service of foreign powers. And though there was known to be a vast amount of corruption in French official circles, most people believed implicitly in the honor of the chancellors of the order.

But recent developments show this fond faith to have been sitting grounds. There has been bribery and traffic in crosses of the Legion of Honor.

Gen. Caffarel, chief of the headquarters staff at the ministry of war, has been the central figure in the affair, but evidently he has not acted on his own responsibility in the hands of Mme. Limousin. She is handsome, yellow, fine hair and full-blooded. She is of the best of terms with the officers of the garrison. An aspirant for the decoration would address himself to the madame and pay her 20,000 or 30,000 francs. She would interview with Caffarel or other great personage in her acquaintance, turn over about 80 per cent. of the bribe, and the thing would be done. Sometimes the cross would not be forthcoming, and the briber would be too ashamed of his foolishness to make a row.

Mme. Limousin, whose arrest brought about the whole uproar, was a great friend of the Countess de Koslin. After this person's first husband died she married Col. Adolphe Jung, who left her. Then she became the friend of Gen. de Cissey, then minister of war. He used to breakfast with her on his way from cabinet meetings. While she was entertaining the general, clever German stenographers, disguised as servants, used to take shorthand notes of the contents of his portfolio, which were invariably forwarded



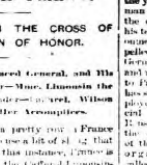
LORENTZ. DE BOISSY.

GEN. CAFFAREL.

to Bismarck. Finally she stole one of the mobilization documents. It was missed, she was discovered and expelled from the country and de Cissey was disgraced. But this is not known directly with the affair. Gen. Caffarel is a grandson of the celebrated general of that name who accompanied Napoleon I to Egypt and was killed at the siege of Acre. His father, Count Caffarel, was a prominent statesman during the reigns of King Louis Philippe and Napoleon III, and died in 1878. The member of the family who has now brought himself into disgrace on account name was formerly aide-de-camp to Napoleon III, distinguished himself in the Crimea, Italian and Mexican campaigns, became the senior commander of the Legion of Honor and received the epaulets of a general of division some four years ago. He is a man of fine appearance, although bald-headed and possessed of a good mustache which look younger, and has spent forty years of his life in the service of his country. Until two years ago he was a widower, but is known, irreproachable. He was, however, notoriously in debt, and his residence at Versailles was kept up in a style far above his war ministerial means. According to the old Voltairean creed, Mme. Limousin, for a consideration, he has been retired from the army, his decorations taken away, and will probably be taken in hand by the criminal law courts, which will investigate the scandal in a period of penal servitude for betrayals of trust.

Daniel Wilson, President Grevy's son-in-law, is the next victim. He, it is said, has before this been disgraced, having been mixed up with an actress named Wilson, been deeply involved in dishonorable debts etc.

Baron Von Reutlinger, chief of the Havana cigar and snuff monopoly, secretary and lover of Mme. Limousin, has also similarly unsavory facts to his credit. He was formerly an officer in the Havana army, but was degraded and sentenced to a couple of years solitary confinement in a military prison, in the year 1872, for having sold plans of German fortresses to the French war office. On the expiration of his term of imprisonment he was expelled from the German territory and made his way to Paris, where he has since been employed in the Credit Foncier Bureau de Statistique. He is unquestionably the central figure of the French spy organization is called.



DANIEL WILSON.

Gen. Count de Ahlan, member of the senate and the house committee of the Jockey club, is also mixed up in the matter in some way.

We give also portraits of Mme. Limousin's agent, one Lorentz, and Mme. de Boissy, de Beaurepaire, who were arrested several days ago at the same time as Mme. Limousin. Mme. Limousin's picture has not yet reached America.

A YOUTHFUL INDIAN PRINCE.

The Young Man Who Has Given Three Millions to England.

The munificent gift of the nizam of Hyderabad to the British government of $1,000,000 each year for a period of three years has brought that Indian prince into prominence. The young man is but 21 years old, and succeeded to the throne of his father in his infancy. During his minority the affairs of his government were administered by Sir Salar Jung, an able Indian statesman, who died in 1883. The Hyderabad estate is larger than England and occupies the central part of that region called the Deccan. It has a population of 10,000,000, of whom 1,000,000 are Mohammedans.

NIZAM OF HYDERABAD

The gift which the young nizam has made to England appears to be a matter of pure generosity on his part. In his letter to Lord

Dufferin, the viceroy of India the nizam refers to the fact that the British government has for some time past the revenues of India have been in excess of the expenditures, and he attributes this to the large sums which have been collected in order to improve the defense of the Indian frontier. As the nizam fully admires the English in India, he declares that it is his duty to show that the interest of all the inhabitants of Indostan, British and native alike, are identical against Russian invasion, and he declares that the free gift he has made shall be devoted to the purposes of promoting military defense of the northwest frontier.

Previous to the year 1853 the nizam of Hyderabad was obliged in time of war to furnish England with troops on demand. This arrangement, however, was not satisfactory to the British government, as Hyderabad was insolvent, and in 1853 a treaty was made in which the nizam, in lieu of his obligations, should assign to England certain districts north of the Kistnah river to be administered by the British, and their revenue applied in equipping the Hyderabad contingent. This arrangement still exists, and it has been stated that the nizam's gift was made for the purpose of paying the way to his ultimate possession of the territories before mentioned as being under the control of England. In view of all the circumstances, however, it may be safely assumed that the gift of the nizam was the gift of a generous young man but recently installed into power, and that it was made from the most patriotic and sincere motives.

Theatrical Scrapbooks.

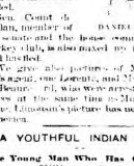
A contemporary has been inquiring, "Who buys the photographs of actors?" I can, at any rate, account for a limited sale of the portraits in question. They are bought by persons who make up scrapbooks of theatrical scrapbooks or albums. I number among my friends numerous persons of this individuals, and cannot praise too highly their patience in performing their task. A theatrical scrapbook properly made is, in fact, a work of contemporary history. Every time a new piece is produced the theatrical scrapbook maker procures a programme of the performance, the most distinctive of the criticisms which appear on it, any paragraphs relating to the piece, together with all woodcuts, photographs, etc., that can be procured of the actors who appear in it, and pastes them. The varied material thus obtained is duly arranged and pasted down, the result being a most interesting one for those who care about the modern stage.—London Figaro.

Two Successful Guesses.

A San Francisco newspaper offered $100 to the one who would correctly guess the number of types in a jar, exhibited in the exposition there. Two men were successful, naming the correct number—34,200. How they came to hit on that number is interesting. One of them simply guessed the number of shot in a jar about the same size as the one containing the type. There were 30,000. He thought there were one-third as many type as shot, and so added 30,000 to by three, and, as he said, "added a little, to make it even." The other man saw a crowd around the jar, and felt in his pocket for a pencil with which to write a number. He couldn't find one, and moved on; but afterward, feeling strongly impelled to make a guess, felt again for a pencil, and found an old lottery ticket on which was the number 34,200. He borrowed a pencil, put down the number and won $100.—New York Sun.

Rev. D. Kammerer.

The Rev. D. Kammerer, of Wooster, O., is the oldest active Reformed minister living.



REV. D. KAMMERER.

He has had the unpleasant knock 3,000 times, and has officiated at nearly 500 funerals. He has organized fifteen congregations and built nine houses of worship. He went to Ohio in 1845, and the congregation that he presided over there are now in charge of five ministers.

Professional Cards.

DR. F. E. HENDRICKSON, DENTIST, Successor to Dr. R. W. Anderson; office, No. 13 East Front street. Gas administered.

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ELECTRIC BATHS.

Dr. Griffen is prepared to treat all nervous affections, successfully, rheumatism, asthma, Catarrh, rheumatism, dyspepsia, constipation and chronic diseases generally, by electricity and electric baths. Consultation free. Last attendance for the ladies, 83 East Second street, corner of Washington street.

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O. [illegible], M. D., Successor to Dr. E. W. South, 56 Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

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is the largest and most complete ever offered by this house. We claim to have the best 50 cent vest; the best 75c vest; the best 81 vest; the best $1.25 and best $2 Jersey Ribbed Vests. The Best 50c Shirts and Drawers.

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You can surely get suited here in this line of goods. Remember, we are now showing the largest assortment in Plainfield now

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Fall and Winter Wear

Our stock of Dress Goods have been selected with the greatest care, special attention being paid to the new and styles, while our prices will be as they have in the past, the lowest. In Ladies, Gents and Children's underwear we can supply every size and quality both in red and white. Blankets and comfortables we never sold as low as we are selling them this season. A good blanket for $1 and an extra heavy wool one for $1.50. You will find our line of dress trimmings, ribbons, corsets, buttons, yarns, and, in fact, on all our stock of notions and fancy goods, we are down. Come and see us and examine our goods and prices and you will be satisfied that White's is the best place to buy your goods.

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MISS MEYER

of 60 Third street will open a school for fancy sewing, crocheting and button handiwork, on Oct. 1. All ladies and children desiring to obtain instruction will please call at the above address for terms. Samples of work can be seen at Edsall's on West Front street. 9 tf 20

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Instruction in Elocution, class or private classes. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1009.

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where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as first-class

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Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements may be made for parties desiring table board, and for family sessions to be transferred to and from the Hotel.

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COOK'S FRUIT STORE,

18 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Jimerson & Coyne,

have opened a store at

16 East Front St.

where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as first-class

Merchant Tailors,

to examine their fine line of samples, which they make up to order, at prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

PARK AVENUE

PAINT STORE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Window Glass

Paints, White Lead, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes Wall Paper, etc.

E. M. ADAMS,

10 PARK AVENUE

TRY

B. T. BARNES'

BROADWAY

Molasses Candy,

FLAXSEED and LEMON COUGH DROPS,

BOSTON CHIPS ETC.

We make all our candies. Opposite Post Office.

FIRST-CLASS NICKLE

ALARM CLOCKS

$1.25.

(1st-Class Nickel Time Clocks 90 cents.

AT COLLIER'S,

3 PARK AVENUE.

Established 19 years. Repairing on Precious Clocks, Fine Jewelry and silverware a specia lt

CENTRAL R. R

OF NEW JERSEY.

s ssons in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Time-Table in effect Oct. 17, 1887.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield for New York, 5.45, 7.03, 7.50, 8.02, 9.00, 9.55, 10.25, 11.05, 11.40, 8.53, 12.37, 11.49, 12.43, 1.23, 1.32, 1.31, 2.25, 2.37, 3.01, 3.55, 4.30, 5.03, 5.54, 6.37, 7.10, 7.55, 8.40, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30, 12.01 night. Sunday 8.00, 8.47, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30, 12.01 night.

Leave Front street at 6.45, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m.

Leave New York for Plainfield, 1.30, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.30, 7.15, 8.32, 9.32, 11.30, m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 8.32, 10.30, 11.30 a. m.; 1.30, 3.30, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 6.25, 7.00, 8.00, 8.25, 9.00, 9.25, 10.00, 10.25, 11.00, 11.25 a. m., 12.00, 12.25, 1.00, 1.25, 2.00, 2.25, 3.00, 3.25, 4.00, 4.25, 5.00, 5.25, 6.00, 6.25, 7.00, 7.25, 8.00, 8.25, 9.00, 9.25, 10.00, 10.25, 11.00 p. m. Sunday 9.00, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45 p. m.

Leave Somerville for Plainfield, 6.25, 7.00, 8.00, 8.25, 9.00, 9.25, 10.00, 10.25, 11.00, 11.25 a. m., 12.00, 12.25, 1.00, 1.25, 2.00, 2.25, 3.00, 3.25, 4.00, 4.25, 5.00, 5.25, 6.00, 6.25, 7.00, 7.25, 8.00, 8.25, 9.00, 9.25, 10.00, 10.25, 11.00 p. m. Sunday 9.00, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45 p. m.

Leave Plainfield for Bound Brook, 5.45, 8.02, 9.02, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 1.05, 4.05, 5.05, 7.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook for Plainfield, 6.30, 8.30, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 4.30, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Plainfield and Rahway.

Leave Plainfield for Rahway, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.32, 11.17, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.1, 2.03, 2.57, 3.51, 5.15, 5.54, 6.53, 7.09, 8.06, 8.47, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 8.57, 10.53, 11.38, a. m.; 1.27, 3.30, 5.16 7.39, 9.23 p. m.

Leave Rahway for Plainfield, 6.40, 7.30, 8.03, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Elizabeth.

Leave Plainfield for Elizabeth, 5.45, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.32, 11.17, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.1, 2.03, 2.57, 3.51, 5.15, 5.54, 6.53, 7.09, 8.06, 8.47, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 8.57, 10.53, 11.38, a. m.; 1.27, 3.30, 5.16 7.39, 9.23 p. m.

Leave Elizabeth for Plainfield, 6.40, 7.30, 8.03, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Kenilworth.

Leave Plainfield for Kenilworth, 5.10, 8.32, 9.27 a. m., 12.40, 2.10, 3.16, 4.10, 5.10, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10 p. m. Sunday 9.15, 10 a. m., 8.45 p. m.

Leave Kenilworth for Plainfield, 6.15, 7.00, 8.00, 8.25, 9.00, 9.25, 10.00, 10.25, 11.00, 11.25 a. m., 12.00, 12.25, 1.00, 1.25, 2.00, 2.25, 3.00, 3.25, 4.00, 4.25, 5.00, 5.25, 6.00, 6.25, 7.00, 7.25, 8.00, 8.25, 9.00, 9.25, 10.00, 10.25, 11.00 p. m. Sunday 9.00, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45 p. m.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield for Easton, 5.10, 8.32, 9.27 a. m., 12.40, 2.10, 3.16, 4.10, 5.10, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10 p. m. Sunday 9.15, 10 a. m., 8.45 p. m.

Leave Easton for Plainfield, 6.15, 7.00, 8.00, 8.25, 9.00, 9.25, 10.00, 10.25, 11.00, 11.25 a. m., 12.00, 12.25, 1.00, 1.25, 2.00, 2.25, 3.00, 3.25, 4.00, 4.25, 5.00, 5.25, 6.00, 6.25, 7.00, 7.25, 8.00, 8.25, 9.00, 9.25, 10.00, 10.25, 11.00 p. m. Sunday 9.00, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45 p. m.

Plainfield and Phillipsburg.

Leave Plainfield for Phillipsburg, 5.10, 8.32, 9.27 a. m., 12.40, 2.10, 3.16, 4.10, 5.10, 6.10, 7.10, 8.10, 9.10, 10.10, 11.10 p. m. Sunday 9.15, 10 a. m., 8.45 p. m.

Leave Phillipsburg for Plainfield, 6.15, 7.00, 8.00, 8.25, 9.00, 9.25, 10.00, 10.25, 11.00, 11.25 a. m., 12.00, 12.25, 1.00, 1.25, 2.00, 2.25, 3.00, 3.25, 4.00, 4.25, 5.00, 5.25, 6.00, 6.25, 7.00, 7.25, 8.00, 8.25, 9.00, 9.25, 10.00, 10.25, 11.00 p. m. Sunday 9.00, 9.45, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 12.45, 1.45, 2.45, 3.45, 4.45, 5.45, 6.45, 7.45, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45 p. m.

Plainfield and Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Bound Brook, 5.45, 8.02, 9.02, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 1.05, 4.05, 5.05, 7.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook for Plainfield, 6.30, 8.30, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 4.30, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Plainfield and Dunellen.

Leave Plainfield for Dunellen, 5.45, 8.02, 9.02, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 1.05, 4.05, 5.05, 7.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m.

Leave Dunellen for Plainfield, 6.30, 8.30, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 4.30, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Plainfield passenger by trains marked * change care at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt. CHAS. A. PEA, Gen. Pass. Ag't.

Special Notices.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away? He thinks the plan of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for people who have all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect of the Balsam after the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to-morrow may be too late. Sold by druggists. Large size 50c and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS

Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals made up at short notice by the hands of art. Store 18 East Front street. Greenhouses, opposite North avenue.

LIFE

Do your own dyeing, at home, with Pearline. Do fast, by the new process. Simple, and will dye anything. Use no other. Pearline is sold everywhere. Price 25 cents a package. Beware of peddlers who tell you "same as Pearline," or "will do as well." They do not carry a cent. For sale by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 2-17-1y

George D. Morrison,

dealer in

FLOUR AND FEED,

FOURTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

Sanderson's

XXXX

BEST FLOUR.

This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every housekeeper.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

FOR BARGAINS

in new and second-hand

House Furnishing

GOODS

and for

FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK

and

UPHOLSTERING

call at the store of

F. S. POWLISON,

16 WEST FRONT STREET.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

and

MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April, 1886. We are prepared to furnish all short notice, Castings for machinery, steel building columns, girders, sewer and grate castings, iron fronts, stoves, stove grates, tailor's slugs, iron railing and ornamental kinds of castings. Many of the above are carried in stock. Also, have a full line of new patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and patterns for whatever might be wanted. New machinery built by the day or on contract. Jobbing in machinery a specialty.

H. KENYON, Jr.

HERE AND THERE.

The trumpet is to take the place of the Greek cross as a symbol on the uniform of the Boston firemen.

Several perfectly preserved Mexican mummies were recently brought to San Francisco.

A novel and timely clock is incased in a representation of a baseball covered with white leather. The dial is in a cut section of the ball.

A. P. Richter, of Madison, Ga., is the possessor of a rare and interesting relic of the late war. It is a neatly finished iron cot, and is the bed on which Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston breathed his last.

Newfoundland is usually thought of as a barren, rocky island, with no other inhabitants than a few fishermen. There are more than 200,000 people on the island; they are hardy and energetic.

The toughest resident of Silver City, Ariz., is a little Indian boy who was captured during Geronimo's raid two years ago. He is only 4 years old, but he has already nearly killed a boy by cutting him with a bowie knife.

Twenty years ago it cost $16 to send ten words by wire from Portland, Me., to Portland, Ore. One "dear wheel" will now pay for the transmission of such a message between these points. The country is getting smaller every day.

In Servia, Bulgaria and Roumania boots made of bulls's hide or leather, and which are simply a flat piece of leather drawn over the foot and wound and fastened by leather thongs or birch bark crossed over the leg, which is incased in either stockings or a piece of rod cloth, are worn by the peasantry.

The loss of life by earthquakes has been as follows: 200,000 deaths in Japan, 1703; 100,000 in Sicily, 1693, and in Peking, 1731; 60,000 in Chilan, 1822; 40,000 in Naples, 1857, 50,000 in Naples, 1626; 50,000 in Lisbon, 1755. Out of fifty cubic revolver shakes, accompanied the loss of life, fifteen have destroyed over 170,000 lives each.

Bridal parties who visit Washington are disappointed because they cannot ascend to the top of the Washington monument. Congress made an appropriation for furnishing steps, and for rails like the Eiffel tower, and made a special measure to be passed at the next session, the top of the shaft will be inaccessible for one another fiscal year.

A Hartford man has patented an apparatus for timing horses. A clock with three hands—minute, second and quarter seconds—is started by the official timer. When the wheels have reached the wire the clock is stopped by electricity. At the same instant the current opens a camera, which photographs the horse and the clock face.

One of the latest attempts to harness the forces of nature for the service of man is the adaptation of a windmill for the turning of a dynamo, the electricity thus obtained being stored in a reliable battery, and after used to lighting houses of the benefit of the maritime interests. There is a station of this kind near the mouth of the St. Lawrence, and considerable success has been obtained.

There is an artesian well near Stockton, Cal., that discharges water from two different depths—that from the lower containing inflammable gas. The first was sunken 640 feet, when water was reached; the owner wished to go deeper, but feared to injure the water already reached, so he sunk a tube of smaller bore inside the first. The second reached a depth of 1,250 feet.

The first steeschaum pipe was covered in the early part of the Thirty Years' War, and Wallenstein was a rich man before bought it. True clay is to be procured only at Eski-Sehier, in Asia Minor, where there are large deposits, and whence it is sent direct to the manufactories at Ruhla, of which there are at present forty, employing almost the whole population of the district.

A gentleman touring for land in Dakota came across a bachelor's log cabin slantwise with half a dozen bullets across the door, upon which were the following touching inscriptions: "Four miles from a neighbor. Sixty miles from a potato. Twenty-five miles from a rail road. A hundred and forty from timber. Two hundred and fifty feet from water. God bless our home. We have gone east to spend the winter with my wife's folks."

BEAST, BIRD AND FISH.

The skin of the catfish is now tanned into leather to a considerable extent. It is tough, supple and appears well.

Job Arden, of Rock Creek, Ill., thought the cushion in his chair seemed remarkably soft, and he soon found out why. He had sat down upon a monster snake. He killed the snake, but not until it had bitten into his backskin in two places.

While fishing on a pond not near Bennettsville, Mr. Dillon Pegg hooked his line to the back of a full-grown fox-squirrel. When he awoke he was on the ground, and the squirrel was nowhere to be seen. It was the fright of his life. The fish weighed over twenty pounds.

In Dixie turkeys are always fattened with walnuts. Thirty days before the turkey is to be killed one walnut is stuffed down its throat. Every day thereafter one additional walnut is added, so that the thirtieth day he has twenty-nine walnuts. He is then immensely fat.

Arnold Hobbs, Hobbs, or rather as a story is told by E. A. Pegram, of Jonesville, Mich. He was out into the birches when he heard a noise like a cow. He recognized the noise to be that of a cow, but he could not see the cow. He recognized the noise to be that of a cow, but he could not see the cow. He recognized the noise to be that of a cow, but he could not see the cow.

A squirrel [illegible] Little Rock, Ark., shakes his nest in the top of a tall tree. He [illegible] four times a day. [illegible] the squirrel [illegible] and [illegible] the nest [illegible] the squirrel [illegible] and [illegible] the nest [illegible] the squirrel [illegible] and [illegible] the nest

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 — PLAINFIELD N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST." THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10 1887. — Price Two Cents

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 64.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. It is want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For boarding and lodging in Fort Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertising rates are better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand for space necessitates a daily bodiflee. In all that makes it thoroughly complete, general and local, the Daily NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

A well dressed man helplessly drunk presented a pitiable sight in the city streets Tuesday night.

At the next meet of Athen," will be the subject of the free lecture at Reform Hall tonight by Rev. Dr. VanMeter.

The ordinance changing the names of various streets in the city has been signed by the mayor and is now in force.

At the council meeting Monday evening the city clerk was instructed to call a meeting of the board of Education.

Last night was the time set for a meeting of the Foreman's Relief Association, but as no quorum was present the meeting was adjourned over for a month.

Engine No. 62, drawing a coal train, while passing through this city, yesterday afternoon, broke one of her driving wheel keys. The accident was remedied after a short delay.

In response to a call for prayer by the World's W. C. T. U. for Nov. 12, a prayer meeting will be held in the W. C. T. U. rooms, No. 8 East Front street, Saturday, from three to five p. m.

George A. Mosley, the North avenue butcher, while engaged cutting meat Saturday, suffered a painful gash in his right hand. Erysipelas has now set in and the accident is causing inconvenience him.

Councilman Johnson makes the statement that he has been receiving three per cent. of his collections for years. He says that he has never received more than two per cent., which is what he has been regularly paid.

John Crawford, yesterday afternoon, became so jubilant over the result of the election that he partook too freely of brewy liquor, being fully overcome by the effects arrested him. This morning Judge Ulrich sent him to the County Jail for twenty days.

The following business was transacted at the Surrogate's office last week: Letters of administration were granted on the estate of Eugene L. Allison of North Plainfield, who died Aug. 31. Joseph Ann A. Allison was appointed administrator. The will of Elias M. Lever of Branchburgh, who died Oct. 12, was proved Nov. 1, John Lever and Abraham Lever, executors. Will of *Frederick Zergebel* of Warren, probated Nov. 1, Christian Zergebel and Edwin Hardy, executors.

The State Legislature.

The senate this year will be made up as follows:

Atlantic—John J. Gardner, R.
Bergen—John W. Bogart, D.
Burlington—William H. Carter, R.
Camden—George Hires, D.*
Cape May—Joseph B. Hanes, R.
Cumberland—Philip D. Baker, D.
Essex—Leon A. Mead, R.*
Gloucester—Joseph B. Rex, R.*
Hudson—William B. Edwards, D.
Hunterdon—George H. Large, R.
Mercer—John D. Rue, R.
Middlesex—Hiram Deshler, D.
Monmouth—H. M. Newins, R.*
Morris—Geo. T. Werts, D.
Ocean—James C. Pearson, R.
Passaic—John W. Griggs, R.
Salem—W. Newell, R.*
Somerset—A. A. Benjamin, R.*
Sussex—John A. McBride, D.
Union—Daniel Dugan, R.
Warren—Robert Wykoff, D.*
Republicans, 12; Democrats, 9.

In the house the returns make the Democrats lose 1 in Atlantic, 1 in Burlington, 1 in Cape May, 1 in Bergen, 1 in Passaic and 1 in Mercer. The delegation will stand as follows: 4 Middlesex, 3 Essex, 3 Hudson, 3 Monmouth. The gains in Passaic.

The Assembly will be as follows:
Atlantic—Joseph Wescott, R.
Bergen—Andrew Bloomer, D. C. P. Hartzell, R.
Burlington—Richard Hutchinson, R. W. H. Doran, R. William Howell, R.
Camden—Thomas Smith, R. John Hartzell, R. Geo. H. Higgins, R.
Cape May—Wm. G. Leaming, R.
Cumberland—George W. Mayhew, R.* Geo. A. Cleaver, R.
Essex—Thomas McGowan, R. James Peck, R. Thomas Ramer, R. C. L. Bill, R. Frank D. Foster, R. A. Dusenberry, R. Frank M. Bernard, R. Henry Schmeis, D. J. Marland, R. James Chester, R.
Gloucester—James West, R.
Hudson—Joseph Dalton, R. James F. Nelson, D. S. J. Dickinson, R. W. C. Hepburn, D. Richard Brown, R. Charles H. Fuller, R. Patrick Feeney, D. Richard F. Farrell, D. W. B. Letts, R. Frank Short, D.
Hunterdon—W. H. Martin, D. L. H. Tomas, R.
Mercer—G. Vandervalt, D. J. Jones, R. R. J. Leavitt, R.
Middlesex—Egbertus Cutter, D. John Mack, R. C. Albert Scott, R.
Monmouth—E. R. Foote, D. E. M. Fielder, R. C. H. Ludlow, R.
Morris—Lewis Condit, R. and D. S. D. Lewis, R. and D.* John R. Pitney, D.
Ocean—Josiah Crabbe, R.
Passaic—Garret Post, R. James H. Rogers, R. Elias Baldy, R. James Keys, D.*
Salem—Samuel Ward, R.
Somerset—Oscar T. Bell, R.*
Sussex—Andrew J. Rolf, D.
Union—Edward Tracy, D.* Foster M. Voorhees, R. John Falk, R.
Warren—Cephalet Hoover, D.* S. R. Mackey, D.
Republicans, 40.
Democrats, 20.
Republicans, 36

A New Board of Health.

We publish in another column today the ordinance establishing a Board of Health for the city which was passed at the meeting of the Council Monday evening. It provides that five members are to be appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the Council. At the last meeting of the Council the Mayor will appoint three persons to hold office until the first Monday in February next, or until the election and confirmation of their successors. The Mayor will also appoint two other members of the Board to hold office until the first Monday in February 1889.

After Election Notes.

The Republicans all over the county are jubilant over the result of the election, and THE NEWS is complimented on all sides for the aid it gave in the battle of the family against the saloon.

Among the most cheerful of the defeated candidates is Ex-Senator Livingston. He was so sure of victory. He received about the worst defeat. He really is deserving of more praise than any other candidate on the ticket, because he was not a pretender. On this account we respect him, and are proud of him as a citizen of Plainfield.

We fought him on principle. We fought for the sale to be suppressed. While he was looking for support from what he was pleased to consider the rum party, whom he had consistently served, he never stooped even to win votes, by pandering to them. Perhaps that was because he was sure of victory and believed the rum element all powerful. But his friends are quite willing to believe that he was honest, and able man to assume virtues he did not have, unlike others on the ticket.

Senator Hand and Assemblyman Bell, Democrats in the county who will oppose him as a sub-on-Democrat, however much they may like him personally. As Saloon Bob he has been annihilated. If the scales are now dropped from his eyes, it may prove of profit to him in the future. Faithful are the wounds of a friend." It now behooves him to get over on the right side before it is too late, for, though "the mills of the gods grind slowly," they grind surely just the same, and he who is wise will not commit the same error twice, but profit by experience.

The work before election editions of THE NEWS were sent to about every voter in Union county. It went to every family. The result of this action is seen in the vote all over the county and is another demonstration of the fact that any candidate or party can secure its better interests of the family than number to the side and contrary. The NEWS was also well circulated in Somerset county.

The edition of THE NEWS of yesterday containing the first full and correct complete returns of election, was in demand to the villages and towns all along the railroad, from Somerville to Elizabeth.

The Union county Democrats claim to have saved one hand from the fire, and to have elected Powell County Clerk by two votes. They first made this claim based on the vote from Summit. The correct returns from Summit later, however, upset them. They then claimed that there was an error in the Second ward, Elizabeth, a Democratic strong-hold, by which the same result would have been held back suspensively long, and by correcting the error to have got ten majority for Mr. Crowell. The Republicans, however, propose to have a recount, and investigate and see if the usual practice of imputing ballots for election purposes, having been secured in unusual residence within the district a short time before election so that they might be registered was resorted to.

The Democratic papers denounce the new ballot box. In party checking corruption it was not the Democratic majorities manufactured to cut the election.

The Union county Freeholders have gained another Republican by the election. Elizabeth being the place he is elected from. He will make the Board thirteen Republicans to four Democrats, the latest being the thirteenth man.

It is said to be the first time in the history of Union county that it won' so unanimously Republican.

Republican Senator-elect Miller's plurality over Robert M. Livingston, as compared to 1881. As Mr. Livingston was elected three years ago by 200 majority, this makes a change in Mr. Miller's favor of 549 votes.

The popularity of Elmore D. Morgan of Plainfield, who is clerk in the County Clerk's office, and worked for Mr. Powell for re-election, will be said to have had much to do with the big vote Mr. Crowell got on Tuesday, even if it does not prove to have elected him.

Judge Ulrich's majority for Assembly from this the third district, is put at 674. Foster M. Voorhees, Republican, from the second district is elected by 669.

Republican Surrogate-elect Parrott's majority is put at 477.

Republican Sheriff-elect Grubb's majority is put at 1,000.

The Board of Chosen freeholders will meet in the various counties from time and canvass the election returns and declare the official result.

A special dispatch from Elizabeth this afternoon says: Republicans generally admit that the Democrats have the County Clerkship. The grounds for a recount are not apparent. Oliver says he doesn't know whether he will demand one or not. He waits the official figures.

PERSONAL.

Rev. Dr. Patton of Netherwood is recuperating his health at the Danville sanitarium.

Ernest R. Akerman will speak to men only at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, Friday evening. All men are welcome.

Edward Campbell of West Second street yesterday received his family from this city to Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. McCabe then will give a musicale to the Washington Park Tennis Club at their residence on Rockview avenue, this evening.

Frank Cook, the athlete, who has for the past two weeks been traveling with Robinson's Circus, returned to his home in this city yesterday.

Next Sunday morning the Church of Our Saviour at Netherwood will receive an official visit from Bishop Scarborough, who will then administer the rite of confirmation. The Bishop will also preach and make his home with Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Foulkes at the corner of Putnam street and Kensington avenue, where he will have a reception on Saturday evening from 8:30 to 10:30 o'clock, to which his friends in the city are cordially invited.

—The holes in the macadam on Park avenue have been filled with crushed stone.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the Associated Press and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

LINGG ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

One of the Chicago Anarchists Blows Half of His Face Away With a Bomb.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10, 10:45 a. m.—It is reported that Lingg shot himself through the head.

Later.—No definite particulars regarding Lingg's suicide are forthcoming. The doors are guarded by a score of policemen with carbines. A telephone message from the jail to the sheriff says that Lingg had a small bomb concealed in a candle which he lighted and placed to his head. One-half of his face was blown away.

Later.—It is now stated that there is a bare possibility of his recovery.

Later.—It is now stated that Lingg put a fulminating cap such as are used to explode bombs to his head, bended it with a lighted candle and blew his head to pieces.

The excitement at the jail is indescribable. It is certain beyond any doubt that some one of the guards at the jail was a confederate of the dynamiter who gave him the cartridge.

The phase of it creates the most intense excitement.

One of the most alarming bits of news that has yet reached the police is the statement that the 10,000 members of the Central Labor Union will vote on Friday whether the Anarchists are hanged or not. The police are in possession of information to the effect that every one of the undesirable unions not only endorses the order, but threaten members who do not obey it with permanent expulsion.

The ostensible purpose of the order was to establish a precedent for red flag sympathizers, at staining from work on November 11 every year, but its real purpose, the police fear, is to throw 10,000 men into the streets and thus precipitate trouble. This theory seems reasonable enough when one considers the sort of material the Central Labor Union is composed of. For years who the flag was carried through the streets of the city without interference—it was always the Central Labor Union that furnished the men for the procession and followed it.

After the Haymarket bomb explosion and Spies and his companions were arrested, it was the Central Labor Union that raised money to employ counsel for them. Of the large sum of money that has been spent in the defense since this Union has contributed over $40,000.

It is also rumored today that many of these men will go about the city armed and ready to resist the police in the event of a collision, the police making extra precautions on view of the facts. The men massed in the police court headquarters are under man-of-war discipline. Last night only one-half of them slept at one time, while the other half remained awake clothed and armed ready to answer any call. To-night only a small percentage of the force will be allowed to sleep at one time before dark.

To-night four of five military companies will be stationed in the Criminal court building.

The Bauer-Reingardt Scandal.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 10.—In the Union County Courts here this morning ex-Freeholder Frank W Bauer was placed on trial for criminal assault on sixteen-year-old Dora Reingardt, daughter of an Elizabeth saloon keeper. In the absence of Judge McCormick, who was at an early stage of the case, called for Bauer, Judge C. T. Cowenhoven of New Brunswick presided, with Judge Harper as assistant. Prosecutor Wilson appeared for the State and cleverly checked a motion of Gen. J. Madison Fay, counsel for the defendant, looking for another postponement. Dr. Victor Mervine was the first witness called. The case will occupy two or three days.

Nine Bandits Executed.

GALVESTON, TEX., Nov. 10.—News from Matamoras says four nine of the bandits captured by the military up the river have been executed. Among the captured bandits not yet executed are Epefanio Posales, the noted brigand who led the attack on Alpenes ranch. He will be sent to New Laredo for trial. His three companions, Judge De Leon, Isidor Reyo and Gertruder Carvesalas will be brought to Matamoras.

The "Fire-Bug" Cases.

To-day was the date set for the sentence of John M Jackson, the "fire-bug" out of course no mention of the case was made in court, as he will not have justice meted out to him until after the VanNeste brothers are tried. Jackson is said to be getting careworn under his confinement. Horace and Theodore VanNest are spoken of as being hopeful, while "Nigger Eph" Carmon is quite buoyant of spirits.

THE SHERIFF STEPS IN.

HE TAKES FULL CHARGE OF THE UNION COUNTY JAIL.

Warden Sylvester Cahill Ousted as Jailor and Installed as Sheriff's Deputy—The End of a Long Contest.

ELIZABETH, N. J. Nov. 10, 4 p.m.—They say that the figure of Justice on the dome of the Court House smiled triumphant through the rain when the Union County Board of Freeholders this afternoon passed a resolution submitting to the recent decision of the Supreme Court and giving Sheriff Geo. M. Stiles full charge of the jail and the prisoners therein.

The Sheriff acted a week to the decision of Judge Scudder Cahill, jr., took-stay, and served also a written demand for the keys of the building. Cahill was obstinate and would n't surrender. Today the Board forced him to give in.

The Sheriff at once appointed Cahill his deputy, to serve as jailer under him until next Tuesday, when Sheriff-elect Glasby becomes Mr. Stiles successor.

This is the end of a long fight. It was over eight months ago that the Sheriff presented to the Board his last demands for the control of the jail. They would not listen to him and he took the case into Court, winning it today.

Looking for Vice-Presidency.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—The Times Washington special says: There are further indications that Gen. Gray is after the Vice presidency, and that he will be supported by his State. Congressman Bynum said yesterday of the New York election: "The result settles it that we shall carry New York in 1888. It also insures us my own State, Indiana, and Indiana is naturally a Democratic State, but there was one thing we had to fear—the Labor party was just waiting for the result of the George movement in New York. Now they will come back to their old party faith, and the Democrats have nothing to fear. The Democratic ticket will be made up on New York and Indiana again. It will be Cleveland and Gray, and it will be elected. Gray is very strong, especially with the young Democrats."

To Apply for a New Trial.

SAN ANTONIA, Tex., Nov. 10.—Frederick Thumm, Sheriff of Medina County, and one of the most daring sheriffs ever known in Texas, and who was convicted last Saturday of the murder of J. W. Hilderbrand, a leading young attorney of this city, has applied for a new trial on the ground that he has been convicted on the jury unable to arrive at a verdict, draw straws to determine how many years Thumm should serve in the penitentiary.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS CONDENSED.

A council of physicians and special experts was held over the crown prince of Germany at San Remo, and, while agreeing that the patient was much worse, they could not agree about the nature of the disease.

John L. Sullivan had a boxing bout with Jem Smith in St. James' Hall, London.

Mr. O'Brien is seriously ill in the Tullamore Jail in firmary.

The trial of the persons implicated in the French decoration scandals was continued. Proof was adduced that the Comte d'Andlau received money. The public prosecutor asked that M. Wilson's house be expunged from the records of the case.

People in the vicinity of Edgewood, in the Catskill mountains, were fighting a fierce forest fire yesterday.

A Texas jury in a murder trial reached a verdict by drawing straws.

J. E. Van Pelt, the Chicago boodler, is rapidly breaking down under his confinement in the county jail.

The failure of the Fifth National bank, of St. Louis is attributed to systematic fraud. The bank's president, ex-Mayor Overstolz, died yesterday.

President Bayles, of the New York health board, in answer to Mayor Hewitt, incloses him the letter of Dr. Wilson of the South, health officer, which concludes that there is little fear of an epidemic of cholera in that city.

Forest fires continue with increasing force in the southern portions of Indiana and Illinois. Western Kentucky is in great distress from drought.

Some cowardly broke open a switch on the Midland Central railroad, near Hammond, Ind., on Tuesday night, causing the wreck of a freight train when was running at full passenger train speed. The train man saved their lives by jumping.

Funny Reynolds.

Professor Reynolds' exhibition of mesmerism in Reform Hall last evening is pronounced by some the funniest and most amusing entertainment ever given in Plainfield. Last year he was pronounced delightful, but last night eclipsed all previous efforts. There were six excellent subjects on the platform and their illusions were most comical. Three of the subjects were ladies, which fact gave the difficult task to the professor of selection. A ladies' man session was very laughable, occupants of the ambitious vehicle taking a trip over Chicago, Cleveland and New York, crossing the ocean to England viewing London, and Marlborough, then going to Germany and viewing the sights on the Rhine. Their comments as to imagination the changing panorama was unfolded to them drew forth roars of laughter from the audience.

Then was a football match, a sick child, a minister's experience, a negro race, a spelling school, besides the usual encounter with snakes, mosquitoes and bees. The water flowed in a light tide over the platform, a fountain of sun-dew-fragrance perfumed the air, but afterwards proved to be the odor of skunks. The Professor's ingenuity in devising situations was admirably shown last night. He may be seen again to-morrow and Saturday nights.

—The Somerset County Freeholders held their regular November meeting in the Court House at Somerville yesterday.

...HOW WE HAVE ADVANCED.

Interesting Points That Put The United States Ahead.

The conclusion of Col. Mason W. Tyler's lecture on "The Constitution of the United States"—delivered Tuesday night at the Stillman Music Hall and reported so fully in THE NEWS five o'clock morning edition of Wednesday—was filled with interesting statistics, showing the advancement of our government, under its peculiar popular laws, to the head of worldly powers.

In 100 years—said the Colonel—France has doubled her population in the United States the same result has been accomplished in a quarter of a century. In 1850 Great Britain was the Cresus of nations and had three times the wealth of the United States in real Great Britain owned $45,000,000,000, while the United States possessed $40,000,000,000, and we have stepped ahead in the manufacturing line also: for to-day our manufacturing interests are worth $4,250,000,000, while Britain doesn't reach over $4,000,000,000. It was only as far back as 1880 that Great Britain had manufacturing interests only valued at one-third more than ours. We mourn our lack of shipping facilities, but don't stop to think that the carrying power of the United States is 9,000,000 tons—more than that of France, Germany, Norway and Italy combined, and it is a singular fact that our shipping earnings are one-fifth of the world's total receipts and one-half of those of Great Britain. In 1880 the United States owned 120,000,000 miles of railway, while all Europe had but 150,000,000 miles. In 1870 the United States were behind both France and Germany in the manufacture of steel. To-day we produce more than both of these countries. We now produce one-fourth of the steel used on the globe. In 1885 we produced 2,000,000 gallons of the manufacture of Bessimer steel and steel rails in 1886 the manufactures Great Britain at present leads, but 1887 will not be long. We are gaining rapidly. We are ahead on wool, and in the record of triumph and achievement goes on.

All these are material effects resulting from the wise provisions of our Constitution. There are, also, moral effects—those results which can not be weighed in the scales or ranged in columns of dollars and cents. First come the public schools, which have such an influence that ninety per cent. of our people can read and write. While in England only eighty-two per cent. have those accomplishments. We have 50,000 public libraries, with 45,000,000 volumes—over 12,000,000 books more than have the English public libraries. In 1880 the newspapers and periodicals of the United States were numbered at 850, from which they have grown to 11,000, each with an average circulation six times as great as the average circulation of 1850. The little city of Plainfield has started two daily newspapers, one of which has a circulation of what the increase is elsewhere. Growth is visible on every hand. In fact the whole system of school house for the world's instruction. And men are learning that under our Constitution all are free and all may aspire to the greatest elevated as their own characters will permit. Those from other lands flock to our shores because under our flag they find a home. Our citizens, and from these ranks of foreigners were many noble leaders in the World's War. One of these who has since served in the sole of triumph is our own venerable Mayor, Job Male.

WESTFIELD.

Our town is jubilant over the victory of our popular fellow-townsman Dr. Miller. Bon fires and to give vent to their feelings, so at night with drum and fife they marched up to the residence of the next Senator. Mr. Miller made another gathering of people joined in the jubilation by firing a salute in honor of the event. Mr. Miller responded in a few well chosen small, to come in, and the cheering crowd soon filled all the rooms and halls, where the smiling host received them and in turn was cheered. After talking some refreshments three rousing cheers and a tiger were given for a good night.

AN ORDINANCE.

To change the name of certain streets.

The inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their council do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. That the street now known as Grand street, between Front street and Ninth street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Grand avenue.

That the street now known as Second street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Second avenue.

That the street now known as Third street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Third avenue.

That the street now known as Fourth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fourth avenue.

That the street now known as Fifth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fifth avenue.

That the street now known as Sixth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Sixth avenue.

That the street now known as Seventh street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Seventh avenue.

That the street now known as Eighth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Eighth avenue.

That the street now known as Ninth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Ninth avenue.

That the street now known as Tenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Tenth avenue.

That the street now known as Eleventh street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Eleventh avenue.

That the street now known as Twelfth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Twelfth avenue.

That the street now known as Thirteenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Thirteenth avenue.

That the street now known as Fourteenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fourteenth avenue.

That the street now known as Fifteenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fifteenth avenue.

That the street now known as Sixteenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Sixteenth avenue.

That the street now known as Seventeenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Seventeenth avenue.

That the street now known as Eighteenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Eighteenth avenue.

That the street now known as Nineteenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Nineteenth avenue.

That the street now known as Twentieth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Twentieth avenue.

That the street now known as Twenty-first street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Twenty-first avenue.

That the street now known as Twenty-second street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Twenty-second avenue.

That the street now known as Twenty-third street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Twenty-third avenue.

That the street now known as Twenty-fourth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Twenty-fourth avenue.

That the street now known as Twenty-fifth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Twenty-fifth avenue.

That the street now known as Twenty-sixth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Twenty-sixth avenue.

That the street now known as Twenty-seventh street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Twenty-seventh avenue.

That the street now known as Twenty-eighth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Twenty-eighth avenue.

That the street now known as Twenty-ninth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Twenty-ninth avenue.

That the street now known as Thirtieth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Thirtieth avenue.

That the street now known as Thirty-first street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Thirty-first avenue.

That the street now known as Thirty-second street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Thirty-second avenue.

That the street now known as Thirty-third street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Thirty-third avenue.

That the street now known as Thirty-fourth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Thirty-fourth avenue.

That the street now known as Thirty-fifth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Thirty-fifth avenue.

That the street now known as Thirty-sixth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Thirty-sixth avenue.

That the street now known as Thirty-seventh street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Thirty-seventh avenue.

That the street now known as Thirty-eighth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Thirty-eighth avenue.

That the street now known as Thirty-ninth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Thirty-ninth avenue.

That the street now known as Fortieth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fortieth avenue.

That the street now known as Forty-first street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Forty-first avenue.

That the street now known as Forty-second street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Forty-second avenue.

That the street now known as Forty-third street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Forty-third avenue.

That the street now known as Forty-fourth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Forty-fourth avenue.

That the street now known as Forty-fifth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Forty-fifth avenue.

That the street now known as Forty-sixth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Forty-sixth avenue.

That the street now known as Forty-seventh street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Forty-seventh avenue.

That the street now known as Forty-eighth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Forty-eighth avenue.

That the street now known as Forty-ninth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Forty-ninth avenue.

That the street now known as Fiftieth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fiftieth avenue.

That the street now known as Fifty-first street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fifty-first avenue.

That the street now known as Fifty-second street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fifty-second avenue.

That the street now known as Fifty-third street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fifty-third avenue.

That the street now known as Fifty-fourth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fifty-fourth avenue.

That the street now known as Fifty-fifth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fifty-fifth avenue.

That the street now known as Fifty-sixth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fifty-sixth avenue.

That the street now known as Fifty-seventh street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fifty-seventh avenue.

That the street now known as Fifty-eighth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fifty-eighth avenue.

That the street now known as Fifty-ninth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Fifty-ninth avenue.

That the street now known as Sixtieth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Sixtieth avenue.

That the street now known as Sixty-first street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Sixty-first avenue.

That the street now known as Sixty-second street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Sixty-second avenue.

That the street now known as Sixty-third street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Sixty-third avenue.

That the street now known as Sixty-fourth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Sixty-fourth avenue.

That the street now known as Sixty-fifth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Sixty-fifth avenue.

That the street now known as Sixty-sixth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Sixty-sixth avenue.

That the street now known as Sixty-seventh street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Sixty-seventh avenue.

That the street now known as Sixty-eighth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Sixty-eighth avenue.

That the street now known as Sixty-ninth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Sixty-ninth avenue.

That the street now known as Seventieth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Seventieth avenue.

That the street now known as Seventy-first street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Seventy-first avenue.

That the street now known as Seventy-second street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Seventy-second avenue.

That the street now known as Seventy-third street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Seventy-third avenue.

That the street now known as Seventy-fourth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Seventy-fourth avenue.

That the street now known as Seventy-fifth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Seventy-fifth avenue.

That the street now known as Seventy-sixth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Seventy-sixth avenue.

That the street now known as Seventy-seventh street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Seventy-seventh avenue.

That the street now known as Seventy-eighth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Seventy-eighth avenue.

That the street now known as Seventy-ninth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Seventy-ninth avenue.

That the street now known as Eightieth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Eightieth avenue.

That the street now known as Eighty-first street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Eighty-first avenue.

That the street now known as Eighty-second street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Eighty-second avenue.

That the street now known as Eighty-third street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Eighty-third avenue.

That the street now known as Eighty-fourth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Eighty-fourth avenue.

That the street now known as Eighty-fifth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Eighty-fifth avenue.

That the street now known as Eighty-sixth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Eighty-sixth avenue.

That the street now known as Eighty-seventh street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Eighty-seventh avenue.

That the street now known as Eighty-eighth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Eighty-eighth avenue.

That the street now known as Eighty-ninth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Eighty-ninth avenue.

That the street now known as Ninetieth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Ninetieth avenue.

That the street now known as Ninety-first street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Ninety-first avenue.

That the street now known as Ninety-second street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Ninety-second avenue.

That the street now known as Ninety-third street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Ninety-third avenue.

That the street now known as Ninety-fourth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Ninety-fourth avenue.

That the street now known as Ninety-fifth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Ninety-fifth avenue.

That the street now known as Ninety-sixth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Ninety-sixth avenue.

That the street now known as Ninety-seventh street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Ninety-seventh avenue.

That the street now known as Ninety-eighth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Ninety-eighth avenue.

That the street now known as Ninety-ninth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as Ninety-ninth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundredth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundredth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and First street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and First avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Second street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Second avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Third street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Third avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Fourth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Fourth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Fifth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Fifth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Sixth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Sixth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Seventh street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Seventh avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Eighth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Eighth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Ninth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Ninth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Tenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Tenth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Eleventh street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Eleventh avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Twelfth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Twelfth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Thirteenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Thirteenth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Fourteenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Fourteenth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Fifteenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Fifteenth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Sixteenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Sixteenth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Seventeenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Seventeenth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Eighteenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Eighteenth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Nineteenth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Nineteenth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Twentieth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Twentieth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Twenty-first street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Twenty-first avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Twenty-second street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Twenty-second avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Twenty-third street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Twenty-third avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Twenty-fourth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Twenty-fifth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Twenty-sixth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Twenty-seventh street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Twenty-seventh avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Twenty-eighth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Twenty-eighth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Twenty-ninth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Thirtieth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Thirtieth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Thirty-first street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Thirty-first avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Thirty-second street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Thirty-second avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Thirty-third street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Thirty-third avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Thirty-fourth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and Thirty-fourth avenue.

That the street now known as One Hundred and Thirty-fifth street, between Front street and Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as One Hundred and

Plainfield Evening News,
T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered within the CITY and Borough limits to subscribers each week, or by mail postage prepaid for one year to any part of the United States, at $6 per year, or $3 for six months in advance.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 01, 1887.

LORD MAYOR'S DAY IN LONDON.

No Hostile Demonstration — Salisbury's Pacific Utterances.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—The lord mayor's procession to-day passed off without any hostile demonstration. The lord mayor, in his address to the people, said he was glad to be able to say that the relations between Great Britain and all other countries were friendly. He was sure that the feeling of the people of England was in favor of peace. He was glad to say that the differences in connection with the affairs of Egypt had been settled to the satisfaction of the sultan as well as of the powers interested. He was also glad to say that the differences between Russia and Great Britain had been settled in a friendly manner. He was pleased to be able to say that the relations between Great Britain and the United States were friendly. He was glad to say that the fisheries question was in a fair way of settlement. He was pleased to say that the relations between Great Britain and Germany were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Austria were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Italy were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Spain were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Portugal were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Belgium were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Holland were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Denmark were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Sweden were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Norway were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Russia were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Turkey were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Egypt were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and the United States were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Canada were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Australia were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and New Zealand were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and South Africa were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and India were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and China were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Japan were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Siam were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Persia were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Afghanistan were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Nepaul were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Thibet were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Corea were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Formosa were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Madagascar were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Zanzibar were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Abyssinia were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Liberia were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Hayti were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Mexico were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Central America were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and South America were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Chili were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Peru were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Bolivia were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Ecuador were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Colombia were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Venezuela were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Guiana were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Brazil were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Paraguay were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Uruguay were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and the Argentine Republic were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Patagonia were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Tierra del Fuego were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and the Falkland Islands were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and South Georgia were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and the South Sandwich Islands were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Bouvet Island were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Kerguelen Land were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Heard Island were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and McDonald Islands were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Amsterdam Island were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and St. Paul Island were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Crozet Islands were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Prince Edward Islands were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Marion Island were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Inaccessible Island were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Nightingale Island were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Tristan da Cunha were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Gough Island were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Diego Alvarez were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Trinidad were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Martin Vaz were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Rocas were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and St. Peter and St. Paul Rocks were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Fernando de Noronha were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Atol das Rocas were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Pedro were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Paulo were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Fernando were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Antonio were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Miguel were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Rafael were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Gabriel were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Raphael were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Uriel were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Jeremiel were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Barachiel were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Sealtiel were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Jehudiel were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Hanael were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Cassiel were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Michael were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Gabriel were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Raphael were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Uriel were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Jeremiel were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Barachiel were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Sealtiel were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Jehudiel were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Hanael were friendly. He was glad to say that the relations between Great Britain and Penedos de San Cassiel were friendly.

PRAYING FOR CLEMENCY

The Arguments Presented at Yesterday's Hearing

BEFORE GOVERNOR OGLESBY

On Behalf of the Seven Condemned Anarchists.

[illegible] Nov. 10.—At 9 o'clock this morning Capt. W. P. Black opened the hearing in the matter of the petition for executive clemency in behalf of the seven Anarchists sentenced to [illegible] by Governor Oglesby. The petition signed by [illegible] was presented by Capt. Black, and that for fifteen thousand citizens by Mr. Foster. Both petitions were received by the governor as all [illegible] to the matter. Capt. Black then read the petition, which was [illegible] and addressed to the governor. The petition [illegible] of the [illegible] of the [illegible] of the

WOMAN AND HOME.

WHY GOTHAM GIRLS ARE HEALTHIER THAN THEIR BROTHERS.

The Farmer's Wife—Ladies at the Photographer's—Working Girls Who Wed. To Remove Wrinkles—Wall Ornament. Baby's Rights—Notes and Items.

An Englishman of title who has written a book of memoirs, and is a traveler of some repute, sat in Delmonico's restaurant with the writer, at 10:30 o'clock, a short time ago, watching the New Yorkers as they drifted in and out of the restaurant or passed on Fifth avenue.

"It is strange," he said, "that the Spanish make the best of mothers, then the Americans make the best fathers. A Frenchman would be more likely than his wife to let his daughter graduate in pressed hose, children's aprons or the like, when they arrive at a suitable age. An Englishman forces his wife to do the house's and children's work, the heaviest duties of the family, so that he may save the servant's fees. But the very instant an American can bring himself to a position to have his family's comfort considered, he sets about the business of leisure. He puts his wife in fashionable lodging houses, while he lives down town in the cheapest an assortment of rookery or garret he can procure for up-all-night and all-day-in-bed purposes. It is simply amazing."

The somewhat personal explanation of New York's social life, at this time of the year, seems to be a season, and these assertions, if true, acknowledged, to be absolutely accurate and to contain all that is best in the society of the United States. Here is the heart of our fashion and wealth, the great stream in. I have seen many beautiful women, but never in such numbers as in the throng that passes up and down Fifth avenue on the afternoon of a fashionable day. Much of the beauty of the Parisian belle that is to be found in the metropolitan. Much of the beauty of the Spanish women is also there, but the majority are almost unquestionably American. The girls were tall, graceful, with high, well-set heads, and carriage. They slight every day affectation. With a brisk pace on a bracing day, with cheeks tinged and rounded by the exercise, with bright eyes and with health written on every feature, they are a picture of which any country may well be proud.

Many of the girls are dressed in costumes that might be called severe in their plainness. Others are in the height of fashion, and the variety of the styles is almost amusing. The tailor-made costume is much in evidence, and the short jacket, with high, well-starched, linen collar and cuffs, is worn by many

LIGHT AND AIRY.

True Lover's Offerings.

Thanksgiving's near and maidens fair—
Although the fact they don't disclose—
Employ each hour they have to spare
Embroidering slippers for their beaux.

The needle of the maiden sweet
May thus become a cupid's dart,
Which, though directed at the feet,
Will mistakenly reach the heart.

Such matters seldom fit, we're told,
But over this no lover frets,
For tacked against the wall they hold
Tobacco, pipes and cigarettes.
—Boston Courier.

New York's Money Market.

New York Sun editor—Did you take those Mud Run watered stock to bank mortgage bonds to Chicago?

Clerk—Yes, and took half a bushel around this morning.

"Did they agree to let me have $20,000 on them?"

"No, sir; they said they wouldn't give over half a cent a pound for 'em."

"By jinks! Money must be fearfully tight."
—Omaha World.

Understood.

He—I'll have to wait a while before I can propose to Miss Cashley. Her father is away from home.

She—I understand, and I ought to avoid him.

He thought I was going to propose to him.

Now, what did I do? For he thought I said yes.

He—I'm sure I said no, but he thought I said yes.

If she understood me correctly.

He—I'm sure I said no, but he thought I said yes.
—Century.

If Wise Should.

Before the ancient seers could
Foretell the future well,
Must the locks be carefully shed
The night before?

But when in search of knowledge,
Why should one go and comb his hair in the air,
If there is no one to see him
Should he comb his hair?
—Boston Courier.

Wanted—A Napoleon of Finance.

First Bank Director—We ought to have a bright, sharp man for cashier.

Second Bank Director—What is the matter with the one we have?

"Oh, he's too old fogyish."

"He rides to the office in a hack, in fact."

"Yes, and he follows some fool think a cashier has nothing to do but be honest."—Omaha World.

A Man of Nerve.

His nerves were weak as a clergyman, and,
Without any warning at all,
He came to a halt in the middle of Broad—
The cars kept right on down the alley.

The conductor came to collect the fare;
He looked at the man in surprise;
He couldn't see anything there,
So he passed on down the line.

The motorman rang the bell for the car,
And started with might and main;
But the man in the middle of Broad never stirred,
Just the light of the sky was his pain.
—Puck.

Trouble Ahead.

Counter Beiler up town hotel—Ain't this room pretty expensive, John, for us?

Counter Groom—No, I was particular to get the cheapest I could. I told the feller that we would stay but a week, an' he said the terms was $5 apiece. Ten dollars is a good deal of money, but ain't this a weddin' trip?—New York Sun.

The Trouble.

Reporter (from the newspaper office)—Have those crews deserted?

Editor (in charge)—Deserted?

Those crews of cars?

Of course not; what's the matter?

That fish fake around the block.

Feller's been fakin' fishes
He caught in Harlem River
That wasn't be out in stock.
—Lowell Citizen.

Pleasant News.

Husband—So Patti is really going to make another farewell tour of this country, after all.

Wife—Who told you to learn that?

Husband—A cable dispatch says that a quantity of her jewelry has been stolen.—New York Sun.

The Cold, Wet Winds.

Softly the leaves are falling,
As the year glides to close,
And the sighing and the moaning
In the cold, wet winds one hears,
And while the nation is howling,
"Shut the door!"

—Oil City Blizzard.

Stoves Not Needed.

Philadelphia Man—Do you mean to say your street cars are not heated in winter?

Omaha Man—Not necessarily.

"What in creation do you do to keep warm?"

"Talk politics."—Omaha World.

Dull Times in Texas.

Commercial Traveler (to Texas landlord)—Landlord, shall I put my Sharpe's out?

Mr. Sharpe—Yes, sir; I've been rather quiet around here lately. Travel yourself.

Only a Little Word.

It was only a word,
That was spoken in haste,
But among the wasted
A deed of shame
A deed of disgrace
A deed of blood
Was the result.

—Detroit Budget.

Knew What He Was Talking About.

Mr. Portsmouth—I'm sure you've acquired quite a correct opinion of Miss Cashley's character recently.

Professor Longhair (proudly)—Ha! I delivered a lecture on it.—Tid Bits.

A New Novel.

Mr. Crabb—Have you read the new novel by Mr. Bangs, entitled "Coffee and Pie."

Mr. Peck—Indeed I have. It's delicious.—New York Sun.

Fascinating Prices.

Lizzie Borden—Pa, what do you think of Los Angeles property?

Pa—Why, it's a real estate worth!

Lizzie—Can't we buy a lot for $6 now, but prices may advance during the night.—Tid Bits.

Not Changeable.

The quality in dust some finds,
Nor does one do as it strauss,
Through life's days never can it be
That their minds
They have no minds to change.
—Boston Courier.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co

OFFICE 28 and 30 NORTH AVENUE
(In Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen so that CONTRACTS

MADE AT ONCE

may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without detaining customers at work and in most cases existing gas fixtures can be provided with suitable sockets for the lights

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

THE BEE HIVE

Children's Leggins in Colord, Black and White for ages from one to eight years, 25 cents. Children's Woolen Mitts 10 cts. Toboggan Caps 15c. Full line of Ladies' Woolen Hoods at special low figures. Full line of Ladies and Children's Coats and Newmarkets.

SPECIAL.

4-Button Kid Gloves, embroidered back 58c.

LOUIS CALLMAN,
38 WEST FRONT ST.

Door Numbers,

DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS
at
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,
13 Park avenue.

Sole Agent for DR. KING'S Spectacles!

To the Ladies.

Look at our all wool striped Flannel Skirts, made and unmade. A full line of Newmarkets, Jackets and Cloaks for Ladies, Misses and Children, AT POPE'S.

McDONOUGH & MARTIN, Before you buy, 29 Somerset Street.

All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated Rochester lamp are invited to call and see how their orders for same at our shop is now supplied. In order to offer as a chance I supply the latest designs which these celebrated lamps have. Persons desiring to use these will please bring their home to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

THE

People's Market,

30 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats, Groceries, Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND TABLE FISH.

I The Undersigned having purchased the entire stock of Mr. Geo. Mosher, and good will thereof, of No. 12 Park Avenue, has a share of the patronage of the friends who wish to combine satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A call is solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL SCIENTIFIC
AND SANITARY PLUMBER.

Pay no regard the exorbitant rates of Master plumbers of New York city, and also exercise a murmur of that body of practical plumbers of Plainfield who wish to combine satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A call is solicited. Office and Residence, 9 North avenue Plainfield N. J.

I have secured the agency for the above celebrated lawns. They being cut, slashed and ground as near the axis as possible, and having the greatest amount of convexity and concavity immediately over the center of grain found in the pebble. It allows the ray of light to enter the eye with the least possible resistance.

AT DOANE'S,

Formerly Clare's," No. 9, Park Avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have adde

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets.
Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

11 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further

until you have visited my store and inspected MY

Ladies $2 SHOE

either in common sense or opera toe style.

They are Beauties.

I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.

J. J. KENNEY.

No. 30 NORTH AVENUE.

BENNER'S

FRUIT MARKET

Nos. 66 and 68 East Front street.

Now open with a supply of

Fruit, Vegetables, etc.

AT NEW YORK PRICES.

This place, stock and fixtures for sale including a two years' lease. Rent low. Best corner business.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD

P. O. BOX 930.

CHEAP BOOKS.

We have a large line of popular books in nice cloth binding, good paper and good print at only 39 cents each. These include Emerson's Essays, Carlyle's Sartor Resartus, Adam Bede, Guy Mannering, etc., etc. Also many books for children at 15, 20, 25, 30 cents and upward.

A. W. RAND,
24 W. Front street.

MEATS.

GEO. A. MOORE,

of the late firm of Moore Bros.

is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will be glad to sell my patrons with the finest grade of Fresh and Salt

MEATS

Including all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season. Prices low. Goods delivered. Anything not found in my store will be furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance.

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Franklin Place

DEALER IN

Blue Stone Flagging.

P. O. Box 585

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mrs. Lindsays,
Intelligence Office,
No. 92 West Front street.
Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials. Coal and Fertilizers, agents for the Soluble Pacific Guan. Office Madison avenue, Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone,
60, 70 & 80 Cents,
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser.
Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-25 1y

Kindling Wood.
12 Barrels for $2,
at Mrs. Dorcas's. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 93, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,
Practical Watchmaker
and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 62 Somerset street,
Grocer and Salesman,
Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine Sugars, Teas, Coffees, etc. Canned goods, pure cider vinegar 4 years old, fruit jars, jelly cans. White Granite, Yellow Rock, Stone, Earthen and Glassware, Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,
Kalsomminer
No. 13 East Third street P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and white-washed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets
Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,
(From Paris, successor to Jules Boutes.)
Ladies' Hair Dresser.
Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, powders, Manicure and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,
Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road,
Dealer in all kinds of
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,
78 Somerset street,
Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 14.

Ten Eyck's
Meat Market,
Fruits and Vegetables in season, 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

L. McVoy,
Driven Wells,
Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work and new ones put in anywhere. Of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 93 E. Front st.

T. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 7 1-2 West Front street.

Farmer's Hotel,
Somerset street, near Front.
Boarding, Permanent or Transient. Stabling for horses by day, week or month. Terms moderate. Jacob Bitsch, proprietor.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

BLANK BOOKS,

MEMORANDUM BLOCKS,
Tablets, Writing and Drawing Books,
LANGUAGE LESSONS,
Lead Pencils, etc., at low prices. Also full line of

Pure Confectionery

the largest assortment sold in town.

R. C. FISHER'S,

21 West Fourth street, opp. Public School

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,
21 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of all kinds of FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS,

Special attention given to

POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.

Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete as near as possible with

NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.

Or we solicit a call that we may convince that we DO sell

CHEAPER

than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at
A. VANDERBEEK, 31 PARK AVE
PIANOS TUNED.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph.
Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manager.

WALL PAPERS.

G. F. & C. E. Brown

WALL PAPER

WINDOW SHADES.

INTERIOR DECORATIONS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

CARPETS

FURNITURE EXPRESS

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.

Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.
48 WEST FRONT STREET.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle

25 NORTH AVENUE.
Painters and Paper Hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES
Brushes, etc.

INSURANCE

Wm. A. Woodruff,

Represents the following first-class insurance companies:

Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen of England; The Merchants of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at best rates, has

MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security and has bargains in

REAL ESTATE

Office Berry's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second st.

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class materials which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 27 WEST FRONT

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR

HATS, SHIRTS & TRUNKS

at

U. B. Crane's

Hat Store,
12 PARK AVE. Next to Walker's Bakery.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

at New York Prices, studio 29 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting

CHINA,

GLASS,

LAMPS,

Latest Novelties in ROYAL WORCESTER and CAULSBAD WARE.
FRENCH AND ENGLISH

DINNER SETS.

GAVETTS

15 E. Front street.

L. HEYNIGER,

96, 66 and 67 Somerset street.
Dealer in
FLOUR, FEED,
BALED HAY, etc.,

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FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.
ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Blue Stone Flagging,

SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS AND MANTELS.
CURBING AND CROSSWALKS,
Sixteen Years' Experience.

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Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue.
P. O. BOX 1287.

We also supply all orders for kindling wood as formerly, direct from the factory.

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Carpenter & Builder

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Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

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Establisher 1867

Carpenter & Builder,

20 EAST THIRD STREET.

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

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Carpenters & Builders

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W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily Street
H. E. Gayle No. 84 East Second street.
All Work Promptly Attended to.

R. A. Ross,

19 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

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Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bvona. P. O. Box, 1228. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

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Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

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Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 312.

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Fidelity & Casualty

COMPANY, issues

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assuring

1.	In event of death	$10,000
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6.	For loss of one hand or of one foot	$3,333.33
7.	For loss of one eye	1,250
8.	For disabling injuries during the continuance of same, per week	50

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amount.

For circular, etc., call on

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OPPOSITE DEPOT.

FOTOGRAFS.

Instantaneous,
Everlasting,
Handsome,
Cheapest,
Best.

Great Success with Children's Portraits.

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Opp. Post Office.

J. P. Laire & Co's is the place to buy Parlor, Cook Stoves, ranges, double heaters, stove boards, coal hods, pipe, repairs, horse blankets, robes and general hardware.

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EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN STOCKHOLM AND PEACE STREETS.

Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases equalizes the circulation, cleanses and purifies the blood, cures Colds, Influenza, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung Diseases, Nervous and General Debility, Paley and Salt Rheum and all skin diseases.

It is the surest cure in cases of chills and fever and all malarial disorders.

Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Closed for cleaning on Saturday's.

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C. H. RUGG,

Successor to Morgan Bird,

Dealer in none but best quality Coal, such as Yeddo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring brook and Council Ridge Coal Well screened. Also Cord and Kindling Wood.

Orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.

No. 61 Park Avenue,

Bird's Yard,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 PLAINFIELD, N J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1887. Price Two Cents

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IS THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 42.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its great column daily furnishes a large quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employments and the class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that goes to constitute a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper, THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

The seventh annual convention of the Union County Sunday-school Association will convene today in the Presbyterian church. A large number of eminent clergymen will make addresses.

In response to a call for prayer by the World's W. C. T. U., for Nov. 12, a prayer-meeting will be held in the W. C. T. U. rooms at No. 25 West Front street, Saturday afternoon from three to five o'clock.

In response to the request of the New Jersey W. C. T. U., the Rev. Dr. Lewis will preach tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock in the Woman's W. C. T. U. work, from the theme: "Woman's Work For Woman." Strangers are welcome.

Thomas O'Connor, a track-walker employed by the Central Railroad Company, found the mangled remains of an unknown man near the Grasselville station, Wednesday night. It is supposed he was struck by a train while walking on the track.

It is said that the of late much-used phrase, "the humidity of the atmosphere," was first used by Dr. Van Meter, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church. It was recognized in his lecture delivered at Reform Hall last night and written as reported by the News.

Plainfield Engine Company, No. 2, was called out Monday evening to extinguish a bonfire of dried leaves which were burning in the City Park on Eighth street. The company took their apparatus to the place, and, after seeing that the fire would not spread, returned to the house.

The Somerville Unionist-Gazette charges the Somerset County Prohibition Party Executive Committee with violating the Postal laws by sending copies of their campaign quarterly newspaper *through the mails at* several less rates. Complaint has been made to the Postmaster General.

All Christian men are cordially and earnestly invited to be present at the Conversation Service to be held in the Y. M. C. A. Rooms Sunday afternoon o'clock p. m. The conductor will be T. C. Kissam. The influence of the meeting will tend greatly to prepare the mind and heart for the week of special prayer for young men.

Frank Whitehead of West Front street was eighty-seven years old last Friday. He is quite feeble. His daughter and her husband Mr. and Mrs. D. W. S. Lynch of Philadelphia and a daughter, Mrs. Julia Salter of Newark, N. J., are visiting at his home. Old Mr. Whitehead voted election day, assisted to the ballot box by Theodore J. Gillies.

The Emerald Benevolent Association of this city, held a meeting in St. Marcy's Hall at eight o'clock last evening. After the transaction of the regular business, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Edward Sheridan, president; Michael Dolan, vice-president; Thomas Gallagher, recording secretary; Patrick Dolan, financial secretary; Thomas Gallagher, treasurer; Thomas Dolan, marshal; Thomas Gallagher, Edward Sheridan and Michael Dolan, trustees.

An improved bridge over an overwhelming creek on Somerset street gave way yesterday afternoon, as no men stepped upon it. He further said that a dark object about approaching from that direction, shining his shine, throwing him into the mud, and damaging a fine overcoat and an umbrella. If the borough authorities would kindly respond respectfully answer to their good selectmen such accidents would not occur.

The talk to be given this evening in the Y. M. C. A. Rooms by Mr. Ernest E. Ackerman on "Reminiscences of a Trip to California," will be excessively interesting, and it is hoped that a number of the Association and friends will improve the opportunity of gaining information respecting places of interest. The talk will include the description of a visit to an ostrich farm and of a night in Chinatown.

Some one says that a pretty ball jump must be made out of a tin can, such as are found in many back yards and vacant lots, and covered over with tinkers cut in it. A smooth can makes a decent one side for fifty cents, and then each side is cut out and three plates, six in all, are laid flatter or saucer plates are put on. The plates are painted in imitation of glass, and the effect is beautiful. Wire is used and little holes are punched in and used as fancy design, and glass pendants are hung from the wire. Many people have tried it and have said that it cost less than $10. The real cost is $1.50 and a few hours' work.

Scarlet has gone into the United States language. Eastern newspapers, even those in Boston, use it without quotation marks. Webster is the word originally applied to the scarlet uniform worn by the servants at American Express Company in the colonial times and after. One Sunday afternoon a carriage was driven up to Bunker Hill Street, a small long gray haired man with a scarlet overcoat driver the horses, and a little boy was employed by the driver. Another crowd up the hill saw and heard the interesting news of the money. Will Hill's boy, coming at the police station, he said: "Say, mister, at the police station, he said: "Say, mister, at the police station, he said: "Say, mister,

Plainfield Evening News,

T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Is published every afternoon at

No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or by mail postage prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $6 per year payable in advance.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1887.

THE LAST SAD GREETINGS.

Final Visits of Wives and Sweethearts to the Condemned Men.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—Schwab was allowed to greet his wife in the office of Clerk Price yesterday morning. The meeting took place in a loving embrace, and then, with a hand of each in both of his, they were allowed to converse together.

Mrs. Spies came to the jail immediately after the news of the governor's decision reached the city. She was permitted to see her son. She was left with him in her clutches and came away crying: "Oh, my poor son! my poor son!"

Mrs. Fielden came next and was permitted to see her husband for a few minutes. She left crying in a

FITFUL AND HEARTBROKEN WAY.

Mrs. Van Zandt was also allowed to see Spies for a few minutes. She left in dismay and a cone entrance ensued. Spies sat down, and the heart broken girl held him in her arms as long as the guards would allow. Passionate kisses were exchanged at what each believed to be the last meeting on earth, as it was the first embrace they had enjoyed since their engagement and subsequent wedding. A reporter took the weeping girl home in a hansom cab.

Spies and Fischer were promptly informed of the governor's decision, but Parsons and Engel were kept in ignorance of their fate and that of their fellow Anarchists. Sheriff Matson stood ready to act according to the letter of the sentence of the scaffold for the execution of the Anarchists, and half a dozen carpenters and deputies were engaged in putting the machine of death in position, and

THE SOUND OF THE HAMMER

could be heard by the victims. Jailer Folz was in consultation with the sheriff at the jail last evening and it was agreed that the

After midnight the prisoners

The First and Second regiments were astir at their respective armories last night and had their arms and accoutrements in shape, in readiness for any disturbance. All of the men were supplied with forty rounds of ammunition.

The gallows was put up in the northeast corridor of the jail, where for many years all Cook county hangings have taken place. The scaffold is the same used in the hanging of the three Italian murderers, but it has been lengthened for the purpose of swinging off the four Anarchists at once. It is painted a dead brown color.

FINAL PRECAUTIONS.

Two Guards to Each Prisoner on Their Last Night on Earth.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—It was very quiet at the jail last night. "We've got things properly regulated now," said Jailer Folz. "We've got men enough to maintain a separate guard over each prisoner until the execution takes place." After the cells and the prisoners had been subjected to a thorough search, Spies was locked up until the evening, when he was supplied with a meal. Fischer to cell 28, on the second tier. Engel was placed in the jail office and Spies, Schwab and Fielden were taken to the library. There was a separate guard for each man, and they were not allowed to make a move without the knowledge of a trustworthy deputy sheriff. At 8 o'clock another change was made. Parsons was put in cell 4, Engel in 5, Fischer in 6 and Spies in 7, all on the ground tier and directly facing the entrance to the corridor. Spies and Fielden were put in the second tier, where their old cells are. Two guards were assigned to each cell.

SYMPATHY IN NEW YORK.

A Night Parade, with Draped Banners and Mournful Music.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Last night's parade of Socialists, intended as a protest against the hanging of the Chicago Anarchists, was a peaceable affair. About 6,000 men turned out. Two hundred policemen accompanied the procession, and the police reserves were held in readiness at the various station houses in case of trouble. The procession was accompanied by three bands of music with muffled drums, which played the "Marseillaise" and dirges. Many red flags, draped with black, were carried. At Union square a meeting was held, at which resolutions condemning the execution of the condemned men were passed. Herr Most and other noted Anarchists were to have spoken at the meeting, but this part of the programme was disadvantageous. The police think that if he had been any fiery speeches there might have been trouble.

The demonstration was distinctively one of silent protest. The mournful music and the absence of all shouting or disorder produced a unique effect. When the procession reached Tompkins Square it formed in the plaza before the hall, and the mass stood silently for a while until the word was given to move on.

A strong reserve force of police was distributed in the neighboring basements and cellars, and they looked out at the singular gathering with curiosity and some apprehension. Not the slightest disturbance, however, occurred.

Dispersed by the Police.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 11.—An announcement by small dodgers that there would be a meeting last night in Court street market space to express sympathy with the condemned Chicago Anarchists drew nearly 2,000 people together. No speaking was done and no action was made to begin the meeting, but the crowd kept increasing until 9 o'clock, when about 100 police appeared and dispersed it, and then the police patrol and the crowds prevented crowds from assembling. No arrests were made.

A Respite for the Boodlers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—It is settled that there will be no more boodle trials during the remainder of District Attorney Martine's term. The court of oyer and terminer will convene Nov. 21, Judge Van Brunt presiding. It will be crowded with business during the two weeks [illegible]

ESCAPED THE HANGMAN.

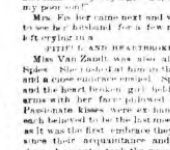
Louis Lingg and His Dynamite Cartridge.

A FRIGHTFUL SPECTACLE.

Executive Clemency for Fielden and Schwab.

Text of Governor Oglesby's Decision in the Appeal for Mercy—The Last Sad Greetings—Listening to the Sound of the Hammer—Capt. Black's Heroic Efforts to Save His Clients.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—Shortly after the condemned Anarchists had finished eating breakfast yesterday morning the watchers were startled by a loud explosion in Lingg's cell, and rushing thither they found the bold bomb maker weltering in his gore. Pieces of flesh, bone and clots of brain strewed the floor of the cell. Lingg's appearance was terrible.



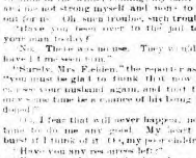
LOUIS LINGG.

Awful mangling, and in the fifty feet away, came from his throat it could be said that he had any mouth or face at all. Only the skin from its eyebrows to the jaw, and this flopped backward and forward as the abyssal rains held him up to keep him from falling, and even

THE GHASTLY GAPING

of his unspeakable wound was plainly visible. Such trouble as the physicians had to save his life! Such trouble! Such work and don't know it was all because of us."

And the cheerless looking room, with its bare floor, without a fire, at once sitting



FIELDEN IN HIS CELL.

room, kitchen and dining room, seemed enough to justify Mrs. Fielden in giving her first thoughts to her children.

Mrs. Lucy Parsons created a scene in the criminal court building about 10 o'clock last night. She walked down Michigan street to the main entrance and was admitted to the hallway by the armed guards. She had with her a lady friend. Apparently the door which leads to the jail yard she demanded permission to proceed. This was denied her by a deputy sheriff, who was acting under directions of Sheriff Matson.

"But I must go in and see my husband," exclaimed Mrs. Parsons.

"You cannot," was the firm reply.

Then the dusky wife of the Anarchist threw up her hands and fell to the tiled floor in a dead faint. It took over twenty minutes to bring her to consciousness, but when this was done she was escorted from the building. Parsons was not informed of the episode.

Just at the time this incident took place, ex-Sheriff Hanchett emerged from the jail cell room and went into Sheriff Matson's office. After a couple of minutes he came out bearing in his arms the ropes with which the men were to be hanged.

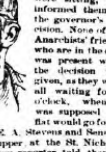
GOVERNOR OGLESBY'S VERDICT.

They Must All Die the Death but Fielden and Schwab.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Nov. 11.—The governor has commuted the sentences of Fielden and Schwab to imprisonment for life in the penitentiary, but refuses to interfere in the cases of the other men.

The governor made the announcement to the people at 7 o'clock last night, through his son, who was sent to the front door of the executive mansion, where a score or more of reporters were sitting, and informed them of the governor's decision. None of the Anarchists' friends who are in the city was present when the decision was given, as they were all waiting for 8 o'clock, when it was supposed the fiat would go forth.

FIELDEN.



SCHWAB.

George Schilling, E. A. Stevens and Senator Farwell were at supper at the St. Nicholas when a United Press reporter told them of the news of the governor's decision. All were visibly affected, but Schilling rallied first and said: "I felt on Wednesday that would be the way it would turn out." Neither of the others made comment. A Labor representative from Cleveland, who was sitting with them, leaned his head on his hand while the tears rolled down his cheek unheeded.

L. G. Oliver and the three Spies brothers, Christ, Ferdinand and Henry, called at the governor's mansion when they were met by some reporters, who broke to them the news that their brother must perish. Seen in the uncertain gaslight, their faces looked pitiful. The expression of pain that passed over the countenances of the young men was sad in the extreme. Tears rolled from their eyes, and, better than words could do it, their anguish was pictured in their tear-filled eyes and quivering lips. L. G. Oliver said: "I have done the best that I must now attend to my family and business."

Crowds surrounded the bulletins which have been posted in front of the newspaper offices. The general opinion is that the governor extended

ALL THE CLEMENCY HE COULD

do under the circumstances. Some are disposed to rail at what they term the governor's soft heartedness, but the majority approve the justice of the result. George Schilling wired at once to Capt. Black and the Anarchists' counsel here.

The formal decision, bearing the great seal of the state, was taken to Chicago last night on the 9 o'clock train by the governor's son and Private Secretary Robert Oglesby. They were met at the depot by Sheriff Matson, who forthwith received the warrant of the state to execute Fischer, Engel, Parsons and Spies.

The governor seemed very much affected by the adverse decision in regard to the men, which fills him with remorse to give. He is good natured face, usually beaming with smiles, bore a sorrowful look, mingled with firmness and pain. To sign the death warrant of those men and subsequently to pass many a mental struggle, and often a benevolent heart must have hesitated before the soft pleadings of pity and mercy could be stilled.

DEATH OR IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE.

That the decision was the result of the most careful, thoughtful and prayerful consideration on the part of Richard J. Oglesby's entire family is certain.

The following is the text of the governor's opinion in the case:

STATE OF ILLINOIS, EXECUTIVE OFFICE, SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 10, '87.

On the 20th day of August, now in the cook county jail, Chicago, Ill., Albert R. Parsons, Samuel Fielden, Michael Schwab, Adolph Fischer, George Engel and Louis Lingg were duly indicted, tried, convicted by a jury and afterwards sentenced to be hanged for the murder of Mathias J. Degan. An appeal was taken from the finding and sentence to the supreme court of the state. That court on a final hearing, at the May term, 1887, at Ottawa, unanimously affirmed the judgment of the court below. The case now comes before me on the petition of the counsel for conviction, praying for a commutation of the sentence of letters of Albert R. Parsons, Adolph Fischer, George Engel and Louis Lingg, pleading technical relapse, or a [illegible] upon it, "mercy or death," and presenting in the strong est possible manner every consideration of [illegible] against mercy or commutation of sentence I remained against that can be considered [illegible]

Pardon would be granted, which might imply any guilt whatever upon the part of either of them, would not be such a true action as they demand. Executive clemency is the only ground presented upon by the four who stand persons could in no proper sense be [illegible] an exercise of the constitutional authority that all executive communications and pardons, must be based upon the belief on my part of their entire innocence of the crime of which they were convicted. A careful consideration of the evidence in the record of the trial of the parties [illegible] as of all the legal and technical questions [illegible] in the record, has failed to produce upon my mind any impression sufficient to authorize me to [illegible] the executive grant of the trial court or of the supreme court affirming the guilt [illegible] parties.

Samuel Fielden, Michael Schwab and August Spies made a petition for executive clemency. Fielden and Schwab, in addition to the petition for pardon and supplementary petitions for the same [illegible]

While, as stated above, I am satisfied of the guilt of all the parties as found by the verdict of the jury, which was sustained by the judgments of the courts a most careful consideration of the whole subject leads me to the conclusion that the sentence of the law as to Samuel Fielden and Michael Schwab may be modified as to each of them, in the interest of humanity, and I therefore commute their sentences to imprisonment in the penitentiary for life.

As to all the other above named defendants I am clear that no modification of the sentence of the court. While I would gladly have come to a different conclusion in regard to the sentence of Defendants August Spies, Adolph Fischer, George Engel, Albert R. Parsons and Louis Lingg, I regret to say that under the solemn oaths of the obligations of my office I have been unable to do so.

RICHARD J. OGLESBY, Governor.

CAPT. BLACK'S HEROIC EFFORTS.

How the Anarchists' Counsel Clutched at Every Straw.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—The application for a writ of habeas corpus made by Attorney Moses Salomon on behalf of A. R. Parsons before Judge Tuley was yesterday afternoon denied by the judge. The grounds on which the writ was asked were that the judgment affirmed by the supreme court was against seven men and not against one; that the prisoner was not being in court when the sentence was passed, could not be executed under it; that the death warrant was illegal, because it did not run in the name of the people of the state of Illinois. These points were argued at length by Salomon and Messrs. Grinnell and Walker opposed. The court said he had no power or authority to correct the errors of the supreme court; that the governor was in authority to say and that the sheriff's process, if process it might be called, was legal. The issuance of the writ, said the court, under the circumstances, by judge, would be an abuse. Mr. Salomon said he would at once notify the sheriff that if he executed Parsons et al, he would be responsible for the act.

After the announcement of Judge Tuley's decision yesterday afternoon Capt. Black served the following notice on the sheriff.

To Carter H. Matson, sheriff of the county:

Sir: You are hereby notified that the prisoner under writ, or mandate from the clerk of the supreme court of Illinois, northern grand division, directing the execution by hanging of August Spies, Nov. 11, 1887, is inoperative, illegal and void, and that it is based and based upon an illegal, irregular and void no called judgment, and that you will be responsible for any act you attempt to carry said pretended order, mandate or so called judgment into execution of said Spies, and that you will be held legally responsible as for murder and civilly responsible for damages to said Spies, and without due warrant of law. Hereof take due notice.

WILLIAM P. BLACK,
Attorney for August Spies.

The sheriff has decided that he will not pay any attention to this last move, and in arriving at this decision he had some of the best legal advice he could get.

Capt. Black said his notice was so explicit and full that he could not add anything to it, except that he believed that the sheriff was bound to obey if he values his liberty.

"We shall ask the governor for a reprieve for whatever hell gives, thirty-six sixty days," said Capt. Black to a reporter of that New York telegram: I have every reason to believe with an assured belief that we can not get anything out of him. The man was the bomb thrower, but that he had no connection with and was an utter stranger to the condemned men. I go to urge the governor to grant a reprieve for sixty days."

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Nov. 11.—George Schilling received a dispatch from Capt. Black last evening to the effect that the bomb thrower had been located in New York, and that he asked the governor to grant a respite of a few days till investigation could be had. The governor said that he had already received a similar telegram from New York. Capt. Black also wired Schilling that he would arrive in Springfield at 4:40 this morning, but the other end of the line [illegible] for Parsons. Schilling remained over to meet Capt. Black.

The grounds upon which Capt. Black makes his last effort to save the life of his clients was the receipt of the following dispatch from New York, which he received at Chicago yesterday:

Capt. W. P. Black, Chicago:

I hold proof showing anxiety of anarchists to be innocent. Guilty man in New York located. Have requested governor to respite. Proof is under oath. How shall I communicate?

ARTHUR F. WARNER.

GERMANY'S CROWN PRINCE

FRESH ALARM CONCERNING HIS CONDITION.

Frederick William the Victim of a Cancer—The Performing of an Operation Would Endanger the Royal Patient's Life—Great Anxiety in Germany.

BERLIN, Nov. 11.—A dispatch from San Remo to the New York Herald says that Dr. Mackenzie admits that the growth in the crown prince's throat is a cancer and deprecates an operation, which, he declares, would be painful and dangerous. The crown princess also opposes an operation. This dispatch also says the crown prince will return to Berlin forthwith.

It is officially announced that the consultation of physicians at San Remo has not removed the fears concerning the crown prince's complaint which were recently held by Dr. Morell Mackenzie. Final decision regarding the further treatment of the patient has been postponed until after a microscopic examination of a portion of the growth has been made.

A dispatch received from San Remo by The National Gazette says: "An effective operation for the growth in the throat is impossible at present, owing to a recurrence of the swelling of the larynx. It will be necessary to wait until the swelling subsides, and it will be possible to make a careful examination can be made. The physicians will remain in attendance."

Nervous excitement prevail among all classes. The one question on everybody's lips is: "What will the next few hours bring?" The latest report from San Remo is to the effect that the crown prince is composed and personally writes telegrams for the emperor, but that he has not spoken since Saturday except in cases of absolute necessity. It is understood positively that all the doctors agree that the crown prince is afflicted with cancer, but that a further examination is needed to verify the opinion. A careful consideration of the evidence in the record of the trial of the parties [illegible] as of all legal and technical questions [illegible] in the record, has failed to produce upon my mind any impression sufficient to authorize me to [illegible] the executive grant of the trial court or of the supreme court affirming the guilt [illegible] parties.

Samuel Fielden, Michael Schwab and August Spies made a petition for executive clemency. Fielden and Schwab, in addition to the petition for pardon and supplementary petitions for the same [illegible]

While, as stated above, I am satisfied of the guilt of all the parties as found by the verdict of the jury, which was sustained by the judgments of the courts a most careful consideration of the whole subject leads me to the conclusion that the sentence of the law as to Samuel Fielden and Michael Schwab may be modified as to each of them, in the interest of humanity, and I therefore commute their sentences to imprisonment in the penitentiary for life.

As to all the other above named defendants I am clear that no modification of the sentence of the court. While I would gladly have come to a different conclusion in regard to the sentence of Defendants August Spies, Adolph Fischer, George Engel, Albert R. Parsons and Louis Lingg, I regret to say that under the solemn oaths of the obligations of my office I have been unable to do so.

RICHARD J. OGLESBY, Governor.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS CONDENSED.

Nine of the bandits captured by the military on the Rio Grande river have been executed.

Joseph Bachelor is a total wreck at the mouth of Yarmouth harbor, N. S. The crew were saved by life lines.

Returns received at Richmond show that the legislature of Virginia will be two-thirds Democratic in both branches.

Commissioner Miller estimates that the internal revenue receipts for the current fiscal year will exceed $130,000,000.

A convention of Confederate veterans was held in Charleston to agitate for a bill to secure pensions for disabled soldiers from the late war.

Policeman Bray shot and killed a negro desperado named George Grant, in Kansas City, on the spot where Grant killed Officer Tom Jones five years ago.

Cotton exports from the United States during October past aggregated 800,304 bales, valued at $39,971,448, against 605,838 bales, valued at $28,385,128, in October, 1886.

The Italian minister has notified the secretary of state that his government will do all in its power to prevent the departure of cholera infected vessels for the United States.

The developments in the trial of those implicated in the French decoration scandals are creating a sensation in Paris. A government inquiry has been ordered, and M. Wilson is confident will be carried out.

Mr. Justice and Mr. Mandeville will sue Magistrate Stokes for damages for illegal arrest and Police Inspector Creagh for assault.

Three tramps quarreled over a bottle of whisky near Pittsburg, Pa., and one of them, named John Sweeney, was fatally shot by John Nolan, one of the trio. The latter was arrested.

Incendiaries are operating in the vicinity of Carthage, N. Y., and the farmers are greatly excited.

The strike of the plantation hands in St. Mary's parish, La., has ended, as has also that of the oystermen at Bilexi.

O. H. Anderson, a lunatic, cut his throat with a razor in Chicago, while being taken to the lunatic hospital.

W. H. Harter, a Steubenville, O., jeweller, was arrested for complicity in the robbery of Beck's jewelry store at Uhrichsville, O., recently.

The demurrer to the complaint in the Mormon church suits at Salt Lake City, was overruled by the territorial supreme court on the 5th instant.

William Showers, of Harrisburg, Pa., the self-confessed murderer of his two grandchildren, has been permitted to withdraw his plea of guilty and will be granted a trial by jury.

The state convention of the Tennessee Temperance alliance organized yesterday by electing Governor Gen. G. G. Dibrell president. Six hundred delegates were in attendance.

Cardinal Gibbons arrived at Richmond, Va., and after confirming many candidates, ordinal visited several Catholic schools and institutions.

An explosion of giant powder killed two Italian laborers and seriously wounded five others at Pittston, Pa.

Owing to insufficient transportation facilities there is a scarcity of coal in New York and at other points on the Atlantic seaboard. The rolling stock of the coal roads is at present chiefly engaged in lake and other western shipments.

MCCABE HAS EXPIATED HIS CRIME.

He Submits His Head[illegible] to Meet the Executioner's Knife.

TRENTON, Pa., Nov. 11.—James McCabe, the negro murderer, was executed in the Hounsdale jail at 12:01 p. m. yesterday. The execution was witnessed by the hanging, which was conducted by Joseph Atkinson, of New York. After hanging eighteen minutes the body was cut down and delivered over to his friends. The funeral took place to-day.

Among those who witnessed the execution was James P. Reilly, brother of the murdered man, and the wife of McCabe with her children, had a long interview with the condemned man in the morning. It was a heartrending scene, and the man and wife were with difficulty separated. Mass was celebrated in the doomed man's cell at 6 o'clock. McCabe received the holy communion for the last time. After mass the condemned was in better spirits. He said: "Well, all is over now; I am ready to meet my God." He walked to the gallows at 11:45 leaning on the arm of his spiritual adviser, and with a firm step mounted the scaffold. The priest recited the prayers for the dead and McCabe answered in low tones. He kissed the crucifix and then shook hands with the sheriff. The black cap was adjusted and at 12:01 he was swung into eternity.

Shortage in the Cotton Crop.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—The report of the bureau of agriculture, showing a shortage in the cotton crop, caused great excitement on the Cotton Exchange yesterday. Sales were 278,200 bales, or larger than on any former single day for five years. Quotations advanced sixty points within a few moments, and nearly all early squeezed, though no failures were reported. Brokers had been working on a basis of a crop of 6,500,000 or 6,700,000 bales, therefore the report showed a total crop of only 6,300,000 bales.

Marriage in High Life.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11.—An interesting wedding, at which it was that of Miss Louise C. Wood, daughter of Thomas S. Wood, and George Ferris Farnes, of New York, which took place in the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Holy Trinity, the Rev. W. L. Ball, of Chester county, performing the ceremony.

Dr. McCosh Resigns.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 11.—Dr. McCosh has tendered his resignation as president of Princeton university, to take place in February. Dr. Patton, of Princeton Theological seminary, and Professor Shields, of the university, are both mentioned as likely to succeed Dr. McCosh, though nothing can yet be given.

Smallpox in a Jail.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 11.—A case of smallpox was discovered in the Raymond Street jail yesterday. The sick man was taken to the hospital and the jail thoroughly cleansed and disinfected. All the 100 inmates were vaccinated yesterday afternoon.

Appropriations of $2,988,250 Wanted.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The annual report of Commodore Beard, chief of the naval ordnance bureau, asks appropriations of $2,000,000 or of finance for new naval vessels and $988,250 to improve the armament of vessels now in service

15 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD.

Exploded by Forest Fire.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 11.—Rummel's powder mill, located three miles from this city, exploded this afternoon. The explosion was caused by forest fires.

Cancer Caused by Chewing Paper.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 11.—Edward M. Jewell, partner in the well known Jewell Paper Milling company of this city, died yesterday from cancer of the tongue, caused by chewing paper—a habit contracted in his school days.

Mysterious Disappearance.

FARWOOD, N. J., Nov. 11.—Mr. George Thomas, of this place, has been missing since Monday, and there is no clew to his whereabouts. Much anxiety is felt by his relatives and foul play is suspected.

She is now bound for the Antilles, where she has been ordered to cruise.

SATIN-LINED
OVERCOATS
and a large variety of Men and Boys Suits at astonishing low prices.
WERNER'S
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
MAMMOTH ONE PRICE
Clothing House,
30 West Front street.

RUBBER STAMPS.
Orders taken for all kinds of Rubber Stamps,
Rubber Type,
etc for Mercantile and Family use at less than
New York Prices.
Call and see samples and get prices at
ALLEN'S
The Stationer,
121 EAST FRONT STREET.

Ranges & Stoves
[illegible] the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of
House Furnishing Articles
Will be found at the well known store on the corner of Somerset and Dudley streets. Special attention called to the Duckbach Range which cannot be excelled
L. ANDERSON.

RICHARD DAY,
(Successor to Frank Day.)
Livery Stable,
NORTH AVENUE, Opp Depot, Plainfield.
CARRIAGES TO MEET ALL TRAINS.
Family Riding a Specialty.

S. W. WAKEFIELD,
ENGINEER
AND PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.
Special attention given to the heating of dwellings and private buildings by low pressure steam. Agent for the Dunning and Boyle Improved Self Feeding Steam Boiler. Send for illustrated catalogue. Repairing promptly done. Orders thankfully received.
OFFICE
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My Reference my work.

JOHN JOHNSON,
Dealer in
Best Quality Coal
Yard and Office, SOUTH AVENUE
Orders by Mail Promptly Attended to
P. O. BOX 1467.

TO THE PUBLIC!
We wish to inform our customers and the public generally that we have no hand the
BEST QUALITY OF
LEHIGH COAL,
Fresh from the Mines.
It is under cover and well protected from the weather. We are also prepared to deliver well screened coal by the wagon load. Hard and soft coal are also prepared to furnish all kinds of people. Lumber and Mason's Materials at Short Notice.
A. D. Cook and Bro.

NEW STORE
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
AND
Provisions.
Are serving their patrons as usual with the best goods that money will buy and at the lowest living rates. Call and see for yourself.

WEST END
COAL YARD,
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened or delivered at $5.85 per ton, prepaid to any part of the city. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to lay in coal. Office No. 19 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw,
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
REDUCED STREET, SOUTH PLAINFIELD
Agent for the following first-class companies: Germania, of New York, Hanover of New York, Home of New York, Ætna of Hartford.
Insurance effected on all kinds of property furniture and dwellings a specialty at lowest rates.
Money to Loan on first mortgages. Bargains in Real Estate. Houses rented and collections made. Prompt returns.
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
Weatherstrips,
Lubricating Oils,
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES, HARDWARE
PLUMBING, TINNING.
Stove and Furnace Repairs a specialty.
13 E. Front street.
Telephone Call 6.

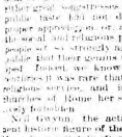
HENRY HANCHETT,
(Successor to Hanchett & Sparks)
GROCERS,
CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY.
Are serving their patrons as usual with the best goods that money will buy and at the lowest living rates. Call and see for yourself.

QUEENS OF SONG.

STORIES ABOUT WARBLERS SUGGESTED BY JENNY LIND'S DEATH.

Some Ever Took the Country so by Storm as the Swedish Nightingale, but Alboni, Patti, Grisi Alboni, Malibran and Others Have Sung Very Well.

SINCE the death of Jenny Lind all the old operagoers have been relating their reminiscences, and we have had many interesting stories about the various queens of song. Many have charmed the American people but none ever took the country so by storm as the Swedish Nightingale. Parepa-Rosa, Christine Nilsson, was loved for her womanly sweetness and admired for much for her grace and beauty, but she never had the power of her voice, while Patti, Alboni and Malibran had praise that has scarcely been heard since. Jenny Lind's success was so unparalleled in the history of music that it is hard to believe that there will be a great success it is but now the people had traditions of great singers in America they might be inclined to discredit the stories of the enthusiasm of twenty years ago. All the advantages of novelty in the perfection of advertising as practiced by a master of the art were therefore in favor of Jenny Lind's appearance in this country. Even when we consider the forces of the greatest singers of our time we find no similarity to her and a second fact that as we trace it back the line of noted singers seems to lead infallibly to some one who has the power to produce that same effect. The two great singers seen occasionally but other great singers were rare or the public have not developed to the proper appreciation of such a natural gift. The social and religious prejudices of the people of so strongly Puritan a nation as ours could have prevented such a success as Jenny Lind's. Nilsson is a good example. In America only one of the great lyric artists, Parepa-Rosa, was born in America. Nilsson, who she did in New York as Lucy Ashton, was born in Madrid, Spain, in 1843. She is now possibly the queen of song in Europe since the death of Jenny Lind. Her maturity of power for purity, range and flexibility, and she is also a delightful actress. While her life could be written with that of Malibran or the pupilage of Sophie Arnould's or Catarina Gabrielli's, yet she has had vicissitudes and now prefers to be called Mme. Patti Nilsson. Her marriage with the Marquis De Caux was naturally an event. Some for Patti is more an adventure. She is a European, and the marquis showed in the most brazen of ways that he was a husband "for revenue only." But as gossip is out of place let the singer tell her own story, which she does in a recent interview, thus: "Who should I return to a man who gambled away a good share of what I had acquired I was married to Nicolini in the Greek church, St. Petersburg, a few months after my separation from the Marquis De Caux. Though *well into the forties*, Patti has not a wrinkle, and is of striking beauty.

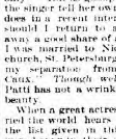


When a great actress is unhappily married the public hears all about it, yet of the list given in this article nearly all were happy in their domestic relations—Jenny Lind especially so. There is but one, Mme. Otto Goldschmidt—and Jenny—that they were eminently fitted for each other, and have lived together in all the happiness permitted to mortals. P. T. Barnum, who knew her better than any other man in America, gives a slight, by humorous account of the matter of fact way in which they contracted marriage. "Otto had hung around her a long time and finally decided to go back to Europe. Jenny was up in the interior of Massachusetts when she heard of it, and wrote the mild eyed German that if he would wait in Boston she would go down soon and marry him. And she did—very quietly. They wanted to avoid publicity. * * * You know she settled in London and lived very quietly. The last time she appeared in public was for some charitable purpose about seven years ago. Her voice was still tolerably well preserved, but the old magic had faded away. H e home, which was never very open visitors, has for six years been entirely closed, even to old friends."

Such were the closing years of the once world renowned "Swedish Nightingale," Jenny Lind.

Don M. Dickinson.

Don M. Dickinson, of Michigan, who is said to be slated for a cabinet position upon the elevation of Secretary Lamar to the supreme court, first came into national prominence upon the accession of Mr. Cleveland to the presidency, though he has long been one of the foremost lawyers of his state, the income from his practice being reputed at $20,000 per annum. Mr. Dickinson prior to 1884 had been the chairman of the Democratic state committee and had represented the state upon the national committee. Mr. Dickinson is credited with having had much to do with Michigan appointments during the present administration, but it has till lately been supposed that he had little ambition for a political position himself. Whatever inclinations that way he had were supposed to be toward the senate or the United States supreme court.



Don M. Dickinson

Thought He Was Too Personal.

A housemaid, after being a short time in her place, gave warning. Her mistress asked her what she had to find fault with, was the work too hard, or what? No, she had nothing to complain of or that could be remedied, but she was grieved at by the master at morning prayers.

Mistress inquires—What on earth do you mean, Mary? Your master does not pray at any one.

"Oh, yes, he does, marm; he prays at the every day, and I won't stand it any longer."

"What does he say, then?"

"Why, he says to the Lord, who hates nothing but the homemade."

Mistress, after a little reflection, asks further inquiry, ascertains that Mary has thus interpreted "O Lord, who hates nothing that Thou hast made."—London Society.

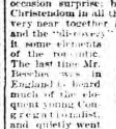
It has become a practice among the colored people of New York to insure the lives of their children in favor of the black undertaker.

RE. CHARLES A. BERRY.

The English Successor of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.

Henry Ward Beecher's successor is chosen, and he is the Rev. Charles A. Berry, of Queen Street Congregational church, Wolverhampton, Eng. That an Englishman should be elected to succeed the great representative American may occasion surprise; but the branches of Christendom all the world over are very near together in these latter days, and the "like every" of Mr Berry has in it some elements of the old stock. The last time Mr. Beecher was in England he staid much of the eloquent young Congregationalist, and quietly went one Sunday and took his place in the congregation. He was charmed to find that he sought an introduction after the service, became friends at once, and Mr Beecher Rev Charles A Berry invited Mr Berry to preside at his pulpit in Plymouth church when *ever he came to America the same this autumn*. Mr Beecher was no longer here; but Plymouth insisted on the engagement being kept, and as soon as they heard Mr Berry's sermon they said "Mr. Beecher's successor is found." A cablegram was sent to Thomas G. Shearman, then in London, to look up Mr. Berry's record; it was done, the result was satisfactory, the invitation to the new pastor to preside at Plymouth considers its final acceptance a certainty. It is true that Mr. Berry's present congregation objects to parting with him, but as Plymouth is able and determined, we need not doubt the result.

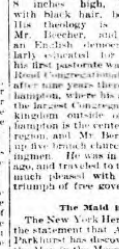
Mr Berry is 36 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, of athletic build, with black hair, beard and mustache. His theology is liberal as that of Mr. Beecher, and he bodies forth in an English democrat. He was regularly educated for the ministry, and his first pastorate was that of St. George's "in the Fields," a Congregational church in the kingdom outside of London. Wolverhampton is the center of the coal and iron region and Mr Berry has already built up five branch churches among the workingmen. He was in America seven years ago, and traveled to the border west, being much pleased with the orderliness of the triumph of free government.



Rev Charles A Berry

The Maid in the Moon.

The New York Herald is responsible for the statement that Astronomer Henry M. Parkhurst has discovered a companion for the Man in the Moon which he calls the Maid in the Moon. Here is a picture of the lunar damsel, as the venerable star gazer chimes to have photographed her. You mustn't doubt her existence, even if you cannot find her yourself. Nobody doubts the existence of the Man in the Moon, though not one person in a hundred has ever seen him. And of those who have seen him about half declare he is like a pack peddler, stooped and walking, while the

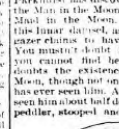


THE MAID IN THE MOON.

other half see only his face, which, they say, fills the entire disk. Mr. Parkhurst has named the maid in the moon Selene, and says she is seen best about nine days after the new moon. Her features and image are formed from what astronomers have called the Sea of Tranquillity, her headdress is the Sea of Cresium and the light shadows of her face are formed by the rays of the distant sun and the deep shadows of extinct volcanoes.

The Best Lady Tennis Player.

Miss Adelaide Robinson of the Ladies' Outdoor Sports club of Staten Island is the champion of her sex for the United States in playing tennis. She has won almost every game in which she has engaged, and this season has won all. At the Meadow club tournament at Southampton, L. I., July 26, both *sexes taking part*, and her principal partner won first prize, a handsome manicure set of silver. She won a similar prize at the Narragansett Pier contest of Aug. 15. With her partner, Miss Mary Clarke, of Staten Island, she has since won several valuable prizes. Her greatest success was at



MISS ADELAIDE ROBINSON.

the tennis tournament at Hastings-on-Hudson, Oct. 15, where she won three prizes against many of the best players in the United States.

Miss Robinson is a daughter of the late Beverly Robinson, and is among the most popular members of the Union club and New York Stock Exchange. She is rather petite in person, but so quick and graceful that playing is an artistic delight. She is so interested in the game that applause never disturbs her, and yet so cool that she never misses a point in the play. She is now considered the best in the United States, and those who have witnessed tennis in England are confident she would excel in an international contest. Organization of the tennis players of the United States is proceeding rapidly, and a sight of the handsome and healthy players is a pleasing contrast to that of the indoor belles of thirty years ago, whose weak frames, tight shoes and wasplish waists were constant subjects of satire.

Tobacco and Opium.

Turks, Hollanders and Chinese, according to Dr. Tissing, can use tobacco and opium without impairing their eyesight, but Americans suffer in heart, brain, eyes, *teeth, muscle and nerve. This heightened* nervous susceptibility being the result of combined physical, psychic political and social conditions.—New York Star

A GREAT BUILDING.

MANY AMUSEMENT PLACES UNDER ONE ROOF.

The New Madison Square Garden That is to be Built in the City of New York. How It Will Look and How It Will be Arranged.

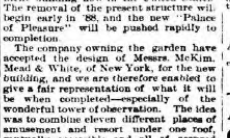
Madison square is by location and surroundings, by fashionable custom and common consent, the great social center for out town visitors. The square is formed by the intersection of Broadway and Fifth avenue, the abundant space and the elegant hotels and residences clustered about it, make it the great promenade for those who would see New York at leisure. And yet there is no open space in Madison Square garden as a very unsightly collection of sheds and brickwork. It is a noted place, too, and has been 5 times circus, menagerie, dancing hall, cattle fair, political wigwam and general place of resort. It was originally a freight depot, and has been remodeled in a variety of ways to suit dog shows, cat shows, baby shows and lamb and women shows, military balls, Philharmonic and Arion society balls, walking matches and athletic bicycle feats—in fact thousands of other popular entertainments. Yet all the shows there have maintained a sort of "home," the management has been good and so the good will of the place is unimpaired. Unsightly as the old structure is it is dear to New Yorkers, and they only rejoice in its destruction because there is to be erected in its place a magnificent structure sig- in size any amuse-

EXTERNAL VIEW.

ment building now in the United States The plans of the new structure will begin early in '88, and the new "Palace of Pleasure" will be pushed rapidly to completion

The company owning the garden have accepted the design of Messrs. McKim, Mead & White, of New York, for the new building, and the architects are asked to give a fair representation of what it will be when completed—especially of the wonderful tower of observation. The idea was to combine many different places of amusement and resort under one roof, mutually accessible and all of assured safety. The amphitheatre is to seat 5,000 people, the theatre 2,500, the concert hall 1,600, and the summer garden 1,500, while the ball room, supper room, restaurant, shops, and 1,000 rooms for lodging will to be ample. The theatre is also to have a stage 40x40 feet; the concert hall is 60x 120 feet, with a stage 28x40; the summer garden is to have a space of 2,000 square feet, and the rooms for "living purposes," so to speak, are in like grand proportions. Now, to the rural New Yorker the word "garden" conveys the idea of an open inclosure, in which flowers, fruit trees and vegetables follow nature's will, as it were, and take their chances with the sunlight, rain and bugs. To a city man it may mean something very different—a roofed inclosure, where the shrubs stand in boxes and where the "garden" part consists only in range and more freedom than in a parlor or public hall. In the new building, however, there will be a real bona fide garden on top; while from the summit of the tower almost every day you can see the gardens of New Jersey and Long Island.

The architects were told at the start that whatever feature was slightest, absolute safety to patrons must be secured. To this end the entire structure is to be of iron, brick, terra cotta and stone. Even the chairs of the amphitheatre and the stage rostrum are to be of iron; the floor to be of iron; the stables are to be of brick and iron, and all the halls and stairways are to be so ample and well arranged that the audience can depart in a few minutes without danger. The structure will be 200x425 feet, covering 85,000 square feet,



PLAN OF THE BUILDING.

and be three stories high. Perhaps the most complete section is the hippodrome on the ground floor, the dimensions being 342x120 feet, the rail inclosing the track being just seven-eighths of a mile long. But the most striking feature will be the tower, rising 300 feet and illuminated by powerful electric lights. The elevator will carry patrons to the summit from which New York and its environs will appear in vast panorama. The total cost of the building is estimated at $1,250,000; it will be fireproof, well heated, and lighted and ventilated

The mountain of *tin discovered near* Custer City, D. T., is said to be the most extensive body of tin yet found in the black hills.

Professional Cards.

DR. F. E. HENDRICKSON, *DENTIST*, Successor to Dr. R. W. Anderson; office, No. 13 East Front street. Gas administered.

B. FONGATE, ARCHITECT, North avenue, opposite depot, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES H. SMITH, ARCHITECT, No. 239 Broadway, New York, rooms 9 and 10. Residence, Seventh street, corner of Madison avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call 71

C. E. HOWARD, Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

DR. CHAS. R. THEIRS, DENTIST, 28 West Front street. A new local anæsthetic application for extracting teeth without pain. Call and try it painlessly.

ELECTRIC BATHS. Dr. Griffen is prepared to treat all nervous affections, chronic complaints, skin diseases, asthma, catarrh, rheumatism, dyspepsia, constipation and chronic diseases generally, by electricity and electric baths. Consultation free. Lady attendant for the ladies. 21 East Second street, corner of Washington street.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to any part of the country. Residence corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

J. F. RANDOLPH, Counselors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, *corner of* Park avenue and Second st.

J. H. FEISTER, Veterinary Surgeon. Office in Laing's old stand, corner of Front and Madison avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Day and night calls promptly attended to. Telephone Call 4 and 31. Consultation on diseases of all domesticated animals. Residence 22 East Fifth street.

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is the largest and most complete ever offered by this house. We call special attention to the vest; the best 75c vest; the best 41 vest; the best 25c vest; the best 19c vest. Ribbed Vests The Best 48c Shirts and Drawers.

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You can surely get suited here in this line of goods. Remember, we are now showing the largest assortment of handsome new

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May be found careful dispensers, who compound Physicians prescriptions with the utmost care. All prescriptions are checked so that accuracy may be insured. Only the best pharmaceutical products are used in our prescription Department.

The City Pharmacy is now the place to select

Choice Perfumes

and Toilet Requisites. We have Vichy and and Carbonic Acid Water in our new latest style of siphons.

The City Pharmacy will be open Sunday's for COMPOUNDING DRUGS and the SALE OF MEDICINES

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Our stock of Dress Goods have been selected with the greatest care, special attention being paid to the quality and colors. Our wide our prices will be as they have in the past, the lowest. In Ladies, Gents and Children's Underwear we can supply any size and quality both in red and white. Blankets and comforables we never sold as low as we are selling them this season. A good blanket for $1 and an extra heavy wool one for $1.50. You will find our prices in Notions, Trimmings, ribbons, corsets, buttons, yarns, and, in fact, on all our stock of notions and fancy goods, are away down. Come and see us and examine our goods and prices and you will be satisfied that White's is the best place to buy your goods.

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Funeral Directors,

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Educational.

MISS MEYER of 60 Pearl street will open a school for fancy sewing, crocheting and ladies handiwork, on Oct. 1. All ladies and children desiring to obtain instruction will please call at the above address for terms. Specimens of work can be seen at Edsall's on West Front street. 9 13 2m

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupils residence. Liberal terms to those in need of reform use. P. O. Box 1080.

ELOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss Albert, P. O. Box 1080.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls re-opens Sept. 26, at the avenue, corner of Washington street. For particulars address P. O. Box 808, Plainfield

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,

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Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS.

CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Jimerson & Coyne,

have opened a store at

16 East Front St.

where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as first-class

Merchant Tailors,

to examine their fine line of samples, which they make up to order, at prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

PARK HOUSE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J,

Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements may be made for parties and families. Table boarders and transient guests can be accommodated at reasonable rates. Terms reasonable.

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CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.

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GOOD Accommodations.

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200 Different styles of

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Window Glass

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Molasses Candy,

FLAXSEED and LEMON COUGH DROPS,

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We make all our candies. Opposite Post Office.

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Established 10 years. Repairing on Frame Clocks, Fine Jewelry and silverware a specialt

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Trains leave and are due to arrive in New York, foot of Liberty Street (Thames Street in effect Oct. 30, 1887.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.25, 5.45, 8.31, 7.08, *9.30, 7.30, 8.05, 9.32, 10.37, 11.30, 11.42, a. m.; 1.25, 2.37, 3.53, 4.57, 5.51, 6.30, 8.34, 8.54, 6.32 *8.55, *9.30, 11.26, p.m. Sunday at 3.25, 5.45, 8.31, 7.08, *9.30, 10.37, 11.30, 11.42, a. m.; 1.25, 2.37, 3.53, 4.57, 5.51, 6.30, 8.34, 8.54, 6.32 *8.55, *9.30, 11.26, p.m.

Leave New York at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m. 12.00 midnight. Sunday at 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m. 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m. 12.00 midnight.

Fare between New York and Plainfield, 75 cents.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.35, 7.14, 8.32 9.25 11.50, a. m., 2.16, 3.30, 4.56, 5.16 6.31, 6.02, 8.58, 7.41, 7.55, 8.08, 8.17, 11.07 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 10.14 a. m., 2.45 5.15, 6.45, 10.45 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.07, 6.35, 7.10, 7.59, 8.50, 11.10 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 3.05, 4.16, 5.35, 6.40, 7.40, 9.40, 10.40, 11.40 p. m. 12.40 night. Sunday at 9.50, 11.05 a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50 p. m.

Fare between Somerville and Plainfield 25 cents.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.34, 9.21 a. m. 4.05, 5.16, 6.34, 7.36, 8.38, 9.40, 11.40 p. m. Sunday at 5.10 a. m. 9.00 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.55 8.57 a. m., 12.10, 3.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.15 a. m., 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

8.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Pacific Connections; Bethlehem, Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge with Black Diamond Express for Lehigh, Lake Hopatcong, etc. Sundays for Easton, 7.14 a. m. Mauch Chunk, 8.32 a. m.

8.32 a. m.—For High Bridge Branch Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong Easton, Belvidere, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, etc.

9.21 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Pottsville, Williamsport, Sunbury, Lewisburg, Milton, Watkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

4.56 p. m.—For Easton, High Bridge branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, etc.

6.02 p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 8.27, 8.02, 11.08 a. m. 12.33, 3.51, 5.54 p. m. Sunday at 8.27 a. m. 5.54 p. m.

For Perth Amboy, 8.27, 5.43, 8.02, 11.08 12.33 p. m., 3.51, 5.25 6.54 p. m. Sunday at 8.27 a. m. 6.54 p. m.

For Matawan, 8.27, 5.43, 8.02, 11.08 a. m., 1.21, 12.33 5.25, 5.54 p. m. Sundays 8.27, 6.54 p. m.

Philadelphia and Philadelphia Via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44 a. m. 3.00, 4.46, 7.37 p. m. Sunday at 1.22, 8.14, 9.35 a. m. 6.20 p. m.

RETURNING

Leave Philadelphia, North and Chestnut Streets, at 8.30 9.30 11.40 a. m.; 1.15 3.45, 8.15, 7.00 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m., 5 00, 12.00 midnight.

Third and Berks Streets at 8.40, 9.05 10.30 a. m.; 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sundays at 8.10 a. m. 12.00 midnight.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker Streets, at 12.18, 9.10, 10.10, 11.35 a. m.; 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, 9.10, 10.10, 11.35 a. m. 1.25, 9.18 9.40, a. m. 6.15 p. m.

Tickets at reduced rates. For trains mark change care at Round Brook

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

Special Notices.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Cases Cured yearly? His mode of advertising would prove Fallacy if Dr. Bon's Instant Relief, a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Price 25 cents and $1. Be sure to keep in your house or room for immediate or prompt use. Sold by druggists. R. J. Shaw, druggist, Large size 50c and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS,

Floral designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice and delivered to any part of the city. Lincoln Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LADIES

Do your own dyeing at home, with Peerless Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. 10c. a package. 36 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brilliancy and Amount in Package. If your Dealer has not got the Color you want, send 10c. to us and we will send it to you by mail. For sale by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 8 23 87

George D. Morrison,

dealer in

FLOUR AND FEED,

NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

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BEST FLOUR.

This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

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In new and second-hand

House Furnishing

GOODS

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FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK

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UPHOLSTERING

call at the store of

F. S. POWLISON,

55 WEST FRONT STREET.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

and

MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Richmond streets, established in 1865, are now prepared to furnish at short notice, Castings for machinery, bridges, building columns, gearing, screws, worm wheels, screws, grate bars, furnace pots, stove grates, &c. Also Brass Castings of various other kinds of castings. Many of the castings are kept in stock. We have a large variety of patterns for whatever might be called for. Repairing done with the best of workmanship. Jobbing in machinery repairs, &c.

L. A.

THE JOYS OF LIFE.

A Few Nuggets of Wisdom About Our Home Pets.

I have received a letter asking for half a ream of advice at my lowest rates. The writer, a gentleman of quiet, refined taste, sedentary habit and a sparsity of hair, desires to cheer up the solitude of his home by introducing a pet, and wishes to know the variety of pet most suitable to the tranquil enjoyment he seeks, together with hints upon the maintenance and general care of the same and an approximate estimate of the cost.

Pets vary in size and temperament. The tastes of some men incline them to large pets and of others to small pets.

A man inclined to fickle complacence and wishing to lose no business even at home down his waistband by steady and invigorating exercise may safely indulge in a pet bear. There is nothing like a bear in the entire animal kingdom so well calculated to furnish a man with athletic pastime as well as solid beef.

Canaries are a little more refined affliction but are slightly more expensive. From a dozen to fifteen dollars will command a first-class songster. One pair of canaries turned loose in an unsuspecting family will wreck more happiness than any single creature's commission or agency.

If I felt that life was not complete without song I should endeavor to purchase music without the "accompaniment attachment."

I had a pair of canaries in June, 1874. In August I had some. Odor, eight, and by June, 1875, I had seven more and fifty-two of them. Then I had a small species and got ready for the fall. I tried to give the birds away, and I was glad to turn them loose, but all in vain, finally I consented to lend and had others lend me a dollar in payment of the operation. I counted seven on the third degree, and by the fifth I robbed the cradle.

A gentleman who has the blessing of a man for a wife should make his pet parrot the neighbors.

A bright and active parrot cost about $20 before he has learned how to swear or forgotten how to talk. He education being being valued at about $2 a word, it can readily be seen that finest proficiency must only be expected in birds costing from $100 up. The most economical way for a corpulent man or an elderly maiden lady to do is to buy the cheap parrot, hang it out of a window and let it work up the vocabulary of strong language from the neighbors.

I had a parrot once with a green body, a yellow head and a tail red, white and blue. One morning I was thoughtful and observant, and my mind benevolently sang "Old Hundred" to him. I expected various texts in his hearing, and to see what effect it would have on him a wholesome Christian education. Simultaneously, I shall freckled boy next door entered within range of the parrot, taking a morning constitutional. [illegible]

Altogether, [illegible] domesticated, and replaced [illegible] in a house with small children but I [illegible] regard it just as effective to leave [illegible] around, artfully spread upon doughnuts [illegible] other delicacies.

The most [illegible] and cost-relative pet I know of is a [illegible] turned frog. A boiled [illegible] hard which has been passed through a [illegible] machine and then stuffed with [illegible] does not grind, and it is necessary to [illegible] mouthpiece and ram his food down [illegible] keeping advice in this strong climate [illegible] with these trivial drawbacks he [illegible] and [illegible].

Horned [illegible] inclined in Arizona, and may be [illegible] to hand at the same low rates. [illegible] chicken, woodpeckers and other territorial pets.

A healthy [illegible] frog will always [illegible] fourteen [illegible] without moving and then may be [illegible] back, where he will sleep for [illegible] and the amusing trait exhibited [illegible] keeps mosquitoes from [illegible] mosquito-ridden, the owner [illegible] will need [illegible] and take a [illegible] portion of his surroundings, but this phenomenon [illegible] be expected to occur [illegible] a frog [illegible] four years, and in the presence [illegible] nicely nonseless, will not [illegible] person.

[illegible] to the higher enjoyment of life [illegible] best [illegible] of the most difficult problems [illegible] presented. There are [illegible] pets, as matrimony and [illegible] of the [illegible] countries do not go well together, and [illegible] buying [illegible] of the [illegible] the [illegible] with a [illegible] of the [illegible] and [illegible] a [illegible] of [illegible] pets [illegible] a [illegible] of [illegible] pleasure. I would [illegible] exercise [illegible] of [illegible] which will [illegible] no shell [illegible] [illegible] to pleasure others [illegible] the [illegible] or a horned [illegible] and [illegible] to [illegible] experiment. All other [illegible] prohibited and unsatisfactory. [illegible] Guy Carleton in New York World.

The English Way.

An impudent [illegible] journalist, while visiting a newspaper office in London, asked the proprietor [illegible] he ranked as the best editorial writer.

"Why, I [illegible] Samuel Mason," the proprietor replied.

"I suppose [illegible] his opinion is of his [illegible] work [illegible] discussion?"

"Oh, [illegible] Mason [illegible] his [illegible] although [illegible] a column about his [illegible] in full."—Indianapolis Traveler.

Mark Twain on Boom.

Colonel W. H. Smith, of Chicago, is [illegible] very much [illegible]. He is an accomplished [illegible] and has been through the German [illegible] of [illegible] which [illegible] to the philosophy and [illegible] in [illegible] properties [illegible] contempt for the frivolous and [illegible] work. Twain used to [illegible] Smith [illegible] [illegible] to [illegible] to [illegible] sorry off when Twain decided to [illegible] whatever had ever [illegible] it.

[illegible]

"Never?"

"Never. [illegible]

"Haven't heard of such a book."

This was [illegible] for even the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 · PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1887. Price Two Cents

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL No. 43.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our city alike. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the favorite medium for all kinds of advertisement for the sale or lease of help. For Boarding and Rooms and Board of furnished or unfurnished rooms can be obtained through any other medium, and the renewal is hardly necessary before the first issue of the ad. is seen and noted, as the constant demand upon the column daily testifies. In all that makes it the daily supplying general information to the entire The NEWS stands at the head of publication in this section at least.

SITTINGS.

The assessors' duty will be the starting with a number of special visits.

—The county officers elected last Tuesday will take the oath of office next Tuesday.

—The Electric Light Company are running the N. C. wire now in use for street lighting, with No. 8 wire. The latter is larger.

—Colored minstrelsy is again causing trouble. Three children in Elizabeth are reported to have been rendered ill—one of them critically—by eating it.

—The prayer meeting of the Young People's Association of the First Baptist church, which will be held as usual to-morrow afternoon at four o'clock.

—Michael, the two-year-old son of Veginzo and Catherine Arasso, Italians, living near Scribner's brickyard in North Plainfield, died yesterday afternoon after a short illness.

—The jury in the case of the State vs. Freddie Frank W. Bauer, indicted for indecent assault on sixteen-year-old Dora Reinhardt, yesterday brought in a verdict of not guilty.

—A correspondent who has a toboggan stored in the shed under the slide, would like to know if he will have to pay for its storage throughout the summer. He did not order it kept there, but went too late to get it.

—Edgar Smith, who resided in the Sparkman cottage on Elm street, Westfield, for the past year, fell a victim to the fever which has been prevalent in and died from the effects of it Monday morning at the Brooklyn City Hospital.

—The employees of the Potter Press Works are now paid off twice a month. The days set are the Friday preceding the 15th and the Friday preceding the 27th of each month. The pay day here-before was the 10th of each month.

—Michael Malloy of Green Brook Tanks had an arm broken in a fall through the railroad bridge as he was on his way home from Bound Brook Monday night. He was taken into the Elm Park Inn, where Dr. Compton attended him.

—Charles Dodgson, jr., will read selections from his father's works in the Stillman Music Hall to-night. The entertainment promises to be interesting and has a worthy object in view—the benefit of the Children's Home. The admission fee is fifty cents.

—Services will be held to-morrow at the Trinity Reformed church at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The pastor's subject in the evening will be "The Great Request." A service for and by young men will be held in the lecture Room at seven o'clock.

—Every Christian young man in the city is urged to attend the Consecration service at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, Sunday morning at nine o'clock. This will be the opening service of the Week of Prayer for young men.

—The services in the Park Avenue Baptist church to-morrow will include preaching by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Basil Dilks, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. The morning sermon will be to young men on the subject, "Keeping the Body Under." All young men are welcome.

—The corner-stone of St. Paul's Episcopal church of Bound Brook was laid at the corner of Church and Franklin streets this afternoon at three o'clock. The Rt. Rev. John Scarborough, D. D., Bishop of the Diocese of New Jersey, officiated. Services were held in the neighboring Congregational church.

—At the request of the Y. M. C. A., Dr. VanMeter's sermon in the Methodist Episcopal church to-morrow morning will be in the interest of young men. In the evening he will deliver the third lecture of the course, on "Foes of Jesus." Subject, "Archelaus the Ethnarch. Hours of service 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

—Judge Magie of Somerville has denied the motion for a new trial in the case of Philip Hatzell, and sentenced him to fifteen years in the State prison at hard labor. Hatzell was convicted of murder in the second degree for killing John Kelley, jr., of Boonton, for attempting to break into the bed-chamber of Hatzell's wife at night.

—The World yesterday published the full account of the hanging of the Chicago Anarchists two hours before it occurred, according to the Sun and to-day. Our local contemporary likewise manufactured absurd pictures of the death scenes and other matter pertaining thereto, and calls that enterprise. As we have often exposed its fraudulent character in other matters during the past four years, we shall not think it worth while further to expose its fraudulent character in this matter, unless it should excuse such imposition, if for no other reason than for the honor of the profession.

—The Presbyterian November Simultaneous Meetings begin next week. The prepared list for the Presbytery of Elizabeth is as follows: Elizabeth—Tuesday, November 15th, Rev. Geo. Alexander, D. D., Rev. A. Erdman, D. D., Chairman—Tuesday, November 15th, Rev. Edward Webb, Rev. H. G. Hinsdale, Plainfield—Tuesday, November 15th, Pres. Merrill E. Gates, Rev. T. F. White, D. D., Piscataway—Tuesday, November 15th, Rev. H. S. Butler, D. D., Rev. C. D. Shaw, D. D.; Rahway—Thursday, November 17th, Rev. A. Mitchell, D. D., Rev. P. F. Lewens, Westfield—Tuesday, November 15th, Rev. John Crawford, Rev. James Carter.

DISPUTING THE RETURNS.

The Board of Canvassers Have Some Warm Discussions.

A most sweet quarrels between James R. Hazlet, counsel for Samuel M. Oliver, and Judge Julius Augustus Fay, retained for Robert L. Crowell, were an interesting feature of yesterday's meeting of the Board of Canvassers at the Public Building. Mr. Hazlett was chosen and Judge Fay was more quiet than courteous. The Board declared James L. Miller, Republican, elected Senator by a plurality of 317. Other pluralities officially announced were: Assembly, First District, John J. Matthews, Democrat, 1,145; Assembly, Second District, Foster M. Voorhees, Republican, 900; Assembly, third District, John Ulrich, 671; Coroners, David M. Miller, M. D., Republican, 185, and Monroe B. Long, M. D., Republican, 197. At the conclusion of the canvass the Board

filed talk had not been completed, and an adjournment until one o'clock to-day was taken.

The only trouble about filling in all the figures on the vote for Sheriff is caused by reason of unnecessary work. The returns from the third polling district of the First Ward of Elizabeth. There the whole number of votes cast is recorded as 491, of which Glasby is credited with 259, Forsythe with 228, and McLeod with 5, making a total of 494; or three votes more than were said to have been polled.

In the returns for Surrogate the only mistake is in the Sixth Ward of Elizabeth. The whole number of votes is given as 490, of which Parrot is credited with 254, Gerber with 198, and Fay with 38, which makes a total of 491, or one vote over running.

In canvassing the returns for County Clerk the Board found several "clerical errors." The second polling district of Elizabeth's third ward gave the following figures: Total, 441; Huber, 125; Crowell, 315; Ryno, 0. Mr. English claimed that there had been other figures returned originally, giving Oliver 138 votes. This was admitted, but was ex, planned by Gen. Fay that 128 was copied by mistake and the error was noticed after the returns had been filed with the County Clerk. Then another sheet had been drafted with 128 substituted for 138.

Mr. Parrot said that the first returns had been signed by a majority of the Board of Election from the disputed district, while the second was signed by a minority.

Gen. Fay said that 138 would make the votes overrun the correct total by five, while 128 brings it inside.

Mr. English claimed that the second paper was illegal, and could have been made up only from figures actually found on the ballot tickets, as the legal tally-sheet was locked up inside the ballot box when the second draft was made. He said that the County Clerk ought to be instructed to keep both copies, as they would be needed when the case was taken before the Supreme Court.

Gen. Fay intimated that the clerk knew enough to keep his oath of office and went off into such a flowery speech that Mr. M. T. Hoagland, of the fifth ward of Elizabeth, found it necessary to ask if Gen. Fay were running the meeting.

From Springfield the returns read: Total, 146; Oliver, 88; Crowell, 44; Ryno, 30. The figures 88, 44 and 30 added together give 152, or six more than the whole number of votes cast. It is evident that probably the 44 for Crowell ought to be 34.

If the third ward of Plainfield only 301 votes were reported cast, but the totals—the sum of 278 for Oliver, 60 for Crowell and 18 for Ryno—is 362, or one vote too many.

It was announced that to-day's session would be taken up with an examination into these errors, and the election officers from the polls where the mistakes have occurred were subpœnaed as witnesses.

MR. CROWELL DECLARED CLERK.

But Mr. Oliver Will Demand a Recount at Once.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 12, 4 p. m.—After considerable discussion this afternoon all the doubtful returns were recorded unaltered, and minutes were made of the errors. There was no way of correcting the figures.

John L. Crowell, Democrat, was declared re-elected County Clerk by 13 majority over Samuel M. Oliver. James R. English, counsel for Mr. Oliver, filed a written protest and will demand a recount in the contested districts.

Frederick F. Glasby, Republican, was declared elected Sheriff by 726 plurality. Geo. T. Parrot, Republican, was declared elected Surrogate by a plurality of 472.

Gen. Fay was fully as officious as he was yesterday, and had to be censured by Mr. M. T. Hoagland, who was in turn rebuked by Edward Wheeler of Elizabeth and Mr. A. A. Pheasant of Summit. Mr. Pheasant went so far as to call Mr. Hoagland a liar and to say other pleasant things of him. There was, however, no trouble beyond words.

[The tabulated official returns will be published in full Monday.—Ed.

Presbyterian Meetings.

The series of meetings to be held in the New Jersey Synod in the interest of Presbyterian Foreign Missions will take place next week. In the Presbytery of New Brunswick services will be held on the 15th and conducted by the clergymen named below:

Bound Brook—Wednesday, November 16th, Rev. J. A. Davis, Rev. J. A. Liggett, D. D. Plainfield—Wednesday, November 16th, Rev. Charles Herr, Rev. H. H. Beadle.

Lambertville—Wednesday, November 16th, Rev. Wm. F. Ewing, Rev. Samuel Parry.

Milford—Thursday, November 17th, Rev. R. K. Kershaw, D. D., Rev. J. L. Haywood.

New Brunswick—Thursday, November 17th, Rev. T. F. White, D. D., Rev. W. R. Richards.

Pennington—Wednesday, November 16th, Rev. H. H. Beadle.

Princeton—Wednesday, November 16th, Pres. Merrill E. Gates, Rev. K. P. Ketcham, D. D., of Plainfield.

Trenton—Wednesday, November 16th, Rev. A. Mitchell, D. D., Rev. E. Kempshall, D. D.

The principal meeting in this city will be held next Tuesday.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

Excitement in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—It is rumored that two prowlers have been arrested in West Chicago and that when searched several dynamite bombs were found on them.

The excitement is not over yet, and until the four dead Anarchists are buried many fear that there is still danger in the air. The

procession for the funeral of the Haymarket property of the citizens have not been visibly lessened. In some places extra precautions have been taken. While the quiet that prevailed yesterday is an augury for good, still, business men, merchants and others realize that with the public burial of the hanged Reds there may be coupled demonstrations that may, before anyone can realize it, break out into disorder and riot.

All hope and pray that Chicago will speedily resume its wonted air of peace, and that this thriving metropolis of the West may never again be visited by another Haymarket horror. Public and private buildings are still being guarded, both by the regular police and special watchman, and will, in fact, be till after Monday.

The dead Anarchists are to be buried at noon to-morrow. August Spies' body will lie in state at the Aurora Turn Hall to-morrow morning. His funeral will be under the auspices of the Aurora Turn Verein, of which he was a prominent member. The body, which is now at the house of his mother, at No. 154 Bryson street, will be removed to the hall early in the morning.

The funerals of the other men will be held at the residences of their families, and Lingg's will be held at Mrs. Engel's home.

Twenty Years for Murder.

CHEBOYGAN, Mich., Nov. 12.—Peter Deegan was found guilty yesterday of murder in the second degree. Judge Gibson sentenced him to twenty years in the State Prison. The defense will make an appeal.

He Spoke From the Scaffold.

LAFAYETTE, Ore., Nov. 15.—Richard E. Warple was hanged at ten minutes to one yesterday for the murder of David Corker. He made a long speech declaring his hanging a judicial murder, and blamed the Freemasons for it. He denounced the lawyers who defended him as his worst enemies. He died of strangulation in twelve minutes.

A Freight Train Smashes.

RAHWAY, Nov. 12.—Early this morning a Lehigh Valley freight train on the Penn. Railroad at Houtenville, near here, got separated and, running together again, wrecked the cars, delaying travel for several hours. No lives lost.

Traveling by Proxy.

Last evening at Association Hall an appreciative audience of young men greeted Ernest Ackerman, who conducted an excursion "Across the Continent in Forty Minutes." The trip was made via the Northern Pacific to St. Paul, thence south to Kansas City, via the Southern Pacific to Los Angels, and finally by steamer on the Pacific to San Francisco.

Mr. Ackerman is a young man who has traveled extensively in the United States on business; he has formed the habits of observation and investigation which make him both an entertaining and instructive companion. In the talk last evening the descriptions of an ostrich farm and of Chinatown were especially interesting. At the close the audience by unanimous vote tendered their thanks to Mr. Ackerman for the entertainment.

Is "McGinnis" the Man?

Walter McGinnis, a good-looking young man, has been arrested at Elizabeth on suspicion of being the burglar who broke into and robbed the Pennsylvania Railroad station at Metuchen Wednesday night, and is now locked up in the county jail, pending the arrival of officers from Middlesex county, who have been notified of the arrest. They were expected at Elizabeth last night, but did not show up. McGinnis has a bruise over the eye and wore a light overcoat. When arrested he was inquiring for a place where he could sell some second-hand clothing. His description tallies with that of the Metuchen thief. He admits the name he gives is assumed, but refuses to tell his real name, saying he did not want to bring disgrace on his relatives.

Somerset's Freeholders.

The Somerset County Board of Freeholders met last Wednesday in Somerville.

The Finance Committee reported, and on motion of Mr. Vreeland the County Collector was authorized to borrow in anticipation of taxes an amount not exceeding $5,000.

Messrs. Helderbrant, Kirch, Haver, Ballentine and the Director were appointed a committee with power to act on the bridge over Dead River, near Jonathan Moores, below John Akin's.

Bills were considered and laid over.

The Board dined at the Ten Eyck House.

—A report current on the streets yesterday afternoon that a brakeman on the one o'clock freight train seriously crushed one of his hands while engaged coupling cars at the freight house is denied by the employees at the freight house.

A MISSING MAN.

Details of the Disappearance of George Thomae.

Concerning the mysterious disappearance of George Thomae, of Fanwood, sketchy mention was made in this paper, The Newark News has the following to-day:

"Thomae's relatives and friends have no clue to his whereabouts, and it is feared he may have met with foul play or committed suicide while temporarily insane. Four years ago Mr. Thomae, who is of Fanwood, began to show signs of insanity. These signs culminated in a mountain climb to the top of Watchung mountain, about two miles from the station, and he was found there by his brother-in-law, Mrs. Van Dyke, and J. E. Lowry, his brother-in-law, he is of the type of a country gentleman, owning his own buildings and regarded by them as a man of independent means.

Last Friday, Mr. Thomae, accompanied by Mrs. Van Dyke, Mr. Lowry and Mr. Thomae's son, Oswald Ward, J. A. Dunham, Oswald Ward, J. A. Dunham, Oswald Ward, J. A. Dunham

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SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1887.

SAVED FROM CANNIBALISM.

Terrible sufferings of the crew of a shipwrecked bark.

[illegible] Angeles [illegible]

[illegible] Captain [illegible]

[illegible] Yesterday [illegible]

[illegible] Captain [illegible]

[illegible] Captain [illegible]

[illegible] Captain

THE BRAVE OLD KAISER

BREAKS DOWN WHEN TOLD OF HIS SON'S RELAPSE.

Prince William in Conference with His Father's Physicians—Rumor of the Emperor sudden Illness—The Crown Prince Aware of His Precarious Condition.

PRINCE WILLIAM.

throat, and all agreed upon the advisability of using palliatives only until the new surface tissue which has appeared shall have vanished or become materially smaller. The examination showed that the throat was in better condition. There was a less congestive appearance and the tumor was already smaller. The malignant growth was more visible. The physicians will have another consultation to-day. Dr. Mackenzie intends to return to London on Monday, if it is found impossible to extract the growth through the mouth before his departure. In that case Dr. Krause will undertake an operation, if the symptoms are favorable. No decision concerning the operation will be arrived at until the tumor disappears. The general health of the crown prince is excellent.

A dispatch to The National Zeitung says that Dr. Schroeter adheres to the opinion that the malady is of a cancerous nature and that his royal highness is about to leave San Remo.

Prince William who, in the event of his father's death, will inherit the title of crown prince of Germany, with the right of succession to the throne of the empire, held a council at San Remo yesterday with the physicians who are attending his father, and questioned each as to what course he would advise in the treatment of the crown prince. He asked Dr. Mackenzie to make a drawing of his father's vocal chords, larynx and the new growth.

Empress Augusta is ailing, but the report that she is partially paralyzed and has had a stroke of apoplexy is not confirmed.

The latest advices from San Remo say that when the crown prince was first informed of the change in the nature of his illness a shadow passed over his face and he said: "I thought it would be something of that sort." He soon regained his cheerfulness, and wrote to his mother not to take the news too seriously, adding that he looked confidently to the future and placed his hopes in God.

The crown prince's doctor informs a correspondent that the chances of eventually saving the patient are infinitesimal—hardly one in twenty.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS CONDENSED.

The cable brings news from Paris that a storm is about to break on Wilson's head. President Grevy says Wilson is innocent, and that he will yet confound his enemies. Should he be proved guilty, however, he will resign.

More repressive measures as regards Ireland have been decided upon at a council of the British cabinet.

Philadelphia social circles are agitated over the details of a divorce suit.

A young German lady caused a social sensation in New Haven, Conn., by claiming Dr. William W. Hotchkiss, a well known physician, as her husband.

A verdict was given in a New York court compelling the executor of Gen. Lloyd Aspinwall to pay for the use of horses engaged for himself and associate officers, Gen. Hancock at Gen. Grant's funeral.

A wholesale jail delivery took place at Lake Charles, La., on Thursday night, fifteen being those overpowering the guards and securing their liberty. A posse of citizens is now in pursuit.

An explosion of fire damp in the Blythe mines of the Youngstown and Ashtabula Coke and Coal company, at Robbins Station, near Petersburg, killed William Wash, the mine boss, and David Thompson, miner.

Heavy falls of snow are reported from various points in Vermont. The Mohawk valley, in New York state, is also covered with a thick layer of white.

It is stated that ten students of William college, implicated in the Choate hazing, have been suspended.

The Montreal grand jury has quashed the indictments in the case of the aldermen against Graham for criminal libel.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Checking the Spread of Diphtheria—Light Bed Covering and Quiet Sleep.

Frequent reports of the ravages of that dread disease, diphtheria, give additional interest just now to the statement of a writer in The Medical Journal, to the effect that the most convenient way to treat the throat when diphtheria has [illegible] is to paint it [illegible] with a solution of [illegible] in the proportion of [illegible] to the ounce. If the [illegible] is [illegible] the throat [illegible] the [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] will [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] the [illegible] of

MR. SMATHERS DRIVES A TACK,

And the Crystallization Process Sets in Rapidly.

THE happiness of a fifteen-pound child has recently been described in many and various ways, the writers in the majority of cases being parents of the infant in question. Mrs. Smathers, however, in One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street, and the second of that name, has a new way of putting it. Her child just Peaches and cream. Mrs. Smathers has long been proud of her baby's complexion, and when it made its appearance on the 3d of the three blocks on a visit, Peaches and cream was the only phrase that could be applied to it. Mrs. Smathers' cheeks were a mark of extraordinary interest.

[illegible] formally [illegible] the family [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1887. Price Two Cents

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 42.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertising rates pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

Coggles and odds are very much in fashion now.

Thanksgiving visits and dinners are being arranged for.

In the newspaper world as in the blood, condition tells.

The Y. M. C. A. "Sciences" will meet for their monthly this evening at nine o'clock.

Cold weather is almost here and look after matters, while mild soothing engage at present.

"Myself" which is sometimes used is not to be found in Webster's dictionary.

The Consecration services held in the Y. M. C. A. Rooms yesterday morning was largely attended.

On Nov. 22 the Central Railroad Company will reduce the toll on Lehigh coal from 75 to 25 cents per ton.

A large number of members of Franklin council No. 11, Jr. O. U. A. M. of this city will visit the council of Rahway this evening.

The regular monthly business meeting of the Y. M. C. A. will be held in their rooms, 55 East Front street, on Tuesday afternoon, Nov. 15th at four o'clock.

There will be an adjourned meeting of the Excise Reformers Association this evening in the rooms at 8 o'clock, and business of importance will be transacted.

The last meeting of the Homemaid Lace Fringe Club of North Plainfield will be held at Mrs. Daniel C. Allen's residence on Craig Place next Thursday evening.

The night gang, which for some time past has been employed at the Scott Press Works, was taken off on Saturday night and will hereafter be employed during the day.

On Friday afternoon a brakeman, named Kennedy on the Lehigh Valley railroad, had his hand taken off while coupling cars at Mauch Chunk. His arm was amputated below the elbow and he died.

A cordial welcome awaits every young man at the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this morning. Leader—Rev. Cornelius Scudder. Topic—"Victory depends on Prayer." Exod 17: 8-16.

The meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms this evening at 8 o'clock will be conducted by Rev. Cornelius Scudder, and it is hoped that every young man will plan to be present not only to-night, but at the meetings to be held on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings.

The Union County School convention met Friday afternoon and evening at Crescent Avenue. The evening session Rev. Robert V. Pearce, of Philadelphia, delivered an address on "Our Boys." Miss Lizzie Hooker of Elizabeth rendered several fine solos. A large and efficient corps of singers were in attendance.

A correspondent, motioning as a cheat, complains that we refuse to trust him for a cheap advertisement, disguised in the form of a communication, written under the pretence that it was a reply to Arcadian Teale's communication in Tue News urging the amendment of a building inspector to protect Plainfield from Bulstrode buildings and cheats, and save the city from danger.

Last Friday The News published the statement of a lawyer for the defense who claimed that it was improbable that any of the carriage cases would be tried at this spring of term. The correspondent has evidently been misled. Trial in the VanNest cases was, through the indefatigable efforts of Prosecutor Wm. R. Wilson and Corporation Counsel [illegible], pushed to a conclusion.

A $2,000 Big Missing.

"I want to get to Bound Brook on business," said a youthful and well-dressed stranger to Madison Berdine, proprietor of the livery stable at Harlem and Neal Dodds streets, New Brunswick, on Saturday. A turnout worth $2,000 is definitely known to the young man and he rode away. But the livery became alarmed when the driver had reported the case to Chief Bodine, who has had to deal with a number of cases of horse property. Detective Otis Bodine, Henry Hess at night, but failed [illegible] of the turnout. It is believed [illegible] across the range [illegible] Plainfield, where it [illegible] Bodine is posted upon as one [illegible] horse dealers in Middlesex, and would readily spot immediately by [illegible] Bodine has been shaped.

The Chautauqua Circle.

The meetings of Plainfield's Chautauqua Circle for the [illegible] will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, No. 55 East Front street.

The committee is as follows:

AMERICAN HISTORY.
Section 1 William Penn Mrs. Robert Gorton
" 2 Benjamin Franklin Miss Ann Green
" 3 The Early Settlements of the Middle States Mrs. F. Cannon
" 4 The Declaration of Independence Miss Mary W. Martin
" 5 The Struggle for Nationality Mrs. Wharton
Lewis Miss Lillie Van Marter
SCIENCE AND MUSIC AMERICAN LITERATURE.
Cotton Mather Henry Morrison
Jonathan Edwards Miss Radford
Tom Paine Dr. Van Meter
Alexander Hamilton Miss Gussie Lewis

Quarterly meeting of the entire circle on Monday evening, Dec. 5th, to be opened with a Reception, in a manner befitting our guidance.

The members will recite in concert article one, sections one and two of the Constitution of the United States.

"FIRE-BUGS" ON TRIAL.

THE CARMAN PARSE CASE IN COURT AT LAST.

Horace and Lewis VanNest on the Rack Together—The Old Story Retold and New Testimony Added—The Proceedings in Detail.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 14.—Both with anxious faces—Horace flushed and Lewis pale—the VanNest brothers sat with their counsel in the Union County Jail Room today, and listened eagerly to the testimony in one of the arson cases in it was heaped up against them. Prosecutor Wm. R. Wilson of Elizabeth, ably assisted by Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh, conducted the State's side of the case, and Messrs. Berdine against Ex-Congressman Alvah A. Clark of Somerville, Ex-County Attorney Fred. C. Marsh of Elizabeth, and Wm. R. Codington and A. P. Miller of Plainfield, who were the lawyers for the defense. The interest in most always No. 38, jointly charging John M. Jackson and Horace and Lewis VanNest with being the incendiary authors of the well-known Carman Parse fire.

From 10:15 to 10:30 Judges McCormick, Hyer and Harper patiently heard challenge after challenge in the selection of a jury, and it was after eleven o'clock before the trial was begun.

George Lantz of Elizabeth was the first juryman called. He took the foreman's seat. The other jurors chosen were: Wm. H. Hendrickson of Roselle, Jr., Crane of Linden, Wm. L. Bonnel of Union, Louis C. *Wurst of Elizabeth, Philip Kress of Elizabeth* could be no acclimation, John M. Morris of Elizabeth an alleged fireman, Patrick Howe of Elizabeth, Edward Miller of Fanwood, Peter Fleming of Elizabeth, Jr., Wm. L. Daughenty and F. Edward Kratz also of Elizabeth.

Horace VanNest took his full allowance of challenges—twenty in number. Those excused from him were: John H. Fisher of Plainfield, Jeremiah Higgins of Springfield, Peter Fleming, Jr., Samuel A. Kline, T. Van Derveer of Elizabeth, Samuel A. Squier of Rahway, Daniel B. Shinick of Plainfield, Alonzo Hetfield or Enzeth and John Stem of Elizabeth. Marsh H. Tucker of Elizabeth, H. N. Oliver of Rahway, Henry Capelle of Rahway, Edward Winans of Cranford, Hiram Smith Clark, John Ethelbert Cook, Henry Bennett of Union, Isaac Bunn of Rahway, James B. Wade of Union, James Hayes of Rahway and Wm. VanCuilenburg of Fanwood.

Lewis VanNest challenge three. John C. Miller of Plainfield, Sanford F. Roll of Rahway and Charles T. Conry of Springfield.

The State also made three challenges. Matthias Y. Syron, Robert W. Fulton and William Morton, all of Elizabeth.

Prosecutor Wilson gave

A BRIEF REVIEW OF THE CASE

as follows:

"Mr. Parse is the cashier of the First National Bank in Plainfield. He owned a house situated on Seventh street near Grant avenue. Lewis and Horace VanNest occupied the house on the first floor. They were notified to move out and a fire occurred under suspicious circumstances.

CARMAN PARSE'S STORY.

Mr. Parse was the first witness called for the State. His story was the same as already told before Judge Clarke. He said:

"I live at Cedar Grove, Essex county. It was situated on Seventh street near Grant avenue. I allowed Lewis VanNest to live there rent-free. The house was destroyed by fire Tuesday, March 15. I made later arrangements with J. N. Honeyman to rent the place and took Lewis VanNest's lease."

Cross-examined by Fred. C. Marsh—The house was a mile out of the business centre of the town. Lewis was a peddler when I gave him permission to occupy my place.

He applied to me to be a tenant. No, he did not promise me $14 rent. I went to the house to him. Wm. A. Woodruff acting as the agent of Lewis, offered $15 a month, but after looking at the place Lewis refused to pay that sum. Then I gave him free tenancy. Mr. Jeffingham is my brother-in-law. He lived in the house part of March. I do not [illegible] before my house was burned. I think that it was Sunday that my house was burned. I have known Lewis VanNest two years. We were friendly. Lewis had one trouble [illegible] Lewis called upon me to [illegible] as soon as he could and would make room for Mr. Honeyman.

Re-direct by Craig A. Marsh—Before renting the house to Lewis I thought him a man of good character, but I found out later that he was circulating damaging stories about the dwelling, and I told him so.

HACKMAN JAMES MCCORMICK

testified as already published in THE NEWS, to his having been engaged by John M. Jackson, Horace and Lewis VanNest at Smith's saloon on the evening of March 15th, had to them the Parse place, which was burned that night.

FRANK A. POPE

testified to the father of the VanNest boys playing ghost in the house to give it a bad name, but the court ruled out the testimony.

ELIZABETH BOWLES

testified to moving into the house March 15th, and that Lewis VanNest told him on the 17th that he guessed some one would burn the Parse house because his boy had found some oily waste behind the kitchen stove. Lewis told me he also [illegible]. Mr. Honeyman went through the Parse house and saw the VanNest furniture, which he considered worth not more than $60. He noticed that the pumps were in order.

WM. C. PUTT

testified that the pumps were all out of order at the time the bolts having been removed, and that he heard the hose at the fire and been out. He held the nozzle and Lewis, Horace and Skinner held him.

The court took a recess at 12.45 for one hour.

—Doane & VanArsdale, the shoe merchants at 22 West Front street, have on exhibition at their store, quaint and interesting specimens in foot wear, from the Phillipine Island and Japan, which they invite all to call and see.

Union County Courts.

In the Union county courts, at Elizabeth, on Saturday, Judge McCormick passed sentence on a number of offenders. Barney Cavin and Joseph Campbell, liquor dealers, of Summit, pleaded guilty to selling on Sunday and were each fined $100. Thomas Shields, another saloon-keeper, also pleaded guilty to selling on Sunday. it being his second offense, he was fined $150. Edward G. Delany, another of the run-sellers, who stood trial and was found guilty, was fined $200 and costs. Miss Kate O'Brien, of Summit, who also was indicted for illegal selling of liquor, had her sentence suspended owing to a petition, signed by prominent citizens of the place being presented to the Court asking for clemency in her case. The efforts of the Law and Order League of the village of Summit, headed by Anthony Comstock, to suppress the violation of the Sabbath and punish the law-breakers, have thus been crowned with success.

Edward Salley, for assaulting Policeman Eckert, was sent next to one year in State prison.

William King, found guilty of the larceny of a horse and wagon from Henry Kwasi, an Elizabeth liveryman, was given three years in State prison.

Kate Rountree, whose father committed suicide at New Market Thursday because of the disgrace brought on him by her arrest, was next let out for sentence for petit larceny. She had been weeping continuously since the opening of her parent's funeral. The authorities say she is only technically guilty of the crime, and in view of the circumstances Judge McCormick suspended sentence. A collection was taken up in the court-room and handed to the girl to help her defray the expenses of her father's burial.

Thomas Cosgrove, indecent assault, sentenced to serve thirty days in the county jail.

Lawyer John J. Lawson appeared in his behalf.

Michael Cunningham, assault and battery, fined $10.

William Jackson, indecent assault, sentence suspended.

Joseph Lee, assault and battery, fined $10.

Patrick Garvan, assault and battery, fined $10.

Court then adjourned.

A Ruler on Probation.

"Archelaus the Ethnarch," the third of the series of recent widely interesting Sunday evening sermons on the "Foes of Christ," by Rev. Dr. Meter, was delivered in the Methodist church last evening to a large and appreciative audience. Of the most sagacious, yet cruel and unjust kings of Judea was the hope of the first session of the series. One of Herod's ten wives was a Samaritan, and to Herod she bore two sons. One of these was Archelaus. Herod's hatred of the Jews, was shown in his dying wish that they, subject to the power and will of the Roman Emperor, Augustus, should be ruled by Archelaus, a monster of cruelty. Some months after the death of Herod, which is understood to have occurred in April, Archelaus journeyed to Rome to be confirmed King of Judea. Fifty Jewish delegates followed after him, and with all the other numerous heirs of Herod appeared before Augustus to oppose Archelaus, all agreed as to his cruelty. They related how his soldiers had murdered 3,000 Jews in Jerusalem, and told of other deeds of cruelty, which he had committed. The result of the trial by Augustus appealed to his behalf, showing that it was the dying wish of Herod, whose great services to the Roman Empire could thus be recognized. Archelaus at the same time presented himself before Augustus, who raised him and made him the Ethnarch, that is, a ruler on probation, giving him wise council which he failed to heed, and, in response to an appeal from another deputation of citizens a few months later, relating their sufferings from his cruelty, he was buried from power and banished to Vienne in Gaul, also a Roman province. Archelaus was the only one who had ruled the Jews as an Ethnarch applying the subject to our day, Dr. Van-Meter said we should see that, as the Jews were oppressed by government, the poor, the unfortunate [illegible] oppressed [illegible] wheels of corporations and monopolies. The bombs of the anarchists which killed seven policemen in Chicago were not a blow at [illegible] *regularly if in response to the appeal* of Dr. Lewis at the opening of the entertainment many should avail themselves of the opportunity to become life members by paying $10 each.

A German Fair To-Night.

The fair for the benefit of the German Reformed church will open this evening at the new church on Craig Place, when the friends in Plainfield and North Plainfield of these worthy people will have an opportunity to see the result of their efforts to have a church of their own to worship in, and help them in their further efforts to furnish it. The fair is to be kept open every afternoon and evening during the week. Miss Emma Kurzhals, Miss Mollie Feller, Mamie Zook, Miss Bindle Bliman and Mrs. Marie Fike are competing for a gold ring which goes to the one bringing in the most money up to that time, and is to be awarded at the fair to-morrow evening. Each evening there is to be a new attraction. As a result of a vote taken last night on Thursday evening to the one making the most money for the fair to that date. The competitions in the last contest is Mrs. John Snyder and Miss Valentine Utzinger.

Saturday night a gold watch is to be awarded to the man collecting the most money. The competitors in the contest are Robert Schlereth and Frank C

—The recent publication of the Wm. M. Thackeray letters in Scribner's Magazine has made the life illustrating of correspondence somewhat of a craze. Several young people of Plainfield have, in adopting this hobby, added very good original sketches to the amateur art collections of their friends.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

A Wall Street Suspension.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The firm of J. S. Hatch & Co. suspended to-day.

Five Men Killed.

GLYNDON, Minn., Nov. 14.—Freight train No. 7 on the Manitoba road was run into at Averill siding at noon, yesterday by a stock train, and its caboose completely demolished, killing two men.

The "Bell-Punch" Ballot Box.

It is claimed that the new brand of ballot boxes used there, from New Jersey last election day, prevents effectually all possibility of ballot-box-stuffing. The boxes are a novel invention, and there are among our readers many ladies who will be glad to learn just what sort of a creature is this mysterious animal with which the sterner sex have so much to do.

As the cut shows, the new box is covered with four sides of glass. Woven wire is pressed into these plates of glass, which are literally set into the pillars at the corners, and into the top and bottom. The thick glass is perfectly transparent, so that it is a simple matter for the box holder to see that the voting tube makes the glass safe, and that, even when smashed with a hatchet, it holds together as firmly as ever.

THE NEW BALLOT BOX

The top of the ballot box contains the voting machinery. The peculiarity of this is that it will not register unless a ballot is first fed. It is impossible to turn the handle unless a ballot is put into the little hole that is shown in the cut. Then the voter turns the handle. This motion moves two wheels over which inked ribbon passes, making a printing machine. The ballot is caught by these wheels and stamped thus:

As the ballot [illegible] drops from the [illegible] it falls through to the bottom of the box a bell *rings and a numbering machine, the face* of which is shown in the cut at the top of the circular case containing the machinery, registers it.

It will be noticed that in the middle of the stamp, on the ticket, there is a little punch hole. This is to detect a dupli[illegible] ballot.

Dickens' Readings.

The entertainment for the benefit of that most excellent charity, the Children's Home, given in the form of reading from the works of Charles Dickens, by his son, the junior Charles, had a large and very fine audience, even for Plainfield, at Stillman Music Hall Saturday evening.

Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis, the pastor of the Seventh Day Baptist church, in his usual masterly manner introduced Mr. Dickens. The audience had already become familiar with the countenance of Mr. Dickens through THE NEWS, which published a likeness of him Oct. 17th last.

The first impression was that there was nothing remarkable about his appearance, *save that his voice when first heard was de*cidedly feminine. He read selections from David Copperfield. The story of Little Emily, the wandering merchant, the shipwreck and the death scene, were the parts of *David Copperfield selected, and as read* the impression grew that the voice just suited the subjects. Mr. Dickens also read Bob Sawyer's party, with Pickwick among the guests. He was applauded on several occasions [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

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And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or by mail postage prepaid to all parts of the United States at $5 per year payable in advance.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1887.

THE MEN OF THE MINES.

The Movement to Unite Them All in a National Organization.

BRAZIL, Ind., Nov. 13.—The coal miners of the United States, 250,000 strong, are divided into two national orders, the Federated Association of Miners and Mine Laborers and the District Assembly No. 135, Knights of Labor. An unfriendly rivalry exists between them, resulting in a lack of harmony and defeat in many interests of great importance to the craft. They have a numerous and discontented membership, neither showing signs of yielding. A movement has been on foot since the organization of the former, in 1885, to unite the bodies, but it failed. Then the latter's arbitrary and hostile views offended by the former, and this was followed a year ago by a proposition for a joint conference, which was rejected by the former. In September the latter's principal national convention and invited the former to join in the call.

The executive boards of the two organizations will meet at Columbus, O., Nov. 16, to outline a plan of action, and the convention will be held at Indianapolis in January. If a new order is not formed the Knights of Labor will lose 25,000 members in the assembly, and the great arbitration order that has largely done away with the strikes will be abandoned, though its principles will doubtless survive.

Marine Intelligence.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Arrived, steamers Aurania, Liverpool and Queenstown; Thingvalla, Copenhagen and Christiansand; Hollandia, Antwerp; La Bourgogne, Havre; Vorwarts, Bremen; Otranto, Newcastle; Seneca, Newport News and Norfolk; Roanoke, Richmond and Norfolk; Portland and Norfolk; Bermuda, St. Kitts; Hermann Hallett, Boston. Arrived out, steamers City of Richmond, from New York for Liverpool, has passed Fire Island; Rhein, from New York, at Havre; Servia, from New York, at Queenstown.

"Mat O'Rell" Arrives.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—When the steamer Germanic arrived at her wharf yesterday morning, one of the first passengers to land was M. Paul Blouet, almost as well known in this country as he is in Europe as "Max O'Rell," the name under which he contributed to his native press. An English life. M. Blouet was accompanied by his wife. They were met on the pier by Major Pond, the lecture manager, and before the day was over the distinguished writer will make his tour, and, escorted to the Everett house.

Carlisle for Speaker Again.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14. It is understood that Speaker Carlisle will be here in a day or two to confer with the president and Secretary Fairchild in regard to the revenue measure to be brought forward this winter. He is to be re-elected speaker of the house without opposition from the Democrats, and it is rumored that he will be willing, as soon as he has taken the oath of office, to call Hon. Roger Q. Mills to the chair, and request him to name a committee on elections.

No Convict Guard for O'Brien.

DUBLIN, Nov. 14. The action of the authorities of Tullamore in jail in stealing Mr. O'Brien's clothes while he was asleep, in order to deprive him of the convict garb, excites severe comment on all sides. Mr. O'Brien is still in the infirmary and refuses to leave his bed. He expressed his belief yesterday that he was likely to die at any moment, and declared that the authorities intended that their treatment of him should result fatally.

Drained with a Hatchet.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 14.—Frank Craddock, an Irishman, aged 34, was struck on the head with a hatchet and killed yesterday by Thomas Gunn, aged 24, during a quarrel in Craddock's rooms at 93 North Fifth street. Both men had been drinking. Craddock leaves a wife and five children destitute. Gunn gave himself up. He has a bad reputation. Craddock was a hard working man of good repute.

Crushed Through a Bridge.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., Nov. 14.—About 1 o'clock yesterday morning a frightful accident occurred on the Ohio Southern railroad near Greenfield. A Mogul engine and eight cars crashed through a bridge over Duck Creek to the rocks thirty feet below. The fireman, Jacob Hill, was so badly injured that he died yesterday afternoon. The engineer was also badly injured. The engine and cars were wrecked.

Murdered by Roughs.

ERIE, Pa., Nov. 14.—Charles Bonner, who came here from New York and went into the rag business, has met with a violent death. He had been on a protracted debauch, and had resolved to quit his riotous companions and started for home. On the way he met some roughs, who pummelled him into a state of helplessness and then rolled him into a ditch, where he died from exposure.

The New Postmaster General.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—It is stated here that Don M. Dickson, of Michigan, has written to President Cleveland accepting his offer of the position of postmaster general. This, it is believed by many, concludes the preliminary step that will lead to the transfer of Postmaster General Vilas to the head of the interior department and Secretary Lamar to the supreme court bench.

Pennsylvania's Official Vote.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 14.—Official returns from all counties in the state give Hart (Rep.), for state treasurer, a plurality of 41,888, a total vote of 599,226, and of 1,372 as compared with the vote for state treasurer in 1885, and 2,337 as compared with the vote for governor last year. These official figures in nearly all instances increased the vote for Hart over the earlier estimates.

A Present for the Pope.

QUEBEC, Nov. 14.—The provincial cabinet ministers have joined together and intend presenting the pope on the occasion of his jubilee with a massive silver and gold vessel worth several hundred dollars. A prominent ecclesiastic, who will leave for Rome shortly, will be the bearer of the present.

An Attempt at Suicide.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Byron H. Bird, of Bridgeport, Conn., attempted suicide with poison at the Grand Union hotel Saturday night, owing to disappointment in love and reverses in business. He will probably recover.

Weather Indications.

For Tuesday, in New Jersey, eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, and in New England, partly cloudy to fair, cooler weather, and northwest to westerly winds.

UNDERNEATH THE GROUND

DRAMATIC ENDING OF THE HAY-MARKET TRAGEDY.

The Monster Parade That Bore the Chicago Anarchists to Their Last Resting Place—Inflammatory Utterances, but No Violence Attempted.

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—Five high priests of anarchy were laid to rest yesterday afternoon. Lucid to rest, not as English murderers usually have been, with a hole in a cross corridor for a grave and a load of quicklime for its bed, but in a beautiful garden of the dead, beneath a mountain of fragrant flowers and the sweet notes of solemn hymns and passionate oratory, and the tears of thousands. Scores less honors could have been paid the hero or patriot than were showered by their sympathizers upon the rebels that contained the mortal remains of Spies, Parsons, Engel, Fischer and Lingg. Never, thoughtful men who saw the great outpouring of people, who were confronted with the red emblems of the Commune at every turn, who listened to the strains of the Marseillaise and the Internationale solemn

SAM COX'S BOOK.

EXTRACTS FROM THE DIVERSIONS OF A DIPLOMAT.

A Girls' School in Turkey Described and Pictured—The Interesting History of a Diver Who Was Recognized by Minister Cox as a Sometime New York Fakir.

Following are given some extracts from Hon. S. S. Cox's new book, "The Diversions of a Diplomat in Turkey."

Let me instance some of our diversions when all the legation take part in the dramatic performance.

With wild demonstrations, after the manner of all inevitables, except the Ottoman, a Greek fabricator seeks reclamation, in money, for the destruction of his notion on the Bosphorus, into which the screw propeller of our launch had made havoc. It was quite a comfort to know that, irrespective of rank, it was possible to plead the relation of a foreign minister to a claim founded in the wrongdoing of the claimant himself; for was not the Bosphorus our easement, our own waters, under the law of nations? And when the fisherman

KIPPAPAPOORS AND SUNSET COX.

goes in his infernal jalopy, had we not two native Moslem guards to protect our sacred person? It was not Greek meeting Greek about our fog, but Greek and Turk confronting. Thus, in our subordinates, we find safety and succor, and, at the same time, one of our pleasantries of the legation. Our dragoman, Kippapapoor, is quite an American citizen of Greek descent. Whether he was born aboard from Icaria or Thessaly, I did not inquire, probably the latter, as he had much to do with fighting the marine rebels. He presents himself and his case. He is a New Yorker, and has read Cox's and Homer's law. While diving to raise a vessel in the harbor, he is attacked by the native sponge fishers for disturbing the sponges. He had no license. He is jailed. He appealed unto the American Consul, as the Legation. It loved its case in full council. As he spoke no English, little French, some Turkish and much modern Greek, we called in all our aids to assist Dragoman Interpreter.

Have I not seen you before?" I asked him, after his counsels are understood and the talk takes a social air.

After much explanation he says:

"Sir, I am a sporter."

"Which American?"

"New!"

Here!"

"Ever in New York or Washington?"

"Oh, yes, oft; he promptly rejoined.

"Do you ever swim?" I blandly asked, tendering him a cigarette. He smiles a fishy smile and illumines the weed.

A GIRLS' SCHOOL IN TURKEY.

I know him by that smile. Dressed in spangled tights, as embodied Greek Spirit, Ballet, I had myself seen him, under water, smoking, in a tank.

"You are Kippapapoora, the famous diver, are you not?"

He looks surprised and pleased at the recognition.

"You are the man who drank schnapps under water. How are you, Kippapapoora?"

He becomes all open-mouth, and in his muddled style tells his troubles in the Homeric idiom all over again.

I asked him how long he could stay under water and how he does it. He shows us how to do it. He clutches his nose by his thumb and index finger and gathers unto his capacious chest a surplus revenue of atmosphere. His wheezy noise makes the legation tremble. The cupsula is alarmed and the knaves confounded.

When his performance is over I ask for his passport, as evidence of citizenship and a warrant for our protection. But it is not handy; so that the American Cæsar cannot intervene just now in the local laws to the classic sponger, not even for a descendant of Themistocles. Besides, he complains that he is impecunious. He must have help or starve.

I suspect divers modes of accumulation—a pun he never suspected.

"Why not work in the clear waters of the Bosphorus, raise boats and thus raise money?" He acquiesces and leaves.

Afterward he returns to say that he has had a job; had dived for a sunken vessel in the Bosphorus, but would not make terms than twenty piasters a day, and he had a family to support.

He could stay under water nearly as long as a porpoise, without a blow. What became of him I never knew, but he is a sample which diplomats will recognize as a class of sufferers who belong to all ages and are really, by their ragabond life, under none.

There has been much difficulty, though a great desire, in establishing Turkish schools for girls. This is a reform Mrs. Walker, in her book about Turkey, strongly urged in one of these schools to track drawing. Her picture of the school is a humorous one.

She has charge of some forty girls; some of them are matured women. They all rush into the edu-ational business, just as over young Princess did after the war, but a cigarette was more attractive to them than a slate and pencil, and the pedagogue more alluring than even making pictures in oil or water. Their minds ran more on matrimony than on depicting ruined temples and sunsets. Indeed, it is said that the most difficult school in a Turkish village of the Balkans is one where the master is much sought after. The more girls are selected to be scholars, the girls are assembled in the school, a stranger, bend, is the man entire. She produces a duffer in the class. The teacher makes inquiry.

"Who is she?"

She seems to know all the girls.

"For what purpose?" asks the artist teacher.

"You will see soon," reply the giggling beauties.

The old woman settles down in a special state to spend the time, and then leaves. Then the engagements are announced, and the girls go home. The school then becomes a sort of matrimonial bureau. After such a scene, those selected for matrimony begin to dress with extraordinary nicety and fantastic splendor. The grave were all their gravity and spiritual dresses, and with a new sense of consequence look and act a general air of manner.

Little by little northern men are getting the control of the best hotels in the south.

MRS. JAMES BROWN POTTER.

Is She or Is She Not a Good Actress? That Is the Question.

Have we another great American actress? Such is the question dramatic New York is asking about Mrs. James Brown Potter, who has just made her first appearance in the metropolis at the Fifth Avenue theatre before the most fashionable and critical audience ever gathered in New York. Indeed, the marvel of the audience, the array of eminent men and richly dressed women, have almost overshadowed the actress in the press reports. That Mrs. Potter is versatile is evi-

MRS. BROWN POTTER

denced by the astonishing variation among the critics, while last night's performances that she has no dramatic talent whatever, and can never be other than conventional and commonplace. And while the press critics differ in this amazing way, the unprofessionals are still worse, one set calling it an artistic character like birds of prey and the other going into raptures over her beauty and grace. But on one point there is unanimity—the fashionable audience was the most brilliant ever gathered in New York on a "first night." Over $12,000 had been paid for seats; the jewels and dresses of ladies blazed with diamonds, and even in those sections usually given up to people of limited incomes were crowded with the wealthy and fashionable. The society in which Mrs. Potter was not many years ago a leader was there en masse, and, to their honor be it said, they were determined to approve if possible. Fair and richly dressed ladies were plied in applause of every little sentence, and fashionable New York was emphatically gave notice that society does not propose to be cowed by an actress, if she becomes a great one. Foreign born actresses have of course had no large audiences but none to compare with that which Indeed, the Potter has had. Her art and the infallible leaders of society were all there.

Mrs. Potter's career as an actress began in amateur theatricals, where she was the best and brightest of the knit too as assists-ts and the parlors of the wealthiest as stages. In an unlucky hour for the managers then said, she "retired to the country" on an expensive summer before a fashionable audience. She woke up a week after to find herself famous—famous as the leader of the Cinderella Dramatic Club. Her success in private was answered by a torrent of editorial diffuse and praise. Dozens of offers of "star" engagements were promptly declined. Then she was approached by the managers of the Lyceum theatre and offered small parts. Still she declined. Then she was approached by Daniel Frohman, who begged her to appear in "Ours" at the Lyceum. Mrs. Potter consented, and her success in that play and in "Lady Clancarty" is still fresh in the memory of playgoers.

CURIOUS THINGS IN LIFE.

In Connecticut a gang of tramps killed and ate a farmer's dog that interfered with their feast.

John King, nearly died in the country near Plymouth, Mich., on account of an immense meal of raw rhubarb.

A man in Ogdensburg, N. Y., converted a toothpick into a jack. After his death $20 in gold was found secreted in the head and the pick plugged up with plaster of paris.

Farmer Biggerstaff, of Richmond, Ky., recently plowed up a dozen army crackers that had been there since the war

LITTLE LAUGHS.

Frank A. Munsey has written a book called "Afloat in a Great City." Mr. Munsey must have tried to cross Broadway after a February thaw.—Life.

A hen owned by a Norristown woman swallowed a needle fifteen years ago. A year later she sold the fowl. Recently she bought a spring chicken in market, and, while carving the bird she found the identical needle swallowed fifteen years previously. She recognized it by a defect in the eye. This incident is no more remarkable than some of the sentences and bird stories appearing in the western papers, but it is quite as true.—Norristown Herald.

Reserved seat ticket he used to be,
An usher now he's showing;
But now due credit I must give
To his politeness knowing.
And an affluent man now there he's seen,
Boston Courier.

Employer—Why do you have to stop to shave every period so often? Clerk—Because I write so fast.—New Haven Union.

In New York a few days ago the wife of Leander Ball left an umbrella in the street car. Ball found it, and when he got home he had married a fellow some time ago.—Norristown Herald.

While I have a lease—Mustard: Horrible stuff such as Chinamen use. Cayenne: Hush! the Prince of Wales and Wilde are coming. Ready be dizzy. I have an enormous [illegible] thing. I'll [illegible] you on—Harper's Bazar.

An umbrella, despite its power to open itself, is without language. It would be more to the point to know how to take your self in when it storms.—Lowell Courier-Citizen.

Beside the [illegible]
Where [illegible]
Where [illegible]
Where [illegible]
Where [illegible]
To [illegible]
Sat [illegible]
Where [illegible]
To [illegible]
Where [illegible]
To Sitting.

It is said that a case of tattooing generally worries a man to death. Still, I could stand it for a while.—Boston Herald.

The man who chooses a path and then [illegible] is [illegible] to [illegible] he [illegible] a [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1887. Price Two Cents

DRAWING THE NET.

WEAVING MESHES OF EVIDENCE AROUND THE VAN NESTS.

Many Witnesses Review the Old Story About the Mysterious Carman Parse Fire as Originally Told in "The News."

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 15.—A single shaft of sunlight beamed through one of the old-fashioned windows in the Union County Court House, during the early part of yesterday's proceedings, and lent somewhat of an air of cheerfulness to the gloomy room. But by the time the noon recess was over the sun had swung around to another quarter, and by the afternoon session of the trial of the Van Nests the gloom and atmosphere of semi-darkness had returned.

Before the day was ended the gas had to be lighted. At five o'clock the State had not examined more than one-half of the witness's on hand and Court was adjourned until this morning at ten o'clock.

The testimony in this case of the State against Horace and Louis VanNest—the Carman Parse affair—has now all the color of the Fairfield "shooting" cases—been chronicled and re-chronicled in THE NEWS. At last it is beginning to tell every detail to a jury of twelve men, who will, in a very short time, proceed to consider the evidence and to decide on a verdict.

The NEWS, which was the only Plainfield paper that had a staff representative at the trial, gave the morning's doings in yesterday's edition. The first witness of the afternoon was

WARREN HURT.

I was he said, at the Carman Parse fire. I noticed that the Van Nest brothers did nothing. I could perceive but little of what was going on at one time to help the house-nozzle. I saw several men attempt to enter the house through the front door, but it was locked. I climbed through a fair window into the room where Mr. Montgomery's goods were stored. The smoke was so dense that I couldn't stand it. Finally the front door was opened and I assisted in pumping a little water into the bath-room, but we didn't pump long before the water-supply was exhausted.

THADDEUS O. DOANE.

I have been a member of the Plainfield Fire Department for about two years, and have held the office of Chief. I am also a practical carpenter and builder. I remember the night I spent at one time to help the hose-nozzle. I helped several times to get into

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TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1887.

NEW JERSEY NEWS.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Nov. 15.—The Rev. E. A. Kozah, for many years a prominent clergyman of this place, has accepted a call to the Presbyterian church, of Ironton, O.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 15.—One of the most famous hunters in New Jersey, "Pat" Tracy, died here yesterday. He was a veteran in the war of the rebellion and fought in the Ninth New Jersey volunteers. He was about 50 years old, and made his home in Princeton. He died alone, while his family, who had been away, was on their way home.

SALEM, N. J., Nov. 15.—The quarterly meeting of the Cedarville colored church took place Sunday. Hundreds of colored people were in attendance. Toward night a gang of colored roughs, armed with guns, appeared at the church and soon a fight was in progress. Knives, razors and pistols were drawn, and two men, named Johnson and Bowden, were severely injured. A young colored man named George Parker is accused of firing the shots, and officers are in search of him.

HACKETTSTOWN, N. J., Nov. 15.—The monument to be placed over the grave of Governor Stephen Hopkins Hall Smith, has been placed in the plot purchased by the committee, to which the body was removed from the "poorground." The monument, a handsome marble covering, was the object of undisguised interest on Sunday, and the cemetery was thronged with visitors. The committee has not yet decided upon a proper ceremony to have an appropriate dedicatory service. The unveiling will probably take place on Thanksgiving day.

BURLINGTON, N. J., Nov. 15.—Martin W. Mellinger, the executor, who, it is now said, has took $400 belonging to his benefactor, Barclay Peak, and fled with a colored girl named Peak, sister of Barclay Peak, the colored murderer of Katie Anderson, has returned, and it is announced that he will make good the loss. Miss Anna C. Copeland, of Bordentown, Mellinger's intended wife, has also returned. Kemble recently fought a duel, and missed, as did his opponent, Mellinger, in which McClintock came off victorious. Having tired of Miss Peak, he has turned on Miss Anderson for his affections. Miss Peak, now in Palmyra, and she has resumed her duties in one of the shoe factories.

WOODBURY, N. J., Nov. 15.—Investigations of Gloucester county, N. J., are now being made by the grand jury into the case of the killing of Mrs. Barbara Kandle, of Unionville, is the murderer. Mrs. Kandle's daughter, who had been living with Dunham and his wife, now admits that she recently bought a pound of No. 4 shot for him, and a neighbor also admits that he lent Dunham a gun. The shot in the body of the two sons which were found in Mrs. Kandle's body. A suit of Dunham's clothes was missing. They have been found in a stack of corn-fodder behind the house and a pair of his shoes was found in the pump house. The coat, trousers and shoes were spotted with blood, and the shirt which Dunham had on the night he was arrested had blood spots on it. Dunham tried to wash these latter out while he was in his bath. The wash-bowl in which the shirt was taken away from him. The gun from which the fatal shots were fired has not been found. George Riddle, of Glassboro, and another man, named Hall, will swear that where it was supposed the gun had been thrown, but it was not there. Charles Cook, who lives near the R. R. Knight's farm, near Five Points, found the hiding places in which Dunham had concealed his bloody suit. He came upon it while poking about the pile of stalks.

"I've found the coat! I've found the coat!" he shouted, holding it up to view.

The crowd rushed up and became greatly excited. Dunham was not in sight, and the coroner were just driving away. They alighted and examined the garment. Four blotches of blood were found on the sleeve and another on the back of the coat.

The huge piles of cornstalks were attacked by lusty hands, and five minutes later another crowd, equally excited, took up the trousers were found. They had been thrust in a shock several feet away from where the coat was hidden. They, too, were blood-besprattered. On the left leg-band there was a broad smear of blood which could not be mistaken. The trousers were accurately described by Mrs. Kandle's daughter. They were brown in color, of a coarse texture, and contained a patch upon the seat. The woman subsequently admitted that the coat belonged to Dunham, but said that she could not explain the presence of the blood stains.

A significant fact is that there are plainly defined footmarks leading from where the clothes were found in the direction of the corn field, which has been freshly sown with wheat, the soil being soft, in the direction of the spot where the murder was committed.

The search for the missing gun was continued until dark. Many are inclined to think that the murderer hid it somewhere along that line, and that Dunham will direct Roeville when he drove to his father's house after the murder. Another point in connection with the gun was severed yesterday. Barnes Ellis, who had surrendered the weapon, states that he returned it to Dunham on Tuesday last with one load in it of No. 4 and 6 shot. It is already stated Dunham had shot of the same sizes at home, with which he evidently loaded the other barrel. He continues to deny that the gun was returned, and says that he does not know where it is. It is also the legal papers that are missing, Dunham's lawyer having taken them out of the safe when he was gone. It is now believed that money was also stolen, as the murdered woman had recently received large sums.

Mrs. Kandle was known for her remarkable memory. She could do a man's work on a farm, post her books in double entry and design clever embroidery.

John Bull Wants No Explosives.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The department of state has been informed by the British minister that his government has deemed it necessary to rigidly enforce the act of parliament of 1875 concerning explosives, which renders any person importing explosives in a package into the United Kingdom liable to heavy penalties, in addition to the forfeiture of the explosives.

Died of Paralysis of the Heart.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 15.—Dr. Adam C. Hoffman, of Jersey City, on a trip for his health, died yesterday morning of paralysis of the heart.

BASEBALL REPRESENTATIVES MEET.

The Changes Advocated by Authorities in Our National Game.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 15.—The joint committee on revision of 1887 playing rules of the league and American association met here yesterday. Representatives of the American association were present from Louisville, Baltimore and Cleveland, and of the league from Chicago, New York and Pittsburg. It was first resolved that "a majority of each delegation from the league and association shall be necessary to adopt any amendment changing the playing rules," and that the unanimous recommendations of this joint committee will accompany the report of such changes to the two respective associations." Suggestions were then received. Umpire Doescher asked that the pitcher be caused one for cutting the base without a ball from captain. Umpire Daniels—To change box to twelve inches from the plate. Umpire Powers—That a fly ball be held two seconds or temporarily. President Young—To do away with the base hit on balls and also bunted ball. The committee, after a lengthy discussion, adopted the following: Amendment heading section 3, rule 13, construction to be made by presidents:

Resolved, That the question of having each club having one or more extra men in uniform, who may be introduced into the game at any time, to be brought up for discussion at the annual meeting of the league and association.

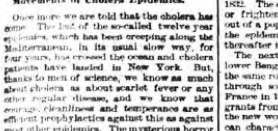
The rules were changed so that hereafter the official score card, with the batting order of both nines, shall be submitted to and approved by the umpire before the beginning of the game, in order to prevent confusion and mistakes on the part of the spectators; if the ball hits the person or clothes of a batsman while he is making a third strike he shall be declared out; if after making two strikes the batsman shall obviously attempt to make a foul hit he shall be called out; making three strikes, instead of four, the number on which the batsman shall be called out; a runner shall be entitled to advance to the next base that passes the catcher and hits the umpire; in case a fair hit ball strikes a runner after having passed a fielder said runner shall not be declared out; if a runner collides with or knocks a fielder down he shall be declared out; the rule giving a batsman a base hit on called balls was abolished, and hereafter the pitcher of a base ball club

THE DREADED PLAGUE.

WILL THE CHOLERA BREAK OUT IN AMERICA?

As It Has Already Reached New York Harbor There are Serious Fears for Next Year—History of the Scourge—Dr. Koch. Movements of Cholera Epidemics.

Once more we are told that the cholera has come. The last of the so-called twelve year epidemics which has been creeping along the Mediterranean, in its usual slow way, for four years, has crossed the ocean and cholera patients have landed in New York. And, thanks to men of science, we know as much about cholera as about scarlet fever or any other regular disease, and we know that sewerage, cleanliness and temperance are as efficient prophylactics against this as against most other epidemics. The mysterious horror excited by Asiatic cholera in 1832, and still more in 1849, is no longer possible; our physicians have proved beyond controversy the following points:



CHOLERA IN THE OLD WORLD.

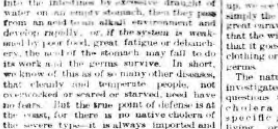
1. That cholera is a true zymotic disease, propagated by germs from cholera patients, and following ordinary lines of travel, and that rather slowly.

2. That it is not "in the air." On the contrary, one may live in the very midst of the worst cholera epidemic with safety—if the germ does not in some way get into his stomach from the excreta of a patient.

3. That the germs may almost always introduced by drinking water which has become infected, but they may be carried by flies, or as some suppose, dried and blown into food or water. For all practical purposes, however, infection in America is by the medium of water, and when pure water is assured the danger is reduced to a minimum.

4. That the germs of cholera will not develop in a healthy subject, for the acid of the stomach will destroy them. If, however, they are carried through the stomach and multiply in the intestines by means of drinks of water on an empty stomach, then they pass from an acid to an alkali environment and develop rapidly; or, if the system is weakened by poor food, great fatigue or debauchery, the acid of the stomach may fail to do its work and the germs survive. In short, persons of sober habits and healthy digestion, that is, steady and temperate people, not overcrowded or scared or starved, need have no fears. But the true point of defense is at the start, for even the native cholera and the severe types—it is always imported and could always be excluded by a sufficiently rigid quarantine.

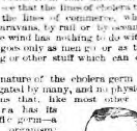
The history of Asiatic cholera is full of instruction. It is always present in parts of Hindostan, and all the virulent epidemics have had their start in the delta of the Ganges. Peculiar conditions—crowded population, moist, warm climate, great filth, overflowed land and extreme poverty—make it a constant disease there; but as the destructive epidemics have only spread to other lands in the track of religious pilgrimages, two sorts of epidemics are recognized—the pilgrimage and the plague. At the twelve year anniversaries pilgrims assemble by millions; they lie thick upon the ground and bathe in and drink from the sacred stream; the dead are buried where they die, while excretions are so carelessly disposed of that



CHOLERA IN THE NEW WORLD.

the whole earth becomes tainted. The streams are horribly polluted; then cholera breaks out and follows down the river, while the returning caravans carry it to all the ports and cities of Arabia, Egypt and Persia. Every twelfth year sees from 1,500,000 to 2,000,000 pilgrims at Hurdwar, and in more than one epidemic one-fifth of the entire number have died there or on the road home. The main route westward, in the last great epidemic was lined for 200 miles with corpses.

In various degrees the Asiatic cholera has existed from the earliest recorded times. Hippocrates described it 400 B. C., and Aretæus of Cappadocia 80 B. C.; but 1756 was the first year in which the twelve year recurrence was noted. But as the disease travels with varying degrees of slowness, no such regularity is noticeable in Europe and America. The first epidemic to prove very fatal to the English in India was in 1781, but it was forgotten in the horrible destruction caused by that of 1817. In two fields 9,000 British soldiers were prostrated, and the dead lay thick along the line of march. The epidemic traveled around the coast of India and across from the Ganges to Bombay; then it extended along the Persian gulf, destroying one-fourth of the people in several towns. Inland it followed the lines of travel to the cities of Persia and across the Caspian to southern Russia, where it stopped for the time. The westward line of its march reached Egypt and Constantinople, but it had lost force, and ceased in 1821. In 1830 the great Hurdwar epidemic started, following the same lines westward, but sending out additional branches. One went around the traveled ways to the country and the other around the coast to Muscat, from which it went with slow and horrible regularity northward into Siberia and Western Central Asia. Meanwhile another line of infection had gone northwest across Persia, and in the summer of 1829 the two lines united in Russia and moved on Moscow. All winter it raged there with uncontrolled violence and in the spring went into Poland with the Russian soldiers. It also moved northward to Riga, on the Baltic, whence it was carried by ship to Newcastle, England. Another line proceeded down the Oder to Berlin, and thence to Hamburg, whence it too reached England. Thence it crossed to France, and produced in Paris the horrible scenes of 1832—scenes made horribly fascinating by the genius of Eugene Sue, in his "Wanderer's Jew." Almost at the same time several emigrant ships carried it from England and Ireland to Quebec; and once planted in the new world, it spread with frightful rapidity to all the lake ports. The United States army, on its way to the Black Hawk war, was rendered incapable of action. In one company at Chicago forty-seven men were prostrated in two weeks, and the regiment lost 900 men in one week. It followed the military routes to every post in the northwest, and from Fort Armstrong, at Rock Island, went down the Mississippi, decimating many places, but not following nearly the same routes, except that it first came in through southern Europe, reached western France in 1848 and was taken by German emigrants from Havre to New Orleans. Once in the new world, it seemed to take the American character of rapid movement and extended in the head of every affluent of the Mississippi. It went with the "gold hunters of '49" to the Pacific coast; over 1,000 of them died in a few weeks, and scores of Indians who were absolutely certain to beg were destroyed by it. Bad as it was in America, its ravages were slight compared to those in eastern Europe, where the Austrian, Russian and Prussian armies were contending. In 1853 India missed the twelve year epidemic (counting from 1841), but in 1865 it came with redoubled violence, and, traveling much more rapidly than usual along the Mediterranean, reached New York early in 1866, and went thence to almost every part of the United States, even to the newest railroad towns on the plains. But though the regular Hurdwar or twelve year epidemic had not raged, there had been a milder visitation of cholera which seriously affected some parts of the United States in 1854-5. Some writers speak of this as the Juggernaut epidemic, but the distinction is not very clear. In Prussia there were 68,500 cases in less than a year (1853-3). In 1854 there were 125,735 deaths from it in France. In 1873-4 a comparatively mild form of cholera came through central Europe and from Havre to New Orleans, there being only 7,000 cases in all the western valleys, while New York excluded it entirely. And finally, in 1885, the plague began its westward march, raged fearfully in Marseilles and Toulon in 1884, then crossed to Spain, Egypt and back again to Italy, and now once more threatens New York. All through last year and the early part of this the disease moved from point to point in Spain, finally reaching the Isthmus and threatening the United States from that direction. To sum up, we see that the disease travels almost always the lines of commerce, whether by great caravans, by rail or by ocean vessels; that the wind has nothing to do with it, and that it goes only as fast as the ships, clothing or other stuff which can carry the germs.

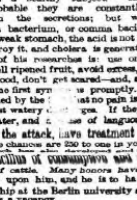


The nature of the cholera germ has been investigated by many, and no physician now questions that, like most other diseases, cholera has its specific germ—a living organism; but Dr. Robert Koch has spoken most positively on the subject, and is regarded as the discoverer of the "comma bacillus." He was born in the Hartz mountains, Germany, in 1843, took his medical degree at the age of 23 and has since devoted himself chiefly to the study of microscopic objects in disease, especially the minute animalcules called microbes, or bacteria, which propagate disease. The chief value of his discoveries thus far consists in proving one fact—that the microbes of cholera, as of many other diseases, are almost always harmless to a healthy subject. Indeed, it is probable they are constantly present in the secretions; but when the cholera bacillus gets into a healthy body, as in a weak stomach, the acid is not sufficient to destroy it, and cholera is generated. The moral of his researches is: use only sound and well ripened fruit, avoid extras, eat your usual food, don't get scared—and, above all, treat the first symptoms promptly. Do not be misled by the [illegible]ust no pain is felt over the first watery [illegible]. If they are like rice water, and [illegible] of languor accompanies the attack, have treatment at once, and the chances are 250 to one in your favor.

[illegible] Cholera in Czechoslovakia was worse than cases of cattle. Many horses have been destroyed upon him, and he is to have a professorship at the Berlin university as soon as there is a vacancy.

Mme. Limouzin.

With this we give a portrait of Mme. Limouzin, the go between, whose trafic in decorations wanted by men with little character, but plenty of money, has brought Gen. Caffarel, M. Wilson, son-in-law of President Grevy, and others into disgrace. It will be seen that she is not bad looking young person, and it is stated by those who have met her that in addition to her repulsive face she is



thumpbacked and generally ill favored in appearance, as that in this case looks and character quite agree.

Rumored Cabinet Changes.

It is now rumored that there are soon to be important cabinet changes in Washington. Secretary Lamar is said to be slated for the supreme court to take the place of Justice Woods. Postmaster General Vilas is to succ-

ceed Secretary Lamar in the department of the interior, and Don. M. Dickinson, of Michigan, is to succeed Mr. Vilas as postmaster general. Mr. Dickinson is a lawyer of Detroit with a large practice, is still in the forties, and is reported to be an able man.

ODD DINNER DAINTIES.

QUEER DISHES FOR PEOPLE WHO ARE GASTRONOMICALLY INCLINED.

A Delicious Roast of Wild Cat—The Excellence of Horseflesh—Beetle Paste and Pickled Grasshoppers—Locusts on Toast. A Florida Dainty.

It has often been said that the man who first ate a raw oyster must have been not only brave, but hungry, and although there are few of us who have been equally brave in eating those delicacies, it is safe to say that there are many more who would have to be very hungry before eating broiled rattlesnake or baked buzzard and yet those who have eaten broiled snake declare it to be, when properly cooked, excellent eating.

A few winters ago, in Florida, I was invited to a feast in the wilderness, and ate heartily of delicious ham of meat—no asking for a second plate I inquired what it was, and was told that it was roast wild cat. Not for the whole state of Florida could I have eaten another mouthful, and yet my vis-a-vis exclaimed, "Wild cat—it is delicious!" How could he! I thought. Of course I was glad afterward that I had tasted wild cat, but I could not have felt any more uncomfortable for a while if they had told me that I had eaten part of the alligator I had shot. Brought in from the swamp that morning, or a pie made of the beautiful little chameleons that were to be found everywhere, and in fact I am not quite sure but that some of the tough little lizards that we had at the St. Augustine and Jacksonville hotels were not alligator steaks. However, every one to his taste—the Chinaman will tell you that mice are "very good eating," the Frenchman that horse flesh "is excellent," the negro that possum and coon "are delicious," but one cannot find nothing equals the flesh of his enemy, and so on.

PREPARING FROGS' LEGS.

Although frog spearing became a fashionable winter diversion last summer, and was practiced both by men and women, we hardly think that even hazel wood crossbows and silken cords will induce American girls to forget their much cousin in his rather questionable amusement, still, as there are recipes to be found for the serving of frogs legs in some of the new cook books, there is no reason why Northern girls may not unlike one, and for the benefit of those who affect something odd for the table the following suggestions for dishes and dinners are offered.

There are several ways of preparing frogs' legs, the simplest being a salad, fried, with sauce tartare, garnished with fried parsley and plain fry. For the last, which is the simplest of all, skin and boil for five minutes in salted water, then throw into cold water and drain, roll in cracker crumbs, and fry in hot fat.

Those who visit Florida in the winter can indulge in delicious cabbage, which, as a vegetable and in the form of a salad, is not to be surpassed by many, and no physician now questions that, like most other diseases, cholera has its specific germ—a living organism; but Dr. Robert Koch has spoken most positively on the subject, and is regarded as the discoverer of the "comma bacillus." He was born in the Hartz mountains, Germany, in 1843, took his medical degree at the age of 25 and has since devoted himself chiefly to the study of microscopic objects in disease, especially the minute animalcules called microbes, or bacteria, which propagate disease. The chief value of his discoveries thus far consists in proving one fact—that the microbes of cholera, as of many other diseases, are almost always harmless to a healthy subject. Indeed, it is probable they are constantly present in the secretions; but when the cholera bacillus gets into a healthy body, as in a weak stomach, the acid is not sufficient to destroy it, and cholera is generated. The moral of his researches is: use only sound and well ripened fruit, avoid extras, eat your usual food, don't get scared—and, above all, treat the first symptoms promptly. Do not be misled by the [illegible]ust no pain is felt over the first watery [illegible]. If they are like rice water, and [illegible] of languor accompanies the attack, have treatment at once, and the chances are 250 to one in your favor.

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YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

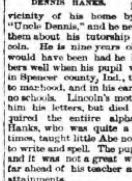
BIRD TALK THAT IS UNDERSTOOD BY COCKS, HENS AND CHICKS.

Interesting Facts About Dennis Hanks, Abraham Lincoln's First Tutor, and the Pupil Who Afterward Became President of the United States.

Not long ago there appeared in Golden Days a picture of Dennis Hanks, the man who taught Abraham Lincoln to read, with some incidents connected with the lives of these two men. The picture is here reproduced together with some of its more interesting facts, for it is one of our young folk.

DENNIS HANKS.

Dennis Hanks was born in Kentucky in 1799, and although 80 years of age is still a hearty, genial man. He is known in the vicinity of his home by all the boys as "Uncle Dennis," and he never tires of telling them about the tutorship of Abraham Lincoln. He is nine years older than Lincoln would have been had he lived, and remembers well his pupil when he was born in Spencer county, Ind., that Lincoln grew to manhood, and in his early days there were no schools. Lincoln's mother partly taught him his letters, but died before he had acquired the entire alphabet, and Dennis Hanks, who was quite a scholar for those times, taught little Abe not only to read, but to write and spell. The boy took naturally to it, and it was not a great while before he was far ahead of his teacher as regards literary attainments.



HIS FIRST STORY BOOK.

"Webster's Speller" was Abe's first favorite among school books. His first story book was the "Arabian Nights," which he would read and laugh over hours at a time. Mr. Hanks thinks that the faculty for story telling that marked Lincoln's late years can be traced back to that work.

Mr. Hanks, the present president of the United States, his old friend and teacher Dennis Hanks made him a visit at the White House, where, to use the latter's own expression, he was treated "as a royal guest."

How Fowls Talk.

As an example of bird language Mr. C. F. Holder says in Wide Awake that the ordinary domestic fowl presents the most interesting and perfect songs. Half an hour in a barnyard will demonstrate that certain sounds are the equivalent of words. The crow of the cock is a challenge to another cock and is not heard in the hens' hearing, but let him find a delicate morsel and he stops crowing to utter a succession of short notes: "Tuck, tuck, tuck, tuck!" at which the hens gather about him for their share of the dainty.

The different notes, or "baby talk," of the mother hen, are of great variety and mean quite different things. Every biddy understands the call to "come," which means "Come home to your mother," just as the quick call, "tuck, tuck, tuck!" means "come to your supper." Mr. Holden gives the following full chapter of domestic fowl language from a dictionary too extended to present in unabridged form:

Uh-huh-oo-oo-oo. Challenge of male.
Tuck, tuck, tuck. Food call.
K-a-r-e-e. Announcing presence of hawk.
Cut, cut, cu-da-cut. Announcement of egg laying.
Cluck, cluck, cluck. Call of young.
Kerr, kerr, kerr. Song of contentment of hen.
C-r-a-w-s-s-s. Quieting young chicks.
Whoo-o-e (whistle). Expression of apprehension at night.
C-r-a-i-o-o. Terror and protest at capture.

The City of Amsterdam.

Amsterdam, the capital city of Holland, is a city of canals, and yet travelers are not impressed so constantly that it is a wonderful city as when in Venice. It is not known at the end of the Y, which is a gulf of the Zuyder Zee; and there are several great canals, shaped like segments of concentric circles, intersected by some 300 smaller canals; and yet there are many streets and squares where one can drive about as freely as in any other city. Most of the canals are very tall and very narrow and stand with their gable ends to the street, presenting to strangers a very odd appearance.

One of the great industries of this Dutch town is the cutting and polishing of diamonds, and many of the finest gems in the world are brought here to be cut into shape. It was in this city that the celebrated Koh-i-noor was cut and polished.

A Game Peculiar to Italian Boys.

Italian boys have, at least, one game peculiar to themselves. The game they play is this: The lad who is "it" kneels down and inserts his face in the lap of one of his companions. While in that position one of the boys who stand in line several yards distant run over and hit him a light blow, running instantly back and hiding his place with the others in line. The boy who was "it" then tries to discover who hit him. He walks up to the line, guessing on the last he suspects and carries him pick-a-back to the goal where he knelt when struck. If he carries the right one that boy becomes "it," but if he carried one who had not hit him he has to ride the boy back to where he found him, bury his face and begin again.

On the Way to Shadowtown.

Sway to and fro in the twilight gray,
This is the ferry of Shadowtown;
It always starts when the sun goes down—
Just as the darkness is closing down.

Rest, little head, on my shoulder, so;
A sleepy kiss is the only fare;
Drifting away from the world we go,
Baby and I, in the rocking chair.

Rock slow, more slow, in the dusky light;
Silently lower the anchor down.
Dear little passenger, say "Good night."
We've reached the harbor of Shadowtown.

Delightful Pineapple Salad.

To make a delightful pineapple salad, pare a fine, large specimen and dig out the eyes; then with a silver fork tear the fruit downward into shreds until all is removed from the core. Put the shredded fruit into a dish and with powdered sugar and pour over it the juice of two good oranges, or pour over it a little wine and a dash of brandy.

Professional Cards.

DR. F. E. HENDRICKSON, DENTIST, Successor to Dr. E. A. Hendrickson, office, No. 13 East Front street. Gas administered.

B. POGATT, ARCHITECT, Contractor and Builder, depot, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES M. SMITH, ARCHITECT, No. 108 Broadway, New York, residence and Residence, Seventh street corner of Madison avenue, Plainfield. Office hours, 9 to 12 a. m.

CRAIG A. MAIER, Counselor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

DR. CHAS. R. THEIRS, DENTIST, 28 West Front street. A new local anesthetic applied for extracting and filling without pain. Gold filling a specialty.

ELECTRIC BATHS.
Dr. Griffiths is prepared to treat all nervous affections, uterine complaint, skin diseases, sciatica, dyspepsia, rheumatism, paralysis, constipation and chronic diseases generally, by electricity and electric baths. Consultation free. Lady attendant for the ladies. 32 East Second street, corner of Washington street.

F. A. GUNNAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park Row. Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence corner of Second and Grant avenue.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counselors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second st.

J. Veterinary Surgeon. Office in Laing's cut stand, corner of Main street and Madison avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Day and night calls promptly attended. Telephone Call No. 18. Consultation on diseases of domesticated animals. Residence 73 East Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TRALL,
Counselor at Law, 32 Broadway, New York city, rooms 32 and 33. Importers and Traders' Bank's Building. Residence, Plainfield, N. J.

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.
Successor to Dr. E. W. South, 56 Front st near Somerset, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Miscellaneous.

MISS NEWELL
Of 62 Front street, Plainfield, N. J., has a school for the instruction of young children in Music, Drawing and Painting. Pupils received at any time. Terms moderate. Lessons given at Elizabeth or at their residence, 9 13 3m

MR. NETTIE MARTIN,
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LOCATION.
Desirable residence for business men in private families. For terms, address Miss Albertie, P. O. Box 1000.

SCISSORS FOR GIRLS.
Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's, School for girls on Lafayette avenue, corner of Second street, Buffalo, N. Y., for particulars address P. O. Box 638, Plainfield.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,
19 PARK AVENUE.
Fruits of all kinds.
Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Emerson & Coyne,
have opened a store at
16 East Front St.
where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as first-class
Merchant Tailors,
to examine their fine line of samples, which for style and quality is not to be excelled. Prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

PARK HOUSE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Rates, $2 per day. Free omnibus to and from the depot.
Special arrangements made for families desiring table board, and in stormy weather to be transferred to and from the Hotel.
Terms reasonable.
EVAN JONES,
PROPRIETOR.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the
CITY HOTEL,
Corner of Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.
J. H. Staats, Prop'r.
GOOD Accommodations.

BUILDER
James H. Pope,
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RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE,
P. O. Box 960. North Plainfield, N. J.
Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 25 years experience.

THE STOCK OF
Merino Underwear
for MEN WOMEN and CHILDREN,
in White, Scarlet and Grey,
AT EDSALL'S.
No 30 West Front street.
is the largest and most complete ever offered by this house. We claim to have the best 25c vest; the best 50c vest; the best $1 vest; the best $1.25 and the best $2 Jersey Ribbed Vests
The Best 50c Shirts and Drawers.
50c " " "
75c " " "
1.00 " " "
1.50 " " "
2.00 " " "
2.25 " " "
The last two mentioned are the celebrated "Natural Wool."
You can surely get suited here in this line of goods. Remember we have been showing the largest assortment of handsome new
CARPETS
ART SQUARES, RUGS, OIL CLOTHS, etc.
ever shown in this part of the state and the lowest prices.

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CITY
PHARMACY
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May be found careful dispensers, who compound Physicians prescriptions with the utmost care, All prescriptions are checked so that accuracy may be insured. Only the best grades of preparations are used in our prescription Department.
The City Pharmacy is now the place to select
Choice Perfumes
and Toilet Requisites. We have Vichy and Carbonic Acid Water in our new latest style apparatus.
The City Pharmacy will be open Sunday's for COMPOUNDING DRUGS and the SALE OF MEDICINES
ONLY
Hours 9. a. m. to 1 p. m. and 4 to 9 p. m.

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PROPRIETORS.
Telephone Call 109.
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WHITE FRONT
you can find just what you need for
Fall and Winter Wear
Our stock of Dress Goods have been selected with the greatest care, special attention being paid to the quality and styles, while our prices will be as they have in the past, the lowest. In Ladies, Gents' and Children's Underwear we can supply every size and quality both in red and white. Blankets and comfortables we never sold as low as we are selling them this season. A good blanket for $1 and an extra heavy wool one for $1.50. You will find our price in dress trimmings, ribbons, laces, buttons, canvas, lead, in fact, on all our stock of notions and fancy goods, are away down. Come and see us and examine our goods and prices and you will be satisfied that White's is the best place to buy your goods.
J. E. White & Son,
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FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors,
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Office, Warerooms and residence No. 27 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone call 44.

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A PERFECT SUBSTITUTE FOR SILK.
Made of Pure Cotton.
Will not Crock, Fade or Shrink.
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Can be Ironed on the Wrong Side.
Is Sold by Leading Dry Goods Dealers.
Manufactured by the
WESTCOTT THREAD CO.,
Office, 23 Chambers street, New York.
Factory at Passaic, N. J.

CENTRAL R. R.

OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty Street Time Table in effect Oct. 11, 1887.

Trains leave Plainfield as follows:
Leave Plainfield at 2.47, 5.46, 6.35, 7.05, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.02, 10.37, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00 p. m.
Sunday at 2.47, 5.46, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.37, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 2.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 p. m.
Leave New York, Post Liberty street as follows: 6.00, 7.20, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 4.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.
Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.32, 7.05, 7.30, 8.05, 8.40, 9.32, 10.37, 11.40, 11.45 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.35, 4.04, 4.36, 4.51, 5.05, 5.40, 6.04, 6.35, 7.05, 7.35, 8.05, 8.40, 9.10, 11.05 p. m.; Sundays, 5.37, 10.32, 11.40 a. m., 1.40, 3.35, 4.36, 5.40, 6.35, 8.40, 10.45 p. m.
Leave Newark as follows: 6.05, 6.50, 7.20, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15 a. m., 12.05, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 4.15, 5.00 p. m. Sundays at 8.00 a. m., 1.00, 4.00, 7.00, 8.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.
5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc. Sundays for Easton, 7.14 a. m.—For Flemington.
8.23 a. m.—For High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.
3.05 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.
4.34 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shenandoah, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Scranton, etc.
5.16 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, etc.
6.09 p. m.—For Flemington.
8.05 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.
Leave Plainfield at 8.47 a. m., 12.03, 11.06 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.54 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 8.57 a. m.
For Point Pleasant, 8.47, 8.57, 9.03, 11.06 12.33 p. m., 3.51, 5.25, 5.54 p. m. Sunday 8.57 a. m.
For Bay Head, 8.47, 8.57, 9.03, 11.06 a. m., 1.21, 12.33 5.25, 5.54 p. m. Sundays 8.57 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook.
Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 1.30, 5.00, 8.10, 9.00 a. m., 1.18 2.15, 3.5*, 6.02*, 8.17 p. m. Sunday at 1.30, 5.00, 8.10, 9.00 a. m., 1.18, 3.5*, 6.02*, 8.17 p. m. Sunday at 1.30, 5.1*, 9.35 a. m., 4.30 p. m.
RETURNING
Leave Philadelphia, North and Green Streets, at 9.30 11.10 a. m.; 1.18 3.40, 5.15, 7.00 10 00 p. m. Sunday at 4.30 a. m.; 5.30, 12.00 p. m.
Leave Trenton, Market Streets at 8.00,* 9.00 10.30 a. m.; 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.15 a.m.; 4.30 p. m.
Leave Philadelphia, Kensington and Tucker Streets, at 1.25, 9 10,* 10.10, 11.35 a. m.; 1.5, 4.35, 5.50, 7.40 p. m. Sunday at 4.35, 9.18 9.40, a. m., 4.30 p. m.
Plainfield passengers by trains marked * change cars at Bound Brook.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt
J. H. OLMSTEAD, Gen. Supt.

Special Notices.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE
that Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy gives the wonderful number of Bottles ever yearly? The reason is that it does more than is claimed for it. The Blood was not made a perfect cure for Catarrh in the worst form of the trouble. You will see the statement effect almost from the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a Bottle to-day to prevent your being another victim of this loathsome disease. Trial bottle free at R. J. Shaw, Druggist, Leader Block, 24 East Front st.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS,
Every day. Made up for wedding, parties and funerals. Also a large stock of plants in the latest styles of art. Miss A. R. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

Lost, Strayed or Stolen.
We will offer a reward of $5 for the return of a small white and liver colored pointer dog, with a few liver colored spots on his head. He answers to the name of Don. Any one knowing of his whereabouts will confer a favor by notifying us at once. Any one harboring him after this notice will be prosecuted. Address, Box 1000, Plainfield, N. J.

Lost.
A pocket book containing a sum of money and a check for $100 on the Second National Bank of Plainfield, N. J. Finder will please return to Mrs. Dr. Hendrickson, 13 East Front street, and receive reward

Something of a Liar Himself.

King Humbert, of Italy, one day, after listening patiently to a certain court wit who had a most extravagant yarn, remarked quietly: "I can easily believe that story, because I have had a more curious experience myself. On one occasion I had been out hunting all day long and was returning home empty handed, when a thrush flew up within range of my gun, and, thinking it better than nothing, I blazed away at it, and, to my great astonishment, brought down not only the thrush, but a good sized hawk. Just at the moment when I pulled the trigger this hawk, which was also out hunting, had swooped down upon the thrush, and in consequence the shot fairly struck both birds. But that was not all. The force of my gun had scared we a rabbit, and as luck would have it, the latter, suddenly coming to my shoulder, and being startled immediately attacked the poor hawk so furiously that he, suffering under the pressure, began to dig up the ground with his claws, and in a few moments unearthed a large quantity of gold. So, you see, with a single shot I secured a fine hawk to stuff, a thrush to feed on, a rabbit to eat for dinner, and also I had to thank for the unexpected find of gold." "I believe you," replied the courtier, not to be outdone by royalty, "I believe you, for in the course of my life I have had buttons shot off my coat, my hat pierced, and have become involved in horse trades and gone across a ditch many feet wide, and how often a boy has escaped my pursuit by taking to the fields and over the fences, I cannot say, but I never, never, never, on anything, could catch a rabbit."

Liberty in the New Air.

America is very good in a country of Canada I suppose you will say that country is all right, but on my part I should hate most awfully to be a member of a people whose supreme figure head, the highest figure of all between Canada and Mexico, is a woman.

"One thing, I believe you do have election there."

"I should say we did. We have elections and campaigns and political clubs and banners, and torchlights, and all that sort of thing."

"Read it."

"Plenty of them."

"Well, well, then you are freemen just like us."

* * *

"You have not changed a bit from that, George," said the lady to her husband. "I am so glad to see you again."

"And I am enjoying the outing on your account more," replied George, "I mean very much your account. But you know what mistakes I make without."

"No, George, not exactly. I heard it was Lucia Grey, but I didn't believe it."—Merchant Traveler.

A Dread Disease.

"I pitch into you," he said, "as a very strange thing that I never had it."

"Are you laughing at me?"

"Worse! It's coming up the fourth floor of a Harlem flat."—New York Sun.

Cupid at the Keys.

Through the chapel's painted pane
The autumn sunshine falls
Over the pews to the corner
Where Daphne demurely sits.

And ever, as she listens,
Her color comes and goes,
And her sensitive mouth parted
Like the petals of a rose.

There's a spell in the swelling anthem,
A voice that's full of cheer,
Not unlike the priest or worshipper,
Which she seems to hear.

Her heart swells with the music,
Now low and sweet and soft—
Love's fingers sport with the keyboard
In the chapel's organ loft.—Life.

Uncle Zeke's Decision.

Two of "de young culled degeneration," as Uncle Zeke calls 'em, were loitering on the corner of Bay and Market streets Friday afternoon on their way home from school, discussing points in philology and philosophy.

"Jasmine," asked the younger, "how would you formulate 'dis sentence: The gentleman was sat down on, or the gentleman was sit down on?"

"Well, Thomas," replied Jeemes, "my opinion is, it ought to be the gentleman was sot down on."

"Away from hyar, yer ignunt, goodfun-nothin, crack-wit, free nigger doubles," interrupted Uncle Zeke, with all the indignation of his nature on tiptoe. "I dun allers says dem new fangled, edicated niggers'll nebber be wuf de salt, an' de good Lawdker will an hoss sense is wuf all de book larnin' in de roun ward! 'De gemmen was sot down on' dis good sense and good grammatics, besides. 'Glong home!'"—Jacksonville News-Herald.

How She Would Do It.

"Clara," he said, tenderly, "if business reverses should come to me after we are married, and we should get to be very poor, would your love for me grow less?"

"Never, George," replied the noble girl. "And would you go into the kitchen, dear, and make a loaf of bread with those dainty little hands?"

"You are very nice to say such a pretty thing about my hands, but, George love, don't be foolish about the bread. Why, I would send one of the servants round to the baker's for it."—New York Sun.

Molding Public Opinion.

Able Editor—I fear our side has lost. Why, we elected everything, the opposition with the most flagrant and shameless frauds on the ballot box.

Assistant—I guess you have not seen the returns from Dutchess.

"What do they say?"

"They indicate that our side has won."

"Hello! Well, write an editorial congratulating the people that under the present law election frauds are impossible."—Omaha World.

Friendly Feelings.

First Citizen—Are you well acquainted with your next door neighbor, Jenks?

Second Citizen—Well, not intimately; but I have reason to believe he has very friendly feelings toward me.

"What makes you think so?"

"Just this: When he had his front fence repainted last August the shade of buff he chose exactly matched my summer suit."—Exchange.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE 25 and 27 N. DARK AVENUE
(in Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen so that CONTRACTS

MADE AT ONCE

may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without defacing ceilings and walls and in most cases existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments of the latest

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

THE BEE HIVE

Children's Leggins in Colord, Black and White for ages from one to eight years, 25 cents. Children's Woolen Mitts 10 cts. Toboggan Caps 15c. Full line of Ladies' Woolen Hoods at special low figures. Full line of Ladies and Children's Coats and Newmarkets.

SPECIAL.

4-Button Kid Gloves, embroidered back 58c.

LOUIS CALLMAN,
38 WEST FRONT ST.

Door Numbers,

DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS
at
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,
13 Park avenue.
Sole Agent for DR. KING'S Spectacles

To the Ladies.

Look at our all wool striped Flannel Skirts, made and unmade. A full line of Newmarkets, Jackets and Cloaks for Ladies, Misses and Children, AT POPE'S.

McDONOUGH & MARTIN,
Horseshoers, 20 Somerset Street.

All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated never-slip screw-calked shoes, will please leave their orders for same at our shop before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to supply the large demand which these celebrated shoes have. Persons desiring to use these will please bring their horse to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

THE
People's Market,
NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.
Fresh meats, Groceries, Provisions,
VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. R. H. Bachman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1880.
D. W. LITTELL,
PRACTICAL SCIENTIFIC
AND SANITARY PLUMBER,

Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also also a plumber of New Jersey, and practical plumber I am prepared to do plumbing in any locality in or near Plainfield, North Avenue, Dunellen or Fanwood, N. J. 3-1y

I have leased the premises 20 Somerset street, formerly occupied by Mrs. Ashhead and Mrs. Lee, and have refitted and refurnished them throughout, and am now prepared to accommodate boarders and lodgers. The tables will be supplied with the best the market affords, and everything will be done to make my guests comfortable. Rooms will be let singly or en suite, and will be furnished or unfurnished, as desired. Terms reasonable. Apply immediately, or after the middle of April next, to the owner of the property, or to the subscriber. Possession will be given to suit the convenience of the tenant.

MRS. E. M. BOWNE.

AT DOANE'S,
Formerly Clare's—No. 9, Park Avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have added
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.
O. M. DUNHAM'S
44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further
until you have visited my store and inspected MY
Ladies $2 SHOE
either in common sense or opera toe style.
They are Beauties.
I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.
J. J. KENNEY.
No. 20 NORTH AVENUE.

BENNER'S
FRUIT MARKET
Nos. 56 and 58 East Front street.
Now open with a supply of
Fruit, Vegetables, etc.
at NEW YORK PRICES.

This place, stock and fixtures for sale including a two years' lease. Apply on the premises.

GOOD QUALITY
BRICK
I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.
I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.
Isaac Scribner,
MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD
P. O. BOX 930.

CHEAP BOOKS.

We have a large line of popular books in nice cloth binding, good paper and good print at only 39 cents each. These include Emerson's Essays, Carlyle's Sartor Resartus, Adam Bede, Guy Mannering, etc., etc. Also many books for children at 15, 20, 25, 30 cents and upward.
A. W. RAND,
24 W. Front street.

MEATS.
GEO. A. MOORE,
(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)
is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at
No. 14 North Ave.,
where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt
MEATS
Fish of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not readily seen in stock furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 13 Franklin Place.

DEALER IN
Blue Stone Flagging,
P. O Box 838

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mrs. Lindsays,
Intelligence Office,
No. 92 West Front street.
Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone,
60, 70 & 80 Cents,
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser.
Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-2m

Kindling Wood.
12 Barrels for $2,
at Mrs. Demora's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. Demora's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 88, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

R. N. [illegible], 22 Somerset Street,
Grocer and [illegible],
Tillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine Sugars, Tea, Coffees, etc. Canned goods, pure cider, vinegar 4 cents gal. fruit jars, jelly cans. White Granite, Yellow Rock, Wash Boilers and Glassware. Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,
Kalsominer.
No. 13 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and white-washed. Also, Carpets cleaned and laid down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

[illegible],
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets. Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which will be done in the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A. [illegible] Courtier,
(From Paris, successor to Jules Boutes.)
Ladies' Hair Dresser.
Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, tonics and powders. Masquerade and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

[illegible]
Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road, dealer in all kinds of
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,
78 Somerset street,
Meat Market,
orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 14.

[illegible]
Meat Market,
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 32 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

L. McVoy,
Driven Well
Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old work made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 18 S. Front.

T. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Books Stationery and Music, 27 1-2 West Front street.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.
BLANK BOOKS,
MEMORANDUM BLOCKS,
Tablets, Writing and Drawing Books,
LANGUAGE LESSONS,
Lead Pencils, etc., at low prices. Also full line of
Pure Confectionery
the largest assortment sold in town.
R. C. FISHER'S,
21 West Fourth street, opp. Public School

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,
24 NORTH AVENUE,
First-Class Market,
where can be found a full line of all kinds of FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.
Special attention given to
POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.
Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete in price as well as quality with NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.
We solicit a call that we may convince that we DO sell
CHEAPER
than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at
A. VANDERBURGH, 28 PARK AVE.
PIANOS TUNED.

APPLES
of all kinds for immediate and winter use just New York state brands by the barrel and in small quantities. Also an extra assortment of
New Figs, Dates, etc.
All kinds of Nuts and Dried Fruits, Oranges.
Malaga Grapes,
Concord and Catawba Grapes. Tropical Fruit in great variety. Call and see us.
KENNEY BROS.,
NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE.

WALL PAPERS.
G. F. & C. E. Brown
WALL PAPER.
WINDOW SHADES,
INTERIOR DECORATIONS
21 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

CAREY
FURNITURE EXPRESS
LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.
Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.
45 WEST FRONT STREET.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle
25 NORTH AVENUE.
Painters and Paper Hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES
Brushes, etc.

INSURANCE
Wm. A Woodruff,
Represents the following first-class insurance companies:
Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England, Westchester of New York, Norwich Union of England, North British Mercantile of England, The Northern of England, The Queen of England, The Merchants of Newark, The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at best rates, has
MONEY TO LOAN
on approved security and has bargains in
REAL ESTATE
Office Berry's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second st.

TRY OUR
NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM
BREAD
no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.
Give Us a Trial
and be convinced.
All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.
HENRY LIEFKE
NO. 27 WEST FRONT

I WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR
HATS, SHIRTS & TRUNKS
at
U. B. Crane's
Hat Store,
12 PARK AVE. Next to Walker's Bakery.

PICTURE
FRAMES
of all kinds at
S. E. FLOWER'S
at New York Prices, Studio 28 West Front street. Strangers for drawing and oil painting

CHINA,
GLASS,
LAMPS,
Latest Novelties in ROYAL WORCESTER and CARLSBAD WARE.
FRENCH AND ENGLISH
DINNER SETS.
GAVETT'S
15 E. Front street.
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L. HEYNIGER,
46, 48 and 47 Somerset street.
Dealer in
FLOUR, FEED,
BALED HAY, etc.,
WOODENWARE
etc., at LESS than New York Prices.
TELEPHONE CALL 128.
Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue.
FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.
ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Blue Stone Flagging,
SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS.
CURBING AND CROSSWALKS,
Sixteen Years' Experience.
M. POWERS,
Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue.
P. O. BOX 1262.
We also supply all orders for kindling wood as formerly, direct from the factory.

Builders Cards.

John P. Emmons,
Successor to Emmons Bros.,
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 93.

BUILDER.
C. J. NOEL,
Carpenter & Builder
OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.
Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder,
JOBBING
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. Box 280.
Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,
Established 1856
Carpenter & Builder,
36 EAST THIRD STREET.
Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

PIERSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 1421.
W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street
H. E. Gayle No. 34 East Second street.
All Work Promptly Attended to.

R. A. Ross,
1 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,
Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Sarms
Carpenter and Builder,
Pierpont Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens. P. O. Box 1288. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,
Residence, Evens, P. O. Box 286.
Carpenter and Builder,
Has re-established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Madison avenue and Third street.
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder,
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 82.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.
For Sale and To Let
TO LET FURNISHED.
TO LET UNFURNISHED.
Desirable Bargains in
BUILDING LOTS
FIRE INSURANCE.
Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phenix Assurance of London: Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgage.
Edward C. Mulford,
Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.
Telephone No. 93.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.
JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. No work half-done. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Orders left with D. W. Littell, sanitary Plumber, No. 9 North avenue. P. O. Box 1422. Telephone call 28. Residence of Mr. Jones, Dudley Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

A. M. RUNYON & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
58 PARK AVENUE,
Telephone Call 40. Residence 48 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 37. Office Hillside cemetery.

LAING'S HOTEL,
J. B. Miller & Bro.,
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

BENJ. F. MOORE
(late of Moore Bros.)
BUTCHER,
and dealer in
FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.
Corner
PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET
Plainfield, N. J.
Telephone Call No. 111.
Orders Called For
AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

FURNITURE.
FAIRCHILD'S
Furniture Warerooms
21 EAST FRONT STREET
Parlor and Chamber
FURNITURE.
LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, TABLES AND CHAIRS.

CRIGS CARRIAGE REPOSITORY.
18 Somerset street,
PLAINFIELD.

THE
Fidelity & Casualty
COMPANY, issues
Accident Policies
for
$10,000
assuring

1. In event of death	$10,000
2. For loss of two hands	10,000
3. For loss of two feet	10,000
4. For loss of one hand and one foot	10,000
5. For loss of both eyes	5,000
6. For loss of one hand or one foot	$5,000
7. For loss of one eye	$1,250
8. For disabling injury—lasting the continuance of same, per week	$50

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amount.
For circular, etc., call on
Jos. T. Vail, Agt.,
OPPOSITE DEPOT.

FOTOGRAFS.
Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsomest, Cheapest, Best.
Great Success with Children's Portraits.
THORN'S,
opp. Post Office.

CHEAPEST PLACE.
Stoves, Stoves! Cook STOVES.
Stoves, Stoves! Office STOVES.
Double Heater and RANGES.
J. P. Laire & Co.

MRS. QUIRK'S
SULPHUR AND MEDICATED
VAPOR TREATMENT
EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.
Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases equalizes the circulation, cleanses and purifies the blood, stops Colds, Influenza, Pneumonia, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Lung Diseases, Nervousness and General Debility. Fine bed bath, hot and cold water in rooms.
It stops the most obstinate cases of chills and fevers and all malarial diseases.
Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Closed for cleansing on Saturdays.

COAL and WOOD
C. H. RUGG,
Successor to Morgan Bird,
Dealer in some but best quality Coal, such as Yeddo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring brook and Council Ridge Coal Well screened. Also Cord and Kindling Wood.
Orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.
No. 61 Park Avenue,
Bird's Yard,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1887. Price Two Cents

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, DONE IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 65.

The NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, or furniture & better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

The Grenan Fair is open to-night and every evening this week.

—Everybody that got one in a thousand of the good conditions of January 1st, 1887, is happy to-day.

—Trinity Council Royal Arcanum will meet in the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock.

—Lewis Wolff of Somerset was committed to the County Jail at Elizabeth, yesterday, for rape on Emma Hayes of Myersville, Morris county.

—The Choral Union Meeting announced the following: Mr. Higgins erecting a house on Watchung avenue, North Plainfield, to cost less than three thousand dollars.

—At a meeting of the Excelsi Firemen's Association held in the parlor of Gazelle Engine House, Monday evening, the by-laws were revised and Joseph Cooney was elected Financial Secretary.

—A business meeting of the Y's was held at their rooms, on East Front street, Tuesday afternoon. The usual business routine was attended to. A reception will probably be held next month.

—Long the Chicago Anarchist, who took his life the day before the execution of his associates, died not a little surprised in the Singer factory of Elizabeth. Spies was a resident of that place.

—A number of friends from this city and Newark were entertained last Friday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James Pope of West Fourth street, it being the eighth anniversary of their marriage. There was music and games and refreshments, and when they departed it was with best wishes for the couple's happiness.

—Herrmann, the most expert of magicians has made a world-wide reputation and a fine fortune by practically proving the falsity of the old adage that "seeing is believing." He performs his various feats with such consummate grace and dexterity that most keen eyed individuals are deceived. He appears at Music Hall Monday Nov. 21, with a number of new illusions which have never before been seen in Plainfield. The principal feature of the new entertainment is called the "Black Art." It has created a sensation in every where since Herrmann commenced his present tour. Another striking feature is "LeGocon."

Electric Light Freaks.

Last night there was a display of sparks from the trees on Putnam avenue, likewise on Somerset street, and there may have been the same thing in other parts of the city where there are trees on the sidewalks, caused by the electric light wires rubbing against the trees. Our informant states that it does not injure the trees, but they are very much scared. It seems an erroneous idea that the trees are not injured. It certainly does not look comfortable, and must prove a source of great loss to the electric light company also. It is said that the company is dispensing with the arc system of lighting altogether and is substituting the incandescent, which will enable it to get below the trees. In damp, windy weather, such a spectacle as was witnessed last night may be seen where the wires touch the trees. Evidently the sooner the arc wires are removed the better for the profit of the company and the pleasure of its patrons.

There's considerable complaint about the dimness of the light recently. This it is explained is only temporary, and is due to the fact that the company is having the wires replaced for thicker ones, when a much better light will result. While the changing is in progress the light will not be as good as usual.

PERSONAL.

Prof. H. H. Ragan, is registered at Laing's Hotel during his stay in this city.

Prof. John Reynolds, the mesmerist, who has been giving a series of his remarkable entertainments in this city, is so much pleased with the locality that he is negotiating for the purchase of a $40,000 property at Evona with a view of locating here.

Harry Sandford, stepson of Hon. R. L. Livingston of Plainfield, and grandson of Hon. H. J. Taylor, was one of the Chicago Jury that pronounced as "guilty of murder" the Anarchists who were hung last Friday. All their companions.—Elizabeth Journal.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Catherine Blimm took place at the residence of her son, Jacob Blimm, on Somerset street, yesterday afternoon at three o'clock, the Rev. Mr. Koechli officiated. Interment was made in the Presbyterian cemetery.

Warren H. Marsh of Toledo, formerly of East Third street, Plainfield, and Miss Marion Peckard of Madison avenue, are to be married Dec. 7th, in the Church of the Holy Cross, North Plainfield. Miss Packard is a niece of Thomas Brooks of West Seventh street.

THE "FIRE BUG" CASES.

THERE SEEMS TO BE A DIVIDE IN THE VAN NEST CASE. WITNESSES TRY TO GIVE LOUIS VAN NEST A GOOD NAME.

The Second and Third Days' Trial.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 16.—"Scapegoat" was the cry when John M. Jackson, the confessed leader of the Plainfield "fire bug" gang, pleaded guilty to every indictment against him and when it was found out that the coterie of half a dozen lawyers who advised him set to do were deeply interested in the VanNests. And now the people who are watching the trial of Louis and Chas. Van Nest—who stand indicted for having criminally caused the Carnegie Phœe fire—again raise the cry of "scapegoat," and claim that the counsel for the defense, in the speeches delivered last night, made efforts in all to tempt to save Louis, regardless of Horace. It can be observed to a special session of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, which The NEWS that attorney Frederick Coleman Alvah A. Clark, Ex-County Attorney Fred. C. Marsh, Hon. Wm. Keating, and ex-Judge T. Mills appear as leading counsel for the prisoners on the first trial, and were assisted for the second time by Mr. Mills. Some of the attorneys are known that he appeared incidentally for one or other of the prisoners, while he challenged juror Burt for that reason, Louis has been more coupled than any Horace by the lawyers, and the Court room.

HORACE DIDN'T WANT THE GOODS SAVED

Yesterday's edition of THE NEWS carried the complete report of the evidence through the morning session and up to 2 p. m. The first new witness of the afternoon was Mar tin Vanderweg, who corroborated John B. Hyde.

"Mr. Gable was carrying out the store," he said. Charles Horace, evidently greatly disturbed, called him back. "Don't take that," he told him, "there's nothing in that store insured."

Witness then went to the house. Wilson, whose testimony was as follows: "I am an insurance adjuster. I knew of the fact of the burning of the Carney Bros. house. I went to Plainfield to view the ruins. I saw the VanNests in front of the house. I told them that I was going to make an adjustment. They showed me, at my request, the furniture saved. It was on the lawn. Mrs. VanNest remained in the house. I had been told that a list was placed in evidence. They said that except the clothes on their backs the goods the house were all that was saved. I made a schedule of the saved furniture. The schedule was given to Mrs. VanNest. I saw that there was on the schedule were in boxes, the largest about 15 inches long and 18 inches wide. I was advised not to sign that. The goods destroyed had been on the south-west side of the hall. The following day I met Louis VanNest and Mr. Marsh in Marsh's office. Louis wanted $700 for goods worth $200. I had to pass many things from the list of goods saved. I told them that I was satisfied than they ought not to be paid for by the company. Louis insurance policies ran for $600, but the other policies, the policy was only $300. I told that he ought not to receive over $500. Louis' insurance policy was admitted in evidence. I offered to settle for $500. Louis asked his wife what he ought to do. She would suggest because they weren't to receive more. Louis told me that he and his wife were getting ready for bed when they heard fire on the roof. They stood up. No reference was made of the presence of John M. Jackson. The insurance was settled for $500. Louis was unusually anxious for a speedy adjustment."

The prosecution here endeavored to show that after the fire Louis had said he had only saved insured for $400, and that when the insurance company cancelled that policy the goods were all that was saved. But the Court refused to admit such evidence.

Joseph Long, the next witness, on the afternoon after the fire he removed two truck-loads of household goods for Louis Van Nest. Louis told him that they were all he saved from the fire. The State here rested.

THE DEFENSE OPENS, "SURPRISED."

The opening for the defense was made by Fred. C. Marsh, who said:

"After months of preparation and after meeting the testimony of the State—aided by one of the most skilful detectives that ever walked the face of the earth, the State has at last succeeded in bringing the case to trial. (This was said in ridicule.) And we are really surprised at the weakness of the case as presented by the prosecution. We supposed from Mr. Wilson's opening that he was going to tamper in with evidence. But he is far from doing so."

After elaborating on the purity of the character of the Carney Bros., Mr. Marsh called his first witness, Isaiah L. McCord, who said:

"I sometimes do plumbing work. I was called by Louis VanNest to the Parse house in January to fix a pump. I found the leaden pipes frozen. I left the job for a few days later I was called in again. They said that they didn't want to use plumbing apparatus any more. I told them that I would have to cut the pipes running from the force pumps to the tank. I disconnected the bath-room from water supply. I put in the 3 pipes and left out of order.

Cross-examined.—This work was all done in in January. I did nothing later. The axle pin in the pump in the yard was all right, but the pump didn't work well. I refused to fix it but didn't. I remember that it required the use of two wrenches to get out the axle pin. It was rusted.

Louis E. McIntosh, book-keeper for Carney Bros., plumbers, testified that two men who were about the Parse house did plumbing work for the VanNests at the Parse house. He did not know of his own knowledge what the job covered.

Wm. C. Butler, insurance agent, gave evidence to the effect that he saw the goods exhibited by Louis VanNest on the lawn. He didn't think that Louis showed any undue anxiety to have the insurance settled. He had always heard Louis well spoken of.

Capt. Wm. Hand swore that Louis used to work for Carney Bros., in his opinion, a man of honor and integrity.

Robert Walker, a carpenter, also had a good word for Louis.

"He lived in my house four years," he said, "from 1880 to 1882 and also in 1884 and 1885." He had a good character. Louis' furniture was worth in all, I think, from $300 to $500. It was moved directly from my house to the Parse house in Evona.

THE PROSECUTOR CAUSES A SENSATION.

Cross-examined by Prosecutor Wilson.—Yes; the property of which I speak was moved from my house into the Parse house, I suppose. They brought some of the goods back to where I live. I didn't see the act done. I didn't know that it wasn't until 1886 that they moved into the Parse house. Maybe they moved from my place to some other than the Parse house. No one lived with me besides them except my wife and son. Oh, yes; my niece was there. I don't know of anything wrong between this niece and Louis. It is not a fact that the two used to travel the streets together. No wrong-doing of theirs was ever brought to my attention. I don't know of anything wrong that ever took use.

Coroner Monroe B. Long, M. D., was the next witness for the defense. He swore: "I have known Louis VanNest several years. He has always had a good reputation, so far as I know. I never saw the furniture that was burned. It was quite valuable."

John D. Bates, testified of the estate of D. J. Bates, testified d: "I have known Louis VanNest some time. He was in my employ three months. I never heard anything against him."

Cross-examined—Yes: Louis VanNest does his work with care.

Jacob Long and Timothy S. Thorne also spoke well of the reputation of Louis.

Lewis Noel, recalled, stated that the furniture that he had moved for Louis was not worth, in his opinion, over $200.

Mark Walker testified to character.

The next witness summoned was Mrs Levina A., wife of Robert Walker. Her remarks were productive of considerable laughter, and her quaint way of answering Prosecutor Wilson's questions displayed that the old gentleman stood up and threw his felt hat on the floor in an ecstacy of delight, while another humorously laughed that the Court allowed his merriment to burst forth with a whoop that started a roar of guffaws and called for several cries pounding of the gavel by Judge McCormick.

"Louis VanNest," said Mrs. Walker, "moved from our house Dec. 1880, and he and his family went directly to the Parse house. In my house they had four furnished rooms and part of the attic. They stayed in the house about two years. Louis VanNest moved all the furniture saved. It was on the lawn. Mrs. VanNest remained in the house. I had been told that it was placed in evidence. They said that except the clothes on their backs the goods in the house were all that was saved. I made a schedule of the saved furniture. The schedule was given to Mrs. VanNest. I saw that there was on the schedule were in boxes, the largest about 15 inches long and 18 inches wide. I was advised not to sign that. The goods destroyed had been on the south-west side of the hall. The following day I met Louis VanNest and Mr. Marsh in Marsh's office. Louis wanted $700 for goods worth $200. I had to pass many things from the list of goods saved. I told them that I was satisfied than they ought not to be paid for by the company. Louis insurance policies ran for $600, but the other policies, the policy was only $300. I told that he ought not to receive over $500. Louis' insurance policy was admitted in evidence. I offered to settle for $500. Louis asked his wife what he ought to do. She would suggest because they weren't to receive more. Louis told me that he and his wife were getting ready for bed when they heard fire on the roof. They stood up. No reference was made of the presence of John M. Jackson. The insurance was settled for $500. Louis was unusually anxious for a speedy adjustment."

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OFFICIAL ELECTION RETURNS OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

The Board of Canvassers of Somerset county met at the Court House in Somerville Friday afternoon. The following is the vote cast for the three tickets nominated—Republicans, Democrats and Prohibitionists. The Prohibition ticket runs considerably behind that of last year, when Fisk for Governor received 421 votes.

	SENATOR.	ASSEMBLYMAN	SURROG'TE	CORONERS.																
POLLING DISTRICT	Thompson, R.	Thompson, D.	Barber, P.	Cubbling, R.	Pace, D.	Wilson, P.	Norton, W.	Long, R.	Stoll, D.	Stillphen, P. & W.	Jones, R.	VanNoste, R. & W.	Fisher, R. & W.	Hough, D.	Brady, D.	Taylor, D.	Taylor, D.	Bateman, P. &	Bolling, P.	
Bedminster	176	241	17	198	275	21	176	112	272	20	166	166	98	274	276	275	281	21	21	
Bernards	253	325	29	251	322	29	253	142	322	29	251	251	100	322	322	322	322	29	29	
Branchburgh	171	108	23	179	96	23	1	178	108	23	180	183	98	97	94	91	98	23	23	
Bridgewater, 1st	241	183	41	245	216	40	63	182	255	216	249	208	228	249	249	249	249	40	40	
" 2d	181	138	31	141	171	30	154	100	34	102	144	156	154	160	167	45	34	30	30	
" 3d	151	130	30	143	130	30	10	144	130	30	144	144	130	144	144	144	144	30	30	
" 4th	232	207	12	227	214	54	9	192	240	28	219	227	227	227	227	227	227	54	54	
Franklin, 1st	150	109	4	151	114	4	124	120	4	142	144	142	113	134	111	4	4	4	4	
" 2d	150	109	4	151	114	4	124	120	4	142	144	142	113	134	111	4	4	4	4	
" 3d	92	94	8	85	102	6	90	100	5	114	110	100	100	105	115	6	6	6	6	
Hillsborough, 1st	178	178	17	178	178	17	178	178	17	178	178	178	178	178	178	145	178	17	17	
" 2d	257	145	8	195	146	6	182	158	8	180	200	180	85	196	146	6	6	6	6	
Montgomery	216	167	16	215	171	16	216	216	16	216	216	216	204	216	216	16	16	16	16	
North Plainfield, 1st	192	111	15	190	114	16	190	191	11	191	187	113	114	114	14	16	16			
" 2d	192	111	15	190	114	16	190	191	11	191	187	113	114	114	14	16	16			
Warren	60	100	30	58	100	30	5	68	136	34	69	71	68	110	110	110	34	30	30	
Total	2501	2054	284	2504	2651	307	39	2441	2467	322	2535	2740	2520	2433	2572	2577	363	304	298	
Plurality	447		63					99												

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

Beer Leads to Death.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 16.—Leonard Grunewald, a shoemaker on Burnet street, returned to this city last evening from parading in Trenton during the lay with the Odd Fellows, stopped into a saloon and drank two glasses of beer. He was in feeble health and the beer made him drunk. His dead body was found this morning at the foot of an embankment over which he had staggered. He leaves a wife and eight children.

A Freight Train Wrecked.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Nov. 15.—As a "wild freight" train was making a switch to Benton, on the Grand Trunk Railroad six miles west yesterday, the train parted and freight No 47, going east ran into it, wrecking the engine and thirteen cars loaded with general merchandise. Alexander Powell, an engineer, and Michael Scully, fireman, were slightly injured, a stranger who was attending to the shipment of an engine jumped from the caboose and was hurt.

A Brutal Prize Fight.

BOSTON, Nov. 16.—The prize fight for the international light-weight championship and a purse of $5000 between Jem Carney of Birmingham, England, and Jack McAuliffe of Williamsburgh, N. Y., was fought in the State of Rhode Island this morning. Seventy-four rounds were contested, occupying four hours, fifty-eight minutes, fifteen seconds. Carney could not finish, while his strong and nimble opponent, who resorted to every trick to win, repeatedly begged the referee to allow him the fight on a draw, but was in no better condition. The battle will be finished this week.

A Cold Bath.

While running to the fire in Stiger's Alley last night several persons who were not acquainted with the vicinity ran into the race and were treated to a free bath. Among the unlucky ones were William Hardgrove and Joe Griffen, masons employed on the Pond Tool Works. The latter lost his hat and seven dollars in money. This morning the hat was found in the race of Pressed Steel Co. They were given some hot drinks and took the 10:45 train for their boarding house in Evona. They presented a sorry looking picture when they emerged from the cold bath. A man named Lockwood and several others are also said to have run into the race and received a ducking in the water. The night was dark, so that it was almost impossible to see the water.

An Exciting Runaway.

A team of horses attached to a wagon loaded with lumber standing on West Front street, in the vicinity of the Bee Hive, last evening, became frightened and ran away. After making a tour of the city and strewing the lumber all over the streets, they finally collided with the American Laundry wagon which was standing in front of Richard Day's livery stable on North avenue, considerably damaging the latter. The force of the collision shook the horses and they were caught. Mr. Day ordered that they be put in the stable and taken care of for the night. The horses are said to belong to a truckman who resides on Manning avenue, North Plainfield, and escaped injury.

It's Edwin S. Worsley.

The real name of Detective "Edward J. Murphy" is now for the first time correctly given to the people of Plainfield. In writing the name as understood by the Court Crier, yesterday the County Clerk recorded it "Edward S. Worsley." The reporter copied last transcription as official. The "S. Worsley" is right, but the "Edward" ought to be "Edwin." The editor of THE NEWS knew this long ago, but was in no hurry to rush his knowledge into print until the proper time arrived.

Probably Fatal Injuries.

Dennis Howley, the contractor on Engine No. 30, who it was thought was but slightly crushed at the time Engine No. 60 collided with Engine No. 30, on the trestle works in Hadden road yard on Madison avenue about ten days ago, now lies dangerously ill at his home at Hampton Junction from the effects of his injuries, and it is feared that they may result fatally. Mr. Howley, after he was injured walked from Madison avenue to the main depot in this city, apparently without any trouble.

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for the corresponding date of last year, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue.

Hour.	1887	1886	
7 a. m.	72	51	Sun rises..... 6 49
12 m.	44	47	Sun sets..... 4 42
12 m.	46	47	Moon rises..... 6 13
9 p. m.	50	48	

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A HOUSE or part of a house with four rooms, wanted for housekeeping, by a man and his wife, no children. Address Y., care EVENING NEWS. 12-6

A YOUNG German wishes a situation as a driver or a useful man in a private family. Best references. A. F., post office box 1295. 14-3

A YOUNG MAN wishing a fair hand to work in the stable, or as helper at book-keeping or miscellaneous work. Address P. O. Box, 533. 12-6

A LARGE desirable building on Grove street near the First Baptist church, to let; suitable as a first-class boarding house. Rent low. All improvements. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, No 35 and 37, opposite station. 10-31-tf

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 33 Carleton avenue. 11-15d, 12-31

DWELLING HOUSE to rent. Twelve minutes walk from Pond Tool works. Suitable for Boarding House. Rent moderate. E. C. Mulford, agent. 5-2-tf

FOR SALE—A light easy phaeton. The property of Dr. Ruth. Enquire of Jenkins M. D., 62 East Front street. 10-31-tf

FOR SALE or to LET—Property on corner of Sixth and Sycamore streets, opposite Grace church. Brick house. All improvements. Brick stable. Leslie M. Daniel, 44 Broadway, New York, or 68 Liberty street, Plainfield.

FOR SALE—A lot of carriages, buggies, top sleighs and cheap wagons cheap for cash at McDonnell's Livery stable, Sixth street. 12-5

FOR SALE at a bargain, a desirable building lot on Eighth street, next Mr. Rankin's fine property. Size lot 87 1-2 front by about 250 feet deep. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, 35 and 37 opposite station. 11-5 tf

HATS trimmed for 35 cents, and velvet ones made for 60 cents, at Miss Bonsall's, 83 East Front street. Mourning work a specialty. 12-2

PIANO TO RENT—Fine instruments, per fect order. Apply 33 Park avenue. 8-5

PROSPECT HILL building plots, finest in the city. Also trees, bulbs and Winter blooming plants, for sale at Denton's Nursery, Hill-side avenue. 11-7-7

STORAGE.—For carriages, sleighs, furniture and goods, Building, M. Quinn, No 8 East Fourth street, near Park avenue. 17-tf

TRY the O. A. F. cigar made from the finest Havana filler without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best five cent cigar in the city. 16-6tf

TO RENT 3 rooms, $6 a month to small family. Address in House, care of Evening News. 14-3

TO LET—Furnished room. Private family, location central. Box 268.

TO LET—Five rooms. Address Box 192.

WANTED—Experienced sales lady in dry goods store. Address Box 886, City. 11-16-tf-e

WANTED—A coachman and gardener. Married man preferred. Brook, Mountain ave. 11-16-tf-e

WANTED—A chambermaid and waitress. Apply to Mrs. Havilaud, Knollview avenue. 11-16-tf-e

THE STOCK OF

Merino Underwear

FOR MEN WOMEN and CHILDREN,

in White, Scarlet and Grey,

AT EDSALL'S,

No 20 West Front street,

is the largest and most complete over offered by this firm. Upon which to have the best of vest; the best 75c vest; the best 81 vest; the best $1.25 and the best $2 Jersey Ribbed Vests The best 40c Shirts and drawers.

"	50c	"
"	75c	"
"	$1	"
"	1.50	"
"	2.00	"
"	2.50	"
"	3.00	"

The last two mentioned are the celebrated "Natural Wool."

You can surely get suited here in this line of goods. Remember, we are now showing the largest assortment of handsome new

CARPETS

ART SQUARES, RUGS, OIL CLOTHS, etc

ever shown in this part of the State and at the lowest prices.

THE STOCK OF

Doughnut B A. Klam

Election Day being over this is the proper time for all Republicans, Democrats, Prohibitionists and those with no politics to ask their druggist or grocer for a

FREE SAMPLE

OF

Carl Kaerth's Nerve Food Tonic, for nervous and blood disorder and dyspepsia.

Special Notices.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J.

GOOD GIRLS

For general housework, cooks, waitresses and chambermaids. Apply to Mrs. Ward's Intelligence office. No. 20 Washington street. 16-3

NEW BOARDING HOUSE

And furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street. 16-3 M. YAEGER.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The undersigned dissolves their business relations as grocers this day by mutual consent. All persons indebted will call and settle as required, and may be effected with either party. BOWDITCH & SPARKS.

Plainfield, N. J., Nov. 16, 1887. 3-12

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP. Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of J. H. Forster, Veterinary Surgeon, 79 East Fifth street.

Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

STOVES,

Heaters, Ranges and

Weatherstrips,

PLUMBING, TINNING, HARDWARE.

13 E. Front street.

Telephone Call 6.

ATTENTION

Those seeking homes, investments or speculation. The finest building property in this section of the country now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit all. This property is located near the Grant Ave. depot, Plainfield, N. J., and is in close proximity to the Pond Tool manufactory and the Potter Press Works. It is situated in the healthiest, most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. To those desiring to procure homes, or young men wishing to make small investments this opportunity is especially inviting. Builders or contractors would also find it advantageous to procure prices before looking elsewhere.

For particulars, inquire of Wm. C. Kelly No. 36 Park Ave. or Dr. Fritts, Park avenue. Map of property can be seen at Dr. Fritts' office.

MUSIC HALL.

Monday, Nov. 21,

All the World in Wonder over the phenomina prestidigitateur and wizard, the original and only

HERRMANN

Famous in every part of the world, assisted by Mme Herrmann, presenting a new program of Magic and Mirth, allusing a few of his remarkable revealtions, including the most marvellous, thrilling and startling sensation.

BLACK-ART

creating a furore and crowding the theatre everywhere. Nothing like it has ever been seen on the stage of any country. The press eulogize. The people receive with eclat.

Prices, 35c, 50c, 75c and $1.

Tickets on sale Friday.

GRAND FAIR

At the

German Reformed Church

CRAIG PLACE. Under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society. Every afternoon and night of the week.

BEGINNING NOV. 14, '87

ADMISSION TEN CENTS.

The proceeds of the fair are to be used to finish the church, and all our friends are invited to attend.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

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T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1887.

THE FRENCH DECORATION SCANDAL.

M. Wilson to be Prosecuted as an Accessory.

PARIS, Nov. 16.—La Paix positively denies that President Grevy will resign. The houses of many prominent people have been searched by the police, and documents have been seized which contain startling revelations as reference to the traffic in decorations.

Baroness de Bellfiere testified before the Wilson inquiry committee yesterday that her husband informed her that he gave M. Wilson 2,000,000 francs in order to procure contracts, but did not receive much in return. It is reported that the examining magistrate recommends the prosecution of the prefect and sub-prefect of police, as he holds that they are responsible for the altercation of the Wilson partisans.

The Temps says that M. Wilson will be prosecuted as an accessory of M. Gragnon, prefect of police.

For Hazing Young Choate.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Nov. 16.—It was asserted last evening that nine members of the Sophomore class of Williams college had been suspended for hazing young Choate, son of Mr. Joseph H. Choate, of New York city. Thursday boys took part in the hazing, and they have made a confession to the faculty. Only nine of the leaders were sent away, and they will be taken back after the Easter vacation.

Killed a Song and Dance Girl.

DENVER, Nov. 16.—Charles E. Henry, of London, Ont., last night shot and killed Effie Moore, a song and dance girl. The women, it is said, came to this city from Detroit and proceeded to live together. Mrs. Winifred Dermott, said of "The Dowager Princess of York."

A Telephone Official in Trouble.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—Isham H. Fessenden, of Philadelphia, an assistant superintendent of the American Bell telephone company, was arrested yesterday on a charge of embezzlement of the company with appropriating to his own use of stock sales to private parties. He was admitted to bail.

He Will Plead Self Defense.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Nov. 16.—The trial of Jack Allen, the negro who killed Jack Smith, his white step-father, in a fit of jealousy, was begun yesterday. A number of witnesses testified for the prosecution. The defense will plead self-defense and the shooting was done in self defense.

Mr. Sparks' Resignation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Land Commissioner Sparks yesterday afternoon personally delivered to the president a letter declining his course in the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railway land grant case, and formally resigning his office.

A Fashionable Marriage.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Mr. Charles Carroll, of Howard county, Md., and Miss Susanne Bancroft, the granddaughter of Mr. George Bancroft, were married yesterday by Rev. Dr. Chappelle, pastor of St. Matthew's church.

Another Chance for His Life.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Nov. 16.—Ebenezer Stanyard, who was to have been hanged at Columbiana on Friday next for the murder of Alice Hancock, was yesterday granted a new trial.

A Receiver Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The president yesterday appointed Lt. E. Stephens, of Missouri, to be receiver of the Fifth National bank of St. Louis, which recently closed.

Death of Gen. Grant's Nurse.

PORTSMOUTH, O., Nov. 16.—Mrs. Sarah Gowsley, who was present at the birth of Gen. Grant and was his nurse in infancy, died here yesterday, aged 80 years.

Weather Indications.

For Thursday, in New Jersey, eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania and in New England, warmer and fair, with variable winds.

THE BULLETIN OF COMMERCE.

New York Money and Produce Market Quotations.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Money closed at 4 per cent, the highest and the last. The highest rate was 5. Exchange closed steadily; posted rates $4.83@4.83½ actual rates, $4.81½@4.81¾ for sixty days and $4.84@4.84½ for demand. Government bonds closed steadily; currency 6s, 121 bid; 4s, coup., 126½ bid; 4s, reg., 126½.

STOCKS.—Trading was active again this morning, but the tone was very feverish, though the average range of prices was a fraction above those of yesterday. The dealings were as active after o'clock, but the tone continued strong and, with the exception of a fractional reaction in the Granger stocks, the changes were almost steadily on the advance. The closing figures were as high as the best and in many cases higher than those of last night. The greatest improvements were in Rock Island, Adams Express, Houston and Texas, and Jersey Central.

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Cotton—Closed steady at unchanged prices. Winter wheat extra, $3.15@3.60; Minnesota, do., $3.35@3.60; city mill extra, $4.75@4.90; Minnesota do., $4.50@4.80. Southern flour closed steady; common to choice extra, $3.30@4.85.

WHEAT—Options were active and firm, closing higher. Spot lots closed firm and ½c higher. Spot sales of No 1 red state at 84@85c, No 2, do., 86@86½c; ungraded red, 84@88c. No 2 red winter, 84@84½c. No 1 white, 84@85c. No 2 white, do., Jan., 86-16@86½c bid.

CORN—Options were moderately active and firm, closing ½@¾c higher. Spot lots closed steady and unchanged. Spot sales of No 2 mixed, cash, at 59@59½c; ungraded, 58@59c; No 2 mixed, Nov., 59@59½c; Jan., 50@50½c.

OATS—Options were moderately active and firm, closing ¼@⅜c higher. Spot lots closed firm at unchanged prices. Spot sales of No 1 white state at 34@35c, No 2, do., 33c. No 2 mixed, Nov., 30@30½c; Dec., 30½@30¾c.

RYE—Dull, but firm.

PORK—Dull at old rates, $13.50; new, do., $14@14.25.

LARD—Closed dull and weak; cash, $7.00; Dec., 6.85; Jan., $6.90.

ENGLAND'S COMMISSIONER

THE BIRMINGHAM RADICAL MAKES A CHARACTERISTIC ADDRESS.

The Annual Dinner of the Chamber of Commerce at Delmonico's—Regrets from President Cleveland and Governor Hill. A Notable Gathering.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—Two hundred merchants of the Chamber of Commerce and their guests, the majority of them silver haired and all conservative looking, filled Delmonico's great dining hall last night. It was the one hundred and nineteenth annual banquet of the chamber. At the five great tables and the one on the dais were seen white flowers, which have become synonyms for business enterprise, wealth and brains. There were many floral decorations, interspersed with candled miniatures and beautiful specimens of the manufacturing industries, and the band up in the holly and chrysanthemum entwined balcony helped the pictures of the evening.

Chauncey Mitchell Depew and Joe Chamberlain, the English Radical, were the pictures of the evening. Mr. Depew was keenly alive to everything going on, and when the Englishman with his gold glass stuck in his right eye was impassive, but apparently thoughtful. He was referred to before the banquet as the Chauncey Mitchell Depew of England.

After letters of regret at their unavoidable absence from President Cleveland, Governor Hill and Senator Sherman, Secretary Lamar was introduced, and made a speech which was cheered to the echo.

The toast "Our Sister Kingdom, Great Britain" was drunk all standing, and this time the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain heard the strains of "America" booming out "God Save the Queen," Miss Ethel Stevens then proposed the toast of "The United States—with a government by the people and for the people. They are the friends of honest labor, the enemies of anarchism." There was a fine burst of joyous welcome to the Hon. Chauncey Mitchell Depew who had undertaken the toast of "Our Guests," and when he rose to his feet the point in his speech was enthusiastically received. He created laughter, serious thought, and loaning cheers for his eloquence.

Then came Joseph Chamberlain's turn. The majority of the guests cheered him, several in the rear part of the hall hissed him, but he was calm and imperturbable throughout. He was dressed in a full dress suit, had a gold glass in his right eye, and spoke in well modulated tones. He said:

I thank you, Mr. President, for the way you have introduced me to the chamber and I assure you I appreciate the honor and take pleasure in accepting the invitation. I am not going to ask any responses to the sentiments and of many to which I should like to give public expression, because I feel that the time is too short and that I should only weary you if I attempted to do so. I am glad to be present on this occasion when I have been met since I landed on our shores. It has deepened and strengthened the feelings of confidence and more completely in the principles and institutions of your country. I have seen in my time rather more of political life than most men, and I have had some experience of the progress and of many nations. I have been in my time rather more behind the political scenes

MUSIC OF THE STREETS.

THE FORTY BRAYING BANDS OF NEW YORK AND BROOKLYN.

A Census of the Discord Makers of the Metropolis—The Leaderless Band of Three Pieces—Hand Organ, Violin and Harp—Whistlers.

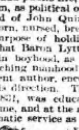
Much that is musical, and more that is earpending and head splitting in its discord, is noted, blown, rattled, squeaked and pounded by the thousand odd players on instruments who pick up a living in the streets of New York and Brooklyn. This regiment of itinerant destroyers of harmony and disturbers of peace is made up of about ten divisions. By far the largest of these divisions is the one that numbers in its ranks the gutter bands. Then come the grinders of the wheezy organs. Next on the list are the manipulators of the crank pianos. The banjo players follow in order, and then the field is filled with the violinists, harpers, corncob whistlers, pipers, daggers and whistlers.

There are more than forty street bands tooting for pennies in the two cities every pleasant day. Three or four of these bands number eight or ten performers each, and they get themselves up in pretty good style so far as uniforms are concerned. The leader is usually a man of middle age, and, with the exception of the stringy-haired individual who operates the bass horn and the man who helps the leader out on the cornet end, the players are all boys. They make pretty good music when they are feeling well.

Other street bands have as few as three pieces—cornet, alto and bass horn. Bands of this description play in front of saloons, and they are usually leaderless. Sometimes the alto horn gets under way before the cornet and its deeper toned neighbor, and just as frequently the bass horn steps in first. Of all the noises that are forced through upper foot horns, that of the leaderless band of three pieces is unquestionably the worst. Yet these bands manage to pick up between $6 and $8 a day.

THE ORGAN GRINDER.

The organ grinder has long been with us. He is a prominent object in the streets today, and, judging from the doleful strains of "Yankee Doodle" and kindred selections that are heard on the street, the organs have been in use for many years. The instrument is immensely popular with the children. It matters not how discordant its efforts at music may be they like it. In the tenement house districts an organ grinder is sure to get a penny a tune, and it takes less than five minutes to grind out a selection with a methodical man at the crank. There are over seventy-five old fashioned hand organs in use in and about New York, and it is a poor day when they fail to charm $2.50 from the pockets of their proprietors.



The crank piano is a natural outgrowth of the hand organ. Progressive civilization demanded something better than wheezy organs, and the rattley bang piano was introduced to fill the long felt want, as it were. It really has some claim on the public ear. In the first place it gives us music that is comparatively new. Snatches from the popular comic operas are common with it, and the way it renders them is not entirely void of interest. There are thirty street hand pianos on regular duty.

Good banjo music is scarce on the street of the unwashed players who make their living around town by that means. This instrument, all but one are negroes. *There are two* banjo players up town who know how to play right well. They frequent the saloons during the winter time, and whenever they find a party of young fellows who are out for the night they make good money. One can stand three of banjo music than he can of any other kind. While the hand organ becomes intolerable in ten minutes, the banjo is listened to with interest for an hour. The banjo itself ants usually travels with the negro, and plantation melodies go with the music.

VIOLIN AND HARP.

As nearly as can be ascertained there are ten violin-harp combinations in existence in New York city. These players are entitled to more merit as musicians than any of that play on the street, when the mood is pleased to give them. It requires years of training to become at all proficient as a violinist or a harpist, and it costs something, too. Out of twenty-five persons who start to make music of the violin, not more than one is ever able to make good music. Considering this fact (for it is a fact), it is remarkable that all the street violinists are capable musicians. Damp weather and cracked instruments do much to make otherwise good music squeaky and disagreeable.

The heyday of the piper has passed, and the pipes are now a novelty. Once or twice a year their peculiar music can be heard on the streets along the river front, but it doesn't seem to take *it* is used to, and the pipers get disgusted and quit.

Three whistlers—a white man in Brooklyn, a negro up town and a negro down town—pucker their respective mouths to the latest popular airs on the city streets. For whistling that appeals to one's change pocket the negro up town has the decided advantage. He has a way of rendering "Way Down Upon the Suwanee River" that is truly melodious. Down town people take a specialty of whistling tunes that have various variations. He can give you the "Mocking Bird" in twelve different styles, and in practicing on the bird's song can imitate a canary so cleverly that the bird's own mother couldn't tell the difference.

Singing in the street requires great lung power, and it is hard work. The only successful street singer in the two cities is a woman about 50 years of age, whose voice is sweet and pleasing, and whose good face brings her money when her efforts at vocal entertainment fail.—New York Star.

Louisiana's Queer Ponds.

"I do not understand the lakes or ponds," said Mr. Ely. "We have passed today at least a thousand. I think, from three feet to three miles in diameter, and all almost perfectly circular. The water in them, too, is live and sparkling, as if from springs, not stagnant. How do you account for their shape? Look at the one we are passing. No surveyor could lay out a more perfect ring."

The Acadians have many superstitious reasons for the queer lakes," replied Judge Simling. "They were worn by the accursed Voodoo dances, or they were the places where human beings were sacrificed in ancient times. Some of the farmers will tell you that when two bulls fight they tear up a round hole with their horns and fore hoofs, into which the water comes, enlarging it year by year, until it is the present shape. I guess it is a singular fact, though, that in the most parish there are mounds of every size, exactly corresponding in shape to the ponds here."

"How do you account for them?"

Pere Nedand shrugged his shoulders. "How should I know? There are many kinds of other days, before even the Indians came to Attakapas—many mysteries. Science cannot explain them. Maybe—I do not meddle with it—" Bebeau Harding Purvis in Harper's Magazine.

Massachusetts in the newly opened title for manage.

THE PRESENT LORD LYTTON.

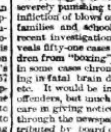
Recently Appointed British Minister to France.

Sir Edward Robert Bulwer-Lytton, the newly appointed British ambassador to France, is best known as a sentimental American as "Owen Meredith"—author of "Lucile," a romance in verse. He is of a family long noted for talent, both in literature and public life, and it might be said, claim, as political opponents sarcastically said of John Quincy Adams, that he was born, nursed, bred and educated for the purpose of holding office. It is possible that Baron Lytton played at diplomacy in boyhood, as he practiced it before reaching manhood, and his father, the eminent author, encouraged his talent in this direction. The son was born and at Rome, and at the age of 18 entered the diplomatic service as attache and private secretary to his uncle, Sir Henry Bulwer, then British minister at Washington. He held the same position successively at Florence, Paris and the Hague, and in 1860, when but 29 years old, went to Vienna charged with very important duties in the settlement of Servian affairs and the so called "Eastern question." From there he went to Copenhagen as secretary of the British legation, and held the same position at Athens in 1864, at Lisbon in 1865 and at Madrid in 1868. Subsequently he was again at Vienna, and in 1872 at Paris in the same capacity.

In the intervals of diplomatic work he issued various productions: "Clytemnestra" in 1856, "The Wanderer" in 1859, "Lucile" in 1860, and in 1861 a curious collection of Servian songs. He began to write as "Owen Meredith," and though the secrecy of authorship was not long preserved, that name continued to be his nom de plume. He married a daughter of Hon. Edward Ernest Villiers. It is worthy of note that the original family name is Bulwer, and as other branches are known only by that name, while the father of the young diplomatist took the hyphenated title of Bulwer-Lytton, when raised to the peerage, there is some confusion of persons in the American mind. The family is an old one. Norman in origin, and at the beginning of the century Gen. Bulwer, of Heydon Hall near Wood Dalling, Norfolk, was its most conspicuous representative. He married Elizabeth Barbara Lytton, sole heiress of the Knebworth estates, and their youngest son was Edward George Bulwer, the very accomplished author whose works were so widely read in the last generation. "Richni," "Eugene Aram," "The Last Days of Pompeii," "Pelham" and "Richelieu" and "Lady of Lyons" are quite as popular in America as in England, and many others are occasionally read here; but of the long list of novels and semi-political tales, most Americans know little more than the names. In 1843 he inherited the family estates, and added the "Lytton" to his family name. When raised to the peerage July 14, 1866, it was as Baron Lytton, and this is the son's title. The father married Rosina Wheeler, *an Irish lady of peculiar talents and* beauty, but their disagreements gave the public something like a comedy in 1851 if it was the tragedy by her incarceration in a lunatic asylum, after publishing a savage attack upon him. The young diplomatist is their son, and inherits a fair share of the talents of both. The mother was released from the asylum in a short time, and continued to write savage attacks on her husband, but her course did not seem to injure his political standing, as it certainly has not hindered the advancement of the son.

The Late Admiral Nicholson.

The recent death of Rear Admiral J. W. A. Nicholson recalls to mind the heroic part the United States navy, for though this gallant officer was but 67 years old, he had done valuable service in every part of the world, had protected American lives and property in Asia, Africa and South America, and had been present as spectator or active participant in many of the most brilliant and sensational scenes in our history. He arrived at Charleston bar in time to see Sumter in flames; he directed the shot which proved most effective at the capture of Mobile; he landed his marines to preserve property when the Alabama was bombarded Alexandria, and looked on at the naval attack on Valparaiso. For more than one act of his official life he received the warm commendations of his superiors, and his experience in naval service, written in plain words, would be thrilling as any romance.


REAR ADM'L NICHOLSON.

He entered the service as a midshipman on Feb. 16, 1838; became passed midshipman in 1844, lieutenant in 1853, commander in 1862, captain in 1866, commodore in 1873 and admiral in 1881. His first important service was as lieutenant on the sloop Vandalia in Commodore Perry's Japan expedition in 1853-55. From 1857 to 1860 he was on the African coast suppressing the slave trade. In 1861 he volunteered to go with an expedition to Mobile; he landed his marines to preserve property when the Alabama was bombarded Alexandria, and looked on at the naval attack on Valparaiso. For more than one act of his official life he received the warm commendations of his superiors, and his experience in naval service, written in plain words, would be thrilling as any romance.

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A Hygrometric Landscape.

A patented weather prognosticator now in Prague is a landscape covered with the stalks of reeds. These reeds are very sensitive to moisture, and are made still more so by mixture with gelatine. With increasing moisture in the atmosphere the blue heavens of the picture assume a dirty red hue, and the green grassand foliage, the yellow background, etc., are also striking ly changed in color.—Arkansaw Traveler

THE CHAPERON ABROAD.

LANDS WHERE FEMININE GUARDIANSHIP IS A SOCIAL NECESSITY.

Irresponsible Existence of the Spanish Girl—The Chaperon in Central Europe, Rules in Belgium and Germany—England's Female Dragons.

In those countries, and among those by whom a chaperon is recognized as a social necessity, no chaperons in any Christian country have so severe a task as those of Spain. From early childhood the young womanhood of the Spanish girl is generally insured within convent walls, presumably for her education, although what she learns during those long years, except the rudiments of reading, writing, how to sew and embroider a little, to use a fan to perfection, to wear her garments with a bewitching grace, and to use her eyes to the destruction of the peace of all who look upon them, it would be difficult to say. Once out of the convent and of marriageable age—say 14 or 15—she is placed in the charge of a duenna, who from that moment will never lose sight of her in the daytime and sleeps in the same room at night. Such a thing as a moment's privacy the girl neither expects nor obtains. If the gouvernante absents herself for a single day it is first taken to her mother. If she goes out to church, to the opera, or for a walk, she is closely guarded. On the street, or the paseo, she is sent a step or two in advance, the mother or duenna, or often both, following so that they can see her every motion, and that no darling lover can get a billet doux into her not unwilling hand. The consequence is that, feeling perfectly safe and entirely irresponsible, she is the most arrant flirt in the universe.

In France, Germany, Austria and through Central Europe the duties of a chaperon are much alike and are far lighter than they were even five-and-twenty years ago. Throughout Europe no young girl, or to put it more plainly, no unmarried woman, can appear in public unescorted by some matron. As for a male escort, that is, of course, far worse than being alone. Even a brother cannot take his sister to a theatre or place of public resort without a matron. The girl can only go with her mother or some chaperon, who for the time represents her. No society, however, in the young French girl marks a more distinct line of demarcation than the one which separates her from the married woman. Before, however, the young French girl marries she is allowed a little more liberty, especially where the Protestant element predominates, in this differing widely from France, where the Protestants are notoriously more rigid and puritanical than their Catholic fellow countrymen, denying to youth even such innocent pleasures as dancing and other harmless amusements.

Belgium, at least so far as its capital city is concerned, follows French customs, and much the same may be said of St. Petersburg. In Holland, which in social matters is the strictest in Europe, the girls are allowed in their home life almost as much freedom as are English girls. Italy, but a few years ago the land of the most jealous of matters social, is breaking down her barriers. The immense number of English and American girls constantly on the continent, and who insist upon carrying with them the freedom of action that they look upon as their birthright, the wealth, beauty and accomplishments of many of them giving access to the best society and compelling the admiration of all, has done vastly much toward freeing their continental sisters.

In England the duties of a chaperon are much the same as in the larger American cities. To go to a ball, party, flower show, theatre or other place of public amusement a girl *must* have a chaperon *of some sort* who sees her from her home and returns her to it. At a ball the advantage of the chaperon to the girl is enormous, especially if the lady be a woman of the world. If a bore comes along the chaperon claims his attention; if the girl cannot say she is engaged for the particular dance the bore has asked for, the chaperon, at a look, says: "You must rest this dance, dear; you must not over fatigue yourself, I insist; come and sit here by me." It is the same when the girl wishes to escape from an ineligible, especially if she thinks some one else is looking for her; "I must go back to mamma, now or to Mr. Black, as the case may be. I promised to come directly the dance was over."

The only continental country that permits almost American or English freedom to its girls is Switzerland. Even in the French portion—Geneva and its neighborhood—the girls walk *unattended through the streets*, and at the fashionable pensions or boarding school parties are given twice a month to which the college students and other young men of fashion are invited.—E. J. Biddle in Globe-Democrat.

Boxing the Ears.

There ought to be a statute in every state severely punishing this practice or rather an infliction of blows on the head, so common in families and schools of inferior grade. A recent investigation in Berlin records seventy-six cases of serious injury to children from "boxing" or "cuffing" on the ear—in some cases chronic and ultimately resulting in fatal brain disease, deafness, insanity, etc. It would be impossible to discipline all offenders, but much might be done by moral means in giving notice of the law and penalty through the newspapers and by circulars distributed by board of health inspectors, and by instructions to the police promptly to arrest parents or others guilty of cuffing children as they may be seen at all hours of the day in certain regions of every city.—Sanitary Era.

Paint for Kitchen Walls.

Paint is found to be better than calcimine or whitewash upon the walls of a kitchen, since the steam from the washing and cooking has less effect upon it, and also because it can be more readily cleaned. Before painting the wall needs to be washed with soapsuds, then covered with a coat of dissolved glue, which must be allowed to dry thoroughly before the paint is applied. The work is being done well and quickly with a broad, flat brush.—New York Mail and Express.

To Treat an Ingrowing Nail.

A painless method of treating an ingrowing nail is to draw a woolen yarn under the corner of the nail, leaving both ends projecting, and let it remain there until the nail has grown free from the flesh. A little mutton tallow may be used to soften the flesh about the nail, and in trimming the nail allow the corners to project a little beyond the flesh.

THE MAN WITH KNOWING.

A part of the written purpose of some men is to find out what is the best value for the money quality.

A solution of thymol, used as a mouth wash after smoking, will remove the unpleasant odor of tobacco.

A rich city of Indian gold glass bedstead has been recently made at a Birmingham, England, factory for a Calcutta millionaire. The king of Burmah also has one.

Both Sydenham and Boerhaave great physicians, declared that acute pneumonias were rarely cured without the abstraction of forty ounces of blood.

M. R. Julien has been awarded the Cross of the Order of Leopold in recognition of his services in the application of electricity for traction purposes, as employed on the Brussels tramway lines.

It has been proved by experiments made by Professor Leeds at Mount Holly that the addition of half a grain of alum to a gallon of impure water will not only clear it of the great mass of suspended matter, but will almost entirely rid it of bacteria. Filtering completes the process and leaves it as pure as would a prolonged boiling. The alum is not perceptible to the taste.

Some curious results produced by exploding marked blocks of gun cotton on flat plates of wrought iron have been described by Mr. C. B. Mercadier. The iron plates had been replaced with the lettered side down and the letters stamped in relief appeared in relief upon the iron after explosion, while, on the other hand, the letters depressed in the gun cotton were also depressed on the iron plate.

In addition to supplying crops with the necessary moisture rain has a distinct manurial value. Mr. James Mason, of the well known farm of Sir John B. Lawes, it has been shown that, with an annual rainfall of little less than thirty-two inches, each acre of land receives from the rain in a year over fourteen pounds of pure chlorine, seventeen pounds of sulphuric acid and between two and three pounds of ammonia.

The value of a ton weight of pound of good steam coal has been estimated by Prof. W. D. Rogers as equivalent to the work of one man one day, while three tons would represent his work for one year, counting 300 working days in a year. He has further estimated that a four foot seam would yield one ton of good coal to the square yard, and that one square mile of coal would represent the labor of over 1,000,000 men for twenty years.

According to Fire and Water, the soda-water fountain, which we might call a fire-hose of a mild and efficient extinguisher of fire. Some days ago a vessel filled with varnish was accidentally set on fire in the cellar of a Louisville drug store, and it blazed up through the grating in front of the building as high as the second floor. Before, however, the flames could gain headway in the building the heat had melted the lead pipe connected with the newly charged soda fountain, and the flames were instantly extinguished.

In New Orleans, where the soil is waterlogged three feet beneath the surface, they get over the difficulty of putting telegraph and telephone poles in the ground by erecting strong towers 150 feet high at intervals, and bracing them together with cables of steel wire rope. These cables support the cross arms, etc., to which the telegraph and telephone wires are attached, and the wires are securely carried above the public streets. The towers are also utilized for fire extinguishing purposes, standpipes with nozzles *at different elevations*, is fitted to each tower.

RELIGIOUS GLEANINGS.

It is said that 14,000 members of societies of Christian Endeavor have become church members.

There are 110 Congregational church edifices in Canada, with 30,221 sittings, representing a total value of $679,100.

Rev. Mr. Spurgeon, in his formal letter of resignation from the Baptist union, says it is useless to ask him to reconsider his decision.

The State Sunday School association reports that there are 902,045 scholars and 128,367 teachers in the Sunday schools of Pennsylvania.

The $50,000 needed to establish a theological seminary at the Arcot mission in India has been raised by the Reformed (Dutch) church.

An organ is to be built, it is said, after designs by M. Camille Coli, a Frenchman, for St. Peter's, Rome, which shall be equal to the largest organ in the world.

The receipts of the American Bible society for September were $23,179.91. The issues from the Bible house during the month were 56,555 copies; issues since April 1, 303,987 copies.

The receipts of the British Foreign and American Bible societies from their origin to the present year are reported to be $103,978,463. The amount received by these societies for the last year amounted to $5,479,948.

An Ohio preacher tried to quote the verse in Matthew about "not one jot or tittle," and said, "Not one jot or tittle." Then he saw that he had erred and tried again. "Not one jilt or tottle," said he, and again stopped. *But he would not give up, and began, "Not* one tit or tottle," and then with a sigh of heartfelt relief he gave it up and went on with his sermon and there were not a half dozen of his hearers who could really tell just what the two words were.

The officers of the Evangelical alliance have arranged with nearly all the railroads of the United States for reduced rates of fare to and from Washington, D. C., on the occasion of the conference to be held on Dec. 7, 8 and 9. Certificates entitling the holders to tickets at the reduced rates will be sent to persons expecting to be present at the conference on application to Josiah Strong, D. D., secretary, No. 43 Bible House, New York, before Nov. 30.

LITERARY NOTES.

Julian Hawthorne has become literary editor of The American Magazine.

Charles Egbert Craddock has a new book entitled "The Story of Kaodon Bluffs," which will be published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co. (Boston).

A new book is announced by Mr. J. A. Froude, the title of which is "The English in the West Indies, or, The Bow of Ulysses," with illustrations from sketches by the author.

John Habberton, who has written many stories better than "Helen's Babies," but who is best known as the creator of Budge and Toddy, lives in a small place just outside of New Rochelle, N. Y.

The late Mrs. Mulock-Craik is generally known only as a novelist. But she wrote poetry as well, and left a volume entitled "Thirty Years' Poems New and Old," has not a few pieces of sterling worth and great beauty.

Ex-President Foster, of Yale college, is superintending a complete revision of Webster's Dictionary, at New Haven, Conn. The revised work will probably be placed on sale by next July. The cost of the edition is estimated at $50,000, and the price of the work, it is said, will be advanced to $12.

Professional Cards.

D. F. E. HENDRICKSON, DENTIST, 20 North Avenue. Dr. E. will be in his office, No. 15 East Front street. Our assistant.

B. FOSGATE, ARCHITECT. 207 and 209 Spring street, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES H. SMITH, ARCHITECT, No. 35 Broadway, New York. Rooms 6 and 7. Residence, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone call at Residence, 20 Arlington avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone call 49.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Conveyancer, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

DR. CHAS. R. THRIES, DENTIST, 28 West Front street. A new local anesthetic applied in extracting teeth without pain. Gold filling a specialty.

ELECTRIC BATHS. Dr. Gritton is prepared to treat all nervous affections, also the complaint, skin disease, asthma, Catarrh, rheumatism, dyspepsia, constipation and chronic diseases generally, by electricity and electric baths. Consultation free. Hours attendance, 9 to 12 for ladies, 60 East Second street, corner of Washington street.

F. A. DUNHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Surveying in all parts of the country. Residence corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

J. JACKSON & CODDINGTON, Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Notaries in Chancery, Notaries Public, Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second st.

J. H. FERSTER, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Surveying in all parts of the country. Residence corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

J. H. JENKINS, Successor to Dr. E. W. South, 58 Front street. Peace street, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Miscellaneous.

MISS MEYER, of 60 Pearl street, will open a school for children on Oct. 1. All other information desiring to obtain terms, etc., will call at the above address on Saturday, Sept. 24, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock.

MISS KETTIE NAGLEE, Teacher of Piano, Organ and Harmony, Lessons at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms. Address, Plainfield, N. J. Reference, P. O. Box 980.

LOCUTION. Instruction in Elocution, Voice Culture and Physical Training. Miss Mary Bell Holmes, P. O. Box 980.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, the Newtown School for Girls on LeGrande avenue, corner of Washington street. For particulars address P. O. Box 98, Plainfield.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE, 182 PARK AVENUE. Fruits of all kinds. Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

Jimerson & Coyne,

have opened a store at

16 East Front St.

where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as first-class

Merchant Tailors,

to examine their fine line of samples, which they make up to order, at prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

SATIN-LINED OVERCOATS and a large variety of Men and Boys Suits at astonishing low prices.

WERNER'S MAMMOTH ONE PRICE Clothing House, 30 West Front street.

AT THE CITY PHARMACY 21 W. Front street.

May be found careful dispensers, who compound Physicians prescriptions with the utmost care. All prescriptions are checked so that accuracy may be secured. Only the best grades of preparations are used in our prescription Department.

The City Pharmacy is now open for the sale of

Choice Perfumes

and Toilet Requisites. We have Vichy and and Carbonic Acid Water in our new latest style siphons.

The City Pharmacy will be open Sunday's for COMPOUNDING DRUGS and the SALE OF MEDICINES

ONLY

Hours 9. a. m. to 1 p. m. and 4 to 9 p. m.

FIELD & RANDOLPH PROPRIETORS. Telephone Call 109.

AT THE WHITE FRONT you can find just what you need for Fall and Winter Wear

Our stock of Dress Goods have been selected with great care, and we are sure, upon being paid to the quality and styles, while our prices will be as they have in the past, low. In Ladies, Gents' and Children's Underwear we can supply every size and quality both in red and white. Blankets and Comfortables we never sold as low as we are selling them this season. A good blanket for $1 and an extra heavy wool one for $1.50. You will find our prices in dress trimmings, ribbons, corsets, buttons, yarns, and, in fact, in all our stock of notions, low as they have ever been. Come and see us and examine our goods and prices and you will be satisfied that White's is the best place to buy your goods.

J. E. White & Son, of the WHITE FRONT.

FORD & STILES, *Funeral Directors,* and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and residence No. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone call 44.

M. E. WARNER, Practical Horseshoer, Carriage and General Blacksmithing. Horses shod on scientific principles. Special attention given to interfering horses. Shop, 112 East Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

BUILDER James H. Pope, *Carpenter & Builder* RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE, P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N. J.

Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 25 years experience.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the CITY HOTEL, Corner of Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot. J. H. Staats, Prop'r. GOOD Accommodations.

PARK HOUSE, PLAINFIELD, N. J. Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements may be made for parties desiring table board, and in spring weather to be transferred to and from the Hotel. Terms reasonable. *EVAN JONES,* PROPRIETOR.

Repairing and Furnishing Clocks, Fine Jewelry and silver ware a specialty.

ALARM CLOCKS $1.25. First-Class Nickel Time Clocks, Warranted. AT COLLIER'S, 3 PARK AVENUE. Established 19 years.

200 Different styles of OVERCOATS for Men and Boys' way down in prices at SCHWED BROS. 7 East Front street.

GEORGE D. MORRISON, dealer in FLOUR AND FEED, NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

PARK AVENUE *PAINT STORE,* WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Window Glass Paints, White Lead, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes Wall Paper, etc. *E. M. ADAMS,* 16 PARK AVENUE

TRY *B. T. BARNES'* BROADWAY Molasses Candy, FLAXSEED and LEMON COUGH DROPS, BOSTON CHIPS ETC., We make all our candies. Opposite Post Office.

FIRST-CLASS NICKLE *ALARM CLOCKS* $1.25. First-Class Nickel Time Clocks, Warranted. AT COLLIER'S, 3 PARK AVENUE. Established 19 years. Repairing on Fine Clocks, Fine Jewelry and silver ware a specialty.

CENTRAL R. R. OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty Street Time table in effect Sept. 11, 1887.

Trains leave Plainfield as follows: 6.45, 7.25, 7.50, 8.02, 8.40, 9.03, 10.37, 11.07, 11.42, a. m., 12.30, 1.25, 2.37, 3.30, 4.05, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.40, 7.18, 8.10, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 8.02, 8.40, 9.03, 10.37, 11.07, 11.42, a. m., 1.25, 3.30, 5.10 7.30, 9.30 p. m.

Leave New York, foot of Liberty street as follows, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.45, 8.00, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday 4.00, 8.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m.

Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 6.30, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.03, 10.37, 11.07, 11.42, a. m., 12.30, 1.25, 2.37, 3.30, 4.05, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.40, 7.18, 8.10, 9.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 8.02, 8.40, 9.03, 10.37, 11.07, 11.42, a. m., 1.25, 3.30, 5.10 7.30, 9.30 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.02, 6.52, 7.32, 7.52, 8.33, 8.55, 9.25, 10.15, 11.45 a. m., 12.35, 1.50, 2.55, 3.50, 5.00, 5.32, 6.15, 6.40, 7.20, 8.20, 9.50 p. m. Sunday 8.33, 8.55, 9.25, 10.15, 11.45 a. m., 12.35, 2.55, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 7.14, 8.32, 9.03, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.10, 4.30, 5.40, 6.30, 8.51, 9.03, 9.35, 9.41, 9.55, 10.54, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 10.14 p. m.; 2.45, 5.14, 6.48, 10.45.

Leave Somerville at 6.02, 6.25, 7.00, 7.39, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.45 a. m., 12.35, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 6.15, 8.40 p. m. Sunday at 8.33, 10.15, 11.45 a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 9.54 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.13 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

8.32 a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wilkesbarre, Manch Chunk, etc.

9.31 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Dufton, Mahanoy, Scranton, etc.

5.16 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wilkesbarre, Manch Chunk, etc.

6.02 p. m.—For Flemington.

6.58 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 8.02, 11.08 a. m., 12.56, 3.45, 5.54 p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.07 a. m.

For Perth Amboy, 3.27, 5.43, 8.02, 11.08 a. m., 12.56, 3.45, 5.54, 7.25 p. m. Sundays 8.07 a. m.

For Matawan, 3.27, 5.43, 8.02, 11.08 a. m., 12.56, 3.45, 5.54 p. m. Sundays 8.07 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 1.22, 3.10, 8.14, 9.48, 11.44 a. m. 2.16, 3.33, 6.17, 7.47 p. m. Sundays at 1.22, 8.14, 9.48 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia, Tenth and Green Streets, at 8.30* 9.30 11.40 a. m.; 1.15 4.00, 5.15, 7.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m.; 5.30, 12.00 p. m.

Third and Berks Streets at 8.20,* 9.08 10.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.50, 6.00, 8.00, p. m. Sunday at 8.15 a.m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker Streets, at 9.30, 11.30 a. m.; 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40 p. m. Sunday at 1.35, 9.10 a. m., 6.15 p. m.

Plainfield passenger station marked * change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

CHARLES E. PUGH, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

Special Notices.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam given thousands of bottles away during the first year of advertising would prove ruinous if the remedy were not perfect, cure the worst colds all throat and lung troubles. You will see the printed guarantee on bottle wrapper. Large size 50c and $1.00. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your house or office for immediate or future use. Trial size free. For sale by druggists. Large size 50c and $1.00.

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY. Fresh every day. Orders for weddings, parties and festivals. Made up at short notice. Ice cream by the can or dish. Miss L. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LOST Or rather strayed, from my premises, on Dec. 1st, a red Cow. She will give everything. They are only worth $5 to me, but I value them at more. They have no equal for fat-producing qualities. Any one returning the Cow to me will be liberally rewarded. Any one found in possession of Cow, or not returning her, will be prosecuted. Apply to Jos. Fox, 1 mile west of Grenville, Plainfield, N. J. 2-17-3t

FOR BARGAINS In new and second-hand House Furnishing GOODS and for FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERING call at the store of F. S. POWLISON, 45 WEST FRONT STREET, PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY and MACHINE SHOP corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April, 1869. We are prepared to furnish all kinds of castings, from the smallest to the largest, for building, mining, machinery, stoves, hollow ware, sugar mill, grist mill, stove grates, tailor's goods, etc. Also manufacturers of all kinds of machinery. Many of the above are constantly in stock. Patterns of all kinds of patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and estimates for all kinds of work in our line. Repairing promptly done. All work warranted. Jobbing in machinery built by the day or on contract. Jobbing in machinery built by the day or on contract. —H. S. KENTON

DEACON BURDETTE'S PHILOSOPHY.

IT CAN BE DONE, BUT—

"That is one of our rising young men, Judge; he will make his mark in this town and don't you forget it." "Indeed! What does he do?" "He spends $3,000 a year on a salary of $1,200."

The circus laid off one night and the lion tamer's playful sweet, to a shepherd's, to whom he gave much stuff, until he unmanding, his wife recognized him. They picked him up at the foot of the stairs, sadly rent as to their raiment and a few smashed ribs and even fitted to his person. And as he recovered I consciousness he feebly murmured, "Was it the lady or the lion?" Then they sadly undressed him with tears and in bandages, and left him for dead.

IGNORANCE IS BLISSFUL.

A woman reader of these articles, Mrs. writes: "Would you advise me of the Board and in my way to the relief of the sufferings of the Thistle?" We do not object to a great many things, but we do not like to be asked to give information which we do not possess. We have just a couple of the Thistle, and we got from Cincinnati, and they work only by getting a wire [illegible] in Florida wants telegrams in full. [illegible] who lives where [illegible] from, or who resides of the person just under the [illegible] We were asked to know correctly in the United States that might reasonably be expected to [illegible] We have this knowledge. We wrote long that Jack Flaire was in the world one. He wrote back in the most re ordered manner, and we did not forward to keep in touch with him. We [illegible] but he couldn't offer us [illegible] You can see he was crazy. It is out of the thing that drives editors mad. Stood in the MSS. of the editor who [illegible] started supplied by paying his fare last week.

ART IS LONG, BUT SOME THINGS ARE WIDER.

A new fad is [illegible] Hotel God Albany, containing [illegible] of the handicraft of girls who [illegible] anything under ninth "floor." In the well known city of mention for agents this [illegible] looks like a sample book of carpet [illegible] and [illegible] a sketch [illegible] the farm floor. 987 Louis and [illegible] Chicago [illegible] is [illegible] copies.

THE PEN OF A READY WRITER.

They were sitting [illegible] the [illegible] Where the [illegible] and [illegible] blend; For he loves to [illegible] she the [illegible] fit And she loves to [illegible] and interpret me— —Providence Journal.

Hemmed In with the Journal.

"Is Mr. Jones in, sir?"

As I entered the [illegible] but he really pen [illegible] at [illegible] [illegible] At [illegible] and [illegible] of [illegible] speaking quill. Three [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] more.

He tackled his [illegible] papers. A [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] were the year went by. But he [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1887 Price Two Cents.

JOB "SETTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A 1 - INCH, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 42.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and for Sale and Rent, it furnishes better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and the general advertisements are more than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily proves. In all that goes to thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

Republican Primaries.

The Republican election of the city of Plainfield will meet in their respective wards on Saturday evening November 24th, at eight o'clock for the purpose of electing delegates to the City Republican Convention, to be held in Front street, on Tuesday evening, November 29, at eight o'clock when the following candidates will be nominated, viz: one assessor, one collector, one treasurer, two freeholders, two supervisors of appeal and one school trustee. Each ward is entitled to the following number of delegates:

1st Ward 5 delegates and will meet at Republican Association rooms. 2d Ward 5 delegates and will meet at Bryant School building, East 7th street. 3d Ward 7 delegates and will meet at the cark house. 4th Ward 5 delegates and will meet at Laing's Hall.

Each ward at said primary will nominate the following candidates for ward officers, one constable, one justice of the peace, one constable, one judge of election, one inspector of election, one clerk of election, also three persons as members of the City Executive committee.

By order of the City Executive Committee.

C. GOSLINE, Chairman.
J. B. COWARD, Sec.

Nov. 14, 1887.

JOTTINGS.

The State Charities Aid Association held a meeting in Morristown yesterday afternoon.

—Ex-Mayor Rockefellow is having his residence painted. The Clarkson Bros. are the painters in charge of the work.

—NEWS' correspondents are usually persons of character. For persons utterly without character we have no space to spare, when we know them.

—The anniversary exercises of the Children's Home, in consequence of the many engagements falling on Thursday, Dec. 1st, will be held on Tuesday, Dec. 6th, in the Crescent Avenue church.

—While some painters were engaged in painting Mrs. VanName's residence on Third place the wind, which was blowing a gale, shifted one of their ladders about twenty feet, startling them considerably.

—At a meeting of the North Plainfield Democratic association held in French's Hall last evening, a committee was appointed to to issue a call for all the Democrats of North Plainfield to meet at the same hall in two weeks.

—There was a session of the Somerset County Courts of Common Pleas on Saturday, the 12th, which disposed of the equity case of Bartley Walsh v. Darcy Brown was tried. Judgement was given for plaintiff in the sum of $61. Adjourned to Nov. 22.

No one is more anxious to see the guilty fire-bugs" punished than is Councilman M. Marvin Dunham, but he does not think that a council has the evidence implicates only John M. Jackson and Horace VanNest—and not Louis and Theodore, the brothers of Horace.

—"A Seven fold Promise of God to his People."—Exodus, 6:6-8. Will be the topic this evening at the meeting held in the Y. M. C. A. Rooms. It will be conducted by the Rev. C. L. Goodrich all men, whether members of the Association or not, are cordially invited to be present.

Superintendent Willis of the Middlesex County Public Schools received Tuesday, an order on the State Comptroller in favor of the County Collector for $1,128.36, being the amount apportioned of the State's appropriation of $140,000. Dunellen and New Market will receive their share of the appropriation.

—A parlor tea under the management of Mrs. T. R. Crosley's class, of the M. E. Sunday School, will be given at Mrs. Crosley's residence, No. 21 Park avenue, on Friday, Nov. 25, from 5 to 9 p. m. The proceeds will be for the benefit of the Sunday School building fund.

—Warden Cahill yesterday filed his bonds as Deputy Sheriff and Jailer, and entered upon his duties under direction of the Sheriff Deputy Cahill, who has held position under Mr. Cahill, retired yesterday, and Constable John Dixon takes his place as Assistant Jailer.

—The annual meeting of the State Teachers Association will be held in Trenton, Dec. 28-30. A feature of the occasion will be the exhibit of school work, arranged by subjects. The departments will include mathematics, penmanship, bookkeeping, drawing, industrial and kindergarten work, languages, natural sciences and miscellaneous work.

—The fair a the German church is proving a great success. The church is crowded nightly, and last evening, Miss Ida Springer, of Astoria, L. I., was present, and sang exquisitely several songs, repeating some by request. The contest for a bedroom suit takes place to-night. The contestants are Mrs. John Snyder and Mrs. Valentine Ungiger. Much has looked earnestly for the success of the fair, and the one getting the largest amount of money wins the prize. The proceeds of the fair are to be used to buy furniture for the church, and a handsome sum will probably be realized.

—The NEWS happens to know of an individual named Olsen. We must be excused for declining to have any business dealings with him whatever, and when we take this course those who know THE NEWS, and who is it that hasn't that privilege, will probably be satisfied that there is very good reason for it. The saloon organ says it is "dishonesty." A paper with so little character or influence that, after twenty years run, cannot reach a circulation of even 400, of course "knows it all." "Dishonesty" however, is just exactly the difficulty, and those who know this Olsen and know THE NEWS don't need to be told where the "dishonesty" lies, or the positive of the sheet which with perfect consistancy becomes his mouthpiece.

"FIRE-BUGS" DENY ALL.

WHAT THE VAN NESTS SAY IN THEIR OWN DEFENSE.

Louis and Horace Both Intimate that John M. Jackson Fired the Parse House—Horace Swears He Moved Any Two Weeks Before the Fire.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 17.—There was a sort of drowsiness in the atmosphere of the Union County Court House, yesterday afternoon, and old Father Time must have stopped in and fallen asleep on one of the high-backed benches—for the wall time-piece on the wall ticked rather more faintly than usual, and at half past two stopped altogether, while the hands on the face did not move. The court house door lagged in their circuit and had to be pushed open after the adjournment of court at half past four.

The defense in the case of the State vs. Louis and Horace VanNest—who were jointly indicted with John M. Jackson for setting fire and destroying the Carman Parse house—had not yet ended when the other made the closing announcement of the day. Directly after the noon recess Craig A. Marsh resumed the cross-examination of Louis VanNest.

"I had," said the witness, "no furniture up stairs in the Parse house. All that I lost was in three room down stairs. I did not know that the marble mantels in the front room and sitting room were there. Neither had I seen the upper story. I don't know what they were. The oil paintings up stairs were mine. I don't know whether Horace had any or not. I never had any oil paintings taken away for debt."

Redirect by Alvah A. Clark—"While we were playing cards the night of the fire, both Jackson and Horace left the room several times. I did not see them. I did not hear them in the house. I don't know why they went out. I took $100 from the beaufet on the lawn, after returning from the fire. I think I did. I take it when the fire was first discovered because I didn't think of it before."

Re-cross—"There was a brick foundation—wall separating the lattice-work around the back of the back stoop from the house."

Uzal B. Crane was placed on the stand, and testified that he had always thought Louis a man of good character. Horace VanNest was next sworn.

HORACE'S WIFE AFRAID OF GHOSTS.

"I moved," said Horace into the Parse house on the 1st of May, 1886. I and my family left there two weeks before the fire. My wife wouldn't live there on account of the ghosts that she said were in the house. After I was at my brother's house. I used to sleep there quite frequently, so as to be on hand early in the morning. On the night of March 15, I supped at Louis's at six o'clock. Louis and I went down town after supper, and then went on Park avenue. I went to Fred. Chapark's. We arranged to meet in Chas. Smith's and went together. Louis never told us home. I asked Jackson to go up with me. We played cards three quarters of an hour. Jackson and myself were the two we were playing. I don't know why we went to Smith's together. While I was there I left the door open. Louis's wife complained of the draught and I went out into the back room and shut the door. I didn't see Jackson in the kitchen. He came in later. I don't know what time it was that I left. It was not late. When we discovered the fire I re ephoned an alarm. I heped throw water on the fire, but it had no effect.

"The door leading from the dining room into the hall could be opened, but the way was blocked by furniture, so that I don't think I had no insurance on my goods. I helped save furniture as far as I could. I also helped hold the hose-nozzle. If the hose was cut I don't know anything about it. I heard that the hose burst. I put on a fireman at the time of the fire. I never had a notice to vacate the Parse house. I moved before my father-in-law died. I have not been told by Mrs. Jackson or anyone else that I had received notice to quit the place. I never told Jackson or anyone else that I had received notice before I did get out. "I know Harry Gulick. I am not sure whether or not I told Harry to stop drinking. I am not sure that I told him that it would not save him from the penitentiary. I told him. "I know Mr. Dodd. The night of the fire he and some one else dragged out the stove. They broke the legs off of it, and I think Mr. Dodd broke it. I don't think Louis was near when I used that language.

THE LETTER CHIEF DODD DIDN'T WRITE.

One day I received a letter from Chief of Police Dodd. I don't know who wrote it. I myself can't read or write. I know where the letter is now. Mr. Dodd gave it to me at the time. He beckoned from the window to me on the street and met me at the head of the stairs leading to the first floor of the landing. He told me that he wanted to see me in the morning. I went. I had an appointment at the police station. He asked me if I had shown anyone the letter he had given me. I said "Yes, he said, "What the h—l did you do that for?" I said I had to because I couldn't read. He offered to pay me for my information. He "discharged" me. He gave me two dollars the next Saturday.

"I know Constable Dunham. The night he was at the police station I thought he had had temporary charge of the police affairs. My wife wanted me to turn State's evidence, and I asked Mr. Dunham what that meant. He told me that it meant to tell the truth. I made no confession to him.

HORACE SWEARS THAT HE MOVED TWO WEEKS.

"I know detective 'Murphy.' I and Jackson met him in Caspar's saloon. The conversation reported by Murphy never occurred. I never told 'Murphy anything as alleged by him. Louis never presented me with $10. He never gave me any money but that due me as wages.

Cross-examined—"I have always stuck up for my self-interest. I had no hard feeling against the boys, even though they did discharge me from the company. I heard that Mr. Jackson left the night of the fire. I didn't hear that it was out. I swear that I never told Mrs. Jackson that Louis would be—d big 'shine' if I left the Parse house. It was Saturday night that Chief Dodd gave me the letter. I was looking up information against the 'fire-bugs.' I have no idea where the letter is that Chief Dodd gave me to read. I have told all I know and Louis about the letters I received. I haven't spoken to anybody about this story. I never said anything particular to Louis only to say that it might have been of incendiary origin."

LOUIS GIVES HORACE THE NOD.

At this point Junior Louis C. Wurst of Elizabeth caused somewhat of a sensation by saying, looking intently at Lou: "Why are you shaking your head at Horace?"

Louis started in his seat and turned pale, while his eyes sought the floor. He remained silent. Mr. Wurst, who was sitting near from Horace the statement that he had not seen Louis signal to him, and then the ex-Constable placed Louis on the stand and had him swear that if he shook his head at his brother he bid no intention of so doing.

"I've made no signal," said Louis, "to convey to Horace any meaning whatever."

"But," insisted Mr. Wurst, convincingly, "you did it."

"How long," asked Juror Wm. L. Bonnel of Union, "was Jackson about the last time that he went out of the dining-room, during the card-game?"

"Fifteen minutes," responded Horace.

"Hasn't Jackson while in jail," queried Prosecutor Wilson, "charged you with being the cause of the Parse fire?"

"The Court," said Judge McCormick, "will rule out that question."

Wm. H. Cahill testified that Louis had always, so far as he knew, borne a good reputation.

"Are you not," inquired the Prosecutor, "a relative of Louis?"

Mr. Cahill answered in the affirmative.

Druggist Robert J. Shaw, placed on the stand, said that he knew Louis quite well, and that he had never heard anything said about him, either good or bad.

Mrs. Emily A. wife of Louis VanNest, was sworn and testified concerning the clothing she had worn the night of the fire. She said that when she went to Mrs. Eagen's house she wore a calico wrapper, which was hidden from view by a long cloak. The soft brown dress that she had worn while house hunting during the day and to which Mrs. Eagen referred, in her testimony, as having been worn by Mrs. VanNest when the family fled from the burning Parse house to the Eagen home—she carried thrown loosely over her arm.

When cross-examined she said: "The cold air box ran out beyond the brick foundation and the lattice work. The floor of the box and the lattice work around the steps was broken, and on the night of the fire I could see the box all ablaze. The flooring of the stoop was 4x6 feet. The top step was two feet above the ground. The box under the steps had no break in the lattice work was large enough to admit a man.

I went to see Mrs. Eagen since the fire. I heard that she had a wrong impression about the dress that I wore the night of the fire. She thought that I had on a brown dress. She insisted that she couldn't be mistaken, for she claimed to have taken particular notice. I went to see her at right line of the matter."

John H. Wilson, sometimes called "Howard" and sometimes called "Tug"—testified to the good reputation of Louis.

Ex-Fire Chief Andrew Jennings was the last witness for the day. Besides saying a good word for the integrity and upright character of Louis, he added that he saw Horace at work on the hose at the fire.

"My attention was called," he concluded, "to the fact that the hose had burst, but that was a common occurance in the Plainfield Fire Department."

TO-DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 17, 10 a. m.—The court resumed this morning the trial of the "fire-bugs," beginning with the examination of Wm. H. Cahill.

Mr. Snell testified that Horace and his family moved into the Snell house two weeks after the fire.

"Did you ever give notice to Horace to leave your house?" asked Fred C. Marsh.

"No," replied the witness. When I on explaination that it was to show that Mr. Snell had indefinite control over the house, and that it was for the jury to decide whether Horace—in his alleged "shine" store told to Mrs. Jackson a statement that he would charge Parse house or the Snell residence, it was admitted, and Mr. Snell said that he did in March, 1886, but not the last of it. Horace gave notice to leave the house, but Horace did not move until later.

Uzal B. Crane, wife of Horace VanNest next took the stand. She corroborated the story of the moving into the Snell house, and told of the

INTERVIEW WITH HORACE AT THE JAIL.

"One day," she testified, "I met Detective Murphy at the jail. He asked me to see Louis and Horace to turn State's evidence.

"If he'll give away the gang he said, he can get a suspended sentence. If he won't, I'll send him over the road for ten years."

"I went to the police station and asked Horace what he knew about the 'fire-bugs' or was one of them. He replied, 'No,' well' said I, 'if you do know anything you'd better tell.'"

Concerning the mattress which was found by the firemen propping shut the bath-room door on the first floor of the Parse house, she said that the so-called mattress was nothing but an old bed filled with straw. She also explained, pleased it there herself to put it out of the way.

The fact that Chief Dodd gave Horace Mrs. VanNest continued, "was destroyed with other letters when I broke up housekeeping. I am sure that Mr. Murphy did. It was a request to Horace, asking him to meet him in the police station. I left the Parse house because of the strange noises. They kept on—and—and—and

Plainfield Evening News,

T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,

Is published every afternoon at

No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

And delivered within the City and Borough limits, ten cents per week, or by mail, one dollar per month to all parts of the United States, all the year payable in advance.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1887.

LIGHT WEIGHTS AT BATTLE.

A Seventy-four Round Prize Fight Between McAuliff and Carney.

BOSTON, Nov. 17.—At Revere Beach, within four miles of Boston, Jack McAuliff, champion light weight pugilist of America, and Jim Carney, champion of England, met in the ring yesterday morning to settle the title of light weight champion of the world and the ownership of $5,000 in stakes.

For five hours the men battled gamely, until seventy-four rounds had been fought. They went at it hammer and tongs from the tenth round out. Carney's left eye was closed, and the head and body following the McAuliff seemed to be growing weaker as the fight progressed, but held to his work.

In the seventy-fourth round the men gave way and the crowd closed in on the two men. The ropes were fastened up again, and the men went at it for three rounds more, when the cry of the fourth in which the fight occurred refused to permit the contest to proceed, fearing serious results.

Referee Stevenson was in a quandary. He could not decide on the fight a draw, as both men were ready to go on. He simply declared a postponement, and decided that the battle should be finished within a week. Over $3,000 is up on the match.

Sporting men generally approve referee Stevenson's decision. Carney, when seen last night, seemed much pleased at his few scratches and bruises. He was in good spirits, and said he would be willing to renew the contest at once. McAuliff is reported badly used up, and will be under medical treatment outside the city. No date is yet talked of for the continuance of the fight.

Italy to the Rescue.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—The Italian government has informed Mr. Bacon, who has communicated the fact to Mayor Hewitt, that although the consular agents has authority to hold all persons landing from vessels having been given that at the arrival of each steamer found on the United States every emigrant should be examined by a medical examiner.

Indignant Depositors.

TORONTO, Ont., Nov. 17.—A run of depositors on the Ontario Industrial building yesterday morning, and the bank had to be called up to meet the demand. Long lines of depositors were waiting at the windows. The run was not of a very much surprise. It is supposed that the bank is worth of the liabilities, and the assets, which holders are buying in at 60 cents on the dollar.

Marine Intelligence.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Arrived: steamers Wisconsin, Liverpool; Wieland, Queenstown; Chattahoochee, Savannah; Comal, Galveston; Glaucus, Boston; Bossel, Rio Janeiro; Slavonia, Swinemunde; City of Alexandria, Havana; Mary Morgan, Newport News; Richmond, Newport News. Barks Franc Lambistle, Trinidad; Abrille, Boston.

Dr. McCosh's Successor.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 17.—The Evening News announces that Rev. Dr. Francis L. Patton, professor of theology at Princeton college, will succeed Dr. McCosh as president of the institution.

New York's First Female School Trustee.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—The board of education yesterday elected Miss Alice Pine as school trustee in the Fifteenth Ward. She is the first woman elected as school trustee in this city.

New York's Court of Claims.

ALBANY, Nov. 17.—The court of claims has adjourned until Jan. 2, 1888. A consultation meeting will be held at the Hoffman house, in New York, on Dec. 21.

A Veteran French General Dead.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—Gen. Adolph Emmanuel Charles Le Flo, one of the oldest veterans of the French army, died in this city yesterday, in the 84th year of his age.

Missing Aeronauts.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—L'Honte and another aeronaut made an ascension on Monday last from this city. Nothing has since been heard from them.

Mr. Jewett's Dangerous Illness.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 17.—Hugh J. Jewett is still lying dangerously ill at Havre de Grace, and his family have arrived from New York.

Weather Indications.

For Friday, in New Jersey, eastern New York, and eastern Pennsylvania, shall be New England, partly cloudy weather, with slight thermal changes, and rain near the coasts.

THE BULLETIN OF COMMERCE.

New York Money and Produce Market Quotations.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—Money closed at 4 per cent. The highest rate was 5 and the lowest was 3½ per cent. Exchange closed steady; posted rates, $4.83@4.86, actual rates, $4.81¾@4.81¾ for sixty days and $4.85@4.86½ for demand. Government bonds steady; currency 6s, 125 bid; 4s, coup., 126¾ bid; 4½s, do., 108¾.

Nearly every stock on the list opened ¼ to ¾ per cent higher than they closed last night and made further gains as the morning wore on. The advance ranged from ¼ to 2 per cent by noon, when the Union Pacific boom was started and recorded an advance of 1¼ per cent. The next most active stocks were St. Paul, Reading and West Point Terminal. The market was very active after o'clock, and the day's business was the largest reported for the week. There was no new event of any kind to which the strength of the market could be attributed, yet values steadily advanced, and closed within a fraction of the best figures. The advance for the day ranged from ¼ to 2¾ per cent.

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—FLOUR—Closed steady and unchanged. Winter wheat, $3.30@4.20; Minnesota, do., $3.30; city mill extra, $4.25@4.40; Ohio extra, $3.45@4.20; St. Louis extra, $3.45@4.45. Southern closed firm; common to choice extra, $3.25@4.80.

WHEAT—Options were active and strong in the early part of the day, but weakened after midday and closed about steady at a slight advance. Spot lots closed strong at ½@¾c higher. Spot sales of No. 1 red state at 96@96½c; No. 2, do., 87½c; ungraded red, 74@86c; No. 2 red winter, 86@86½c; No. 1 red winter, No., 89@c; do., Dec., 86¾; do., Jan., 89@c bid.

CORN—Options were fairly active and strong, closing ¼@½c higher. Spot sales of No. 2 mixed at 54@54½c. Spot sales of No. 2 mixed at 57½c; ungraded, do., 56@57c; No. 2 mixed, Dec., 53@53½c; do., Jan., 53@c bid; do., Jan., 50@c bid.

OATS—Options were dull, but firm, and closed at a trifle advance. Spot lots closed firm at a trifle advance. Spot sales of No. 1 white state at 39@39½c; No. 2, do., 38@38½c; No. 2 mixed, do., 36@36½c; No. 2 white, Dec., 38½; No. 2 mixed, Dec., 36@36½c.

RYE—Quiet, but firm, at unchanged prices.

PORK—Dull, but steady; old mess, $13.50; new, do., $14@14.50.

EX-COMMISSIONER SPARKS.

HIS RESIGNATION ACCEPTED BY THE PRESIDENT.

Mr. Stockslager Acting Commissioner. Gossip as to Mr. Sparks' Probable Successor, with Judge Bryant Evidently in the Lead.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Commissioner Sparks, of the general land office, received a letter from Private Secretary Lamont yesterday, accepting his resignation. Mr. Sparks' resignation took effect at once, and, as it would be a short time before the president could attend to current business, it was done by Assistant Commissioner Stockslager, who will act as commissioner during the vacancy. Mr. Stockslager, ex-Governor Glick, of Kansas, and ex-Congressman Cobb, of Indiana, are mentioned as probable successors of Mr. Sparks, but an appointment is not looked for for some time yet.

The ex-commissioner was asked to furnish the press with a copy of the president's letter, but declined to do so. "The letter," he said, "was an autograph letter from the president, and was very kindly in tone. The sentiments expressed were not only kindly

WILLIAM A. J. SPARKS.

but appreciative of my services. I regard this letter as a confidential communication to me, and I do not feel at liberty to give it to the press. It is now a part of the records of the White House, and if the president wishes to give it to the newspapers he will do so. I may add that I wish that he would do it. I would like to have it given the widest publicity, but it does not accord with my sense of personal and official courtesy to take this upon myself. There is nothing in the letter in the way of criticism, but, as I said, it is kindly and courteous throughout."

Later on it was ascertained that it was the president's desire not to have the letter given to the press last night, and so Mr. Sparks courteously declined to furnish a copy for publication. It will probably be given out at the executive mansion to-day.

Later—Those who may be safely supposed to know what is going on say that Mr. Stockslager will remain assistant commissioner, and that Mr. Lamar will not name any one for the place, leaving the vacancy for Mr. Vilas to fill with a man of his own choosing. There are various speculations as to who this man will be, and half a dozen names are suggested. It is believed the new secretary of the interior will prefer his old friend and partner, Judge Bryant, to the assistant attorney general for the postoffice department, to any one that can be suggested. This is likely for various reasons, the first of which is that neither Vilas nor Judge Bryant would regard it as courteous to send one of the last places in the land to which the former had the appointing power. Under the general might have seen a chance to promote one of the best

WOMAN AND HOME.

SOME THINGS WHICH A NURSE MUST BEAR IN MIND.

How Children's Digestion Is Ruined. Decorative Hints—The Toothpick—Care of Napkins—The Husband's Position—A Domestic Nurse.

When a nurse does her best to perform some difficult service and is grumbled at all the time of the performance, and told she does not do it as well as the doctor does, or as somebody else does, it is not easy to reader them service again in any other spirit than that the grumbler understanding of duty. When the patient unable to move, makes a mockery of the nurse's unsparing efforts by endeavoring to change personality, as he bullies her into neglect, and as if also to tell the nurse that she is neither alert nor oblliging nor even dutiful, then the nurse would be more than human in the softness of character to let herself the victim of injustice, and perhaps of outrage. And when the patient answered snarls and taunts and reproaches and fault finding with the same tone of voice that the patient unable to move, makes a mockery of the nurse's unsparing efforts by endeavoring to change personality, as he bullies her into neglect, and as if also to tell the nurse that she is neither alert nor ob

QUIET CHUCKLES.

Out in Kansas the potatoes are so prolific that after filling the ground full, they climb up on the potato tops and grow there—that is, if you can believe anything a Kansas farmer says.—Springfield Union.

"Confound it," muttered Shakespeare's ghost as it flitted through Ignatius Donnelly's sanctum, "why couldn't they have stirred up all this discussion about Bacon and me while I was a theatrical manager?"—Merchant Traveler.

When Jenny Lind visited this country a Boston man paid $400 for a seat to hear her sing. Some persons regard this as a pretty steep price for a single admission, but more extravagant prices are in vogue nowadays. Only last week a New York man paid $5 to see Mrs. Potter act.—Norristown Herald.

An exchange says: "Never go into the water after a hearty meal." We don't. We go to the restaurant after it.—Philadelphia Call.

A counterfeit gum is on the market. That is nothing strange when false teeth are considered.—New Orleans Picayune.

Family Man (to family physician)—I wish you would give me my bill for professional services during the past six months, doctor. Family Physician (making out bill)—The amount is very small, Mr. Smith. I am sorry that I haven't been able to do more for you.—The Epoch.

There is a peculiarity about the Irish servant girl which may have occurred to you. Her conscience is all of the masculine gender. —The Epoch.

If you drop your collar button there is one sure method of finding it. After you have hunted all around across the room to look under it, then replace the furniture and put on a pair of heavy shoes; start to walk across the room, and before you have taken three steps you will hear the collar button and smash it all to pieces.—Dansville Breeze.

"Shall I sing for you, George, some simple ballad, dear, attuned to the deathless love we bear each other?" she asked, and her manner indicated how gladly she would do anything for George. "Yes, sweetheart," replied George, in a low, sweet tone, "sing 'Darling, I am growing old.'"—The Epoch.

"An unfortunate mistake occurred in last week's edition," plaintively mutters a Custer county paper. "We referred to Mr. Takem, candidate for sheriff on the opposition ticket, as a 'rough hewn diamond.' It should have been 'ruffianly demon.' We trust our readers will forgive the mistake."—Omaha Bee.

"The climate of New Jersey is salubrious, is it not?" he asked. "Salubrious!" repeated the enthusiastic citizen of that state, "why, stranger, we have mosquitoes in January."—The Epoch.

A Rude Awakening.

She had a face surpassing fair;
All men it filled with beauty's rare:
And I?
Well, I adored her, to my loss;
To be with her was happiness.
Three ply.

Of course she knew; she was not blind;
She saw my plight, and she was kind.
And good.

For when I asked her if she'd wed
A chap like me, she blushed, and said
She would.

Oh, then the summer quickly flew
Till the time came to say adieu.
One night.

She promised when I went away
That every single blessed day
She'd write.

But her first letter drove me mad
Almost, with wild despair, for sad
To tell

This lovely maid, for whom I yearned
So lately, had never learned
To spell.

—Journal of Education.

Time for Action.

Domestic—Please, mum, your pug dog got under the cellar door an' got killed.

Young Wife—Indeed!

"Yes, mum; an' the new girl has ruined your best dress a-littin' it fall into the grease kettle."

"How careless!"

"And thieves has got in an' run off with your diamonds."

"We must keep the front door locked in future."

"An' please, mum, a man says your husband's fire-proof north town is burning."

"Hark! What's that?"

"I didn't hear anything."

"My gracious! The baby's crying; run to him, quick."—Omaha World.

Easily Managed.

Agent showing a Harlem flat)—And this, madam, is the servants' room.

Madam (dubiously)—Rather small for my girl. She's a fat girl.

Agent—Oh, there will be no trouble about that, madam, I assure you. The family who last occupied the flat employed a girl 6 feet tall.

Madam—How did she manage it?

Agent—She let her feet hang out in the hall.—The Epoch.

Popular Song.

"But the letter that he longed for never came."—Life.

Righteously Indignant.

Young Jinks—Why are you not at work?

Young Blinks—My employer discharged me this morning, but that isn't the worst of it.

"Eh?"

"He actually kicked me out of the place—kicked me out, sir."

"Well, what are you going to do?"

"I shall send in my resignation at once."—Omaha World.

The Czar Spoke English.

The late Maj. Percival, of North Carolina, met the czar of Russia once, and in the course of the conversation, which was carried on in French, addressed him as "Monsieur." Turning to Gen. McClellan, the major said: "Do—n the fellow, I called him mister." The czar, with a smile, remarked: "Let us talk English, we can get along better." The North Carolinian didn't miss the czar any more during that interview.—Atlanta Constitution.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co

OFFICE 35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE
(In Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines in the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen so that CONTRACTS may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without defacing ceilings or walls, in most cases existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments or the latter

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

THE BEE HIVE.

Children's Leggins in Colord, Black and White for ages from one to eight years, 25 cents. Children's Woolen Mitts 10 cts. Toboggan Caps 15c. Full line of Ladies' Woolen Hoods at special low figures. Full line of Ladies and Children's Coats and Newmarkets. SPECIAL. 4-Button Kid Gloves, embroidered back 58c.

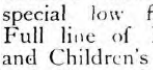
LOUIS CALLMAN,
38 WEST FRONT ST.

Door Numbers,

DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS at

DICKINSON & CLAWSONS,
13 Park avenue.

Sole Agent for, DR. KING'S Spectacles



To the Ladies.

Look at our all wool striped Flannel Skirts, made and unmade. A full line of Newmarkets, Jackets and Cloaks for Ladies, Misses and Children, AT POPE'S.

McDONOUGH & MARTIN,
Horseshoers, 28 Somerset Street,

All coachmen and others desiring to use the celebrated reversible screw-calkin shoes, will please leave their orders for same at our shop before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to supply the large demand which these celebrated shoes have. Persons desiring to use these will please bring their horse to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

THE
People's Market,
NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats, Groceries, Provisions,
VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. H. H. Bachman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

D. W. LITTELL.

PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC
AND SANITARY PLUMBER,

Has passed the examining board of Master Plumbers of New Jersey and also one of the members of that body of practical plumbers and am prepared to do plumbing in any part of the city or State, 8 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. 35-1y

I have secured the agency for the above celebrated lenses. They being cut, shaped and ground on near the axis as possible, and having the greatest amount of convexity and concavity immediately over the center of grain found in the pebble. It allows the ray of light to enter the eye with the least possible resistance.

AT DOANE'S,

Formerly Clare's. No. 9. Park Avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have adde
Hats and Caps
to my large stock of
CLOTHING
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S
44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further
until you have visited my store and inspected MY
Ladies $2 SHOE
either in common sense or opera toe style.
They are Beauties.
I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.

J. J. KENNEY.
No. 20 NORTH AVENUE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
STOVES,
Heaters, Ranges and Weatherstrips,
PLUMBING, TINNING, HARDWARE.
13 E. Front street.
Telephone Call 6.

GOOD QUALITY
BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,
MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD
P. O. BOX 930.

CHEAP BOOKS.

We have a large line of popular books in nice cloth binding, good paper and good print at only 39 cents each. These include Emerson's Essays, Carlyle's Sartor Resartus, Adam Bede, Guy Mannering, etc, etc. Also many books for children at 15, 20, 25, 30 cents and upward.

A. W. RAND,
24 W. Front street.

MEATS.
GEO. A. MOORE.
(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)
is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at
No. 14 North Ave.,
where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt
MEATS
fish of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Franklin Place.
DEALER IN
Blue Stone Flagging
P O Box 828

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mrs. Lindsay,
Intelligence Office,
No. 92 West Front street.
Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in
Lumber, Masons Materials,
Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone,
60, 70 & 80 Cents,
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive three sons.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser,
Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-25-1y

Kindling Wood.
12 Barrels for $2,
at Mrs. Denen's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 88, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,
Practical Watchmaker
and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 32 Somerset Street,
Grocer and Salesman,
Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine Sugars, Teas, Coffees, etc. Canned goods, pure cider vinegar always on hand. Fruit jars, jelly cans. White Grenite, Yellow Rock, stone, Earthen and Glassware, Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,
Kalsominer
No. 13 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and white washed. Also, carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets
Having thrown in new improvements for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Courtier,
(From Paris, successor to Jules Boutes.)
Ladies' Hair Dresser,
Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, tonics and powders. Wigs made and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,
Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road, Dunster in all kinds of
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,
78 Somerset street.
Meat Market.
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No 14.

Pen Pickles
Meat Market,
Fruits and Vegetables in season, 32 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,
Diven Wells,
Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 86 E. Front.

T. E. Morgan,
Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 7 1-2 West Front street.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.
BLANK BOOKS,
MEMORANDUM BLOCKS,
Tablets, Writing and Drawing Books,
LANGUAGE LESSONS.
Lead Pencils, etc., at low prices. also full line of
Pure Confectionery
The largest assortment sold in town.
R. C. FISHER'S,
31 West Fourth street, opp. Public School

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,
24 NORTH AVENUE.
First-Class Market,
where can be found a full line of all kinds of
FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.
Special attention given to
POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.
Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete as near as possible with
NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.
We solicit a call that we may convince that we Do sell
CHEAPER
than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc.
Call before you buy at
A. VANDEBERG, 38 PARK AVE
PIANOS TUNED.

APPLES
of all kinds for immediate and winter use. Best New York state brands by the barrel and small quantities. Also an extra assortment of
New Figs, Dates, etc.
All kinds of Nuts and Dried Fruits, Oranges,
Malaga Grapes,
Concord and Catawba Grapes. Tropical Fruit in great variety. Call and see us.
KENNEY BROS.,
NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE.

WALL PAPERS.
G. F. & C. E. Brown
WALL PAPER.
WINDOW SHADES,
INTERIOR DECORATIONS
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CLEY
FURNITURE EXPRESS
LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.
Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.
Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.
46 WEST FRONT STREET.

PAINTERS.
Woolston & Buckle
28 NORTH AVENUE,
Painters and Paper Hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS SUPPLIES
Brushes, etc.

INSURANCE
Wm. A Woodruff,
Represents the following first-class Insurance companies:
Fire Association of Philadelphia; Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen of England; The Merchants of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at low rates, has
MONEY TO LOAN
on approved security and has bargains in
REAL ESTATE
Office Berry's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second St.

TRY OUR
NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM
BREAD
no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class materials which makes it unequaled in quality.
Give Us A Trial
and be convinced.
All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thankful for favors we solicit a continued patronage.
HENRY LIEFKE
NO. 22 WEST FRONT

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR
HATS, SHIRTS & TRUNKS
at
U. B. Crane's
Hat Store,
12 PARK AVE. Next to Walker's Bakery.

PICTURE
FRAMES
of all kinds at
S. E. FLOWER'S
at New York Prices, Studio 29 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting

CHINA,
GLASS,
LAMPS,
Latest Novelties in ROYAL WORCESTER and CAULSBAD WARE.
FRENCH AND ENGLISH
DINNER SETS.
GAVETT'S
15 E. Front street.
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L. HEYNIGER,
36, 36 and 37 Somerset street.
Dealer in
FLOUR, FEED,
BALED HAY, etc.
WOODENWARE
etc., at LESS than New York Prices.
TELEPHONE CALL 113.
Branch Store No. 9 North avenue.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.
ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
Blue Stone Flagging,
SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS,
CURBING AND CROSSWALKS.
Sixteen Years' Experience.
M. POWERS,
Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue
P O BOX 1267.
We also supply all orders for kindling wood as formerly, direct from the factory.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons,
Successor to Emmons Bros.,
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 982.

BUILDER.
C. J. NOEL,
Carpenter & Builder
OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.
Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder,
JOBBING
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. Box 2360.
Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,
Established 1867
Carpenter & Builder,
38 EAST THIRD STREET.
Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

PEARSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 1423.
W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Rusty street
H. E. Gayle No. 84 East Second street.
All Work promptly Attended to.

R. A. Ross,
11 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,
Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Saums.
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Grandview avenue, Scotch Plains, P. O. Box, 1288. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

I. Manning,
Residence, Evans, P. O. Box 280.
Carpenter and Builder,
20 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Madison avenue and Third street,
Manufacturers of Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder,
All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 212.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.
For Sale and To Let
TO LET FURNISHED.
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Desirable Bargains in
BUILDING LOTS
FIRE INSURANCE.
Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phenix Assurance Co. of London; Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgage.
Edward C. Mulford,
Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite R. R. Station, Plainfield.
Telephone No. 80.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.
JONES & CO., PROPRIETOR.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. No work half-done. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Orders left with D. Leland, Sanitary Plumber, No. 8 North avenue. P. O. Box 1288. Telephone at residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

A. M. RUNYON & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
55 PARK AVENUE,
Telephone Call 40. Residence 46 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 31. Office Hillside cemetery.

LAING'S HOTEL,
J. B. Miller & Bro.,
PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

BENJ. F. MOORE
(late of Moore Bros.)
BUTCHER,
and dealer in
FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.
Corner
PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET
Plainfield, N. J.
Telephone Call No. 111.
Orders Called For
AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

FURNITURE.
FAIRCHILD'S
Furniture Warerooms
21 EAST FRONT STREET
Parlor and Chamb. FURNITURE.
LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, TABLES AND CHAIRS.

CRIGS
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GRIGS
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Repairing in all its branches at
L. M. FRENCH'S
CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,
18 Somerset street,
PLAINFIELD.

THE
Fidelity & Casualty
COMPANY, issues
Accident Policies
for
$10,000
assuring

1. In event of death	$10,000
2. For loss of two feet	10,000
3. For loss of two feet	10,000
4. For loss of one hand and one foot	10,000
5. For loss of both eyes	10,000
6. For loss of one hand or of one foot	$5,000
7. For loss of one eye	5,000
8. For disabling injuries during the continuance of same, per week,	$50

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amount.
For circular, etc., call on
Jos. T. Vail, Agt.,
OPPOSITE DEPOT.

FOTOGRAFS.
Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsome, Cheapest, Best.
Great Success with Children's Portraits.
THORN'S,
Opp. Post Office.

CHEAPEST PLACE.
Stoves, Stoves! Cook STOVES.
Stoves, Stoves! Office STOVES.
Double Heater and RANGES.
J. P. Laire & Co.

MRS. QUICK'S
SULPHUR AND MEDICATED
VAPOR TREATMENT
EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACE STREETS.
Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases requiring the use of Sulphur. Purifies the blood, cures Colds, Influenza, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung Diseases, Female Complaints, Scrofula, Salt and Salt Rheum and all skin diseases.
It is a sure remedy in cases of chills and fever and all malarial disorders.
Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Closed for cleansing on Saturdays.

COAL and WOOD
C. H RUGG,
Successor to Morgan Bird.
Dealer in none but best quality Coal, such as Yeddo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring brook and Council Ridge Coal Well screened
Also Coal and Kindling Wood.
Orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.
No. 61 Park Avenue,
Bird's Yard,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY NOVEMBER 11, 1887. Price Two Cents.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 42.

Republican Primaries.

The legal town election of the city of Plainfield will meet in their respective wards on Monday evening, November 28th, at eight o'clock, for the purpose of electing delegates to the city Republican Convention, to be held at the Republican Association rooms on East Front street, on Tuesday evening, November 29, at one o'clock to nominate three councilmen at large and the assessor, one collector, one treasurer two chosen freeholders, two committee-men of appeal and one school trustee for each ward is entitled to the following number of delegates.

Each ward delegate and will meet at Republican Association Rooms; 2d Ward 9 delegates and 9 alternates; 3d Ward 6 delegates and 6 alternates; 4th Ward 5 delegates and 5 alternates; 5th Ward 5 delegates and 5 alternates; 6th Ward 5 delegates and 5 alternates; 7th Ward 5 delegates and 5 alternates.

Each ward at said primary will nominate the following candidates for ward officers, one councilman, two justices of the peace, one constable, one collector, one judge and clerk of election, one clerk of election, also three assessors, one of whom shall be assessor, two committee.

By order of the City Executive Committee.

C. M. GODDARD, Chairman.
NOV. 14, 1887. J. B. COWARD, Sec'y.

JOTTINGS.

Kenny Bros., the North avenue fruiters, will make a new announcement to-morrow.

Rev. Dr. Lewis will preach in the interest of young men to-morrow at the Seventh Day Baptist church.

The low prices for good goods such as Schweid Brothers are selling are deserving of more than passing notice. See advertisement.

The Commissioners in case of taxation meet next Tuesday and Thursday from two to five p. m. to adjust assessments where necessary.

George Thomas, who has been missing from his home in Fanwood for nearly two weeks, has not yet been heard from. Foul play is suspected.

The W. C. T. U. are arranging to give an entertainment to put funds into the treasury which is empty, and to that end have engaged the Welsh family. They will duly announce the event hereafter.

The Closing and Turning Society, headed by a drum corps, paraded from their Second street hall to the German Fair last night. Flags, lanterns and Chinese lanterns were noticeable features of the display.

A number of very pretty prizes to be disposed of at the coming fair given under the auspices of the Women's Relief Corps, are on exhibition in the show windows of Schweid Bros., Clothing store on East Front street.

This morning some workmen who were engaged excavating a cellar on Somerset street, 18 inches of a team of horses and a scoop, fell into the cellar, a distance of a rather high bank while they engaged in some other work. The horses starting up had almost gone over the bank before they were discovered.

The ladies of the Relief Association desire to give their lawn fete in the early part of next summer, if possible. Therefore ask that liberal donations for that purpose may be sent to the rooms of the Association, corner of Madison avenue and Second street, either Tuesday afternoon or Wednesday morning.

A growing interest in the meetings was evident last evening in the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association. Rev. Mr. Goodrich conducted the services. The next meeting will be held on Saturday evening and will be led by Mr. Frederick Moon. Members of the Association and men generally are earnestly requested to be present.

Two prisoners, James Dwyer and Lawrence Caffey, were arranged before Judge Ulrich at the station house yesterday morning. The former was from Perth Amboy and the charge against him was vagrancy. He promised to leave the city and was released. Caffey was charged with disorderliness, and he was discharged with a severe reprimand.

The Boards of Registry of the city will meet in their respective places of registration as designated by the Common Council as polling places on Tuesday November 29, between the hours of 7 a. m. and 5 p. m. for the purpose of revising the list of legal voters and adding thereto the names of all persons entitled to the right of suffrage at the coming Charter Election which will take place on December 6th.

The new program presented by Herrmann includes the latest European novelties, "La Cocon" and "Black Art," "La Cocon" is a most beautiful illusion, new to this country and particularly the ladies. It was performed nightly in Paris for more than a year. "Black Art" the other particular feature is fully as novel and wonderful. In this the stage is set entirely in black velvet, walls, border, carpet everything of velvet, with black material, with which Herrmann is discovered as an old magician standing by the side of a boiling cauldron. With a wand he summons different objects to appear and they instantly become visible to the audience.

A New York paper had something to say some months ago about the antecedents of Rev. Mr. Love, a new comer in Plainfield, which showed him in a rather unique light. We know nothing of the merits of the matter, but the circumstance seems to have made the gentleman very churlish about the freedom of the press, and to meddle in matters with which he betrays so little knowledge of the truth. In the sermon he preached Sunday he had as little about the great Truth he professes to occasionally preach of, it as perhaps no wonder he finds mercantile pursuits more profitable than preaching. We would suggest that the gentleman clean his own skirts before he meddles in the affairs of others, at least until he knows the facts. He will then be competent perhaps to express an opinion more creditable to his judgment. The scribbler who sticks to his last will succeed better in the long run than one gullish enough to allow himself to become the dupe of "a self styled cunning fox." This latest the fox may regard a cunning trick as it laughs subcross to have caught an "innocent abroad" in its trap, but it is too transparent to readers of ordinary intelligence, who know its many such tricks exposed in the Press during the past four years, before perhaps the latest victim even knew of Plainfield.

OUR FIRE DEPARTMENT

THE SUPREME COURT OPINION.

Probably Destroys Our Present System.

Taylor, prosecutrix, vs. Smith, et. al.

1.—The act entitled "An act to amend the "Act to incorporate the Plainfield Fire Department" approved March 9, 1874, is of the nature of a proper law, and being germane to the constitutional requirement that "property shall be assessed for taxes under general laws and by uniform rules according to its true value," was immediately repealed by the adoption of the requirement as an amendment to the constitution.

2.—The tax imposed under that act cannot be maintained or enjoined by the Court under the act of March 24, 1881, (supp. Rev. 602) because the Plainfield Fire Department is a private corporation and not a political corporation or division of the State, and so the grant of the power of taxation to it was not within the power of the legislature.

New Jersey Supreme Court. The State Case vs. B. Taylor, prosecutrix, vs. Garret P. Smith, et. al., defendants.

By an act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Plainfield Fire Department" approved March 9, 1874, the inhabitants of the city, dwelling houses or other buildings or stores of goods, wares or merchandise of any description, liable to fire (with the exception of villas) limited by the act, in the Township of Plainfield in the County of Essex (now Union and the Township of North Plainfield, County of Somerset, were created a body corporate by the name of The Plainfield Fire Department.

The purposes for which the corporation was created as set out in the act, are, in general, the procuring and maintaining of apparatus and organization for extinguishing fires.

The corporation is controlled by officers, who by the provisions of the act, are elected by the members.

It is further provided that the members are annually to determine the amount of money to be raised by assessment for the use of the corporation for the ensuing year, and within ten days thereafter, the assessors of property in the municipality assist of all buildings and stores of goods, wares, or merchandize as aforesaid within the limits of the Fire District and the name of both the owners and occupants of the said buildings and owners of goods, wares and merchandize, shall enter in a statement upon each building or store, as aforesaid, of the equitable proportion of the sum voted by the members of the corporation, making just allowances for the various degrees of hazard and liability to injury by fire to which said buildings and goods may be exposed.

The act fruth provides that if the sum so assessed and voted as a tax upon such premises shall not be taken to collect the same by a warrant issued by a Justice of the Peace directed to constable of the State and that to proceed therein in the manner prescribed by the general tax act.

Sundry other details of the act have altered it in particulars not material to the present controversy, except that thereby the limits of the corporation of the act have been altered.

In 1886, prosecutrix owned a house and lot within the then limits of said corporation, and was assessed for the same the sum of $24.

Not having paid that sum a warrant was issued and a sale and property of prosecutrix was levied upon.

Thereupon prosecutrix sued out a certiorari and thereby brought the proceedings before us, and collect the said sum have been brought hither.

Argued at June term 1887, before Justices Depue, Knapp and Magie.

Mr. Craig & Marsh, for Prosecutrix.

Messrs. Stockton & Johnson and Messrs. Stockton & Johnson for Defendants.

The opinion of the Court was delivered by Magie J. The statute recites that in assessing upon and attempting to collect from the owners of property the cost of the Plainfield Fire Department, the defendants were acting without the warrant of any valid legislation.

It is quite apparent that the assessment complained of is of the nature of a tax. The act under which it was made calls it a tax. The officer empowered to impose it is called an assessor. The amount of the assessment imposed by the act is to be collected in the same process, issued by and to the same public officers as perform like functions in the enforcement of collection of ordinary taxes. Defendant's counsel make no debate on this point, but seek to parry the imposition of this sum as a tax for a public purpose.

It is equally plain that the tax in question is of the nature of a poll tax or capitation tax, and imposed upon individuals as a poll or franchise tax. It is not imposed by reason of any special benefit received by the property assessed in its value and justifying a special tax therefor. The prescribed imposition falls manifestly by reason of the general benefit upon the owners and occupants of certain kinds of property, solely upon the ground of their ownership. The assessment is made without respects it is identical with ordinary taxes upon property.

The constitutional provision that "property shall be assessed for taxes under general laws and by uniform rules according to its true value," executed itself immediately upon its adoption and operated—without any legislation—to work a repealer of all tax laws not in accord with it.

North Ward Bank vs. Newark, 10 Vr. 380; 8 C. E. (Vr 50).

Testing the schem of taxation prescribed by the Plainfield Fire Department act by this constitutional provision, it is at once perceived that it contains features obnoxious thereto. What is sought to be secured by the classification adopted must be based on proper discretion and be complete and not partial. It is the law before us property assessed for taxation consists only of buildings and stores of goods, wares and merchandize. All other property is exempt. This is an arbitrary characterist which distinguishes the included from the excluded property is that the former is liable to injury by fire, and exposed by fire. This distinction cannot in my judgment be regarded as sufficient to authorize the classification of property for taxation even for the purpose of affording protection against fire, but if this were so, the property selected for taxation adopted in this act is defective and partial, because it only includes such personal property as is covered by the phrase "stores of goods, wares and merchandize," and excluded all other personal property, although equally liable to injury or destroyed by fire. Moreover, by this act, taxation is not imposed by a uniform rule, according to the true value of the property. The standard fixed is not true value but that value as modified by peculiar hazard or liability to injury by fire.

For these reasons the special mode of imposing these taxes by the act of the Plainfield Fire Department was irreconcilable with the requirements of the constitutional amendment, and upon its adoption, was thereby abrogated.

This result would render unnecessary any further consideration of the questions presented by the record before us, but for the imperative provisions of the act of March 24, 1881, (Supp. Rev. 602), which forbid the setting aside of any tax even for illegality, if the person aggrieved has not appealed to the Court in that case to determine and fix the amount for which such person was legally liable to taxation.

The abrogation of special tax laws by the constitutional amendment, left in full operation the general tax law then existing. North Ward Bank vs. Newark Sup., where special tax laws were obnoxious to the constitution in an analogous manner to repeals, the provisions of the Act of March 23, 1881, have been applied and taxation justified under the general tax law. Auryansen vs. Hackensack, 16 Vr. 113. The act of March 23, 1881, however does not confer on the court original power to tax or assess, but only applies the principles of existing valid laws on the subject to the case before the court. Reynolds vs. Paterson, 30 Vr. 361; Booker vs. Elizabeth, 31 Vr. 157.

The Court is therefore compelled to proceed to determine whether any valid assessment has been presented for the use of the Plainfield Fire Department can be made under any existing law.

The provisions relating to the Plainfield Fire Department have been or can be claimed to confer the power of taxation, apart from the original act creating that corporation subsequent March 3, 1874.

The powers and powers conferred by that act were to procure and maintain apparatus and to establish organizations adopted to extinguish fires, these powers, if exercised were for the benefit of the public are doubtless of a public nature and may be exercised by the legislature or by municipal corporations for the promotion of the public welfare in localities upon local governments. Almost every municipality in the State has thus acquired power to establish and maintain a Fire Department. Such powers have been exercised and conferred upon local governments, immemorial usage has justified the delegation therewith of the power of taxation so far as is necessary to enable them to use the other powers granted.

But to justify any imposition to tax upon persons or property for the purpose of a benefit must be a public one. An individual or private corporation may, for the protection of their property and build engines and organize their employees into companies. Several owners of property may unite in doing the same also for the protection of the property of each. They may contribute to the necessary expenses for that purpose. But in these instances no duty is owed to the public or to any save those interested. No one can be compelled to unite in or contribute to such a private enterprise under the guise of a tax.

A court at full power of the act before it leaves the mind in doubt whether the purpose designed to be effected was public or private. It does not in terms impose on the corporation or its officers any duty to the public. Its silence respecting the scope of its operation leaves to be inferred from what it would do and from the provisions for the protection of the property of its members—but by a tax levied and enforced in modes hereto, and not in the manner applicable for public purposes seems to afford some indication that the purpose designed was a public one.

But if it be conceded that the purpose to be subserved by this corporation was not private but public, the validity of the imposition of a tax by it, is not thereby established. Nothing has been better settled in this State than that the power of taxation cannot be delegated the power of general taxation over persons or property except to political divisions of the State, and that the power of governments conferred on them may be limited; two exceptions to this rule are corporations, each wielding different powers, may co-exist over the same locality; but to justify the delegation of the taxing power it must have a public character. To confer that power on individuals or private corporations has never been conceded to be within the constitutional power of the legislature.

St. Matthews vs. Fuller, 10 Vr. 336; 8 C. E. (Vr 45); Bd. Proprs. vs. Collector, 11 Vr. 75; St. Lydecker vs. Englewood, 12 Vr. 134; Acty. vs. Hackensack, 16 Vr. 103.

In the Lydecker case cited, the question presented related to the validity of an act to incorporate a borough with power to build sewers in a part of the township of Englewood, which board was to be elected by the property holders and resident landowners of the district and the cost of the scheme was to be defrayed in part by tax on the land within the district, to be levied by the township officers. In the opinion of Mr. Justice Dixon the circumstances of the local organization of the district, and the powers to be delegated were thus described. "These distinctive marks are, I think that they embrace a certain territory and its inhabitants, organized for the public good or advantage, and that they have certain governmental faculties or classes; that their chief design is the exercise of governmental functions, and that the powers which within certain limits, are committed the power of local government, to be wielded either mediately or immediately by the corporators. To a certain extent,

Plainfield Evening News.

T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or by mail postage prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $5 per year payable in advance.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1887

DOWN IN A BEER MINE.

How a Chief Article of Beer Escaped Paying the Tax.

BUTLER, Pa., Nov. 18.—For several years a very famous article of beer and ale has been sent in various places in the coal regions of this county which revenue officers were satisfied was being put up without the stamp for the government. All efforts to discover the illicit brewery were in vain. Last week Deputy Collector Thompson, of Westmoreland county, received information that brought him to Butler. Representing himself as the agent of a company desiring to purchase coal lands, he formed the acquaintance of the superintendent. He, who has charge of some mines in one of the back districts. The superintendent showed him over the mines, and finally took him into one of the mines. There, far in under the ground and rushing by the light of many lamps, the pretended agent was taken to as complete a brewery as he had ever seen. It was fitted up with all the latest improvements. The superintendent informed his guest that the subterranean beer and ale brewery belonged to a syndicate of Pittsburgers, and that the government officials had looked for it in vain. The next day the revenue officers confiscated the mine brewery and arrested the superintendent. The claim of the government was satisfied by the payment of $3,000. The brewery was released and is now again in operation. But the beer will pay the tax hereafter.

HUGH J. JEWETT.

A Fatal Result Feared.

HAVRE DE GRACE, Md., Nov. 18.—The condition of the Hon. Hugh J. Jewett, ex-President of the Erie railroad, is very serious. He is still at his son's country place at Glenville, Hartford county. Mr. Jewett, of New York, is in attendance, and is much concerned about the patient. He fears that Mr. Jewett's injuries may prove fatal, though there is a bare chance of his ultimate recovery. A report that Mr. Jewett was taken to his own home is untrue. Under the most favorable circumstances he will not be in a condition to be removed for several weeks.

Mr. O'Brien Failing.

DUBLIN, Nov. 18.—Visitors to Tullamore jail declare that Mr. O'Brien is greatly changed. He refuses to partake of nourishing food himself because of the wretched treatment that Mr. Mandeville is receiving. They say that Mr. O'Brien is a very sick man.

Hanged Himself with a Picture Cord.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—Mrs. Mary A. Smith, wife of a restaurant keeper in Birmingham, found her husband suspended by the neck in his room by a picture cord yesterday. He had committed suicide while in a despondent frame of mind.

Two Miners Killed.

BESSEMER, Mich., Nov. 18.—Capt. Green and two miners fell from the top of the shaft house in the Aurora mines to the bottom of the shaft Wednesday. The two miners were killed, and Capt. Green is not expected to recover.

A Counterfeiter Sentenced.

AUBURN, N. Y., Nov. 18.—Potter, the leader of the Steuben county counterfeiters, and the man who made the bogus gold coin, was yesterday found guilty and sentenced to four years in Auburn prison, besides a fine of $500.

Imprisonment for Life.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Nov. 18.—Jacob Brown was sentenced to life imprisonment yesterday afternoon for the murder of his wife in this city last March.

Weather Indications.

For Saturday, in New Jersey, eastern New York and eastern Pennsylvania and New England,—fair weather, with slight thermal changes, and light westerly winds.

THE BULLETIN OF COMMERCE.

New York Money and Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Money closed at 1 per cent. The highest rate was 5 and the lowest 1. Exchange closed at $4.86½ for sixty days and $4.88½ for demand. Governments closed steady; currency sixes, 121 bid; 4s, coup., 120¾ bid; 4½s, do., 109¾ bid.

The volume of business on the stock exchange this morning is larger than in the same hours on any day since last June. At the opening there was some selling by realizing profits, which resulted in a decline of ½ to ¾ per cent. The market from that time on steadily strengthened, however and the decline was fully recovered by noon, at that hour prices were up ¼ to 1 per cent for the general list, and 1 per cent higher for Chicago, Burlington and Quincy. The most active stocks were St. Paul, Western Union, Reading, Lackawanna and Erie. The market continued firm up to 1 o'clock, when the receipts further fractional advances but after that hour there was a quite free selling for the purpose of depressing prices, which continued throughout the afternoon, and with the exception of a temporary rally, caused by a report from Chicago, Burlington and Quincy had compromised their freight and grain rate war and advanced rates prices went steadily down and closed at the lowest figures of the day. The decline ranged from ¼ to 1½ per cent. There were a few exceptions to the general weakness the most notable of which was Burlington and Quincy, which advanced 1¾ per cent.

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—FLOUR—Closed steady at unchanged prices. Winter wheat extra, $3@4.30; Minnesota do., $3.40@4.30; city mills extra, $3.80@4.50; St. Louis extra, $3@4.30, southern flour closed steady; common to choice extra, $3.25 @4.80.

WHEAT—Options were fairly active, while prices closed firm and ¼@½c higher, with further advances. Spot lots closed firm and slightly higher. Spot sales of No. 1 red state at 93c; No. 2 do., 89@90c; No. 3 do., 86@87c; No. 2 red winter, 89c; No. 3 red winter, 86c; No. 2 hard winter, 87½@88c; do., Dec., 88¼@88½c; do., Jan., 89@89¾c.

CORN—Options were moderately active and strong, closing ¼@¾c higher. Spot lots closed firm and unchanged to ¼c higher. Spot sales of No. 2 mixed at 52¾c; ungraded, 47@53c; No. 2 mixed, Dec., 50¾c; do., Jan., 51¾c; do., Feb., 52@ 52¾c.

OATS—Options were firm and moderately active, closing ¼@½c higher. Spot lots closed strong and ¼@½c higher. Spot sales of No. 1 white state at 35c; No. 2, do., 33@34c; No. 1 mixed, Dec., 33½@34c; do., Jan., 34c.

RYE—Quiet and unchanged.

DEATH OF BAKER PACHA.

THE ENGLISHMAN WHO BECAME A TURKISH MILITARY LEADER.

The Romantic Career of a Brave Fighter Who Became the Idol of His Turkish Soldiers—The "English Pacha" Who Told Them to "Follow."

LONDON, Nov. 18.—A dispatch announces the death at Tel El Kebir of Valentine Baker, who became famous as "Cooker Pacha" during the Russo-Turkish war. He died from dysentery contracted at Port Said, and was 57 years of age.

Valentine Baker entered the British army as a cornet in the Ceylon Rifles in 1849, was

BAKER PACHA.

transferred to the Seventh Hussars in 1852, passed in the same year to the Twelfth Lancers, where he remained until 1856, when he joined the Tenth Hussars as captain and became lieutenant colonel of the regiment, for which the Prince of Wales was placed for military distinction. He went thence to be assistant quartermaster general at Aldershot, a position he held until 1875. He served in the Kaffir war of 1852-53, and in the Crimean campaign, at the siege of Sebastopol. He was present at the desperate battle of the Tchernaya and led one of the storming parties in the final assault on the fortress. He was decorated with the Kaffir war and the Crimean clasp and the Turkish war medal for more recent services.

It was while leading a commission in the British cavalry to command a body of Russians that he committed his career and incurred the enmity of the queen by an unfortunate escapade involving the honor of an English railway carriage. Cashiered, and for a time imprisoned, he resolved to retrieve his reputation by gallant conduct, entered the Turkish service, became a favorite of the Sultan and served with distinction in the Ottoman army.

Baker Pacha entered the Turkish service shortly before the outbreak of the Russo-Turkish war, in order to organize an Ottoman gendarmerie, and on the outbreak of hostilities left the capital temporarily with Abdul Kerim for the front as chief of staff to his self. He returned to Constantinople however, and was not definitely appointed to any actual command until August, 1877, when, after the Russians had crossed the Danube, the sultan superseded Abdul Kerim by Mehmed Ali, who summoned Baker Pacha to Shumla, together with various other English officers, and gave him an important command upon the Lom. Baker Pacha speedily became extremely popular with his men, who called him the "English Pacha" told them to "follow," and not to "go on" like so many of his Turkish colleagues.

On the Lom he did good service, and was decorated with the Osmanieh for his bravery; in one battle having his horse wounded under him, while he stormed the heights of Yenikoi, and with only 300 men nearly cavalry captured them in the face of two thousand Russian guns and 8,000 troops, without casualties, however, were later on in the war. After Christmas, when the Russians, having captured Plevna and crossed the Balkans, were in full march upon Constantinople, Baker Pacha and his division *actually and bravely protected the rear of* Osman Pacha's retreating army. On Dec. 24, aided by Col. Abu, he held some heights near Tashkesan and the Orkanie and Sophia roads against the attacks of the Russians, who outnumbered his little force some six times, for a whole day, thus holding Osman Pacha safely to draw off the whole of his army corps, and to get away his guns.

At the close of this campaign, at the instigation of England, Baker Pacha was carried out various reforms in the gendarmerie of Asia Minor. At the end of the Egyptian campaign that followed the siege of Alexandria Baker Pacha resigned his post as aide-de-camp to the sultan to accept charge of the task of reorganizing the Egyptian army. After the revolt headed by the Egyptian forces under Hicks Pacha, during the insurrection of El Mahdi, the rebel prophet of the Soudan, Baker was looked to as the main support of the khedive's throne.

It was in February, 1884, that Baker *Pasha, with 35,000 men, met with disastrous* defeat at the hands of El Mahdi's forces in the bloody battle of the Teb, fifty miles south of Suakim, near the Red Sea. The European soldiers fought desperately and bravely, but were overpowered. Baker was ably supported by Col. Burnaby and Major the famous "Ride to Khiva") and by Col. Sartorius. Fortunately all these distinguished officers escaped. Baker Pacha's native soldiery, who composed the main part of the army, behaved with the most disgraceful poltroonery, and were slaughtered like sheep by the Arabs under their leaders. The slaughter continued as far as Trinkitat, where the fugitives took refuge on an English ship. Over 2,000 were killed, including ninety-six officers, of whom sixteen were Europeans. Four Krupp and two Gatling guns were lost. It is said that Egyptian cavalry soldiers, whose duty it was to close saddles away and turned their horses so that they might not be forced into the fight.

Killed by Falling Walls.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 18.—The walls of the Everson building, in Salina, which was recently burned, fell at 1 o'clock yesterday morning. Myron W. Simmons, of Calamer, a gardener, who was entering an adjoining doorway, and Fritz Porzin, one of the gang of laborers clearing up the ruins, were taken from the debris fearfully injured, and died while being removed to the hospital. It is rumored that two little girls and a boy who are missing, are in the ruins. Several other persons received broken limbs, a number had narrow escapes from being crushed.

A Train seized by Tramps.

UTICA, N. Y., Nov. 18.—A gang of eight or nine tramps boarded an eastbound freight train west of this city Wednesday night and took possession of the cars, refusing to pay their fare. Conductor Hayes, conductor and compelled him to run them to Herkimer. An attempt was there made to arrest them, when they fired on the trainmen. Officer Lansing seized the train and it was run to Little Falls, where three of the tramps were arrested and held to answer. The others escaped. Officers are on their track.

The League Meets the Brotherhood.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—At 8:30 last night the Baseball Brotherhood committee was admitted to the League convention, accompanied by their lawyer, Mr. Buckhurst. The players demanded that a committee be appointed to confer with them, and after a short fight Messrs. Rogers, of Philadelphia, Spaulding, of Chicago, and Day, of New York, were named as such committee, and the convention adjourned until to-day, subject to the call of the chair, to receive the report of the committee.

TO PREVENT AN OUTBREAK.

Increasing in Special Police for Sunday Meetings in London.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—It is the determination of the government to have no disturbance of the peace in London that any force of numbers and of arms can check. Ireland may still continue, with her various expedients for continuance, to defy the officers of the executive, but she will hold league meetings, but certainly under the very shadow of lawmaking Westminster, and in governmental London itself, it is proposed from that may disturbance should arise, by reason the authorities, and with this idea in mind vast numbers of special police are being sworn in for service on Sunday next, among them are over two hundred of the peaim, one member of parliament and numbers of brokers, me chants and workingmen. They and Saturday will see large additions to the force now engaged in this service.

This new action on the part of the authorities amounts to an appeal to the people to strengthen the hands of the government, and to rise up and protect their homes and property; and an laudatedly Sir Charles Warren will find a satisfactory answer to his appeal in the citizens now being sworn in to lend their services. It is suspected, however, that the special constables will prove a white elephant on the inspectors' hands on Monday, when, if danger there is to be, to which there probably will not be, these devotees to patriotism will simply be in the way. They may, indeed, incite the very disturbance which their services are enlisted to subdue.

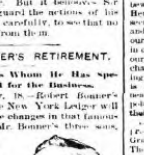
On Sunday the people will, it is more than likely, create no trouble, other than making an attempt to exercise their rights to speak in Trafalgar square, which privilege, if denied, the occasion of the denial will be used in the courts as a test case. Altogether the people are without either experience or discipline, do not provoke the crowd, no breach of peace will occur. But it behooves Sir Charles Warren to be extra careful of his raw volunteers very carefully, so that no provocation comes from them.

ROBERT BONNER'S RETIREMENT.

Succeeded by Sons Whom He Has Specially Trained for the Business.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—Robert Bonner's retirement from The New York Ledger will be followed by some changes in that famous old story paper. Mr. Bonner's three sons, Andrew, Robert Archer and Frederick, will take full control of the paper. For the last ten years Mr. Bonner had not taken a very active interest in The Ledger, devoting his attention to the field, used by printer's ink freely and encroached on the field of the pioneer of story papers. With the succession to the management of the paper of Mr. Bonner's sons this state of affairs, they declare, will be changed. The Ledger has had good stories all along, but the new managers have come to the conclusion that with it without advertising will not insure the highest degree of success.

The three young Bonners have been well trained for their work. The father first put them to work in the composing room, then set them to clerking and book-keeping, and finally gave them editorial training. Andrew Bonner will probably become the editor of The Ledger, while his brothers will be business managers.



ROBERT BONNER.

Educators in Council.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 18.—The fifth annual council of school superintendents of the state of New York assembled this morning. Dr. Edward Gordon, of Yonkers, occupied the chair, and J. W. Skinner, of New York, was chosen secretary pro tem. Hon. Charles R. Draper, state superintendent of public instruction, and about thirty-five other prominent educators are attending the council. The questions of compulsory education and manual training were thoroughly discussed at yesterday's sessions. In the evening Prof. Draper gave a brief sketch of his efforts to pass the bill providing for teachers' examinations throughout the state. Resolutions were passed in favor of uniform teachers' examinations and of removing teachers in cases where only a few pupils are subjected to a probation of sufficient length to determine their ability. The council will close to-day.

Those Chinese Concessions.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—The steamer Belgic, which arrived here yesterday, brings advices from Hong Kong stating that Tseng Lai Yuen, the late Chinese minister, will exercise *power in all matters of Chinese foreign policy*, has canceled all contracts made by Viceroy Li Hung Chang relative to the American bank concessions granted to the syndicate represented by Count Mitkiewicz. It is reported that the new telegraph concession which gave the great Northern Telegraph company a monopoly for sixteen years has been rejected, and that China is about to join her lines with the Burma lines.

A Well of Refined Petroleum.

WEBSAVERVILLE, Pa., Nov. 18.—A fish having every appearance of refined petroleum has been discovered on the Joshua Bailey farm near this village, in Berks county. The fish were discovered floating on the water from one vessel into another, and burns in a lamp with a bright, smokeless light. The curious oil was discovered by workmen who were digging a well for Mr. Bailey. A large gas a well was being dug on the premises of Hiram Getz, near the Bailey farm, but it had to be abandoned at the depth of twenty feet on account of the strong gas being struck. Both of these wells are to be further tested with a drill.

Frederick William Mush Worse.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Dispatches received here yesterday from San Remo say that there has been a growth of a malignant matter from the crown prince's throat which proved to be cancerous. In view of this fact, his case is considered much worse, as this kind of soft cancer is of the most malignant type and is regarded as incurable. The German doctors, the reports say, are trying to deny the serious, almost critical, development of the case, but the public, which is now clinically and pathologically clear.

Anarchists at Work in St. Joseph.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Nov. 18.—Yesterday a large bomb was found on the steps of the city hall, leading to the police station. An hour later another was found back of a hideous grocery house. Both were taken to a point above the city on the river bank and exploded by the chief of police. They were of dynamite, and evidently constructed by an expert bomb maker. The Anarchists number over 150, and are of the most rabid character. The feeling against them is intense.

MOST AGAIN IN DURANCE.

INDICTED BY THE GRAND JURY OF NEW YORK

For Inflammatory Utterances Regarding the Execution of the Chicago Anarchists—The Arch Anarchist May Go Up for Another Year.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—Yesterday Johann Most was arrested at the office of The Freiheit, No. 167 William street, by Detective Bergin, Crowley and McGuire and Lieutenant Rotti and Serbin, and detained over Sunday at headquarters, where he remained last night. Today he will be taken before Judge Cowing in general sessions to plead. The Anarchist was indicted yesterday by the grand jury.

The indictment against Most is based on section 451 of the penal code, affecting unlawful assemblages and inciteement to riot and kill. The evidence against him consists of notes of his Saturday night speech, taken by Policemen Faith and Schu. The prisoner denies the correctness of the reports. The penalty for the offense charged is one year's imprisonment or $250 fine, or both.

The day after the Chicago Anarchists were hanged Superintendent Murray ordered all the police captains to look out for unlawful meetings and to send competent officers to report inflammatory speeches. Moreover, Inspector Byrnes set on foot secret means of getting information about the movements of Most and his followers. Saturday night the writer of Freiheit addressed his "fellow slaves" in Kraemer's hall, No. 134 Seventh street. The following is an exact report of his remarks, and on which the indictment is founded:

FELLOW SLAVES—The services over *the death of* our comrades, which were to have been held to-night, were usurped by the police hounds. Oh, beware, you scoundrels! Your time will come. Herself rapidly becoming a fruitful agent in secret. The hirelings of the capitalistic pipes and the dogs of the police shall no longer attend along our path. Even if they are found in our secret councils. Hitherto we expressed our meaning openly and gave our enemies a chance. The day of reckoning is near and we will not until I strangled him as he strangled our brothers. I am willing to die for the cause of the workers. It is an honor to die if it benefits the working classes.

The murder of our brothers will cry to heaven for vengeance. I shall be imprisoned in Russia it would have caused a rebellion. Shame on the people of this nineteenth century to consent that three men should be murdered before them. I repeat: But the time will come when they will regret it and avenge our brothers' deaths. You have murdered our benefactors," they will say, "and you must meet the same fate."

I believe the judges before whom will live forever. They ought to stop it in Paris in 1871, but they killed 30,000 men and women, and anarchy still remains. So it will be here. For every Anarchist they kill there will be recruits by the hundreds. The police fear us, but we do not fear them.

I am not may be willing to "die for the cause," but he objects to being locked up for it. With great reluctance he put on his sofa hat and went with his brother around the corner where a hack was waiting to take him to police headquarters. When confronted with Inspector Byrnes, the fiery apostle of murder was as meek as a lamb. He did not mean to violate the law, he plaintively declared. All his life he had tried to do good. His enemies, the reporters, had garbled his innocent speeches and had done him the injustice of assuming that he meant literally what he said. If the good Inspector would but let him go this time he would never be naughty any more.

District Attorney Martine said yesterday that Most's arrest without a warrant after an indictment had been found was entirely legal. The prosecution may have some difficulty, though, in proving that the words of Most, on which the indictment is founded, were really spoken by him. The depositions upon whose testimony Most must be convicted did not take notes of his speech, and the newspaper accounts of the speech differ widely.

Most was arrested on April 30 last year, *and indicted for making a speech in which* he said that good rifles could be purchased for $10 each, and that he advised his hearers each to buy a rifle and learn how to use it, in preparation for the social revolution which was coming. He was found guilty upon the indictment, and was, with Braunschweig and Schenk, brother Anarchists, sentenced on June 2 to pay of $250 and to one year's imprisonment in Blackwell's. The Anarchists raised money by subscription and paid the fine.

Most has been living on the third floor of the tenement 404 Second avenue under the name of Miller. Lately he has been sleeping nights in New Jersey, and has been keeping quiet generally so as to avoid arrest. A report was around town yesterday afternoon that he committed suicide when arrested, but the rumor doubtless arose from the fact that a police patrol had while he was eating dinner rapidly when the detectives were waiting for him.

It is probable that Most will be brought to trial promptly on the present charge.

Against Consolidation.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 18.—The joint conference of representatives of the Federation of Miners and District Assembly 135, K. of L., voted against merging the two bodies, but in favor of a joint board of representatives to control the interests of the miners. The meeting adjourned until February, when the joint committee will meet again and decide whether a national convention shall be called. Also in February a meeting of mine operators will be held in Pittsburg to fix rates for the ensuing year.

Forging a Pension Claim.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—The commissioner of pensions has been advised by telegraph that Lewis Haas a notorious forger in the United States court at Auburn, N. Y., forged a pension claim by him in connection with a pension attorney's office in Washington. He was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary. Haas was a notary public.

Will End His Days In Prison.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Nov. 18.—Edward Zeph, of Schenectady, who has been on trial before Judge Potter in that city for the murder of Nesbick, was yesterday convicted by the verdict of the jury, of murder in the second degree. The jury was out three hours. Zeph is quite an old man, and will go to state prison for the remainder of his life.

A Miner's Terrible Fall.

HOPKINS, Mich., Nov. 18.—Dominic Masanko, a miner, fell 900 feet down the Hecla shaft of the Calumet and Hecla mine yesterday morning, and was instantly killed. He leaves a large family in destitute circumstances.

THE WORK OF THE FLAMES

ON A BLAZING STEAMER IN A TERRIFIC GALE.

Almost suffocated by Fumes of Burning Acids While Trying to Escape from the Flames—Panic Stricken Hotel Guests —Extensive Cotton Fire in Memphis.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Nov. 18.—The heaviest marine loss of the year occurred yesterday when the Anchor line steamer Arizona, with a valuable cargo of merchandise and fixed freight, was totally destroyed by fire at Marquette. This was the last trip of the season. She left here at 10 o'clock Wednesday night, bound up. The night was starry and pleasant, and no fears were entertained of her safety. About midnight smoke sprang *up after midnight*, and the Arizona found it impossible to proceed. The Nyack of the same line, which went out shortly after the Arizona, turned back when thirty miles out. The Arizona finally gave up the fight and turned back also.

Everything went well until she was within five miles of the port, when a heavy sea struck her, upsetting several carboys containing mixed acids, which ignited. The flames communicated with the nearby barrels of oil on board, and a fierce flame shot up like lightning. To add to the horrors of the situation, the fumes of the escaping acid filled the air and almost suffocated the officers at once seized the poor sailors, who could every avenue of escape shut off. So terrible was the effect of the accident that the crew refused to do battle with the raging flames, preferring to take their chances on the yawning waves. The passengers, who were all asleep in the cabins, were awakened by the dreadful fumes of the burning acid. All escaped. Then the vessel swung off and ran along the port, narrowly escaping the immense lumber piles on the dock, and went ashore near the city water works, where she burned to the water's edge. The Arizona was a wooden boat 300 tons, and was valued at $80,000. The total loss is estimated at $175,000.

A $1,000,000 Fire in Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 18.—Twenty-five thousand bales of cotton and compress No. 1 together with the handle presses, were totally destroyed by fire here last night. A number of cars, side tracked near the compress, were burned before they could be removed. The loss will fall entirely on the insurance companies, as all the property destroyed was fully covered by insurance. The fire is supposed to be of incendiary origin. The seven presented by the burning compresses, which extend along the river front for fully half a mile, was grand and awe inspiring. Fully 10,000 people were on the bluffs witnessing the spectacle. The loss is estimated at $1,000,000.

Panic in a Hotel Fire.

CHICAGO, Nov. 18.—A sudden alarm of fire at 2 o'clock yesterday morning created a panic among 200 or more guests occupying the six floors of the Saratoga European hotel, on Dearborn street. Smoke was pouring through the halls and creeping in at the transoms. Few stopped to dress or clothing or valuables. Women and men fled through the halls and down the stairways into the street in their night clothes. Fortunately no fatal scenes or accidents occurred, and many narrow escapes are reported. The hotel was considerably damaged by fire and water, but there were no fatalities.

Fourteen Men Seriously Burned.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18.—Fourteen men employed in the Ellison Light company, No. 238 Sansom street, were seriously burned about the face and body by the explosion of a gasoline lamp at 10:15 o'clock last night. The injured men were removed to the Jefferson hospital. Their injuries, while painful, are not considered serious, and it is believed that all will recover.

Buffalo's Epidemic of Fires.

BUFFALO, Nov. 18.—The past ten months has been the most disastrous in the history of this city in the way of fires. In round numbers the amount of property destroyed foots up over $1,000,000. This has never before been approached except in 1865, when there were 134 fires, with a loss of $1,092,031 for the entire year. The insurance companies suffered heavily this year.

Jumped for Their Lives.

BAY CITY, Mich., Nov. 18.—Hargrave & Co's shingle mill burned yesterday. Thirty men were at work when the fire broke out, jumping from the windows. Isaac Ackerson was probably fatally burned. Samuel Dalton was seriously burned and internally injured; James Small and Levi Carr each *suffer from* a broken ankle, caused by jumping.

Disastrous Fire in a Mining Town.

DENVER, Col., Nov. 18.—Fire broke out yesterday in a saloon in Nevada, a mining town in Gilpin county, and before it subsided it had swept both sides of the main street, burning nearly all the business part of the town. Total loss on buildings, thirty-four in number, estimated at $35,000; insurance less than $7,000.

Across the Continent in Five Days.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—The new fast train leaving here last Friday night arrived in San Francisco yesterday evening, thus reducing previous schedule time between the two oceans by one day.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS CONDENSED.

The mayor of San Antonio, Tex., the city marshal, an ex-alderman and another prominent citizen have been indicted by a Federal grand jury for conspiring to break up a Prohibition meeting.

Speaker Carlisle says congress must reduce the surplus by lowering taxes.

Yesterdays session of the Woman's Coristian Temperance union at Nashville, Tenn., was devoted to the discussion or proposed bylaws.

Harmon Spence, a mason, was instantly killed at Gettysburg, Pa., by falling from a building.

Three highwaymen attempted to rob Peter Baye, a stock dealer, near Hartford, Ky. He shot one of them and, putting spurs to his horse, escaped.

William Dunbar, a burglar under a six years' sentence, escaped from the county jail at Allentown, Pa., on Wednesday night.

At Lancaster, Pa., on Wednesday night, Daniel Coder, 27 years old, shot and fatally wounded Libbie Bissinger, aged 14 years. Jealousy was the cause.

The dead body of Nicholas Brauer, Sheldina, Mo., was found in a well yesterday. He disappeared a week ago. Henry Diedrich is under arrest at St. Louis, charged with the murder.

James S. Boyce, a prominent business man and politician of Macon City, Ia., has disappeared, with heavy liabilities.

HE WANTED GEBHARD'S GORE,

But After Explanations Decides to Refrain from Bloodshed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—The wives of Robert Hilliard, the actor, and Henry E. Dixey were greatly annoyed one evening recently by the undue attentions of "mashers" who occupied a box opposite to them in the theatre. As the offenders were guests of Fred Gebhard, Mr. Hilliard sent a letter to the latter instructing him to demand an apology from his friends. Mr. Gebhard, in reply, agreed that there was no cause for apology and intimated in private that the whole affair was an advertising dodge. Mr. Hilliard thereupon sent a note to Mr. Gebhard in which he stated that he must have satisfaction for the insults which he believes were offered to his wife and Mrs. Dixey. Edward Aronson, of the Casino, agreed to act as Mr. Hilliard's friend in the matter.

Leonard Jerome and De Courcy Forbes, representing Mr. Gebhard and friends, met Messrs. Hilliard, Aronson and Bickley Hall late yesterday afternoon, and stated that at Mr. Gebhard's request they had come to explain the affair at the theatre. They said Mr. Gebhard and friends had been laughing ladies in the adjoining box, but were looking at and speaking of a party of friends who sat in the parquette, but whom they could not point out. Mr. Hilliard then left the box. There had been an unfortunate misapprehension on the part of the ladies. After a long conversation Mr. Hilliard accepted the explanation as satisfactory.

GRANGERS IN CONVENTION.

A Resolution Introduced Asking for Representation in the Cabinet.

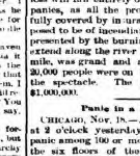
LANSING, Mich., Nov. 18.—The National Grange was held into session here Wednesday evening. Worthy Master Darden reported that 147 new granges have been established in the past year. The State Grange of Rhode Island was established and work begun in Rhode Island, completing the circle of 48 states. Yesterday afternoon a reception was held in Representative hall, at which 2,000 delegates were present. Governor Luce delivered the address of welcome, and was followed by Master Darden, Hon. D. H. Barnes, Ex-Governor Robertson and others. Yesterday afternoon sessions were held, at which the reports of masters of the state granges were heard. Most of them made a good showing. The report of the secretary shows that 140 original charters, 47 duplicate charters, 49 deputies' certificates, and dispensations of 146 new granges were issued during the year. The total receipts were $8,587. The treasurer reported a balance on hand of $8,054.

Resolutions were introduced and referred favoring the establishment of a postal telegraph; changing Section 4 of the interstate law; asking for a law prohibiting the adulteration of food and dealing in futures, and asking for representation in the cabinet.

Superintendent of Agriculture Coleman arrived last night, and delivered an address on the work of the department and its relation to the granges.

To Prosecute M. Wilson.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—In the chamber yesterday, the deputies after a brief debate, divided, and on a vote of 527 against 8 approved of the decree of M. Wilson. The ministers went in a body to the President to present the resignation of the cabinet. The former temporarily to M. Falleres, minister of the interior. The resignation of the ministers will meet to-day to arrange the terms of an interpellation in reference to President Grevy, which will be moved by the deputies to-morrow.



M. WILSON.

Shoemakers Returning to Work.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18.—The employes of Seiler, Lewis & Co. resumed work yesterday, subject to the agreement recently made with the manufacturers. The firm expects to employ 1,000 men. The firm also promises to be satisfactory to both parties. The same order of things prevail at John Mundell & Co's, where 1,200 hands resumed work with the exception of some of the pasters. Laird, Schreiber and Mitchell have nearly their full complement of hands.

Treasurer Hyatt's Report.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—The annual report of United States Treasurer Hyatt was made public yesterday morning. The report reviews in great detail the financial operations of the year, the output of silver certificates, redemption of trade dollars, extension of the bank deposit system, the improvement of service in the subtreasuries, etc. It is recommended that the postal revenue be hereafter paid into the treasury, like other public moneys.

His Daughter's Marriage Unnerved Him.

GENEVA, N. Y., Nov. 18.—August Runkert, a German farmer, living several miles from Geneva, committed suicide by hanging in his barn yesterday morning. His daughter married a track laborer against her father's will some time ago, and Runkert became very despondent at the marriage. His preparations were very careful, and have been going on for a week.

Church Amends Music.

DAYTON, O., Nov. 18.—In the United Presbyterian church in session in convention at Xenia, the following resolution was adopted: "That should the general assembly refuse to grant relief we shall feel at liberty to disregard the purity and integrity of the United Presbyterian church, even to the extent of separation from a majority purposing a course of defection."

In Favor of Extending the Suffrage.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 18.—After a long discussion in the house yesterday afternoon passed the Bourne bill for submitting to the popular vote a constitutional amendment abolishing the property qualification of voters. Senate will be taken up to-day. The bill now goes back to the senate for action on the house amendments.

The Hancock Explosion.

HANCOCK, Mich., Nov. 18.—There are no new developments in the Hancock Chemical company's explosion. The works are almost a total wreck. Those who had narrow escapes from the remains of the six men who were killed that have been found would not fill a cigar box. The loss to the company is placed at $6,500.

Another Eviction Row.

DUBLIN, Nov. 18.— Four policemen, twenty spectators and several bailiffs were injured at an eviction which took place yesterday at Dungarvan. The inmates of the house refused to open the door. The bailiffs escaped by means of an underground passage.

RICHARD DAY.
(Successor to Frank Day.)
Livery Stable,
NORTH AVENUE, Opp Depot, Plainfield.
CARRIAGES TO MEET ALL TRAINS.
Funeral Riding a Specialty.

S. W. WAKEFIELD,
ENGINEER
AND PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.
Special attention given to orders by mail. Also to the building and repairing of Steam Engines, Boilers, etc. Agent for the Dunning and Boschert Feed Water Heater and Purifier. Also agent for the Gates Chemically Fused Belting.
OFFICE
80 Somerset Street.
My Reference may work.

JOHN JOHNSON,
Dealer in
Best Quality Coal.
GRANGERS IN CONVENTION.
Yard and Office, SOUTH AVENUE.
Orders by Mail Promptly Attended to
P. O. BOX 1467.

TO THE PUBLIC!
We wish to inform our customers and the public generally that we have on hand the
BEST QUALITY OF
LEHIGH COAL,
Fresh from the Mines.
It is under cover and well protected from the weather. We are also prepared to deliver it with increased and is guaranteed to give prompt satisfaction. We also have on hand all kinds of Sand and Lumber and Masons' Materials at reasonable rates.
A. D. Cook and Bro.

NEW STORE
Barkalew & Dunn,
Fine Groceries,
18 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD.

Dry Goods Emporium.
Park & Tilford and Ashaway Shirts. Gents' Outfitting.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw.
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
INDEPENDENT NORTH PLAINFIELD
Agent for the following first-class Companies: Germania, of New York, Hanover of New York, Jersey City, of Jersey City N. J. Insurance effected on all kinds of property. Furniture and dwellings a specialty at lowest rates.
Money to Loan on first mortgages. Bargains in Real Estate. Rents collected and collections made. Prompt returns.
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

RUBBER STAMPS.
Orders taken for all kinds of Rubber Stamps,
Rubber Type,
etc for Mercantile and Family use at less than
New York Prices.
Call and see samples and get prices at
ALLEN'S
The Stationer,
28 EAST FRONT STREET.

Ranges & Stoves
With all the lately improvements, together with a well-selected stock of
House Furnishing Articles
Which is kept at the well known store on the corner of Front and Park streets. Special orders cannot be executed.
C. ANDERSON.

WE KEEP
two grades of Men's Waukenphast Shoes one at $2.50 and the other at $5.00, that cannot be beaten for the money.
Doane & VanArsdale

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & P. A. CO.
Messenger Service
B. & O. Telegraph Co
Money Transferred by Telegraph
Park avenue, W. B. SLITER, Manager.

NEWPORT'S SHAM BATTLE

It All Ends in Smoke, but Is Hotly Contested Nevertheless, Washington Says.

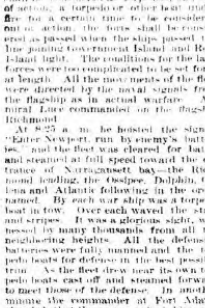
The North Atlantic squadron of the United States navy, which has been practicing the manoeuvers of actual war for some time, concluded with a grand land and sea attack on Newport, R. I. The ships and their part well in passing the fort and avoiding the torpedoes, but the fleet was handsomely repulsed and the Newport men had their theoretic revenge.

ADMIRAL OF THE NAVY.

Washington, D. C., November 17.—[Special.]—It is difficult to explain all the conditions of a sham battle as there must be many points to be assumed. For instance, a ship may be considered disabled or it may be considered sunk. The first engagement of the squadron, Rear Admiral Trenchard in command, with Commodore Pond and Commodore Captain Newport detached from the fleet, had no other command than Commodore Pond. Admiral Jouett, Commodore Leland and the opposite shore men were to Commodore Pond and Lieut. Commander Sigsbee, Newport from the fort. The fun began when the men on landing being made the prisoners of war.

Umpires were at various points and on the ocean to decide when one was theoretically disabled and the torpedoes were so connected by wire with the distant operator that he could tell at whatever one was touched in a vessel. The rules were that any ship passing within destructive range of a torpedo shall be considered as torpedoed and out of action; a torpedo or other boat under fire for a certain time to be considered out of action; the forts shall be considered as protected when the ships passed the line passing from Conanicut Island and Rose Island light. The conditions for the land forces were too complicated to be set forth at length. All the movements of the fleet were directed by the naval signals from the flagship as in actual warfare. Admiral Luce commanded on the flagship Richmond.

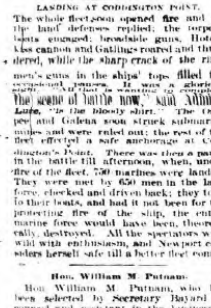
At 8:25 a. m. he hoisted the signal: "Enter Newport run by enemy's batteries," and the fleet was cleared for battle and steamed at full speed toward the entrance of Narragansett bay—the Richmond leading, the Dolphin, Galena and Atlanta following in the order named. By each war ship was a torpedo boat in tow. Over each waved the stars and stripes. It was a glorious sight, witnessed by many thousands from all the neighboring heights. All the defensive batteries were fully manned and the torpedo boats for defense in the best possible trim. As the fleet drew near its own torpedo boats cast off and steamed forward to meet those of the defense. In another minute the commander at Fort Adams signaled that the range suited him and opened fire from the fifteen inch gun which had not been fired for twelve years.



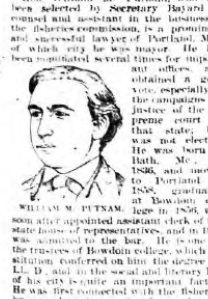
LANDING AT CODDINGTON POINT.

The whole fleet soon opened fire and all the land defenses replied; the torpedo boats engaged; broadside guns, Hotchkiss cannon and Gatlings roared and thundered, while the sharp crack of the rifle-

men's guns in the ships' tops filled the

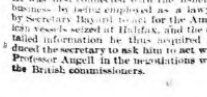


"The scene of battle now," said Admiral Luce, "is the bloody shirt." The Ossipee and Gideon soon struck submarine mines and were ruled out; the rest of the fleet effected a safe anchorage at Coddington's Point. There was then a pause in the battle till afternoon, when, under fire of the fleet, 750 marines were landed. They were met by 650 men in the land force, checked and driven back; they took to their boats, and had it not been for the pursuing fire of the ship, the entire marine force would have been, theoretically, destroyed. All the spectators were wild with enthusiasm, and Newport considers herself safe till a better fleet comes.



Hon. William M. Putnam.

Hon. William M. Putnam, who has been selected by Secretary Bayard as counsel and assistant in the business of the fisheries commission, is a prominent and successful lawyer of Portland, Me., of which city he was mayor. He has been nominated several times for important offices and obtained a good vote, especially in the campaigns for justice of the supreme court of that state; but was not elected. He was born at Bath, Me., in 1836, and moved to Portland in 1856, graduated at Bowdoin college, which in-



WILLIAM M. PUTNAM.

stitution conferred upon him the degree LL. D., and in the social and literary life of his city is quite an important factor. He was first connected with the fisheries business by being employed as a lawyer by Secretary Bayard to act for the American vessels seized at Halifax, and the detailed information he thus acquired induced the secretary to ask him to act with Professor Angell in the negotiations with the British commissioners.

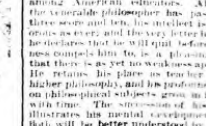
DR. JAMES McCOSH.

SKETCH OF THE RETIRING PRESIDENT OF PRINCETON.

A Scotchman Who Has Been at the Head of an American Institution of Learning for Nineteen Years — What He Has Done—The Future of the School.

When Dr. James McCosh took the presidency of Princeton college in 1868 and announced his intention to make it a university, the event was considered one of the most important in the history of education. His resignation—to take effect next February—there is general regret among the American intellectuals. Although the venerable philosopher has passed his three score and ten, his intellect is as vigorous as ever, and the very letter in which he declines to continue in the harness any longer compels him to, is a pleasing proof that there is as yet no weakness apparent. He retains his place as teacher of the higher philosophical subjects, and his works on philosophical subjects grow in interest with time. The succession of his works illustrates his mental activity and vigor. Both will be better understood by considering his life record.

James McCosh was born April 1, 1811, in Ayrshire, Scotland, and as his name indicates, there is in him a considerable strain of the old Gaelic blood. He was



JAMES M'COSH.

educated at the universities of Edinburgh and Glasgow, and while at the latter former wrote an essay on "The Stoic Philosophy," which attracted much attention and was so admired by the then noted Sir William Hamilton that on his motion the university conferred upon McCosh the degree of A. M. All his subsequent work has been in the line of that essay. He was born a student of the laws of mind and the moral nature. He was ordained in 1835 a minister of the Established Church of Scotland—affection only called the Kirk—and in 1842 he joined in the secession and assisted in establishing the so-called "Free Church of Scotland." His first work of note was entitled "Method of the Divine Government —Physical and Moral." The title indicates the daring nature of the inquiry. The book was in fact an attempt to revolutionize the methods of theology and philosophy then current. In the days of the "Moderates" indeed all the days before McCosh, the tendency had been to begin all inquiries into supernal things by assuming certain principles and certain definitions and reasoning from them to conclusions as to what God must be and must ought to be. The young disputant at once saw the loss than a complete reversal and the adoption of substantially the same system in theology which the natural sciences had already applied in natural things, viz.: Begin with the proved and admitted facts of the physical world and from them draw conclusions as to the unseen.

In 1862 he followed this with "The Supernatural in Relation to the Natural," in the same line. Both books were exceedingly timely, for they circulated just before that wonderful series of destructive and assertions which the public knows by the vague name of "Darwinism," and a system which attempts in material things what McCosh had in spiritual. As the author had to some extent anticipated the arguments against Christianity drawn from "Darwinism" and by Herbert Spencerism, his works obtained a high reputation both in Europe and America. His conclusion we may thus state in our own words. The distinction is only sentimental, for the world of nature is but a minor system of the great supernatural from which it springs. A miracle, for instance, is not a violation of law, but simply the operation of another law in higher law, if you please, as a state statute is inoperative where United States law applies to the case.

In 1851 he was appointed professor of logic and metaphysics in Queen's college, Belfast, and there were the Intuitions of the Mind Inductively Investigated.—In the same line as his former works. In 1866 he made a tour of the United States, and the impression already made was much increased that he was urged to accept the presidency of Princeton college, which he did, and in 1868 removed to that city. Subsequent events, especially his amusing little episode with Dr. Oliver Holmes so widely quoted last year. Rev. Dr. John McLean was president from 1854 to 1868, when Rev. Dr. James McCosh succeeded him. Harvard college conferred the degree of LL. D. upon the new president and his accession was hailed at Princeton as a joyful event. It awakened more interest than any previous event of that nature in America, and his inaugura-

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY LIBRARY.

tion was attended by a brilliant assemblage of learned and prominent men. He was in the zenith of his fame, but continued to labor indefatigably. He drew large audiences to his lectures on philosophy, publishing and lecturing, and was looked upon as the David of modern orthodoxy against the Goliath of scientific skepticism. Although Harvard had conferred an honorary degree upon him, his relations with that university soon became "strained." In 1880 Harvard celebrated her fiftieth anniversary and conferred many honorary degrees, but none to any of Princeton's professors. Dr. Holmes read a poem in which he humorously referred to the fact that Harvard liberalism in religious matters had affected the other colleges, these lines being included:

O'er Princeton's sands the far reflections steal
Where mighty Edwards stamped his iron heel;
Stay, on the hill where old Nassau's bell was heard
Fast as if Satan had gotten his fifty-pound.

Bursts such a light that trembling souls inquire
If the whole college isn't on fire.

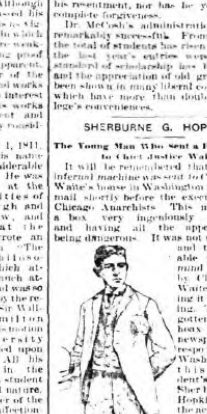
Dr. Holmes afterward explained that the last four lines referred to Andover (which does not help the matter much), but the punctuation was not clear to the McCosh, who was among the invited guests, and the assumption that Harvard was a leader of old Princeton certainly was offensive, so Princeton's president left for home at once, making no secret of his resentment, nor has he yet accorded complete forgiveness.

Dr. McCosh's administration has been remarkably successful. From 254 in 1868 the total of students has risen to 995, and the last year's entrance were 170. The standard of scholarship has been raised, and the appropriation of old graduates has been such as to enable liberal contributions which have more than doubled the college's conveniences.

SHERBURNE G. HOPKINS.

The Young Man Who sent a Bogus Bomb to Chief Justice Waite.

It will be remembered that a so called infernal machine was sent to Chief Justice Waite's house in Washington through the mail shortly before the execution of the Chicago Anarchists. This machine was a box very ingeniously constructed and having all the appearances of being dangerous. It was sent to Justice Waite, and the remark-



S. G. HOPKINS.

able presence of mind exhibited by Chief Justice Waite upon opening it was surprising. The box was gotten up as a hoax by a young newspaper correspondent of Washington, and this correspondent's name is Sherburne G. Hopkins, of whom the accompanying picture is a very good representation. Mr. Hopkins is well known, is a tall, fine looking and strikingly well dressed young man. He is one of the handsomest fellows in Washington, has large laughing eyes, light olive complexion and good

lar features. He is something of a dude in his manners, and his action in sending his machine should be ascribed rather to thoughtlessness than to any evil intention. He says now that he did not realize the seriousness of his act, and that no one regretted it more than he. He thought it would make a sensation, would form a fine days' wonder as a newspaper paragraph and would then blow over. He was much surprised to find that the police had taken the matter up, and was disgusted to see that what he had considered a harmless joke had been made a case before the court. Mr. Hopkins likes to write sensations, and he says that while he has sold a number of newspaper letters, such as the exaggerated actions of a seaside belle who took a daily ride on a codfish every morning, and such as his story of the fight of a sea serpent and a whale off the coast of Maine last summer, which went the rounds of the Associated Press, he has never written anything that would injure any one nor that he has never written a malicious lie in his life. He does not, however, seem to consider the taking in of the public with stories and pranks of a crime that did Baron Munchausen, and he will from henceforth rank as one of the sensational writers of this kind in the future.

The Seaside Institute.

Mrs. Frances Folsom Cleveland, wife of the president of the United States, visited Bridgeport, Conn., on the 10th instant, officiated pleasantly at the opening of the social hall or Seaside Institute and shook hands with some 3,000 working girls, all this giving a delightful sensation to the good town. The amusing feature of the case was that Mrs. Cleveland came to open the institute and for

SEASIDE INSTITUTE.

that only and attended strictly to business, declining all other invitations. The result is that many wealthy and fashionable people are mortified and disgusted. Many devices were employed to secure tickets; even the servant girls were appealed to that they might purchase regular tickets at the working women of the factories considered the pleasure of meeting Mrs. Cleveland above all price and refused to sell.

The Seaside Institute was built at a cost of $100,000 by a Bridgeport firm of manufacturers, who have some 1,100 women in their employ. They did not follow any model—the institute is not like the Fauxbisters of Belgium, or the Social palace of Guise, in France—it is a place where girls can go for reading, for lectures, social meetings and all the comforts of home, except sleeping rooms. Meals are served at cost, and there are rooms for reading, writing, resting, etc. There are, however, sleeping accommodations for a limited number. The library contains 1,000 volumes. The opening exercises were quite informal. Mrs. Cleveland was attended by Col. Daniel Lamont and wife. There was prayer by Rev. Dr. Robert Collyer, music by a select band, short speeches by various persons, and a general hand shake with Mrs. Cleveland.

A Dutch Man o' War.

A picture is here given of the Dutch frigate Koningin Emma der Nederlands (Queen Emma of the Netherlands) at sea lay recently in the Zuiderzee, Brooklyn, for repairs. This vessel is a good specimen of the modern Dutch man o' war. As she lay in the dry dock her port holes were all thrown open and a typical scene of life on a man o' war was presented to the spectator.

The vessel registers 3,000 tons, and carries a battery of fifty guns of Krupp and Hotchkiss manufacture. Six of these guns will carry a shot 8,000 yards. Five torpedo

A DUTCH MAN-OF-WAR.

boats are hailed to her bulwarks. She can go through the water at the rate of fourteen miles an hour. She is built entirely of steel, with a composition sheathing of wood. She hails from New Dieppe. Her crew numbers 225. This vessel figured actively in the war that the Dutch waged against Sumatra in 1884.

ATTENTION

Those seeking investments or speculation in

FINEST BUILDING PROPERTY

in this section of the county now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit. This property is located near the Grant Ave. depot, Plainfield, N. J., and is in close proximity to the

POND FOOL MANUFACTORY

and the

POTTER PRESS WORKS.

It is situated in the

Healthiest,

most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. To those desiring to purchase lots, or young men wishing to make small investments this opportunity is especially inviting. Builders or contractors would also find it advantageous to procure prices before looking elsewhere.

For particulars, inquire of Wm. C. Kelly, No. 26 Park avenue, or Dr. Fritts, Park avenue. Map of property can be seen at Dr. Fritts' office.

HENRY HANCHETT,

(Successor to Hanchett & Sparks)

GROCERS,

CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY

Are serving their patrons with the best goods that money will buy and at the lowest living rates. Call and see for yourself.

AN ORDINANCE.

To change the name of certain streets.

The Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That the street now known as *Fourth street*, between Third and Grant avenue, shall hereafter be known and designated as *Seaside Place*.

That the street now known as *Fourth* street, between Grant and Jersey avenue, shall hereafter be known and designated as *Seaside Place*.

That the street now known as *Stiger* avenue, between Highland avenue and Broadway, shall hereafter be known and designated as *Pine* street.

That that street now known as *Park Place* between Broadway and Berckman street, shall hereafter be known and designated as *Webster Place*.

That the street now known as *Sixth* avenue, between Richmond street and a point where it meets Terrill road, shall hereafter be known and designated as *Cottage Place*.

That the street now known as *Fifth* street, between West Front street and North Second street, shall hereafter be known and designated as *Sherwood Place*.

That the street now known as *Berckman* street and Columbia *Terrace* avenue, between Berckman avenue and John street, shall hereafter be known and designated as *Columbia Terrace*.

SEC. 2. That all Ordinances and parts of Ordinances inconsis ent herewith, are hereby repealed.

Adopted November 7, 1887.
Approved November 8, 1887.

JOB MALE, Mayor.
Attest: O. B. LEONARD, City Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE

To establish a Board of Health.

The inhabitants of the City of Plainfield by their Common Council do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. That pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the Board of Health of the City of Plainfield shall consist of three members who shall be appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the Common Council, at the next regular meeting of the Common Council after this Ordinance shall be of legal effect, the Mayor shall nominate, and subject to the approval of the Common Council, appoint three persons to be members of said Board to hold office until the first Monday in February in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, or until the nom nation and confirmation of their successors respectively. From the first Monday in February of each and every year hereafter, the Mayor shall nominate, and subject to the approval of the Common Council, shall appoint the successors of those members whose terms of office regularly expire at that time, to hold office until the first Monday of February of the second year succeeding such appointment, and until their successors are appointed and qualified. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as above provided, but shall be for the unexpired term only.

SEC. 2. The Board of Health so constituted and appointed shall have all the powers conferred by the Gen ral Law in the premises, and in addition thereto the powers conferred by the City Charter and ordinances upon the Board of Health of the City of Plainfield.

SEC. 3. That all Ordinances inconsistent herewith are to the extent of such inconsistency hereby repealed.

Adopted November 7, 1887.
Approved November 8, 1887.

JOB MALE, Mayor.
OLIVER B. LEONARD, City Clerk.

Professional Cards.

DR. F. E. HENDRICKSON, DENTIST, Successor to Dr. R. W. Anderson; office, No. 13 East Front street. Gas administered.

B. FO-GARE, ARCHITECT, 9 North avenue, opposite depot, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES H. SMITH, ARCHITECT, No. 106 Broadway, New York, rooms 8 and 9. Residence, Seventh street corner of Madison avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call 71.

CRAIG & MARSH, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

DR. CHAS. R. THURS, DENTIST, 107 East Front street. A new local anæsthetic application for extracting teeth without pain. Gold filling a specialty.

ELECTRIC BATHS,
Dr. Griffen is prepared to treat all nervous affections, uterine complaint, skin disease, asthma, Catarrh, rheumatism, dyspepsia, constipation and chronic diseases generally, by electricity and electric baths. Consultation free. Lady attendant for the ladies. 61 East Second street, corner of Washington street.

F. A. INGHAM, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Office engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence corner of Fifth and Somerset streets.

JACKSON & CODINGTON, Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

J. WEIGEL, Veterinary Surgeon. Office in Laing's old stand, corner of Main street and Madison avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

OSCAR S. TEALE, Architect, 247 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 23. Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence Plainfield N. J.

O. L. JENKINS, M. D., Successor to Dr. E. W. South, 56 Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

SATIN-LINED OVERCOATS

and a large variety of Men and Boys Suits at astonishing low prices.

WERNER'S

MAMMOTH ONE PRICE

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

AT THE CITY PHARMACY

21 W. Front street.

May be found careful dispensers, who compound Physicians prescriptions with the utmost care. All prescriptions are checked so that accuracy may be insured. Only the best grades of preparations are used in our prescription Department.

The City Pharmacy is now the place to select

Choice Perfumes

and Toilet Requisites. We have Vichy and and Carbonic Acid Water in our new latest style siphons.

The City Pharmacy will be open Sunday's for COMPOUNDING DRUGS and the SALE OF MEDICINES

ONLY

Hours, 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 4 to 9 p. m.

FIELD & RANDOLPH

PROPRIETORS.

Telephone Call 109.

AT THE WHITE FRONT

you can find just what you need for

Fall and Winter Wear

Our stock of Dress Goods have been selected with the greatest care, special attention being paid to the quality and styles, while our prices will be as they have in the past, the lowest. In Ladies, Gents and Children's Underwear we can supply every size and quality both in red and white. Blankets and comfortables we never sold as low as we are selling them this season. A good blanket for $1 and an extra heavy wool one for $1.50. You will find our price in dress trimmings, ribbons, corsets, buttons, yarns, and, in fact, on all our stock of notions largest. Only to-day are away down. Come and see us and examine our goods and prices and you will be satisfied that White's is the best place to buy your goods.

J. E. White & Son,

of the WHITE FRONT.

FORD & STILES,

Funeral Directors,

and Practical Embalmers.

Office, Warerooms and residence No. 27 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone call 64.

Educational.

MISS MEYER of 60 Pearl street will open a school for fancy work, crocheting and ladies handsewing on Oct. 1. All ladies and children desiring to obtain instruction will please call at the above address for terms. Specimens of work can be seen at Edsall's on West Front street. 9 13 2m

MISS NETTIE MATTISON, Teacher of Piano, Organ, Singing, comes either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 980.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberta F. Q. Box 189.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's, School for Girls on LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street. For particulars address P. O. Box 88, Plainfield.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,

28 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

THE STOCK OF

Merino Underwear

for MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN,

in White, Scarlet and Grey,

AT EDSALL'S.

No 30 West Front street

is the largest and most complete ever offered by this house. We claim to have the best 50c garment in the city; the best 41 cent; the best 1.25 and the best 2 Jersey Ribbed Vests for the price.

Best line of Shirts and Drawers.

" "	75c
" "	1.00
" "	2.00
" "	2.25

"The line of two mentioned are the celebrated "Natural Wool."

You can surely get suited here in this line of goods. Remember, we are now showing the largest assortment of handsome new

CARPETS

ART SQUARES, RUGS, OIL CLOTHS, etc.

ever shown in this part of the State and at the lowest prices.

Fimerson & Coyne,

have opened a store at

16 East Front St.

where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as first-class

Merchant Tailors,

to examine their fine line of suitings, which they make up in the latest prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

PARK HOUSE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Supply market. Rates reasonable. Special arrangements may be made for parties desiring table board, and in stormy weather to be conducted to and from the Hotel. Terms reasonable.

EVAN JONES,

PROPRIETOR.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

BUILDER

James H. Pope,

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RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.

P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N. J.

Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 26 years experience.

PARK AVENUE

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Window Glass

Paints, White Lead, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes Wall Paper, etc.

E. M. ADAMS,

10 PARK AVENUE

TRY

B. T. BARNES'

BROADWAY

Molasses Candy,

FLAXSEED and LEMON COUGH DROPS, BOSTON CHIPS ETC.,

We make all our candies. Opposite Post Office.

FIRST-CLASS NICKLE

ALARM CLOCKS

$1.25.

first-Class Nickel Time Clocks $2 00 each.

AT COLLIER'S,

2 PARK AVENUE.

Established 10 years. Repairing of Fine Clocks, Fine Jewelry and all watches a specialty.

CENTRAL R. R.

OF NEW JERSEY.

Time-table in effect Nov 20, 1887.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 5.45, 6.15, 6.50, 7.55, 8.55, 9.55, 10.55, 11.55 a. m., 12.55, 1.55, 2.55, 3.55, 4.55, 5.55, 6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.55, 10.55 p. m. Sunday, 3.27, 5.45, 8.55, 9.55, 10.55 a. m., 1.55, 4.55, 5.55, 6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.55, 10.55 p. m.

Leave Elizabeth at 3.37, 5.55, 6.25, 7.00, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.05, 1.05, 2.05, 3.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 3.37, 5.55, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05, 11.05 a. m., 1.05, 4.05, 5.05, 6.05, 7.05, 8.05, 9.05, 10.05 p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.15, 8.00, 9.01, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.01, 2.30, 4.04, 5.30, 7.01, 8.02, 9.38, 11.30 p. m. Sunday, 7.30, 10.30 a. m., 2.30 p. m. Sunday, 8.37, 10.38, 11.38 p. m., 1.37, 4.37 a. m. Sunday at 5.10, 10.14 a. m., 2.45 & 6.34 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 5.30, 7.30, 8.20, 9.21, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 a. m., 12.21, 2.50, 4.24, 5.50, 7.21, 8.22, 9.58, 11.50 p. m. Sunday at 7.50, 10.50 a. m., 2.50 p. m. Sunday at 8.57, 10.58, 11.58 p. m., 1.57, 4.57 a. m. Sunday at 5.30, 10.14 a. m., 2.45 & 6.34 p. m.

Plainfield and Boston.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8. 5, 9.21 a. m. 8.05, 4.04, 8.05, 5.16, 6.38, p. m.

Leave Boston at 8.10 a. m., 2.24 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.55, 8.37 a. m.; 12.40 p. m., 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.15 a. m. 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

8.15 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting with Bush Bridge for Schooley's Mountain. Chester, Budd's Lake.

7.14 a. m.—For Flemington.

8.05 a. m.—For Easton, Water Gap, Mauch Chunk.

9.33 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, All-entown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk and Pottsville. Washington, Nonticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre Scranton, etc.

3.37 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

4.34 p. m.—For Easton, Mauch Chunk, Bush, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

5.02, 5.16 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge branch, Schooley's Mountain, Easton.

6.09 p. m.—For Flemington.

8.26 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

7.55 a. m.—For Plainfield at 8.27, 9.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.25, 3.51, 5.25 and 8.05 p. m. Sunday except Ocean Grove 8.27 a. m.

For Perth Amboy 3.27, 5.45, 8.05, 9.00, 11.08 11.44, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.27 a. m.

For Matawan, 3.27, 5.45, 8.05, 11.08, a. m., 12.33 5.25 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.27 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia Via Jersey City.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 5.10, 8.05, 9.45 11.44 a. m., 2.16, 3.59, 6.48 12.50 p. m. Sunday at 5.10, 9.10 a. m., 6.24 p. m. 1.23 night.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, Ninth and Green Street, 7.30, 7.38, 10.30 a. m.; 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 6.48 12.50 p. m. Sunday 7.30, 9.30 a. m.; 5.00, 12.00 p. m.

Leave Trenton, Market Streets at 8.30, 9.05 10.30 a. m.; 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Trenton for Long Branch and Tucker Streets, at 1.25, 8.00, 9.10, 10.10, 11.35 a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.30 p. m. Sunday at 1.25, 9.18 9.40, 11.35 a. m., 4.15 p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked will change cars at Elizabeth.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt
J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

Special Notices.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE
that Dr. Sanderson's Eye Salve gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising is the best evidence of the Salve as now a perfect cure for sore eyes, weak eyes and many troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle today as you may not see this notice again. Sold by all druggists. Trial bottle free at R. J. Shaw, Druggist, Fort Edward, N. Y. Price 25 cts. and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS.
Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals furnished at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss J. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LADIES
Do your own dyeing, at home, with Pearline Dyes. 32 colors, 10 cents each. They are sold everywhere. Price list free. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt. Ask for Pearline Dyes. Accept no substitute. Don't buy Pearline Dyes. Accept no substitute. Don't buy Pearline Dyes. Accept no substitute. Don't buy

PERSONAL PICKINGS.

The rheumatism has left Prince Bismarck.

Consul General Waller has sailed for England.

The Prince of Wales was 47 years old on Nov. 9.

President Grevy, of France, is a devoted smoker of clay pipes.

Charles Scribner and his wife were guests of Mark Twain in Hartford, Conn.

Mr. Dwight L. Moody, the evangelist, is on a preaching tour through the West.

Senator Hoar is one of the most severe critics that the performance of the performers.

Archbishop Fabre will pass the winter in Washington. He is improving gradually.

J. Randolph Tucker is to receive $5,000 for the Cutting case in behalf of the Chicago Anarchists.

Vice-Admiral Alexander Kalogeropis, of the Greek navy, and four members of his staff are in New York.

Ben Butler is to present Colby university at Waterville, Me., with a handsome silver [illegible]

[illegible] Philadelphia, earned [illegible] of the [illegible] of [illegible] $1,000.

Gen. [illegible] of Rhode Island, has [illegible] of [illegible] and has retired from the [illegible] a salary [illegible] $3,000 a year.

Norton Chase, of Albany, will be the youngest member of the New York senate of 1888. His boyish appearance does not belie his years.

Rev. Alfred Leonard, of Atchison, Kan., has been appointed Episcopal bishop of Utah and Nevada, succeeding Bishop Tuttle, of North Dakota, who was made bishop of that territory in 1867.

Wherein Attorney General Brewster takes his walks abroad he follows in four-in-hand style. Although he had just stepped out of [illegible] picture.

Mr. and Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., have taken a [illegible] apartment in New York. Mrs. Blaine, who, by the way, was in part responsible for the [illegible] of the [illegible] gust.

The full name and title of Queen Victoria's [illegible] Lord Lyons is: British ambassador at Paris, the Right Hon. Edward Robert Henry Bulwer Lytton, G. C. B., G. C. S. I., C. C. I. E.

The grand [illegible] of India was first present at the Bride's wedding in Paris. Her gift to the [illegible] was in diamonds. In return she received a [illegible] and was called in a quarter of a minute.

Rev. Dr. E. N. Storrs, in his letter accepting the presidency of the American board, Boston, expresses the fervent decision of the board that there is no urgent duty for repentance at the death.

Cardinal Gibbons told a friend at Toledo that himself [illegible] his grocery [illegible] and that [illegible] had helped [illegible] future [illegible] than [illegible] will ever be able to express.

Miss Phebe Couzins is no longer United States marshal for the eastern district of Missouri, she succeeding Mr. Hall after two months of the duties of [illegible] during [illegible] and is to be succeeded by a ward worker named Rimerman.

Rev. W. H. Cobb, who has been pastor of the Congregational church at Uxbridge about [illegible] and is also superintendent of the [illegible] of Utah town, has resigned the [illegible] of the Congregational churches of that territory.

In [illegible] upon the character of the late Napoleon [illegible] the London Athenæum says: "[illegible] language. No writer would [illegible] of a short one would [illegible] word that has [illegible] to his own language."

John [illegible], of Cuba, [illegible] is now [illegible] Bryant. He is a fuller by trade, and [illegible] side with ex-President Andrew Johnson. Mr. Murray says that Johnson [illegible] his boyhood by hanging a book in front of him while working at his trade.

Governor Waterman, of California, upon assuming his office, [illegible] money in the [illegible] upon [illegible] by every [illegible] broken. The money, [illegible] was not there, and the governor [illegible] to all who had claims [illegible].

Mr. Child has [illegible] through any [illegible] work, is [illegible] very much [illegible] Some [illegible] arranged in [illegible] an [illegible] way, but he [illegible] his [illegible] correspondence [illegible] public affairs, and another [illegible] his [illegible] and literary [illegible].

[illegible] Powers at [illegible] meetings as well [illegible] rivals in Indiana [illegible] Powers [illegible] a sermon [illegible] and [illegible] kept out of an [illegible] Mr. Beecher [illegible] and [illegible] Powers [illegible] Beecher [illegible] Powers [illegible] Beecher [illegible] Powers [illegible] Beecher

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 | PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1887. | Price Two Cents.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 42.

Republican Primaries.

The Republican election of the city of Plainfield will meet in their respective wards on said will meet in their respective wards on Monday evening November 21st, at eight o'clock for the purpose of electing delegates to the city Republican Convention, to be held at the Republican Association rooms on East Front street, on Tuesday evening, November 22nd, at eight o'clock, to nominate three councilmen-at-large, one city assessor, one collector, one treasurer, two school trustees, two commissioners of appeal and one school treasurer. Each ward is entitled to the following number of delegates:

1st Ward 7 delegates and will meet at Republican Association Rooms; 2d Ward 8 delegates and will meet at Bryant School building, East Sixth street; 3d Ward 7 delegates and will meet at the City house; 4th Ward 8 delegates and will meet at Laing's Hall.

Each ward at said primary will nominate the following candidates for ward officers. One councilman, two justices of the peace, one constable, one judge of election, one inspector of election, one clerk of election, and five persons as members of the City Executive committee.

By order of the City Executive Committee,
C. M. GODDARD, Chairman.
J. B. COWARD, Sec.

Nov. 14, 1887.

JOTTINGS.

—To-night, second Ragan lecture Y. M. C. A. course.

—The-Bee Hive offers to-day a full line of fur trimmings and muffs.

—The floral decorations at the wedding of Miss Nellie May Pangborn to Chas H. Lyman last evening, were furnished by L. J. Denton of this city.

—Services to-morrow at the Trinity Reformed church 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. The pastor's subject in the evening will be "The Question of the Day!"

—The opening meeting of the Daisy Social Club was held at Westfield, N. J., Thursday evening. Guests from different localities were present to the number of forty.

—"Man's Prayer Answered in God's Way" is the topic for the Young Men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms this evening at 8 o'clock. Leader, Mr. Frederick Moon. All men invited.

—Services at the Methodist Episcopal church to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. J. B. Van-Meter. The subject of the evening's lectures will be "Antipas, the Fox."

—A hearing in the case of Ashton vs. Fahy and Loughlin, in which the defendants are charged with assault and battery, took place before Justice Austin this afternoon, and the complainant was dismissed.

—Services in the Park avenue Baptist church to-morrow: preaching by the pastor, Rev. Asa Reed Dilts at 10:30 a. m. Subject: "The Annual Bible Day" concert will be given in the evening at 7:30 by the Sunday school. All are welcome.

—Previous to the opening of the ball of the Emeralds at the Crescent, next Wednesday, the committee have arranged with the 9th regiment Band to give a musical concert. The tickets entitling the holder to admission to both ball and concert have been placed at fifty-cents.

—Rev. Dr. Lewis will speak at Reform Hall to-morrow evening, repeating the address, "The Saloon the Nursery of "Fire-Bugs," which he made some weeks ago in his own church, and which attracted so much attention that he last omitted with a general request to repeat it. A full synopsis of the address was published in THE NEWS at the time.

Mr. Manning's Reply to Mr. Teale.

EDITOR EVENING NEWS:—I notice several communications in your paper signed by Architect Teale criticising buildings of which I happen to be the builder, and intimating that the construction is so poor as to be dangerous, and some buildings liable to fall. Well, if this was true in this line for any one for thirty-five years, probably as many years as Mr. Teale is of age, I have never in all that time heard of any building of mine, or of any one else here, failing, or in any manner showing a tendency that way. I have perhaps made mistakes as any man in the line of the place but one to build up the locality, which Mr. Teale speaks so highly of, and have completed most of the finer buildings here. I do not question the honesty of any of our builders, and strongly object to any such unwarranted liberties with by business. The very place Mr. Teale refers to will speak for one of the finest improvements in North Plainfield, when completed. I believe in encouraging people to build here, not in trying to discourage them, as I, and builders for their own reputation will see to it that there is nothing put up that will hurt the town, and Mr. Teale cannot excel them in their zeal for the welfare of the locality. In the matter in question, I would deem it a favor for Mr. Teale and a committee of business men to visit and examine for themselves the particular construction referred to. I want folks to come and see. I don't know what worries Mr. Teale. I feel sorry to be compelled to notice the matter at all.

The building is being constructed by New York parties who expect to spend $100,000 on that very evergreen hill this spring. If they are discouraged by such statements as those made by Mr. Teale.

I recall a few of the houses built here by me. James Clawson's on East Front street, Hon. Jacob Kirkner's, Mr. Baldwin's of Schuyler, Baldwin & Co's store, and if there are any finer ones in this locality, I have not seen them. I also built Holmes House Hall. I also built all of the buildings on Seventh street from Liberty street to William, except two. In all I have built or had charge of about one-fifth of all the buildings in the locality.

For J. MANNING & Son.

SCOTCH PLAINS.

The Baptist church fair will open next Tuesday and continue over Thanksgiving. It will be a grand affair, judging from the preparations made in advance.

Cold weather doesn't interfere with Farnwood's building boom. At the rate of progress now exhibited we shall have a village larger than our present near neighbors at no distant day.

CRANFORD.

Interesting missionary services were held in the Methodist church last Sunday.

James W. Ferguson, George W. Littell and Edward Beadle have been appointed a committee of the Cranford Building and Loan Association to promote the purchase of shares in that concern.

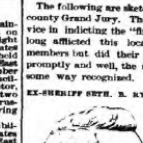
—Kenney Bros., the North avenue fruiters, to-day call the attention of their patrons to the large supply of Thanksgiving fruits they have on hand. See their advertisement.

UNION CO. GRAND JURY.

THE MEN WHO WON OUR THANKS BY DOING THEIR DUTY.

The following are sketches of the last Union county Grand Jury. They did Plainfield a service in indicting the "fire-bugs," who had so long afflicted this locality. Although the members last did their duty, for doing it so promptly and well, the service should be in some way recognized. Hence the sketches:

EX-SHERIFF SETH B. RYDER OF ELIZABETH.

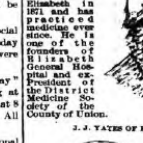


was born in Cincinnati, O., Nov. 16, 1826, and resided in Cincinnati, also in the Moravian College at Litiz, Lancaster Co., Pa., and at the Polytechnic Institute academy of Pharmacy. He has carried on the retail pharmacy for about the last 25 years. He is a scientific druggist.

HENRY J. SCHMIDT OF ELIZABETH

was born in Germany, April 26, 1836, was educated in Germany, and came to this country in 1860, his twenty-first year, settling in Elizabeth, beginning the present business, wholesale and retail confectionery and ice cream, in the same location he is retaining the original plant. Mr. Schmidt has served a number of terms on the Grand Jury before.

PHILIP MORR OF ELIZABETH



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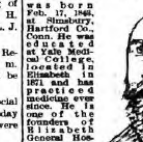
DR. THOS. N. MCLEAN OF ELIZABETH



was born in Elizabeth, May 27, 1846, at Simsbury, Hartford Co., Conn. He was educated at Yale Medical College, graduated in Elizabeth in 1871, and has since practiced medicine ever since. He is one of the founders of Elizabeth General Hospital and ex-President of the District Medicine Society of the County of Union.

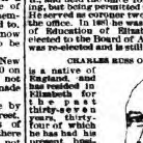
J. J. YATES OF ELIZABETH

was born at Linden, Union county, N. J., Sept. 6, 1846, and educated in Rahway. He began a extensive stair builder business, being a factory in New York, where he employs a large number of men. He was Chief of Police of Elizabeth for three years, filling the position with marked ability, and he has been on the Grand Jury before.

DR. THOS. TERRELL OF ELIZABETH

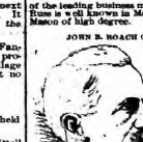
was born in Rahway, Sept. 13, 1848, educated at Columbia College, graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1871, and served in the hospitals in New York and Brooklyn. Locating on Blackwell's Island, he came to Elizabeth 1873, where he has practiced his profession, was appointed and is now examining surgeon for Pensions. He was elected county physician in 1874, and served for the exception of two years, till May, 1886. In 1876 he appointed Surgeon for the Fourth N. G. S. N. J., and held the office for four years, resigning, but being persuaded to cause his name. He served as coroner two terms, and is still in the office. In 1881 he was elected to the Board of Education of Elizabeth. In 1886 he was elected to the Board of Aldermen. In 1888 he was re-elected and is still a member.

CHARLES RUSS OF ELIZABETH



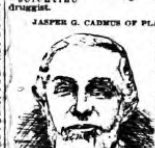
is a native of Rahway, and has resided in Elizabeth for the past thirty-seven years, the three, four of which he has had the present business, the chief of a manufacturer of buildings and every and ice cream. He has always commanded a good degree of the leading business men of Elizabeth. Mr. Russ is a well known in Masonic circles, being a Mason of high degree.

JOHN B. ROACH OF ELIZABETH



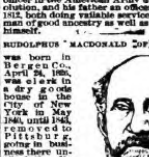
was born Sept. 24, 1838, at Black River, Monmouth Co., N. J., during the war as a soldier under Admiral Rogers and Admiral Elizabeth Farragut. He is a merchant tailor and has been in business in Elizabeth for a number of years. He owns a fine collection of art treasure gathered on his voyages.

JASPER G. CADMUS OF PLAINFIELD.



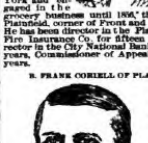
a man of kindly disposition and thoroughly upright character, was born in Cumberland county, Pa., and at the age of 18 years, entered Dickinson Seminary at Rahway, has been in the wholesale grocery business and wall paper manufacturing for about 20 years. He has twenty-two years of service in the Presbyterian church, and in 1876-7 he was Moderator of the Bergen presbytery. In 1883 he became a Plainfield resident and was elected to council in 1885. He is a member of St. Paul's church.

RUDOLPHUS "MACDONALD JOE" PLAINFIELD.



was born in Germany, April 26, 1836, was a boy in a dry goods house in the City of New York in May 1848, until 1849, when removed to Philadelphia, engaging in business there until 1853, when went in business in Chicago, Ill., and remained in that city until 1865, when returned to New York and engaged in a factory business until 1868, when settled in Plainfield, corner of Front and Park. He has been director in the Plainfield Mutual Fire Insurance Co. for 22 years, also director in the City National Bank for over ten years, Commissioner of Appeals for about six years.

R. FRANK CORIELL OF PLAINFIELD



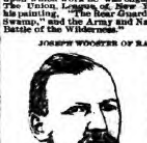
was born in the old Coriell homestead, Evesham, Sept. 26, 1846. He graduated in the Plainfield Public high school, after which he took a course at Burdett's American Business College, graduating in 1866, from which he then went into the manufacturing business, with William McD. Coriell, and has been

the junior member of the firm for the past twenty years. He served three years as Councilman-at-Large, two of which he was President of the Board of Works. He has also Vice-President of the Plainfield Building & Loan Association, Chief Engineer and Chief and afterwards Chief of the Fire department.

I. JULIAN SCOTT OF PLAINFIELD

was born in Johnstown, Pa., in 1846. He passed his early years in his native village, and graduated from Wesleyan Academy. He enlisted in the 78th Pa. Vol. Infantry in 1861 as a drummer-boy. Just after he was about to enter college, in 1862 honorary conferred upon him a medal for bravery. He served in the hospitals in New York and Brooklyn, and was discharged in 1865. He was badly wounded, and was confined to his bed for some time. He then went home during 1865-6, and in the latter year entered the class of the late Thomas Smith, and graduated at the close of the campaign of Drury's Bluff. He then entered Dickinson College, and in 1868 went abroad, spending most of his time in the Universities of Berlin, Halle and Leipsic. He returned to Plainfield in 1872, and has since resided here. In 1873 the Republican State Convention gave him as an historical painter to be placed in the State Capitol at Trenton. Mr. Scott painted the famous painting "The Battle of Cedar Creek," upon which work he was engaged four years. He (Scott) has also painted this year, his painting, "The Rear Guard of White Oak Swamp," for the Army and Navy Club, "The Battle of the Wilderness."

JOSEPH WOOSTER OF RAHWAY.



was born in Newark, N. J., March 8, 1841. He was educated in Newark, and has been in business in Rahway for the past twenty-one years, was president of the Board of Education in 1882-4, and is at present the Chief Engineer of the Rahway Fire Department.

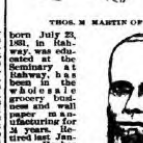
ASTON LORMILLER OF RAHWAY

was born May 1st, 1841, in Roenebelfer, Germany, and was educated in that country. He has been in the furniture and carpet trade in business for the past twenty years, served as Councilman in Rahway for three terms on the Grand Jury, and two years as Alderman of the Fifth Ward of Rahway, and is now Chief Engineer of the city.

CHARLES GRUBER OF RAHWAY

was born June 30, 1846, in Hanover, Germany, was educated in that country in 1866, has resided in Rahway since 1868, and is manufacturer of harness since 1874, employing 25 men. He maintains two warerooms in the Central Hotel, Rahway, known from one end of the county to the other.

THOS. M MARTIN OF RAHWAY.



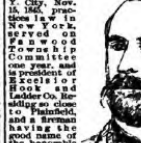
born July 23, 1841, in Rahway, was educated in Rahway Seminary at Rahway, has been in the wholesale grocery business and wall paper manufacturing for 20 years. He was appointed Justice of the Peace last January. He has been a member of the Board of Chosen Freeholders, Council and one of the Board of Finance, and is now treasurer of St. Paul's church.

CHARLES E. BENDICOTT OF WESTFIELD

was born Oct. 12, 1858, at Mary Landing, Atlantic Co., N. J., was educated at Mary Landing and at the West Jersey Academy, Bridgeton. Mr. Bendicott has been in public life for 12 years, six years in the Whaleboat grocery business in N. Y. City, and for the last sixteen years in Jersey City, in the highly spoken

ship chandler business. He is of in Westfield.

DAVID P. HALL OF FANWOOD.



was born in N. Y. City, Nov. 19, 1847. He practices law in New York, served on the town committee of Westfield, and is now a member of the Township Committee of that town, and president of the Hook and Ladder Co. Residing so close to Plainfield, and a Plainfield having the good name of the honorable Col. Hall at heart, it was a satisfaction to the firemen that he was selected as one of the Jury.

ROBERT MORRELL OF SUMMIT.

born Feb. 21, 1843, in Pittsburgh, Pa., N. Y. He has been in business in Elizabeth, and is a farmer, has served on the Board of Freeholders, Committee of Ways and Means, Committee on Roads and Bridges, and is now serving his fourth year, and has been elected for four terms on the Grand Jury. He is a man of much sterling worth, and no one has more friends in the State.

JOS M. WINANS OF LINDEN

was born Dec. 29, 1843, in Linden township, Union county, N. J., a private in Co. B, 9th Regiment, N. J. Vol. Infantry, and served on the staff of Brigadier General Starr, and Major General Kearney, and was in four terms on the Grand Jury. He is a man of much sterling worth, and no one has more friends in the State.

HENRY F. BURCHELL OF PROVIDENCE

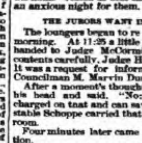
was born in New York City, Nov. 1, 1838, and was educated in the New York schools. He is a farmer, was formerly one of the Commissioners of Appeals, and is now Town Clerk. He is a Republican, and has served several terms on the Grand Jury.

ABRAM A. JOHNSON OF SPRINGFIELD

was born in New York City, January 1, 1844, and resided in New York, graduated from the University of the city of New York, and has since resided in Springfield, where he has been engaged in the practice of law. He is a member of the Board of Education, and has been for a number of years, and is now Counsel to the Board of Freeholders, and Solicitor for the Township Committee.

The Colonial Club concluding tobogganing for the season with a native ox in the Park on Monday, under the auspices of the Rev. Dr. Henry Ward Beecher, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Talmage, the Rev. Dr. Hall and the Rev. Dr. Wells will be present.

DENNIS LONG OF UNION.



was born in 1843, in Tipperary, Ireland. He attended school for a brief period emigrated in 1864 to America, with his sister and R., landing in New York, and soliciting a position in the Dutch County, N. J., store of Jacob Hoone. For four years he received as the price of his labor his board and the privilege of attending school during the winter. By industry, frugality and economy, he accumulated in the course of the years, property, including a beautiful farm, then very delapidated. In 1879 he erected his present spacious and comfortable dwelling. Mr. Long is a Republican, is president of the Union County Board of Agriculture and a member of the State Agricultural Society. He generally takes charge of the agricultural department at the Union County Fair. Mr. Long is a staunch friend of ex-Sheriff Stiles, and has been one of his bondsmen. He is running his term of office. He is interested in the public schools of New Jersey, having been president of the board of trustees in the Union Public School. His motto in life is: "Make the poor land good and the good land better." He is one of the best informed men in the county on Union County roads.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

BOTH FIRE-BUGS GUILTY

OF

LOUIS AND HORACE VAN NEST ARE JUDGED AT LAST.

A Victory for the People.—The Men Who Have Terrorized Plainfield May Now Wear Convicts' Garb—Horace in His Cell—Louis Out on $2,000 Bail Till Sentence Day.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 19.—Both Horace and Louis VanNest were this morning found guilty of arson. They were placed on trial last Monday for the burning of the Van Nest Parse house in Plainfield on the 16th of March, 1887. The trial was concluded yesterday morning, when the jury, at 11:45, first went out to consider their verdict. They returned their decision at 11:35 a. m., today, having been out twenty-four hours, lacking ten minutes.

TO THE JURY: THE PEOPLE OF PLAINFIELD THANK YOU, GENTLEMEN, FOR YOUR VERDICT.

George Laing of Elizabeth, foreman. Wm. H. Hatfield of Rahway, Daniel C. Smith of Linden, Wm. L. Bonnel of Union, Louis C. Wurst of Elizabeth, Philip Kreis of Elizabeth (said to be an ex-fireman), John M. Morris of Elizabeth, Edward Miller of Fanwood, Ferdinand Gesse of Rahway, Patrick Dougherty and Ferdinand Kamman of Elizabeth.

The counsel for the defense were: Ex-Congressman Phelps, Ex-Court Commissioner Attorney Fred. C. Marsh, W. R. Codington and Arthur P. Miller.

Prosecutor Theodore B. Wilson and Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh appeared for the State.

Stops of these lawyers were present when the verdict was rendered. Horace remained seated while he heard his fate.

WAITING FOR THE VERDICT.

When the jury retired at 11:45 yesterday morning, few of those in the lobby left the room at once, for it was expected that a verdict would be reached within a half or three quarters of an hour. Some sanguine ones predicted that the jurors would be locked up for fifteen minutes, but as the time slowly passed and the dinner hour rolled by, the size of the crowd began to dwindle perceptibly, so that at half-past one the only persons remaining in the Court were a few officers, two or three newspapers, the wife and son of Horace and Louis VanNest, Mrs. Wm. H. Van Nest, Mrs. Wm. VanNest and the baby. The women assumed a brave front, and at first chatted and laughed quite merrily, but gradually they fell into a sad tone; but this smiling exterior soon faded, and in painful silence the wives and sister awaited the verdict. The reporters, too, sat there quietly about and watched for chances to get news from the jury room. But Constable Wm. A. Schoppe was Johnny-on-the-spot there was no chance of hearing anything save by listening at an entry-way at the rear of the Bench. In this apartment, through an open transom, there floated stray bits of the heated arguments that were evidently in full force in the jury room upstairs. There were serious thoughts of squeezing through this transom and opening the locked door from within, but Mr. Schoppe was every moment liable to stalk, sentinel-like, from the Court room to the room above, for he knew that the jury's work was not consummated.

As the afternoon passed away the women left the building and went home. Louis, who was out on bail, roamed about the streets and talked with friends in town. Men from Plainfield interested in the case dropped in and lounged about, but time dragged wearily. A cuspidor in the court trial was held. Soupe read; some talked; all yawned. Three or four times there was a false alarm that a verdict had been reached, knocked over or of an argument failing flat. *Once in a while some juror popped for the door*, but was promptly taken back when the verdict had been agreed on were given. And so the hours passed away, in silence, in tediousness—the day waned and darkness settled down.

LOCKED UP FOR THE NIGHT.

At six minutes past five o'clock word was sent to County Clerk John L. Crowell that the jury had agreed. Mr. Crowell then administered to Constable Amos Moffett the oath by which that officer agreed to guard the jurors from any communication with the outside world. Again the people began to hasten to the Court House, and again the sorrow. The County Clerk departed for home, Constable Moffett saw the one door followed suit, and the jurors were left to went away. Only the vigilant press representatives remained near by, and even they were debarred from the room. Lights were conducted from their daily apartment upstairs into the snug Court Chamber below, where they partook of supper that evening and prepared to spend the night.

The good news soon became known and before Constable Moffett returned with the jurors' supper outside the Court Room assembled. Many passed by glancing at the glass and hearing the words, "Not guilty," gazed the thing but a thought and went their way. Inside, some slumbered, stretched at full length on benches; some played games to while away the time; some sat still and looked weary and sleepless. Then, at midnight, Horace and Lou—the one in jail, the other at his bail—retired to a bed they could. It was an anxious night for them.

THE JURORS WANT INSTRUCTION.

The loungers began to re assemble early this morning. At 11:25 a little slip of paper was handed to Judge McCormick. He read the contents carefully, Judge Harper looking on. It was a request for information concerning Constables Wm. H. Marvin Dunham and Moffett.

After a moment's thought the Judge shook his head and said: "No; I have already charged on that and can say no more." Constable Schoppe carried that reply to the jury-room.

Four minutes later came a written reiteration.

"Well," said Judge McCormick, resignedly, "let them be brought down."

The jurors filed into the room and answered to "present" names.

"Gentlemen of the Jury," asked the clerk, have you agreed upon your verdict?"

"We have," was the response.

"The Court," said Judge McCormick," understands that the jury desires to have Mr. Dunham brought before it. Is it so?"

IS THIS WHAT SETTLED HORACE'S CASE?

"Horace asked me to call at the police station the morning and advise him as to turning State's evidence, and I didn't want to take any responsibility, but inquired what he knew."

"Well," was the response, "I know about the Park House stables fire; I know about the Wm. L. Jones fire; I know about the McCutchen fire; I know about the Baker fire; I know about the Harbergere fire. I didn't do it myself, Jackson did it all. But I know about them, all the same."

"Is that all," asked, "what do you know of the Parse fire."

"I know about that, too," said Horace "that I'm not going to say anything now."

"I still hold to my charge, gentlemen," continued Judge McCormick, "that if that testimony were voluntarily and not gained by any hope extended by Mr. Dunham, by any offer of liberty or any threat or fear of punishment, it is damaging evidence against Horace."

At the request of the sixth juror, Philip Kreis, Mrs. John Jackson's testimony about Horace's threatened Parse "shine" was repeated, and the jury once more retired.

Several of those present in the Court room surmised that Louis had already been convicted and that this reading would settle Horace's case.

At 11:05 word was sent from the secret room that the jurors had agreed on a verdict. Judge McCormick, who had gone to his office, was notified, as was also County Clerk Crowell. Horace VanNest, as the face flushed as it has been throughout the trial — was led into the large square Court room.

His brother Louis was for a time not to be found, and constables searched in every direction. He was last seen, it was reported, walking up Broadway towards the railroad station. He was not present when, at 11:35, the jury rendered their verdict.

After the clerk asked if an agreement had been reached. The response was in the affirmative. Then came the inquiry:

"Who shall speak for you?"

"The Foreman."

"Foreman, how do you find?"

"We find the defendants both GUILTY as charged."

"Gentlemen," said Judge McCormick, "you are excused until Monday morning at ten o'clock."

Horace was then led back to his cell. He was now pale and his lips hung loosely open. When asked if he knew where Louis was he said that he had left town in consequence of having been told by Constable Jones that the jury might not be in before Monday. Bail last night for Louis was found by Chief of Police Chas. W. Dodd, of Plainfield. Bail was discovered in Vanderveer's cigar store on Broad street and was taken to jail, protesting against the verdict. His former bondsman, Robert Brand of Plainfield, was telephoned for. Judge McCormick after deliberating fixed the bail at $3,000, double the former amount. Louis was at the store, and under the charge of Chief Dodd when Mr. Brand reached here at 1:50. The three proceeded at once to the office of the County Clerk, and Mr. Brand signed the $3,000 bail-bond. This bond holds good until sentence is pronounced.

It is thought probable that Theodore VanNest will now plead guilty. Judge McCormick says that if the ringleader is clear of the "fire-bug" cases by Wednesday he will render sentences that day. John M. Jackson, who has already pleaded guilty, will be sentenced with the rest.

The last sale advertised for yesterday has been adjourned till next week Friday.

The cards are out announcing the marriage of Samuel L. Pratt to Miss Mary Gray both of Sampton, N. J.

The case of Kate Betsel vs. Charles McCann on a charge of breach of promise, which was to have come up for trial this morning in the Court House, has been adjourned over for one week.

—County Prosecutor Wilson and Corporation Counsel Marsh are to be congratulated on their successful management of the cases thus far against the "fire-bugs." Even had there been more than is, we think, they would have been entitled to the thanks of the people for the energy and skill with which they have conducted the prosecution of those who have so long been haunting the homes and the property of the people. If ever men ought to be hanged it is the scamps as these cold-blooded persecutors of innocent families, who have had a hand in the burning. Let the battle go on until every one is made such an example of as will prove a useful warning for years to come to all such wrong doers.

Ishould not be forgotten that the thanks of the people of Plainfield are due to Councilman Carey, Chief of Police Dodd, Policeman Ellis Worsley, and Detective "Edward J. Murphy"), for their personal services which at the risk of their lives rendered it impossible for the "fire-bugs" who had been a plague in Plainfield for years. Thanks are also due to Councilman Dunham for his services and personal vigilance in this service, which so materially aided in the conviction of the gang as a whole. The whole account of the capture of the "fire-bugs," *and the only accurate one published at the time*, appeared in THE NEWS of March 26th, together with a map of the scene of the capture of "fire-bug" Jackson, as he was setting fire to the $10,000 residence of Frazee and Daniel Lee, on Seventh street, also excellent likenesses of Jackson and his captors, Constables Moffett and Policeman Worsley.

—A leading New York newspaper artist when hearing of our scheme to honor the Grand Jury for its promptness and diligence in investigating the fire-bug cases said, "why that would be a feature the New York World can pass." It is too big an undertaking for a little country town." But he didn't know the town, and how well it sustains THE NEWS in all its undertakings. We have the greatest confidence that the Grand Jury will appear within our knowledge has ever done, although the Grand Jury are representative men in the county, and are honored by their men, should be known to the people to whom they render such valuable service in protecting their property and lives. Let the people generally, preventing scandals from aiding the courts to gratify personal spite and envy, and thus defeating the ends of justice by the handing of dirty linen in the hands of justice.

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE.

Mrs. J. J. Anderson desires a limited number of pupils in singing by her residence, Front street, opposite Plainfield academy. Thoroughly qualified to prepare pupils for church choir, concert or oratorio singing. Mrs. Anderson will permit pupils to practice daily at her rooms. Terms reasonable. Can refer to distinguished teachers, both here and in New York. Address, P. O. Box 882.

THE BEE HIVE.

FUR LINING.

2 in. Black Hare, 25 cents per yard.
2 " Raccoon " 50 " "
2 " Raccoon " 50 " "
1-2 Silver Fox 75 " "
Ladies' Black Hare Muffs, 75 cents.

Toboggan Caps.

Ladies' cashmere gloves in black and colored 15 cents, our line of ladies' and children coats and underwaists to be sold at reduced rates, to make room for holiday goods.

LOUIS CALLMAN,
38 WEST FRONT ST.

FRUITS
for
Thanksgiving

we wish to call the attention of our customers and friends to our large stock of unexcelled fruits for Thanksgiving. We have also some materials for baking such as Citron, Lemon etc. Also a fine line of Grapes the per pound, Grape Fruit and Oranges. Fruits furnished for Thanksgiving dinners. A choice lot of Glass Fruits, Guava Jellies, Kennedy's Champion Biscuits, etc.

KENNEY BROS.,
NO. 8 NORTH AVENUE.

Thanksgiving Eve.,
at
The CRESCENT
Branch No. 8
EMERALD BENEVOLENT ASSOC'N
of this city will hold
A GRAND BALL
TICKETS FIFTY CENTS.
Music by the
69th Regiment Band.

Y. M. C. A. Course
2d Ragan Lecture
TO-NIGHT
AT STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,
Subject:
"A SUMMER IN SPAIN and MOROCCO."
Tickets at Reynolds' Pharmacy.

MUSIC HALL.
Monday, Nov. 21,
All the World in Wonder over the phenomina, prestidigitateur and wizard, the original and only
HERRMANN
Famous in every part of the world, assisted by Mme. Herrmann, presenting a new programme of startling and mystifying feats, including the most marvelous, thrilling and unique sensation.
BLACK ART
creating a furore and crowding the theatres every night. Don't fail to see the villainy you see on the stage of any country. Positively for one night only. Prices, 35c, 50c, 75c and $1.
Tickets on sale Friday.

GRAND FAIR
At the
German Reformed Church
CRAIG PLACE. Under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society. Every afternoon and night of the week.
BEGINNING NOV. 14, '87
ADMISSION TEN CENTS.
The proceeds of the fair are to be used to furnish the church, and all our friends are invited to attend.

PRIZE BAZAAR
under the auspices and in aid of the RELIEF FUND of the WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS, auxiliary to Post 73, G. A. R.
AT GRAND ARMY HALL,
for one week,
November 21 to 26
Inclusive. Admission 10 cents.
Course tickets, entitling holder to one chance to prize drawing, 25 cents.
Committee—Mrs. S C Terry, Mrs. John Kilpatrick, Mrs. Rice's mother, Mrs. H C Drake, Mrs. Addis, Mrs. Rice's mother, Mrs. H C Drake, Mrs. Addis, Mrs. Rice, Mrs. Bodd's Walker, C W Harden, P O. Dunn.

Plainfield Evening News,
T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or by mail postage prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $6 per year payable in advance.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1887.

DENIED BY COUNT MITKIEWICZ,

But it is Asserted as a Fact at the State Department.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Count Mitkiewicz said last night, with reference to the story telegraphed from San Francisco to the effect that the Russo-Chinese concessions had been revoked: "It is untrue. The dispatch is substantially the same one which appeared in The London Times this week. The dispatch was sent from London to Hong Kong, and there got into one of the English journals, and now,

COUNT MITKIEWICZ.

after an owen trip of twenty-five or twenty-six days, reaches San Francisco. The concessions have been signed and sealed and are in law, and neither of the contracting parties has a desire to have them cancelled." At the state department, however, where the inside history of the affair is well known and gossiped about with more or less freedom, it was learned that the secret sessions were virtually concluded a month ago.

A State Senator Guilty of Fraud.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 19.—The evidence in the election fraud case against State Senator Fountain H. Ketchum was concluded yesterday, and a verdict of guilty was expected, but sentence was reserved. Ketchum was charged with illegally registering the names of a list of mythical voters in the Tenth ward last year, during the general election last year. He was elected to the state senate at that election.

A Mammoth Aerolite.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Nov. 19.—An aerolite weighing three tons dropped with a loud report in the rear of the Mechanics' National bank, on East Main street, at 11:20 yesterday morning, making a deep indentation in the ground. Great excitement was created by the occurrence, and large crowds viewed the celestial visitor. Local experts find traces of iron, nickel, aluminum and other metals in the aerolite.

Indicted for Embezzlement.

CARLISLE, Pa., Nov. 19.—The Cumberland county grand jury found a true bill for embezzlement yesterday against Davis Neiswanger, a Mechanicsburg merchant, who absconded to the west with $30,000 worth of friends' money. Neiswanger is now in business in Kansas. The sheriff left to-day to arrest him and bring him back.

Free From Cholera.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The last of the steamer Alesia's Italian immigrants were landed here this morning, and the port is declared by the quarantine commissioners to be wholly free from any sign of cholera.

Another Advance in Coal.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The Retail Coal Dealers' exchange advanced prices fifty centsper ton all around except on broken coal. White is now $6.50 and twenty-five cents ton. The advance takes effect Monday.

Buckshot for Rioters.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—It is learned at the Horse Guards that the troops are being supplied with buckshot from Woolwich arsenal for use to-morrow, should such extreme measures be necessary.

The Dying Prince.

BERLIN, Nov. 19.—Private telegrams from San Remo say the crown prince's death is a matter of a few weeks, but strenuous efforts are making in the German press to keep the news away.

Accident to the Steamer Bristol.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 19.—The steamer Bristol had her bulwarks and windows stove in on the starboard side by collision with a schooner in the harbor yesterday morning.

Increased Rifle Manufacture.

BERLIN, Nov. 19.—One thousand additional workmen have been employed at the Imperial rifle factory at Spandau.

Weather Indications.

For Sunday, in New Jersey, eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, and in New England, partly cloudy to cloudy weather, with occasional flurries and brisk to south erly winds, followed by rain or snow.

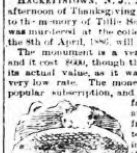
IN TILLIE SMITH'S HONOR.

THE MONUMENT TO BE ERECTED OVER HER GRAVE.

A Popular Tribute to the Memory of the Girl Who Died in Defense of Her Honor—To be Unveiled on Thanksgiving Day.

HACKETTSTOWN, N. J., Nov. 19.—On the afternoon of Thanksgiving Day a monument to the memory of Tillie Smith, the girl who was murdered at the cotton factory, on the 8th of April, 1886, will be unveiled here.

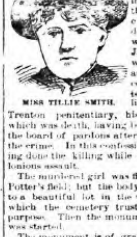
The monument is a very handsome one, and it cost $600, though this is much below the actual worth, having been furnished at a very low rate. The money was raised by popular subscription, and part of it came


MISS TILLIE SMITH.

from people living at a long distance from here, who took great interest in the crime and in the chain of circumstantial evidence which was brought to a close by James Titus, and which led to his arrest, trial and conviction. Titus is now serving a life sentence in the Trenton penitentiary, his first sentence, which was for thirty years, having been commuted by the board of pardons after he had confessed the crime. In this confession he denied having done the killing while committing a felonious assault.

The murdered girl was first buried in the Potter's field, but the body was transferred to a beautiful lot in the village cemetery, which the cemetery trustees gave for the purpose. Then the monument subscription was started.

The monument is of granite, and is nine feet high by four and a half in width, and it weighs over eight tons. The unveiling ex-



THE MONUMENT.

ercises will consist of singing, prayer by the Rev. John Lowery, of the Presbyterian church; secretary's report of monument committee, reading of resolutions, address by the Rev. G. H. Whitney, president of the Hackettstown Centenary Collegiate institute, where the girl was murdered; prayer by the Rev. Mr. Rinehart, of the Methodist church; singing and benediction.

The committee have extended invitations to the mayor and common council of the town, to the faculty and students at the institute, to the clergy and press of the town, to the firemen and various secret societies of the town, to Governor Abbett and Mr. Harris and to the surviving counsel of the defendant, Mr. Beasley, one of the counsel for the defense, having since committed suicide by drowning. There is a long list of members of the court and the jurors who convicted Titus have also been invited to be present.

Most Out on Bail.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Johann Most, the Anarchist leader, who was arrested Thursday for his incendiary speech last Saturday night, was arraigned before Judge Cowing in general sessions yesterday, and pleaded not guilty to the indictment against him. His trial was set down for Tuesday next, and he was released in $1,500 bail, which was given by Mrs. Ida Hoffman, a sympathizer with the Anarchist.

A London Fog.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Yesterday was the darkest that ever London has known in several years. All day long every lamp was lighted, and at noon it was perfectly black, like closed midnight. This was caused by a storm of fog 200 feet in height, which, shutting out the light as if so much soft leather.

Victims of Gasoline Doing Well.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19.—The fourteen men who were injured by a gasoline explosion on Third street, eight incidental well, and will leave the hospital in a few days.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS CONDENSED.

At Rochester yesterday the school superintendents of the following colleges: President, B. B. Snow, of Auburn; vice president, A. G. Slocum, of Corning; secretary and treasurer, E. N. Jones, of Saratoga Springs. Utica was decided upon as the place of holding the next annual convention.

There is a water famine at Fort Wayne, Ind.

Rhode Island state senators, have rejected the Bourn constitutional amendment bill, which called for a special election.

E. L. Moore, formerly proprietor of a bucket shop in Cleveland, O., was recently indicted for taking funds from Tolor Stanley, of the National Bank of Commerce, which were used in grain speculations. Stanley stole the money from the bank, but when the case came to trial he declared that Moore knew of the theft and deprived the county attorney of his principal witness. Moore was freely bailed, and in this way prices were steadily advanced. In the time when the bear market was at its lowest point, the advance for the day ranged from 1/8 to 3/4 per cent. There were some entirely destroyed by fire. Loss, $250,000.

Sheriff Matson, who executed the Chicago Anarchists, on Thursday narrowly escaped assassination in jail of which he is legal custodian for contempt of court.

Mrs. H. B. Fay tried to pose as the spirit of a gypsy girl in Boston on Thursday, but her performance fell flat, even when her mediumistic trickery was exposed.

"Blind" Patterson's position case is before the United States court in Auburn, N. Y., Judge Shandell, of Kinura, then opening for the defense, declared that several government witnesses had committed deliberate perjury.

Braman Bunsee men robbed Isaac Pitman of $3,000 on Wednesday, and the police are now trying to get the money back. Pitman is 83 years old, and was in bed when the robbers entered.

A Detroit steam tug owner shot the wife of his manager and then killed himself. He was jealous of the woman.

A warrant has been issued against Mr. Henry C. Wells, secretary of the New York club, at the instance of Col. Gebhard, on a charge of blackmail. The hearing will take place Monday.

POSTMASTER GENERAL DICKINSON.

What is Said of Him by a Paper with Which He is Connected.

DETROIT, Nov. 19.—Don M. Dickinson, who will soon succeed Mr. Vilas as postmaster general, is the legal adviser of The Detroit News, the leading evening paper in Michigan. Mr. Dickinson and the chief editor of The News, Michael J. Dee, are close friends, and the paper frequently gives to the public the first news of important political moves which could only be obtained from a member of the cabinet or from one in the chain of circumstantial evidence which was brought to a close by James Titus, and which led to his arrest, trial and conviction. Titus is now serving a life sentence in the Trenton penitentiary, his first sentence, which was for thirty years, having been commuted by the board of pardons after he had confessed the crime. In this confession he denied having done the killing while committing a felonious assault.

DON M. DICKINSON.

The murdered girl was first buried in the Potter's field, but the body was transferred to a beautiful lot in the village cemetery, which the cemetery trustees gave for the purpose. Then the monument subscription was started.

The monument is of granite, and is nine feet high by four and a half in width, and it weighs over eight tons. The unveiling ex-

THE MONUMENT.

ercises will consist of singing, prayer by the Rev. John Lowery, of the Presbyterian church; secretary's report of monument committee, reading of resolutions, address by the Rev. G. H. Whitney, president of the Hackettstown Centenary Collegiate institute, where the girl was murdered; prayer by the Rev. Mr. Rinehart, of the Methodist church; singing and benediction.

The committee have extended invitations to the mayor and common council of the town, to the faculty and students at the institute, to the clergy and press of the town, to the firemen and various secret societies of the town, to Governor Abbett and Mr. Harris and to the surviving counsel of the defendant, Mr. Beasley, one of the counsel for the defense, having since committed suicide by drowning. There is a long list of members of the court and the jurors who convicted Titus have also been invited to be present.

Most Out on Bail.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Johann Most, the Anarchist leader, who was arrested Thursday for his incendiary speech last Saturday night, was arraigned before Judge Cowing in general sessions yesterday, and pleaded not guilty to the indictment against him. His trial was set down for Tuesday next, and he was released in $1,500 bail, which was given by Mrs. Ida Hoffman, a sympathizer with the Anarchist.

A London Fog.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Yesterday was the darkest that ever London has known in several years. All day long every lamp was lighted, and at noon it was perfectly black, like closed midnight. This was caused by a storm of fog 200 feet in height, which, shutting out the light as if so much soft leather.

Victims of Gasoline Doing Well.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19.—The fourteen men who were injured by a gasoline explosion on Third street, eight incidental well, and will leave the hospital in a few days.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS CONDENSED.

At Rochester yesterday the school superintendents of the following colleges: President, B. B. Snow, of Auburn; vice president, A. G. Slocum, of Corning; secretary and treasurer, E. N. Jones, of Saratoga Springs. Utica was decided upon as the place of holding the next annual convention.

There is a water famine at Fort Wayne, Ind.

Rhode Island state senators, have rejected the Bourn constitutional amendment bill, which called for a special election.

E. L. Moore, formerly proprietor of a bucket shop in Cleveland, O., was recently indicted for taking funds from Tolor Stanley, of the National Bank of Commerce, which were used in grain speculations. Stanley stole the money from the bank, but when the case came to trial he declared that Moore knew of the theft and deprived the county attorney of his principal witness. Moore was freely bailed, and in this way prices were steadily advanced. In the time when the bear market was at its lowest point, the advance for the day ranged from 1/8 to 3/4 per cent. There were some entirely destroyed by fire. Loss, $250,000.

Sheriff Matson, who executed the Chicago Anarchists, on Thursday narrowly escaped assassination in jail of which he is legal custodian for contempt of court.

Mrs. H. B. Fay tried to pose as the spirit of a gypsy girl in Boston on Thursday, but her performance fell flat, even when her mediumistic trickery was exposed.

"Blind" Patterson's position case is before the United States court in Auburn, N. Y., Judge Shandell, of Kinura, then opening for the defense, declared that several government witnesses had committed deliberate perjury.

Braman Bunsee men robbed Isaac Pitman of $3,000 on Wednesday, and the police are now trying to get the money back. Pitman is 83 years old, and was in bed when the robbers entered.

A Detroit steam tug owner shot the wife of his manager and then killed himself. He was jealous of the woman.

A warrant has been issued against Mr. Henry C. Wells, secretary of the New York club, at the instance of Col. Gebhard, on a charge of blackmail. The hearing will take place Monday.

PHILADELPHIA'S MAYOR

HAS AN ENCOUNTER WITH AN IRATE TEAMSTER.

The Chief Official of the City of Brotherly Love Treated with Scant Courtesy by an Irishman—A Patriotic Citizen Prevents a Personal Encounter.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 19.—Mayor Edwin H. Fitler, of this city, was one of the principals in a scene on the corner of Fifth and Market streets yesterday which attracted a good deal of attention and afforded a topic of conversation for the day. His Honor the mayor was behind the car, it appeared to the mayor that he would be knocked over unless he did something to prevent it. So he raised his cane and motioned to the driver to stop and let him pass. The driver paid no attention to the action, and let his horses proceed. Thereupon the mayor raised his cane and struck in the nearest way four or five light blows on the head. The young Irishman on the box became indignant. His eyes flashed and as he jumped down and went for the city's chief magistrate. He made several gestures, the meaning of which could not be mistaken. Before he could strike a blow, however, a bystander rushed up and yelled in the driver's ear, "It's the mayor!"

"To —— with the mayor," was the reply. "What do I care if he is the mayor! I'll teach him a lesson that he'll not forget in a hurry."

The angry driver was arrested for violation of a city ordinance which provides that a wagon must be at least ten feet behind the car. The mayor was not desirous to press the charge, and the prisoner was discharged with a reprimand.

The Brotherhood Recognized.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Peace and goodwill again reign in the baseball world, and the league convention at the Fifth Avenue hotel came to an end yesterday. The changes in the rules, the percentage question and the threatened trouble with the players have all been pleasantly arranged. Yesterday's session was given over to framing a new contract which would be satisfactory to both players and managers. The brotherhood drew up a contract which it said the players would be willing to sign. After a few changes the contract was accepted by the league. Under the new rules a player cannot be sold to another club without his consent, and in case of his transfer he must receive at least the same salary he previously received. It is a decided victory for the brotherhood.

The Czar in Berlin.

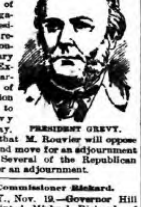
LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Times' Berlin correspondent's dispatch says that there was only moderate enthusiasm in Berlin yesterday on the arrival of the czar, and it was difficult to decide whether the cheering was for the czar or Prince William. The latter looked sad and careworn. The czarina and Princess William were more lustily cheered. The spectators were evidently more curious to see the Russian emperor than enthusiastic over his arrival. Prince Bismarck had an interview with the czar, which lasted an hour. The interview was held at the latter's request. The czar and the members of the Russian imperial company composing his party took their departure for St. Petersburg at 9:30 o'clock last evening.

Recommends Congressional Action.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Under the act of April 22, 1872, every volunteer, non-commissioned officer, private, musician and artificer who enlisted prior to July 31, 1861, under the presidential proclamation of May 3, 1861, and was actually mustered before Aug. 6, 1861, was entitled to $100 bounty, provided the rame had not already been paid. Through a series of constructions of the act and orders and decisions of department officers many persons believed to be justly entitled to the bounty have been and have been debarred therefrom. Second Auditor Day, in his annual report, issued yesterday, recommends that the attention of congress be called to the matter in order that justice may be done.

Grevy Will Not Resign.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—At a meeting of the Extreme Left members yesterday afternoon,


PRESIDENT GREVY.

the majority of whom are Republicans, it was decided on sending a delegation to ask President Grevy to resign. The plenary meeting of the Extreme Left to arrange the terms of an interpellation with reference to President Grevy will be held to-day. It is reported that M. Rouvier will oppose any discussion and move for an adjournment until Nov. 24. Several of the Republican groups will favor an adjournment.

Railroad Commissioner Rickard.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Governor Hill yesterday appointed Michael Rickard, of Utica, N. Y., railroad commissioner in place of John D. Kernan, deceased. Mr. Rickard is, and has been for over twenty years, an engineer on the New York Central and Hudson River railroad, and was urged for the appointment by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and other trade and labor organizations throughout the state. He was nominated by Governor Hill to the senate last winter, but his name was "hung up." His appointment at this time, being for an actual vacancy occurring during the recess of the senate, does not necessarily require the confirmation of that body.

Postal Money Orders.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Dr. McDonald, superintendent of the money bureau, postoffice department, in his annual report for the year ending June 30, 1887, states that the bureau was substantially self-sustaining during the year. The total amount of money sent by domestic and international money orders and by postal notes aggregated $126,267,016. Of this amount $13,000,000 was embraced in the international money order business. The increase during the year in the number of domestic money orders, compared with the preceding year, was about 16 per cent., in postal notes about 3 per cent., and in international money orders about 24 per cent.

Imprisoned for Agitation.

LIMERICK, Nov. 19.—Mr. Doughty, one of the English delegates appointed by the Hyde park meeting of working classes about one month ago to come to Ireland, and who was arrested Nov. 12 at Six Mile Bridge, County Clare, for delivering a speech and inciting to riot, was yesterday sentenced to one month's imprisonment in Limerick jail.

Strike of Bessemer Steel Workers.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 19.—The men in the Bessemer steel works in this city struck yesterday against a 10 per cent. reduction of pay, and the works are shut down. This is supposed to be the result of a determination on the part of Bessemer steel manufacturers throughout the country, and a general shut down on reduced wages in this industry is expected by Dec. 1.

PANIC ON SHIPBOARD.

A Schooner Crushes Into the Steamer Guyandotte.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The steamship Guyandotte, of the Old Dominion line, came into port last night in a badly battered condition. She had been in collision at sea, and her escape from destruction was something remarkable.

The Guyandotte left Norfolk, Va., at 9 p. m. on Thursday night, carrying the usual complement of passengers and a general cargo for this city. About 1 o'clock yesterday morning, when off the coast of Northampton county, Va., near Hog Island, a large schooner suddenly loomed up in the darkness, and despite the prompt and most energetic efforts to avoid a collision, the schooner crashed into the lower part of the Guyandotte. The steamer's upper iron plate was torn off for a length of twenty feet, and a large hole was stove in her side between decks. The upper railing and sides of several staterooms were also torn away, and the jibboom of the schooner unrooted a section of the upper berths.

The greatest excitement was among the passengers in the staterooms, but fortunately no one was injured. One of the passengers, however, was pinned to his bed by the falling partitions and debris, and only after the door of his stateroom had been broken in with axes and the superintendent nurse removed was he enabled to escape.

The schooner was uninjured.

East Haddam Excited.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Nov. 19.—The town of East Haddam is excited over a breach of promise suit which has been instituted here, and which is the most prominent business men. Ray is wealthy, handsome and young. The plaintiff is Miss Carter, of Niantic, and she has entered suit for $15,000 damages. Ray is said to have engaged to be married for some time, and Ray asserts that his relations with her have been eminently proper. The case will be tried in this city at the February term of the superior court, and both parties to the suit are so well known that the affair has engendered considerable feeling.

Caused by a Burning Trestle.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 19.—There has reached the city of a serious accident on the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern railway early yesterday morning. It occurred one mile and a half south of Guthrie, this side of Paducah and about 219 miles from this city. Engineer Ronan, of train No. 16, and an unknown brakeman were killed; Fireman Bond had his leg broken, and Conductor Campbell and Brakeman Hoyt were slightly injured. The train crashed through a burning trestle, and the two men who were killed had no chance to jump. Their bodies were dragged from beneath.

Boycotted by Merchants.

HARLETON, Pa., Nov. 18.—In accordance with an agreement made by the leaders of the Knights of Labor in Philadelphia several days ago, the local assemblies of the order throughout the lower anthracite region have instituted a boycott against the Lehigh Valley railroad company, Lehigh Coal and Navigation company, A. Pardee & Co., and Coxe Bros. & Co., the corporations and firms most actively interested in the decision of the supreme court of the state that all of the towns in the region have been asked to extend no patronage whatever to them, and the request is being generally acceded to.

The Chinamen Excluded.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—Among the law students who applied before the general term of the supreme court yesterday for admission to the bar was a Chinaman, a graduate of Yale college named Yan Yau Chang. All were admitted to the bar except him, though he passed the examination and produced a certificate from the legislature authorizing the court to admit him. Judge Van Brunt said the act was not compulsory, and as he did not consider Chang a citizen he declined to admit him. Judge Daly said it is understood, took a contrary view as to the scope of the Chinese exclusion act.

Record of Marine Disasters.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The annual report of Inspector General Dupont, of the steamboat inspection service, was made public yesterday. The service is composed of 147 persons. During the year 6,130 vessels were inspected and 27,988 officers licensed. During the year 86 steamers were destroyed, with the loss of 230 lives, compared to 158 lost during 1886. Of those lost 24 was 74 were passengers and 146 officers and employes of steamers. Of the 230 lives lost 150 were in excellent condition, and none of the disasters reported are attributable to neglect of inspectors.

The Boys' Ghastly Find.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 19.—Yesterday afternoon a party of boys, while playing in Tucker street, discovered the body of a woman in the cellar of an empty house. The head was nearly severed from the body, and the floor was covered with a pool of blood. It presented a most revolting appearance. The head was terribly disfigured, the nose being crushed flat and the cheeks torn, exposing the teeth and jaw bones. A colored man named "Hoot" Benson, who lives in Lodge alley, is under suspicion. The woman is Mrs. Martha Quinn. An inquest will be held to-day.

Chicago's Striking Printers.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—The striking job printers propose to settle their difficulty with the Typographical union last night it was resolved to settle the present strike on the basis of nine hours' pay for nine hours' work, Saturday's work to consist of eight hours' pay for eight hours' work, instead of fifty-six hours, at the rate of thirty-two cents an hour. In case these propositions are not accepted the printers will submit the question of a nine hour or a ten hour day to arbitration.

A Bomb That Didn't Go Off.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 19.—Last night one of the men in the counting room of The Columbus Press-Post found a suspicious looking parcelled under his foot. Upon picking it up he was astonished to find it to be a bomb. He immediately notified the police, who came to the office, and upon examining the plods it, but before the lighted fuse reached the plug the fire died out, and, it not being safe to attempt to move it, was brought to the police station, where it will be taken to pieces.

The Proposed Dependent Pension Bill.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 19.—It is given out from the National G. A. R. headquarters here that the vote of the Grand Army men of the country on the proposed dependent pension bill is nearly all in now, and practically unanimous in favor of the bill. It will be compiled by the G. A. R. pension committee of which Gen. George S. Merrill, of Lawrence, Mass., is chairman, and reported to Congress.

Flagged Guilty of Manslaughter.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Nov. 19.—Charles W. Whipple, who shot and killed Charles Adams, his wife's paramour, in June, 1886, pleaded guilty of manslaughter yesterday, and was sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

A remarkable accident recently occurred at Chapultepec. A young lady named Contreras was playing with a pistol, and shot her sister, representing the fatal emperor Casimilcone in torture, when the vessel containing the unfortunate lost and let it fall on his feet, producing horrible tortures similar to those inflicted on the tortured emperor.

A little to the southeast of the Garden of Gethsemane, between the two roads which lead southward, the emperor of Russia and his brothers have built a small but very beautiful and costly church as a memorial of their mother. It is decidedly Muscovite in style, embracing seven towers and terminating in onion shaped cupolas. It has also finished the structure will form a peculiar and striking feature in the scenery of the Kedron valley.

GASTRONOMICAL POINTERS.

Ten common sized eggs weigh one pound.

Four teaspoons are equal to one tablespoon.

Soft butter the size of an egg weighs one ounce.

One quart of sifted flour (well heaped) one pound.

One pint of coffee A sugar weighs twelve ounces.

Two teacups (well heaped) of coffee A weigh one pound.

One pint of best brown sugar weighs thirteen ounces.

Two tablespoons of powdered sugar or flour weigh one ounce.

One and one-third pints of powdered sugar weigh one pound.

Two teacups (level) of granulated sugar weigh one pound.

Two teacups of soft butter well packed weigh one pound.

One tablespoon (well rounded) of soft butter weighs one ounce.

One pint (heaped) of granulated sugar weighs fourteen ounces.

TO THE PUBLIC!

We wish to inform our customers and the public generally that we have moved the BEST QUALITY OF

LEHIGH COAL,

Fresh from the Mines

It is under cover and well protected from the weather. Also a full supply of Kindling Wood well seasoned and in good order promptly. Also a large stock of Lumber and Masons' Materials at short notice.

A. D. Cook and Bro.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

15 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD.

Try the Brunswick Hose, manufactured by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrill & Condit.

Isaac Brokaw,

REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

REDUCER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD.

Agent for the following first-class Companies, with whom risks can be placed at their respective places of registration, as designated below by the Common Council as polling-places, on

TUESDAY, NOV. 29, 1887,

beginning at 6 o'clock in the morning and remaining in session until 8 o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of voting and correcting the certified copy of the original register and add thereto the names of all persons entitled to the right of suffrage within the corporate limits at the ensuing charter election, to be held December 5th, 1887.

CHARTER ELECTION.

Public notice is hereby given that the annual municipal election in and for the City of Plainfield will be held on

TUESDAY, DEC. 6th, 1887,

For the purpose of voting for the following officers of said city: At large—Three Common Councilmen, one Assessor, one Collector, one City treasurer, two Chosen Freeholders, Prosecutor of the Pleas, Coroner and one member of Board of Education.

From each of the four wards—One member of the Common Council, one Constable, two Justices of the Peace, one Judge of election, two Inspectors of elections, and one Clerk of election.

INCREASED SCHOOL TAXATION.

Notice is hereby given that at the same time and place of holding the charter election, there will be submitted to the qualified voters of said city the following question, viz: Shall or disapproval, an Act entitled "An Act authorizing Boards of Education in cities to increase the amount of taxes for school purposes in certain cases," approved April 26, 1887.

Approval of said Act by voters shall be indicated on the ballot as follows: "For the approval of the Act authorizing Boards of Education in cities to increase the amount of taxes for school purposes in certain cases," approved April 26, 1887.

Disapproval of said Act by voters shall be indicated on the ballot as follows: "Against the approval of the Act authorizing Boards of Education in cities to increase the amount of taxes for school purposes in certain cases, approved April 26, 1887."

THE POLLING PLACES,

as designated by the Common Council of the city of Plainfield, are:

1st Ward, Vail's Real Estate office, North avenue.

2d Ward, The Crescent Hall, Grand Broadway.

3d Ward, Sharp's Carriage Factory, West Sixth street.

4th Ward, Laing's Hall, West Front street.

Polls open at 7 o'clock a. m. and close at 7 p. m. Intermission from 1 to 2 o'clock.

Done in accordance with the "Act to Regulate Elections," and in conformity with the City Charter.

By order of the Common Council

OLIVER B. LEONARD,
City Clerk.

Plainfield, N. J., November 17, 1887.

N. B. B.

is short for the fact that there are "Nothing But Bargains" in the fresh stock of New Goods in Silver and Gold at

Collier's, 3 Park Ave.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co.

Money Transferred by Telegraph

Parlor Room 3 W. 2d St., Plainfield. Manager.

RICHARD DAY,
(Successor to Frank Day.)
Livery Stable,
NORTH AVENUE, Opp Depot, Plainfield.
CARRIAGES TO MEET ALL TRAINS.
Family Riding a Specialty.

S. W. WAKEFIELD,
ENGINEER
AND PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.
Special attention given to the heating of dwellings and public buildings by steam, hot water and hot blast. Estimates furnished and contracts taken for all kinds of steam fitting. Repairing promptly attended to.
OFFICE
80 Somerset Street,
My Reference may be used.

JOHN JOHNSON,
Dealer in
Best Quality Coal.
Yard and Office, SOUTH AVENUE.
Orders by Mail Promptly Attended to
P. O. BOX 1467.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Stephen A. Fleming and John F. Angleman of Plainfield, N. J., under the firm of Fleming & Angleman, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by said Stephen A. Fleming and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment at No. 24 North avenue.

STEPHEN A. FLEMING.
JOHN F. ANGLEMAN.

Dated November 15th, 1887. 17-4w

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chan cery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J. 1 y

GOOD GIRLS For general housework, cooks, waitresses and chambermaids. Apply to Mrs. Ward's Intelligence office. No. 36 Washington street. 16-3

NEW BOARDING HOUSE And furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.
MRS. M. YARGER.

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP. Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Inquire of
J. H. Forster, Veterinary Surgeon,
72 East Fifth street,
Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WEST END
COAL YARD,
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.85 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties living in coal districts No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Free Works.

Corporation Notice.

REGISTRATION.

The Boards of Registry of the several wards of the City of Plainfield will be open at their respective places of registration, as designated below by the Common Council as polling-places, on

TUESDAY, DEC. 6th, 1887,

beginning at 6 o'clock in the morning and remaining in session until 8 o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of revising and correcting the certified copy of the original register and add thereto the names of all persons entitled to the right of suffrage within the corporate limits at the ensuing charter election, to be held December 5th, 1887.

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By order of the Common Council

OLIVER B. LEONARD,
City Clerk.

Plainfield, N. J., November 17, 1887.

Ranges & Stoves

with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of

House Furnishing Articles

Will be sold at the well known store on the corner of Front and Park streets. Special attention called to the Boorum range which cannot be excelled.
S. ANDERSON.

WE KEEP

two grades of Men's Waukenphast Shoes one at $2.50 and the other at $5.00, that cannot be beaten for the money.

Doane & VanArsdale

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Timely Flower Notes—An Attractive Sachet—Good Things for Thanksgiving.

The Persian cyclamens make fine house plants for winter, blooming from late fall till early spring. Their peculiarly shaped flowers and variety of coloring relieve the monotony of the average window collection. For this reason, as well as for their own merits, they should be more widely grown.

There is hardly a prettier or more satisfactory plant for the hanging basket than cyanis. Have it in pots in a sunny window and it blooms to perfection. It will not, however, do well without much sunlight.

How to Cook the Thanksgiving Bird.

The secret in having a good roast turkey is to baste it often and to cook it long. So says a housekeeper of authority on practical cooking as Mrs. Henderson is. A small turkey of seven or eight pounds is the best selection, if fat should be roasted or baked three hours at least. A very large turkey should not be cooked a minute less than four hours. If properly basted, it will not become dry.

First, then, after the turkey is dressed, washed well, sprinkled with salt and pepper on the inside, stuff it and tie it well in shape; either lard the top or lay slices of bacon over it, wet the skin and sprinkle it well with pepper, salt and flour. It is well to allow a turkey to remain some time stuffed before cooking. Pour a little boiling water into the bottom of the dripping pan. If it is to be roasted before a fire, place it near the coals at first, until it gets well heated through; then gradually draw it nearer.

The excellence of the turkey depends much upon basting, and this occasionally baste it with a little butter, afterwards with its own drippings. Just before taking it, on the pan to brown, sprinkle butter and sprinkle more flour; this will make the skin more crisp and brown. While the turkey is cooking boil the giblets well, chop them fine and mash the liver. When the turkey is done, put it on a hot platter. Put the baking pan on the fire, dredge in a little flour and when cooked stir in a little boiling water or stock; strain, skim off the fat, add the giblets and season with salt and pepper.

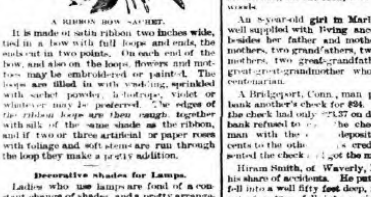
Mrs. Henderson adds that beside the gravy, cranberry sauce, currant or plum jelly should always be served with turkey.

Test of Kerosene Oil.

The following simple test of kerosene oil is worth the attention of families: said as to the safety of oil, and may be made by any one. Take an ordinary pint tin cup; fill it within an inch of the top with water warmed to the temperature of 120 degs. Fahrenheit; pour on this water three or four tablespoonfuls of the oil and water together, and wait a minute or two for the oil to collect on the top. Try the thermometer again, and if the temperature is more than one deg. from 120 degs. Fahrenheit add a little cold or hot water, as the case may be, so as to bring the temperature to within one deg. of 120 Fahrenheit. Then stir again and give time, as before, for the oil to come to the top. Now apply a burning match or a lighted taper on a level with the top of the cup, say within half an inch of the oil. If within one second no flash occurs the oil is reasonably safe, otherwise it is unsafe.

A Novel and Pretty Sachet.

Quite novel in the use of those pretty sachets of which a woman never has too many is one described by Dorcas and shown in the cut.



A RIBBON BOW SACHET.

It is made of satin ribbon two inches wide, tied in a bow with full loops and ends, the ends cut in two points. On each end of the bow, and also on the loops, flowers and meshes have been painted, or the natural flowers and leaves may be pressed and mounted. The loops are filled in with wadding, sprinkled with sachet powder, a lozenge, violet or whatever may be preferred. The edges of the ribbon loops are then caught together with silk of the same shade as the ribbon, and if two or three artificial or paper roses with foliage and soft tendrils are run through the loop they make a pretty addition.

Decorative Shades for Lamps.

The ladies who use lamps are fond of a constant change of shades, and a pretty arrangement can be contrived with ordinary square, thin silk handkerchiefs. Pale blue is a good color to use. Rose color is also pretty and so is a pale clear yellow. A circle the size of the top of the globe is traced in the center of the handkerchief. Then, closely around the circle, then outside the center, and button hole the edge all around. Trim the lower edge with a frill of the lace or a very narrow silk fringe. Many variations can be made in the style of trimming, etc., and a figured handkerchief may be used if preferred.

The Pie of the Season.

Pumpkin pie, the time honored dessert of the Thanksgiving dinner, may be nicely made as follows: Peel and slice a pumpkin or part of one; boil it in boiling water until it is tender enough to rub through a sieve with a potato masher; mix with an equal quantity of sugar and a quart of milk; flavor with spice and grated lemon rind, and bake in a deep earthen pie plate lined with pastry. The same recipe answers for squash pie.

A New Kind of Ambrosia.

Instead of the usual sliced oranges, pare and cut into small slices a thoroughly ripe pineapple. Put a layer of pineapple in a glass dish and sweeten it; add a layer of grated cocoanut and continue in alternation till the dish is full, having cocoanut for the last layer.

Angel cake or sponge served with this furnishes a delightful combination.

Table Furnishings.

The large oyster is seldom seen except in hotels, where it is usually put on in their original bottles, and olives, pickles and the like are placed about the table in small fancy dishes.

More attention than is usually bestowed might well be given to the breakfast table. Flowers or a flowering plant in the center give a fresh and dainty look.

Gilt Frames Brightened.

Gilded picture frames that are dull do not always need regilding. The use of brightening them up, recommended by good authority, is to apply a covering of damp fuller's earth, and when this is dry wash off with a sponge moistened in ox gall.

Keeping Bulbs Through Winter.

The principal point of keeping bulbs of gladiolus, hyacinth, tube rose, dahlias, lilies and the like, safely through the winter, is to be sure that they are dry when put away and are kept dry. Dampness will ruin them.

THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

For children there is nothing better than suffron tea for vanishing and fever.

A pint of mustard seed added to a barrel of cider will keep the liquid sweet for an indefinite time.

In case of a cut, smoke the wound with burned red flannel on which has been placed a small quantity of sugar, then tie up, after sprinkling with sulphur, and it will heal immediately.

Equal parts of ammonia and turpentine will take paint out of clothing, no matter how dry and hard it may be. Saturate the spot two or three times, then wash out in suds.

Peach stains may be removed by putting the article in boiling water before washing it. Iron rust stains have been removed from the stairs are set and canned afterwards be removed.

To clean bottles, put into them some kernels of corn and a tablespoonful of ashes; half fill with water and shake; after thoroughly shaking and rinsing you will find the bottles as good as new.

To cure warts take an Irish potato and cut a small piece off the end; rub on the wart two or three times a day, cutting a slide from the potato each time used. Very often one potato is sufficient for the cure.

To set the black in home colored woolen goods set it with salt; to set drab, soak the colored goods or wool over night in sweet milk, ring it out and dry, they rinse well through water, and the color will be as fast as it can be.

A tidy necessary to a closet without drawers, and which will be found a nice thing, is to make one or more bags to cover a nice dress, and then protect it from dust. These bags are made longer than the dress skirt and button on tip and have strong loops.

Candied fruit should always be kept in the dark to preserve its rich color and flavor. Tomatoes will often spoil in glass jars, becoming thin and watery simply from the action of the light, and preserves thus lose much of their richness and flavor. Try keeping all fruit in a covered chest or trunk in the cellar, if you have no inclosed cupboard there.

To clean black dress goods take an old black kid glove, cut into small pieces and let stand over night in a pint of soft water. In the morning add as much more warm water as will be needed, also a few drops of ammonia. Have the goods well brushed, then with a sponge wet them on the right side with the water and rub quite hard; smooth with the hand and hang out of doors in the shade; when nearly dry iron on the wrong side.

CURIOUS THINGS IN LIFE.

A society in Detroit of men sworn not to swear numbers nearly 1,000 persons, it is said.

A Georgia debating society discussed the question: "Did Zeke Slade's tobacco barn burn up or down?" It was decided that it did.

A colt, which has the head and paws of a bear, and is covered with a long, thick coat of hair, is a curiosity in St. John's parish, La. When walking the colt stands erect on its hind legs, like a bear.

In a Swiss museum there is a watch, only three-sixteenths of an inch in diameter, inserted in the top of a pencil case. Its little dial not only indicates hours, minutes and seconds, but also the days of the month.

The officers' quarters at Fort Riley, Kan., one of the oldest military posts, are said to be the abode of ghosts. Many mysterious tragedies have taken place at the fort, and evil fortune has attended nearly every officer who has been quartered there.

In Aberdeen, Ark., recently a number of persons were invited to a possum supper at a hotel. They went and partook heartily of the good cheer. Then appears that one of the possums was a cat and the banqueters are hunting for the cook, who has fled to the woods.

An 8-year-old girl in Marlboro, Conn., is well supplied with living ancestors, having, besides her father and mother, two grandmothers, two grandfathers, two great-grandmothers, two great-grandfathers, and one great-great-grandmother who is almost a centenarian.

A Bridgeport, Conn., man presented at a bank a check for $94. The maker of the check had only $73.37 on deposit, and the bank refused to cash the check. Then the man with the check deposited sixty-three cents to the credit, again presented the check and got the money.

Hiram Smith, of Waverly, Mich., has had his share of accidents. He put out one eye, fell into a well fifty feet deep, fell forty feet out of a tree, fell into a cistern and was nearly drowned, and, a short time ago, while engaged in blasting stumps, he was blown ten feet into the air, fracturing one of his feet.

The First National bank, of Tyler, boasts the youngest stockholder of any bank in America. This juvenile stockholder is baby Hellie Kone, of North Platte, Neb., and she owned her stock when she was forty-eight hours old. The little miss was named after the dead wife of a prominent citizen of Tyler, who proceeded to purchase for her a $100 paid up share, non-transferable for seventeen years.

MORSELS OF GASTRONOMY.

Venison steak, with or without currant jelly, is somewhat once again.

A funny man compares the price of eggs to a big fire, because both are going up.

Somebody says oysters are good to entertain a friend, good to eat yourself, good when you are hungry, good, moreover, when you are not.

A restaurant has been opened in London for the exclusive patronage of people who are afflicted with corpulency, the food being entirely anti-fat.

It is an open secret that at many cheap restaurants the roast beef is made out of horse, and that the steak is cut from the sides of old cows.

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It is an open secret that at many cheap restaurants the roast beef is made out of horse, and that the steaks are set and canned afterwards be served and classified on the bill of fare as "small birds."

"You may bring me," said the Boston girl, "a small portion of Celtic disturbance." "A which, is it?" said the waiter. "Irish stew, you stupid," answered she.

There are housekeepers who object a cauliflower for the same reason that they do cabbage, and that reason is that "when cooking "the smell of it goes all over the house."

This by an authority: Fish when fresh are hard when pressed by the fingers, the gills red and the eyes full. If the flesh is flabby and the eyes sunken the fish is not fit for the table.

The venerated and bogus epicure affects to love game that is almost foul in its gaminess. Whereas, if game is not fresh, it is unpalatable to him as to all sensible diners who know where to draw the line.

"When raw oysters are served on a table," said well remembered Professor Blot, "at which there are gentlemen only, some shallots, chopped fine and gently bruised in a coarse towel, are served with them on a separate dish. The taste of the shallot agrees very well with that of the oyster. Tarragon sauce may also be served."

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Brain Workers Hindered by Unsuitable Diet—The Burden of a Woman's Dress.

It has long been an accepted saying that "fish is good brain food," and that it would given has been that fish are richer in phosphorus than meats and other foods. Professor Atwater, however, tells in The Century that there is no more reason to expect abundance of phosphorus in fish and that, if such were the case, this would not establish the necessity for the nutrition of the brain. He explains the value of fish as food in the following statements, which are of great interest to persons engaged in mental work or living in malarious regions.

Physiologists are getting to tell us that one way in which brain work is hindered is by their dietary habits; as, for instance, overloading the digestive organs by taking too much food. Of the vice of over eating in vice which we Americans by no means monopolize is considerable part is the vice of fat eating. It is natural naturally and is due to the fertility of our soil, the abundance of food and the toothsomeness of food materials of the cereal nations, including the majority of brain workers this simply means charging the organism with the burden of getting rid of an excess of material.

Some kinds of fish are quite fat, but the flesh of the majority of our most common food fishes has little of fatty and oily matter. Fish are often reasonable to assume that people who do not have a great deal of muscular exercise may very advantageously substitute fish in place of a portion of the meat they have been accustomed to eat. Sir Henry Thompson urges "the value of fish to the brain worker" on the ground that it "contains in smaller proportion than meat those materials which are taken abundantly, demand much physical labor for their complete consumption, and which without this produce an unhealthy condition of the body more or less perceptible to the highly and active exercise of the functions of the brain.

Average Weight of Women's Clothing.

A lady of an inquiring turn of mind visited a fashionable dressmaker's establishment and weighed a number of dresses for the purpose of ascertaining the average burden of the clothing that modern ars accustomed to appear at ease. Jet trimmed dresses were found to weigh from thirty-four to forty-nine pounds. Plain walking dresses from twelve to nineteen pounds, and lighter dress a about ten pounds. Taking into view the disparity of strength between men and women, and the fact that male attire hangs almost wholly from the shoulders, the portion of our frame most capable of sustaining a heavy weight, the discoveries are suggestive. It is not surprising that many ladies require but little exertion to fatigue them.

Premature Wrinkles.

Wrinkles are attributed to the gradual shrinkage of the muscles under the skin. It is claimed that the right kind of exercise will prevent the shrinkage and the consequent coming of wrinkles and hollows. To fill out cheeks that begin to show signs of falling in an inventive genius recommends the following: Insert one finger of each hand between the cheeks and put the end between the teeth then then gently on it for several minutes, taking care not to raise the teeth from the finger. This, it is claimed, will fill out the shrunken cheek.

Sucking the Thumb.

How many mothers realize that when a baby is allowed to habitually suck its thumb it may result in the upper teeth protruding in a very ugly way, the two middle fingers are the baby's comfort, then the lower teeth are forced outward. It does not dawn upon the infant mind that this delight is not unalloyed, but surely the poor maid will blame you when she realizes what altered the shape of her mouth from a dainty rosebud into a deformity, for such it may become in extreme cases.

Household Practice.

For sore throat pepper some slices of ham fat, or fat bacon, and bind on the throat with a flannel cloth.

For a cold on the chest warm a flannel, wet it with turpentine, lay it on the chest and cover with another flannel or cloth.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE

Manners and Customs Practiced in Polite Society.

According to the social etiquette of New York the marriage ceremonies of a widow differ from the ordinary forms only in her not wearing a veil and orange blossoms. She may be married in white and have her maids at the altar if she pleases. This liberty has been given her only within a few years, and refined taste will determine her in these matters. On her wedding cards of invitation her maiden name is used as part of her proper name. This is but respect to her parents. At home cards the initials of her deceased husband when she laid aside her crape she uses her own Christian name. If she have sons or unmarried daughters at the time she becomes again a wife she prefixes the last name of her children to her now one on all ceremonious occasions in which they are interested in common with herself. This respect is due to them and etiquette permits, though it does not imperatively demand its adoption.

Of course the formalities that follow the marriage of a widow can seldom be arranged in the same manner as those of a younger bride. Circumstances must control the entertainment and no fixed forms can be arranged for them. A quiet taste and refined sentiments are the best regulators of these civilities.

A Much Abused Word.

The discrimination between the words "lady" and "female" in the original application of "lady" to women in general, must have arisen through the want of some appellation of gentility in those who possessed it was in doubt. But the abuse of the word lady and its constant application to every woman has made it so common that it is becoming a degraded term. When a saleswoman is "saleslady," for instance, the word loses its choiceness. Not that a woman who sells goods behind a counter may not be a lady. She undoubtedly is in most cases, but to tack the word on to her occupation is absurd. A continued extension of the appellations of gentility will give us washlady and milkgentleman, which will not seem so manifestly absurd if the abuse of the words is to go on much further unchecked.

Hints to the Diner Out.

Having accepted an invitation, be punctual.

Do not hesitate to take the last piece on a dish simply because it is the last.

Do not offer to pass to another a plate to which you have been helped. Retain what your host sends you.

Never manipulate with the knife and fork in the hand or hold them pointing upward when not in use.

ART NOTES.

Mr. Alfred Gilbert has nearly finished his model of the memorial to Lord Shaftesbury, which is to be placed in Piccadilly Circus, London.

The fund for the statue of the late Bastien Lepage at Damvilliers lacks $1,000, and admirers of the young painter in England have been asked to contribute.

The wealth has been recorded of Mr. George Sim, the Edinburgh auctioneer. His collection of Greek and Roman coins, more than 13,000 in number, is perhaps the finest in the world.

The remains of a great Roman building are being brought to light at Treves, in consequence of Fischen, on the Ammersee, in Bavaria. Already a frontage of 120 feet with eight separate rooms has been cleared and a cellar has been discovered.

Recent discoveries at Pompeii include a number of wax tablets, the wax on one sufficiently firm to permit the reading of the inscribed letters. It is a contract of sale for certain boys. Silver plates, vases, and a statuette of a bearded Jupiter were also found.

The late E. R. Sill, who was a charming poet as well as teacher, who did excellent service in the university at San Francisco, will have his portrait hung in the library of that institution. It is by William Keith, a personal friend, being an order from California admirers of the deceased.

Semi-a-Week Column.

A GERMAN, lately landed, wants employment. is strong, steady, temperate and industrious. Can drive a team, and make himself generally useful. Address Achilles Herring, P. O. Box 187, care of George F. Oydyke. 17-3

A TEMPERATE, steady young German, with the very best Plainfield references, wants a situation. Is a good coachman, driver, store hand, and useful generally. Address, Edward Ackerman, care of George F. Oydyke, P. O. Box 187. 17-3

A LADY cashier wanted in Plainfield. Address P. O. Box 142. 17-tf*

A YOUNG MAN writing a fair hand would like work for two hours in the evening at book-keeping or miscellaneous writing. Address P. O. Box, 535. 12-6

A LARGE desirable dwelling on Grove street, near the First Baptist church, to-let; suitable as a first-class boarding house. Rent low. All improvements. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, No. 35 and 37, opposite station. 10-3t-tf

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 31 Carleton avenue. 11-15d, 12-31

DWELLING HOUSE to rent. Twelve minutes walk from Pond Tool works. Suitable for Boarding house. Rent moderate. E. C. Mulford, agent. 5-3-tf*

EIGHT room house to let on Fourth street, first house east of Dunellen avenue. Enquire of A. M. Vail, 22 Peace street. 19-3

FOUND—Pocketbook. Owner can have same by proving property. Address P. O. Box 54.

FOR SALE—A light easy phaeton. The property of Dr. Smith. Enquire of Jenkins M. D., 62 East Front street. 10-31-tf

FOR SALE at a bargain, a desirable building lot on Eighth street, near Dr. Runkle's fine property. Size of lot 97 1-2 front by about 250 feet deep. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, 35 and 37 opposite station. 11-3 tf*

LOST—Red setter dog. White spot on L head. Finder will be rewarded by returning to 50 Washington avenue. 19-2

TRY the O. A. F. cigar made from the finest Havana filler without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best five cent cigar in the world. 19-6*

WANTED—Young man, good references, with knowledge of business, to take charge of horses, mule and work in bread shop. Enquire, Jacob A. Suydam, near Potter's Press Works. 19-4t*

WANTED—A woman to do general housework. Would take one with a child. Enquire of Aldrich, Park avenue, Fanwood. 19-3

WANTED—To purchase a horse; good size, gentle and sound; will want it on trial; price must be low. P. O. Box 1508.

WANTED—Four nice rooms for light housekeeping near to town, moderate terms. P. O. Box 1576. 18-3w

WANTED—Experienced sales lady in dry goods store. Address Box 886, City. 11-16-tf*

WANTED—A chambermaid and wait rest. Apply to Mrs. Haviland, Rock view avenue. 11-16-tf*

ATTENTION

Those seeking investments or speculation. The

FINEST BUILDING PROPERTY

in this section of the county now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit. This property is located near the Grant Ave. depot, Plainfield, N. J., and is in close proximity to the

POND TOOL MANUFACTORY

and the

POTTER PRESS WORKS.

It is situated in the

Healthiest,

most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. To those desiring to procure homes, or young men wishing to make small investments this opportunity is especially inviting. Builders or contractors would also find it advantageous to procure prices before looking elsewhere.

For particulars, inquire of Wm. C. Kelly, No. 36 Park avenue or Dr. Fritts, Park avenue. Map of property can be seen at Dr. Fritts, office.

HENRY HANCHETT,

(Successor to Hanchett & Sparks)

GROCERS,

CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY

Are serving their patrons as usual with the best goods that money will buy and at the lowest living rates. Call and see for yourself.

Professional Cards.

DR. F. E. HENDRICKSON, DENTIST, Successor to Dr. E. W. Anderson; office, No. 13 North Front street. Gas administered.

B. POSGATE, ARCHITECT, 21 North avenue, opposite depot, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES H. SMITH, ARCHITECT, No. 189 Broadway, New York, rooms 8 and 9. Residence, Plainfield, N. J. Personal attention given to buildings in this section. Telephone Call 71.

CRAIG A. MARSH, Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

DR. CHAS. E. THEURS, DENTIST, 124 North Front street, offers his local anesthetic application for extracting teeth without pain. Gold filling a specialty.

ECLECTIC BATHS.

Dr. Griffen is prepared to treat all nervous diseases, uterine complaint, skin disease, asthma, Catarrh, rheumatism, dyspepsia, constipation and chronic diseases generally, by electricity and electric baths. Consultation free. Lady attendant for the ladies. 64 East Second street, corner of Washington street.

F. A. DUNHAM,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue, Civil Engineering in all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second st.

J. H. FERSTER,

Veterinary Surgeon. "Office in Laing's old stand, corner of Main street and Madison avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Day and night calls promptly attended. Telephone Call No. 18. Sound horses for sale. Only educated horse animals. Residence 73 East Fifth street.

O. TEALE,

Architect, 257 Broadway, New York city, rooms 28 and 31. "Importers and Traders' Bank Building. Residence Plainfield, N. J.

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.

Successor to Dr. E. W. South, 56 Front st near Second street, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

SATIN-LINED OVERCOATS

and a large variety of Men and Boys Suits at astonishing low prices.

WERNER'S

MAMMOTH ONE PRICE

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

AT THE

CITY

PHARMACY

21 W. Front street.

May be found careful dispensers, who compound Physicians prescriptions with the utmost care. All prescriptions are checked so that accuracy may be insured. Only the best grades of preparations are used in our prescription Department.

The City Pharmacy is now the place to select

Choice Perfumes

and Toilet Requisites. We have Vichy and and Carbonic Acid Water in our new latest style siphons.

The City Pharmacy will be open Sundays for COMPOUNDING DRUGS and the SALE OF MEDICINES

ONLY

Hours 9. a. m. to 1 p. m. and 4 to 9 p. m.

FIELD & RANDOLPH

PROPRIETORS.

Telephone Call 109.

AT THE

WHITE FRONT

you can find just what you need for

Fall and Winter Wear

Our stock of Dress Goods have been selected with the greatest care, special attention being paid to the quality and styles, while our prices will be as they have in the past, the lowest. In Ladies, Gents' and Children's Underwear we can supply every size and quality both in red and white. Blankets and comfortables we never sold as low as we are selling them this season. A good blanket for $1 and an extra heavy wool one for $1.50. You will find our price in dress trimmings, ribbons, laces, hosiery, yarns, wool, in fact, on all our stock of notions and fancy goods, are away down. Come and see us and examine our goods and prices and you will be satisfied that White's is the best place to buy your goods.

J. E. White & Son,

of the WHITE FRONT.

FORD & STILES,

Funeral Directors,

and Practical Embalmers.

Office, Warerooms and residence No. 21 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call 46.

Educational.

MISS MEYER'S

English and French School for young ladies and children will reopen on Oct. 1. Application for terms, etc., may be made at the residence of Mrs. Dr. Stewart, 9 East Second street. 9 13 2m

MISS NETTIE MATHISON,

Teacher of Piano and Organ, receives either at her own or at pupils' residence. Liberal terms to classes. Residence, 21 N. Clinton street.

EDUCATION.

Instruction in English, class or private. Call or address Miss Ansorge, P. O. Box 1495.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's, School for Girls, will reopen at their residence, corner of Washington street. For particulars address P. O. Box 885, Plainfield.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,

125 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS.

CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

THE STOCK OF

Merino Underwear

for MEN WOMEN and CHILDREN,

in White, Scarlet and Grey,

AT EDSALL'S,

No 20 West Front street,

is the largest and most complete ever offered for this house. Gentlemen will have the best of vests; the best 25c vest; the best 37 vest; the best $1 suit and the best $1.25 Jersey Ribbed Vests. The Best 50c Shirts and Drawers.

The	25c	
"	37	"
"	50	"
"	1.00	"
"	2.00	"
"	2.50	"

"The lady I met mentioned are the celebrated Nazarett Wool."

You can surely get suited here in this line of goods. Remember, we are now showing the largest assortment of handsome new

CARPETS

ART SQUARES, RUGS, OIL CLOTHS, etc.

ever shown in this part of the State and at the lowest prices.

Jimerson & Coyne,

have opened a store at

16 East Front St.

where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as first-class

Merchant Tailors,

to examine their fine line of samples, which they make up to order, at prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

PARK HOUSE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J

Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements may be made for parties desiring board, and in stormy weather to be transferred to and from the House. Terms reasonable.

EVAN JONES,

PROPRIETOR.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

BUILDER

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE,

P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N. J.

Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 20 years experience.

PARK AVENUE

PAINT STORE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Window Glass

Paints, White Lead, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes Wall Paper, etc.

E. M. ADAMS,

102 PARK AVENUE

TRY

B. T. BARNES'

BROADWAY

Molasses Candy,

FLAXSEED and LEMON COUGH DROPS,

BOSTON CHIPS ETC.,

We make all our candies. Opposite Post Office.

FIRST-CLASS NICKLE

ALARM CLOCKS

$1.25.

Best Clock Nickel Time Clocks, 30 hours.

AT COLLIER'S,

2 PARK AVENUE.

Established 19 years. Repairing on Fine Clocks, Fine Jewelry and all varieties a specialty

CENTRAL R. R

OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Time-table in effect N v. 21, 1887.

TRAINS LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

For New York, 6.37, 6.45, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 7.35, 8.05, 8.10, 8.40, 8.47, 10.37, 11.07 11.46, a. m., 12.05, 12.37, 1.07, 1.37, 2.07, 2.37, 3.07, 3.37, 4.07, 4.37, 5.07, 5.37, 6.07, 6.37, 7.07, 7.37, 8.07, 8.37, 9.07, 9.37, 10.07, 10.37, 11.37, 12.07 night. Sunday 6.37, 8.01, 8.37, 10.32, 11.35, a. m., 12.05, 1.07, 1.37, 2.37, 3.37, 4.37, 5.37, 6.37, 7.37, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37, 12.07 night.

For Somerville, 6.37, 8.30, 9.00, 11.35 a. m., 2.37, 5.37, 6.37, 8.37, 10.37 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 10.37 p. m.

For Bound Brook, 6.37, 8.30, 9.00, 11.35 a. m., 2.37, 5.37, 6.37, 8.37, 10.37 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 10.37 p. m.

For Bridgewater, 6.37, 8.30, 9.00, 11.35 a. m., 2.37, 5.37, 6.37, 8.37, 10.37 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 10.37 p. m.

For Dunellen, 6.37, 8.30, 9.00, 11.35 a. m., 2.37, 5.37, 6.37, 8.37, 10.37 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 10.37 p. m.

For Bonnie Brae, 6.37, 8.30, 9.00, 11.35 a. m., 2.37, 5.37, 6.37, 8.37, 10.37 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 10.37 p. m.

For Metuchen, 6.37, 8.30, 9.00, 11.35 a. m., 2.37, 5.37, 6.37, 8.37, 10.37 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 10.37 p. m.

For Perth Amboy, 6.37, 8.30, 9.00, 11.35 a. m., 2.37, 5.37, 6.37, 8.37, 10.37 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 10.37 p. m.

For Woodbridge, 6.37, 8.30, 9.00, 11.35 a. m., 2.37, 5.37, 6.37, 8.37, 10.37 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 10.37 p. m.

For Rahway, 6.37, 8.30, 9.00, 11.35 a. m., 2.37, 5.37, 6.37, 8.37, 10.37 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 10.37 p. m.

For Elizabeth, 6.37, 8.30, 9.00, 11.35 a. m., 2.37, 5.37, 6.37, 8.37, 10.37 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 10.37 p. m.

For Newark, 6.37, 8.30, 9.00, 11.35 a. m., 2.37, 5.37, 6.37, 8.37, 10.37 p. m. Sunday 8.37, 10.37 p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.30, 6.59, 7.29, 7.55, 8.40, 9.32, 10.27, 11.08, 11.41 a. m., 12.25, 1.03, 1.35, 2.07, 2.35, 3.25, 4.05, 4.35, 5.03, 5.31, 6.05, 6.30, 6.58, 7.25, 8.05, 8.17, 9.35, 10.4 p. m., 12.45 night. Sunday at 8.10, 10.14 a. m., 1.37, 2.30, 6.16, 7.26, 9.30 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.05, 10.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.05, 1.40, 2.25, 3.05, 3.55, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 6.05, 6.30, 7.10, 7.35, 8.30, 9.20, 10.15 p. m., 12.30, 3.45, 4.10, 5.35, 8.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.15, 8.05, 9.31 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 8.10, 9.40, 11.40 p. m., 12.45 night. Sunday at 8.10 a. m., 6.40 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.05, 8.07 a. m., 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 4.40, 5.40, 6.40, 7.40, 9.10, 10.40 p. m. Sunday at 7.15 a. m., 7.40 p. m.

Westward Connections.

8.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Manch Chunk, connecting at Bridge for Schooley's Mountain. Sundays for Easton.

7.14 a. m.—For Flemington.

9.31 a. m.—For Easton, Wm. Gap, Manch Chunk.

9.31 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Lebanon, Hampton, Phillipsburg, Easton, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Hazleton, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre branches, etc.

2.42 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

4.34 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre branches, etc. Sunday except Ocean Grove 5.57 a. m.

5.05, 5.16 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge branch, Schooley's Mountain, Hampton, etc.

8.05 p. m.—For Flemington.

8.39 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 8.37, 8.00, 11.04 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.5 p. m. Sunday except Ocean Grove 8.57 a. m.

Leave Elizabeth at 8.37, 8.42, 8.0, 11.08 11.49, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.5, 8.05 p. m. Sunday 8.57 a. m.

Leave Trenton at 3.37, 5.45, 8.0, 11.0, a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.05 p. m. Sunday, 8.57 a. m.

RETURNING.

Leave Philadelphia, Ninth and Green Streets, at 7.30, 9.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.15 3.45, 8.15, 6.

LINGG'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY.

WRITTEN IN HIS CELL SHORTLY BEFORE THE SUICIDE.

His Boyhood's Home in the Fatherland. Why He Hated Society—Travels in Europe—His Religious Belief—A Tale of Youthful Love.

CHICAGO, Nov. 19.—Louis Lingg's life history, as written by himself in his cell in this city just before he committed suicide, has been given to the world to-day. It is in his own words, and gives a picture of a spoiled boyhood, an unhappy youth and an embittered manhood. The following is a synopsis of the story:

"I beheld the light of the world on the 9th day of September, 1864, in Mannheim, grand duchy of Baden. At the age of 5 years I visited school, first, the so-called city or elementary school, and, later, after the reorganization of the school system, at the times of the unison of Germany, following the Franco-German war, the mixed public school.

"Being cared for sufficiently by my parents, my early youth was a happy one, indeed, until a fatal accident when befell my father brought about such a change in our situation that not very seldom want and hunger were questions in our family, and only the unsparing efforts of my mother prevented their visits from becoming daily ones.

"Very often mother reproached me because I had chosen the carpenter trade for the occupation of my life. She had hoped that I might secure a situation as copyist in some office, which would have had the advantage of enabling me to earn a little money from the beginning. But I stuck to my choice for various reasons. I deemed the knowledge of a distinct trade the best for me, because I was opposed to being dependent on one master, and especially because I had a desire to travel and see the world. So my mother at last renounced her objections, and yielded to my desire with the words: 'A man's will is his heaven.' After I had served my apprenticeship I took up the wanderer's staff in order that I might see the world, and to perfect the knowledge of my trade among other surroundings and deal with other people.

"I first worked a short time in Strasbourg, Province Alsace, and then in Freiburg, Baden, at which place I joined the Workingmen's Educational society, which organization was the remnants of the German National Workingmen's union, founded by the noted Socialist agitator, Lassalle, in the year 1863.

"After detailing his experiences in different parts of Europe, none of which escape his unsparing condemnation, he set sail for America, and thus describes his arrival in a country that was to witness the terrible end to which his strange and restless life was to come:

"On a beautiful morning in the middle of July, 1885, I landed in New York and from there came directly to Chicago. In order to procure employment I traveled the buildings being constructed, and sought a position as carpenter, and immediately joined the International Carpenters' and Joiners' union. When I put in my appearance at the place of action, next morning my employer was quite astonished because I had not took. Nevertheless, I started to work. He loaned me the tools for the necessary tools on condition that he should abstract seventy-five cents every day from my wages. Although this seemed to be a very big price for the use of an axe and a saw, which were thought tools I needed for my work, I was bound to accept these terms, and when after some time my job was finished and I old-hearted, I was allowed to keep these two articles.

"My union had elected me as delegate to the Central Labor union by this time, and being tired of my inveterate idleness, I devoted my leisure time to agitation for that body. It had long been my opinion that in the present state of society the working classes could make no gain in the direction of improving their condition by means and ways of trades unions, but, nevertheless, I participated in the organization of the latter, because I knew that the workingmen from their past and coming experiences and disappointments would soon become revolutionists. It was for the same reason that I accepted the position of organizer of the 'International Carpenters' and Joiners' union,' and I am proud to say that this union possesses more strength now—in spite of the general reaction of the trades union movement—than was the case at the time of its entrance into the eight hour movement; which circumstance is the result of the recognition by the members that trades unionism is only the means to further the design and that object I'd endeavor.

"The part I took in the organization of workingmen, and the fact that I held the opinion that the forces by which the workers are kept in subjugation must be retaliated by force, was sufficient for the guardians of this system of exploitation—Grey, Grinnell & Co.—to deem me a dangerous enemy to society, and one that ought to hang.

"At present I am imprisoned behind iron bars, and can for centuries reflect on this 'land of the free and the home of the brave.' Fortunately, those who still believe this land to be 'free' are utter fools or knaves. It is my conviction that every intelligent and upright man will admit that the United States of America are nowadays simply and purely the land of capitalistic tyranny and the home of the most brutal police despotism.

"To waste words as regards our trial would be to carry water to the sea, so manifest were the machinations of Grinnell and his tools, to every person not blinded by prejudice and hatred against us. As regards my alleged 'moral guilt,' which the gallery proclaimed in obedience to the wishes of the money aristocracy, I will here ask the reader two questions: If the police had not unlawfully attacked the people at the Haymarket, would the bomb have been thrown? If the police were not justified in violating the rights of free assemblage, been would the unknown have had less desire and less fright to throw the missile had I never existed?

"Two factors in my history may be missing here; that relating to my boy love, and that which may shed light on my religious or non-religious views. Those who know best of my career, faithful Switzerland, have often guessed the motive of my frequent visits from Zurich to Bern. No doubt they were right in concluding that a daughter of the Black Eve was in question.

"There are many perhaps who may be curious to learn something of my nonreligious convictions. Well, the population of my native city was to a great extent liberal. Not only this, but Elisabethan was during the period of my school years nursed by the government, because of the 'Kulturkampf.' So I can thank luck that our schoolmasters inculcated substantial knowledge, instead of beliefs in something about which nobody knew anything and united learning could explain nothing. Accordingly, though used to deplore the fact that taught no hour prevailed, I rejoiced in the conviction that penalties and taxes on thought had ceased. I availed myself of the situation and was naturally a freethinker, a domain in which greater men than I have trod, and still greater than they will continue to walk."

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE 35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE

(in Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen to that end.

MADE AT ONCE

may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without defacing ceilings and walls and in most cases existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments or the latter

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Doughnut B A. Klam

Election Day being over this is the proper time for all Republicans, Democrats, Prohibitionists and those without politics to ask their druggist or grocer for a

FREE SAMPLE

OF

Carl Kaerth's Nerve Food Tonic, for nervous and blood disorder and dyspepsia.

Our Specialties

Men's All-Wool Flannel-Lined Overcoats $5 worth $10. Men's blue, black and brown Daisy Dress Ovecoats $10. Imported Kersey and Montagnac Overcoats and Surtouts, satin-lined $15, worth $25. Imported Flockeneusc the best made, $20. They are worth $35. Immense line of other goods at half-price.

SCHWED BROS.

7 East Front street.

Door Numbers,

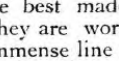
DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS

at

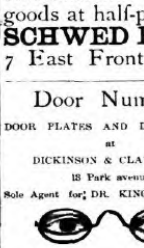
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,

13 Park avenue.

Sole Agent for DR. KING'S Spectacles



Mc DONOUGH & MARTIN,
Horseshoers, 20 Somerset Street.



All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated never-slip screw-calks shoes, will please leave their orders for same at our shop before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to supply the large demand which these celebrated shoes have. Parties desiring to use these will please bring their horse to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

THE

People's Market,

NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats, Groceries, Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, place the same with thereof, of Mr. B. R. Bachman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL SCIENTIFIC

AND SANITARY PLUMBER.

Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also one as a member of that body of practical plumbers, I am prepared to do plumbing in any residence in Plainfield, North Avenue Plainfield N. J. 3-17

I have opened the grocery for the sale of groceries only, at the store on Somerset street, formerly occupied by Mr. Hoagland, and recently conducted by the owner of grain found in the potato. It allows the rays of light to enter the eye with the least possible resistance.

AT DOANE'S,

Formerly Clare's, No. 9, Park Avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have adde

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further

until you have visited my store and inspected MY

Ladies $2 SHOE

either in common sense or opera toe style.

They are Beauties.

I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.

J. J. KENNEY.

No. 20 NORTH AVENUE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

STOVES,

Heaters, Ranges and Weatherstrips,

PLUMBING, TINNING, HARDWARE.

13 E. Front street.

Telephone Call 6.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD

P. O. BOX 930.

CHEAP BOOKS.

We have a large line of popular books in nice cloth binding, good paper and good print at only 39 cents each. These include Emerson's Essays, Carlyle's Sartor Resartus, Adam Bede, Guy Mannering, etc., etc. Also many books for children at 15, 20, 25, 30 cents and upward.

A. W. RAND,

24 W. Front street.

Central Market

GEO. A. MOORE,

(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

know the rose proprietor of the old established market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt

MEATS

fish of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance.

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Franklin Place.

DEALER IN

Blue Stone Flagging.

P. O. Box 938

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mrs. Lindsays,
Intelligence Office.
No. 92 West Front street.
Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Out Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone,
60, 70 & 80 Cents,
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser.
Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-28-1y

Kindling Wood.
12 Barrels for $2,
at Mrs. Demens's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Cooper's, Front and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 88, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,
Practical Watchmaker
and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 62 Somerset Street,
Grocer and Seedsman.
Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine sugars. Teas, Coffees, etc., always on hand. Super vinegar 45 cents gal. fruit jars, jelly cans. White Granite, Yellow Ware, Spoons, Earthen and Glassware, Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Almanacs.

Robert Randolph,
Kalsominer
No. 13 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and whitewashed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets
Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,
(From Paris, successor to Jules Boutes.)
Ladies' Hair Dresser,
Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, tonics and powders. Manicuring and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 East Front street.

Thomas Kenna,
Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road, dealer in all kinds of
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,
78 Somerset street,
Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No 14.

Ten Eyck's
Meat Market,
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,
Driven Wells,
Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident that any work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 93 E Front.

T. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 12 1-2 West Front street.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

BLANK BOOKS,

MEMORANDUM BLOCKS,

Tablets, Writing and Drawing Books,

LANGUAGE LESSONS.

Lead Pencils, etc., at low prices. Also full line of

Pure Confectionery

the largest assortment sold in town.

R. C. FISHER'S,

24 West Fourth street, opp. Public School

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN.

24 NORTH AVENUE.

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of all kinds of FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

Special attention given to

POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FISH.

Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete as near as possible with

NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.

We solicit a call that we may convince that we DO SELL

CHEAPER

than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at

A. VANDERBEEK, 32 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

To the Ladies.

Look at our all wool striped Flannel Skirts, made and unmade. A full line of Newmarkets, Jackets and Cloaks for Ladies, Misses and Children, AT POPE'S.

WALL PAPERS.

G. F. & C. E. Brown

WALL PAPER.

WINDOW SHADES,

INTERIOR DECORATIONS

82 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

CAREY

FURNITURE EXPRESS

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.

Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.

45 WEST FRONT STREET.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle

28 NORTH AVENUE,

Painters and Paper Hangers.

WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS SUPPLIES Brushes, etc,

INSURANCE

Wm. A. Woodruff,

Represents the following first-class insurance companies:

Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Hartford Fire of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen of England; The Merchants of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at best rates, has

MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security and has bargains in

REAL ESTATE

Office Berry's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor E. Second St.

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 27 WEST FRONT

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR

HATS, SHIRTS & TRUNKS

at

U. B. Crane's

Hat Store,

12 PARK AVE. Next to Walker's Bakery.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

at New York Prices, Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting

CHINA,

GLASS,

LAMPS,

Latest Novelties in ROYAL WORCESTER and CAULSBAD WARE.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH

DINNER SETS.

GAVETT'S

15 E. Front street.

1y-1-8m

L. HEYNIGER,

93, 95 and 97 Somerset street.

Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED,

BALED HAY, etc.,

WOODENWARE

etc., at LESS than New York Prices.

TELEPHONE CALL 118.

Branch Store No. 9 North avenue.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.

ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Blue Stone Flagging,

SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS.

CURBING AND CROSSWALKS.

Sixteen Years' Experience.

M. POWERS,

Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue

P. O. BOX 1207.

We also supply all orders for kindling wood as formerly, direct from the factory.

Builders' Cards

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 932.

BUILDER.

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter & Builder

OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.

Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder,

JOBBING

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

P. O. Box 260.

Front street between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,

Establisher and

Carpenter & Builder,

38 EAST THIRD STREET.

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

PEARSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 1481.

W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street.
H. E. Gayle No. 34 East Second street.
All Work Promptly Attended to.

R. A. Ross,

3 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Saums,

Car enter and Builder,

Sevidence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bound P. O. Box, 1288. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Residence, Bvons, P. O. Box 389.

arpenter and Builder,

2 years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Madison avenue and Third street,

Mouldin. s, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 818.

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For Sale and To Let

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Desirable Bargains in

BUILDING LOTS

FIRE INSURANCE.

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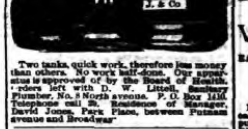

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OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

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ACCIDENT INSURANCE

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3. For loss of two feet..... 10,000
4. For loss of one hand and one foot 10,000
5. For loss of both eyes..... 10,000
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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1887 — Price Two Cents.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 45.

Republican Primaries.

The Republican election of the city of Plainfield will be held in the Republican wards on Monday evening November 28th, at eight o'clock for the purpose of electing delegates to the City Republican Convention, to be held at the Republican Association rooms on East Front street, on Tuesday evening, November 29, at eight o'clock to nominate three councilmen-at-large, one city assessor, one collector, one treasurer two chosen freeholders, two commissioners of appeals and one school trustee. Each ward is entitled to the following number of delegates:

1st Ward 7 delegates and will meet at Republican Association Rooms; 2d Ward 9 delegates and will meet at Bryant School building, East 6th street; 3d Ward 7 delegates and will meet at the ark house; 4th Ward 8 delegates and will meet at Laing's Hall.

Each ward at said primary will nominate the following candidates for ward officers. One councilman, two justices of the peace, one constable, one judge of election, one inspector of election, one clerk of election, also three persons as members of the City Executive committee.

By order of the City Executive Committee,

C. M. GODDARD, Chairman
J. B. COWARD, Sec'y.

Nov 14, 1887.

JOTTINGS.

—The improvements on Eight street grow daily.

—Republican primaries one week from tonight.

—Union services will be held in the M. E. Church, Thanksgiving day.

—Don't forget the Emerald Ball at the Crescent, Thanksgiving Eve.

—Rev. J. L. Hurlbut will be the speaker at Reform Hall next Thursday evening.

—The changes in the time table of the Central Railroad went into effect yesterday.

—On Thanksgiving Day services will be held in St. Mary's church at eight o'clock a. m.

—The Commissioners of Appeal in cases of taxation will hear complaints for unequal taxation to-morrow afternoon.

—The New Jersey Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church will be held at Camden, March 14, Bishop Foss presiding.

—The Young People's Association of the First Baptist church will hold a sociable at the residence of George F. Brown on Grove street this evening.

—The Cornet Band is in receipt of an invitation from the Rahway Cornet Band to go to that city on the 5th inst. and participate in a grand reception.

—Miss Jessie Couthoui, who made so favorable an impression in Stillman Music Hall last spring, is to give another reading here, which will be duly advertised.

—There were 221 failures in the United States last week against 203 the previous week and 227 a year ago. The total this year to date is 9,351 against 8,963 in 1886 and 9,912 in 1885.

—Herrmann, the world-renowned magician at Stillman Music Hall to-night. He says that one of his tests he performs next Wednesday night. But, however, that may be, he performs wonders.

—At Stillman Music Hall, Saturday evening, Mr. Ragan greatly delighted with his views of Spain and Morocco the audience, which was large considering the storm.

—The Sunday morning mail from New York which was formerly opened at 9.20 a. m., now opens at 8.45 a. m., in consequence of a change in the time-table, which went into effect yesterday.

—The lovers of roller skating are to have an opportunity to enjoy themselves at the beautiful Crescent, Thanksgiving Day. Clark W. Evans has consented to open the pleasure resort on that occasion.

—A gargle of sumac berries and sage is said to be an excellent remedy for diphtheria, or any form of throat trouble. A handful of berries and a little sage in a quart of cold water, then simmer until well drawn, is the formula.

—The members of the Emerald Benevolent Association held an adjourned meeting in St. Mary's Hall last Monday afternoon and initiated one applicant for membership. Other business of importance to the society was transacted.

The Next Election.

The city election will occur within a little more than two weeks from date. The terms expire of seven of eleven councilmen. These are Councilmen Bowers, Cox, Dumont, Marsh, Simpson, Voorhees and Waring. Mr. Waring was elected to fill the unexpired term of Councilman Cuthbert, who resigned a few months ago. The members who hold over are Messrs. Carey, Dunham, Taylor and Wilbur. Of these Messrs. Dunham and Taylor are no longer in the field. It is not certain but that Mr. Carey will also be a no-license man next year, in view of the revelations in the "fire-bug" cases, in which he has taken a warm personal interest, having given much of his time to the matter, and assisting personally in capturing one of the incendiaries. Mr. Wilbur is a license man. But allowing that there will be two of each side holding over, the temperance people must elect four of the seven councilmen to be elected, if they wish a no-license council. There are other questions of much importance to be considered next year, and whatever is done on the license question, and no one need doubt the result, if it is simply license or no-license, it is to be hoped that men of the same high character will be put up by both parties. A Republican ticket as will insure a council in 1888 that will be as much of a credit to Plainfield as its predecessors. But let no one imagine that such a result will be secured unless enough of the respectable citizens attend the primaries and see that the ablest and truest men are nominated.

A prominent Councilman talking on the subject last night to a NEWS reporter, said that the people could not exercise too much care in the selection of councilmen next year, 1888. Men of the highest character will be needed to protect the city's interests. It will be a time when otherwise loudmouthed men will flourish at the city's expense. Franchises for electric or cable street car lines, water works and sewerage are among the opportunities which will be offered, and a fire department will be asked for by the City Council. We repeat that voters should attend the primaries and see that none but the very best men are nominated.

REVIVING THE WORK.

Reform Club Gaining Ground. 22 Sign the Pledge.

Among the twenty-two who signed the temperance pledge at Reform Hall last night was Edwin S. Worsley, who—as is well-known—as Detective "Edward J. Murphy" was instrumental in bringing the "Brooklyn" Plainfield to justice. This signing of manhood on the part of Mr. Worsley is considered a sufficient answer to those who have sought to drag him down and who have endeavored to bring him into disfavor through personal abuse. He was accompanied by his wife, a most estimable woman, and by his little boy. Mr. Worsley was warmly applauded.

The appeal for signers was made by the Rev. Dr. Abram H. Lewis, pastor of the Seventh Day Baptist church, seconded by President John H. Brewer of the Reform Club. Dr. Lewis also delivered his impressive sermon on "The Saloon the Nursery of Crime," which was published in THE NEWS the 12th of last September.

The audience was large. For the first time in several months meeting the entrances to the galleries had to be opened. There seems to be another temperance revival at hand. On Sunday the 13th of Nov., eighteen signed the Reform Club's pledge in response to the Rev. Dr. J. L. Hurlbut's powerful plea.

The special next Sunday evening will be the Rev. T. L. Gardiner, a South Jersey temperance worker. On Thursday evening of this week the third lecture of the free series will be delivered by Dr. Hurlbut, at eight o'clock. No collections are taken at the lectures, and all are heartily welcome to attend.

The Germans Happy.

The German fair at the new church on Craig place, which has been in progress during the past week, has proved a great success. Saturday evening the friends of the new church turned out in force, and there was an exciting time. There was a contest for a $40 watch, to go to the one collecting the most money for the church, the contestants being Frank Conde and Robert Schlereth. It was rumored just before the time for calling in the books that Mr. Conde had $148, and Mr. Schlereth $135, but when the count was made, it proved that Mr. Schlereth had $154, thus winning the prize, much to the disappointment of his competitor.

Up to date, the gross receipts have been $1,564.55. To-morrow evening the remaining articles at the fair will be auctioned off, and the ladies expect to clear $900 over all expenses. We congratulate them on their success.

Unlovely Love.

A month or so ago THE NEWS editor sought to expose the tone of the North avenue contemporary by drawing its representative into an agreement that it knew would not be for its benefit, if lived up to, and if otherwise, then the record would simply verify the generally-accepted fact that the paper was boasting about by our reply to one of its malicious attacks, the reply having cut deep, as intended. We confessed at the time that we were helpless that they would live up to any agreement, because of the malice and envy always manifested in their columns. But we did not feel confident

Plainfield Evening News,

T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

is published every afternoon at

No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N.J.,

And delivered within the City and Borough limits at two cents per week, or by mail postage prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $6 per year payable in advance.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1887.

NO WORK FOR THE POLICE.

A Large and Orderly Meeting at Hyde Park, but None at Trafalgar.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The enormous crowd which attended the meeting in Hyde park yesterday was unexpectedly orderly and also astonishingly well appearing. The speakers took special pains to guard against disorder by advising their hearers to commit no act of violence, but to trust to their leaders to fight the battle to the bitter end in the house of commons. The great crowd was a whole, in point of appearance, an air of respectability surpassing that of any gathering of similar character and purpose assembled in London in many years, and, practically, nothing to do. There were stationed near the stands, and apparently for the purpose of reminding the crowd of their presence and function, rather than that of quelling disorder, for there were not enough of them to have done that had the crowd been turbulent. The scene was a varied one, the crowd being packed closely around the stands with upturned faces, and its outer fringe lost to view from a central point in the throng by the time overhung the park. Not more than half of those present could get within hearing of the speakers, but the remote ones appeared to be satisfied with the packages which they had held a meeting without molestation.

Trafalgar square was crowded with well dressed and curious people, who had come to see whether the proposed political demonstration in quest of violence, upon which to base their application for the police, would make their appearance, and, if so, whether they would be furnished with the unmistakable evidence received by their brethren the previous Sunday. There were no soldiers to be seen in the square, but around it were large, regular and special constables were plentiful everywhere. On the whole, the police may justly congratulate themselves on having got over the Trafalgar square affair in a way wholly unusual one, and the likelihood of a repetition of the scenes of the 13th inst. is very remote.

A FRENCH CRISIS AGAIN.

The Ministry Resigns, and President Grevy is Making Another Effort.

PARIS, Nov. 21.—Prime Minister Rouvier and all the cabinet resigned Saturday afternoon. The greatest excitement prevailed. The crisis was caused by M. Clemenceau proposing, in the chamber of deputies, the dismissal of General Boulanger from the presidency and a demand for an explanation from the cabinet. M. Rouvier insisted on a postponement of the debate until Thursday. On the question being put to the vote, the Clemenceau motion was carried by 328 votes to 242. M. Rouvier and the cabinet thereupon immediately left the chamber announcing that the debate might go on without them and that they were about to tender their resignations to President Grevy. M. Clemenceau then withdrew his motion pending the constitution of a new cabinet. The minister immediately went in a body to the Elysee and tendered their resignations to the president, who accepted them. The session was closed at 7 o'clock. M. Grevy immediately commenced to an interview at 10 o'clock the evening on the subject of the latter's undertaking to form a government, and at this writing they are in consultation.

Did He Hang the Anarchists?

LASALLE, Mich., Nov. 21.—The citizens of Leslie, in this county, believe they have among them the hangman of the Chicago Anarchists, and are trying to get him to confess. But his connection with the matter is denied by no one, and his mysterious visits to other cities are now believed to have been in the interest of secret assembly of hangings. He is believed to be a professional hangman, and his neighbors and former associates shun him as they would a viper.

Indian Counterfeiters.

LONDON, Ont., Nov. 21.—Hiram Powell, David Schuyler, Wilson Daxtater, Simon, Elijah and Amos Jones, all Indians, of Brant county, have been arrested charged with silver half dollars. The plan pursued by the Indians is said to be superior to the old system of casting silver over from Paris. They simply made impressions of half dollars in plaster of paris and cast the money thereon. Some of the specimens were excellent in imitation.

Too Close for Bismarck.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—It is reported from St. Petersburg that Russia is massing 300,000 troops on the German and Austrian frontiers. The Austrian and German governments are fully advised of the Russian movements on their respective borders by Polish Jews. It is expected that Prince Bismarck will soon be forced to declare against the action of Russia in the reichstag.

A Belligerent Anarchist.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—Ernest Kuhne, an Anarchist, who was arrested Saturday night for threatening to kill a reporter at an Anarchist meeting, was put under $1,000 bail for good behavior. The inability to get means that he will be locked up for six months, unless he gets the $1,000 security. He was no doubt one of the most belligerent of the leading Anarchists was present in court.

A Disastrous Cruise.

BOSTON, Nov. 21.—The bark Joseph A. Ropes, which arrived yesterday from Nanjunna, lost two seamen, Theodore Jackson, of Boston, and Fred Johnson, a German, while dead of yellow fever. The chief officer, William C. James, of Salem, was killed by the bite of a scorpion while in port at Nossi-Be. The captain and crew are suffering from coast fever on arrival here.

Accused of Being a Bomb.

FREEPORT, Ills., Nov. 21.—A piece of gas pipe plugged at both ends, and thought to be a dynamite bomb, was found at the entrance of the Presbyterian church yesterday morning by the sexton. It is now at police headquarters, and an effort is being made to ascertain the perpetrator of the evil design.

Appealing for the Miners.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21.—Powderly has issued an address appeal to the Knights and the general public for aid for the starving miners. This is additional to his official appeal. He says the condition of the men is frightful.

A Chinaman Executed.

LYTTON, B. C., Nov. 21.—Ah Chow, a Chinaman, was executed here on Saturday for the murder of Ah Lee in March. He spent a good deal of time in preparations for the hanging were making, but when the time came he rolled a cigarette and died game.

FREEZING ON THE LAKE.

TERRIBLE STORM ON THE GREAT INLAND OCEAN.

The Frightful Experience of a Schooner's Crew in the Storm of Saturday Night. Saved from Drowning by a Dog to Suffer Amputation at the Hospital.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—The furious gale and blizzard of Saturday morning swept down up the lake just as the schooner Sunshine, of Sheboygan, was off South Point, 5 miles here. It tore the sails out of the bolt ropes, and the schooner, left helpless, at the mercy of a storm sail on the stump of the mast, and managed to keep the vessel's head before the wind. They had a narrow escape from striking the pier, but that cleared clear and went off down the lake.

The weather was intensely cold and the spray from the breaks over the schooner from every wave covered the crew with ice. It was necessary to keep the men at work at the pumps all the time, for the vessel had been strained and leaked badly. She caught

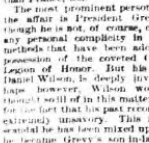
THE ROW IN FRANCE.

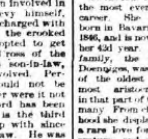
SOME OF THE PRINCIPALS IN THE DECORATION SCANDAL.

President Grevy—His Son-in-Law, Daniel Wilson, and His Luxurious Record—Premier Rouvier—Gen. Caffarel, Who Has Been Disgraced—Mme. Limouzin.

Just what will be the outcome of the present scandal in France no one can definitely foretell, though there seems to be just now a growing belief that it will not end in smoke, as investigations of the doings of people in high station are so apt to terminate, and in other countries than France, too.

The most prominent person involved in the affair is President Grevy himself, though he is not, of course, charged with any personal complicity in the crooked methods that have been adopted to get possession of the coveted Cross of the Legion of Honor. But his son-in-law, Daniel Wilson, is deeply involved. Perhaps however, Wilson would not be thought well of in this matter were it not for the fact that his partner has been extremely unsavory. This is the third scandal he has been mixed up with since he became Grevy's son-in-law. He was reported to be a man of wealth at the time of his marriage, and perhaps he was, but if he had money he lost it all in a bad speculation, and so much more besides that M. Grevy had to pay 700,000 francs to relieve his son-in-law of bankruptcy. The second scandal was caused by an intrigue with the actress manager of a well known Parisian theatre. In the present case Wilson was more the tool of the now infamous Mme. Limouzin than a direct offender himself. Indeed the same may be said of


MME. LIMOUZIN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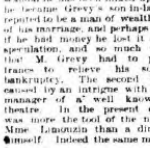
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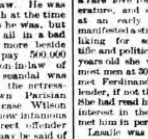

ROUVIER

GEN CAFFAREL

Gen. Caffarel, who previous to this trouble bore most honorably the untarnished name of a noted family, and who had borne arms for his country for many years, winning the highest praise for his bravery and his sagacity in times of war. But in the excitement and indignation of the volatile Gaul because of President Grevy's attempts to shield his son-in-law, Caffarel has become almost forgotten.

Mme. Limouzin has a most unsavory reputation. She has always been intimate with French public men, and when she reached financial straits nothing was more natural than that she should bethink her self of the Frenchman's natural love for orders as a means for the replenishment of her purse. In return for the coveted decorations, which she would obtain by hook or crook through Caffarel and others, she would receive goodly sums, which she of course shared with her assistants in high life.

Premier Rouvier is drawn into the matter only by reason of his loyalty to President Grevy in attempting to stave off the investigation of the scandal. At least this was his attitude at first, though he now has to bear the brunt against Grevy for his defense of Wilson. Rouvier is a lawyer and was born at Aix in 1842. While practicing his profession at Marseilles, he assailed the empire in the opposition press, and after Sept. 4, 1870, was made secretary general of the prefecture of Bouches-du-Rhone. In 1871 he was elected to the national assembly, where he acted with the extreme left. He was appointed by the commission for judicial reform in Egypt, and in this capacity sustained with great zeal the interests of France in the east. In 1876 he was elected a deputy, again allied himself with the extreme left, and was made secretary of the chamber. He was one of the 363 deputies who, in the following year, refused a vote of confidence in the Broglie cabinet, and in 1878 he was re-elected. In 1881 he entered the cabinet, and he was made prime minister in 1886. He is the husband of the lady who writes over the pseudonym of Claude Vignon.

The president of the French republic receives a salary of $120,000 a year, and is surrounded with as much pomp and circumstance as any European monarch, and much more than the Prince of Wales. All is worth at least a couple of million of dollars, and reckoning by the franc, the French monetary unit, is a ten million give at the lowest estimate. His fortune was originally left him by his father, and is estimated by certain persons at three times the amount given above. It is certainly very large, for it has been steadily accumulating ever since the death of the elder Grevy.

President Grevy is now 74 years old and his full name is Francis Paul Jules Grevy. He is a native of Mont-Sous-Vernet and comes from a line of magistrates. Naturally, he was educated to the law. When practicing his profession he was considered one of France's most able advocates. He was a commissioner in the provisional government of 1848 and was a member of the senate in 1850. His efforts had much to do with the amendment to the constitution for the election of the president by the secret ballot of the assembly. When Napoleon III triumphed M. Grevy retired to private life, from which he did not re-enter till 1868, when he was elected a deputy by his home district. Republican in politics, he has always been loyal to the conservative branch of the party. He fought to defeat the amendment making the presidential term five years, holding that the next step would be to make the term a life one. He also bitterly opposed MacMahon, who doubtless aspired to establish a dictatorship for himself. M. Grevy was made president in 1879.

Why Bobby Refused.

Minister—And so the little boys asked you to play marbles on Sunday, Bobby, and you refused?

Bobby—Yes, sir.

Minister—Now tell me why it was, Bobby, that you refused.

Bobby—'Cause they wouldn't play for keeps.—New York Sun.

An exceedingly aesthetic picture dealer frames show scenes with diamond dust scattered between frame and picture

A ROMANTIC HISTORY

That of Mrs. Shevitch, Wife of the Russian Editor.

In the social life of the New York Social lists women occupy a more prominent position than in any other class of society. This is hardly to be wondered at when it is remembered that they contribute as many aristocrats and nobles as do the men.

Of the women leaders of the new organization four stand more prominent than the rest. These are Miss Gertrude Kelly, who represents the Anarchist, if not the dynamite school of politics; Mrs. Cynthia Leviy and, who is a unique character; Mrs. Isabel B. Hinton, a writer, thinker and lecturer of considerable ability and power, and Mrs. Helena Shevitch, formerly the princess of Racowitz.

Of the four named Mrs. Shevitch has had the most eventful career. She was born in Bavaria in 1846, and is now in her 41st year. Her family, the Von Doenigges, was one of the oldest and most aristocratic in that part of Germany. From childhood she displayed a keen love for literature, and even at an early age manifested a strong liking for scientific and politico-economic subjects. When 15 years old she was better informed than are most girls of 20. At this epoch of her life she met Ferdinand Lasalle, the great Socialist leader, if not the father of modern Socialism. She had read his works and had taken a deep interest in the latter long before she had met him in person.

MRS. SHEVITCH

Lasalle was in every wise a remarkable man. He was very handsome, companionable and fascinating. To a powerful intellect and great scholarship he added wit, humor and descriptive power seldom found among Germans. Inspired, or pretending to be inspired, by an intense love for humanity, he was absolutely devoid of those qualities which are usually summed up in the word purity. Naturally he was attracted by the young girl, who admired him as a superior being. She was extraordinarily handsome. A symmetric and well developed figure, an oval face, almost Greek in its purity and regularity; a head of marvelous blonde hair, which varied from pale gold to hammered copper, a graceful carriage and charming manners made up a woman that was bound to rivet the attention of such a man of the world as Lasalle. The result of the meeting was disastrous to both. She fell deeply in love with the brilliant writer, and he on his side perceived and resolved to take advantage of his new conquest. Letters many passed between them—hers warm with a girl's first love; his cautious, calculating and sometimes puerile.

At last he induced her to elope, but ere she would risk this she was baptized by her father and his servants and brought back to her home. Lasalle, chagrined by the disappointment, challenged her father, an old and infirm man, to fight a duel.

The gauntlet was taken up by Prince Janco von Racowitz, a relative and the promised husband of the girl. Contrary to expectation, resulted in Lasalle's receiving a mortal wound, from which he died in August, 1864.

Thereafter Miss von Doenniges married von Racowitz, with whom she lived a very happy life. During this period she was an important figure in the social circles of Berlin, Dresden and the other capitals of Europe.

Prince Racowitz dying, she retired from society and devoted herself to study and charitable work. After six years of widowhood she espoused Sergius E. Shevitch, now editor of The New York Leader, then a promising journalist and writer.

Owing to political causes they came to the United States, where her varied accomplishments and beauty are widely known. Her partners became the headquarters of the more advanced thinkers in social and political science as well as of the "expatriates" of the different European countries. Refugees from Russia and Siberia, Socialists from Germany and Austria, Communards from Paris and Marseilles, Anarchists from everywhere, Revolutionists from Ireland, Karl Marx, Jacob Holyoke and Lasalle are among the motley train who regard her as their social queen.

Mrs. Shevitch is a linguist, a brilliant conversationalist, a writer and speaker. She retains much of the beauty of her youth, and although an enthusiast as ever over her theories of human regeneration no longer takes the same active interest in them as in the past.

Sir Lyon Playfair.

Sir Lyon Playfair, who made the principal address to President Cleveland on the occasion of the call of the English peace commission, is much more a scientist than a politician, though he has done some good work in the latter capacity. He is, in truth, a native of India, but calls himself an Englishman, just as Dean Swift did, though born in Ireland, and as many Americans did before the revolution—that is, he is a gentleman of pure English blood, born in a colony or dependency. He was born in 1819, in Murat, India, was educated at St. Andrew's, Scotland, and soon became a noted chemist, often employed by the government. He was a personal friend of Prince Albert, and had much to do with getting up the Crystal Palace exhibition of 1851. For many years he held positions under government as a chemist, and was elected president of the London Chemical society, and in 1858 was made professor of chemistry in the University of Glasgow. In 1868 he was elected to parliament, and for several years represented the Universities of Edinburgh and St. Andrews, acting always with the Liberals. In 1880 he was made postmaster general under Gladstone's administration, and went out with the Gladstonian defeat in 1874.

RIGHT HON SIR LYON PLAYFAIR

Mrs. Schnaubelt.

Much interest was excited recently by the story that Mrs. Schnaubelt, mother of Schnaubelt, the alleged Chicago bomb thrower, had come to America with affidavits detailing the facts of Schnaubelt having exonerating certain of the condemned from all complicity. This was afterward denied by her friends, who said she came simply to be with her daughter during the wife's confinement. Her portrait is here given as one of those whose names are just now uppermost.

MRS. SCHNAUBELT

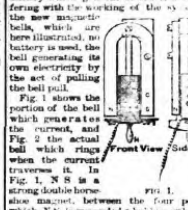
SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

THAT RARE BIRD, THE KAFFIR CRANE, WITH ITS CURIOUS CROWN.

How Insects and Snakes After Being Cut In Pieces Reunite the Severed Parts and Become Whole Again—Electric Bells that Work Without Batteries.

In electric house bells it is frequently the battery which gets out of order, it sometimes forming with the working of the system. In the annexed cut of one of the bells, which are here illustrated, no battery is used, the bell generating its own electricity by the act of pulling the bell pull.

Fig. 1 shows the portion of the bell which generates the current, and Fig. 2 the actual bell which rings when the current is generated.


FRONT VIEW

SIDE VIEW

FIG. 1.

In Fig. 1, N S is a strong double horseshoe magnet, between the four poles of which, N S, is suspended a bell-shaped hollow cylinder of insulated wire, C, which is connected in circuit with the line. A, the handle, H, the bell pull, is attached to the bobbin, and is suspended by a spring, so that when the handle is sharply pulled and let go the bobbin will vibrate in the magnetic field between the poles of the magnets and generate a current of electricity which traverses the line wire to the electric bell shown in Fig. 2. This consists of a solenoid or hollow bobbin of wire, B, having an iron core passing through its middle. This is supported by a strong, U-shaped iron frame, A, and is fixed to the vertical limb of the magnet, N S. The bell, D, is mechanically, so that when the current in the line coming from the generator (Fig. 1) passes through B (Fig. 2), the core will be pulled to the poles of the magnet, N S, and so carry a clapper, C, which is fixed at every vibration to the bell, D (Fig. 2), causes it to strike the bell.

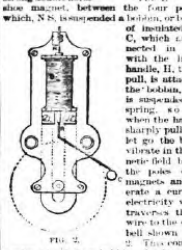


FIG. 2.

As only one variety of bell is here described, there are others, descriptions and large establishments on the same principle.

Chloroforming While Asleep.

There has been a considerable discussion of late as to whether it is possible to chloroform a person while he is asleep, and thereby put him under, under favorable circumstances, so that he can be accomplished. The following case in the Medical Journal of Australia throws much light on the matter. A Chinese in the New Caledonia charity hospital:

A Chinaman of age was suffering from phagedenic ulcer, necessitating amputation of the left leg at the middle of the thigh. He was in a state of delirium which had accumulated in violence. He was very much afraid of the operation, and it was determined to attempt it while he was asleep. Chloroform was administered with a view of awaking the child, and twenty-five drops of fluid were withdrawn. The child continued to sleep throughout the night, and when it awoke the following morning knew nothing of the operation.

Self Mending Insects and Snakes.

The secretary of the Illinois Scientific association not long ago related in Scientific American the circumstance of cutting a snake into pieces from one to two inches long, from the anus to the tip of his tail—two thirds of the whole way—then placing a cage over him. On returning to the cage, twenty-four hours after, the snake was there, sound and whole, in full length.

In a recent issue of the same journal, a New Hampshire correspondent says: A similar operation is performed by the insect known as the earwig. One resting on a board was cut in two with a knife, when the hind half crawled away about a foot, and, after making a circuit, came back to the tail half, butted against it, and was again united with it. When observed it became whole—a perfect, living, moving object.

The Kaffir or Crowned Crane.

The recent arrival in the Central park, New York city, of a Kaffir or crowned crane has attracted attention from naturalists as to the peculiarities of this rare bird. It is from the north of Africa and in some respects is similar to the African Paradise crane, with whom it consorts in the Ethiopian wilds and to which it is said to be allied. It is some three feet in height and measures with the wings opened about six feet from tip to tip. The body is of a gray color, with red on the throat, the breast and back are of pale buff and raven black hues. The wattle is well defined and there is a curious bunch of feathers that grow straight up out of the top of the head. These bristles at times are wide and bushy like a pompon, and again they become closed up like a shaving brush.

Audubon's Tomb.

The fact that the remains of the great naturalist Audubon lie in an obscure and little visited part of Trinity cemetery, New York city, may be news to some readers, yet such is the fact. At the late meeting in New York of the American Association for the Advancement of Science the matter was brought to the attention of the members, and it is believed that in the near future there will be erected a suitable monument to the memory of America's first naturalist. It is proposed by the association referred to that interest be taken in this project by scientists in all departments, and in all portions of the country.

A New Disinfectant from Coal Oil.

A new disinfectant of great power has been introduced in Paris. It is a brown liquid of syrupy consistence. Water is turned milky by a small addition, and the color imparted is not disagreeable. An examination of the product justifies the supposition that it is a peculiar superdilution of coal tar phenic acids. It is especially adapted for disinfecting localities where epidemics rage. It cures skin diseases in animals, and gives luster to the hair. It destroys moss and fungus on trees and plants.

Polished Finished Surfaces.

Oil is usually employed for polishing delicate instruments, which tends to soil those using them. Oil may be advantageously replaced by a mixture of four parts of olive oil free and one of alcohol for large surfaces. When small ones are to be treated, pure glycerine can be used.

Sound of Love.

Omaha Dame (to applicant for domestic service)—You do not look very strong.

Applicant—Indeed I am, mum. The last woman I worked for said she believed I walked ten miles every morning.

"Walked ten miles every morning! Why, what were you doing?"

"Getting breakfast, mum."—Omaha World.

A Sagacious Clerk.

"I am tired of the struggle of life," said a melancholy merchant to his clerk.

"Why don't you retire?"

"Yes, it will be a sweet relief when my time comes to sink in obscurity and oblivion."

"Why don't you keep your end of the papers right away?" asked the clerk sympathetically.—Merchant Traveler.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately existing between Stephen A. Fleming and John F. Angleman of Plainfield, N. J., under the firm of Fleming & Angleman, was to-day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by said St phen A. Fleming, and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment at No. 24 North avenue.

STEPHEN A. FLEMING.
JOHN F. ANGLEMAN.

Dated November 15th, 1887. 17-3w

CLARK & REED,
Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chancery, Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J. 1 y

GOOD GIRLS
For general housework, cooks, waitresses and chambermaids. Apply to Mrs. Ward's Intelligence office, No. 26 Washington street. 16-3

NEW BOARDING HOUSE
And furnished rooms. South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP.
Also excellent Alderney cow. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of J. H. Forster, Veterinary Surgeon, 72 East Fifth street,
Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

WEST END
COAL YARD,
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.85 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to buy in coal. Offices No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

N. B. B.
is short for the fact that there are "Nothing But Bargains" in the fresh stock of New Goods in Silver and Gold at Ackers.

Collier's, 3 Park Ave.
Don't go to New York stores with big rents, or pay fancy prices for fancy hats, when you can choose from a large stock of new goods at Collier's and save as fare, time and temper. He offers all the latest styles of rings, sleeve buttons, lace and neck pins, watches, clocks and jewelry at the lowest prices. Establishes 19 years.

THE BEE HIVE.
FUR LINING.
2 in. Black Hare, 25 cents per yard.
2 " Raccoon, 50 " "
2 " Grey " 50 " "
1-2 Silver Fox 75 " "
Ladies' Black Hare Muffs, 75 cents.

Toboggan Caps.
Jersey Toboggan caps with pompoms 25 cents.
Striped Jersey Toboggan caps with pompoms 45 cents.
Striped Jersey caps 15 cents.
Ladies' cashmere gloves in black and colored fit cents, our line of ladies' and children cents, and new markets will be sold at reduced rates, to make room for holiday goods.

LOUIS CALLMAN,
38 WEST FRONT ST.

ATTENTION
Those seeking investments or speculation. The
FINEST BUILDING PROPERTY
in this section of the county now offered for sale at private sale is that of the Hetfield Estate, located near the Grant Ave. depot, Plainfield, N. J., and is in close proximity to the
POND TOOL MANUFACTORY
and the
POTTER PRESS WORKS.
It is situated in the
Healthiest,
most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. To those desiring to procure home, or to those desiring to make small investments this opportunity is especially inviting. Builders or contractors would also find it advantageous to procure prices before looking elsewhere.
For particulars, inquire of Wm. C. Kelly, No. 36 Park avenue or Hetfield Estate, Park avenue. Map of property can be seen at Dr. Fritts' office.

HENRY HANCHETT,
(Successor to Hanchett & Sparks)
GROCERS,
CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY
Are serving their patrons as usual with the best goods that money will buy and at the lowest living rates. Call and see for yourself.

Professional Cards.

DR. F. R. HENDRICKSON, DENTIST, Successor to Dr. R. W. Anderson, office, No. 13 East Front street. Gas administered.

B. FOSGATE, ARCHITECT,
No. 308 Broadway, New York, rooms 4 and 5, Second floor, Tenth street corner of Dalesop avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

CHARLES H. SMITH, ARCHITECT,
No. 256 Broadway, New York, rooms 4 and 5, Second floor, Tenth street corner of Dalesop avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counsellor at Law, Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery, Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

DR. CHAS. E. THEIS, DENTIST,
Has removed from second to new and elegant office appointed for extracting teeth without pain. Gold filling a specialty.

ELECTRIC BATTERY.
Dr. Griffen is prepared to treat all nervous affections, uterine complaint, skin disease, asthma, Catarrh, rheumatism, dyspepsia, constipation and chronic diseases generally, by electrical and electric baths. Consultation free. Lady attendant for the ladies. 63 East Second street, corner of Washington street.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue, will do engineering and all its branches attended to with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

JACKSON & CODINGTON
Counsellors at Law, Commissioners of Deeds, Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public. Offices, corner of Park avenue and Second street.

J. H. FERSTER,
Veterinary Surgeon. Office in Laing's old stand, corner of Park street and Madison avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Day and night calls promptly attended to. Telephone Call No. 18. Consultation on diseases of domesticated animals. Residence 72 East Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALE,
Architect, 347 Broadway, New York city, room 39 and 33. Inspectors and Traders' Bank Building. Residence Plainfield, N. J.

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
Office and residence, No. 8 W. South. 30 Front street. Specialties, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m.

Educational.

MISS MEYER,
of 60 Pearl street will open a school for dancing and calisthenics, Wednesday, Nov. 30, at 3 o'clock. All ladies and children desiring to obtain instruction will please call at the above address for terms. Private lessons or more can be seen at Beisall's on West Front street, 9 to 12 m.

MISS NETTIE MATHISON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her residence or at pupil's residence. Terms reasonable. Address, Box 1, Plainfield, N. J., or postoffice. P. O. Box 1.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Reading and Oratory given in private classes. For terms address Miss Sherill, Box 1000, Plainfield.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Berliner and Miss Newton's, School for Girls on Lafayette avenue, corner of Second street. For particulars address P. O. Box 825, Plainfield.

Business Notices.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,
36 PARK AVENUE.
Fruits of all kinds.
Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

THE STOCK OF
Merino Underwear
FOR MEN WOMEN and CHILDREN,
in White, Scarlet and Grey,
AT EDSALL'S,
No 20 West Front street.
is the largest and most complete ever offered by this house. We claim to have the best vest; the best fit vest; the best fit vest; the best $1.00 vest and the best $2 Jersey Ribbed Vests. The Best 65c Shirts and Drawers.

" 50c	"
" 75c	"
" $1	"
" 1.50	"
" 2.00	"
" 2.50	"

The last two mentioned are the celebrated "Natural Wool."
You can surely get suited here in this line of goods. Remember, we are now showing the largest assortment of handsome new

SATIN-LINED
OVERCOATS
and a large variety of Men and Boys Suits at astonishing low prices.
WERNER'S
MAMMOTH ONE PRICE
Clothing House,
30 West Front street.

AT THE
CITY
PHARMACY
21 W. Front street.
May be found careful dispensers, who compound Physicians prescriptions with the utmost care. All prescriptions are checked so that accuracy may be insured. Only the best grades of medicines are used in the prescription Department.
The City Pharmacy is now the place to select
Choice Perfumes
and Toilet Requisites. We have Vichy and and Carbonic Acid Water in our new latest style siphons.
The City Pharmacy will be open Sunday's for COMPOUNDING DRUGS and the SALE OF MEDICINES
ONLY
Hours 9. a. m. to 1 p. m. and 4 to 9 p. m.

PARK AVENUE
PAINT STORE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Window Glass
Paints, White Lead, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes
Wall Paper, etc.
E. M. ADAMS,
82 PARK AVENUE

TRY
B. T. BARNES'
BROADWAY
Molasses Candy,
FLAXSEED and LEMON COUGH DROPS,
BOSTON CHIPS ETC.,
We make all our candies. Opposite Post Office.

FIRST-CLASS NICKLE
ALARM CLOCKS
$1.25.
first-Class Nickel Time Clocks $2 cents.
AT COLLIER'S,
3 PARK AVENUE.
Established 19 years. Repairing on Fine Clocks, Fine Jewelry and silverware a specialty

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" 50c	"
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" $1	"
" 1.50	"
" 2.00	"
" 2.50	"

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You can surely get suited here in this line of goods. Remember, we are now showing the largest assortment of handsome new

CARPETS
ART SQUARES, RUGS, OIL CLOTHS, etc.
over shown in this part of the State and at the Slowest prices.

AT THE
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PHARMACY
21 W. Front street.
May be found careful dispensers, who compound Physicians prescriptions with the utmost care. All prescriptions are checked so that accuracy may be insured. Only the best grades of medicines are used in the prescription Department.
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first-Class Nickel Time Clocks $2 cents.
AT COLLIER'S,
3 PARK AVENUE.
Established 19 years. Repairing on Fine Clocks, Fine Jewelry and silverware a specialty

CENTRAL R. R.

OF NEW JERSEY.

Station in New York, foot of Liberty Street
Time-table in effect N. v. 21, 1887.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 5.47, 5.45, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. and 12.30 night. Sunday 8.47, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. and 12.30 night.

Leave New York, foot of Liberty street at 4.00, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.15, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. and 12.00 night. Sunday at 4.00, 5.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. and 12.00 night.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. and 12.30 night. Sunday 8.47, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. and 12.30 night.

Leave Newark at 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. and 12.00 night. Sunday at 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 p. m. and 12.00 night.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 8.10, 7.14, 8.05, 8.35, 11.30, 1.44, 3.05, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 8.05, 9.35, 10.35 a. m., 12.05, 2.57, 3.05, 5.35, 6.05, 6.35, 7.05, 8.05, 9.35, 10.35 p. m. and 12.05 night. Sunday, 8.57, 10.03, 11.33 a. m., 1.37, 3.30, 5.10, 7.30, 9.28 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30 night. Sunday at 8.30, 11.45 a. m., 1.00, 4.30, 7.00, 8.30, 9.30 p. m.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.35 p. m.
Arrive at Easton at 7.45, 11.10 a. m.
Sunday at 5.10 a. m., 6.34 p. m.
Leave Easton at 6.30, 7.05 a. m., 12.45, 4.15, 7.00 p. m. Sunday at 7.35 a. m. 7.05 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg and Manch Chunk, connecting at Phillipsburg for Pittsburg, Washington and Chicago. Sundays for Easton.

7.14 a. m.—For Flemington.

8.05 a. m.—For Easton, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

8.35 a. m.—For Easton, Washington, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Williamsport, Sunbury, Renova, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Chicago, Pittsburg, Erie, Rochester, Syracuse, Utica, Albany, Troy, Saratoga, Montreal, Boston, Binghamton, Elmira, Corning, Watkins, Geneva, Canandaigua, Rochester

QUEER WRINKLES.

GOT BACK THE BEST HE COULD.

Young Mr. Sissy—Just got back from Europe, Jack. Gone two months; had a boss time. Jack—You show signs of age, Sissy. Sissy—Age! Jack—Yes, steerage.

WATCH THE CLOCK.

He making a long call?—What a very old looking clock, Miss Smith. Is it an heir loom? She (operating a yawn)—Oh, no; it is a recent purchase of papa's. He has a penchant for such things. I was about to call your attention to it.

A DAY TO REMEMBER.

Counsel (to witness, the father of a family)—Why are you so certain, Mr. Smith, that the event occurred on such a date? May you not be mistaken? Witness—Impossible, sir. It was the day I didn't have to buy any of my children a pair of shoes.

TO BE DEFENDED UPON.

Gentleman—I don't like to pay you for the job, Uncle Rastus, until it's done. You might go back on me. Uncle Rastus (earnestly)—Indeed I won't, boss, 'deed I won't. Jes' 'cause if I is called——

LIKELY TO BE MISUNDERSTOOD.

She—Oh, Jacob, Jacob, I haf dropped mein limburger cheese out of mer back window! He—Vot a calamities! Now vill come to us pretty quick ter board of health mit ein cholera case.

A GRATEFUL HEART.

Durfley (who has treated Featherly to a cigar from his own private box)—Not a (puff) bad cigar, eh! Featherly—N-no, not (puff) very bad.

NO BETTER IN THE MARKET.

Boy (in great haste)—Me mudder sent me for some cheese. (Ice enny wat's good? Grocer (affably)—Yes, sonny, we've got some that I can recommend highly. It's made under our own direction, at our own dairy, from pure Orange county milk, and is of an exceptionally mild and pleasant flavor. About how much will you have? Boy—Gimme enough ter bait a rat trap with.

ONLY ONE DRAWBACK.

He (to Miss Breezy)—I think, Miss Breezy, that your friend, Miss Wabash, is a very bright, vivacious young lady. Miss Breezy (feelingly)—Yes, Clara is bright and vivacious, and possesses rare culture and refinement, but I think at times she is prone to shoot her mouth off a trifle too much for absolutely correct taste.—New York Sun.

An Exploded Theory.

"I allus heerd dat wherever a coon could get his head through he could get de rest ob his body through, too."

"But they must be some mistake somers."—Judge.

The German Barber.

"Nothing is now so fashionable like doods. Der streets und der theaters are full of 'em, like Dutchmen in der Hackensack meadows, ent gunning.

"A man has der noplest ambition vot a man can haf. He vants to see how much he can get out in der vorld. Like der lily, he toils not, neither he does not shpin, but all der same, der lily ent don't go nuttout a rich farder. A dood is like an east side museum—efferyding apowt it is on der outside.

"It is a vise provision of nature dot doods haf not got at all some brains, all der vhile. Brains are here because dey show how liddle ve amount to, und it iss a overtich dood navidentality vun person is responful in his' od sooner morning, he might go und chump, der dook off. Vell, he gets up, all dressed, in his reasonable overcoat und vun his dinner in der same glothes he had for breakfast, der principal use of his head is for wearing out hats.

"Vhy didn't you safe me, you horrid thing, vhen you saw me trowning?' a young lady squeaked to her lover.

"I dried my head, der young man sayt. 'I ats me more trowning' on my boating suit as I vould on my vedding, but before I got a quarter of a mile you vere safed by der vulgar fellow vash efening out der river in. I should see how you could be a man safe vun vash had on a white sooker in der middle of der day. You must haf sunk very low to do dot.'

"I hope no harm will haffen to der doods. Any oddempt to make 'em useful dike using em on target excursions or standing em up for hatracks vould be an outrage slevety.

"Beoble say dot small vages der blanest of glothes, und so dood der read der Vall street mill-naires. Vell, vot of dot? Dink heffen, it is vun of der rules of Vall street dot so long as a stranger dakes nothing off vot he prings in his bockets he is welcome to crawl away mit vot he has on his back. It must vorry der great financiers to see you get any clothing except vot dem pay, but dot is charged to profit und loss as vun of der expenses of doing peezness.

"It is a dry undertaking to be aple to feet American fashions. All sorts of beople dry it. When I vent on der brairie last summer I saw a dozen or so of der Indian bloods. Vhen effer a fine young prave had his blanket down and stood on von corner of it to keep it from bicking away, you could see dot der bugt of ach he vanished of a dash of blue on der left hand side of his shtomach und a leetle red der oder side.

"Der Indian doods of der fruit stay in keep up a fashion of vearing on their faces und hands all der real estate dem haf got. Americans effen vally dake up der custom in childhood, but dey never dare go down on it mit a vash rag, until it soon gits dired und fades away. Der Chinese forgetfulness of hanging their hanners on der order walls of their trouser-takes not among white men only in cases vhere der arrient girl makes in a hurry der kitchen stove mit kerosene oil. At such times a man in der same house does not care how he vears his shirt ad he can only get outside und see der fire."—New York Sun.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE 36 and 38 NORTH AVENUE
(In Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen so that CONTRACTS

MADE AT ONCE

may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without defacing ceilings and walls and in most cases existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments or the bulbs

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Doughnut B A. Klam

Election Day being over this is the proper time for all Republicans, Democrats, Prohibitionists and those without politics to ask their druggist or grocer for a

FREE SAMPLE

OF

Carl Knorth's Nerve Food Tonic, for nervous and blood disorder and dyspepsia.

Our Specialties

Men's All-Wool Flannel-Lined Overcoats $5 worth $10. Men's blue, black and brown Daisy Dress Ovecoats $10. Imported Kersey and Montagnac Overcoats and Surtouts, satin-lined $15, worth $25. Imported Flockeneusc the best made, $20. They are worth $35. Immense line of other goods at half-price.

SCHWED BROS.

7 East Front street.

Door Numbers,

DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS

at

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,

13 Park avenue.

Sole Agent for DR. KING'S Spectacles

M'c DONOUGH & MARTIN,
Horseshoers, 20 Somerset Street.

All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated reversible screw-calks shoes, will please leave their orders for same at our shop before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to supply the large demand which these celebrated shoes have. Persons desiring to use these will please bring their horse to the shop that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

THE

People's Market,

NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats, Groceries, Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. B. H. Bachman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL SCIENTIFIC

AND SANITARY PLUMBER.

Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also elected a member of that body of practical plumbers I am prepared to do plumbing in any manner. 17 & 19 Front, & North avenue. Established 1880. 28-ly

I have secured the agency for the above celebrated hound. They bring out, stabbed and grounded as near the axis as possible, and leaving the greatest amount of recoverable meat convey immediately over the center of gravity found in the pastern. It allows the ray of light to enter the eye with the least possible resistance.

AT DOANE'S,

Formerly Clare's No. 9. Park Avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have adde

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further

until you have visited my store and inspected MY

Ladies $2 SHOE

either in common sense or opera toe style.

They are Beauties.

I have also a full line of Gentlemen's shoes at prices the LOWEST.

J. J. KENNEY.

No. 20 NORTH AVENUE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

STOVES,

Heaters, Ranges and Weatherstrips,

PLUMBING, TINNING, HARDWARE.

13 E. Front street.

Telephone Call 6.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD

P. O. BOX 930.

CHEAP BOOKS.

We have a large line of popular books in nice cloth binding, good paper and good print at only 39 cents each. These include Emerson's Essays, Carlyle's Sartor Resartus, Adam Bede, Guy Mannering, etc., etc. Also many books for children at 15, 20, 25, 30 cents and upward.

A. W. RAND,

24 W. Front street.

Central Market

GEO. A. MOORE,

(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt

MEATS

in all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance.

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Franklin Place.

DEALER IN

Blue Stone Flagging,

P. O. Box 828

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mrs. Lindsays,

Intelligence Office.

No. 92 West Front street.

Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Out Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agent for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone.

60, 70 & 80 Cents,

May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on *Johnston's Drive* in three sizes.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving tic ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Handruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-25 ly

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2.

at Mrs. Demarest, Watson street. Orders left at Mr P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 97, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker

and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 42 Somerset Street,

Grocer and Seedsman,

Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Swanee County Butter, fine Sugars, Teas, Coffees, etc., canned goods, pure cider vinegar 4 cents old, fruit jars, pay cans. White Granite, Yellow Rock, Stone, Earthen and Glassware, Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,

Kalsominer

No. 12 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and whitewashed. Also Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Cooper,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having fitting room is now prepared for the latest dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 18 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,

(From Paris, successor to Jules Boutes,)

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, tonics and hair dyes. Masque and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,

Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road, Dealer in all kinds of

Oil, Lamps and Fixture.

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

78 Somerset street,

Meat Market,

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No 14.

Ten Eycks

Meat Market,

Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

L. L. McVoy,

Diven Wells,

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 61 E Front.

T. E. Morgan,

Newsdealer, Boxes, Stationery and Music, 27 E. West Front street.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

BLANK BOOKS,

MEMORANDUM BLOCKS,

Tablets, Writing and Drawing Books,

LANGUAGE LESSONS,

Lead Pencils, etc., at low prices. Also full Line of

Pure Confectionery

the largest assortment sold in town.

R. C. FISHER'S,

24 West Fourth street, opp. Public School

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN.

24 NORTH AVENUE.

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of all kinds of

FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

Special attention given to

POULTRY VEGETABLES AND FISH

Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete as near as possible with

NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.

We solicit a call that we may convince that we DO sell

CHEAPER

than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy elsewhere.

A. VANDERBEEK, 11 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

To the Ladies.

Look at our all wool striped Flannel Skirts, made and unmade. A full line of Newmarkets, Jackets and Cloaks for Ladies, Misses and Children, AT POPE'S.

WALL PAPERS.

G. F. & C. E. Brown

WALL PAPER.

WINDOW SHADES,

INTERIOR DECORATIONS

32 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

CASEY

FURNITURE EXPRESS

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.

Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.

48 WEST FRONT STREET.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle

25 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper Hangers.

WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

INSURANCE

Wm. A Woodruff,

Represents the following first-class Insurance companies.

Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen of England; The Merchants of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at best rates, has

MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security and has bargains in

REAL ESTATE

Office Berry's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor E. Second st.

TRY OUR

NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM

BREAD

no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but that alone which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of first-class material only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 27 WEST FRONT

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR

HATS, SHIRTS & TRUNKS

at

U. B. Crane's

Hat Store,

12 PARK AVE. Next to Walker's Bakery.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWER'S

at New York Prices, Studio 28 West Front street. Strangers for drawing and oil painting

CHINA,

GLASS,

LAMPS,

Latest Novelties in ROYAL WORCESTER and CARLSBAD WARE.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH

DINNER SETS.

GAVETT'S

15 E. Front street.

L. HEYNIGER,

86, 88 and 87 Somerset street,

Dealer in

FLOUR, FEED,

BALED HAY, etc.,

WOODENWARE

etc., at LESS than New York Prices

TELEPHONE CALL 113.

Branch Store No. 9 North avenue.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.

ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Blue Stone Flagging,

SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS AND MANTELS

CURBING AND CROSSWALKS,

Sixteen Years' Experience.

M. POWERS,

Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue

P O BOX 1277.

We also supply all orders for kindling wood on reasonable terms, direct from the factory

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 284.

BUILDER.

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter & Builder

OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.

Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY.

Mason and Builder,

JOBBING

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

P. O. Box 980.

Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,

Established 1867

Carpenter & Builder,

38 EAST THIRD STREET.

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

PEARSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 1481.

W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street.

H. E. Gayle No. 8 East Second street.

All Work promptly Attended to.

R. A. Ross,

8 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish

Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,

Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Saums,

Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Evans. P. O. Box, 1223. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Residence, Putnam, P. O. Box 268.

Carpenter and Builder,

Fifteen years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Madison avenue and Third street,

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 822.

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For Sale and To Let

TO LET FURNISHED.

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Desirable Bargains in

BUILDING LOTS

FIRE INSURANCE.

Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phenix Assurance Co. of London; Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgages.

Edward C. Mulford,

Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite R. R. station, Plainfield.

Telephone No. 90.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.

JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. No work half-done. Our apparatus is approved by the Board of Health. Orders left with D. W. Littell, Sanitary Plumber, No. 19 North avenue. P. O. Box 1416. Telephone Call 82. Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

A. M. RUNYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

58 PARK AVENUE.

Telephone Call 40. Residence 46 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 37. Office Hillside cemetery.

LAING'S HOTEL.

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

BENJ. F. MOORE

(late of Moore Bros.)

BUTCHER,

and dealer in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.

Corner

PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET

Plainfield, N. J.

Telephone Call No. 111.

Orders Called For

AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

FURNITURE.

FAIRCHILD'S

Furniture Warerooms

21 EAST FRONT STREET

Parlor and Chamber

FURNITURE.

LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, TABLES AND CHAIRS.

CRIGS CARAE RRIG RIA RRIG AARAE GRIGS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Repairing in all its branches at

L. M. FRENCH'S

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

18 Somerset street,

PLAINFIELD.

THE

Fidelity & Casualty

COMPANY issues

Accident Policies

for

$10,000

insuring

1. In event of death	$10,000
2. For loss of two hands	10,000
3. For loss of two feet	10,000
4. For loss of one hand and one foot	10,000
5. For loss of both eyes	5,000
6. For loss of one hand or of one foot	$5,000
7. For loss of one eye	$2,500
8. For disabling injuries during the continuance of same, per week,	$50

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amount.

For circular, etc., call on

Jos. T. Vail, Agt.,

OPPOSITE DEPOT.

FOTOGRAFS.

Instantaneous, Everlasting, Handsome, Cheap, and Best.

Great Success with Children's Portraits.

THORN'S,

Opp. Post Office.

CHEAPEST PLACE.

Stoves, Stoves! Cook STOVES

Stoves, Stoves! Office STOVES.

Double Heater and RANGES.

J. P. Laire & Co.

MME. QUICK'S

SULPHUR AND MEDICATED

VAPOR TREATMENT

EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.

Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases equalizes the circulation, cleanses and purifies the blood, cures Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Lung Diseases, Nervous and General Debility. Paine's Celery Compound makes sick people well.

It cures the most obstinate cases of chills and fever and all malarial diseases.

Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Closed for cleansing on Saturdays.

COAL and WOOD

C. H. RUGG,

Successor to Morgan Bird.

Dealer in none but best quality Coal, such as Yeddo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring brook and Council Ridge Coal Well screened. Also Cord and Kindling Wood.

Orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.

No. 61 Park Avenue,

Bird's Yard,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1887 — Price Two Cents.

FOR PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES, TELEPHONE CALL NO. 42.

Republican Primaries.

The Republican election of the city of Plainfield will meet in their respective wards on Monday evening, November 28th, at eight o'clock for the purpose of electing delegates to the 27th Republican Convention, to be held at the Republican Association rooms on East Front street, on Tuesday evening, November 29, at eight o'clock to nominate three councilmen-at-large, one city collector, one collector of assessments, two members of the City Executive committee.

By order of the City Executive Committee,

C. M. GODDARD Chairman
Nov. 14, 1887. J. B. COWARD, Sec'

JOTTINGS.

—Third Ragan lecture to-night. See advertisement.

★ Fire Commissioner W. K. McClure has gone to Baltimore.

—The Plainfield Cornet Band last night serenaded the Women's Relief Corps at their fair on East Front street.

—Herrmann the magician gave a remarkably wonderful entertainment last night at the *Music Hall*, to a fine audience.

—Woman's Work, a journal of Domestic economy, has now actually a copy of whose first issue has reached this office.

—A short devotional meeting of the Senior Society of the Boys' Branch of the Y. M. C. A., will be held this evening at 8 o'clock.

—At the Union Thanksgiving service at the Crescent avenue church at 11 a. m., the Rev. Wm. R. Richards will preach the sermon.

—The Educational Class of the Y. M. C. A. meets this evening at 7:30 o'clock. Young men requiring information are requested to call at the rooms.

—The Welsh Prize Singer will give an entertainment next Saturday afternoon and evening at Music Hall, under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., as advertised in another column.

—A young son of Mr. Rowe, the painter, was slightly hurt in the throat by his father's horse, yesterday. The animal made a savage snap at the jaws and narrowly missed the lad's jugular vein.

—A tame 'coon offered for sale by a country man in front of the Post Office this morning, drew a crowd. A young man around at Reynolds' pharmacy finally bought the creature.

—Applications for sustaining membership in the Y. M. C. A., with the $10 fee accompanying them, may be left at Reynolds' pharmacy, and reserved seats may be secured on Thursday, Thanksgiving Day, for the Philharmonic Concerts.

—"Two of the Plainfield fire-bugs," say the Mail and Express, "are out of their cells awaiting their trial. It would be a good thing for the community if the suspense of such criminals were generally ended by the noose."

—At a meeting of the Plainfield Corn Band held in their rooms on Park avenue last evening, the invitation extended by the Rahway Cornet Band to that city on the 30th inst., and participate in a reception was accepted.

¶ The Committee in charge of the arrangements for the Emerald Ball to be held in the Crescent on Thanksgiving eve., are making every effort to make it one of the most successful social affairs there. The 69th regiment band of New York has been engaged to furnish the music and the price of tickets is but fifty cents.

—The Mah-myah Mission Band of the First Baptist church will give a Mother Goose Sociable, next Friday evening in the church parlors, the proceeds to be used in defraying the expenses of the Mah-myah Mission Band's missionary work in her native land. Almost every character of Mother Goose rhymes will be presented by young people of the band, in costumes. See advertisement in another column.

—The Young People's Society of the First Baptist church held their regular monthly sociable last evening at the elegant residence of George F. Brown, on Grove street, North Plainfield. There were nearly two hundred young people present, and they were all pleasantly entertained by games, recitations and music. Miss Addie McGee, accompanied on the piano by her sister, Miss Emma McGee, favored those present with vocal music. Miss Kittie Case gave recitations, and Miss Flora Randolph presided at the piano, while a large number of those present joined in singing college songs.

—The Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal church have been busily engaged for some time past in preparation for a grand fair, to be held early in December in the new Sunday school hall. Useful and fancy articles suitable for holiday presents will be on sale at reasonable prices. Several special features will be introduced, including a loan art exhibition and old curiosity shop. Full particulars will soon be given in our advertising columns. The proceeds will be applied to the new Sunday school building fund.

—The Central Railroad Company yesterday increased its toll on Lehigh coal from five to twenty-five cents per ton, according to the distance carried. The large coal operators will probably force the price of coal up one or two dollars more a ton within the next month. There is now no Lehigh coal in the market, and dealers are delivering the softer varieties at prices formerly charged for the high. There is no coal being mined in the Lehigh district, there being a strike; but the other districts are in full operation and there is said to be no reason whatever for the increase in price formerly charged for the usual demands. It is suspected that the "strike" is inspired by operators to give them an excuse for raising the price.

WAS ARSON THE CRIME?

MR. CLARK'S LEGAL POINTERS IN THE "FIRE-BUG" CASE.

He Claims That Louis And Horace VanNest Were Indicted For One Crime And Convicted of Another.—Brace His Motion For a New Trial.—Legal Quibbles Between Law And Justice—What Counsellor Marsh says.

The argument advanced by ex-Congressman Alvah A. Clark in support of his motion for a new trial in the case of Louis and Horace VanNest—the "fire-bugs" who were last Saturday, found guilty of burning the Carman Parse house—produced somewhat of a sensation in the court room at Elizabeth, yesterday, as stated in our report last evening. The argument was substantially as follows: Mr. Clark said, "the defendants are accused of burning a building owned by Carman Parse. Now your Honors will readily perceive that there is a question as to what offence the VanNest boys stand convicted of. It is claimed that they have been adjudged guilty of arson, but the indictment was not found under the arson statute. Instead, the crimes act of 1884 is the foundation for the indictment. This act was passed to cover cases where one 'wilfully and maliciously burns or causes to be burned the dwelling house of another party,' while the indictment against Louis and Horace VanNest, I repeat, charges the defendants with burning 'a certain building belonging to one Carman Parse, which they then an i there did unlawfully and wilfully set fire to and then and there did burn.' But that wasn't the dwelling of another.

"The legal definition of arson is 'the setting fire to or burning of any building by means whereof a dwelling house shall be burned.' Now if the defendants had set fire to any building and another's dwelling had been burned in consequence they might very properly be indicted for arson. But one can't be indicted for arson because he burns his own house, so long as he doesn't burn another's house, too. I may lease a house, and while a tenant of it I may burn it to the ground. That doesn't make me guilty of arson, no matter for how long or how short a time my lease may be. I may, as long as I am the tenant, with impunity burn the place.

"Arson is a heinous crime. It is placed in rank next to murder. *That is right: for in* the burning of a man's house, one's home—one's castle—is destroyed, and the lives of others are endangered. If a stranger come along and fire a place, then there is arson. But when one burns his own house he takes *care to see that everything is arranged* so that the lives of his family will be saved.

"There is on record in Sussex county a case somewhat similar to this. I refer to that of the State vs. Fish. Fish was a bad man. He was convicted by a jury of the lower court. But it appeared that the only charge against him was the burning of a dwelling house leased by himself. His purchased it from the owner the investment money. The judge who sat in the case when it was carried to the Supreme Court recognized the fact that the defendant was a wicked man, but was powerless to do otherwise than hold that under the existing statute the Grand Jury did wrong in indicting Fish for arson, because the law did not make it a crime to burn his own house. The Court held that there was no legislation covering the matter, and in 1850 the State passed sections 87 and 88 of the Crimes Act, whereby any person found guilty of wilfully setting fire to or burning or aiding in the setting fire to or burning of the house of another in his possession shall be held guilty of a misdemeanor. That law was passed to meet just such cases as this.

"Of what are these defendants guilty? They were in a house where they legally had a right to be. They had been notified to leave and where preparing to move; but the domicile was still theirs—theirs until they had been legally and properly ejected. And when they did burn it they did not and the jury claims that they did they were not guilty of arson.

"That in itself is sufficient to warrant the granting of a rule to show cause why a new trial ought not be granted. If the Court has any doubt in the matter the defendants have a right to profit by it. And if your Honors are undecided you have a right to certify the case so that it may go to the *Supreme Court.*

"Another rule for rule to show cause why the testimony of Thaddeus O. Doane should not have been thrown out altogether, on the ground that although called expert testimony it was no more valuable than that of any *other person. Truly expert testimony is the* privilege of only those who have knowledge which others do not possess. What aid had science and skill to Mr. Doane in his announcement that the Parse fire was incendiary? He ought to have given his facts and reasons, and not in singing college songs.

"Then, too, I claim that Councilman Dunham's testimony ought not to have been admitted. Mr. Dunham obtained from Horace an alleged confession. That confession was gained through offers of freedom made by Detective Murphy.

"These two are points which help show why a new trial ought to be granted.

"It makes no difference what the outside feeling is; the law stands up as a bulwark for the defendants and says, 'so far shalt thou go and no further.' Public clamor and prejudice are of no avail. Until the law as expounded by the Court says 'there men shall be punished' punishment cannot lawfully be inflicted. In the case of Fish the Court, though reluctant, had to let the prisoner go, finally go west Fish. And how can this Court pass sentence on the persons found guilty of arson under this indictment? My motion includes a petition to arrest judgment. For how can the Court pass sentence on anyone who has been tried for one thing and found guilty of another? The VanNests were tried for arson. They must be punished, *if at all,* for another offense."

"The Court," said Judge McCormick, "has already ruled on the matter of admitting the evidence of Mr. Doane and Mr. Dunham. The only question in my mind is whether we have a right to sentence the defendants as the case now stands. From my ruling concerning the evidence, the defense has redress through a writ of error."

"I don't think," interposed Prosecutor Wm. R. Wilson, "that the motion ought to prevail. I don't claim that the VanNests are guilty of arson. Mr. Clark probably gets his arson idea from the fact that the State didn't object when Mr. Scouse took exceptions to the number in an arson case. The indictment was meant to be framed under the 85th section of the Crimes Act, and under that section we ask the Court to pass judgment. It wasn't the dwelling of Carman Parse that was burned; it was the *building of another*—just as is worded in the 85th section. As regards the Fish case, I have only to say that Fish had made arrangements to purchase the house which he burned."

"It looks to me," insisted Mr. Clark, "as though *the indictment was drawn up under* the 84th section."

"No," said Mr. Wilson: "the 85th."

"The only difference," remarked Judge McCormick, "is that the 84th provides a punishment of 15 years' imprisonment, while the 85th provides for seven."

"Well," concluded Mr. Clark, "the State tried for arson all the way through. Let it be the 85th section, if the State will have it so. That section is to cover only such cases as where one burns 'the building of another,' not a dwelling house." The State asks the Court to put itself in the position of sentencing for one thing men who have been convicted of another."

"I will take time, gentlemen," said the Court, "to think the matter over. I will give my decision in a few days."

Corporation Counsel Marsh was not present at the argument, his duties being limited to the presentation of the evidence as stated in THE NEWS of last evening. Mr. Marsh in answer to the question of the NEWS reporter remarked that the point raised was not new, he having called the prosecutor's attention to it before the latter drew any of the indictments, and the prosecutor having then said that he was familiar with the old law on the subject, but that the New Jersey statutes were broader than the common law, and covered the case of burning any building owned by another. He had no doubt, therefore, that Mr. Wilson had fully considered the matter, and reached a sound conclusion before drawing the indictment.

Upon being asked to state more fully his own views, counsel declined on the ground that this matter was wholly in Mr. Wilson's hands, and he could therefore be improper for him to interfere unless at the request of the prosecutor, who was abundantly able *to sustain his official acts.*

THE PRIZE BAZAAR.

The W. R. C. Fair Opens With a Favorable Outlook.

Winfield Scott Woman's Relief Corps, No. 10, Auxiliary to the Grand Army of the Republic, is responsible for the gaiety that reigned supreme in G. A. R. Hall, last night. The apartment has been tastefully decorated, and various tables have been loaded with *various choice articles that will be for sale* during the progress of the prize bazaar which was opened last evening and which will continue all the week. The chief officers of the corps are:

Mrs. S. A. Mattox, President; Mrs. M. W. *Terry, Senior Vice;* Mrs. L. A. Walker, Junior Vice; Mrs. A. Corwin, Chaplain.

Miss Annie Moore, Miss Lottie Smith and Miss Julia Westphal have charge of the candy table. Miss Lavinia Watson presides at the first fancy table. Miss Fannie Spencer and Miss Maggie Coddington stand behind the second fancy table, and Mrs. H.C. Drake is the dealer at the "Country Store." Miss Lillie Shurtevant and Miss Etta Connett are each a believer at the well and serve delicious drinks to the thirsty, while Mrs. Rittenhouse and Mrs. Walker provide tempting dainties at the lunch counter.

At ten cents a ballot votes are being cast to decide who is the most popular veteran's daughter. Miss Bertha Stephens at the close, last night, had 15 votes; Miss Maggie Coddington and Miss Annie Moore had four apiece. A gold badge will be given to the winner.

A gold headed cane is put up to be voted to the most popular daily newspaper in town. Just after the first hour, last evening, THE NEWS was ahead with 25 votes, while "our esteemed contemporary" had 15. Some good Samaritan then came along and bought ten votes, placing them where they were most needed, making the race a tie thus far.

The bowling of rings will take place Wednesday night.

Two promising young financiers—Cashier Sammie Terry and Teller Freddy Walker—have charge of the money department of the candy table.

Attention to the six gold rings will be among the Misses Sadie Smith, May Shultz, Tey Mattox, Jennie Brokaw, Grace Moore and Carrie J. Drake. Each will get a ring, fairly awarded.

The great, amusing five-cent show will be opened by her show-woman, Mrs. Mattox, tonight. It will continued throughout the week.

A quilt of 2,500 pieces, pieced and donated by Mrs. M. W. Terry, will be chanced off at 10 cents a chance.

The object of the bazaar is a most worthy one—having in view the increasing of the relief fund for the destitute widows and orphans of soldiers.

Fell From the Tree-Top.

Thomas Noonan, a lineman employed by the Telephone Company in this city, was engaged this morning in removing some wires *from a tree on* East Fifth street, near Peace when he missed his footing and fell to the ground, sustaining painful injuries about head and body.

Dr. Hedges was summoned and the unfortunate man was taken to the Muhlenberg Hospital. Upon a closer examination it was ascertained that his left ankle was broken.

Mr. Noonan resides at 1 Greenwich street, N. Y., but he has been working on states Island for some time past, later coming to this city.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS

THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION REPORT.

Gleanings of Interest to Our People.—Plainfield's Magnificent Showing.

We received to-day the annual report of the State Board of Education and the superintendent of Public Instruction of New Jersey, with accompanying documents for the school year ending August 31st, 1887, apparently just just published.

From it we learn that Union received from the State Comptroller for the year 1886, as its apportionment of the State School tax, the sum of $64,470.06; Somerset, $42,620.76; Middlesex, $48,204.21.

The reserve fund, being ten per cent. of the total amount of the school tax, was apportioned among the several counties of the State by the Board at a meeting held April 14, 1886, as follows: Atlantic, $9,941.90; Bergen, $4,024.30; Burlington, $6,580.90; Camden, $9,641 63; Cape May, $2,180.50; Cumberland, $10,009.21; Essex, $6,657.55; Gloucester, $5,461.63; Hudson, $29,784.77; Hunterdon, $4,82.-05; Mercer, $6,466.66; Middlesex, $8,770.43; Monmouth, $8,575.89; Morris, $ 377 53; Ocean, $8,410.17; Passaic, $7,858.63; Salem, $949.24; Sussex, $7,085.56; Union, $6,447.00; Warren, $4,955.72.

The amount expended for public schools during the year, exclusive of the amount expended for new buildings and repairs, was $2,678,185.17.

The school census shows a decrease in 1886 of 2,161 children between the ages of five and eighteen years, from the census of the previous year, but there were 4,464 more children in attendance at the schools. The number of male teachers is 826. Their average monthly salary is $63.01. The number of female teachers is 3,069. Their average monthly salary is $46.51. The school property in the State is valued at $7,293,039.00, an increase over 1885 of $498,113.00.

Union county paid into the State treasury in 1886-7, $64,470.06 for school tax, and received $68,854.80. Somerset county paid $42,-620.76, and received $43,303.04, and Middlesex county paid $48,204.21, and received $56,-998.98.

Middlesex county is classified under the head of counties receiving more from the State than they pay. Union county under the head of counties that pay the same amount received, and Somerset county under the head of counties paying more than they receive.

The report says, "Somerset contributes the entire ten per cent, and yet has seven cents per child more than in the previous year, and forty cents per child more than in any other county. Each of the other counties receives eight cents more per child than in the previous years, and 18 cents more per child than the next highest county. Middlesex receives eight per cent. more than she raises by tax, and yet her per capita is 20 cents lower than the next lowest county." The Superintendent intimates that this is possibly due to the census not having been correctly taken in Middlesex.

The school population of the State according to the census of 1885, the last reported, was 396,317. In this and the adjoining counties the number of school children according to the census of 1885 is as follows:

	No. of children.
Union	16,092
Somerset	7,591
Middlesex	14,780

Of the total number of children Plainfield had 2,357, but had seating accommodations for only 1,575, who were taught by 27 teachers, of whom only one is a male, salary $120 per month, the average salary of the remaining 26 female teachers being $40 per month.

The value of the school property in Plainfield is given at $125,000, that of the entire balance of the county being only $306,500. Of this balance $112,000 is in Elizabeth, the county seat and with a population in 1885 over three times larger than Plainfield, yet the value of our school property exceeds that of Elizabeth $13,000. Rahway, the only other city in the county, with but about 9,000 less population than Plainfield has but $55,000 *worth of school property, less than half that* owned by Plainfield, which is also showing alone has reason to feel proud of her position.

In the twenty cities in the State, Plainfield ranks eighth in the value of its school property, although twelth in population, according to the census of 1885.

For the school year ending August 31, 1886, Plainfield had 2,357 school children, between five and 18 years only 1,419 being enrolled in the school register, there being, however, as stated, seating accommodation for but 1,575.

Elizabeth with 6,007 school children had but 3,780 enrolled, only 2,646 attending the school, with seating accommodation for but 2,002.

Rahway had 1,706 school children, 1,164 enrolled, and but 871 attending school.

The average value of Plainfield school buildings is $26,250 each, of Elizabeth school buildings, $25,500, each, of Rahway school buildings, $13,750 each. The average value of the school buildings in Union county is $13,076 each, and those of all the counties of the State but $11,671, so that the average value of the school buildings in Union county is over 300 per cent greater than the average for the State. The average value of the school buildings in all the cities of the State is $18,706 each, so that Plainfield's school buildings are twenty-five per cent greater than the average school building of the State and more than double the average value of the school buildings of Union county.

The number of school buildings in the State to the close of the report, is 1,603, of which 1,-504 are owned in the school districts which they occupy. The remaining 99 buildings are rented. Of the total number 1,322 are built of wood, 230 of brick, and 51 of stone. The remaining 1,587 are one story high, and 32 of the buildings were erected during 1886, and 74 were enlarged, remodeled or refurnished.

Of the 1,603 buildings, only 184 are in the 20 cities in the State.

Plainfield expended for teacher's salaries $18,042.35; Rahway, expended $16,313.25; and Elizabeth, $35,630.00.

—Bronze and white are the colors adopted by the Senior class of the High school.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a *Telegraphic News Franchise.*

Wants $50,000: For What?

CHICAGO, Nov. 22.—A suit for $50,000 damages has been begun in the Circuit Court by Elias Gottingen against Robt. D. Fowler. The woman's lawyer, C. F. Dore, refused to divulge the nature of the charge which now makes against the defendant, who is a well-known Board of Trade operator, but he intimates that it is a very serious one. The woman came to this country from Liverpool with *Mrs. Fowler*, and has been employed in the Fowler family as cook.

$50,000 Fire in New Jersey.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J., Nov. 22.—The Englewood Athenæum was destroyed by fire this morning, together with the dry goods of Mrs. E. R. Chamberlain, loss $12,000, the hardware store of Sprigle & Son., loss $10,000 the confectionery of Robert Wagner, loss $3,000. George M. Crowell, President of the American National Bank, owned the building, loss $25,000. The losers are partly insured.

Was Grunewald Murdered.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 22.—A post mortem examination is being held over the body of Leonard Grunewald, this p. m. An inquest will be held to-night. Murder is now suspected.

Six Fatally Injured.

BOSTON, Nov. 22.—A gas explosion at 1,30 to-day at the corner of Tremont and Dover streets, fatally injured six persons. The shock was felt a mile away.

TELEGRAPHIC TWINKLES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 22.—Frank T. Northey was sentenced to nine years' imprisonment, yesterday, for jury-bribing.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 22.—On Dec. 19, the State will file in the U. S. Supreme Court a motion to dismiss the writ of error granted in the Maxwell-Preller murder case.

WICHITA, Kan., Nov. 22.—A damage suit wherein the plaintiff claims $100,000 for false imprisonment and malicious persecution, has been brought by Friend against Miller.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 21.—There is no statement in the forest-fires. The loss thus far is $500,000.

"Murphy's" Life Threatened.

It was rumored Sunday that one of the "fire-bug" sympathizers, upon learning of the conviction of the VanNests, Saturday evening, told Mr. Worsley that he would shoot him some night when he was unaware of it. Mr. Worsley is said to have replied that he would try and protect himself, but that should proof that would be accepted in Court, we trust that he will follow the matter up. The whole community will stand by him. Let *him have the scamp arrested. The law is* strong enough, and the community is determined to make the work thorough now that it is aroused.

Since the above was written we have seen Mr. Worsley in relation to the matter, and to secure the arrest of the person who, with a view to intimidating him, made such a cowardly threat against his life. This is a lawabiding community, but any of the "fire bug" sympathizers who may think that in any way he would not be surprised to see treated to a dose of public indignation, which would be more than any dose of tar and feathers, or being ridden on a rail out of the community. Mr. Worsley says that there were four or five persons present, but that he was under the influence of liquor, and he does not think would have made such a threat if sober. He especially cautioned Mr. Worsley because, he says, the sympathizer is a man of large family, which would suffer if his support was taken from the fact that they would otherwise be deprived of his support, since the man would undoubtedly lose his situation. He could even get any other employment here, thus causing probable sufferiug to his family on the part of the community. It is the unanimous man whom the saloon sheet and other "fire-bug" sympathizers try to drag down. We do not know whether or not the Mail correspondent in the office of our North avenue cotemporary sent the villainous attack upon Mr. Worsley to-day in the World, but whoever it was, it will not avail in its purpose of lowering Mr. Worsley in public estimation for the service he has done.

PERSONAL.

Editor Mason of the Bound Brook Chronicle, was in town on Sunday, of Mr. L. W. Randolph of this city.

Ernest Ackerman left Plainfield yesterday for an extended trip through the South and West. He will be gone several weeks.

Peter S. Bergen, Somerville's "silver-tongued-orator," was in town to-day. Being asked to give a speech at the restaurant where he had dined, he delivered an impromptu eulogium o. Jr. Codington, the popular lawstudent.

MOTHER GOOSE

SOCIABLE

for the benefit of the

Mah-Myah

Mission Band

to be held in the Sunday school room of the FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,

THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 24th, '87.

Admission 25 cents. Children 15 cents.

N. B. B.

is short for the fact that there are "Nothing But Bargains" in our fresh stock of New Goods in Silver and Gold at

Collier's, 3 Park Ave.

Don't go to New York stores with big rents, or pay Plainfield prices, when for less you can choose from a large stock of new goods at a up-town store. Here, the cash principle rules. He offers all the latest styles of rings, sleeve buttons, scarf pins, studs, watches, chains, and jewelry at the lowest prices. Established 18 years.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

APARTMENTS to let corner of Third and New streets. 11-21-tf

A LARGE desirable dwelling on Grove street near the First Baptist church, to-let; suitable as a private dwelling house. Rent low. All improvements. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, No. 35 and 37, opposite 10-19-tf

BOARD—North Plainfield, in private family. Address Post office. 22-3

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 33 Carleton avenue. 11-13d,13-tf

DWELLING HOUSE to rent. Twelve minutes walk from Pond Foot works. Suitable for Boarding house. Rent moderate. E. C. Mulford, agent. 5-2-tf

EMPLOYMENT wanted by woman by the day or week. Apply at No. 77 West Second st. 21-3

EIGHT room house to let on Fourth street, between John street and Spooner avenue. Enq. are of A. M. Vail, 22 Ponce street. 19-3

FOR SALE—Chickering piano, fine tone, will be sold cheap. Call 17 Crescent avenue. 22-3

FOR SALE—Furniture store in Somerville, N. J. A fine opportunity for a good business man. Parties wish to dispose of on account of ill health. Booth & Cahill, real estate insurance and stock brokers, 25 North avenue. 21-2

FOR SALE—A light easy phaeton. Enquire of or Dr. Smith, Enquire of Jenkins M. D., 62 East Front street. 10-31-tf

FOR SALE at a bargain, a desirable building lot on Eighth street, next Mr. Runkle's fine property. Size of lot 87 1-2 front by about 300 feet deep. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, 35 and 37 opposite station. 11-3 tf

TRY the O. A. P. cigar made from the finest tobacco, the whole a particle of artificial flavoring. The best five cent cigar in the world. 16-tf

WANTED—Young man, good references, with knowledge of business, to take charge of wagon route and work in butcher shop. Enquire, Jacob A. Snyder, near Potter's Press Works. 19-tf

WANTED—A woman to do general housework. Would like one with a child. Enquire of *Aldrich*, Park avenue, Fanwood. 19-3

WANTED—Four nice rooms for light housekeeping, near to town, moderate terms. P. O Box 1576. 18-3t

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework, at No. 4 Second Place. 22-3

WANTED—Experienced sales lady in dry goods store. Address Box 882. City. 11-16-tf

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE. Mrs. J. L. Anderson desires a limited *number of pupils in singing at her residence,* Front street, opposite Plainfield avenue. Special attention given to proper voices for opera, oratorio or ballad singing. Mrs. Anderson will permit pupils to practice daily at her rooms. Free of charge, if desired. Can refer to distinguished professors, both here and in New York. Address, P. O. Box 882.

Thanksgiving Eve.,

at

The CRESCENT

Branch No. 8

EMERALD BENEVOLENT ASSOC'N

of this city will hold

A GRAND BALL

TICKETS FIFTY CENTS.

Music by the

69th Regiment Band.

PRIZE BAZAAR

under the auspices and in aid of the RELIEF FUND of the WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS, auxiliary to Post 73, G. A. R.

AT GRAND ARMY HALL,

for one week,

November 21 to 26

Inclusive. Admission 10 cents.

Course tickets, entitling holder to one chance in prize drawing, 25c.

Committees, Mrs. S C Terry, Mrs. John Rittenhouse, Mrs. Robt Walker, Mrs. H C Drake, Wm Addis, Jas M Atwood, Robt Walker, G W Harden, T O. Doane.

MUSIC HALL,

Thanksgiving Night,

(THURSDAY, NOV. 24th.)

Special Engagement

of

Charlotte Thompson

in her ideal por.rature of

JANE EYRE

a comedy drama, replete with humor and intense interest, *supported by her remarkably* efficient dramatic company.

Seats on sale Thursday, Nov. 22d. Prices 75, 50, 75 and $1.

Welsh Prize SINGERS

under the auspices of

The W. C. T. U.

AT STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,

Saturday, Nov. 26th,

afternoon and evening. Admission to Matinee, children 10c., adults 25c. Evening tickets 50c., reserved seats 25c extra, to be had at the drug stores.

On Tuesday Eve'ng,

NOV. 22d,

we will sell at

AUCTION

all the articles left over from the recent Fair at the German Reformed church. A chance for bargains.

Our Specialties

Men's All-Wool Flannel-Lined Overcoats $5 worth $10. Men's blue, black and brown Daisy Dress Ovecoats $10. Imported Kersey and Montagnac Overcoats and Surtouts, satin-lined $15, worth $25. Imported Flockeneusc the best made, $20. They are worth $35. Immense line of other goods at half-price.

SCHWED BROS.

7 East Front street.

WEST END

COAL YARD,

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.85 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to lay in coal. Offices No. 18 Park avenue and South Second st. Yard, 19 South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

Ranges & Stoves

with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of

HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES

will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Front and Plainfield streets. Special attention called to the "Dockash" range, which cannot be excelled. I.E. ANDERSON.

Smith & Cahill,

REAL ESTATE,

Insurance,

STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION

BROKERS,

25 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash or carried on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.

Agents for the Merchants Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.

J. B. SMITH. J. A. CAHILL.

FRUITS

for

Thanksgiving

we wish to call the attention of our customers and friends to our large stock of imported fruits for Thanksgiving. We have also some materials for baking such as Citron, Raisins etc. Also a fine line of Malaga Grapes by the pound. Grape Fruit and Oranges. Fruits furnished for Thanksgiving dinners. A choice lot of Glass Fruits, Guava Jellies, Kennedy's Chopped Meats, etc.

KENNEY BROS.,

NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE.

Plainfield Evening News,
E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
Is published every afternoon at
No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
And delivered within the city and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or by mail post-paid to all parts of the United States, at $6 per year payable in advance.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1887.

THREE HUNDRED MILES OF FLAME.

The Great Forest Fires Along the Mississippi River.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 22.—The Mississippi valley between Memphis and Quincy is filled with blinding gray smoke, from the forest and prairie fires raging on both sides of the river. The sun was entirely obscured yesterday by the smoke. Capt. William Fairly, of the steamer Missouri Belle, which came up the river yesterday, says:

"For 300 miles on both sides of the river the fires are burning fiercely. *At night the* whole landscape seems to be encircled with flames. The smoke over the river is stifling and the air is filled with ashes. In many places the flames have burned right through to the water's edge, but the greatest damage is being done a short distance in the interior. All the forests in the Mississippi bottoms and southeastern Missouri seem to be burning, and at night fires can be easily seen burning between the swamps and lowlands on the eastern shore. Opposite Island No. 10 a big fire was working its way northward, and in the Cypress swamps another great fire was in progress. Parties who had been several hunting parties that were forced to the river bank by these fires, and they reported that all kinds of game were fleeing before the flames. They had seen droves of deer and scores of black bears all running north. The swamp country is not settled, but the lumbermen have cut it up pretty well, and from the reports we received coming up it seems that hundreds of farm houses with crops and fences have been destroyed. At one place we saw a strip of territory twenty miles long on the eastern shore that the fire had passed over some days previous, and it looked like a picture of utter desolation. The ground was black and strewn with embers and the stumps of the trees were still burning. The ground had been covered by a magnificent forest."

The Japanese Admiral.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 22.—Viscount Kabayama, admiral of the Japanese navy, accompanied by a staff of five Japanese officers arrived here from New York yesterday morning. They are making a tour of the country inspecting naval stations. They visited the torpedo station and war college in the afternoon, at which time they inspected the torpedo station. Lieut. Hamilton Hutchins, U. S. N., selected by the secretary of the navy to act as guide to the Japanese admiral while here.

Secretary Whitney on Duck Agate.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Secretary Whitney, in reporting on the appointment of Duck Agate, a deserter, to be a cadet at the naval academy, says: "The secretary reported him as such in order that when he would appear he says he will resume official work and responsibility very gradually.

New York's New Daily.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—The new York Press will appear for the first time on Saturday, Dec. 1. It will be a one cent morning paper, with a two cent Sunday issue. There will also be a weekly edition. The paper will be Republican in politics, and will advocate the protective policy. Messrs. Frank Hatton and Robert R. Reed will be the editors.

He Said No Such Thing.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 22.—Capt. Bunce, of the Atlantic, is indignant at the statements published in the papers that the pilot has reprimanded. He says the changes he recommended do not warrant the statement that the vessel is practically worthless, nor are they such as he could not endorse. They have been greatly exaggerated.

One of "Blinky" Morgan's Gang.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 22.—The man who was fatally shot by policemen on Broadway early yesterday morning has been identified as Tom Smith, a well known pickpocket and bunco robber. He was also a member of the "Blinky" Morgan gang until it was broken up by the tragic occurrence at Tavenna last winter.

To Keep the Germans Warm.

READING, Pa., Nov. 22.—The first shipment of stoves from this city to Germany was made yesterday, a large consignment having left the Reading Stove Works. The stove foundries of this city were never busy, and the employes are working full time in all departments.

Weather Indications.

For Western New York, New Jersey, eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania and in New England, warmer, partly cloudy weather, with variable winds, becoming south-fly.

THE BULLETIN OF COMMERCE.

New York Money and Produce Market Quotations.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—Money closed at 4 per cent the lowest rate for the day. The highest rate was 5 per cent. Exchange closed firm at posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.87½ for sixty days and $4.85½@4.86 for demand. Government closed firm; currency 6's, 126½ bid; 4's, 122½ bid; 4½'s, 109½ bid.

Nearly all the stocks opened to-day lower, and many of them declined from one to two per cent. The majority of the list was down up to to per cent by midday. The most important exception to the general decline were the shares of Richmond and West Point. These stocks showed fractional advance at noon. Reading, St. Paul, Western Union, Lake Shore and Louisville & Nashville were the most active. The market after midday was steady, but the tone was against bulls. The firmness was due to the fact that there was less pressure to sell, while the larger operators showed more support to their respective favorites. The closing prices, however, were slightly lower than those of last night, except in the case of Reading, which is to-day considered a few weeks ago the Burlington and Quincy declared its usual dividend of per cent for the quarter.

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—FLOUR Closed firmer, but prices are without change. Winter wheat extra, $3.75@4.25; Minn. extra, $3.90@4.25; city mill extra, $5.30@6.00; Ohio extra, $4.00@4.50. Southern flour closed firm common to choice extra, $3.85@4.75.

WHEAT—Options were moderately active and firm, closing ½@¾c higher. Spot sales of No. 1 red state at 93@93½c, No. 2 do, 90@90½c; ungraded, 87@90c. No. 2 red, Nov. 90@90½c; Dec. 91@91½c; do, Jan. 92@92½c.

CORN—Options very active and firm, closing ½@¾c higher. Spot sales of No. 1 white at 54½c; No. 2 do, 53½@53¾c; No. 2 mixed at 53½c; ungraded, 52@53c. No. 2 mixed, Dec. 50c bid; do, Jan., 50@50½c; do, Feb. 50@50½c.

OATS—Options were moderately active and firm, closing ¼@⅜c higher. Spot lots closed firm, and ½@¾c higher. Spot sales of No. 1 white at 34½c; No. 2 do, 33½@33¾c; No. 2 mixed, 33c; No. 3 do, 32½@32¾c; do, Dec., 30½@30¾c.

BARLEY—Quiet. No. 1 Canada, 68c; No. 1 Wisconsin 66c.

PORK—Dull, but firm; old mess, $14; new, do., $14.75@15.

THE FIRE IN BRIDGEPORT.

INCIDENTS OF THE BURNING OF BARNUM'S BIG SHOW.

Mrs. Gilligan's Experience with a King of the Jungle—The Wandering Herd of Elephant—What the Famous Showman Says of the Disaster.

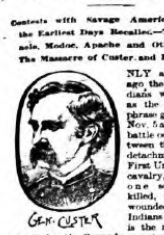
BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Nov. 22.—Barnum's fifth big fire, the burning of the winter quarters of his big show on Sunday night, is a brief but brilliant circus. The destroyed building, 100 by 600 feet, stood east and west on Main street, and by the flames in just fifteen minutes, though the big stock of lumber and in favorable material caused a fierce, furious blaze that lit the sky for nearly an hour. By that time, though the ruins still smoked and in some points emitted fitful bursts of flame, the fire was a thing of the past, and with it was the end of a large quantity of show properties and appointments, and the loss of many valuable animals, three of the greater part of the animals of the menagerie collection. The circus over the fire was of longer duration than the conflagration itself for fifteen hours. The animals that had stood were utilized by the men about the show to loose the most of the herd of elephants and one large African lion. The huge pachyderms had in some way accomplished his own rescue, though not until he had been so severely burned that his thick dark hide was bruised to angry red. The roving elephants, the free lion, and the rhinoceros, dazed and crazed with pain, the thousands of people attracted to the scene by the glare of the flames, and an almost painful quiet, and knowing not what the extent of the danger might be, furnished conditions of suffering almost unique.

The lunging, plunging process of the unwieldy brutes that were loose was a terror to the witnesses beyond the frightening powers of words. As they broke away, they trotted about, swaying from side to side, and swinging their trunks with an appearance of good nature that was deceptive to such as well founded, the nonprofessional spectators looked well to their distances. The elephant headers, on the basis, seem to mind no danger of this kind, and they were all at work. The ultimate brutes in the burning building, had no time to secure them outside. So they were left to their own grounds. After they had crashed through two or three fences, they had the freedom of the city. In fact, if they had been lovely pets of some kind, they could not have been more kindly treated. Everywhere was the sympathy of the crowd, and the cheering encouragement of the police. Of course, they were dull and stiff in their movements, and the watchful care of the keepers kept them together, as they lumbered separated in the commotion, but in any case no one did one of all the herd. Just as soon as the elephants and remarkable absence of excitement on the part of the keepers, the lions and tigers, and the rhinoceros, and the two hippopotamuses that were loose were handled by single elephants and easily put back into their cages. As the elephants had been injured by single elephants and easily put back into their cages. As the elephants had been injured by single elephants and easily put back into their cages. As the elephants had been injured

INDIAN WARS.

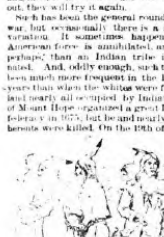
BITS OF HISTORY SUGGESTED BY THE RECENT CROW OUTBREAK.

Contests with Savage Americans from the Earliest Days Recalled.—The Seminole, Modoc, Apache and Other Wars. The Massacre of Custer and His Men.



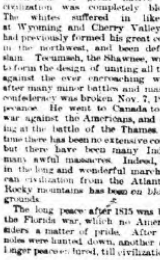
NLY a few days ago, the Crow Indians were "out," as the western phrase goes, and on Nov. 8 a sharp little battle occurred between them and a detachment of the First United States cavalry, in which one soldier was killed, two badly wounded and five Indians killed. This is the more to be regretted as the Crows have not usually been among the troublesome Indians. Indeed, during most of this century they have been at war with those who were at war with the United States. The Sioux and Piegans are their hereditary enemies. But the usual difficulties arose between the Indians and the whites who settle near the bravest through their reservation. the "bad young men," led by Sword Bearer, an ambitious chief, fired into the Crow agency buildings, Gen. Rogers and Gen. Armstrong demanded that the tribe surrender the guilty; this was refused, and war began. Unless the Indians surrender without a contest, which is not their style, matters will now take their usual course. The old and wearisome details will be presented: First, a tedious campaign, ending with a surprise and massacre of some Indian camp, then a slow hunt for the scattered braves till the chiefs give up the fight, then a grand procession about "our white brother" and the "great father," ending in a demand by the white commander in very plain Saxon, rendered by the interpreter into the hissing complicated phrases and unutterable polysyllables of the aboriginal tongue. Then there will be peace with that tribe till the old warriors forget this chastisement or a set of warriors grow up with the fire of blood of youth; and then, if the tribe is not too badly worn out, they will try it again.

So it has been the general round of Indian war, but occasionally there is a sensational variation. It sometimes happens that an American force is annihilated, and oftener, perhaps, than an Indian force is exterminated. And, oddly enough, such things have been much more frequent in the last twenty years than when the whites were few and the land nearly all occupied by Indians. Philip of Mount Hope organized a great Indian confederacy in 1675, but he and nearly all his adherents were killed. On the 19th of December



the Narragansett nation was annihilated in the great Indian fight in a swamp; more than 1,000 warriors were slain and nearly all the women and children burned to death or taken into captivity. But it cost New England a thousand lives, thirteen towns destroyed and over $100,000. The Pequods had tried it in Connecticut; 900 warriors, with their women and children, were slaughtered in one fort and nearly all in another hour. In the Virginia the Indians surprised Braddock, and *778 British and Americans were killed and wounded.* The tale of civilization and massacre rolled on from New England to New York, and the Iroquois confederacy made the next great stand. Sullivan, "The Long Knife," literally swept their towns with destruction. A great native American civilization was completely blotted out. The whites suffered in like manner at Wyoming, in Cherry Valley, Pennsylvania had previously formed his great confederacy in the northwest, and been defeated and slain. Tecumseh, the Shawnee, was the last to form the design of uniting all the Indians against the ever encroaching whites; but after many minor battles and massacres, his confederacy was broken, Nov. 7, 1811, at Tippecanoe. He went to Canada to renew the war against the Americans, and died fighting at the battle of the Thames. Since his time there has been no extensive confederacy, but there have been many Indian wars, many awful massacres. Indeed, every step in the long and wonderful march of American civilization from the Atlantic to the Rocky mountains has been on bloody battle ground.

The long peace after 1815 was broken by the Florida war, which no American considers a matter of pride. After the Seminoles were hunted down, another and much longer peace was forced, till civilization invaded



THE MURDER OF GEN. CANBY.

the Rocky mountains, then Indian warfare was resumed under new and peculiar conditions. Between the white settlements of Texas and New Mexico and the Comanches and Apaches war never entirely ceased for thirty years; but further north war was still the exceptional state. The great war with the Navajoes began in 1805 and was only ended in 1864 by the destruction of their flocks and herds of sheep—the Texas cattle were unknown to the Americans. By war and starvation the Navajoes were reduced one-third in numbers.

Mean while the Sioux of eastern Colorado had given a more terrible; a force under Col. Chivington fell upon them while in their home camp and unsuspecting, and massacred men, women and children. The tribe was annihilated. Early in 1873 Gen. P. E. Connor fell on the Bannocks and Shoshones in their winter camp on Bear river, Idaho, slaughtered some hundreds and brought the rest to terms. In 1862 the Sioux of Minnesota rose and massacred all the border settlers for 200 miles, save those who escaped to the larger towns and fortified posts. The Indians were subdued and partially punished. The slaughter of Black Kettle's band in the winter camp by Gen. Custer, and of the Cheyennes by a force sent by Gen Sheridan, next excited attention, and the latter was severely denounced. Both these, however, were soon forgotten in the more exciting fate of the famous, or infamous, "Camp Grant massacre" in Arizona. Pursuant to treaties lately made a large band of Apaches, including the women and children, had formed under the protection of the United States fort. A motley band of Americans, Mexicans and Indians of the semi-civilized Papagoes and Pimos and Coco-Maricopas made a forced night march from their rendezvous, fell upon these Indians at daybreak and slaughtered men, women and children. A hundred and one persons were arrested by the United States authorities and brought to trial *for this action*, but in the state of public opinion in that territory none of them could be convicted. After this the monotony was somewhat broken, and it was the Indians' turn to have some revenge

In 1872 the Modocs of southeastern Oregon refused to go on a new reservation, and *soon began: they fought all winter, and* in the spring of 1873 took position in the noted "lava beds"—a region of wild ravines and hidden valleys, with caverns, etc., for shelter and defense. Gen. Canby was ordered to the field—and there withstood the troops till mid-summer. At a conference with the Indians Gen. Canby and Dr. Thomas were treacherously killed, and Mr. Meacham, a member of the peace commission, wounded. For this the noted Capt. Jack and other chiefs were hanged. In the fall of June, 1876, occurred the noted Custer massacre, which provoked long and angry controversy. We now know the important facts. Gen. Custer, being then under charges of insubordination, determined to win another Indian fight and thus secure his standing in the army. With his regiment, the Seventh United States cavalry, he reached a big camp of Sioux at town, and with great rashness attacked them in their own chosen ground while the Indians and their horses were fresh and the troops tired out by a long march. Nothing but disaster could follow. Maj. Reno, with part of the command, having attacked *one-half of the Indian camp*, was able to get out upon high ground and sustain himself till re-enforcements came. Gen. Custer led an attack on the other end of the Indian camp; his command was surrounded and not a man escaped. The total loss was 264 killed, besides fifty-two wounded in Reno's command. There was loud cry of indignation and horror; but when all the facts were known there could be but one verdict: he had attacked a vastly superior force, as well as his own men, better mounted, better posted with all the advantages in favor of the Indians. But one result was possible. Sitting Bull and Rain-in-the-Face, Crazy Horse Sioux leaders, became men of national fame. The war resulted in their retreat into British America, whence they have since returned, and now that particular band is annihilated. Several Cheyenne and several warriors who took part in that massacre are now quiet farmers on the Sioux reservation at Standing Rock, D. T. Fort Custer from 25 minutes the only hostile section of Montana, and from it lately went the troops *which had the battle with the Crows.* The world's verdict on Custer was interested the coun- it it was settled by hard marching than fighting. Gen. O. O. Howard's l... made forced marches in pursuit of the Nez Perces, over mountains and across deserts, for 1,900 miles. In August, 1881, the Apaches of Arizona broke out again, committing the most horrible atrocities. Four hundred warriors fell upon Capt. Carr's command in the White mountains and massacred every one—seventy men and seven officers. Once more the regular army, in close war which, after dragging tediously on for five years, was happily ended by Gen. Crook, the Chief Geronimo surrendering and most of the hostiles being taken to Florida for safe keeping. Nearly two years of peace have succeeded, and now we have perhaps a big war on hand with the Crows.

The United States confederacy in round numbers nearly 300,000 Indians. Of these one-fifth are highly civilized and two-fifths semi-civilized. The former are in the old states and Indian territory; they have good homes and schools, printing presses and manufactories, and are in a general way progressive and self-supported. The semi-civilized include the Pueblos of New Mexico and Arizona, the mission Indians of California and elsewhere, and a few others. Of the uncivilized two-fifths more than half are peaceable. Indeed, there has not been a time for forty years when one-fifth of all the Indians were hostile at one time. A new theory of duty toward them has been adopted. The Hampton and Carlisle schools are but types of the new system. Awkwardly and slowly, it is true, but in a sincere way, the Christian people of the United States are earnestly trying to redeem the Indians from heathenism and barbarism.

Copyists at the Louvre.

What a study there is to be made of the old collection of male and female copyists who people the galleries of the Louvre! Old women with gray curls bending over the rosy millinium of some Madonna's mother—it were Alaeo illuminating the manuscript of Anacreon, yellow skinned women with grey hair and a spectacled nose, with the top of stepladders hung with green serge to secure the modesty of their lean limbs; porcelain painters grimacing through a magnifying glass; the weary the embroidery at Trianon; little withered old men in black blouses, their hair parted in the middle, and looking like angels dimly perceived in spirits of wine. What is the history of all these personalities of people who have been cast at the feet of masterpieces by him, [illegible] want, or the [illegible] of a misdirected vocation? Poor [illegible] folk passing up the crumbs and alms of art at the feet of its gods. And yet these [illegible] must have their homes [illegible] and their pleasures. The [illegible] was [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Brief and Bright.

I.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 18, 1887.

Robert J. Burdette, Bryn Mawr, Pa.:

DEAR SIR.—Some weeks ago I mailed you a letter with check. Receiving no acknowledgement of it time fair, I am anxious to know if it reached you safely.

Yours truly,
CYRUS H. K. CURTIS.

II.

BRAINTREE, Mass., Oct. 20, 1887.

It came and went—
Was cashed and spent,
Part for clothes and part for rent.
Yours as ever,
ROBERT J. BURDETTE.

—The Journalist.

A Cold Day.

Pawnbroker's Cat (to summer clothing)—It was a cold day when you were left.—Tid Bits.

QUAINT SAYINGS OF CHILDREN.

THE SHADOW OF COMING CARE.

Mary to Alice—Your doll looks very poorly. What ails it? Alice—It frets a good deal. Alfred knocked out two of its eyes last week, and it lost a great deal of sawdust, and hasn't been the same doll since.

SHE HAD HIGH ASPIRATIONS.

There was a strike in the family of an uptown citizen the other day. Little Miss Edith, who has attained the massive age of 6 years, has long been a light in the infant class of her Sunday school, a company of some thirty juveniles. On the particular day mentioned she refused to attend. "I ain't going any more," she said. "I'm tired of being with those kids. I want to be promoted." She won.—Brooklyn Eagle.

SO MUCH BETTER THAN HOME.

Bobby—Ma, can I stay home from school today? Mother—Yes. Bobby, your father wants you to help him put up the parlor stove. Bobby—Well, ma, why can't I go to school? The Epoch.

WHY BOBBY REFUSED.

Minister—And so the little boys asked you to play marbles on Sunday, Bobby, and you refused, Bobby—Yes, sir. Minister—Now tell me why it was, Bobby, that you refused. Bobby—'Cause they wouldn't play for keeps.—New York Sun.

ANSWERED FROM HEADQUARTERS.

A little girl of 6, the daughter of a friend of mine, did a precocious and amusing thing the other day. She is possessed of a fiery head of hair, and getting into a street car with her mother, she noticed the glance of the passengers and their evident amusement as the same thought occurred to them. Thinking of the same she looked up and down the car, finally exclaiming in her eye rested on the object it was at—"Oh, mamma, there's a white horse." The laugh that went around the car showed that the passengers appreciated the little one's quick perception.—St. Louis Spectator.

STARES FROM LITTLE ADELAIDE'S BRAIN.

An influx of "over Sunday" visitors having filled the seats at Adelaide's table with young people she refused to eat. Being questioned by her mother as to the cause, I am not at all pleased at such a crowd of men being sent here. They take away my appetite." (She means badly to surprise.) Papa to Adelaide (who has gone away for a few days)—We miss mamma awfully, don't we, Adelaide? Adelaide (disdainfully)—I don't know, papa, (probably you do), but she fusses. I think it throws my nervous system. At another time a stranger child was introduced to the tiny hostess with ingenuous as to his entertainment. With a superb dignity the suggestion was overheard by: "My dear, I have played with children all my life."—American Magazine.

TURNING THE TABLES.

Aunty—Here's an apple, Johnny; share it with your sister in a Christian spirit, Johnny—How am I to do that, auntie? Aunty—Offer her the largest piece, Johnny handing the apple to his sister)—There, Sissy, you share like a Christian.—Life.

BIG ENOUGH ABOUT IT.

Old Lady—I'm sorry to hear a little boy use such shocking language. Do you know what becomes of little boys who swear? Terrible Youth—Dey gits her fo' hoss car drivers.—Tid Bits.

His Predicament.

Her watch and chain he longed to hand with love,
The sweetness of her upturned face
Enchanted him;
Her figure, too, with its graceful petite,
Her slender waist, so very dainty feet,
Were taunt me!

Oh would that I could speak right through,
And woo him gently as I would woo
That was her
I know she's good and kind and true;
I love her for it—I do
Yes, indeed.

"I love her fondly, yet I know
I'll never dare to tell her so
Right out."
And while I'm waiting, I'm afraid
Some other chap will court the maid,
And win her.

—Somerville Journal.

Theory and Reality.

First Editor—What are you writing on, George?

Second Editor—"Mistakes of Financiers," and I wish I was through with it. You've finished your article I see.

"Yes, mine was on a simpler subject, 'The Way to Wealth.' By the way, George, lend me a quarter."

"Haven't a dime to my name, Jack."—Omaha World.

Preparations for a Fast.

Bagley—I have concluded to fast for a week in order to see if I can't tone up my system.

Bailey—How are you going about it?

Bagley—I'm going to have my meals at some one of our big hotels, and have the report spread, so that the waiters will hear it, that I am violently opposed to tips.—The Judge.

Another Mystery Explained.

Boston Man—I think people must be becoming honest. I have carried a valuable silk umbrella for five years and no one has ever touched it yet.

Omaha Man—Got a lock on it?

"No; it's just like any other handsome umbrella. I bought it from John L. Sullivan. His name is on the handle."—Omaha World.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE 25 and 27 NORTH AVENUE
on Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen so that CONTRACTS may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without defacing ceilings and walls and in those cases existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments of the latest

MADE AT ONCE

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

Doughnut B A. Klam

Election Day being over this is the proper time for all Republicans, Democrats, Prohibitionists and those without politics to ask their druggist or grocer for a

FREE SAMPLE

OF
Carl Kaerth's Nerve Food Tonic, for nervous and blood disorder and dyspepsia.

THE BEE HIVE.

Fur Trimming.

2 in. Black Hare, 25 cents per yard.
2 " Raccoon " 50 " "
2 " Grey " 50 " "
2 1-2 Silver Fox 75 " "
Ladies' Black Hare Muffs, 75 cents.

Toboggan Caps.

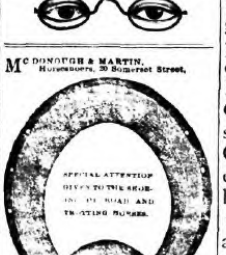
Jersey Toboggan caps with pompoms 25 cents.
Striped Jersey Toboggan caps with pompoms 45 cents.
Striped Jersey caps 15 cents.
Ladies' cashmere gloves in black and colored 15 cents, our line of ladies' and children cents and new markets will be sold at reduced rates, to make room for holiday goods.

LOUIS CALLMAN,
28 WEST FRONT ST.

Door Numbers,

DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS
at
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,
13 Park avenue.
Sole Agent for DR. KING'S Spectacles

McDONOUGH & MARTIN,
Horseshoers, 20 Somerset Street,



All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated never-slip "screw-calk" shoes, will please leave their orders for same at our shop before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to supply the large demand which those celebrated shoes have. Persons desiring to use these will please bring their horse to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

THE
People's Market,
NO. 42 PARK AVENUE

Fresh meats,
Groceries,
Provisions,
VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. H. H. Bachman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

D. W. LITTELL
PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC,
AND SANITARY PLUMBER.

Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city and also elected a member of that body of practical plumbers I am prepared to do plumbing in any locality, or Town, in North and South Plainfield. N. J.

I have secured the agency for the above celebrated Electric Light, which I can recommend as near the sun as possible, and having the greatest amount of convexity and concavity immediately over the center of great density to the portion. It shows the ray of light to enter the eye with the least possible resistance.

AT DOANE'S,
Formerly Clare's. No. 9, Park Avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM
my customers that I have adde

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.
Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S
44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further

until you have visited my store and inspected MY

Ladies $2 SHOE

either in common sense or opera toe style.

They are Beauties.

I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.

J. J. KENNEY.
No. 30 NORTH AVENUE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
STOVES,
Heaters, Ranges and Weatherstrips,
PLUMBING, TINNING, HARDWARE.
13 E. Front street.
Telephone Call 6.

GOOD QUALITY
BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for their patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,
MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD
P. O. BOX 930

CHEAP BOOKS.

We have a large line of popular books in nice cloth binding, good paper and good print at only 39 cents each. These include Emerson's Essays, Carlyle's Sartor Resartus, Adam Bede, Guy Mannering, etc., etc. Also many books for children at 15, 20, 25, 30 cents and upward.

A. W. RAND,
24 W. Front street.

Central Market
GEO. A. MOORE,
(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)
is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at
No. 14 North Ave.,
where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt

MEATS

also of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,
Real Estate and Fire Insurance.
LOANS NEGOTIATED.
Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 13 Franklin Place.

DEALER IN
Blue Stone Flagging.
P. O. Box 858

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mrs. Lindsays,
Intelligence Office,
No. 92 West Front street.
Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone,
60, 70 & 80 Cents,
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Wm. Claassen,
Barber and Hairdresser.
Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-23-1y

Kindling Wood.
12 Barrels for $2,
at Mrs. Demens's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 88, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,
Practical Watchmaker
and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 47 Somerset Street,
Grocer and Seedsman,
Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine Sugars, Teas, Coffees, etc. Canned Goods, pure cider vinegar 4 years old, fruit jars, jelly cans. White Granite, Yellow Rock, stone, Earthen and Glassware, Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,
Kalsominer
No. 13 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and whitewashed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,
Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets
Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,
(From Paris, successor to Jules Boutes.)
Ladies' Hair Dresser.
Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, toilet and powders. Masquerade and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,
Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road, dealer in all kinds of
Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,
At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,
78 Somerset street,
Meat Market,
Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No 14.

Ten Eyck's
Meat Market,
Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

L. L. McVoy,
Driven Wells,
Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. Thirty years experience of fifteen years I feel confident of securing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop at E Front.

T. E. Morgans,
Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 37 1-2 West Front street.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

BLANK BOOKS,
MEMORANDUM BLOCKS.
Tablets, Writing and Drawing Books,
LANGUAGE LESSONS.
Lead Pencils, etc., at low prices. Also, full line of

Pure Confectionery

the largest assortment sold in town.

R. C. FISHER'S,
36 West Fourth street, opp. Public School

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN.
24 NORTH AVENUE.

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of all kinds of
FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.
Special attention given to
POULTRY VEGETABLES AND FISH
Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete as near as possible with
NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.
We solicit a call that we may convince that we DO sell
CHEAPER
than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at
A. VANDERBEEK, 32 PARK AVE
PIANOS TUNED.

To the Ladies.

Look at our all wool striped Flannel Skirts, made and unmade. A full line of Newmarkets, Jackets and Cloaks for Ladies, Misses and Children, AT POPE'S.

WALL PAPERS.

G. F. & C. E. Brown's
WALL PAPER
WINDOW SHADES,
INTERIOR DECORATIONS
28 CA[illegible]ORTH NEW YORK

CASEY
FURNITURE EXPRESS
LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.

Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.
45 WEST FRONT STREET.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle
25 NORTH AVENUE.
Painters and Paper Hangers.
WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS SUPPLIES
Brushes, etc.

INSURANCE

Wm. A Woodruff,
Represents the following first-class Insurance companies:
Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen of England; The Mechanics of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at best rates, has
MONEY TO LOAN
on approved security and has bargains in
REAL ESTATE
Office Berry's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second St.

TRY OUR
NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM
BREAD
no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial
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All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand, made of the best ingredients only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

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NO. 37 WEST FRONT

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR
HATS, SHIRTS & TRUNKS
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U. B. Crane's
Hat Store,
12 PARK AVE. Next to Walker's Bakery.

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FRAMES
of all kinds at
S. E. FLOWER'S
at New York Prices, Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting

CHINA,
GLASS,
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Latest Novelties in ROYAL WORCESTER and CARLSBAD WARE.
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L. HEYNIGER,
43, 45 and 47 Somerset street,
Dealer in
FLOUR, FEED,
BALED HAY, etc.,
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etc., at PRICES the New York Prices
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Branch Store No. 9 North avenue.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.
ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Blue Stone Flagging,
SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS and MANTELS,
CURBING AND CROSSWALKS.
Sixteen Years' Experience.

M. POWERS,
Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue.
P. O. BOX 1267.
We also supply all orders for kindling wood at lowest prices, direct from the factory.

Builders Cards.

John P. Emmons,
Successor to Emmons Bros.,
Mason and Builder.
Jobbing Promptly Attended to.
Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 988.

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C. F. NOEL,
Carpenter & Builder
OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.
Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.
ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder,
JOBBING
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
P. O. Box 280.
Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,
Established 1869
Carpenter & Builder,
36 EAST THIRD STREET.
Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

PEARSON & GAYLE,
Carpenters & Builders
P. O. BOX 1481.
W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street
H. E. Gayle No. 84 East Second street.
All Work promptly attended to.

R. A. Ross,
21 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he can furnish
Mouldings, Sashes, Doors,
Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Satisfaction cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Saums,
Carpenter and Builder,
Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bvons. P. O. Box 1258. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,
Residence, Evons, P. O. Box 258.
Carpenter and Builder,
Has been established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,
Madison avenue and Third street.
Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

William C. Smith,
Practical Mason and Builder,
All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue, P. O. Box 212.

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Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue, opposite E. R. Station, Plainfield.
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PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.
JOYCE & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. No work half-done. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Orders left with D. W. Littell, Sanitary Plumber, No. 8 North avenue. P. O. Box 1486. Telephone call 118. Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

A. M. RUNYON & SON
Undertakers and Embalmers
28 PARK AVENUE.
Telephone Call 40. Residence 46 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 37. Office Hillside cemetery.

LAING'S HOTEL,
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PROPRIETORS.
Front street opposite Madison avenue.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.
Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

BENJ. F. MOORE
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BUTCHER,
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FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.
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PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET
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Orders Called For
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Furniture Warerooms
21 EAST FRONT STREET
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LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, TABLES AND CHAIRS.

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CARRIAGE
REPOSITORY,
18 Somerset street,
PLAINFIELD.

THE
Fidelity & Casualty
COMPANY, issues
Accident Policies
for
$10,000
assuring

1. In event of death	$10,000
2. For loss of two hands	10,000
3. For loss of two feet	10,000
4. For loss of one hand and one foot	10,000
5. For loss of both eyes	5,000
6. For loss of one hand or of one foot	$2,500.00
7. For loss of one eye	1,250
8. For disabling injuries—during the continuance of same, per week,	$50

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amounts.

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Jos. T. Vail, Agt.,
OPPOSITE DEPOT.

FOTOGRAFS.
Instantaneous,
Everlasting,
Handsome,
Cheapest,
Best.
Great Success with Children's Portraits.
THORN'S,
Opp. Post Office.

CHEAPEST PLACE.
Stoves, Stoves! Cook STOVES
Stoves, Stoves! Office STOVES.
Double Heater and RANGES.
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MME. QUICK'S
SULPHUR AND MEDICATED
VAPOR TREATMENT
EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.

Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases requiring Sulphur, Cleansing and purifies the blood, cures Colds, Influenza, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung Diseases, Nervousness and Female Weakness, and fair Skin and all skin diseases.
It cures this class of diseases of chills and fever and all malarial disorders
Hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Closed for examination on Saturday's.

COAL and WOOD
C. H. RUGG,
Successor to Morgan Bird,
Dealer in none but best quality Coal, such as
Yeddo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring brook and Council Ridge Coal Well-screened
Also Cord and Kindling Wood.
Orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.
No. 61 Park Avenue,
Bird's Yard,

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1887. Price Two Cents.

ANY PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 62.

Republican Primaries.

The Republican election of the city of Plainfield will meet in their respective wards on Monday evening, November 28th, at eight o'clock for the purpose of electing delegates to the City Republican Convention, to be held at the Republican Association rooms on East Front street, on Tuesday evening, November 29, at eight o'clock to nominate three councilmen-at-large, one assessor, one collector, one treasurer, two chosen freeholders, two commissioners of appeal and the school trustees. Each ward is entitled to the following number of delegates:

The Republicans of Plainfield will meet at Republican Association Rooms, 30 Ward 5 delegates and 5 alternates, at the old engine house, corner of Second and Watchung avenues, 30 Ward 2 delegates and will meet at the old engine house, 4th Ward 8 delegates and will meet at Laing's Hall.

Each ward at the above mentioned primary will nominate the following candidates for ward officers, one committeeman, two justices of the peace, one constable, one judge of election, one inspector of election, one clerk of election, also three persons as members of the City Executive committee.

By order of the City Executive Committee.

C. M. GODDARD, Chairman
J. B. COWARD, Sec'

Nov. 14, 1887.

JOTTINGS.

Several sidewalks are in progress in this city to-night.

Hall of the Emerald Association in Crescent block to-night.

The Sewing and Turning Society are holding a reception to-night.

A new cross walk is being laid across Second street at Grand View avenue, North Plainfield.

A ten made of chestnut leaves, and drunk in the place of water, is said to have many astringent and obstinate cases of dropsy.

Reform Club meeting to-morrow evening, at eight o'clock, when the Rev Mr Hurlbut will deliver the third of a series of five lectures.

Mother Goose Sociable in the Simpson school room of the First Baptist church, to-day evening, for the benefit of the Mah Myah Mission Band.

There will be a Bicycle Club "run" to Metuchen, Thursday morning, starting from the Club House at 9 o'clock. By order of Francis B. C. Martin, Captain.

On invitation of the Summit Lyceum, the members of the Park Avenue Social Club will go to Summit to-night to participate in an entertainment by the former organization.

Charles Drinkwater, drunk and disorderly, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Policeman Lynch. Judge Clinch suspended sentence, he entered the recusal as "Drink cure."

Jesse Couthoui will give readings at the M. E. Church, Thursday evening, Dec. 1. The tickets, which are all for reserved seats, are on sale at Reynolds's and Shaw's pharmacies.

Some authorities, according to the New York Tribune, estimate that a tobacco chewer uses, in twenty-five years, half a ton of tobacco, and makes from it five hogsheads of juice.

A new ruling of the Post Office department provides that postal cards that are unsealed for mail to be returned to the writer at the end of three days, and that advertisements left to hold for two weeks instead of four, before being sent to the dead letter office.

The Emerald Ball takes place in the Crescent to-night. Previous to the Grand March, which will occur at ten o'clock, the 69th Regiment Band of New York will give a grand musical concert lasting from 8 to 10 p. m. The price of admission is fifty cents.

Miss Emma J. Porter, the present postmistress of Somerville, whose term expires December 12th, has gone to Washington to see President Cleveland about reappointment. She carries endorsements from several prominent Democrats who are interested in her behalf.

The moon was twenty-seven days old when the first flurry of snow fell this month, and accordingly, if the old rule works well in those times, we shall have twenty seven snow storms during the Winter now opening before us. With coal at the present price, this is not a comforting bit of information.

The retail price of coal is higher now than at any time since the war. The railroad companies have advanced transportation rates from $1.25 to $1.85 per ton, and this, together with the scarcity resulting from the strike in the mines, may have the effect of sending the price still higher than at the present high figure. The prospects of the strike being abated are not encouraging.

Frank Conde, one of the two competitors for the watch at the German Fair last week—the other competitor being Robert Schlereth—writes us a letter asking to state that he understood that nine o'clock was the hour at which the books were to be delivered showing which had collected the most money for the prize. At that time he claims to have stopped collecting and to have had the largest amount, $143, while his competitor at that time had $138, but understanding that the closing hour was ten o'clock Mr. Schlereth collected $10 more, thus getting, as he claims, and winning the prize. Mr. Conde also wishes us to say that he was not disappointed at the victory of his competitor, since both were doing their best for the good of their struggling church. That is the right kind of a spirit to show.

City Clerk O. B. Leonard has shown us some of the advance sheets of his forthcoming directory of the city of Plainfield, which he hopes soon to have ready. The sheets simply confirm the opinion that what Mr. Leonard undertakes he usually does with thoroughness. He has been hampered by the changing of numbers so that he has been compelled in giving the residences of persons residing in North Plainfield to simply give the name of the street or avenue, but in Plainfield he has every one located according to the new numbers. He is associated with William, the son of Assessor Hubbard, and as, both are Plainfielders, their enterprise should be encouraged, since they are trying to give us a directory which will be some sort of a guide, instead of like most of the misleading so called directories of past years.

A VILLIAN FREED.

Pardon For The Fellow Who Once Terrorized Plainfield.

As chronicled in the report of yesterday's doings of the Court of Pardons at Trenton, Bernard Mullen of Union County, was liberated from prison.

Mullen was committed to the county jail at Elizabeth, Wednesday Nov. 12, 1881; and his arrest was due to the vigilant exertions of Chief of Police Chas. W. Dodd, of this city, whose work was characterized at the time as a most clever bit of detective business.

There were half a dozen charges against Mullen, who was accused of highway robbery, larceny, lewdness, indecent assault and other atrocities.

Mullen came from Elizabeth to this city, where he was a stranger, on purpose to successfully and undetectedly consummate his nefarious schemes. He put in the wait in the neighborhood of Putnam avenue and East Front street and spring forth upon unprotected girls and women who passed by.

On Saturday morning, Oct. 8, 1881, Mullen robbed John Harding, a watchman in the employ of Charles Opdyke of Broadway, of $170. In following this up Chief Dodd traced Mullen to Yonkers, N. Y., and there arrested him, bringing him to this city on Wednesday, Oct. 12. Mullen was arraigned before Justice Wadsworth at the Station House. Five women, victims of the fellow, were present to identify him and enter their complaints. Mullen, who was 22 years of age, confessed to stealing Harding's money. On this one charge he was sent to jail, in default of $1,000 bail, to await the action of the Grand Jury.

The other complainants were as follows: Miss Nellie Pound, from whom Mullen snatched a chatelaine-bag containing $150 in gold and some jewelry; Miss Jennie Leland, who was seized by the rascal on East Front street, near her home, and forced by threats and indecent actions to give him a sum of money; also another woman living on Netherwood avenue, in the same part of the city, who was seized, choked, struck and otherwise outrageously treated.

On each of these complaints Mullen was also held in default of $1,000 bail on each charge. Later, other complaints were entered, and Mullen's total bail was $5,000. It was subsequently found that Mullen was the same fellow who had assaulted and stabbed a Putnam avenue servant girl.

As "the Putnam avenue fiend" Mullen was severely denounced by news papers all over the country, and when found guilty and taken before Judge McCormick for sentence the Court gave him a scathing rebuke. Mullen was sentenced to forty years imprisonment in State Prison, on the various charges, the term to be a concurrent one, expiring 15 years from Jan. 19, 1882, which was the date of sentence. Now the villian is again free, after the light punishment of five and a half years.

During the time of his outrage in Plainfield he was for three weeks in the employ of the then Councilman, Mr. Smith of Netherwood.

Thanksgiving Day Doings.

Continuation of prize bazaar of Woman's Relief Corps at Grand Army Hall.

Appearance of Charlotte Thompson in "Jane Eyre," at the Stillman Music Hall.

Meeting at the Crescent Rink with Band Concert during the day and evening.

Union services in the M. E. church in the morning. The Rev. Cornelius Schnuck will occupy the pulpit.

Thanksgiving services will be held in St. Mary's church to-morrow morning at eight o'clock.

Union Thanksgiving services at the Crescent Avenue Presbyterian church at 11 a. m. Sermon by the Rev. Wm. R. Richards.

The Y. M. C. A. rooms will be open as usual all day. All visitors are welcome. The tables are well stocked with fresh and interesting reading-matter.

The W. C. T. U. will hold a union Thanksgiving service in their new parlors on Front street to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, to which the public, both male and female, are most cordially invited to attend.

BOUND BROOK.

The Union Thanksgiving services in this place will be held in the Presbyterian church, Rev. W. W. Jordan will deliver the sermon.

The Library Association held a meeting last night. There are now fifty-five members.

The three big chimneys of the Elizabethport Cordage works tumbled over last evening, when the employees were getting ready to quit work. Fortunately no one was injured, although more than 500 persons were in the building at the time. Twelve masons working at the bottom of the tallest chimney which was 70 feet high, had partly undermined it, causing it to topple over. In its fall it struck the guy ropes holding the other two chimneys, and down they came, too. Much damage was done by the accident, and the engine-house roof, together with several outbuildings, were partly crushed. The female employees were thrown into a panic and ran shrieking from the factory.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Asa Collier is visiting friends at Baltimore, Maryland.

Miss Emma L. West, who is attending school in this city, returned to-day to her home in Haverstraw, N. Y. to spend a few days.

Mr. E. L. Meader, who had a stroke of paralysis about three weeks ago, is still confined to his bed, although he feels slightly better.

Benjamin Fisher, colored, who for a long time has been the janitor of the Seventh Day Baptist church, died at his residence on West Third street last evening after a month's illness with Bright's disease.

Mr. B. Fosgate, the architect, has awarded the contract for the mason work for George Thatcher's new house on Seventh street, to Theodore Bates, and that for the carpenter work to Mr. C. J. Noel.

Miss Florence I. Marsh of Madison avenue, is expected to return to-day after sojourning at Worcester, Mass., for the last two weeks. Miss Marsh while absent was the guest of Prof. F. J. Miller, formerly of this city.

Journalistic Amenities.

To our bright, newsy and phenomenally enterprising contemporary, the Plainfield Evening News, we hasten to offer our congratulations and a word of advice. Don't let any of the Grand Jury see the sketches in your Saturday's issue. They'll do something terrible to you, sure, and we don't want to see you die so young with such brilliant prospects before you. We know Dennis Long, Philip Kreiss, Peter Terrill, Henry J. Schmidt and several others personally. They are men who will stand anything short almost any kind of a joke, but they have never had such provocation before. Go and hide, dear News, for a few days till the storm is over, and meantime we'll try to make them believe it was wholly unintentional, and that your artist in pursuit of sketches by mistake.—Elizabeth Daily Journal.

But, when did you escape? It is, of course, difficult to do full justice in so small a space to the many handsome men as those in question, and as we have never seen them, but only very poor photographs of them, we did not know we had succeeded so well as you say, in less than an inch space, in merely suggesting their virtues, but, dear Journal, if you were to peep among them with your frowsy mass of tangled hair and beard, the result might indeed be appalling. You say you know them, but unless they know you, it might be difficult for us to convince them that you were not an escaped lunatic, which as you pretend to admire them for, instead of the graceful, talented, genial journalist we know you to be. If you go out in daylight, the Board of Education might ring the bells to prevent a panic among the school children, should they happen to see you knee on the streets.

NEXT DAY.

The Plainfield News' likenesses of "distinguished men" are known from blocks with an axe in the hands of a sturdy woodman before whom the forests bow.—Elizabeth Herald.

Well, it isn't that better than chopping them out of boiler iron with a cold chisel, like unto Henry Ward Beecher, which he uses two to three columns, or from four to six inches trying to do what we really do within the space of less than an inch.

Thirteen Convicts Pardoned.

The State Court of Pardons yesterday ordered the release of thirteen convicts from the State prisons, five of them because they are fatally sick with consumption. These three are Harman Finlezki, of Hudson County; Wm. Bishop, of Bergen, and Bernard Mullen, of Union. They were sentenced for breaking with intent, breaking and entering and highway robbery respectively. Mullen was serving a fifteen-year sentence. The others pardoned are Winslow Livingston, alias "James K. Johnson," of Camden, sentenced for grand larceny; William Price, of Hunterdon, grand larceny; Arthur Gay, Cumberland County, for aiding, entering and larceny; Edward Duzan, Middlesex, malicious mischief; Wm. Parrish, Hunterdon, atrocious assault; Frank Kennedy, Hudson, breaking and entering; James Eager, Monmouth, assault and battery; Edward VanKouran, Hudson, breaking and entering; Philip Lowden, Monmouth, breaking and entering; Frank Bigney, Hudson, enticement.

The W. R. C. Prize Bazaar.

The prize bazaar of the Women's Relief Corps in G. A. R. Hall is an attraction to many. There, one may purchase both useful and fancy articles, may procure the wherewithal to quence his thirst or satisfy his hunger, may invest money in many a way, and all for a worthy object—the increasing of the fund for the benefit of destitute widows and orphans of soldiers.

Just What We Want to Avoid.

In most of the booming towns in New Jersey nowadays they will put your house up for you while you wait; and if you paste two or three thicknesses of paper over it, it is really quite a coherent structure.—Puck.

—Now is the time to become a sustaining member of the Y. M. C. A.

—Double paper to-day; no paper to-morrow; legal holiday.

—Tickets for the Philharmonics on sale at Reynolds' to-morrow.

—Workmen are busy replacing the Electric Light Company's wooden poles with iron ones.

—There was a rumor on the streets this morning that Judge McCormick had decided against granting a new trial for Louis and Horace VanNest; but a message from Elizabeth brings the information that no decision has yet been rendered.

—The opening sale of tickets for the New York Philharmonic Concerts (Y. M. C. A. Course) will be held at Reynolds' pharmacy only, beginning at seven o'clock a. m., Thanksgiving Day, the 24th inst., as announced in the advertisement. So far as yet reported those are to be the only concerts of the season in our city; at any rate they will be highly important. Always popular in Plainfield, the Philharmonics are now in better form than ever before, and it is safe to predict a very large sale of tickets for this course.

PRAISE GOD, FROM WHO—ALL BLESSINGS FLOW;
PRAISE HIM, ALL CREATURES HERE BELOW;
PRAISE HIM ABOVE, YE HEAVENLY HOST;
PRAISE FATHER, SON AND HOLY GHOST!

Did Not Care for the Detective.

The jurors in the Plainfield "fire bug" cases all declare that the evidence of Detective "Murphy" had not the slightest weight with them, so far as helping to convict the prisoners, and that they considered his evidence as practically worthless, so far as they were concerned. It was even proposed among them to draw up a petition and forward it to the Mayor of Plainfield requesting him to withhold any reward that "Murphy" might ask for his services. It was also understood among the jurymen before they announced their verdict that they were to give representatives of the press their opinion of Mr. "Murphy" and their contempt for his action, and also that it was the testimony of Councilman Dunham and Mrs. Jackson that solely convicted Horace VanNest. Louis was convicted chiefly by the fact that half an hour after he acknowledged that he had drawn water at the pump in the yard of Laing and the bolt which fastened the handle to the pump was gone, thus rendering the pump useless. Although careful search was made for the bolt it could not be found, which proved conclusively in the minds of the jurymen that Louis VanNest deliberately removed it when he drew the water.—N. Y. World.

We publish the above to-day at the request of the foreman of the jury, George Laing, of Elizabeth, and a number of Philip Kreiss, also of Elizabeth, who come representing eleven of the twelve jurymen, and say that the above is a falsehood out of the whole cloth. They feel it as an insult, and do not wish the people of Plainfield to think they are the kind of men the article makes them appear. They rendered their verdict according to the evidence, and did not in any manner discredit Detective "Murphy's" testimony. They believe Mr. "Murphy" did splendid service, and, if for no other reason, they would come to Plainfield to vindicate him. They come at their own expense. In conclusion they say that the World statement is a issue of falsehoods, circulated to harm a worthy man.

Union County Court.

In the Union County Court, yesterday, when the names of the jurors were being called for the jury in the Staats case, several did not respond to their names, and Judge McCormick ordered Clerk Crowell to call the list of jurors for the purpose of finding out who were absent. It was found that Jacob Isaac Winans was absent without having been excused by the court, and Judge McCormick imposed a fine of $25 on him for neglect of duty and contempt of court.

All the jurors excepting those on the Staats case were discharged until to-day.

The jury in the case of the State vs. Henry M. Staats and Sarah M. Staats, for larceny, rendered a verdict of guilty as charged in the indictments.

In the case of Edward G. Delaney, convicted of keeping a disorderly house at Summit, the court accepted bail in the sum of $500.

Court then adjourned until this morning at ten o'clock.

The Chautauqua Circle.

The regular meeting of the Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle will be held Saturday evening, Dec. 3, at the "Y" rooms, 55 E. Front street.

PROGRAMME.

AMERICAN HISTORY.

Braddock's Defeat and Washington's First Campaign ..... Mrs. W. W. Martin
Causes of the Revolution ..... Miss Nancy Randolph
An Account of the Boston Tea Party ..... Miss Lalli Steiner
The Declaration of Independence ..... Edward Stevens
Reading, "Paul Revere's Ride," Longfellow ..... Clarence Murphy

Music and Recess

AMERICAN LITERATURE.

Joel Barlow ..... Miss O. H. Hasbrouck
Charles Brockden Brown ..... Miss Bertha Mooney
Washington Irving ..... Mrs. Haff

Question match on Prof. Fiske's "The Mississippi Valley" by the entire Circle, each member to contribute a question.

Members will recite in concert article one, section three and four, of the Constitution of United States.

Foot-Ball To-morrow.

There will be a game of foot-ball between an eleven from Plainfield and an eleven from New Brunswick on Thanksgiving morning on the Park avenue grounds. The game will be a close one, as the teams are evenly matched. Game called at 9:30 sharp.

—We repeat what we have frequently stated before that we are glad to have correspondence on all questions of public interest. The views expressed are not necessarily ours, but we must urge upon correspondents brevity. A communication yesterday occupied nearly a column, which care might have condensed to one-half the space, and still accomplish perhaps as well, the object intended. Should Mr. Manning feel called upon to reply, we in fairness, would be compelled to allow him as much space as his adversary occupied, if he desired it. But this is not all. Numerous letters from others on the subject which we have received would, if all published, leave us no room for local news where brevity would secure other results. To still further add to the difficulties, the correspondents write on both sides of the paper, instead of only on one side.

Father Treacy, of the St. Paul's Roman Catholic church of Burlington, has suspended the church choir because its members attend dancing school.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

Hid Their Booty in a Cave.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 23.—Mrs. Green, mother of George Green, one of the alleged train robbers now in jail at Tucson, has returned from Tucson to her home in El Paso, she says her son will turn State's evidence and that if he did not some of the others would. Five Smart, another alleged train robber will play the insanity dodge. Mrs. Green says the robbers had a secret cave in the mountains north of El Paso where they hid their plunder and another in Arizona. The latter was discovered by detectives and a quantity of provisions was found in it.

Train-Men Fight a Panther.

Omaha, Nov. Nov. 23.—Engineer Warkham and his fireman had a lively encounter with a panther Sunday night between Minden and Odell. Some part of the machinery got out of order and the train was stopped. He and his engineer got out and were at work on both sides of the engine. Just as they were completing the repairs a terrible yell was heard, and before Warkham could turn a large panther sprang upon him and buried his claw in the shoulder. The fireman came to his rescue and struck the brute over the head with a heavy wrench. This partially stunned the panther, which loosened his hold, but before either of the men could take advantage of the situation he made a vicious leap for the fireman, burying one of his claws in the man's leg. Warkman then pulled his pistol and by a lucky shot hit the panther between the eyes, killing him. Both men were badly hurt, and will be laid up for some time.

"Keep it out of the Papers."

"When ever anything occurs which is likely to cause unpleasant comment, the great desire of a certain class of people is to "keep it out of the paper." No matter though the subject may be of general interest and discussion throughout the entire community, and though false versions of it are in general circulation, these people seem to have such a morbid dread of the truth that they will refuse all information to the press, and exert themselves to prevent the publication of anything in relation to it. Any person of sense should know that a newspaper will publish only the facts, which generally are not one half as damaging, even in the worst cases, as are the thousand flying rumors which evil-disposed persons are always ready to circulate. If the facts are laid before the public through the press, these rumors are disproved and the tongue of scandal silenced. In all such cases it is only the guilty who will really suffer by the publication of facts, and as a general thing it will be found that those who wish to "keep it out of the papers," are the very ones who have the most reasons to prefer false statements to the truthful accounts given in the public press. It has a very suspicious appearance, to say the least, when a great desire is manifested to keep a matter of general interest and general discussion "out of the papers."—Ex.

—Thanksgiving services will be held Nov. 24, at 11 a. m., as follows: The Congregational and Park Avenue churches meeting with the Crescent Avenue church. Sermon by Mr. Richards. The four other churches meet with the Methodist church, where the sermon will be delivered by the Rev. Mr. Schauck.

STATE NOTES.

Little Miss Lizzie Bell Sinclair of Fredittstown, N. J., celebrated her twelfth birthday recently by completing a bed quilt that contains 11,210 pieces.

The Lehigh Valley Railroad Company is building a water-tub at Bloomsburg that will hold 95,000 gallons. This is the largest tub on the New Jersey Division of this road, and is said to be the largest on any railroad in this State.

Mrs. Schubert, of No. 203 Paxton street, Paterson, died in St. Joseph's Hospital yesterday from injuries received on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad track on Monday. She was picking coal when a locomotive struck her and broke her leg.

New Yorkers who arrived at Jersey City on the 7:30 train yesterday morning over the Pennsylvania Railroad saw a strange sight between Princeton and New Brunswick. It was a flock of black ducks two miles long, flying about 300 feet from the ground in a due southerly direction. The passengers were reading their evening papers, when a shade seemed to come down them and dim the sun. The flow of the vast mass of birds was distinctly apparent on the ground also. The flock's column was several hundred yards in width and forty or fifty in thickness. The train was three minutes in passing it, in exactly an opposite direction.

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE. Mrs. J. L. Anderson desires a limited number of pupils in singing at her residence, Front street, opposite Plainfield avenue. Thoroughly qualified to prepare voices for opera, oratorio or ballad singing. Mrs. Anderson will permit pupils to practice daily at her rooms, free of charge, if desired. Can refer to distinguished professors, both here and in New York. Address, P. O. Box 802.

READINGS

BY

JESSIE COUTHOUI

MUSIC BY G. CLEFF QUARTETTE

ON

Thursday, Dec. 1st.

at the

M. E. CHURCH.

Tickets all reserved. Price 50c and 75c for sale at Reynolds' and Shaw's drug stores

Y. M. C. A. Series of Four Concerts

BY

The New York Philharmonic Club.

ASSISTED BY PROMINENT VOCALISTS,

AT

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,

1887. SECOND SEASON. 1888.

Dec. 6, Jan. 31, Feb. 21, March 20.

Reserved Tickets for series of Four Concerts $3 00
" " " Single Concert 1 00

Course Tickets at Reynolds' Pharmacy on and after Thanksgiving Day.
Tickets for single concert at same place on and after Monday, Dec. 5th.

Rent-a-Word-Column.

APARTMENTS to let corner of Third and Watchung avenues. 11-21-tf*

A LARGE, desirable dwelling on Grove street near the First Baptist church, to let; suitable as a first-class boarding house. Rent low. All improvements. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, No 35 and 37, opposite station. 10-22-tf

BOARD—North Plainfield, in private family. Address Post office. 22-3

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 35 Clarkson avenue. 11-136,12-3t

DWELLING HOUSE to rent. Twelve minute's walk from Pond Fast works. Suitable for boarding house. Rent moderate. E. C. Mulford, agent. 9-24-tf*

FOR SALE—Chickering piano, fine tone, will be sold cheap. Call 17 Crescent avenue. 22-3

FOR SALE—A light easy phaeton. The property of Dr. South Enquire of Jenkins M. D., 92 East Front street. 10-31-tf

FOR SALE at a bargain, a dwelling-building lot on Eighth street near Mr. Rinkle's fine property. Size of lot 87 1-2 feet by seventy-five feet deep. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, 35 and 37 opposite station. 11-21-tf*

NICE rooms to let, cheap, near East Fifth street. Call at 69 East Third street, butcher store.

ROSES, fine out blooms of American Beauty, Bonnet, Papa, Gontier, Bride, Catherine Mermet, etc., also Carnations. F. W. Miles, Somerset street, Box 694. 25-tf

TREES, Winter blooming plants, Palms, India Rubber trees, etc., at Denton's Hillside avenue 25-3

TRY the O. A. F. cigar made from the finest Havana filler without a particle of artificial flavoring. The best five cent cigar in the world. 10-6-tf

WANTED—Young man, good references, with knowledge of business, to take charge of Laing's gate and key in butcher shop. Enquire, Jacob A. Suydam, near Potter's Press Works. 19-tf

WANTED—Four nice rooms for light housekeeping, near to town, moderate terms. P. O. Box 686, City. 18-tf

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework, at No. 4 Second Place. 22-3

WANTED—A double beater in good order. Must be cheap. Address Cash, Box 1291, P. O.

WANTED—Experienced sales lady in dry goods store. Address Box 686, City. 11-16-tf*

On Tuesday Eve'ng,

NOV. 22d,

we will sell at

AUCTION

all the articles left over from the recent Fair at the German Reformed church. A chance for bargains.

SKATES, for Boys, Girls and Everybody

All Sizes and Prices. Holiday Goods.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

MOTHER GOOSE

SOCIABLE

for the benefit of the

Mah-Myah

Mission Band

to be held in the Sunday school room of the

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,

FRIDAY EVENING, NOV. 25th, '87.

Admission 25 cents. Children 15 cents.

TO-NIGHT

at

The CRESCENT

Branch No. 8

EMERALD BENEVOLENT ASSOC'N

of this city will hold

A GRAND BALL

TICKETS FIFTY CENTS.

Music by the

69th Regiment Band.

PRIZE BAZAAR

under the auspices and in aid of the RELIEF FUND OF THE WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS, auxiliary to Post 73, G. A. R.

AT GRAND ARMY HALL,

for one week,

November 21 to 26

Inclusive. Admission 10 cents.

Course tickets, entitling holder to one chance in prize drawing, 25c.

Committee—Mrs. Jas. Avery, Mrs. John Hibler, Mrs. Rob't Vallery, Mrs. H. C. Drake, Wm Addis, Jas. M. Atwood, Rob't Walker, C. W. Barker, Thos. Dynes.

MUSIC HALL,

Thanksgiving Night,

(THURSDAY, NOV. 24th.)

Special Engagement

of

Charlotte Thompson

in her ideal portrature of

JANE EYRE

a comedy drama, replete with humor and intense interest, supported by her remarkably efficient dramatic company.

Seats on sale Tuesday, Nov. 22d. Prices 35, 50, 75 and $1.

Welsh Prize

SINGERS

under the auspices of

The W. C. T. U.

AT STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,

Saturday, Nov. 26th,

afternoon and evening. Admission to Matinee, children 10c., adults 25c. Evening tickets 25c. Reserved seats 25c extra, to be had at the drug stores.

PRIZE FIGHT.

THREE CORNERED; between

GENERAL N. DEBILITY of everywhere,

OLD DYSPEPSIA of Plotown.

and

SERVE F. TONIC of Plainfield.

BOTTLES admitting holder to the contest 50c of all Druggists and Grocers.

Karl Kaerth, Referee.

SKATING

at

THE CRESCENT

Thanksgiving Day,

And Evening,

WITH

BAND CONCERT.

Admission 15 cents and 25 cents.

Smith & Cahill,

REAL ESTATE,

Insurance,

STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION

BROKERS.

25 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Real Estate for sale or rent on exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash or on margin. Private wire between New York and Chicago.

Agents for the Merchants Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.

J. B. SMITH. J. A. CAHILL.

MAY WAY'S RETURN.

Tired of Hiding, He Gives Himself Up for Prosecution.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 23.—Maj. Alex. Grier M. May, the late ex-Middlesex defaulter, was brought to our city yesterday by Detective Grier. The major had surrendered. It ran away when the charges that he had hypothecated stock of the Empire and Trading Loan Association were made in the Middlesex county court. It turns out that he had seen nothing in the house of a friend in New York. Detective Grier met the fugitive on the train, after waiting for the major coming up he received a telegram from May saying he was weary tired of running from detectives and that he was ready to give himself up to the police. The detective went to New York on a train, and brought him to this city. Counsel was hurried for, the bail was fixed at $5,000. He secured bail, and is now with his family.

The major's defalcations were discovered a month ago and when he was asked concerning them he said he was ready to settle. The companies on whom the securities were made are Margaret Casey and Alexander Brown, both of whom were known to be in Europe. The securities were forged. The bail had been furnished by Wm. Van Dorn, president of the Union Hotel company, and Empire Building Loan association. The Misses Casey are ill and could not raise the money they had put up originally, and it is understood that this action on their part made it necessary for Mr. Van Dorn to step in. Detective Grier, of New York, has a warrant which he has had to pass through since the memorable months of 1850 and 1851.

The most effective and vigorous preparations are being made by the military authorities with a view to celebrating the 100th anniversary of the revolution in Paris. Troops are being called to their barracks, and are ready for service at a moment's notice, while many more would have been summoned from the country to arrive in Versailles from Chartres, Rouen and Lille. These troops are to be provided upon or more than many of others in Paris, and the municipal guards, a force composed of fairly persons of the worst, who also assisted the Communists as much as they dared, will be disarmed.

Up to the moment of writing nothing which occurs is settled, either as to the manifestations or as to the precautions to be taken to prevent them. It is generally believed that the government will have the principal streets in the vicinity of the Bastile closed, and that the line of the parade will be kept clear by the cavalry. Many of the regiments which are to take part in the parade are

THE STATUE—AN ALLEGORY.

There's a book which lieth open
That no student ever hath read;
There's a path through woods and valleys
Forgetful tenant of human tread;
And a hallowed hair and golden,
Where beneath the branches olden
Lies a mutilated head.

In that book unnumbered authors
Write for their daily task;
Down that unknown path are passing
Men with doubting and with dread;
And the hair is fast unbinding,
Nothing seems and none upholding,
Over that mutilated head.

But the time comes when that statue,
Weather, ruin, alone must,
And when through that haunted valley
Every footstep shall have sped
Then, within the hallowed portal,
Will a statue fair, immortal
Rise the mutilated head.

—John R. Tait in Lippincott's.

THE HEROINE OF GADSDEN.

Courage of a Confederate Maiden—Gen. Streight's Capture.

An Gen. Streight surrendered Gadsden, Ala., in making its great cavalry raid, Gen. Forrest was close on his heels with 1,000 men who might properly have been called "dragoonables." They were in various uniforms, armed in various ways, and not more than half the number had horses. They were biting away at the Federal general's back, hoping to bother him until a force could get in front, but he came to a creek and the bridge had fallen from the recent rains. As soon as his troopers were over the near ground preparatory to burning the high-water bridge, Miss Emma Sansom, the heroine of a wide-spread fashion. The family was composed only of the mother and daughter, the latter a girl of 16.

There was a conference between the Federal rear guard and Forrest's advance, but instead of seeking the shelter of the house the girl, from my name, would where she could stand by her brave lover. She was a strong sympathizer with those who wore the gray, and when the Federals began to pile rails on the bridge she placed herself behind the heap and told Streight that she would be shot if he fired on her. She ran, backwards to the gate and began pulling the rails off, and it was only when two men seized her arms that the bridge could be cleared. The bridge was held by the Federals until its destruction was certain, and the men rode into the town. When Forrest arrived the bridge was burning so completely that it was impossible to ride up to the flames, and the rebel commander shed tears of disappointment and rage. Streight's men had been without food for two days, and had to be kept quiet by disaster and further injury.

Who is the woman that the legislature of Alabama voted the gift of a large tract of valuable mineral land, in order that she might build her to some educational institute. In the meantime she had fallen in love with a Texas ranger named Johnson, and she declined the gift that she might marry him and remove to Texas, where she is at present living.—Detroit Free Press.

Embalming in Alaska.

In Alaska, up to comparatively modern times, the dead have been mummified. W. H. Dall, in his recent work on "The North west coast," tells how the bodies of chief ains have been eviscerated, cleansed from fatty matters in running waters, dried and placed in a sitting posture on mats of wood grasses. The body was usually doubled up into the smallest compass, and the spinning consequence of, so as not to touch the ground, the knees were secured to the chin. Sometimes, however, the prepared body was placed in a lifelike position, dressed and armed. Some were made to look as if engaged in a conference with others; also in hunting, fishing, sewing, etc. With them were also placed effigies of the animals they were hunting, that the hunter was decked in his best armor and provided with an enormous mask, all ornamented with feathers and a countless variety of wooden pendants, colored with red ochre. Among the Alaska mummies wear masks, so arranged that the wearer, if erect, could only see the ground at his feet. These were also worn at their religious dances, the belief that the evil spirit which was supposed to animate a temporary idol was fatal to whoever might look upon it while so occupied.—New York Graphic.

The Storming of Delhi.

There is a movement in England for an increase of the pension of John Dvane, the private soldier who won the Victoria cross by leading the way to the capture of Delhi. "I mere rate at the storming of Delhi. He lost a leg on that occasion. "There was," he says, "a battle, and then a call for 'Who'll storm the battery?' And the bugler sang out, 'Johnny, go and well be after ye.' And I said, 'Come on, boys, death or glory.' And we went on, and presently I fell down, and when I came to myself I found my leg was gone, and I said: 'Never mind, John Divane, my boy, here's a shilling a day for ye for life!' And then I found a bit of pinions rag out and heard I'll only trapience a day!' Divane did not get the "death" he challenged, but the tenpenny worth per day of "glory" which the bugler sang out. Johnny got a reward for the man who started the turning point of the capture of Delhi, and thereby saved the suppression of the mutiny. He is now a pensioner, living in Dublin, publishing fun in a donkey cart at Penzance.—New York Tribune.

Mortgages Upon Farms.

For many years mortgages upon improved farms in New York and New England have been regarded as the best kind of investment for savings banks and trust funds. But the amount loaned on such property in farms, from various causes, is not now at its maximum. Many farms do not look at all like as much as they did a few years ago. Western farm property is generally increasing. Good city property is regarded favorably. New York Sun.

Emerson's Humor.

Emerson's sense of humor preserved him from the extremes into which many of his friends were led around. His quaintness was the mode of a transcendental observation. The arrival of a load of coal was noted in his journal, and he applied to it the term of the delicious apology: "You see we live just those things as if they were real."—The Epoch.

BRITAIN'S TROUBLES.

THE IRISH QUESTION AND THE HOMELESS POOR OF LONDON.

Lowering the Red Flag in Hyde Park. Meetings of the Unemployed in Trafalgar Square—No More Meetings to Be Held in Trafalgar Square.

The British government has now had two serious troubles on hand—the Irish are resisting the coercion laws in all ways short of open rebellion, and the unemployed by hundreds of thousands are crowding the large cities especially London. The year they have always with them, and it is the Irish question is not perennial, there have certainly been not short intervals in the last twenty-five years in which the trouble was not found there. It is a fact worth studying that forms of government and society make no difference in the presence or absence of misery, though they make much in the mode of its expression and treatment. In Germany the unemployed poor suffer in patient silence; in Ireland they fight the police and organize monster mass meetings; in London they menace in the parks, but content themselves with loafing and breaking fences and shade trees, while in the United States some organize strikes and riots and others go to jail for anarchy. It is a safe statement that an American mob as big as that lately assembled in London would never have been dispersed without only a few heads broken by the police. There would have been some heads broken on both sides and almost certainly a few persons killed. Since subsequent the number of unemployed has increased, the police would be doubled. The bridges would be held by the Federals until destruction was certain, and the men would be fed and housed in the armories. Then, when Forrest's advance had time to get well out of the town. When Forrest's advance had time to get well out of the town. When Forrest's advance had time to get well out of the town. When

LIGHT AND AIRY.

Unchanged.

In the pretty days of beginning
Of manhood's morning manful,
And in the love-lorn days of youth
Behind the rose-colored veil,
He'd vow to be a painter
Noted for his skill,
And, to fair friends who ask us true,
In looking faces still.
—Boston Courier.

Caste in the Future.

Stranger in Detroit (to bootblack)—Are you a Democrat or a Republican? Bootblack—I'm a Democrat. Stranger—Democrats don't usually black boots. Bootblack—Dey will after next election.

Reasonable Answers.

Mr. Wells's answers from the audience: Are you fond of poetry? Miss Brown? Yes. Well, now, Mr. Walker, I can hardly expect an Italian to perform airs, I dunno, possess a certain lack of refinement that is rather trying to the finer sensibilities of such a man. Well, now, to that many of the pikes in our town. Tid Bits.

Absolutely Different.

Good Advice.

Do not be impatient to show off your talents, my son, boys dear. Many a musical instrument is spoiled through its owner's thinking it can do nothing else. Acting as a man is one of the things which persons are ready to believe that they can do without any training. Hence it comes to pass that we have so many men in all trades who are incapable in all directions.—Boston Globe.

The Bright and Cloudy Future.

Even a Fine Day Does.

"Mr. Snowball, I hear that you're going to the south for—"

"Yes, sah! What are you going to do, sah?"

"I was going to ask you to put it down on paper for me. I've forgotten how to spell Ormain really and truly, I don't need a letter."—San Francisco Bulletin.

A Waste of Good Material.

There are some subjects not to be taught;
When Science seeks to teach a brother,
But all the world can't make a man
Who is not born with one.
—Boston Courier.

A Preference for German.

Customer to barber—Do you speak more than one language?

Barber—Yes, I speaks English and Shermaat.

Customer—Well, I wish you would talk to me in German.

Barber—You couldn't and Shermaat? Customer—No—New York Sun.

Lake City Questions.

In Chicago it can't be avoided.

That most strangers' names are knitted—
They ask of a man, "If is he wedded?"
Of a woman, "How is she fostered?"—Tid Bits.

A Valuable Deposit.

Hotel Clerk—No, sir, we can't accommodate you. You have no other baggage nor means.

Old Know It Inwell, but I came to town in a hurry and left my trunk in a wardrobe coal down at the depot.

Clerk—Oh, that's all right; I'll send my boy Nelson after it.—Detroit Journal.

Lost Now.

Oh, sad confession!
When love is old and ripe
The sweetest kisses
Are the number's on the slate.
—Harper's Bazar.

Wisely Answers Merrill.

Jones—Is that a picture by H. R. Hopper? Thought I recognized the style.

H. R. H.—Jones!

Jones—Is he one of the Sullivan.

H. R. H.—Tell Mr. Gould I've gone to the Highlands and show Mr. Sullivan in.—New York Sun.

The Best Way.

An even one hasn't a spiteful stiffe.
There is all of it and no more.
So if you can add a new thing to your life,
You'd better keep on saying what you've said before.
—Tid Bits.

It Looked Suspicious.

"How is your son getting along in New York, Mr. Hopkins?"

"I guess he isn't doing as well as he says he is. It was only last week that he had to send a second draft and a whole letter. I tell you, a man who has to send such fat wads is a mighty poor waiter."—Harper's Bazar.

How the Cook P.

"Mabel, I have something to say that I think will interest you."

"Then, Byers! You are always getting up some new surprise for me."—Merchant Traveler.

Truisms.

You can't separate rubber, as
It's no use to try.
"What's that a truism?"
What is as true as it is?—Tid Bits.

An Interesting Contest.

Walter in the parlor: Last week Mrs. Langtry and Mrs. Potter for instance, Jessie, John, who's left do you think is leading?

Husband: Why, I understand that Mrs. Langtry is still two pounds of soap ahead.—New York Sun.

A Cheerful Prospect.

"I want to know, professor, said a hospital under-surgeon, "that I may be given the job by-and-by of—"

"Yes, I understand," interrupted the professor, "and you shall have it. Leave me to manage it."

"Thank you, professor. I—"

"Don't mention it. I—"

"Yes, but I—"

"Don't say another word. I—"

"Washington Critic.

BOOKS AND AUTHORS.

Swinburne's new volume is called "Locrine."

Max Muller is publishing biographies of Words."

"Charles Egbert Craddock" will spend most of this winter in Boston.

Robert Louis Stevenson's favorite novel is Dumas' "Vicomte de Bragelonne."

Marion Crawford, who is making a daughter of Col. Bonham, is to settle in Washington, D. C.

The Turks are coming forward in history. Lieut. Col. Talat Bey has written the "Battles of Plevna."

The Woman's World, to be published in London under the editorship of Oscar Wilde, promises to show a high order of typographical and illustrative art.

It is said that once in happy Finland the average publication of books was one yearly. In 1855 the average had increased to ten. But the world is growing worse and the yearly yield numbers 1,200 volumes.

"The Ship's Pirate," Harper & Brothers, by W. Clark Russell, is a Franklin Square library edition of one of the author's cleverest and most readable sea tales, with the usual features of illustrations, process engravings from drawings by Maignan.

The Donnelly-Shakespeare incident has induced Messrs. Funk & Wagnalls to republish a facsimile edition of the Bodi folio edition of Shakespeare, on which the Donnelly cipher is based. The reprint is made from a photo-type-plate reproduction of the original recast to crown octavo size, and is now in press.

THEATRICAL GOSSIP.

Ellen Terry is 47 years old.

Lawrence Barrett has dramatized Hall Caine's novel, "The Shadow of a Crime."

Mr. Daniel Frohman has returned from Europe.

Mr. Lawrence Barrett will open at the Star theatre, New York, on Monday next.

Mr. Edwin Booth will begin his season at the Boston theatre on Monday next.

Mr. Joseph Jefferson has been playing to crowded houses at the Chicago Opera House.

Mr. Henry Irving will begin his season at the Lyceum theatre, London, on December 10.

Mr. Wilson Barrett has been playing to crowded houses at the Princess theatre, London.

Mr. Richard Mansfield will begin his season at the Star theatre, New York, on December 5.

Mr. Daniel Frohman has returned from Europe and will begin his season at the Lyceum theatre, New York, on December 5.

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HALF A DOZEN FISH STORIES.

[illegible]

A little shop of Rockland, Me., was forlorn by a shark, and one of the crew threw the fish overboard. The shark ran after it and swallowed it at one gulp, and soon died in great agony.

In the center of the dining room of the Sherman House Hotel, of Chicago, is a large fountain filled with fish, from which, when you order one, the waiter catches it alive with a dipnet and cooks it.

While fishing and working on the banks of the Sacramento river, near Dunbar, Mo., he pulled a hollow log from the river and found in it a catfish three feet six inches long which had swallowed two pocketbooks.

One of the ugliest of the finny tribe is the toadfish, a slimy creature found on the Atlantic coast, and venture to touch. The enormous mouth with its sawed-like teeth on the side and is the most prominent feature of the soft, wedge shaped body. The eyes are ill-defined and the rest is a mass of fat, tissue, adding to the ugliness of the fish. Despite its looks, as the flesh is said to be quite delicate in quality and resembles in flavor the young lamb is said to be delicious when stewed.

Rogers Bazar

Proceedings of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the County of Union.

[OFFICIAL.]

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 3, 1887.

Regular meeting of the Board of Chosen Free olders of the county of Union held on Thursday, the 3rd day of November, 1887.

Present—Director Hubbard and Freeholders Doty, Debbie, Howard Houston, Hicks, Kyte, Kleinhaus, Littell, Carmody, Pierson, Thompson, Vanderbeek, Wright, West.

Absent—Freeholder Cahill—11.

The minutes of the meeting of October 6th, 1887, were read and approved.

The following bills audited and approved, were read and ordered paid by a three-fourths vote:

State-ney Account—John C. Rankin, Jr., $25.75; John W. Dunn, $14.05; do., $55.

Coroner's Account—William Brant, $5.

Election Account—P. M. Wood, ballot boxes, $888.35.

Jail Account—C. T. Tol Co., $4.60; A. N. Trimble, $56.85; Jr. L. W. Hokker, $62.50; William C. Bak r, $18.88; Ward & Lamdell, $14.60; Harris & Stoutloff, $70.35; Jacob Brueckbacher & Co., Bender Brothers, $54.35; [illegible]

[illegible] Account—Jacob Brueckbacher & Co., $9.00; John A. Dunn, $1.50; Ward & Lamdell, $1.50; Harris & Stoutloff, $1.50; Amos W. Bell, $1.50; Bender Brothers, $1.50; Jacob Brueckbacher & Co., $1.50; Ward & Lamdell, $6.00; Harris & Stoutloff, $6.00; Amos W. Bell, $6.00; Bender Brothers, $6.00; John A. Dunn, $6.00; Henry J. Fetzer, $6.00; William H. Hall, $6.00; Charles Hann, $6.00; John B. Rogers, $6.00; James Veach, $6.00; Daniel Ward, $6.00; Bender Brothers, $6.00; John A. Dunn, $2.00; Henry J. Fetzer, $2.00; William H. Hall, $2.00; Charles Hann, $2.00; John B. Rogers, $2.00; James Veach, $2.00; Daniel Ward, $2.00; Bender Brothers, $2

The Husband's Position.

The husband who chooses to act as the wife first will find that when he accords to his wife full acknowledgment of her individuality, and surrounds her through all the position of married life to the same gracious courtesy he used to practice at an earlier day, he will have a fearless companion by his side, a woman of reflection and judgment, who, having a sense of responsibility and accountability to herself, always the sternest of judges, is an actual helpmeet, a possible champion, a charming friend, a reasonable assistant, a woman with some other entertainment in her than the reflection of his own accustomed thoughts, with some novelty and interest, and so he will find his marriage far finer thing than if he had always a sweet and tiresome little slave at command. He will find his own position, too, a something kingly, for he will be the protector and shield and support of one of a nobler order than weaklings, and he gains even in his own esteem by the assumption of that latter character.—*Harper's Bazar.*

BOTTLES AND RAGS.

A THANKSGIVING STORY.

Bottles had been declaiming from the top of a barrel which stood among other merchandise on the dock, when a slim note of a girl came toward him from the other side of the wharf. Bottles jumped down from the barrel, and, with a stage stride, approached the girl. They are a quaint pair, he a gatherer of empty bottles, she a rag picker. If ever they had names they are now no longer spoken, for they are known among the quarters they visit as Bottles and Rags. They were Bowery street waifs.

Bottles is one mass of tatters and flitters from crownless hat to torn shoes, through which his frontier toes peep. And the girl, if anything, is more ragged than he. As he grasps hold of the hand, the spirit of the man within him speaks:

"Poor little Rags; cold as a hunk of ice. Where you been? what you got? and what you goin' to do with it? If you've been and got nuthin' and can't do any shine, back comes with your father. He'll got ten cents, and ten cents'll buy a plate of fried cakes, kid."

It was interesting to study the expression of the face that which came upon the girl's face while the boy is speaking. Her father! That was only a pet term he was wont to use, expressive of *his guardian ship over her.*

"Bottles," said the girl, after a short pause, "what's the most money you ever had in all yer life?"

"To-oot, do you mean, Rags?"

"Yup."

"Well, let me see. I had—why! last Christmas I had as much as one seventy *five*"——

"Rags, yer out of yer lattytude, as the sailors used to say on the Hum see. To-morrow's Thanksgiving, kid."

"What's that, Bottles?"

"The day set 'part for doin' big feedin', sabe?"

"Yup," responded Rags.

"I say, Rags, did 'ny one see you pick it up—the puss?"

"No; I just seen it kinder jammed down in a big crack. I knowed it was ducats, and, when knowin' a thing of that sort, I made sure no one was lookin' when I lifted it."

"And a purty good lift it was, Rags. That one lift means big feedin' for you and I long with the swells. If there's not a thousand in that 'ere purse I'm a duck and board round a spell 'fore settlin' down to biz 'g'in. Nixy, now, here comes the old woman."

The latter entered with the pitcher of beer. The waifs went to the snuff box window and gazed out upon the chilly looking roofs and the slippery street below. The old woman drank the beer, after which she rolled herself in a tattered blanket, laid down upon a creaking bed, turned her face to the wall, and was soon loudly snoring.

"She's gone up, Rags. Now fur it, but hang a rag over the keyhole first," said the boy. The girl did as he requested, then came and sat down by him. He poured the clinking pieces upon the sash box under the window sill, and the two waifs went put into a comfortable cell upstairs.

Rags cried herself to sleep, while Bottles, boy like, kept by her side upon the cot and kept cheering her up by telling her that it would be all right in the morning.

And down stairs, under lock and key, the unlucky purse and pelf were lying in the desk drawer.

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"Next."

The two waifs, Bottles and Rags, were pushed forward until they stood in front of the judge's desk before his honor.

"Bless me! what's this? Little ones, *what are you doing here?*" asked the kind faced judge, beaming down upon the pair, through the set of gold bowed glasses.

Bottles knew it was not proper for him to speak, and Rags could not.

"Officer, what is the charge against this pair?" asked the judge of the policeman who had made the arrest.

"Stealing a purse, your honor."

"Ah! that is a serious charge."

"But, sir, 't ain't"——

"Never mind, my little man; your turn will come. Let the party who made the complaint step forward."

A tall man, clad in clerical garments, with long drawn visage, stepped forward. The corners of his trap like mouth were drawn down in a most solemn expression. He clasped his hands in front of him, and turned his eyes to the little waifs, as though even their presence was unholy to his cloth.

"Your name?" uttered the judge.

"Rev. Abraham Clearstarch."

Bottles could hardly hold in the titter, which, notwithstanding the solemnity of the occasion, was ready to bubble from his lips.

"You are a minister, are you not?"

The reverend gentlemen bowed.

"Mr. Clearstarch, you may state your case in as few words as possible."

"Yes, sir. Day before yesterday afternoon, I purchased a ring for my daughter. I put the ring in my purse, and walked down to India wharf upon business. Upon returning to my hotel I found that my purse was gone. I retraced my steps, but to no avail; I could not find my purse. Yesterday afternoon at dinner in the hotel where I was stopping I saw the ragged boy and the ragger of this girl. I recognized the ring, and knew at once that she must know of the purse. I left the dining room, found an officer and had him make the arrest. The girl picked my pocket."

"Sure of that, Mr. Clearstarch?" asked his honor.

"She must have done so. I certainly could not have lost it," responded the reverend gentleman.

"What have you got and ring found upon the person of the culprit?" asked the judge of the officer.

The ring was upon the girl's finger, the purse in the boy's pocket.

"Bad case. Now, my little man, tell your story."

"If you please, sir, I'm only a boy, rough and all that, sir. I swear sometimes and—maybe you wouldn't believe me. *She'll tell you all 'bout it.* You see, she's only a little girl who hasn't got no friend in all the world but Bottles —Bottles is me, sir. Rags is her name. She never swears and—she never picked his pocket, sir. I know that, 'cause I'm her father, you see."

Bottles had found his tongue and he declared that everything was straightforward way, which made the judge smile good naturedly.

"Now, Rags, tell it all. Don't be 'feared. The gospel sharp can't hurt us," whispered Bottles to the trembling girl by his side.

With frequent sobs and choking exclamations Rags told her story, which you already know. She also told how good *Bottles* had been to her; how *he had often* gone without his supper to put so that she should have food. In all, she gave a faithful picture of the peculiar life which surrounded the pair. The judge was assured of her truth, and after she had ceased, he said:

"It's evident that the girl has told what is true. Is there any one in the room *acquainted with the pair?*" *A sleek, fat,* jolly looking man stepped forward and said:

"I know them, your honor. I keep a butcher shop down in South street. A newsboy came and told me last night that Bottles and Rags had been arrested. Your honor, I stand here to say, from the bottom of my heart, that I know both of *them to be honest, square and upright.* They are unfortunate children of the street who make an honest living. I hope your honor won't be hard on the two poor little kids."

"They are both discharged. Mr. Clearstarch, you will get your purse and ring of the clerk. One thing more—you'll not find *the whole amount.* The cashier of the Crawford restaurant just sent me a note, telling how the two little unfortunates enjoyed their Thanksgiving dinner at his place yesterday. Of course, having recovered your property, you will willingly donate that dinner for charity's sake. Next."

The Rev. Abraham Clearstarch got his purse and ring, and went on his way.

And Bottles and Rags found in a kindly stranger who had been present a friend in whom philanthropy was largely developed. The pair are, this day of Thanksgiving, eating a noble dinner at a home in one of our great western states.

At last the two waifs, Bottles and Rags, are safely harbored from the sterner blows of poverty.—H. L. Keller in Commercial Travelers' Magazine.

"Hold on, Rags; put the solids in first, or you'll smash the tarts."

A smile passed over each face as the waifs loaded their bag with the remains of the feast.

"Ready, Rags?"

"Yes; let me git my op'ra hat on all square."

She arranged her headgear to suit her, and followed Bottles to the door.

Then—all this brightness turned to clouds, for a tall, blue clad form, with double rows of brass buttons upon the breast, stood there.

"Come with me, kids," said the officer, taking hold of each by the shoulder.

"You don't mean us? I say, bess, you've got the wrong party. We hain't done nuthin, have we, Rags?"

But poor little Rags was crying. The blue coats had always been the terror of her life. She had heard terrible stories about them. Now, she and Bottles are in the care of one, and she is ready to drop in fright.

"What's the racket, hoss?" asked Bottles. "Be, too, was troubled; but he must put on a brave face for the girl's sake.

"Lifting a purse. Come on."

"Just this was the end of the poor little waifs' grand dinner. On the way to the station house with an officer.

A curious crowd of street boys, newspaper venders, bootblacks and the like followed the policeman and his two little prisoners to the station house.

His honor was taking dinner; would not be disturbed; said, and the two waifs were put into a comfortable cell upstairs.

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"WHICH SHALL IT BE, JOHN, WHICH SHALL IT BE?
I LOOKED AT JOHN, AND JOHN LOOKED AT ME."

A COUNTRY THANKSGIVING.

Harvest is home. The bins are full,
The barns are running over;
Such grains and fruits we've garnered in
Till we've no space for more.
We've worked and toiled through heat and cold,
To plant, to sow, to reap;
And now for all this bounteous store
Let us Thanksgiving keep.

The nuts have ripened on the trees,
The golden pumpkins round
Have yielded their delicious seeds
Their wealth from out the ground.
The cattle-lowing in the fields,
The horses in their stalls,
The sheep and fowls all give increase,
Until our very walls
Are bending out with God's good gifts.
And now the day is here
When we with loving hearts adore
The Giver that
We take our lives, our joys, our wealth,
Unthanking every day;
If we deserve or we do not,
The sun it shines away.
So on this life of daily toil,
That leaves us little time to pray,
With brimming hearts all humbly keep
One true Thanksgiving Day.
And if there be some sorrowing ones,
Less favored than we are,
A power our gift to them I think,
Is just as good as prayer.

THE PILGRIMS' THANKSGIVING.

How It Was Observed by Direction of Governor Bradford.

The Pilgrim Fathers landed at Plymouth, as we all know, on Monday, Dec. 21, 1620.

Under favorable auspices the first harvest was gathered. With hearts of joy they secured the *bountiful crop of Indian* corn which had ripened in the fierce heats of August and the cool days of September. As they looked on the heaped up stores—the first fruits of their toil in the new land—their hearts swelled with thankfulness to the Lord that he had bountifully cared for them, and that, though sorely smitten with pestilence, they were now blessed with health, peace and freedom from the dread of famine.

Mindful of the Providence to whom those blessings were due (those stern old men were not irreligious). Governor Bradford proclaimed a solemn Thanksgiving feast, and ordered that preparations should be made for celebrating it with such festivities as were in their power. *Four men were dispatched into the woods* to shoot wild fowl, and though the game had been unusually plenty in the summer, the quartet of sportsmen returned at night staggering under their burden of turkeys, geese and pigeons sufficient to provision the entire settlement for a whole week. There was rare labor done by the good **Puritan dames,** plucking and dressing the game, pounding corn and baking it, getting out and polishing the tin and pewter **table services** brought from England and **Holland,** and scrubbing the wooden **benches** that served the poorer pilgrims **in lieu of** tin or pewter.

The roar of one of the great guns on the **hill top announced** the commencement of the **Thanksgiving.** It was Thursday, Oct. 24, *a little less than one year after their arrival* in Cape Cod bay. In the different dwellings and over the fires in the open air began the work of roasting and boiling.

When all had assembled the sergeant **stepped forward,** and the men, three abreast, with **firearms** shouldered, marched orderly and silently toward the meeting house. Behind came Governor *Bradford in his long robe of office,* walking erect as befitted a governor. On his right hand walked the venerable Elder Brewster in his preacher's cloak, bearing the Bible reverently in his hands. On the governor's left was the military chief of the colony, Miles Standish, his heavy armor laid aside for a simple cloak, his trusty sword at his side, and a small cane in his hand as a mark of office. Proudly he watched the firm tread, sturdy frames and serviceable weapons of the little troop before him, and was half regretful that among the subjects for the day's thanksgiving was the blessing of peace with all the tribes around them. It was also a pity so many good muskets should be used only in shooting wild fowl, so doubtless he thought, for the sturdy little captain was, as he had said, a man of war, half of whose thirty-seven years had been spent in knocking about the world as a soldier of fortune.

The sermon of Elder Brewster was appropriate to the occasion. Never was he known to preach a better discourse or a shorter one. Indeed, it would have been long enough now, particularly if the steam of roasting Melengris gallopavo tickled the nostrils of preacher and congregation, as it did them.

It was a Thanksgiving dinner, and no mistake about it. To be sure the tables were of the rudest, and there was not much display, nor were there the many little delicacies that can often be found now on Thanksgiving tables. But the turkey was there in all his glory of browned skin, rich gravies and palatable stuffing, and so were a number of other birds, great and small, roasted and boiled and baked over the embers. There was corn bread and hominy and puddings, and several little nicknacks such as skillful housewives could make up of the materials at hand. Nor were the tables altogether wanting in display. Some families had brought a few household relics from their English homes, and these were set out to do honor to the day of rejoicing.

The dinner over, the pilgrims turned to the homes they had left in the day closed and darkness came creeping in from the pine woods around Plymouth, the settlers trod once more, in fancy, the green lanes of England or the busy streets of Leyden. They sang the psalms and songs that had been sung around their English firesides, and mingled memories of the past with thankfulness for the present and hope for the future.

Hark! An Indian shout, followed by a challenge from one of the guard. A sharp rattle of a drum, and every man grasped his firelock and rushed out in alarm. Nearly a hundred savages were pouring into the village with shouts and cries. But there was no occasion for alarm. It was Massasoit and his braves coming in to thank the white men for their assistance and to share their festivities. They brought with them five deer and a great supply of other game, as their contribution to the feast.

So the thanksgiving feasting was continued another day. By daybreak the fires were again set going and the work of roasting, broiling and boiling was resumed. This time venison was added to the fare.

While the feast was preparing the Indians performed their dances, startling the white men and frightening the young folks and women with their wild yells and fierce gestures. When they rested Capt. Standish ordered out his soldiers in full armor and put them through their military exercises, winding up with the discharge of a volley from their muskets, and a salute from the great cannon on the hill for each of the little colonies and the governor's door. The crash of the musketry and the roar of the ordnance terrified the savages, and they begged the "great captain" that he would use no thunder again, lest he should kill them all.

On the third day the feasting was resumed, the Indians bringing in more deer before daybreak and returning early with *game for the day's feast. A council fire* was built, and around it speeches were made and the pipe of friendship was exchanged. Then, with great ceremony, Massasoit took leave of the governor, his friend. He was escorted out of the village by the chief men of the town. Standish, with the troop of musketeers, escorted the Indians a short distance from the settlement *and gave them a parting salute.*

Thus, with prayer and feasting, with godly psalms and Indian dances, with joyous artillery salutes and with warlike shouts mingling cheerily with Indian whoops, was celebrated the first New England Thanksgiving.—H. Maria George in Demorest's Magazine.

A BRAKEMAN'S THANKSGIVING.

"Did we have any Thanksgiving at our house?" replied the brakeman, echoing an engineer's inquiry. "Well, I should say we did. I had a lay off that day. The night before mother was laying me off forever, too. Didn't you hear about that? Funniest thing that ever happened on the road. I was coming in on the last section of 57. I having the rear end, I went up ahead to speak to the conductor, who was on the engine. It was in the middle watch, and the stars before the moon rose. As I was going back I slipped on a broken foot board right at the end of one of those infernal refrigerator cars, and fell. I couldn't help it, could I, be*fore me, but I knew I was going down.* I clutched for the hand rail, but failed to reach it. Down I went, landing on the ground between the cars, breaking my fall by a one hand grasp on the brake rod. I knew what that meant. It came over me like a flash. I was stuck, and I knew it. My first thought was of my wife and babe—of what a Thanksgiving dinner *they would have with the turkey the* superintendent had sent us, and me a-lyin' in the little front room all cold. I can't tell you all I thought in that second, and I wouldn't if I could. But I do know I can remember striking the ground. I struck on my feet, my efforts to grasp the hand rail and my quick grip on the brake rod had started *my feet down first. The horror of that* shock. Quicker than you can wink the thought flashed through my mind that the next instant I would be crushed by the wheels of the dozen cars behind me. But I wasn't. I fell headlong on the ground and rolled out of the terrible path of death, but conscious. I couldn't realize why the other cars didn't run over me. I waited for them, and supposed every jar I heard was going out and polishing the tin and pewter **table services** brought from England and **Holland,** and scrubbing the wooden **benches** that served the poorer pilgrims **in lieu of** tin or pewter.

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AT BRUDDER JACKSON'S.

Why They Were Grateful on Thanksgiving Day.

"Chilluns and friends, likewise Mrs. Jackson, we am now gathered around this festibe board to discuss our Thanksgiving dinner, and to keep the service in our hearts what we is minded of by this bountiful feast. Now, my deah hearers, and likewise you, chillun, we is each of us to 'spress our self in turn, an' say what we is thankful for. For myself, bein' the oldest, I kin say that I am thankful for everything; most particklerest that I is 'bout over that rheumatics that bodders me so, and that Mrs. Jackson keeps in good helf and plenty of washin', and that my chillun is all 'in' to school and is a-growin' up nice and genteel. Now, Mrs. Jackson, it's your turn."

"I gives thanks to de Lord for all his mussy, but I would like to say that I is very glad that there ain't no ornery, low down, white trash what can beat me a-polishin' dese yeah winders, nor in looks when I gets my Sunday close on."

"Mrs. Jackson," said the old man, reprovingly, "that ain't in order, but 'low-ing that long as it's so, ye ain't no wise to blame. Now, Cleopatra, let's hyar from you."

"Law, paw, I don't like to say, but I is thankful all the same," with a look at Mr. Adonis Hawkins, who smiled back as if he had the same reason for giving special thanks.

"Now, Abraham Linken Jackson, tell yer paw and all the company what you is the thankfullest for," said the benign old father in Israel to the youngest member of the family, after all the rest had expressed themselves.

"I is thankful fer that there ain't no more of us, 'cos if day was dat dere tukky wouldn't go 'round!"

"Ahem! Let us say grace."

A THANKSGIVING SERMON.

Of all the days that have been set apart as sacred to the people in this country, two stand forth in holy radiance as the outcome of the purest sentiments. The one is Decoration day, and the other Thanksgiving. The one was based on loving memory of the dead, and the other in gratitude to the bountiful Giver of all we enjoy. The flowers we lay upon the graves of our soldiers and lost ones are not sweeter than the thanks we offer today. Some, indeed, may not give articulate sound to their thanks, but it is safe to say that in all this broad land there is not one person whose heart, whether it is weighed down by sorrow or filled with joy, does not send at least one grateful thought toward the source of all good, though perhaps they are hardly conscious of it.

Gratitude for favors given is a pure and ennobling sentiment, and meet is it that this youngest and most signally blessed country should set apart one day wherein the whole nation, as one soul, should bow in silent thanks for all the bounties and blessing we enjoy. We receive the feast in the spirit of a reminder that these blessings are but a part of the abundant store; and with the feasting the thanksgiving ceases. Let there be no empty tables in all the land, that not one single heart fail to offer its meed; and let us all "Praise the Lord for his good works, for his mercy endureth forever."

An Old Fashioned Dinner.

The following is the list of the dishes at Thanksgiving dinner at Governor Pingree's farm. Everything with the exception of the pudding was placed upon the table at once, to obviate the necessity of rising, as the dear governor has become too strong and kept no servants, and yet cooked it all herself. At the head of the table was a large roast chicken and in the middle two roast chickens, and at the foot was an enormous turkey, and opposite the chickens a roasted pig. There were fourteen plates of cold meat, a large dish of cakes, crullers, preserves, pickles of four kinds, boiled onions, mashed potatoes, and turnips, apples, cheese nuts, custard, bread cheese, tea, brown and white bread, and lastly a big plum pudding, and coffee. All this for thirteen persons. This dinner was twelve years ago, and all the diners still live.

A Thanksgiving Sentiment.

McMaster, the historian, when asked for a Thanksgiving sentiment wrote this: "Every man today earns more money, wears better clothes, eats better food and at home has a more comfortable home, knows more of the world, holds broader views than he could possibly have done when the Nineteenth century came in."

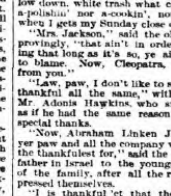
The Pumpkin Pie.

'Tis rhubarb pie in early spring,
And gooseberry in June;
And Christmas time it's rich mince pie,
Morning, night and noon.
But the royal pie for Thanksgiving
Is pumpkin, good and yellow.
Ah! that's the kind for me, if not
For any other fellow!

A CITY THANKSGIVING.

Oh! russet is the forest,
No leaves are left on a tree,
No shelter there for fellows
Who tramp like you and me.

Oh! cold are country breezes,
And warmer is the town;
So trav'lers on our uppers
My chum and me comes down.



For we're sure of one good layout
Of turkey, meat and pies;
A real Thanksgiving dinner,
Election day supplies.

And though we get no money
And likewise nary beer,
We're mighty thankful, for it
Must last us one whole year.

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And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or 40 cents a month. It is also printed to all parts of the United States, at $5 per year payable in advance.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1887.

A MAN WITH REMARKABLE EARS.

Mr. Joseph Everett, who resides between Middletown and New Stanton, has as large ears as any man perhaps in the county. They are thirteen inches long and of proportionate dimensions every other way. One might at first suppose that such phenomenally large ears would detract from the owner's beauty, while possessing an compensating advantage. Not at all. Mr. Errett is as good looking as other men.—Greensburg (Pa.) Press.

JOHN WHITE'S THANKSGIVING.

"Thanksgiving—for what?"
—and he muttered a curse—
"For the plainest of food
and an empty purse;
For a life of hard work
and the shabbiest clothes!
But it's idle to talk
of a poor man's woes!
Let the rich give thanks,
for they who can;
There is nothing in life
for a laboring man."
So said John White
to his good wife Jane,
And o'er her face
stole a look of pain.

"Nothing, dear John, and he thought again;
Then gloomed more loudly
down on Jane
"I was wrong!" he said
"I'd forgotten you;
And I've no health
and the baby, too."
And the babe crowed
as a bouncing boy—
And over Jane's face came a look of joy;
And his kissed her John
as he went away,
and he said to himself
as he worked that day:
I was wrong, very wrong;
I'll not grumble again.
I should surely be thankful
for baby and Jane."

AN IDEAL THANKSGIVING.

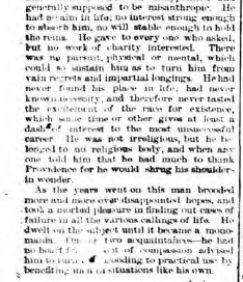
As there are abuses the law cannot reach, so there are people no holiday includes. There is a time of the year when vagrants—called so only in a few instances, for we sometimes meet with good things and made to share the comfort of the rich. But as compulsory charity, as the destitute as a body is carried into their homes, as nourishment in its stench after receipients as thoughtful in the course of creature comforts, it is pitiful to think how many yet remain in the "hitching-on and hard-up" of reach.

One can imagine a gathering of such as these. We see much of the other side of the picture. We see the willing to share, that those who come to the surface are only the minority. In all every success, however modest and laborious, there is a substructure of unrecognized failure, and for one person whom we see in moderate comfort and unassuming ease, there are 100 or 1,000 who have seen work to-morrow.

I think back to many fully spread boards, public and private, on this day of typical thanksgiving for all the blessings and good gifts of the year. Before the table, I was accidentally introduced late in the evening proved of greater interest and rarity than any of the others.

The host was a gray headed man, wifeless and childless, rich, old, disappointed and generally supposed to be misanthrope. He had made his life, to his interest strung, sought to absorb him, so will stable enough to hold the reins. He gave to every one who asked, but no work of charity interested. There was no pathos, no tragical or comical, which could so sustain him as to turn him from vain regrets and impartial longings. He had never found his place in life, had never known the sweet rest and comfort therefore never had the excitement of the race for existence, which some time or other gives at least a dash of interest to the most unsuccessful career. He was not irreligious, but he belonged to no religious body, and when any one told him that he had much to thank Providence for he would shrug his shoulders in wonder.

As the years went on this man brooded more and more over disappointed hopes, and took a morbid pleasure in finding out cases of failure in all the various callings of life. He dwelt on the subject until it became a monomania. One or two acquaintances—he had no heart for — sort of compassion advised him to turn it to account by moodling to practical use by benefiting men in situations like his own.



Such was the singular host. As for the guests, they were as various in class, education, birth and appearance as they could be, even in a city where everything under the sun is more or less represented. All who are bankrupt and ruined in reputation and position, or in their own estimation, had a representation at that strange feast of moral sympathy. Every degree of shabbiness, of dissipation, in face or garment, was present; for no rule was made as to dress, and those whom duns or illness made send a word as freely as invited as they may had made joyful attempts at the company. The talk was sinful and characteristic, chiefly occupied with the past or the future as it might have been.

On the host's right hand sat a man in rusty black, with nervous hands that clutched at things and trembled as they held glass or fork or napkin. He had never been a criminal, never willingly harmed any one, never entertained a deliberately unkind thought, and yet to all intents and purposes he was a murderer and a suicide. His spirit was dead, or in its last agonies, and of this he was daily conscious in a despairing sort of way.

On the host's left, the other place of honor, stood what a significant distinction! occupy those promised seats—sat the juvenile individual of the whole party. At first sight it would have been difficult to say why he had his share at the banquet of the ruined, disappointed, bereaved and afflicted. It was not his look nor his dress that told the secret, but his words. He was bett-er dressed than any of his fellows, and a self satisfied expression was upon his face. But you soon saw a blank in the midst of that self satisfaction—the lack of something, the mysterious something would have just put him beyond the pale of our friend's circle. He talked louder than the rest and held out the comfort of irresponsibility in the present and annihilation hereafter—no God to restrain us now, and none to judge us later, but the lack of that "something" made his face grow ugly and hard as he expounded his theories, and his own appearance was but a poor argument in favor of his theories.

A curious rivalry between many of the guests attracted my attention. Each thought his own misfortune the heaviest, and was jealous of the consideration which other misfortunes won. Some even flung it into the faces of certain others that when they were enjoying prosperity they had been appealed to in vain. Any card about equality in spite of loss of money was promptly resented by those who had been in the attitude of solicitors. This feast was no good place at which to air like talk nor a suppose time for fine character. The restrictions which obtain in society less honest of speech, though more polished, were laid aside and each one let his mind. All told their worldly circumstances quite plainly.

One said that he lived with his wife, three children and another in-law in two rooms in an unwholesome tenement house, and earned $5 a week in a shop shop selling rotten clothing to greenhorns.

Another said that I started in life with the notion of being a great author. I am over 40 now, and glad to get $6 a week in a book store. I have certainly spent my time, and made about $1,000 altogether in little sums, but no one knows my name. I carried a novel around from one publishing house to another for ten years, and never could get any other even to read them. I am trying to save a little money now to get the poem published after my death, with a full autobiography which may teach the world what it has lost, and make people sorry that they let such a man die a miserable death after disappointing all his friends.

"They say some people have forced themselves on the public by the manner of their death," said a solid, melancholy looking man by the another's side, "and I think it would be worth while to try such a scene to make my Romeo and Juliet sell."

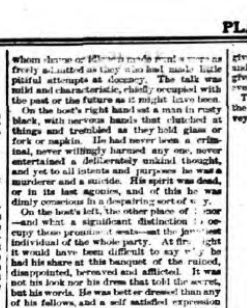
"You talk of death like a child," said a croaking voice across the table. "He is an I, an old woman, once Minnie St. Angel, the famous actress, but now she has a starving, broken down, drinking how. Never despair while you are young; it is only the old who know what trouble is. To have been some one, and then to fall to nothing—that is the hardest thing of all, much harder than to have been unknown all your life."

"Well, I think it is harder for those who never had a brief hour of success at all," said a thin woman. "I was the drug for of a theatre hack, and was on the stage from a child. But as I grew in years and size, and I was used in all the common parts and never knew what it was to have an individuality. I have never had a home, and since my father died I have never even had a friend. Now I am wardrobe woman in a low theatre, and glad—yes, thankful—to have the place, too. It is hard to work for no pay, said a rough voice opposite. "I was a soldier of Napoleon's as a lad, fought in Algeria and in Russia, and became I took part in some plot for the restoration of the empire, which got me a pension, and starved in consequence. I ran away, and once here could find nothing to do, and I am trying to beg money enough to buy a hand organ and vamp about."

Near him sat a prim old body in a shiny black silk gown. She seemed rather shocked by the mention of the organ and steal, and remarked that as he was a man he could surely find some work to do. She went on to say: "Although I am only a woman, I set to work at once as soon as our fortune was gone. I got a teacher's place in a school, and ever since I have taught and supported myself. But it is very hard for a lady tenderly brought up, and not taught very thoroughly —as people were not in my day—to mix with common people and be knocked about in the world. My father was a rich man and a gentleman, and we have the best in our veins for many generations back, long before our family ever crossed the ocean. Our name is on the history of the country, and there was never one bearing it who disgraced it."

"A good pedigree is a fine thing if it be genuine," said a crippled man near the old lady. "But if I had it, and could exchange it for a straight back and sound limbs, I would gladly give it up. Yet I believe I am happier than many to-day. I have had to get one thing and get it, though it brought little else with it. I was a poor man's son and had to earn my bread, and the one thing I wanted was learning. As I was a cripple and good for nothing to work, I got books from kind neighbors and taught myself sitting by the kitchen fire, or in the shop on the dinner-step in summer. Sometimes I got to school when I had clothes good enough to wear, and at last, through the compassion of neighbors, to college. But I grew more infirm as I reached manhood, and, indeed, but for this I should have no right to be here among you. Some of my fellow students, and those other young men; and so I jog on—I and my books; and though my meals often consist of bread and milk, I am not unhappy. I said I would give gold-blood in exchange for good health and strong, sound limbs; but I would not give my books for health or good blood, nor even health alone for a long pedigree."

The host smiled on one and said: "There is the man who is really monarch of all he surveys."



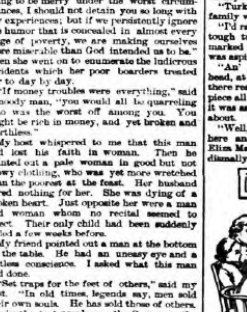
It was saddening to turn from the cripple to the others. Many of them were equally gifted intellectually, yet they had never attained his calm contentment with his lot.

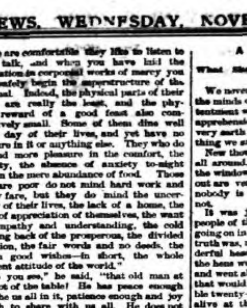
A man in a rough jacket, with a careless air, which was contradicted by his face, said: "Well, I fancy I have had a wider experience than any of you, if change of employment gives experience. There are few things I have not tried, but I never succeeded in any. I have been an errand boy, a shoe boy, a peddler, a miner, an engineer and an expressman. I have written dismal trash to sell to widely cheap and mean papers. I have taught dancing, and tried to read in advance for a crust of bread. I have distributed advertisements at street corners; and now I am just where I was when I started. I have no home. I left my last boarding place without paying, but left my only good coat behind instead. I slept last night in a car depot, and picked up the cigar ends to keep the balance off this morning. I would take any job, but people don't seem to want jobs done just now. They look at me suspiciously and say: 'There's only room for you if you only bestir yourself and look for it.'"

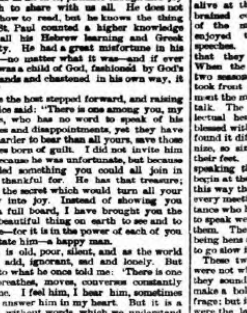
"You and I are much alike," said a man opposite, in a low voice, which suited his words and out of my profession. I am a musician, young and unknown. I have heard you all talk of being poor, but when a man loses his place in an orchestra he has nothing through the want of a postage stamp at the right time. I tell you he knows something of poverty, though he may have a good coat on his back. I've come to the end of my tether of course. We might be even famous and starve. Meanwhile I am obliged to keep up appearances and live in a decent manner."

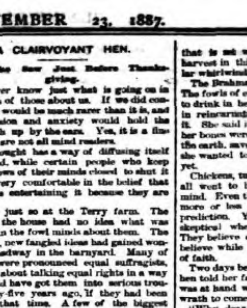
"Yes," said a woman near him, "and I dare say not your own house. Well, if poor boarders have their troubles, don't think that landladies have not theirs in the shape of bread of roses. There is a hopeless side to poverty, and a contented side, and I've seen both side. But I know of another. It is the rich, poor side. My husband died in debt. There was only the weary old way to support myself. I opposed a boarding house. I wish ladies could go there down to make money. I had not the strength of mind to do differently from others at my set, and I think with us it often finds one of the great causes of our troubles. We don't dare to face the world's talk, even when there is nothing to be ashamed of. I had a hard time with my resident servants, for I did not thrive and could not pay high enough prices to secure good ones. But I sent for two of my nieces, as poor as any one, and they fell to helping me. That is the hardest thing of all, much harder than to have been unknown all your life."

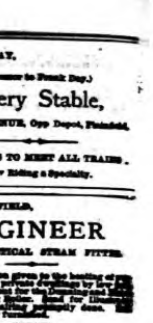
"Well, I think it is harder for those who never had a brief hour of success at all," said a thin woman. "I was the drug for of a theatre hack, and was on the stage from a child. But as I grew in years and size, and I was used in all the common parts and never knew what it was to have an individuality. I have never had a home, and since my father died I have never even had a friend. Now I am wardrobe woman in a low theatre, and glad—yes, thankful—to have the place, too. It is hard to work for no pay," said a rough voice opposite. "I was a soldier of Napoleon's as a lad, fought in Algeria and in Russia, and became I took part in some plot for the restoration of the empire, which got me a pension, and starved in consequence. I ran away, and once here could find nothing to do, and I am trying to beg money enough to buy a hand organ and vamp about."

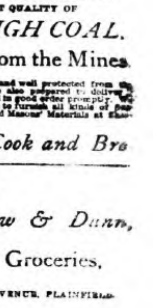


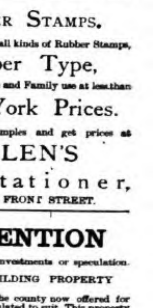












SLEEPLESSNESS.

A CAUSE OF THE NERVOUS IRRITABILITY OF YOUNG PEOPLE.

Indulgence Received in Early Childhood, Sleeping in Certain Positions—Difficult for Doctors to Agree on the Subject.

Rule at West Point.

Whoever first said that "nine hours' sleep is enough for a fool" disclosed by those words a closer kinship to the fool than he was aware of. The larger and more active the brain the more it needs sleep. Webster, during the grandest period of his life, contrived to secure at least nine hours' sleep. Gen. Grant said during the most eventful period of his great campaign, "I can do nothing without nine hours' sleep."

To get the sleep required by the brain worker it is necessary that he should be able to drop off to sleep at will. Bonaparte used to lie on the ground and in two minutes be fast asleep. It is a pretty safe rule to sleep as long as one can sleep. There are people who are wise enough to eat when they are hungry, but who have never attained that higher degree of wisdom to sleep when they are sleepy.

Gen. Butler, who is a worker of enormous power, can sleep almost at will, it is said. Mr. Lowell has trained himself to sleep at any time, and declares that he can sleep a whole day and night at a stretch. He sleeps during his railway journeys and while on shipboard, at times when others are usually awake.

Very likely much of the nervous irritability and weakness that young people have, especially girls, is due to an indulgence received in childhood in the matter of putting off going to bed at nightfall. The parlor is lighted, the books and work are out, the table is open for games, the neighbor, perhaps, has dropped in, all looks so cheerful and bright that the child whose bedtime has sounded begs entreatingly for first a little more time, and the mother, whose heart is warm with love for children, and who will not deprive them of any pleasure, relents for just that little time and does not hurry to put the child to bed. Then at last the children do go off reluctantly they have found that procrastination is a pleasure and that they can break a paternal law by tossing, but that natural law that calls for sleep they cannot break, and so they get up in the morning at about the same time, whatever time they went to bed. Their nerves have been deprived of their necessary rest and their brains of the development of the growth so the repair which takes place in sleep.

It has yet to be determined, upon sound oral journal, whether any particular harm can come from sleeping in a certain position which the individual unconsciously assumes. Observation made upon 250 sleepers has that 65 per cent. slept upon the right side, 25 per cent. upon the left and 10 per cent. on the back. A physician, however, says that it is better to lie on the left side, in that the action of special diseases, such as lung disease, rendering it desirable to lie on the weak side, was to leave the healthy lung free to expand.

When rest is taken on the right side, the body is placed where the food gravitates more easily out of the stomach to the intestines and the weight of the stomach does not compress the upper portion of the intestines.

To show how difficult it is for doctors to agree, their opinions on the proper position during sleep may be examined. One of them maintains that lying flat on the back with the limbs relaxed would be conducive to the greatest amount of rest for the muscular system. This is the position assumed in the most exhausting diseases, and it is generally looked on as token of rest and mental satisfaction to turn on the side. Sleeping with arms thrown over the head is to be deprecated because it creates a tendency to cramp and mold the muscles, and to cause unnecessary cause troubles and dreams. On the other hand a physician says that sleeping on the back is the healthiest position. Lying on the great weight of the stomach, heart, intestines and other organs pressing on the numerous nerves about the spine, must in time cause injury. Also the left side, and when the person lies on his side, must have its head elevated, it is said. The spine and nerves are also normally treated by the position of resting. Sleeping with the face downward is called the natural way.

Again, it is claimed that a really healthy person does not sleep in one position all night. He rests on one side and then on the other and probably always on his back and in modifications of these positions. Physicians say that it is unhealthy to be constantly on the right side, as bad for the heart to lie on the left side, and most people have the misfortune or step too heavily if they rest on the back. At the military school in the Isle of Shoals students are ordered to sleep on the right side, and the same rule is in force at West Point.

A doctor recommends a position during sleep in which the feet will be elevated about eight inches above the head—the habit can be easily formed if the process is undertaken gradually—the pillows being taken from behind the head and placed under the feet. Many years experience with this method of sleeping convinced the doctor that the circulation is improved and better nutrition for the brain and nerves obtained. As the thyroid gland acts as a regulator for the distribution of the blood, no undue congestion of the brain need be apprehended. He recommends his method for nervous disorders depending on anemia of the brain and spine, sleeplessness, etc., and in diseases of the heart and lungs.—Good Housekeeping.

Hints for Modern Barbers.

Our Saxon ancestors appear to have devoted considerable attention to the subject of their hair. Though ignorant of macassar oil, they discovered that their locs burned to ashes and settled in oil with leaves of willow would stop hair from falling off, but should the hair be too thick, the must a swallow be burned to ashes, took a tile, and the ashes be sprinkled on the head. But in order alto gether to prevent the growth of hair, ointments were rubbed on the place are found an effectual help and "never will any hair come there."—Nineteenth Century.

Demand for Minor Coins.

The demand for the minor coins—dimes, nickels and cents—is so great that the Philadelphia mint, where by law they are required to be produced, is unable to keep pace with it. The demand is to an extent never known before in the south and west.—Chicago Times.

Heat's Mechanical Equivalent.

The question as to what is the exact mechanical equivalent of heat has long puzzled engineers. The latest experiments show that one pound of water raised one degree Fahrenheit is equal to one pound lifted 780 feet.—Public Opinion.

Negotiations are on foot to colonize ten thousand Germans from Chicago to settle on hundred acres on what is known as Storm's ranch, between Colfax and Grass Valley, Nev.

A polished floor is kept so by wiping it with a cloth saturated with milk, or with sea oil.

STRAY BITS.

The Daily Dinner Horn is the name of a new paper at Paris, Tex.

A row round Ireland in an open boat has been attempted by a ventriloquist sailor who started from Belfast lough recently.

A diver baited patron of the Fifth Avenue hotel, New York, who has lived there for twenty-five years, claims that in that time his lodging and meals have cost him $100,000.

The Alaskan Indian is pre-eminently the dude of his race. He is always clad in handsome fur robes, and his chief care is a walking stick which is often a beautiful specimen of elaborate carving.

The man who blows the cornet in a rural brass band down in Maine is a wit and has left town. He said he is looking for a drum major that won't look like a midget prancing in front of him.

The Jackson (Mich.) police force, sixteen in number, weighs 2,861 pounds, is 646 years old and 94 feet in height. Its feet are 836 inches in length, it wears a size 116 hat and has 527 buttons on its clothing.

Centipedes in China have a very poisonous sting. In a Tientsin hospital there were at one time last summer a man with an abscess in his face and another with blood poisoning from the bite of the insect.

The forfeited railroad grant in Michigan held by fraud for nearly thirty years is being pre-empted with a rush. L'Anse is nearly depopulated. Even the editor of its one newspaper has dropped his shears and gone into the wilderness.

Two families occupying the same house in Wallingford, Conn., fought long and bitterly until the women broke the floor burned feathers and cayenne pepper. Then the woman on the second floor capitulated and moved out.

The original Bartlett pear trees, named after Enoch Bartlett, still stand on his grounds, near Boston, and are over fifty years old. Twenty years ago a new top was grafted upon these old trees and they still bear fine fruit.

A letter addressed to "the best lawyer" in Washington was received a few days ago from a man in Jefferson, Tex., who wanted to get an opinion on some original poems which he inclosed. Poets have to proceed cautiously in Texas.

The Klamath Indians have built up a code of laws for their people along the Pacific coast. In their large canoes, hewn out of the solid trunks of immense trees, they carry dairy and farm products for the settlers and return with groceries and other supplies.

At Barre, Vt., is being quarried an immense block of granite to be used in a California bank vault. It is to be twenty-five feet long, twelve feet wide and five feet wide, and it will require thirty span of horses to draw it four miles to the railroad station.

An English lock maker claims to have perfected a door that can be used in public buildings that will obviate the chances of accident in times of panic or real danger. It can be opened from the outside only by a key, but can be opened from within easily. It is to swing open outward.

Many years ago the grounds whereon the Atlanta exposition now stands was sold to Mr. Miles Dodson, of Cobb county, for $400. This year the property was sold to the Piedmont stock company for $42,000. This shows the increase of values in real estate in and about Atlanta.

The Fiburin islanders, the descendants of British convicts, still live happily and are prosperous. A shipwrecked man from the Unio Castle has married one of the natives. He says that of late the islanders have taken Young, Judson and Christian, and want little except nails and flat hooks.

A passenger on a Georgia railroad, with a ticket to Watts Station, found that the train would not stop there. After signaling in vain to the conductor, he went to the front platform of the rear coach, drew out the coupling pin, and let the coach, with only the car sidetrack it stopped, jumped off into the darkness. It was not until the train reached Sylvania, some distance beyond, that the loss of the car was discovered.

The largest sponge ever produced in Florida has been placed from Gardner S. Hardee's grove in Brevard county. The variety is known as the loggerhead. The sponge was fifty inches in circumference and weighed exactly two pounds and two ounces. This specimen was a grape fruit or pomelo, a variety of the citrus family aside from orange, but was a bona fide orange in appearance.

The Congressional library at Washington will cover more than two and a half acres. Mr. Smithmeyer, to whom the library has been intrusted, has carried on, says The American Architect, elaborate plans for the ultimate power of the site on which it will stand. A loaded car was brought to bear on the earth of the excavated foundations in such a way as to prove that the pressure was equal to thirteen and a half tons to the square foot. As the estimated weight of the building is between two and three tons to the square foot, the chances of settlement of walls and consequent disaster are reduced to a minimum. The German parliament house covers 140,000 square feet, the Royal library at Munich 90,000, the library of the British museum 97,000.

COURTSHIP AND MARRIAGE.

A wedding epidemic has broken out in Paris, Ky.

A tailoring firm at Crawfordsville advertises that a marriage license will be given every young man who will buy his wedding suit of clothes.

In a trial at Philadelphia the other day the fact was brought out that two young people, who were neighbors, had been in the habit of doing their courting on the roof of a house near by.

John Martin, of Trimbelville, Chester county, Pa., courted Miss Estella Webb for twenty years, and then broke a matrimonial engagement. Now she sues him for $30,000, or $1,000 a year for his courting.

James B. Bell, who is mentioned as having been one of the men that recently in Madison, Conn., threw four wives and his gone to smash lives out at the time of his death he was preparing for his eighth marriage.

A young man at Tiffin, O., court the young lady until 1 o'clock in the morning. When it started to go home he found the door fastened on the inside, so that he could not open it. When he tried to crawl out of a window he was arrested as a burglar and had to be identified by the girl.

SPORTING AND ATHLETIC.

Tommy Warren and Patsy Cleary, in St. Paul, have signed articles to fight for $100 a side, Marquis of Queensberry rules, on March 20th. London prize ring rules will govern as for the championship.

O. Whitaker, Crawfordsville, Ind., has been the largest reward by wheeling 24 miles in twenty-four hours. This run was all over the road between Crawfordsville and Lafayette and covered by eighteen miles any previous run.

DR. PETERS.

The American Who Has Revived the Ancient Art in Egypt.

Discovered the Lost Tombs of Hermonthis.

Dr. C. H. Peters, of Hamilton college, Utica, N. Y., who has been the victim of more practical jokes, probably, than any other professor in the United States, is also the recipient of many honors, the last of which is the "Cross of the Legion of Honor," conferred by the president of the French republic. The letter accompanying the documents is signed by M. Flourens, minister of foreign affairs, and bears date of Aug. 3, but the insignia did not reach Utica till some time in October, as they had to come through the office of the French legation at Paris.

This high honor conferred by a foreign government, is but one of many recent proofs of the high reputation American astronomers have obtained abroad. Professor James Watson, of the University of Michigan, obtained the highest honors of his time, especially in Egypt, but, to the intense regret of Michigan, he accepted a place in the University of Wisconsin, and died there from cold contracted in his very first observations. Professor Watson was a native of Michigan, but of course, despite his name, is by birth a German; they were great rivals in the discovery of asteroids until it became impossible to keep track of the newly-discovered specimens.

PROF. C. H. PETERS

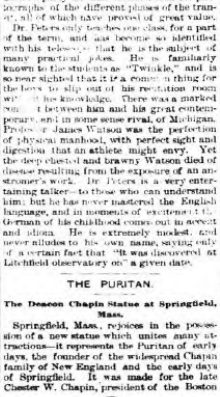
Dr. Peters, however, has taken first place, having located forty-four asteroids. He has also catalogued 75,000 nebulæ and stars and 12,000 solar spots. The articles he has written, the charts he has prepared and the valuable notes he has contributed to scientific works are almost beyond computation, as he is singularly careless of his claim to any production. He loves his science for itself alone. He is a good general scholar, a graduate in Greek and Latin and modern languages, but especially and above are his specialty, and he loves astronomy with such devotion that he has never found time to write a work on it.

Christian Henry Frederick Peters was full named was born in Germany, Sept. 19, 1813, graduated at the University of Berlin, took the highest degree of Ph. D. and was sent to locate in Germany when the increasing probability that he would have to spend seven years in the army induced him to come to the United States. He was first employed in the coast survey, but soon demonstrated his capacity so thoroughly that in 1850 he was given charge of astronomical observations in Hamilton college. In 1857 Edwin C. Litchfield, of Brooklyn, endowed the chair and observatory with $75,000, since which time it has been known as the Litchfield observatory, and has been identified with the fame of Dr. Peters. Among the doctor's many noted achievements was the observation of one-hundredth planet, Hecuba, from Cape de Bel Maines, La., from which important deductions were made, and maps of the transit of Venus made in 1874 in New Zealand. The doctor's party on that occasion took 327 photographs of the different phases of the transit, all of which have proved of great value. Dr. Peters has also made the discovery of the law of the asteroids, a perfect sight and digestion that an athlete might envy. Yet the deep chested and brawny Watson died of disease resulting from the exposure of an astronomer's work. Dr. Peters is a very entertaining talker—to those who can understand him; but he has never mastered the English language, and in moments of excitement the Germanic of his childhood comes out in accent and idiom. He is extremely modest, and never alludes to his own name, saying only of a certain fact that it was discovered at Litchfield observatory on a given date.

THE PURITAN.

The Deacon Chapin Statue at Springfield, Mass.

Springfield, Mass., rejoices in the possession of a new statue which unites many attractions—it represents the Puritan of early days, the founder of the widespread Chapin family of New England and the early days of Springfield. It was made for the late Chester W. Chapin, president of the Boston



"THE PURITAN"

and Albany railroad, in honor of his ancestor, Samuel Chapin, deacon of the first church in Springfield; it is designed not only to represent the man, but as an ideal type of the Puritan character, stern, resolute, self reliant and God fearing, the man who laid the foundations of the free commonwealths of New England. The artist, Augustus St. Gaudens, has done his work well. We see in the statue the firm step of the Puritan on his way to church, his cloak flung back, in his hand a stout staff and under his arm a great leather bound clasp Bible. The figure is broad, heroic size, and the impression is one of power and earnestness. It stands upon a broad granite pedestal. The face is a study of composite—made up by a study of the family features of the Chapins. The statue is to stand on the Northampton street side of Stearns park, facing Bridge street, with a setting of trees and shrubs to give a fine effect. The position was chosen by the artist, St. Gaudens. The Springfield citizens who have been favored with a view of the statue in advance of the unveiling are warm in praise of it and claim that their city will soon possess the masterpiece of the foremost of American sculptors.

Beavers are very abundant on the Appomattox river in Virginia.

A QUESTION.

We loved for a summer from June to September,
Twas only a j-ut, tho', I beg you'll remember,
But the tears in our eyes, were they only moist
And the ache in our hearts, will it vanish tomorrow?

Twas only a jest, and we're parting forever,
The words on our lips, were they light as air never,
And the look in our eyes; ah, can eyes as dissemble
Do they lie, like the lips, as they whiten and tremble?

Gushby, yes, forever to make believe passion,
Dark frowns for pleasure and joyance to heartache and fashion,
Twas love mid the flowers and it died like a blossom
Was it worth all the pain for the jest of an hour?
—Roberta White in Home Journal.

ANECDOTES OF THE WAR.

Two Confederates Who Had No Interest in the Struggle—A Frightened Skulker.

Maj. J. H. Skelton retired in our hearing the following diverting incidents of the sanguinary battle of Sharpsburg or Antietam:

Gen. Barksdale drew his brigade up in line and addressed them in substance as follows:

"I am upon this battle hangs in all probability the destiny of the Confederacy, the destiny of our beloved homes, the destiny of our people, the destiny of our fathers and our mothers, of our wives, of our sweethearts. Then let every man of us be a hero in the battle, and regard ourselves like men. If there be a man among you that values his name, more than previous things that I have just enumerated feels that he has nothing to battle for, he will step to the front. I will give him permission to retire to ignominious obscurity."

A little juncture two men, lank, dirt caking looking fellows of forty stepped to the front and one of them in nasal bo-s-sound cent:

"Now'rul, me'n him," pointing to his companion, "hain't got no home, no children, no mammy, no wife, no sweetheart, an' nary nigger kin we get."

The general looked at them with withering scorn for a few seconds, and then, pointing to the woods in the rear, thundered: "Git!" and they got.

While battle was at its height, and the cannons' thunder fairly made the ground quake, and the shells and grapeshot shrieked through the murky air like veritable demons, Gen. "Bans" Wright saw a fellow running out of the fight like a scared rabbit. The general drew his pistol, and, putting spurs to his horse, intercepted the recreant soldier and shouted to him:

"Go back to your place, sir; go back or I'll shoot you."

The frightened skulker yelled back: "Shoot and be hanged to you; them fellers hev got a thunderin' sight bigger guns than you hev!" and, darting under the general's horse's belly, momentarily took to his heels.

The above yarns of Maj. Skelton recall to our mind the witty pun of an old "Johnny Reb" on the march to Hagerstown, Md., just before the battle of Sharpsburg. A number of the soldiers were barefoot, and the soles of their feet were sore and bleeding. Our company friend had been detailed as rear guard, had halted in the road for a moment's rest. One old fellow, Joe McCracken, sitting on the roadside, held up his feet for the captain's inspection, and, showing the sore, bloody toes of either foot, said in lugubrious tones:

"Cap'n, these are the days that try men's soles!"

The company groaned, while some of them cried: "Kill him on the spot!"

McCracken had been disabled by a sharpshooter's bullet in the trenches around Petersburg, but, refusing a discharge, was among the few ragged rebs that grounded their arms when the sun of the Confederacy went down behind the hills of Appomattox.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Stephen A. Fleming and John F. Angleman of Plainfield, N. J., under the firm of Fleming & Angleman, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by said Stephen A. Fleming and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment at No. 24 North avenue.

STEPHEN A. FLEMING.
JOHN F. ANGLEMAN.

Dated November 15th, 1887. 17-2w

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Counsellors at Law. Supreme Court Commissioners. Special Masters in Chancery. Rooms over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J. 1 y

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ELECTRIC BATHS.
Dr. Ferguson is prepared to treat all nervous affections, uterine complaint, skin diseases, asthma, catarrh, rheumatism, dyspepsia, constipation and chronic diseases generally by electricity and electric baths. Consultation free. Lady attendant. Office in the house, 32 East Second street, corner of Washington street.

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The Best 50c Shirts and Drawers.

1.	75c
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3.	1.50
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MISS. HEER of 40 Pearl street will open a school for fancy sewing, crocheting and ladies handiwork, on Dec. 1. All ladies and children desiring to obtain instruction will please call at the above address for terms. Specimens of work can be seen at Smalley & Ward's Front street. 9 13 3m

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to examine their fine line of samples, which they make up to order, at prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

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Time-table in effect Nov. 13, 1887.

Leave Plainfield for Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, New Brunswick, Trenton and Philadelphia, 5.27, 6.45, 8.05, 9.20, 10.37, 11.50 a. m., 1.48, 3.30, 4.45, 5.30, 6.40, 7.55, 9.15, 11.04 p. m. Sundays, 5.27, 6.45, 8.05, 9.20, 10.37, 11.50 a. m., 1.48, 3.30, 4.45, 5.30, 6.40, 7.55, 9.15, 11.04 p. m.

Leave Plainfield for Somerville, Bound Brook, Flemington and Trenton, 5.27, 8.05, 9.20, 10.37 a. m., 1.48, 3.30, 4.45, 5.30, 6.40, 7.55, 9.15, 11.04 p. m. Sundays, 5.27, 8.05, 9.20, 10.37 a. m., 1.48, 3.30, 4.45, 5.30, 6.40, 7.55, 9.15, 11.04 p. m.

Leave Somerville for Plainfield, 6.45, 8.00, 9.15, 10.32 a. m., 12.50, 3.25, 4.40, 5.25, 6.35, 7.50, 9.10, 11.59 p. m. Sundays, 8.00, 9.15, 10.32 a. m., 12.50, 3.25, 4.40, 5.25, 6.35, 7.50, 9.10, 11.59 p. m.

Leave Bound Brook for Plainfield, 6.50, 8.10, 9.25, 10.42 a. m., 12.55, 3.30, 4.50, 5.30, 6.40, 8.00, 9.20, 11.04 p. m. Sundays, 8.10, 9.25, 10.42 a. m., 12.55, 3.30, 4.50, 5.30, 6.40, 8.00, 9.20, 11.04 p. m.

Leave Trenton for Plainfield, 6.45, 8.00, 9.15, 10.32 a. m., 12.50, 3.25, 4.40, 5.25, 6.35, 7.50, 9.10, 11.59 p. m. Sundays, 8.00, 9.15, 10.32 a. m., 12.50, 3.25, 4.40, 5.25, 6.35, 7.50, 9.10, 11.59 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia for Plainfield, 5.40, 7.00, 8.20, 9.40, 11.00 a. m., 1.25, 3.05, 4.20, 5.05, 6.15, 7.30, 8.45, 10.00, 11.40 p. m. Sundays, 5.40, 7.00, 8.20, 9.40, 11.00 a. m., 1.25, 3.05, 4.20, 5.05, 6.15, 7.30, 8.45, 10.00, 11.40 p. m.

Leave Elizabeth for Plainfield, 6.45, 8.00, 9.15, 10.32 a. m., 12.50, 3.25, 4.40, 5.25, 6.35, 7.50, 9.10, 11.59 p. m. Sundays, 8.00, 9.15, 10.32 a. m., 12.50, 3.25, 4.40, 5.25, 6.35, 7.50, 9.10, 11.59 p. m.

Leave Rahway for Plainfield, 6.50, 8.10, 9.25, 10.42 a. m., 12.55, 3.30, 4.50, 5.30, 6.40, 8.00, 9.20, 11.04 p. m. Sundays, 8.10, 9.25, 10.42 a. m., 12.55, 3.30, 4.50, 5.30, 6.40, 8.00, 9.20, 11.04 p. m.

Leave Metuchen for Plainfield, 6.55, 8.15, 9.30, 10.47 a. m., 12.58, 3.35, 4.55, 5.35, 6.45, 8.05, 9.25, 11.04 p. m. Sundays, 8.15, 9.30, 10.47 a. m., 12.58, 3.35, 4.55, 5.35, 6.45, 8.05, 9.25, 11.04 p. m.

Leave New Brunswick for Plainfield, 7.05, 8.25, 9.40, 10.57 a. m., 1.08, 3.45, 5.05, 5.45, 6.55, 8.15, 9.35, 11.14 p. m. Sundays, 8.25, 9.40, 10.57 a. m., 1.08, 3.45, 5.05, 5.45, 6.55, 8.15, 9.35, 11.14 p. m.

Leave Jamesburg for Plainfield, 7.15, 8.35, 9.50, 11.07 a. m., 1.18, 3.55, 5.15, 5.55, 7.05, 8.25, 9.45, 11.24 p. m. Sundays, 8.35, 9.50, 11.07 a. m., 1.18, 3.55, 5.15, 5.55, 7.05, 8.25, 9.45, 11.24 p. m.

Leave Monmouth Junction for Plainfield, 7.25, 8.45, 10.00, 11.17 a. m., 1.28, 4.05, 5.25, 6.05, 7.15, 8.35, 9.55, 11.34 p. m. Sundays, 8.45, 10.00, 11.17 a. m., 1.28, 4.05, 5.25, 6.05, 7.15, 8.35, 9.55, 11.34 p. m.

Leave Hightstown for Plainfield, 7.35, 8.55, 10.10, 11.27 a. m., 1.38, 4.15, 5.35, 6.15, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m. Sundays, 8.55, 10.10, 11.27 a. m., 1.38, 4.15, 5.35, 6.15, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m.

Leave Princeton for Plainfield, 7.45, 9.05, 10.20, 11.37 a. m., 1.48, 4.25, 5.45, 6.25, 7.35, 8.55, 10.15, 11.54 p. m. Sundays, 9.05, 10.20, 11.37 a. m., 1.48, 4.25, 5.45, 6.25, 7.35, 8.55, 10.15, 11.54 p. m.

Leave Lambertville for Plainfield, 8.10, 9.30, 10.45, 12.02 a. m., 2.13, 4.50, 6.10, 6.50, 8.00, 9.20, 10.40, 12.19 a. m. Sundays, 9.30, 10.45, 12.02 a. m., 2.13, 4.50, 6.10, 6.50, 8.00, 9.20, 10.40, 12.19 a. m.

Leave Trenton for Plainfield, 8.30, 9.50, 11.07, 12.24 a. m., 2.35, 5.12, 6.32, 7.12, 8.22, 9.42, 11.02, 12.41 a. m. Sundays, 9.50, 11.07, 12.24 a. m., 2.35, 5.12, 6.32, 7.12, 8.22, 9.42, 11.02, 12.41 a. m.

Leave Bound Brook for Plainfield, 8.35, 9.55, 11.12, 12.29 a. m., 2.40, 5.17, 6.37, 7.17, 8.27, 9.47, 11.07, 12.46 a. m. Sundays, 9.55, 11.12, 12.29 a. m., 2.40, 5.17, 6.37, 7.17, 8.27, 9.47, 11.07, 12.46 a. m.

Leave Somerville for Plainfield, 8.45, 10.05, 11.22, 12.39 a. m., 2.50, 5.27, 6.47, 7.27, 8.37, 9.57, 11.17, 12.56 a. m. Sundays, 10.05, 11.22, 12.39 a. m., 2.50, 5.27, 6.47, 7.27, 8.37, 9.57, 11.17, 12.56 a. m.

Leave Plainfield for Dunellen, Bound Brook, Somerville, Flemington and Trenton, 6.00, 7.20, 8.40, 9.55, 11.12 a. m., 1.03, 2.45, 4.05, 5.00, 6.10, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m. Sundays, 7.20, 8.40, 9.55, 11.12 a. m., 1.03, 2.45, 4.05, 5.00, 6.10, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m.

Leave Plainfield for Monmouth Junction, Jamesburg, New Brunswick, Metuchen, Rahway, Elizabeth, Trenton and Philadelphia, 6.00, 7.20, 8.40, 9.55, 11.12 a. m., 1.03, 2.45, 4.05, 5.00, 6.10, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m. Sundays, 7.20, 8.40, 9.55, 11.12 a. m., 1.03, 2.45, 4.05, 5.00, 6.10, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m.

Leave Plainfield for Hightstown, Princeton, Lambertville, Trenton and Philadelphia, 6.00, 7.20, 8.40, 9.55, 11.12 a. m., 1.03, 2.45, 4.05, 5.00, 6.10, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m. Sundays, 7.20, 8.40, 9.55, 11.12 a. m., 1.03, 2.45, 4.05, 5.00, 6.10, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m.

Leave Plainfield for Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, New Brunswick, Trenton and Philadelphia, 6.00, 7.20, 8.40, 9.55, 11.12 a. m., 1.03, 2.45, 4.05, 5.00, 6.10, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m. Sundays, 7.20, 8.40, 9.55, 11.12 a. m., 1.03, 2.45, 4.05, 5.00, 6.10, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m.

Leave Plainfield for Monmouth Junction, Jamesburg, New Brunswick, Metuchen, Rahway, Elizabeth, Trenton and Philadelphia, 6.00, 7.20, 8.40, 9.55, 11.12 a. m., 1.03, 2.45, 4.05, 5.00, 6.10, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m. Sundays, 7.20, 8.40, 9.55, 11.12 a. m., 1.03, 2.45, 4.05, 5.00, 6.10, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m.

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Leave Plainfield for Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchen, New Brunswick, Trenton and Philadelphia, 6.00, 7.20, 8.40, 9.55, 11.12 a. m., 1.03, 2.45, 4.05, 5.00, 6.10, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m. Sundays, 7.20, 8.40, 9.55, 11.12 a. m., 1.03, 2.45, 4.05, 5.00, 6.10, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m.

Leave Plainfield for Monmouth Junction, Jamesburg, New Brunswick, Metuchen, Rahway, Elizabeth, Trenton and Philadelphia, 6.00, 7.20, 8.40, 9.55, 11.12 a. m., 1.03, 2.45, 4.05, 5.00, 6.10, 7.25, 8.45, 10.05, 11.44 p. m. Sundays, 7.20, 8.40,

GROWTH OF SOCIALISM.

WAR BETWEEN HOUSE OF HAVE AND HOUSE OF WANT.

How It Has Been Going on on This Green Earth Since the First Government Was Formed—St. Simon, Charles Fourier, St. Just, Karl Marx and Others.

The struggle between labor and capital is, unfortunately, now being fought. Differences of condition first arise from differences in character; but in all progressive societies there is a tendency for a fortune once created to increase at an increasing ratio. The capitalist gets a yearly increasing percentage of a rapidly increasing product. Such seasons were seen in England just after the Napoleonic wars, and in the United States for a decade or more after the close of the civil war. But the best thought of the best minds in modern society has been directed to the task of checking or correcting this tendency to overconcentration; and it is now claimed that, in England and the United States at least, the tendency is for capital to get a smaller and labor a larger share of their joint product. It only remains to add that this is firmly denied by the discontented, and that, if true, the process would be too slow for the impatient—hence the thousand and one plans for correcting social inequalities, with their ardent apostles, from the Fourierite to the Anarchist, from Robert Owen to August Spies.

There is a popular error to the effect that the Chicago massacre of May 4, 1886, was unique—in truth, it was the latest among many hundred similar attempts at the same end. The tendency of property to pass from the many to the few was among the first observed social phenomena. In the dawn of history Egypt appears with land held in small allotments and a general condition of comfort; a few centuries later we find the land owned by the few, the mass of laborers slaves. In Greece the same social phenomena were repeated, with the variations incident to place and race. Early in the Eleventh century B. C. the desperation of the mortgaged farmer and the landless poor threatened such disorders that Solon prevailed upon the people to enact a sweeping confiscation of debts, the mortgage monuments were thrown down and for a short while "land reform" had passed under the control of actual cultivators—for a while. The political contest between the aristocrat and the public (Plebs and "many" as continued through all Greek history, with bloody tumults and varying fortunes, and the struggles of the Attic democracy (Greek name for land) inheritances for unwounded thousands of appeals in all subsequent ages to the various "democracies," to whom that demos gave a name.

In the Roman republic the struggle between aristocrat and demos went took the form of a contest between patricians and plebeians. Here it was the latter who raised the cry, and finally between the senate and party and the common people. The democracy succeeded in having the Licinian law (modern agrarian) all land over the limit of 300 acres of land, but the aristocracy defeated its execution. The Gracchi, who devoted their lives and fortunes to attempts for its relief, fell, and secure others paid for the people. Under Imperial Rome, Tiberius, Nero, Galba, Otho, and Vitellius, the record of the people, and

as tribunes of the people, was attempting to enforce the law. Caligula was elected and he was slain with all his followers. Caius Sempronius Gracchus took up the work where his brother left it, but, after various fortunes he too was slain, and thereafter the people, deprived of their natural leaders. The many grew very poor, the few immensely rich. The people had nothing and the aristocracy owned the real republic, and it soon gave place to the empire. We will not relate the Romans submitted to the atrocities of Nero and his kind. Let it suffice to say that under the name Nero there are few words of the patrician order, as not to find any history. The people, as a class, were not responsible for them. They had not. It is certain that if they had not been crushed by suffering Rome's eventless must have followed. Nero had to be slain, and thereafter the aristocrats to the end of the story did.

When feudalism empire had passed away and Europe was ruled by many dukes, the poorer classes had recourse to secret societies, such as the Illuminati and Carbonari. Tallied men were at a manner of beggar, horrible to relate, and the people showed by the impose they were used with the owners, and thus that the evil laborers has generally been the sweet the people organized in Europe. In Germany there were many attempts at communism. In the sixteenth century of which Luther was the head. In the next century the Germans peaceable confound in a demand for better burdens. Here, at the time of Wurtzburg, no less than 100 were hanged for subjects. In Wurtemberg, Duke Ulric had many more. In 1514 the peasants of Hungary rose, for which 60,000 of them were slain. And in 1524 the Peasants' War in Germany was so demonized by the second. In 1781 the most uprising in central and southern Germany took place, the principles demanding equal rights in the state. Of course, all these movements which seem quite moderate and reasonable today. The rulers temporized till they could be crushed, and plans of unsatisfaction in need upon; then Dukes and nobles killed on the burdens of the survivors increased. But the revolts thus suppressed did not die out. Secret societies, the successors was the seed of many organizations which still make Europe uneasy, and of these the most noted is the Jacobins, the of which Karl Marx was the great expositor. This is claimed as their principle of all: "Love of the Christian Anarchists." Of Jacobin labor agitations with the war of the "Jacquerie" (Jacks" or peasants), in which the laborers destroyed 200 castles of the nobility, for which Shakespeare and Jack Cade figured. But by the last century the French revolution event many of revolutions for the ancient systems, and from that time to the present the modern movement is common. St. Just was one especially a socialistic of the revolutionary era. A few of the old religious orders, such as the Moravians, have always been such as the Zoarites, Shakers, Mennonites, *Particularists, etc.*—but in general it may be said that modern socialism does not claim a religious movement. Charles Fourier, who was born in 1772 and educated in the agony of the French revolution, is often considered the pa... of recent socialism, because he systematized the floating opinions and presented them in a singularly pleasing style. Since his time socialism has been recognized as a prominent phase of popular agitation, and with it has always gone some form of extreme and destructive agitation. Besides parties,—of St. Just, Karl Marx and Charles Fourier, a portrait is also given of William Morris, the English poet-manufacturer, who has of late years been in the front rank of British Socialists. He has tried the experiment of profit sharing with his workmen to a limited extent, but does not believe it is the key to the situation altogether. He is a man of refinement and social position.

THE NEW CHARLESTON.

How South Carolina's Stricken City Has Recovered from the Earthquake.

That Charleston is herself again was abundantly shown recently when the people of that city celebrated her recovery from the earthquake's disastrous effects with flags and fireworks, speeches and festivities of all sorts. In 1860 Charleston suffered a loss of $5,000,000 of property by a convulsion of nature never paralleled in the United States. Notwithstanding all this the business of Charleston during the twelvemonth last passed amounted to $66,000,000, and the fall trade so far has been unexampled in the history of

RESURRECTION FESTIVAL AT CHARLESTON.

the city. The banks of Charleston today hold more than $3,000,000 on deposit, there have been two or three commercial failures during the year, and none of these were important; real estate is higher than before the earthquake, the city finances are in good shape, and the people are happy. It is no wonder then that the good people of Charleston made merry and were glad!

The originator of the idea of their celebrating the good days that seem to have come to stay with Charleston was John L. Weber, exchange editor of The News and Courier, and he has good reason to be glad toward the honors. He did not, however, arrange the details of the celebration; that was left to others. To the railroads leading into Charleston was granted with visits to the celebrating city during carnival week, as but little more than a year before they were unable to do so. Terror-stricken people dodge from the scene. The merry indulges in the season, a pilot house, more than 1,000 bonfires, torchlight and truck demonstrations, etc.

No northern city has ever shown greater vitality, pluck or fortitude than Charleston. It is a noble city for her dauntless all the festivities not one political speech was made.

Mr. Beecher's Pictures.

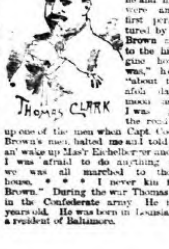
The exhibition and sale of Mr. Beecher's personal treasures—his books and pictures and bric-a-brac—has created no less interest perhaps than the exhibition of Miss Wolfe's splendid art loan. But the sale of, in the latter has been of quite a different sort. Miss Wolfe's pictures are valuable for their artistic merit, and were made from the interest attaching to them because of their former ownership. Mr. Beecher's effects have value principally from the fact that they were his, and, as a rule, to be paid for by any other person. The pictures, in fact, nettes are a most heterogeneous mass, and it would be difficult to tell what for they were many of them gifts from admiring, admiring parishioners who sought by presenting them to him to show their love, all of which goes to show that he was a spiritual teacher. Pet names used to send him new books and new pictures for his notice, and all them, with perhaps a few exceptions, have to be sold in the auction gallery. The however, was much better selected than his artistic belongings, and an examination of

AMONG BEECHER'S EFFECTS.

the collection in its entirety would have afforded the student of genius a correct notion of just what sort of mental pabulum the liberal thinker and great divine fed upon. Our artist has given us a scene at the sale.

Thomas Clark.

We present herewith a portrait of a "fine old Virginia gentleman"—of color. Not because there is anything very striking in the old negro's face, but because the story is remarkable and thrilling episode in his history.



THOMAS CLARK

He lived on a farm near Harper's Ferry, in Va., and he and his master were among the first persons captured by old John Brown at the time of his historic raid. "He was," he says, "about two hours after he came to my house as out and I was goin' over the road to wake up one of the men who lived with Capt. Cook, now of Brown's men, baited me and told me to go an' wake up Hass's Eschelberger and the rest. I was afraid to do anything else, and we was all marched to the engine house. * * * I never kin forgit Mr. Brown." During the war Thomas was cook in the Confederate army, but is now old years old. He was born in Louisiana and is a resident of Baltimore.

YOUNG FOLKS' COLUMN.

FACTS OF INTEREST ASSOCIATED WITH INDEPENDENCE HALL.

Gilbertish Spoken by Heedless Children Who Are Too Fond of Abbreviations—A Simple but Pleasing Optical Illusion That Any One May Try.

Numbered with curious optical illusions is the one recently illustrated and described in Harper's Young People, and here reproduced for the benefit of our young folks.

AN OPTICAL ILLUSION.

Take a sheet of foolscap and roll it up in the form of a telescope; then, with the left eye firmly closed, place it to the right eye and look through it at some distant object. Keep the tube in this position for about one minute, looking all the time intently at the distant object, then open the left eye, looking with both eyes straight before you, and a hole will appear in the back of the hand through which you will distinctly see the objects which you had previously been looking at with the right eye. The tube need not be held precisely as represented in the picture.

Gilbertish and Its Translation.

"Iconoclasm is cheerypeep, somebody!"

"Can you translate for me," asks Mary B. Dodge in Wide Awake, "this gilbertish?" It is not Greek. It is not Latin. Neither is it a sample of any known living language, but just a corruption of our own English tongue, which the children and too many of their elders are prone to encourage through heedlessness and haste.

The translation, "Let me know when you are ready, won't you?" is easy enough speaking, but it is not by the "twos" of "fives" for all, at least, who appreciate the beauty of perfect enunciation.

"Won't you" may pass criticism in familiar colloquy, but this mumbling of two words into one is never desirable. "Will you not" is surely better.

"Ain't," of course, is a vulgarism not to be thought of in connection with any man or woman of graceful culture, yet we sometimes meet people, who imagine themselves fit to be ranked as the cultured, who forget all the negatives of the verb it represents. "I amn't, thou aint, he ain't, we ain't, you ain't, they ain't." Is it not absurd?

A Building of Historic Interest.

Sunday-school with historical buildings of peculiar interest to all Americans, whether young or old, is the old State-house, or Independence hall, in the Quaker city of Pennsylvania. It is situated between Fifth and Sixth streets, on the south side of Chestnut street, and was built in 1729-3.

INDEPENDENCE HALL.

Here in this old state house that the second Continental congress adopted the Declaration of Independence and where the Liberty bell, in 1776, fulfilled its prophecy by ringing out its welcome to it in the words, "Proclaim liberty throughout the land to the inhabitants thereof." Here, too, Washington was appointed commander-in-chief of the National armies raised with the colonial and revolutionary history of the country. In the old assembly room, organized in 1729-30, the continental congress was inaugurated in 1774, and for a second term and Adams and Jefferson presided.

In another hall preserved today much the appearance it did on the Fourth of July, 1776, the Declaration of Independence was signed. Here, also, the constitution of the United States was framed in 1787, and here the first congress held its sessions under the new constitution. Washington and the old Liberty bell, the first congress assembled about the old front, now rear, of Independence hall. Visitors can see the same wood wainscoting and old floor, pulpit, the chair occupied by Washington, the table where the constitution was laid, and even the instand used at the signing of the constitution as well as the inkstand, familiar now, than a century ago to Washington's friends, Hamilton and other great men of our country.

An Oriole and a Spool of Cotton.

It is curious what a variety of materials Baltimore orioles will use in the construction of their nests. On the lawn of one of the school-houses in the State of Maryland a pair of orioles selected a tree in which to build. It was a large fir tree, about forty feet from the house. The lady of the house was observed by one of the boys to appropriate to her early one beautiful summer morning, and on being called away to some person on the premises she laid her spool on a window sill. When she returned she found the spool was gone, and on looking for it discovered it on the floor of the porch, which was outside of the window. She found that a considerable length of the cotton was unwound, and looking for the end of it she traced it up to the nest of the oriole. The lady had barely wound up the spool in the time done, and it was shown as a curiosity to all who visited the house.

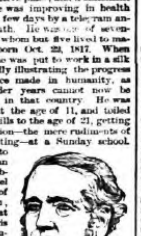
Origin of the Term Freshman.

A student during his first year's residence at college, a student not "initiated." It was formerly a custom in the different colleges throughout British Empire for the freshmen to wear the new colors. One of the most important was to assemble them in a room and to call over a roll. Each freshman, as he answered to his name, had to step forward and present himself to the professor, who then proceeded to put on the freshman's head a cap of cardboard, which was covered with gilt paper. This cap was called a fresh cap, and hence the name freshman.

THE LATE JOHN RYLE,

Father of the Silk Industry of America. His Free Mills.

The late John Ryle, the father of the silk industry in Paterson, N. J., died, by a strange coincidence, at the place of his birth, Macclesfield, England. He had gone to his native land on a tour for health, celebrated his 70th birthday at his native place, and a statement from him that he was improving in health was followed by a few days by a telegram announcing his death. He was one of seventeen children, of whom but five lived to maturity, and was born Oct. 22, 1817. When only 13 years old he began his career in a silk mill—a fact vividly illustrating the progress England has since made in humanity, as children of tender years cannot now be legally employed in that country. He was left an orphan at the age of 11, and toiled steadily in the mills to the age of 23, getting the rudiments of education in the mere rudiments of reading and writing—at a Sunday school. In 1839 he came to America and began work in the establishment of Samuel Whitmarsh, of Northampton, Mass. The humorous multicaris multicaris corrupted in popular language into multiarious mulberry) speculation was then at its height, and in the collapse Mr. Whitmarsh was thrown into bankruptcy, and so Mr. Ryle



JOHN RYLE.

located in New York, and for years the high hopes of making America a great silk producing country were abandoned.

In 1840, however, George W. Murray, of Northampton, Mass., bought the old building at Paterson, N. J., in which Colt had manufactured revolvers, and put Mr. Ryle in charge of it to establish the manufacture of silk. That city has ever since been his home, and there he made and lost two or three fortunes before establishing the industry on a permanent basis. It was largely through his assertions that the tariff on raw silk was abolished, and that on manufactured silk raised by successive steps to 50 per cent. In 1846 he bought out Mr. Murray, and in a few years was manufacturing a fine quality of silk. The Ryle mills prospered from that time, he was soon on his feet again. On the 10th of May, 1869, his vast establishment was destroyed by fire, and as it was not insured the loss was quite a serious one. But more loyal friends came promptly to his support, and soon the Ryle Silk Manufacturing company was in active operation. All these years he was an active public improver. He established the first water supply of Paterson and presented a public park to the people of the city. Honors crowded attest his success in the several branches of silk manufacture. He was twice married and leaves four sons and a daughter. He was a Democrat in politics, but was born to the mayor of Paterson the people had no ambitions and gave him the largest majority ever received for that office. It was only when he ran against William Walter Phelps for congress, party feeling asserted itself, and Mr. Ryle was defeated. He was an extremely valuable citizen, universally liked, and his death is generally mourned in the city he did so much to make.

WILLIAM L. SCOTT.

Hon. William L. Scott.

Hon. William L. Scott, of Pennsylvania, is a fifteen-thousandaire and a congressman, a man of remarkable energy and varied business capacities, as well as the only member of congress born in Washington, yet a considerable number of men in the United States have come to know him all the better for all these other things than in the simple announcement, "W. L. Scott has retired from the turf." Others may know him best as the statesman and great coal and iron operator; they know him as the man who for a year or two past has been barking his Arundel, Ten Broy and Flageoletta, and nearly always losing because he persisted in putting them in the wrong class. In the slang of the turf, to be "barked" means to be put in the wrong class. In the slang of the turf, to be "barked" means to be put in the wrong class. In the slang of the turf, to be "barked" means to be put

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25 1887 Price Two Cents

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 42.

Republican Primaries.

The Republican election of the city of Plainfield will meet in their respective wards on Monday evening November 28th, at eight o'clock for the purpose of electing delegates to the city Republican Convention, to be held at the Republican association rooms on East Front street, on Tuesday evening, November 29, at eight o'clock to nominate three councilmen-at-large, one city assessor, one collector, one treasurer, two citizen freeholders, two commissioners of appeal and one school trustee. Each ward is entitled to the following number of delegates, viz:

1st Ward 7 delegates and will meet at Republican Association Rooms; 2d Ward 5 delegates and will meet at Bryant School building, East Sixth street; 3d Ward 7 delegates and will meet at the Park House; 4th Ward 5 delegates and will meet at Laing's Hall.

Each ward at said primary will nominate the following candidates for ward officers: One councilman, two justices of the peace, one constable, one judge of election, one inspector of election, three members of election, also three as members of the City Executive committee.

By order of the City Executive Committee,
C. M. GODDARD Chairman
Nov. 14, 1887. J. B. COWARD, Sec'

JOTTINGS.

—Mother Goose sociable to-night.

—The Alfred Lyons night school for colored people has re-opened for the Winter. Chas. A. Burrill is superintendent.

—The Good Samaritans, an organization composed of colored folks held a sociable in Manning's Hall last night. It was well attended.

—Some unknown man jumped from the 12:20 train at the station in this city last night and received painful injuries about the head and body.

—There is still no clue as to the whereabouts of George Thomas, the man who has been missing from his home in Fanwood for the past three weeks.

—A meeting of Somerville people will be held in the Court House, Thursday evening, Dec. 1, to consider the building of a proposed railroad from Somerville to Peapack.

—A survey of song will be held in the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church, Sunday evening, Dec. 4. The selections will be selected from the oratorios of Elijah. The choir will be composed of twenty six voices.

—George Taylor and Joseph Griffen yesterday morning after being struck with "Jersey Lightning" became engaged in a fistic encounter on North avenue and were "taken in" by policeman Lynch. This morning they each paid a $5 fine imposed by Judge Ulrich.

—Our contemporary now denies that it ever made any agreement to try and be respectable after it had devoted its columns to the disrespectful allusion to us, and looked as if it had been out all night fooling a cyclone, as the result of our reply. Well, it isn't worth space alluding to such an irresponsible creature. It would be more humane to show pity and forbearance by reply.

—The New York Philharmonic Club opened its season in New York last Tuesday evening at Chickering Hall, and was cordially received by a large audience. The Tribune says, "The Club seemed to return to its work with renewed vigor, for it presented one of the most enjoyable concerts that it has given for some time. The Club will appear here under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., Dec. 6, Jan. 31, Feb. 12 and March 30.

The Emerald Reception.

The Crescent was a scene of activity and gaiety, Wednesday evening, the occasion being the first annual reception of the Emerald Rowing Association, an organization composed of about fifty young men. Fully six hundred persons were present and enjoyed themselves hugely. As one entered a pretty sight greeted the eye. Fair maidens and their escorts promenaded around the spacious dancing floor, keeping time to the soft music furnished by the 69th Regiment Band of New York. Shortly after ten o'clock the happy gathering formed in line for the grand entree, which was led by State President Carmody of Lambertville and Miss Kate Sullivan of this city, followed by the State Marshal Meskel, the floor managers, assistants and guests. At the conclusion of the march dancing was indulged in until supper was served. The committee of Arrangements, consisting of Messrs. William C. White, Daniel C. Nolan and Edward B. Daly, left nothing undone which would in any way mar the pleasure of those in attendance, and all went away expressing themselves as delighted with the entertainment from beginning to end. The committee of Messrs. William C. White, Michael J. Meskel, Daniel C. Nolan, Edward B. Daly, John McCarthy, Michael Whalen, Andrew Nolan.

The affair will let the society a handsome surplus.

Mr. Binning's Life in Danger.

Robert Binning, the popular engineer at the electric light station, met with an accident yesterday which almost cost him his life. He was engaged in fixing the incandescent lights in the residence of George F. Brown of Grove street, North Plainfield, leaving word at the station for the engineer to turn on the current at 11:35 a. m. Mr. Binning's watch was wrong, and the machinery was started while his hand was in the converter, and four of his fingers were terribly burned and blistered by the current. Mr. Binning considers his escape from death a narrow one.

Who Knows about This?

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Nov. 23.—The 3-year-old daughter of M. A. Hollenbuck, a farmer, while playing in the stable yesterday, was kicked by a horse. She was then stepped on by the beast, crushing the skull. The child lost quite an ounce of brains, but is still alive, and there are good hopes of its recovery. She is conscious and apparently free from distress.

[New York exchange. Frank Haulenbeck—the only man who can be found in Iowa answering to a name anything like Haulenbeck"—knows nothing of the matter, and local physicians deny all knowledge of the story.]

OUR DAY OF THANKSGIVING.

How the National Festival was Observed in Plainfield.

So far as the weather was concerned Thanksgiving—yesterday—may be recorded as sombre, bleak; but everybody in Plainfield was full of that good-nature peculiar to the day; and if the cloud-veiled sun had peeped down at the city, now and then, he would have found a quiet, even-toned cheerfulness prevailing over all. Even the members of the New Brunswick Young Men's Christian Association who rode in the morning—with an inherent heroism—through the deep and toilsome mire of the Autumn roads to cope in friendly battle on the foot-ball field with representatives of the Plainfield Association were undaunted when they found a fiasco awaiting them, and joked about "the heaviness of the ground" and other causes which didn't contribute to their defeat.

THAT FOOT-BALL GAME,

which was played on the Park avenue grounds, was funny, but there was'nt a great deal of sport about it. The time occupied in playing was only half an hour. At the end of that period the Plainfield boys were ahead by 10 to 0; and the score was in such bad condition that the game was called. The spectators to the brief contest were numerous. The New Brunswick eleven were: Will Macom, Chas. Rogers, G. Nugent, Bert Miller, C. Terhune, Will Miller, Fred Kilbourn, Chas. Bogan, J. B. Wilson, Robert Cuddy, Harry Kendell, referee. Will Bell, umpire.

The Plainfielders were:

J. Caspar Kirkner, Bert Peck, Beebe, Tracy, Lew Walz, Fletcher Hallock, Fred. French, Duncan Morgan, Jacobus; referee, Jule Erickson.

Late morning services were held in the CRESCENT AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

The music of both choir and organ was good, the special features of the day being Barnby's "O Lord How Manifold!" and Rubinstein's "The Angel." Miss Jessie Utter was the able organist, and those whose vocal notes were so effective were: Mrs. J. K. Myers, Miss Annie H. Gilbert, Mrs. Augusta Holmes, Miss Alice Holmes, Mrs. S. R. Struthers, Mr. S R. Struthers, Mr. E. B. Ryder, Mr. Chas. W. Beebe, Mr. A. J. Gavett and Mr. C. A. Baynon.

The congregation was large enough—composed as it was of a union of the First Congregational, Park Avenue Baptist and Crescent churches—to comfortably fill the building.

The sermon of the pastor, the Rev. W. R. Richards, entertained while it instructed. The text was, "And Jesus said, Were there not ten cleansed? Where are the nine?"—Luke 17:17.

"It would be an inspiring, an impressive sight," said Mr. Richards, "if even as small a number as thirty million of people were to assemble to-day for the praise and worship of God. But there are not nearly that number in church-attendance on this day that has been set apart by President Cleveland as a day of national thanksgiving. There is hardly one out of every ten in our country in church-attendance. The one may be at hand, but where are the nine? All have reason to be devoutly thankful. One bethinks himself of Him from whom cometh all good gifts, and stops aside from the busy world and expresses his gratitude. The other nine are glad because their blessings, because they are not afflictions—they are glad but scarcely grateful.

"The ten lepers were cleansed through faith. The nine went on their way rejoicing because they had been cleansed; the other went back to where Jesus was and praised God with a loud voice, falling at the feet of Christ. We of to-day reap the benefits of life through faith. It may be that we attribute our success to our own industry, to our own individual efforts, but back of it all is primeval faith. The farmer plants his seed in the faith that it will grow. He may not stop to think that it is faith that prompts his sowing—he may say that what follows is a natural sequence, a matter of course. But it's faith, all the same. And having won worldly advantages from the soil he may not think that we should join together in thanksgiving-worship. And yet I dare say that the most successful farmers and lawyers and merchants and statesmen are not nearly all to be found in the churches to-day. Some may, it is true, be attending their family church at home. Some may be providentially detained. But it is safe to say that those who are attending real thanksgiving services in the churches are the ones who most heartily enjoy God's gifts. Many of the others, I fear, observe the day more as a day of general relaxation rather than as a day of thanksgiving."

There were tasteful decorations at the front of the pulpit, arranged by the ladies of the church.

AT THE M. E. CHURCH.

A large congregation attended the union services in the M. E. church yesterday morning. The Rev. Mr. Schenck, pastor of the Trinity Reformed church, occupied the pulpit and delivered an excellent sermon which commanded close attention of his listeners throughout. He took for his text "Thanksgiving and Gratitude." After enumerating the blessings that God has bestowed on us as a community and a nation, the preacher asked. What word does this summary of blessings evoke? What feelings does it inspire? He spoke of the nature of true gratitude and showed that many are glad for the good things of life, without being grateful.

AT REFORM HALL,

in the evening the Rev. Dr. Jesse L. Hurlbut delivered an interesting talk on "The Power of the Minute." This was the third of the series of free lectures that the Reform Club has been providing for the people of Plainfield, and the audience was large and attentive. Dr. Hurlbut held that the use a man makes of his "spare" moments, has much to do with the shaping of that man's career through life.

"Don't watch a man during working hours," he said. "For then he has his set duty before him. But drop the plummet-line of your observation into five minutes of his 'spare' time and then you have an excellent chance for gaining an insight to his character. Does he table up a book and study? That tells you something of his inner being. Does he go ponder grog shop? That tells you something of a different sort. Does he loaf? Does he sleep? Or does he put in time at something useful, something elevating?

"There are five rules to be observed in the putting to valuable use your 'spare' moments. First the law of economy. Be earnest in your endeavors. Put brains into your work. Secondly, cultivate variety. Get as far as possible out of the rut of your daily toil. Thirdly, use sacrifice. Don't try to get two-dollar goods for one dollar; and don't be afraid of a little work in trying to accomplish your aim. Fourthly, have an aspiration. Reach up; don't grope blindly downward. Pattern after the man who spent nine months in the perfecting of a wonderful invention, rather than take as your example the man who spent the same time in teaching a dog to dance a jig. Fifthly, have a set purpose and stick to it."

THAT THE WOMEN'S TEMPERANCE UNION.

At three o'clock in the afternoon the good women of the Temperance Union held an interesting prayer and praise meeting in their new, prettily-furnished parlors at 55 East Front street. The leader was Seely Edsall, and nearly everyone present took part in the services, which were of the nature of the "experience" sort. The hope was expressed that a no-license common council will be elected this Fall.

AT GRACE CHURCH.

There was a goodly congregation at Grace church assembled to observe the annual national Thanksgiving Day. The services were pervaded with the one important thought of thankfulness. The church had been beautifully decorated with agricultural products. The rector preached from Psalms 50: 23, "Whoso offereth me thanks and praise, he honoreth me." After the service contributions of fruit were sent to the sick; offerings of the congregation were devoted to the widows' and orphans' fund of the Diocese.

The versicles and responses were: Laudate Dominum were by Gabriel Jubilate, by Walter. Creed and responses; 301st Hymn, "Oh Come Thou, Loud Anthems Let Us Sing." Kyrie eleison and Gloria Tibi, by Cramer; 300 Hymn, "Come ye Thankful People, Come."

The sermon by the rector, Dean Rodman, was powerful one. An offatory, "Gloria," from Mozart's Twelfth Mass, followed. The choir was composed of: Quartette:—Mrs. T. W. Davis, Miss Adelia Runyon, Mr. W. R. Cock, Mr. S. T. Barnes. Choir Boys—Sopranos, Willie Bartindale, Eddie Cuthbert, Austin Johnson, Fred. Freeman, Jack Bartindale, Harry Yeager, Theodore Betzler, Clem Morgan, Jack Chandor, "Lectie" Waring; Altos—Fred. Taylor, Pratt Spencer, Arthur Freeman and Laurens VanBuren; Organist Mrs. W. R. Cock.

THE HOLY CROSS CHURCH.

At the Holy Cross Protestant Episcopal church the rector, Rev. T. Logan Murphy, conducted impressive services. The singing was beautiful, and the thanksgivings of the congregation were heart-felt.

The music was rendered by the Chorus Choir and the congregation joined in very heartily in the singing. The church was very appropriately decorated with a profusion of the fruits of the earth. The font contained a large cross composed of purple and white chrysanthemums, with fruits of various colors. A large mound of fruit was placed between the lectern and pulpit, with a back ground of sheaves of grain. The altar was tastefully ornamented with flowers.

The pastor, the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, preached from Ephesians 5:20, "Giving thanks for all things unto God." He said that the duty of Thanksgiving is set forth in this verse with remarkable completeness and precision. Not simply that we are to feel grateful in our hearts for the mercies and blessings we enjoy, but that we are to give such feelings expression, that we are to speak them out in words.

THE W. R. C. PRIZE BAZAAR.

The hall of the Grand Army of the Republic was open during the day, and the prize bazaar of the Women's Relief Corps received many visitors. Everybody that went had a good time. At the close of night it was found that of those who are receiving votes for the handsome gold badge to be presented to the most popular veteran's daughter Bertha Stephens ranks highest with 80 ballots. Next comes Maggie Coddington with 77, and next Annie Moore with 8. The bazaar will be open this evening and to-morrow night.

The contest for the watches was decided last evening. The gold watch went to Sadie Addis, the silver watch to Sammy Terry. The money received in full for the same was $72.80. No. 30 takes the lamp, any one holding this ticket can have the lamp by calling at the G. A. R. rooms or applying to Mrs. H. C. Drake. No 17 took the hand-painted cushion, Mr. Martin being the recipient. Children will be admitted to-morrow for five cents each.

MERRY FOLKS ON WHEELS.

To the inspiring strains of the Plainfield Cornet Band hundreds of people glided about on roller-skates in the Crescent rink. There was great fun and frolic. The small boy was there, of course, as was, in fact, almost everybody else. He succeeded as usual in getting in the way, and not a few falls were due to omnipresence. Those who skated had a merry time, and so had those who went and merely looked on.

AT THE GUN CLUB GROUNDS.

Down at Dunellen the Middlesex Gun Club had considerable sport notwithstanding about ing events. In the 50-bird match between Wm. Cannon, the one-arm shot of Newark, and George Davis of Greenville, for $250 a side, Cannon won.

The only accident reported occurred when Hermann Parsh of North Plainfield fell to the ground—both barrels of his gun being cocked—and shot Ed. Wyckoff, also of North Plainfield. Wyckoff now carries five shot in his leg and two in his hand.

NOTES TAKEN HERE AND THERE.

The sociable held at Warren Mission Chapel last evening, under the auspices of the Berean class, was well attended. Gilbert VanNest called the meeting to order. Mr. C. R. Tyler, former teacher of the class, made an address. Frank H. Gardner, the present teacher, also spoke. A pleasing programme was carried out and refreshments were served. All had a good time.

The members of the Black Thorn Club, a social organization composed of a number of young people from this city and North Plainfield, held their first sociable of the season at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James Mullen on West Fifth street last night. The entertainment consisted of dancing, recitations, singing, etc., and all present had a most enjoyable time.

An evening sociable was given at the residence of Mrs. Edward Walling, corner of Third street and Central avenue, last evening. There were a number of young people present. Dancing was indulged in and a pleasant evening was spent throughout. The committee was J. C. Pennington and E. J. Vroom.

The shooting contest between Canon and Davis took place on the grounds of the Middlesex County Gun Club yesterday afternoon in spite of the rain by the former, he killing 32 birds to his opponent 27.

There was a fair-sized audience at Stillman Music Hall last evening to see Charlotte Thompson in her favorite role of "Jane Eyre," in the play of that name. The play appeared to give general satisfaction.

In the Catholic churches Thanksgiving services were held in the morning at eight o'clock, and were well attended. No other services were held during the day.

Many of the stores were not opened at all during the day; most all were closed by noon. The Post-office doors were locked at ten o'clock a. m.

It isn't a matter to be thankful for, but it's a fact, nevertheless, that the saloons did a thriving business all day long. There were several intoxicated on the streets.

Some went gunning, not a few coming out from Elizabeth to our near-by wilds.

Religious services were held in the morning at the Church of the Heavenly Rest at Evona and at the Church of our Saviour at Netherwood.

The services at Netherwood were under the charge of Wm. J. Leonard. The church was very prettily decorated by the ladies of the congregation. Flowers, fruits, sheaves of wheat and a beautiful cross of grapes were conspicuous.

The Y. M. C. A. rooms were open as usual to visitors during the day.

Somerset's Petit Jurors.

The Somerset county panel of jurors for the December term of Court was drawn last Tuesday at the Court House and is as follows:

Bedminister—Andrew M. Wortman, John N. Stout, James Apgar, Wilford H. Horton, Abram Hageman, Robert D. Dunham, Abraham Hageman, Jr., Hiram Hall.

Bernards—W. R. DeCoster, Dennis H. Layton, Alfred Compton, John B. Dunster, Watson Allen.

Branchburg—Henry Bacon, John H. Shafter, Abram D. Cole, John D. Hageman, Abram B. Lane, H. H. Wamsbee, Peter D. Sutphen, James J. Conover.

Bridgewater—John G. Codington, Jacob K. DeMott, Theodore L. Abbott, Garret Q. Baird, John Allgair, Joseph Miller, James Hunter, Elias Vanaman, John W. VanHorn, Andrew Dunn.

Hillsborough—Jacob P. Hall, J. Watson Gulick, George W. Miller, Nelson J. Rouser, Garret Dockerty, John V. VanNest, John V. D. Bergen, John McDonough, Ebenezer Tingley.

Franklin—John L. Suydam, W. H. Cortelyou.

Montgomery—Abraham B. VanCleef, North Plainfield—Cornelius C. Harris, Peter V. Weaver.

Warren—Joseph Zeglio, Peter Newmiller, William Ralph.

Miss Couthoui.

To hear this highly gifted lady is to be pleased and delighted. It is doubtful if she has an equal in her marvelous elocutionery powers, and in her adaption to her audiences. Her personal presence is winsome, like her culture and art. Her appearance at Music Hall, in this city, last Winter, gives assurance that her delighted hearers on that occasion will make sure of hearing her again, while those who failed to do so, can avail themselves this favorable opportunity.

One need only glance at the cordial testimonials, comming from the East, West, North and South, to be assured of an evening of good things.

Miss Couthoui is accustomed to large and enthusiastic audiences, and her popularity in Plainfield encourages the belief that the rule will be no exception here.

A Brave Woman Puts Out Fire

While the entire family of Louis Wyckoff of Howard street, North Plainfield, was absent from home at 11 o'clock, yesterday morning, the house caught fire from a defective flue in the kitchen. The engines were summoned, but were not needed, for owing to the bravery of Mrs. Chas. Wyckoff, who was foremost in activity, the fire was put out with not over $25 loss. Mrs. Louis Sprague discovered the flames, and Ada a Frits helped save the furniture. Mrs. Chas. Wyckoff broke a pane of glass and, crawling through the opening, 11x24 inches, into the kitchen, which was filled with suffocating smoke, used buckets of water with happy result.

—About a dozen members of the Park Avenue Social Club went to Summit Wednesday evening in stages and were entertained by the members of the Summit Lyceum. They report having had a very enjoyable time.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

THE "FIRE-BUG" CASES.

Efforts to End Them This Term.—What will be Done To-morrow.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 25.—From the announcement made in Court Wednesday afternoon it was expected that the remainder of the Plainfield "fire bug" cases would be finally brought to the attention of the Bench this morning, but nothing will be done before to-morrow.

Judge McCormick assured a member of THE NEWS' staff that his decision concerning Ex-Congressman Alvah A. Clark's motion for a new trial for Louis and Horace VanNest on the charge of burning the Carmon Place house, of which they stand convicted, will be rendered Saturday morning. Then also something will be done about indictment No. 17, which accuses Theodore VanNest jointly with John M. Jackson of setting fire to the McCutcheon house. What that something will be, depends entirely on what Jackson will have to say when brought before the Bench for sentence. It is thought by some that this notorious "shine" man will make a full confession, clearing Theodore VanNest of all blame. If so, Prosecutor Wm. R. Wilson will move a nolle pros.

As for "nigger Eph" Carmon's case, trial will not, says the Prosecutor, be moved until Friday, Dec. 2, but Gen. Julius Augustus Fay, who is counsel for Ephriam, will, unless the unexpected occurs, occupy a half hour or more to-morrow in haranguing the Court. He will move to quash the indictment against Carmon on the grounds of a technical error in its statement and because "Eph" told him that the Rafferty barn and Cook lumber yard, the burning of which he is alleged to be the incendiary author—occurred over two years before the indictment was found, which, if a fact, would render prosecution outlawed. As a matter of history, the fire was on Nov. 21, 1885, and the indictment was found Oct. 19, 1887. Hence this point wont stand.

"Gen. Fay"—said one who is prominently interested in the case, "is sharp and will work in his pounts in the presence of the full panel of jurors. The Court will probably eventually break on him, but the General will not pass up so eloquent a statement as he possible can."

The fact that Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh is ill at his home in Plainfield, may cause further delays in the prosecution, but every effort will be made to finish the "fire-bug" cases at this term of Court.

PERSONAL.

Counsellor Craig A. Marsh was today taken with a sudden chill and is now at his home quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. David Kenney of New Brunswick, spent tuesday at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Leonard on East Second street.

James L. Anthony of Netherwood has been named among the candidates in the Second Ward for Councilman-at-Large on the Republican ticket. He will poll a large vote.

Messrs. Nathan H. Randolph of Park avenue and Frank S. Wells of Fourth street are to be ordained as deacons at the morning services in the Seventh-Day Baptist church to-morrow.

Arthur R., son of Charles and brother to Freebolder Kyte, died yesterday in this city after an illness of a year and a half. He was born in British Guiana in 1845 and lived in New Jersey twelve years. Dr. Coles was his attending physician.

Mrs. Ida Runyon, widow of the late Deacon Jeptha L. Runyon, died of heart disease yesterday at her late residence near New Market. She was over eighty-seven years of age. The funeral services will be held Saturday afternoon at one o'clock.

John M. Crane of LaGrande avenue is being urged by Republicans to accept the Second Ward nomination as Councilman. It would be difficult to find a more popular man among all parties, or a man more keenly alive to the interests of Plainfield.

Samuel L. Pyatt of Sampton was united in the bonds of matrimony to Miss Mary Gray, Wednesday evening, at half past six, by the Rev. Andrew Armstrong, at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Carra Gray, at Samptown. The bride was attired in a handsome navy blue silk; the groom in dark attire. A large number of relatives and intimate friends were present from this city and vicinity. The presents were numerous and useful.

Rev. A. H. Tuttle, the former pastor of the Methodist church here, has met with a calamity, according to the following from the Wilkesbarre Leader of Nov. 23d. "Rev. A. H. Tuttle was informed on Monday, by telegraph, that his father, Rev. J. M. Tuttle, had been stricken with paralysis. Although the news was startling, it did not prepare the pastor with dire forebodings, little did he think the end of his well beloved parent was so near. Mr. Tuttle arrived at Spring Lake, N. J., the home of his parent, yesterday afternoon, and saw the old gentleman sink away and die before night had fully settled its shadows upon the earth. With the sinking of the sun did the life of the old minister seek the pastures where many of his flock had long before preceded him. Owing to his sudden bereavement our pastor will be unable to participate in the Thanksgiving services tomorrow. The Rev. J. M. Tuttle will be remembered as the pleasant faced old gentleman who visited Wilkesbarre last summer as the guest of his son. He was 78 years of age."

Died.

HUNTON—Mrs. Ida, widow of the late Deacon Jeptha L. Runyon, died Nov. 25, in Plainfield, aged 87 years, 1 month and 10 days. Died of heart disease. Nov. 24, 1887.

Service Saturday one o'clock, at her late residence, West Dunellen, near New Market.

Y. M. C. A. Series of Four Concerts

BY

The New York Philharmonic Club.

ASSISTED BY PROMINENT VOCALISTS,

AT

STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,

1887. SECOND SEASON. 1888.

Dec. 6, Jan. 31, Feb. 21, March 20.

Reserved Tickets for series of Four Concerts $3 00
" " " Single Concert 1 00
Course Tickets at Reynolds' Pharmacy on and after Thanksgiving Day.
Tickets for single concert at same place on and after Monday, Dec. 26th.

Coulter's Word-Column.

A HANDY young man wants a situation as coachman or gardener, best of references. Address Eddie O. Ackerman, City. 25-2

A WOMEN who can do plain washing and ironing would like to have work that could be done at home. Apply No. 17 Cottage Place.

A YOUNG AMERICAN girl wishes a situation to do housework. Please call at 153 West Front street. 25-2

APARTMENTS to let corner of Third and New streets. 11-21-tf-*

A LARGE desirable dwelling on Grove street near the First Baptist church, to-let; suitable as a first-class boarding house. Rent low. All improvements. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, No. 35 and 37, opposite station. 10-21-tf

BOARD—North Plainfield, in private family. Address Post office. 22-3

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 33 Carleton avenue. 11-14, 12-21

DOG LOST—A liver brown and white pup. A suitable reward will be paid to finder by Wm. M. Stillman, 34 W. Front street.

DWELLING HOUSE to rent. Twelve minutes walk from Pond Tool works. Suitable for Boarding house. Rent moderate. E. C. Mulford, agent. 5-5-tf*

FOR SALE CHEAP—Stock and fixtures of grocery store 66 East Front street, and house to let. Also young horse for sale. 25-3

FURNISHED ROOM to let for two lodgers. 16 North avenue. 25-3

FOR SALE—Chickering piano, fine tone, will be sold cheap. Call 17 Crescent avenue. 22-3

FOR SALE—A light easy phaeton. The property of Dr. South. Enquire of Jenkins M. D., 62 East Front street. 10-31-tf

FOR SALE at a bargain, a desirable building lot on Eighth street, next Mr. Hubbell's fine property. Size of lot 87 1-2 front by about 250 feet deep. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, 35 and 37 opposite station. 11-3 tf*

LOST—Brown cloth cape and collar for a boy's overcoat. On Wednesday, Nov. 23, from Grove to Central avenue.

ROSES, fine cut blooms of American Beauty, Beunet, Papa, Gontier, Bride, Catherine Mermet, etc., also Carnations. W. Miles, Greenhouses, Box 260. 25-6

SITUATION wanted—By young girl for general housework. Good reference; willing and obliging. Apply at 17 Cottage Place.

SITUATION wanted as chambermaid or waitress, by a respectable, middle aged young woman. Reference given. Call at 12 Liberty street.

TREES, flowering blooming plants, Palms, Hardy Rubber trees, etc., at Denton's Hillside avenue. 23-3

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework at No. 7 Second Place. 22-3

WANTED—A double-beater, hall stove; self feeder preferred. Must be cheap. Address, Cash, P. O. Box 1202. 25-2

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply No. 39 Craig place, North Plainfield. 25-3

WANTED—A young man who is quick at figures and good penman to fill position of entry clerk. Apply box I. 25-2

WANTED—Experienced sales lady in dry goods store. Address Box 886, City. 11-16-tf-*

PRIZE BAZAAR

under the auspices and in aid of the RELIEF FUND of the WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS, auxiliary to Post 73, G. A. R.

AT GRAND ARMY HALL,

for one week,

November 21 to 26

Inclusive. Admission 10 cents.

Course tickets, entitling holder to three chances in prize drawing, 25c.

Committee—Mrs. S C Terry, Mrs. John Ritchie, Mrs. Rod's Walker, Mrs. H C Drake, Wm. Addis, Jas M Attwood, Rod't Walker, C W Harden, T 40, Doane.

10-21-4f

SKATES, SKATES for BOYS, GIRLS AND EVERYBODY

ALL SIZES AND GRADES HOLIDAY GOODS.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE.

Mrs. J. L. Anderson desires a limited number of pupils in singing at her residence, Front street, opposite Plainfield avenue. Thoroughly qualified to prepare pupils for opera, oratorio or ballad singing. Mrs. Anderson will permit pupils to practice for an hour at her rooms, free of charge, if desired. Can refer to distinguished professors, both here and in New York. Address, P. O. Box 962.

Welsh Prize SINGERS

under the auspices of

The W. C. T. U.

AT STILLMAN MUSIC HALL

Saturday, Nov. 26th,

afternoon and evening. Admission 50 Matinee, children 10c., adults 25c. Evening tickets 25c. Reserved seats 25c extra. To be had at the drug stores.

PRIZE FIGHT.

THREE CORNERED: between

GENERAL N. DEBILITY of every where,

OLD DYSPEPSIA of Pictown,

and

NERVE F. TONIC of Plainfield.

BOTTLES admitting holder to the contest for all of Druggists and Grocers.

Karl Kaerth, Referee.

Misses' and Children's SPRING HEEL SHOES, all sizes and widths from 75c to $2.50.

Doane & VanArsdale

32 West Front street.

Smith & Cahill,

REAL ESTATE

Insurance,

STOCK, GRAIN AND PROVISION

BROKERS,

25 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

Real Estate for sale, rent or exchange. Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought or sold for cash or on margin. Private wire to New York and Chicago.

Agents for the Merchants Fire Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.

J. B. SMITH. J. A. CAHILL

READINGS

BY

JESSIE COUTHOUI

MUSIC BY G. CLEFF QUARTETTE

ON

Thursday, Dec. 1st.

at the

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HOLIDAY GOODS

Large, New and choice assortment of Fancy China and Bric-a-Brac, Artistic Glassware, Art Pottery, Elegant Lamps.

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MOTHER GOOSE

SOCIABLE

for the benefit of the

Mah-Myah

Mission Band

to be held in the Sunday school room of the

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,

FRIDAY EVENING, NOV. 25th, '87.

Admission 25 cents. Children 15 cents.

Plainfield Evening News,

T. W. HOSKINSON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Is published every afternoon at

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FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1887.

POWDERLY WANTS TO BE FREE.

He Feels That the Knights Would Stand More Chancefully by Another.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 25.—General Master Workman Powderly, in response to a request from prominents Knights of this city urging him to reconsider his announced determination to retire from the leadership of the order, has written a letter, of which the following is the substance:

"You ask me to reconsider my determination to retire from the head of the order after the next session. I do not see how I can reasonably do it. Indeed it would be unfair to ask me to retain a position which I do not want, and which I am confident another man can fill with better advantage to the order at large.

"I feel that the order would stand more cheerfully by some other man than it would stand by me. True, I have never had cause to find fault with the official treatment I have received, but when blows fall thick and fast friendly intercession now and then shows a man where and from what the blows are falling. I believe the best service that I can render the order is to step aside and allow some other member to do the work I am trying to do. I am devoted heart and soul to the cause of labor. My life in this struggle for humanity has been one constant fight by night and day.

"Personal interests, social ties and comforts of home are things I have not known for years. I long to be once more a free man. If William the Silent by the 1 cannot break and rule over by not one, but by 500,000 masters. You can never know the strain under which I have labored for years. I would not be seeming for me to speak of a financial sacrifice I have made for this order, and I am free to say I would be willing to make the same sacrifice again of either health, wealth or comfort for the order of the Knights of Labor. That organization is built, but profane hands have been laid upon it and it must be gathered at Chicago and gave out that it stands declaration to the world did secretly because anarchy could not rule the order. The charge that those who attended the meeting in Chicago were with being Anarchists, but I claim that a vast majority of them did not represent their constituencies."

THE STRIKING COAL MINERS.

Action Taken Looking to the Settlement of the Difficulty.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Nov. 25.—An important meeting of the representatives of the Philadelphia and Reading system, National District No. 135, Knights of Labor, subdivisions 12 and 14 of the above district, District Assembly No. 84, and representatives of U. Miners and Laborers Amalgamated association met in this city yesterday.

The business of the meeting was the consideration of the best means of ending the miners' strike in the Lehigh region.

It was resolved to take steps to bring the coal strike to a speedy termination, and communications were sent to Governor Beaver, President Corbin, of the Philadelphia and Reading company, to try to settle the difficulties in the Lehigh and Schuylkill regions.

A Female "Swindler" Swindler.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Mrs. Edna Perrin was arrested yesterday on a charge of swindling by means of the "sawdust game." A letter was sent to letters from people in Brooklyn to the country ordering counterfeit [illegible] in her possession. She [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

WOMAN AND HOME.

HINTS AND HELPS OF VALUE TO MAIDS AND MATRONS.

Ventilation of the Sleeping Room—Gloss on the Linen Collar—An Invalid's Appetite—A Mother's Touch—Origin of Love—Paragraphs, Notes.

Ventilation is a splendid provision of nature for human good. The circulation of air is wisely adapted to either any crevice. There is an ancient riddle, "Round the house, and round the house, peeks in every crack."

This is the mission of the wind, and if we open the chamber window we shall be amply repaid by the fresh, exhilarating air that is waiting to replace the foul, stagnant vapors of the gathering night watches. This everybody knows. But, please, don't carry bedmaking past the sunset. Every one knows that the less falls before old Sol has thought of retiring to his golden pillow. One hour and a half is quite sufficient for a thorough airing of a sleeping room.

What a surprise is presented by a lot of promiscuous bed linen strewn about, robbing the room of its beauty, and sadly infringing on the laws of tidiness. A nicely made bed is an awful handy place to lay things on. It is high enough to be out of the reach of baby (all mothers do not have nurseries). To keep it unmade is a wild notion, and I hope that it will not gain promulgators. *Just think of it,* to go make a bed until it is required to sleep in! What would become of all the pretty love covers, shams, etc.? This plan so lately proposed has been tried by slack domestics for a long time. They seldom make their own until bedtime unless strictly ordered to do so. I speak advisedly, having been annoyed by such delinquency, as, I think, any tidy housewife would be.

In this day of the family boarding craze, and the back aching bric-a-brac nonsense, please do not fill our daughters' and housemaids' heels with the folly of neglecting to arrange every room in its prettiest order. We need the exercise, besides the freedom it secures us from a spirit of procrastination.

A rare breeze invited through open windows in the early morning hour, across all the *health that is necessary in this line;* and the exercise that follows the proper adjustment of our dwellings guarantees the blessing of good digestion, and quickens the love for that harmony which should pervade every home. —Christian at Work.

The Gloss That Shines.

The gloss that shines on the collar and cuffs of the city youth often excites the envy of his country cousin. We do not greatly admire this high polish, except that it does rapid duty, and linen will keep spotless much longer than with the ordinary surface. A skilled laundryman, when asked what was the secret of this work, replied: "The pressure is pressure, nothing more." The pressure of moving hot cylinders is used in steam laundries. In a private house a steam laundry we were much interested in the patent appliances for ironing cuffs and collars to make them look like new, and we found the linen was passed between two moving hot cylinders, under a pressure of 120 pounds, and thus received the high polish. But the ordinary ironer will succeed well if after being sure that the starch is well and thoroughly rinsed free from all traces of soap, and dipped in pure, clean boiled starch, not too stiff. She will use clean, smooth irons and bear down heavily upon the linen with the rounded edge of the iron. There should be no soft blanket for it to sink into, as the polish is produced by the flattening of the linen through the pressure.

There are patent glosses and starches of various kinds widely advertised to produce polish on linen, but it is best to adhere to the common starch bought in the bulk and of the best grade. Some persons stir the hot starch over a fire around with a spermaceti candle kept for the purpose, and others add a bit of clean mutton tallow, but it is best to add with caution all foreign substances, such as wax, gum arabic, salt or sugar. Good results can be procured with pure starch alone. —Chicago News.

The Touch of a Mother's Hand.

Why is a mother's hand on the head of a sick child so soothing? Because her love supplies electricity, which is a curative force and a tonic. Animal electricity is an agency not so well understood as it should be by women, though they use it continually. It is strange, only understood with the massage treatment, which is nothing more or less than merely rubbing the entire body. Animal electricity is imparted by careful manipulations of the muscles, performed by gently stretching them with both hands. This produces an elasticity of action which causes them to rise, thereby increasing their power to act.

Women, whose fingers are supple and yet strong, can best impart electricity to their children. The treatment should be applied mainly with the fingers. When the nerves are prostrated they can be invigorated in the same way. They should be gently pressed in one direction and another which tends to increase their vitality. The general circulation can be increased by lightly moving the hands over the surface of the blood vessels, not rubbing them briskly, but using enough force to quicken the circulation. Women can become thorough animal electricians if they will only devote themselves to a careful study of anatomy. The world is full of half invalid women, who should be restored to health by this natural method.—Woman's Argosy.

Care of the Face.

Soap should not be used on the face, as there are chemicals which shine and dry the skin. One scrubbing a month is sufficient, unless one has been traveling through a coal mine. The best way to make the face clean is to rub it with a soft linen or chamois cloth till all the dirt comes off. The friction should be sufficient to cause perspiration, thereby opening the pores of the skin without irritating it. When the cloth rubs clean dip it in cold cream, and after working it in the face rub it dry.

There are creams and creams, but if the pure dairy product cannot be procured, lard is a suitable substitute for the creamed. It will cost in the neighborhood of 25c, but half the quantity prescribed will suffice for six months. Almond oil, 30 grains; spermaceti, 60 grains; white wax, 30 grains; tincture benzoin, 15 grains; oil of rose, 5 drops. Melt wax, spermaceti and almond oil in a hot water bath. Remove from the fire and stir until nearly cool, then add the other ingredients and beat until cold and white. Bottle in a paste veal or jelly cup with glass cover, and use whenever the face needs cleaning. Don't tell your husband, or he will think you are going out and make your life miserable.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

An Invalid's Appetite.

In the matter of food it is important to please the eye of invalids. They should eat from delicate china and glass. One expert nurse always serves beef tea and milk in a white glass—one of the thin, bell shaped glasses that hold more than they look to hold. A sick person will turn away from a bowl of soup, and be pleased with a pretty cupful. Sick children especially are amused and pleased with the color and pattern of the cups and dishes, and there is a case of the fretful child in every invalid. There is arranging very tempting in a small quantity. It does not tax the eye. Therefore, always present just as little as you judge the invalid wants to see. A coarse, white dinner plate heaped with food will take away all appetite, while a small plate or saucer, especially if it is a pretty, dainty one, will be successfully cleared. A mussy saucer or a pink plate will cear a feverish patient to eat rice pudding or custard cream or a few oysters when all other arts have failed. There seems to be an appetite of the eyes as well as the stomach, and it must not be offended.

Very rare indeed is the medicine to the exertion of *lifting* the head to partake of a nourishing drink. Let them have their way. A bent glass tube, sold for five cents at the drug-store and at the toy shops, is a wonderful less or lowness, except that the head may rest low. It simply means comfort, and the invalid need not be disturbed in a sick bed. Be on extreme watch, that when you take the beverage provided without a change of position. The art of comfort is not cure, but it does great work very often. When the nerves are not fretted, the body has a far better chance of recuperating.—American Housekeeping.

The Origin of Love.

The poetical account that is given from Nietzschianans of the origin of love explains the old idea, which still vaguely survives, that every soul has somewhere its particular mate, and explains also the tribulations that occur in finding it. According to this poet-philosopher there were once three sexes, descended respectively from the sun, earth and moon, and each had a duality of heads, arms and legs. But the beings so endowed were round, and revolved about with the facility of a Fourth of July fire wheel.

In process of time they grew so fierce and *powerful that Zeus was put to his wits' ends* to know what to do with them, as they attempted at one time to storm heaven and overpower even the gods. He did not wish to destroy them outright; so he directed Apollo to cut each of them in two, which was done; and thus the number of human beings was doubled. Each of these half beings now continually wandered about, seeking its other half. And when they found each other their only desire was to be reunited by clasping and never be parted again. And this longing and striving after union—that is what is meant by the name of love. As the separations that necessitate unions were made in heaven, we can now see why all perfect matches are supposed to be ordained there. The ill assorted and irritable ones are those that spring up without knowledge and in a haphazard fashion, whereby two halves that never belonged together are unequally yoked.—Joel Benton in The Cosmopolitan.

Train the Children's Hearts.

So soon as a child is old enough to be cruel it is old enough to learn of mercy. The little one who laughs at the dying agonies of the butterfly it crushes in its chubby fists is old enough *to be taught the sin of inflicting* unnecessary pain.

Train the children; train their hands, train their hearts and above all train their hearts, and our future will be one of good men and women.

"The beginning is the half of the whole," as the old Greeks said. Teach a child's heart, make it to vibrate with the sufferings of another, make it to have sympathy—sympathy in its truest sense—a like suffering for the object of distress, and the child willingly goes to the rescue. Make the young to have pity for the beasts that suffer and are dumb; teach them of the woes that animals are to man; kinds and hard our lives would be without their service; tell them how much we owe our friends in furs and feathers, and then we reach a higher work—the moral obligation of man as a superior animal to protect the weak and defenseless; and so we proceed until that highest sphere is reached—man's duty to his fellow. In this task, perhaps the lighter, the corner stone has been laid, for the child that has learned to love and protect the dumb animals will never be cruel to a fellow human being.—New Orleans Picayune.

Hands and Household Work.

Household work and neat hands are not an incompatible as they seem, if every means possible is used for the protection of the hands. I will not suggest rubber hands, because work must enlarge them, and, as shapeless as they are, they would be kept soft and white, with regular, smooth nails. First, there are rubber gauntlets, costing a moderate price. They can be worn while washing dishes, dusting and sweeping, and in doing any work that will not cut the rubber. An old pair of buckskin gloves, a plenty of newspaper, will keep the hands spotless in trimming and cleaning lamps, and free from the lampblack, so permeating and hard to remove.

In short, the rule must be: Whatever can be done with gloves, must never be done without them. When work is done, wash the hands in tepid water, pressing the skin back at the base of the nail with the towel as you wipe them. Pour in the palm a few drops of glycerine, rub well together, and wipe dry. If sticky, powder lightly with starch. At night anoint well with glycerine, and sleep in gloves, or powder thickly with starch, which will wash, as well as prevent soiling, the bed clothes.—Clara Grundy Bettens in Good Housekeeping.

The Woman of California.

I must mention two unmistakable physical features of the single and sincere California woman. The first of these is her early development. I was called upon to address the young ladies of our celebrated Mills seminary—the Vassar college of the Pacific coast—not long ago. At first I had been five minutes on the stand I found I was speaking to women—women in body and women in mind.

A second and singularly beautiful feature in the coming Californian, this new woman of the new world, is her golden hair. When called upon to speak to the girls of the high school of San Francisco a few weeks ago, it was like looking over a yellow harvest field. And I count this very singular, for we have a dash of Moorish blood here—the Moor of the Alhambra, the Arab of the Jesuit fathers. We have some of the pure Castilian, it is true, but nearly all our Spanish blood is plashed with the tawny blood of either the Moor or the native American Indian. Then again we have the Kanaka in our schools. There are also many swarthy folk from far down in the Pacific seas. But over and above all these towers the tall California girl, her head and shoulders laden with ripe wheat.—Joaquin Miller in New York Star.

German Liberty of Fashion.

There is, broadly speaking, great liberty in fashion in Germany, and this is one of the best features of the time, giving, as it does, free play to the fancy and individual taste of one and all, and making it possible to dress more in accordance with the requirements of personal peculiarities, economy, age or health, and yet not appear old fashioned. The wearer does not change her shape, but individuality. What is charming on one would be ludicrous on another. The elderly must dress differently from the young; stout people cannot wear what suits slight people. Black materials are always thought to look well, without detracting from the beauty of dress, if women only understood the value of what they buy and of making.—Lina Morgenstern.

Beauty of Virginia Girls.

I know not whether pride or the simplicity of their lives and home-like feelings, rather it is a beneficent gift of these high altitudes, or what, but the women are really more beautiful the most transcendent style, than pictures I ever saw. Nor is their beauty entirely superficial, either. They have to a large degree that highly desirable quality which is now universally admired, and unfortunately, *so rare in America*—good conversational voices. Their manners, too, have a peculiar charm, distinctively their own, as fresh and graceful as the wild honeysuckle that grows here and there in the mountains, and as wholesome and beautiful as their wooded hills.—American Magazine.

The Trustworthy American Girl.

The innate sense of propriety of a well bred and well intentioned American girl is absolutely trusted and seldom is the trust unworthily placed. Sad, indeed, would be that state of society outside of a large city where evil is rampant, which should doubt the refinement of a young woman, merely because she walked and rode unattended and at seemly hours with the gentleman whom she expected soon to marry. That healthy purity and modesty which naturally wins confidence and respect clothes her like a coat of mail. May it never be assailed by the degrading suspicions imported from a more corrupt social state.—Hester M. Poole in Good Housekeeping.

The Bumped Head.

After a bumped head the child may be stunned for a moment, may be slowly vomit, and *subsequently* become heavy and drowsy. This is more serious than a simple bruise, and should be seen by the doctor. Till his arrival it should be borne in mind that this drowsiness is nature's call for rest, and that the vomiting is in itself a favorable sign. The child must be kept in perfect quiet and its excessive drowsiness not made on account be given stimulants. On the doctor's arrival he will then find a case uncomplicated by the unwise treatment of parents or friends.—Edward Martin, M. D., in Babyhood.

Cure for a Cold.

When the unmistakable indications of a bad cold are first felt, a glass of hot lemonade before going to bed will sometimes correct the mischief. The drink may be soaked in hot water with a couple of tablespoonfuls of mustard stirred in it if the cold is in the head. But when this is done, warmer stockings than usual should be worn the next day. If the chest is sore, it may be rubbed with warm oil, or spirits of turpentine, and an extra layer of flannel placed next the skin before going out.—Elizabeth Robinson Scovil in Good Housekeeping.

Remedy for Catarrh.

As remedies for catarrh thousands of persons daily use snuff and other stuff whose action is to irritate the lining membrane and thus cause—more catarrh. There is nothing better than simply bathing the head, diluted in water and twice a day snuffed thoroughly well through the nostrils. Many persons use only salt and water.—New York Times.

Chimney on Fire.

If a chimney or flue catch on fire, close all windows and doors first, then hang a blanket in front of the grate to exclude all air. Water should never be poured down the chimney, as it spoils the carpets. Coarse salt thrown down the flue is much better.—Boston Budget.

To set the color in black or dark hosiery, cotton, woolen or silken, put a large teaspoonful of black pepper into a pail of water and let the articles lie in soak for a couple of hours.

When a felon first begins to make its appearance, take a lemon, cut off one end, put the finger in, and the longer it is kept there the better.

In polishing shoes, if the blacking is moistened with a little milk instead of water, they will polish with less time and effort.

A few quince seeds boiled in water and perfumed will keep the hair in curl longer than any other preparation.

Baking soda dissolved in spirits of camphor and applied to corns night and morning will entirely remove them.

For a sore throat, cut slices of fat, boneless bacon, pepper thickly and tie around the throat with a flannel cloth.

Sweet potatoes fried in the juice of beef is a southern way that has found great favor in the north.

A tablespoonful of turpentine boiled with white clothes will greatly aid the whitening process.

The covers of the range should never be allowed to get red hot.

The most useful kitchen utensil is a sharp knife.

The Paying Teller's Temptations.

When the doors of the bank close the paying teller counts his cash to see that the amount on hand corresponds with the amount shown on the books. He puts the cash balance in the bank vault and quits work until the next morning. From *the time he leaves the bank until the hour* for him to reappear the next morning no one of the officers of the bank knows where he is. In fact, he may stay away a couple of days on the plea of illness, and if he is well regarded no suspicion will fall on the bank his absence does not cause suspicion. Express trains leave for Montreal at 7 and 11:15 every night. A paying teller can take \$100,000 in greenbacks in his pockets, walk out of the bank when the business of the day is over and be in Montreal before he or the money is missed.

Thirty-five hundred dollars a year is considered a good salary for a paying teller. The man knows that there is very little chance of his getting the cashier or the vice president of the bank, and that the probabilities are that he will go to the grave a paying teller unless he will be honored because of old age or because a change in the officers or in the board of directors has brought into power some rich and influential man who has a poor relative whom he wants to support without cost to himself.

Just consider the terrible temptations some of these paying tellers suffer. They see men making money by ways which are not exactly dishonest and yet are not exactly fair, and nobody interferes with them; and they also see and feel although money day after day to make themselves so independent of labor that they could live on the best in the land while life lasts and not turn their hand.—New York Journal.

WHAT SHALL WE WEAR?

BUSINESS SUITS, FROCK COAT SUITS AND DRESS SUITS FOR MEN.

How Pet Dogs Wear Harness when Out for a Walk—A Pretty Indoor Costume—What is Expressed in Its Cut and Garniture—New Styles.

The cut here given illustrates an indoor costume that represents in its flash one and its garniture, leading styles. The skirt of this this costume is of heavy brown cashmere, braided with the same color and trimmed with a flounce thirteen inches deep, laid in box pleats.

BRAIDED COSTUME.

For the front drapery arrangement, a breadth of material one yard and a quarter wide and one yard five inches long is pleated into the band at the upper edge and caught up on the left side. The back breadth, which is two yards ten inches wide and one yard six inches long, is pleated into the band, the material being arranged in a box pleat in the middle and in smaller flat ones at the sides and then caught in the middle.

Waistcoat piece completes the fronts of the bodice, which is further ornamented with revers two and three-quarter inches long. Large flat bronze buttons are also used in the ornamentation of the bodice. Gimp and braided ornamentations as here described may easily be made by our readers, or braided sets may be purchased for the purpose.

Harness for Dogs.

The dog has come to be an important feature in the world of fashion, and what he shall wear and how to make it is therefore a question of more or less interest. The pet dogs owned by ladies and sent out daily to walk are usually led by a leather or chain leader attached to the collar.

HARNESS OF LEATHER WORK FOR DOGS.

The harness here illustrated is not only intended for ornament, but also to prevent the collar from pressing on the throat of the dog when a leader isattached to it. The latter, in the arrangement shown, is put through a ring let in the middle of the baby band of the harness. The harness for which the illustration is taken consists of four straps, each three-quarters of an inch wide and long enough to go around the body of the animal. Sometimes light colored leather is used, sometimes dark. Occasionally strips of red cloth, somewhat wider and pinked out at the edges, are stitched on under the leather. The strips are joined and ornamented with gilt, silver or nickel beaded nails. These harnesses can be purchased ready made, though many ladies prefer having them made to order.

New York Fashions For Men.

The following New York styles in men's clothing are recently described in Harper's Bazar: Business suits are of dark mixed suitings and checks and stripes that are not conspicuous, and are almost invisible—reproducing dark gray shades, brown and red mixtures, black and brown checks, etc. These suits may have a cutaway coat, fastened by three or four buttons, in the size of the wearer dictates, or else a four buttoned sack coat; the waistcoat may have a "step" rolled notched collar or a standing "step" collar; the edges are double stitched. Trousers for these suits—and indeed for all suits—are cut medium wide and hang straight, but they are not of exaggerated width, nor do they have the folded crease down the front and back which belongs to ready made clothing. A *dark silk or satin scarf tied in a large knot,* a black Derby hat and a pair of brown or colored gloves with wide black stitching are worn with business suits.

Those dressy morning suits that are worn in the afternoon as well have a cutaway coat and vest of black or dark blue corkscrew cloth, or of diagonal that is not very wide, or else of fine crape finished cloth.

The frock coat suit is accepted as the correct day dress suit for formal receptions in the afternoon and for day weddings, alike for the bridegroom and the invited guests. Fine black diagonals, corkscrew cloth or cheviot—a cloth without facing—are used for the double breasted frock coat, which is of medium length, is fastened by four buttons, has corded silk facing, is bound with ribbon braid and lined with black satin. The vest of the same cloth is single breasted and medium high. The trousers are of dark stripes, though slightly lighter trousers are worn by a bridegroom and his attendants. White or very light colored four-in-hand scarfs, with a jeweled scarf pin, and pearl colored gloves stitched with pearl, are worn by the groom, best man and ushers. The guests also wear light scarfs with tan colored gloves. A high silk hat completes a frock coat suit.

Dress suits for evening are of the finest black diagonal or Angolas, especially those for young men; broadcloth is little used. The dress coat is cut with narrow swallow tail and low rolled shawl collar in long cutaway roll, or it may be a notched collar if the wearer prefers.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately existing between Stephen A. Fleming and John F. Anderson of Plainfield, N. J., under the firm of Fleming & Anderson, on the 1st day of October last, was dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to said late partnership are to be received by said Stephen A. Fleming at the said place of business, and all claims against said late partnership are to be presented to him for payment at No. 94 North avenue.

STEPHEN A. FLEMING,
JOHN F. ANDERSON.

Dated November 15th, 1887. 17-3w

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E. M. ADAMS,
10 PARK AVENUE

Fimerson & Coyne,
have opened a store at
16 East Front St.
where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as first-class
Merchant Tailors,
to examine their fine line of samples, which they make up to order, at prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

PARK HOUSE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Rates to carry for season rooms. Special arrangements made for parties or persons desiring table board, and in stormy weather to be transferred to and from the Hotel. Terms reasonable.
EVAN JONES,
PROPRIETOR.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the
CITY HOTEL,
Corner of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.
J. H. Stapels, Prop'r.
GOOD Accommodations.

THE STOCK OF
Merino Underwear
FOR MEN WOMEN and CHILDREN,
in White, Scarlet and Grey,
AT EDSALL'S.
No 29 West Front street.
is the largest and most complete ever offered by this house. We claim to have the best 25c vest; the best 37½ vest; the best 50c vest; the best $1.25 and the best $2 Jersey Ribbed Vests The best 50c Shirts and Drawers.

25c	50c
37½	75c
50	1.00
75	1.25
1.00	1.50
1.25	2.00

The last two mentioned are the celebrated Natural Wool.
You can surely get suited here in this line of goods. We are proud of the fact of showing the largest assortment of handsome new
CARPETS
ART SQUARES, RUGS, OIL CLOTHS, etc.
ever shown in this part of the State and at the Lowest prices.

Educational.

MISS. MEYER
Of 99 East Front street will open a school for fancy sewing, crocheting and ladies handiwork, on Oct. 1. All ladies and children desiring to obtain instruction will please call at the above address for terms. Samples of work can be seen at Edsall's on West Front street. 9 13 2m

MISS NETTIE MATTHEWS,
Teacher of Piano. Gives sessions either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of reference. P. O. Box 1054.

ELOCUTION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss M. Elliott, P. O. Box 1099.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's School for Girls re-Lafayette avenue, corner Washington street. For particulars address P. O. Box 858, Plainfield.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,
3 PARK AVENUE.
Fruits of all kinds.
Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

CENTRAL R. R.
OF NEW JERSEY.
Station in New York, foot of Liberty Street
Time-table in effect N v 20, 1887.

Plainfield and New York.
Leave Plainfield at 5.07, 5.45, 6.30, 6.50, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.01 night. Sunday at 5.07, 8.00, 8.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m.
Leave New York, foot Liberty street at 6.00, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.
Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.30, 6.50, 7.30, 7.55, 8.00, 9.00, 10.37, 11.06, 11.45, a. m., 12.38, 1.37, 2.37, 3.37, 4.37, 5.37, 6.37, 7.37, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 p. m., 12.37 night. Sunday at 8.00, 8.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.37, 4.37, 5.37, 6.37, 7.37, 8.37, 9.37, 10.37, 11.37 p. m.
Leave Newark at 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m.
Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.
Leave Plainfield at 8.10, 7.14, 8.03, 9.21 a. m., 12.04 p. m., 3.03, 3.30, 4.04, 5.16, 6.03, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night. Sunday at 8.10, 10.14 a. m., 3.03, 5.16, 6.03, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.
Leave Somerville at 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night. Sunday at 8.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.30, 5.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Plainfield and Bound Brook.
Leave Plainfield at 5.45, 6.30, 7.00, 7.35, 8.03, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night. Sunday at 8.00, 8.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.30, 5.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.
Leave Bound Brook at 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.30 p. m., 12.30 night. Sunday at 8.00, 8.30, 11.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.30, 5.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m.

Westward Connections.
5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.
6.30 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
8.30 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
9.30 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
11.30 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
12.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
1.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
2.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
3.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
4.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
5.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
6.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
7.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
8.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
9.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
10.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
11.30 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.
12.30 night.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.
Leave Plainfield at 3.37, 8.00, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 4.51, 6.5 p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.37 a. m.
Leave New York at 3.27, 5.45, 8.00, 11.00 11.47 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.30 6.05 p. m. Sunday 8.37 a. m.
For Manasquan at 3.27, 5.45, 8.00, 11.08, a. m., 12.33 5.25, 6.05 p. m. Sundays 8.37 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia Via Bound Brook.
Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 8.10, 8.30, 11.08 a. m., 2.18, 3.10*, 6.05*, 8.17 p. m. 1.15 night, Sunday at 8.10*, 12.9 a. m. 6.24 p. m. 1.24 night.

RETURNING.
Leave Philadelphia, Market and Green Streets, at 7.30, 8.30* 9.30 11.00 a. m.; 1.15 3.15, 5.15, 6.45 12.00 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m., 12.00 p. m.
Third and Berks Streets at 8.40,* 9.05 10.30 a. m.; 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sundays at 9.05 a. m., 4.30 p. m.
Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker Streets, at 7.30, 8.00, 8.10,* 10.10, 11.38 a. m.; 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.28 p. m. Sundays at 1.38, 9.18 9.40, a. m., 6.15 p. m.
Plainfield connects only by trains marked * change cars at Bound Brook
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt
J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Sup't.

INSURANCE.
Isaac Brokaw.
REAL ESTATE
and
Fire Insurance,
13 EDUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD
Agent for the following first-class Companies: Germania of New York, Hanover of New York, Jersey City, of Jersey City N. J. Manufacturers' of Newark, N. J. Property of furniture and dwellings a specialty at lowest rates.
Money to Loan on first mortgages. Bargains in Real Estate always wanted and collections made. Prompt returns.
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

RUBBER STAMPS.
Orders taken for all kinds of Rubber Stamps,
Rubber Type,
etc. for Mercantile and Family use at less than
New York Prices.
Call and see samples and get prices at
ALLEN'S
The Stationer,
23 EAST FRONT STREET.

PICTURE
FRAMES
of all kinds at
S. E. FLOWERS
21 New York Price, Studio 25 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and for painting

FURNITURE.
FAIRCHILD'S
Furniture Warerooms
21 EAST FRONT STREET
Parlor and Chamber
FURNITURE.
Low Prices.
Call and see us.

THE LITTLE PEOPLE.

A Dreary Day.

Bobby (Sunday afternoon)—What a dreffel long, dreary day Sunday is, mother.

Mother—Why do you find it dreary, Bobby?

Bobby (after some thought)—I spose it's because pa stays home all day.—Texas Siftings.

Revision.

Mr. Robert Johnson, who lives on the Fisher farm, has a little boy, Dave, who is just old enough to be taught to say his prayers. The other evening his mother was teaching him the Lord's Prayer, and got along very well until they reached the line, "Give us this day our daily bread."

The mother repeated it twice, but the child made no attempt to follow her.

"Why don't you say it?" urged his mother.

"'Cause I don't want bread," said the boy; "I want pie."—Oil City Derrick.

A Fresh Solution.

Little Mollie was caught by her mother stealing apples from the tree and severely rebuked. Her mother told her she must not touch those apples, as she was going to make preserves of them.

On the following Sunday little Mollie's school teacher, while walking home with her from Sunday school, asked her why God forbade Adam and Eve to eat of the tree in the midst of the garden.

"Because he wanted to make preserves of the apples," was the childish reply.—Texas Siftings.

Not Altogether Friendless.

The small child is to the front again. He had been naughty. The naughtiness of yesterday called the naughtiness of age are widely different.

"If you do that nobody will love you," the tender mother told him.

"Tain't so. I know one who'll like me," he discovered.

"Who?"

"Satan. He likes the bad ones."—San Francisco Chronicle.

A Case of Choke.

Jessie's teacher gave her pupils a party, to which "little Jessie" was invited. He ate heartily of ice cream and cake, and was found reposing on the bench in the porch, while the other children were at play in the yard. When asked why he didn't join them, he explained:

"Oh, I can't play, my pants choke me so."—Youth's Companion.

A Hidden Sting.

A little 4-year-old Rockbander went into a market for nuts, and, tempted, helped herself to a green pepper, tried to eat it. After she had failed the man-man asked her what the matter was with the fruit, and she replied, between sobs, "It was a horrible bee in it."—Middletown News.

A Profound Reflection.

"Brooklyn," inquired Jimmy Bliss, "must everybody die?"

"Yes, my child. Every one in this world must die when his time comes."

"Well—hum—pumps—what I'd like to know is, who'll bury the last man?"—Detroit Free Press.

A Pointed Composition.

A Burlington teacher told one of her boys that the next day he was to write a composition on a pencil. The next day the composition was handed in. The subject of his next composition was "Needles."—Burlington Free Press.

Two Stories With a Shave.

"We always want what we haven't got," remarked a philosopher of the razor as he rubbed some Croton water on the reporter's head and charged him for bay rum. "Twenty years ago I used to custom-razz you complaining that the hair was coming out with it every time I put the razz over it. Now you complain that the hair won't grow. When a man gets as bald as that he either becomes a socialist or else makes a hermit of himself and broods over the problem as to whether life is worth living.

"A man came in this morning and asked me if I could cut his hair without blowing in his face. He said he had been trying to get his hair cut for a whole week. The first barber he went to blew away the chippings at each movement of the shears, and his breath demand that whisky was his chief article of diet. He was bald when he came out the second time. So the man skipped out of the chair with one side of his head cropped. This one didn't drink whisky. He ate garlic. The rash hurried out of the place with his neck half shaved. This was the condition I found him in, but I soon had him presentable. When he was going out he asked me why I never blew the hair off a customer. 'Because I can't,' said I. 'Don't you see I have the nailman?'—New York Evening Sun.

Poor St. Louis.

Chicago Man (to a fellow passenger)—Have you ever been in St. Louis, sir?

Fellow Passenger (coolly)—Well I should say so! Why, I live in St. Louis, stranger.

Chicago Man—Oh, I am glad to know that. I want to stop off at St. Louis, and I'll be much obliged to you if you'll tell me when we get there. I wouldn't like to be carried by.—The Epoch.

At the Germans.

(Figure in which the leader claps his hands and each man takes a girl, one man being left out.)

Miss Dee-Really, Mr. C., this is quite an unexpected pleasure.

Mr. C.—Ah, yes. Well, you see, the leader told me to take what I could get.—Life.

ATTENTION

Those seeking investments or speculation. The

FINEST BUILDING PROPERTY

in this section of the country now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit. This property is located near the Grant Ave. depot, Plainfield, N. J., and is in view previously to the

POND TOOL MANUFACTORY

and the

POTTER PRESS WORKS.

It is situated in the

Healthiest,

most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. To those desiring to procure homes, or young men wishing to make small investments this opportunity is especially inviting. Builders or contractors would also find it advantageous to procure prices before looking elsewhere.

For particulars, inquire of Wm. C. Kelly, No. 36 Park avenue or Dr. Pettis, Park avenue. Map of property can be seen at Dr. Pettis' office.

MME. QUICK'S

SULPHUR AND MEDICATED

VAPOR TREATMENT

EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACE STREETS.

Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases, purifies the circulation, cleanses and purifies the blood, cures Colds, Influenza, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung Diseases, Nervous and General Debility, Pale and Sallow Skin and Skin Diseases.

It cures the most obstinate cases of chills and fever and all malarial disorders.

Hours from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Closed for cleaning on Saturdays.

FOTOGRAFS

Instantaneous, Everlasting Handsome Cheap, Best.

Great Success with Children's Faces.

THORN'S,

Opp. Post Office

THE

Fidelity & Casualty

COMPANY, issues

Accident Policies

for

$10,000

assuring

1. In event of death	$10,000
2. For loss of two hands	10,000
3. For loss of both feet	10,000
4. For loss of one hand and one foot	10,000
5. For loss of both eyes	5,000
6. For loss of one hand or of one foot	$3,333.33
7. For loss of one eye	1,250
8. For disabling injuries—during the continuance of same, per week,	$25

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amount.

For circular, etc., call on

Jos. T. Vail, Agt.,

OPPOSITE DEPOT

COAL and WOOD

C. H RUGG,

Successor to Morgan Bird,

Dealer in none but best quality Coal, such as

Yeddo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring Creek and Diamond Lehigh Coal (Well screened)

Also Coal and Kindling Wood.

Orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.

No. 61 Park Avenue,

Bird's Yard,

CRIGS ARAE RIG RAI RAG RIGS ARAE GRIGS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Repairing in all its branches at

L. M. FRENCH'S

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY.

18 Somerset street,

PLAINFIELD.

BENJ. F. MOORE

(late of Moore Bros.)

BUTCHER,

and dealer in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.

Corner

PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET

Plainfield, N. J.

Telephone Call No. 111.

Orders Called For

AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

A. M. RUNYON & SON

UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS

18 PARK AVENUE.

Telephone Call 61. Residence 48 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 17. Office Hillside cemetery

RICHARD DALY,

(Successor to Frank Day.)

Livery Stable,

NORTH AVENUE, Opp. Depot, Plainfield.

CARRIAGES TO MEET ALL TRAINS.

Family Riding a Specialty.

S. W. WAKEFIELD,

ENGINEER

AND PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.

Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings by hot water or steam. Contracts taken for Steam Boilers and Feeding Boiler. Send for illustrated catalogue. Repairing promptly done. Satisfaction cheerfully furnished.

OFFICE

80 Somerset Street

My Entrance my west.

JOHN JOHNSON,

Dealer in

Best Quality Coal

Yard and Office NORTH AVENUE

Orders by Mail Promptly Attended to

P. O. BOX 165.

TO THE PUBLIC!

We wish to inform our customers and the public generally that we have on hand the

BEST QUALITY OF

LEHIGH COAL

Fresh from the Mine

It is under cover and well protected from the weather. We are also prepared to deliver well screened and in good order promptly. We are also prepared to furnish all kinds of Rough Lumber and Masons' Materials at Reduced Rates.

A. D. Cook and Bro

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn

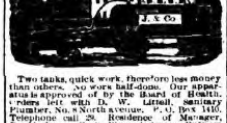
Fine Groceries,

18 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD.

Try the Brunswick Hams, sold by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrall & Co.

PLAINFIELD ODORLESS EXCAVATING COMPANY.

JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.



Two tanks, quick work, therefore less money than others. No work half-done. Our appearance is approved of by the Board of Health. Orders left with W. Littell, sanitary Plumber, No. 8 North avenue, P. O. Box 1410, Telephone call 28. Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

LAING'S HOTEL,

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

Late PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders' Taken at Reasonable Rates.

CHEAPEST PLACE.

Stoves, Stoves! Cook STOVES

Stoves, Stoves! Office STOVES.

Double Heater and RANGES.

J. P. Laire & Co.

Ranges & Stoves

with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of

HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES

will be found at the well-known store on the corner of Second and Front streets. Special attention called to the "Rockaway" range, which cannot be excelled.

F. ANDERSON.

N. B. B.

is short for the fact that there are "Nothing like" it in the trade, stock of New Goods in Silver and Gold at

Collier's, 3 Park Ave.

Don't go to New York stores with big rents, or any fancy prices at local fairs, when you can choose from a large stock of new goods at Collier's and save the fare, time and temper. He offers all the latest styles of rings, sleeve-buttons, lace and neck pins, watches, clocks and low try at the lowest prices. Established 19 years.

Jobbers Cards

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Jones,

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 98.

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C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter & Builder

OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET.

Shop, South Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,

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JOBBING

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

P. O. Box 359.

Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues.

JOHN CHANDLER,

Established 1864

Carpenter & Builder,

38 EAST THIRD STREET

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

S. A. Ross,

Carpenter, West Plainfield, interior fitting and builders that is not furnished. Mouldings, Sashes, Doors, Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

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Carpenter and Builder,

Residence Clinton avenue, near depot, Bronson, P. O. Box 1826. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Residence, Bronson, P. O. Box 356.

Carpenter and Builder.

Years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard,

Madison avenue and Third street.

Mouldings, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder.

All orders for Jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 212.

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Desirable Bargains in

BUILDING LOTS

FIRE INSURANCE.

Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phoenix Assurance of London, Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgage.

Edward C. Mulford,

Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue opposite R. R. station, Plainfield.

Telephone No. 96.

Our Specialties

Men's All-Wool Flannel-Lined Overcoats $5 worth $10.

Men's blue, black and brown Daisy Dress Ovecoats $10.

Imported Kersey and Montagnac Overcoats and Surtouts, satin-lined $15, worth $25.

Imported Flockeneusc the best made, $20. They are worth $35.

Immense line of other goods at half-price.

SCHWED BROS.

7 East Front street.

FRUITS

for

Thanksgiving

we wish to call the attention of our customers and friends to our large stock of unexcelled fruits for Thanksgiving use. Among them materials for baking such as Citron, Raisins etc. Also a fine line of Malaga Grapes 5lb per pound. Grape Fruit and Oranges. Fruits furnished for Thanksgiving dinners. A choice lot of Grape Fruits, Guava Jellies, Kennedy's Champion Biscuits, etc.

KENNEY BROS.,

NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE 35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE

(in Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the resid-nce portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen so that CONTRACTS

MADE AT ONCE

may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without defacing ceilings and walls and in most cases existing gas fittings can be provided with attachments for the lights

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

THE BEE HIVE.

Fur Trimming.

2 in. Black Fury, 25 cents per yard.
2 " Raccoon " 50 " "
2 " Grey " 50 " "
2 1-2 Silver Fox 75 " "
Ladies' Black Hare Muffs, 75 cents.

Toboggan Caps.

Jersey Toboggan caps with pompoms 25 cents.

Striped Jersey Toboggan caps with pompoms 45 cents.

Striped Jersey caps 15 cents.

Ladies' cashmere gloves in black and colored 15 cents, our line of ladies' and children cents and newmarkets will be sold at reduced rates, to make room for holiday goods.

LOUIS CALLMAN,

38 WEST FRONT ST.

Door Numbers,

DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS

at

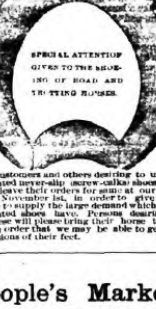
DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,

13 Park avenue.

Sole Agent for DR. KING'S Spectacles

McDONOUGH & MARTIN,

Housepainters, 20 Somerset Street.



All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated never-slip metal-calks shoes, will please leave their orders for same at our shop before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to supply the large demand which these celebrated shoes have. Persons desiring to use them will please bring their horse to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

THE

People's Market,

NO. 42 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats, Groceries, Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. R. H. Beckman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends when he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

WEST END

COAL YARD,

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.85 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to buy in coal. Offices No. 18 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL, SCIENTIFIC,

AND SANITARY PLUMBER.

Having passed the examining board of Master plumbers of New York city, and also also of a member of that body of practical plumbers in Brooklyn, I am prepared to do plumbing in any manner desired, at reasonable rates. Shop No. 7 Front, near Second st.

I have opened the parlors for the above exhibition of Human Hair Goods, and shall endeavor to wear the same to the satisfaction of all who may favor me with a call. Everything will be done in the most approved and fashionable manner. Shampooing, Hair Dressing, Manicuring, etc., done in the best style. In addition to the above I will have on exhibition a full line of goods in the Millinery line, which I will be pleased to show to the public. It is always a pleasure to me to show goods, whether you purchase or not. Please call and examine my stock. Respectfully,

AT DOANE'S,

Formerly Clare's, No. 8, Park Avenue.

I WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have adde

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

-FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP, Go no further

until you have visited my store and inspected MY

Ladies $2 SHOE

either in common sense or opera toe style.

They are Beauties.

I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.

J. J. KENNEY.

No. 20 NORTH AVENUE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

STOVES,

Heaters, Ranges and Weatherstrips,

PLUMBING, TINNING, HARDWARE.

13 E. Front street.

Telephone Call 6.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for the liberal patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD

P. O. BOX 930.

CHEAP BOOKS.

We have a large line of popular books in nice cloth binding, good paper and good print at only 39 cents each. These include Emerson's Essays, Carlyle's Sartor Resartus, Adam Bede, Guy Mannering, etc., etc. Also many books for children at 15, 20, 25, 30 cents and upward.

A. W. RAND,

24 W. Front street.

Central Market

GEO. A. MOORE.

(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt

MEATS

fish of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance.

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Franklin Place.

DEALER IN

Blue Stone Flagging.

P. O. Box 828

Miscellaneous Cards.

Mrs. Lindsays,

Intelligence Office,

No. 92 West Front street.

Bracketts, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsay.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Crushed Stone,

6o, 70 & 80 Cents,

May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket 12 shaves $1.00. Dandruff removed with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 8-23-1y

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2,

at Mrs. Donovan's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 88, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker

and Jeweler. Repairing of French and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spences, 67 Somerset Street,

Grocer and Seedsman.

Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine Sugars, Tea, Coffees, etc. Canned goods, pure cider vinegar always old, fruit and jams. White Grazier, Yellow Rock, Stone, Barnhen and Gunswran, Victor Peas, etc. Fresh grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,

Kalsominer

No. 12 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color, and whitewashed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having fitting rooms is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest style. 38 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,

(From Paris, successor to Jules Routtes.)

Ladies' Hair Dresser,

Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, tonics and powders. Masquerade and theatrical costumes to hire. 16 West Front street.

Thomas Kenna,

Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road,

Dealer in all kinds of

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures.

At wholesale New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

78 Somerset street,

Meat Market.

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No 14.

Ten Eyck's

Meat Market,

Fruits and Vegetables in season. 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,

Driven Wells,

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 18 E Front.

T. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 27 1-2 West Front street.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

BLANK BOOKS,

MEMORANDUM BLOCKS,

Tablets, Writing and Drawing Books,

LANGUAGE LESSONS,

Lead Pencils, etc., at low prices. Also full line of

Pure Confectionery

the largest assortment sold in town.

R. C. FISHER'S,

34 West Fourth street, opp. Public School

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE.

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of all kinds of

FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

Special attention given to

POULTRY VEGETABLES AND FISH.

Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete as near as possible with

NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.

We solicit a call that we may convince that we DO sell

CHEAPER

than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at

A. VANDERBEEK, 32 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

To the Ladies.

Look at our all wool striped Flannel Skirts, made and unmade. A full line of Newmarkets, Jackets and Cloaks for Ladies, Misses and Children,

AT POPE'S.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," SATURDAY NOVEMBER 26, 1887. — Price Two Cents.

FOR PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES, TELEPHONE CALL NO. 64.

Republican Primaries.

The Republican electors of the city of Plainfield will meet in their respective wards on Monday evening, November 28th, at eight o'clock for the purpose of electing delegates to the city Republican Convention, to be held in the Republican Association rooms on East Front street, on Tuesday evening, November 29, at eight o'clock, to nominate three councilmen-at-large, one city assessor, one collector, one treasurer, two members of the board of assessors of appeal and one school trustee. Each ward is entitled to the following number of delegates:

In Ward 1, delegates and will meet at Republican Association Rooms; 2d Ward 8 delegates and will meet at Bryant school building, East 4th street; 3d Ward 7 delegates and will meet at the truck house; 4th Ward 8 delegates and will meet at Laing's Hall.

Each ward at said primary will nominate the following candidates for ward officers: One councilman, two justices of the peace, one constable, one judge of election, one inspector of election, one clerk of election, and three persons as members of the City Executive committee.

By order of the City Executive Committee.

W. M. GODDARD, Chairman.
NOV. 15, 1887. J. B. COWARD, Sec'

JOTTINGS.

—Borough Council meeting next Friday night.

—Close of the Women's Relief Corps fair tonight. Children admitted this afternoon for five cents each.

—The ball given by the Gesang and Turning Society on Thanksgiving eve, was well attended and an enjoyable evening was spent.

—The name of Mr. R. L. R. Pierce of Dunellen is among the new list of court constables recently appointed by Sheriff Pick of Middlesex county.

—A special meeting of the Hit-or-Miss Hook Ladder Company will be held at the house of the foreman, D. C. Adams, on Craig place, Dec. 1st, at eight o'clock.

—Fifty Italians were taken to South Brooklyn yesterday to work on the new branch railroad, to connect the Lehigh Valley road at South Plainfield with the Central at Roselle.

—The services to-morrow at the Trinity Reformed church will be held at the usual hours, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The pastor's subject in the evening will be "The Unknown Prophet."

—The Well-Fit Prize Singers will appear in Music Hall this afternoon and evening, under the auspices of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, who promise a pleasing and excellent entertainment.

—Henry Schneider of Martinsville was out gunning recently and became entangled in some bushes. In his efforts to free himself his gun was discharged and shot off two fingers from his left hand. Dr. E. E. Conover dressed the wound.

—The "Goth Cleaner," manufactured and sold by Field & Randolph is well recommended. The firm has a complete stock of pharmaceutic goods also a full line of handsome holiday presents. Their front show windows are filled to the brim.

—The other day the sun's rays—passing through one of the bulls filled with colored fluid in a local druggist's window—were brought to a focus on a package of dyestuffs, which soon blazed up brightly. The amusement here was discovered and put out.

—While a neighboring city lays claim to the principle industry, the Colgate Soap Factory, Bound Brook, from the amount of bitumen now coal turned in her numerous factories and on her railways, may soon come to be properly called "The Pittsburg of New Jersey"—Bound Brook Chronicle.

—Charles W. McCutcheon will conduct a praise and Planting service at the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Instrumental music consisting of piano, violin, violin and flute accompaniment, together with selections of male voices, will lead the singing. The Secretary says: "Every young man in the city is cordially invited."

—The prize bazaar of the Women's Relief Corps was again well attended last night. The voting of the gold badge to the most popular veteran's daughter and the gold bedstead came to the daily local newspaperman receiving the largest number of votes will end to-night, and the prizes will be awarded.

—A five-year-old daughter of Albert Holdsbergy of Flemington was fatally injured a few days ago by a kick in the forehead from a horse. She was playing near the animal in her father's stable. The little girl's skull was crushed and the substitution in exchanges of Plainfield for Plainsboro was a big error.

—Elder Boyd of the Home News wants Phineas T. Barnum to put his big show into Winter headquarters at New Brunswick. The secret those who think that New Brunswick has the largest wild animals already. The $25,000 which Mr. Barnum pays each year to the city where he hibernates would be a nice plum for New Brunswick money-gobblers. Hungry Brunswickers are watching Mr. Barnum's movements.

—The Tidewater Oil Company's pipe-line scheme, which has so severely disturbed the equanimity of the Elizabeth City Council for several months and was defeated by the uprising of the people against it, will come up, it is strongly rumored, at the next meeting of the council, when a last desperate effort will be made by its advocates to push it through before their terms of office expire.

—We note with pleasure that the Y. M. C. A. have adopted the following regulation in connection with the Philharmonic concerts: These concerts will begin each evening at 8:15 o'clock precisely. At that hour the doors to the auditorium will be closed and will remain closed during the rendering of the first movement of the first selection. At the conclusion of the first movement the doors will be opened, and those in waiting will be ushered to their seats. In like manner the doors will be closed during every selection, and opened only between the selections. This will enable all in attendance at the concerts to listen to the delightful music without being annoyed by any distracting noise, and will enhance the enjoyment of the evening.

NO NEW TRIAL.

JUDGE McCORMICK DENIES MR. CLARK'S MOTION.

"Fire-Bugs" Horace and Louis VanNest and John M. Jackson to be Sentenced Wednesday.—Other Court News.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 26.—At the opening of Court this morning, the prosecution being represented by Prosecutor Wm. R. Wilson and Corporation Counsel Marsh, Judge McCormick refused to grant ex-Congressman Alvah A. Clark's motion for a new trial in the case of Louis and Horace Van Nest, who, a week ago to-day, were found guilty of burning the Carmon Parse house. The judge also intimated that the Court was ready to pass judgment on the Van Nests and on John M. Jackson, but ex-County Attorney Fred. C. Marsh, one of the counsel for the Van Nests, said that sentencing be postponed until some further date.

"I expected Mr. Clark here to-day," said Mr. Marsh, "and know that his absence must be due to some misunderstanding. I know he has something to communicate to the Court regarding the cases."

"What" ejaculated Prosecutor Wm. R. Wilson, "hasn't Mr. Clark been heard fully enough already? If he has a formal motion to make and Mr. Marsh knows what it is, let Mr. Marsh state its substance now."

"Mr. Clark wished to see me this morning," returned Mr. Marsh. "The reason he isn't here this morning is because he understood from the Elizabeth Herald and the New York World, that Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh would make an argument before the Court at two o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Clark is now at Newark, but will be here later."

"Since there has been a misunderstanding," was Judge McCormick's final remark, "we will adjourn the 'fire-bug' cases until next week Wednesday. Then sentence will be pronounced on John M. Jackson and Louis and Horace VanNest.

These three convicts were in Court, and were then led back to their cells. Each of the trio was quite fresh and chipper. Jackson especially evidently beginning to thrive under prison fare.

Peter McVoy, convicted sometime ago of keeping a disorderly house, was ordered to pay his fine of $50 at once or go to jail.

The indictment for larceny against I. Marcell Sedgwick, the Prosecutor stating that it was a civil case of account.

Joseph Farrell, a horse thief, was sentenced to three years in prison.

Mr. Binning's Narrow Escape.

In conversation with this NEWS' representative this morning, Engineer Binning of the Electric Light Company said that his escape from death on Thursday morning was a most miraculous one. If the current had been turned on one minute sooner he would have had both hands in the converter, thus completing the circuit and causing instant death. As it was the injuries received are of a very painful nature, although he is able to be around. Mr. Binning said further that when the current was turned on, a flame several feet high shot out of the converter and set fire to some window curtains.

His watch had become magnetized some days before and was flying out of the dynamos, and was not keeping time correctly. It was five minutes slow, and misled him as to the time he had ordered the current of electricity to be turned on, so that the connections were not made in time to make such an accident impossible.

Railroad News.

The earnings of the Central Railroad of New Jersey for September, as reported in Wall Street, showed an increase of $85,000 over the corresponding period last year. The overdue interest has been paid on all except the debenture bonds, and since November there has been no plain reason why the property should not be taken out of the hands of the receivers. It is probable that the receivership will not be dissolved before the end of the year, for the simple reason that it will then complete a fiscal year.

M. R. Mulford has resigned his position as conductor on the Central Railroad, Long Branch division, after wielding the punch for twenty-four hours, a period long for mortal casualty. His genial face and courteous manners will be greatly missed by patrons of the road.

—Members having propositions for membership in the Young Men's Christian Association are desired to send them to the rooms previous to the monthly meeting, Thursday, December 1.

—Policeman Lynch found a man named Kelley in an intoxicated condition on Second street last night and "took him in." This morning Judge Ulrich suspended sentence in the case.

—Edward Hooter, better known as "smoke stack," was arrested by Policeman Lynch for imbibing too freely. This morning Judge Ulrich sent him to the county jail for twenty days.

—The Daisy Club, a new organization of colored people of this city held their first social last night at the house of Mrs. Newell Peterson of Westfield. There were about forty persons present, and a good time was had.

—Services in the Park Avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Asa Reed Dilts, at 10:30 a. m and 7:45 p. m. The subject of the morning will be, "The Salvation of the Heathen." The evening theme: "Power from on High."

—We have received from Mr. W. M. Albert of Somerville, owner of Mirror Hall, a programme of an entertainment given there by the Welsh Singers who are to give an entertainment this evening in Music Hall, to aid in replenishing the treasury of the W. C. T. U., under whose auspices the entertainment is given. We have also received numerous notices about them, which are very flattering and lead one to the conclusion that will be a rare treat to hear them.

MERRY MOTHER GOOSE.

Her Devotees Have a Gay Time at the Baptist Church.

A number of the young people of the First Baptist church were very busy yesterday from early in the morning to late in the evening decorating their Sunday school room in the most attractive manner for the Mother Goose Sociable given by them last evening. As one entered the door, the first thing that attracted the attention was little "Boy Blue," behind his hill of straw, blowing his horn as if his sheep were all irretrievably lost. A large shoe, in very natural looking shape, in the centre of the room, was thronged with children in various costumes, who, unlike those of the story, seemed to delight in keeping the old woman continually running about. "Peter the pumpkin eater" seemed to have more pumpkin than he himself could master, so he kept his wife busy selling pies from her stand in the centre of a very large pumpkin, while he stood by as acting cashier. The Queen with bread and honey, the King with his money, were near each other and had plenty to do. Next was the old woman of Banbury Cross, who sold mother goose rhymes, and the old woman of the hill with her stand of candies. Situated at the platform, surrounded by roses, was Mary, quite contrary, who, contrary to her character, was quite pleasing and disposed of her flowers in a bewitching manner. Cross-patch, with her spinning wheel and hot coffee, was situated in a far off corner, but was easily found by the thirsty ones. Polly and Suky, with their ten-kettles and cups were together, Polly to put the kettle on and Suky to take it off. The Queen of Hearts with her dishes of tarts, was continually surrounded by people, as a Queen should be. The room was very prettily decorated with flags, curtains and fancy articles. The following persons costumes, as characters:

Mother Goose, Miss May Taylor; Queen eating bread and honey, Miss Grace Cooley; King counting out his money, Edward Wilson; Maid in the Garden, Miss Ida Yerkes, Mother Hubbard, Miss Carrie Gardiner; Queen of Hearts, Miss Emma Hudson; Little Bo-Peep, Miss Grace Bonney; Daffy-down dilly, Miss Edith Harold; Crosspatch, Miss Ada Gardiner; Polly and Sukey, Misses Mabel VanDeventer and Bertha Worman; Mary quite contrary, Miss Carrie Manning; Old Woman of Banbury Cross, Miss Ella Moffett; Little Old Woman of the Hill, Mrs. Mary Vail; Old Woman of the Shoe, Miss Minnie Young, and about twenty children in the shoe; Jack and Jill, Gifford Cooley and Miss Emma Case; Peter Pumpkin Eater and his wife, Frank Dayton and Miss Edith Taylor; Merry sweeper, Miss Maggie Case; Milking Maid, Miss May Hudson; Curly Locks, Miss Dotty Sears; Kate Greenaway Costumes, Misses Grace Yerkes and Nettie French; Little Boy Blue, Edgar Serrell; Jack Horner, Johnny Shepherd; Dicky, Dicky Dout, Master Shepherd.

The sociable was a financial success, and a success in every other way, considering the indelemency of the weather.

Bound Brook's Water Works.

A survey to establish a route for the proposed line of pipe to supply the inhabitants of Bound Brook with water from the Chimney Rock stream was made Tuesday by Civil Engineer Judge. The men in employ of Bound Brook and Surveyor Asa Horn of Lambertville.

The route skirts the base of the mountain until the vicinity of the old mill site below Chimney Rock is reached, whence the surveying runs straight forward town, sighting for the smoke stack of the Bound Brook Woolen Mills. They found a nice, easy, down grade all the way, rendering any material elevation or depression in the mains at any point unnecessary, and the declare the pro. ject decidedly practicable and easy to be accomplished.

The cost of the work is estimated at from $20,000 to $25,000. There will be no trouble about securing the necessary capital, but it is desirable to have as many local stockholders as possible, that there may be a local pride and interest may be felt in this great step toward mutual benefit and home improvement. For this purpose subscription books will be opened at an early date.

The dam at the starting point, above Bound Brook, will probably be built this Winter and the pipes will be laid as early as possible next Spring.—Chronicle.

Good for the Germans.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEWS:—Yesterday evening the treasurer of the fair, held last week for the benefit of the new German church, Mr. A. A. Wenzel, handed over to the treasurer of the church, Mr. V. Uttinger, his accounts and money.

The whole amount of receipts is $1,084 74
Expenses 167 42

Left to the benefit of the church $917 32

A card of thanks from the consistory will be published next week.

Plainfield, N. J., Respectfully,
Nov. 25, 1887. F. KOECHLI, Pastor.

Windows Demolished.

The passengers in the smoking-car of the train on the New Jersey Central which leaves this city at 5:30 p. m. for New York, were startled Thanksgiving night by a loud crash, followed by a shower of broken glass which was scattered through the car. A boy inside was hit in the face and cut by one of the flying pieces of glass. A passenger who sat in the seat opposite one of the shattered windows had his hat filled with fragments of glass. An examination showed that two windows were demolished, and the window at the upper end next the tender of the engine had its wooden guard rails broken. Singularly no stones or missiles of any kind came into the car, and the passengers were puzzled to account for the mysterious accident, which occurred while the train was running through a deep cut between Bayonne and Pamrapo. It is believed that some boys on the bank hurled a volley of stones at the swiftly passing train below and that they struck the car in a slanting direction.

—The public schools closed Wednesday afternoon for a vacation of three days. They will re-open Monday morning.

OUR BENEFACTOR.

EDWIN SEXTON WORSLEY, THE "FIRE-BUG" DETECTIVE.

What He has Done for the City —Plainfield's Opportunity to Reward Him and His Co-workers.

EDWIN SEXTON WORSLEY.

We present herewith an excellent likeness of Edwin S. Worsley, who under the assumed name of Edward J. Murphy performed a bit of shrewd detective work that resulted in the capture of the Plainfield "fire-bugs." The story has already been so fully detailed in these columns as to us but to allow Mr. Worsley himself, and substantiated by the facts, that it is needless to repeat it.

Mr. Worsley came to Plainfield last March, and went to work in Scott's press works. Just at that time the incendiary fires in Plainfield were becoming even more frequent than usual. He had heard of them before coming here, and determined to capture the villains who were burning our homes. Hence he at the outset adopted an assumed name and became half fellow with the gang, which Pinkerton detectives who had repeatedly tried unsuccessfully to entrap pronounced the worst set of scoundrels unhung. The Pinkerton's had been brought here quietly by prominent citizens and by insurance companies, but were compelled to confess themselves baffled. Chief of Police Dodd, then whom there is no letter officer, had patiently but fruitlessly set trap after trap, and made himself sick with continued watching and anxiety, and in the face of most discouraging failures. Until Mr. Worsley came upon the scene, our families, our homes, ourselves were at the mercy of our would-be destroyers.

It is necessary to state this to fully appreciate the value of Mr. Worsley's services, in the performance of which he displayed so many admirable qualities of head and heart.

Upon the evening of the day, Sunday, August 28th, 1887, when the gang was captured, the editor of THE NEWS with the assistance of Policeman Lynch succeeded in ferreting out Mr. Worsley in his place of concealment, and was the only person man so fortunate, although the leading New York reporters, as well as our local newspapers, with six hours start of us, had been unsuccessfully searching all day to find him. The "fire-bug" sympathizers had threatened to kill him, and his friends thought it wise to keep him shady until the excitement subsided.

When alone in a room with Mr. Worsley, we cordially shook the brave fellow's hand, told him not to feel in any way intimidated or influenced by the cowardly threats, and did what we could to encourage him, as he seemed to need encouragement after relocation from the long and terrible strain he had been under. He had done a grand work, and we could confidently assure him that the people of Plainfield would at the proper time as grandly reward him. We told him so, and as they had always done all that undertakings proper, we knew they would be only too glad of the opportunity we should for his sake and theirs afford them to show in a substantial manner their appreciation. We knew they would stand by us in our efforts.

The time has now come for us to act. When Mr. Worsley went into his work for us, he placed his life in far more jeopardy than many supposed. The "fire-bugs" would not hesitate a moment to hire him to a lonely place and kill him, had they ever suspected his true character. He was better than this himself, and he never went unarmed so necessary did he feel it to be always on guard. But thirty-five years old, powerful, quick, a trained athlete, and a dead shot, as well as being cool-headed and shrewd, he proved admirably adapted to the task in hand.

But just think of the risk he ran on the night of the capture. He did not know but that "fire-bug" Jackson, as large a man as himself in every way and desperate, was armed. Jackson said he was not, but it would be natural for him to lie. Then there were three men all armed and ready for desperate work to assist in the capture, who under the excitement and in the darkness were likely to shoot Mr. Worsley, so to shoot Jackson, should shooting be necessary, or Jackson might have had more of his gang about. There were to Mr. Worsley various extraordinary risks. The capture was effected without bloodshed, however, thanks to the coolness and courage of Councilman Carey and Policeman Lynch as well as to Detective Worsley.

Since the capture the saloons and the saloon organ and the other "fire-bug" sympathizers have tried hard to drag Mr. Worsley down. Against them, to uphold him have been arrayed Mayor Male, Councilman Carey, other leading citizens and THE NEWS. We have unflinchingly stood by him from the outset, as our columns abundantly testify, because we had confidence that he was a man, and would do the manly thing. Things have occurred which seemed disparaging, but we never lost faith in him. He has shown that our confidence was not misplaced, and we have learned more and more to admire him. Now that his work is done so far, and it is unnecessary for him to frequent saloons, he has joined the Reform Club and become a consistent temperance man.

Only yesterday the saloon sheet again attacked him and tried to disparage his work. What is your reply to it. We know the people of Plainfield have confidence in us, because we have never knowingly deceived them. And we also know that they will accept it as a fact when we assure them that they do not know half of Mr. Worsley's good qualities, or they would admire him just as much as we do.

It is high time that he is rewarded for the work he has done, and to this end we wish to start for him a popular subscription to a purse to be presented to him. We wish the people of Plainfield to think the matter over between now and Monday morning, speak with your friends and send in without delay what amount you may deem necessary to express your appreciation of the services of the man who has done this glorious work.

If you believe a portion of the amount should be used for medals for the others who assisted in the capture, please say so in a letter giving the amount of your contribution, the amount to be set aside for medals, and your name and address.

Let all contribute something, however small, that, as an expression of our gratitude, it may redound to the lasting honor of Plainfield, "the queen city of New Jersey," and "the Colorado of the East."

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

A Pretty Woman Tries Blackmail.

SAN ANTONIA, Tex., Nov. 26.—Mrs. Olive Owens, a pretty black-eyed woman, the wife of a respectable painter, has been arrested, charged with attempting to blackmail Col. Beeknap, President of the San Antonia Street Railroad company.

A Baby-Murderer.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 26.—Near Perlis, yesterday, Charley Baker, a half-witted stepson of a farmer named Pounder, cut the throats of his brother, age 4, and his sister, age 6. The brother lives and will recover. The sister died almost instantly. When his crime was discovered Charley committed suicide.

Fell in Love With His Wife.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 26.—Thirty-four years ago Clara Cleveland, then 20 years old, married Marion Clinton, aged 19. The couple lived together for nearly fourteen years, when they became estranged and finally—21 years ago—were divorced. Last week the two, who had all the time been living in this city, and neither of whom had re-married, met accidentally at a friend's house. The old feeling returned, and the two were married by the Probate Judge there.

A Family Burned Alive.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 26.—News of the horrible death of a widow named Mrs. Martin and her two children in Henderson county, Ky., has just reached this city. She lived in a small log cabin near Delaware. Wednesday night upon retiring a small fire was burning in the woods about the cabin, but they felt no alarm. During the latter part of the night a stiff wind arose, and the flames soon surrounded the cabin of the sleepers. When they awoke the whole front end of the house, the only means of egress, was a mass of flames. Their screams, when they realized their horrible and helpless position attracted some distant neighbors, who arrived too late, as the unfortunate woman and her children had been burned alive.

Seventh Day Baptists Meet.

The quarterly meeting of the New York, New Market, Shiloh, Marlboro and Plainfield Seventh Day Baptist churches was held in this city to-day, and was largly attended. During the services Messrs. Nathan H. Randolph and Frank S. Wells were ordained as deacons of the Plainfield church. The ceremony was conducted by the Rev. D. E. Lewis assisted by Rev. A. H. Lewis of Marlboro and Rev. Mr. Burdick of New York.

The music was furnished be a double quartette, composed of Messrs. Elmer Runyon and Frank Wells, tenors; Mrs. David Titsworth and Miss May Tomlinson, sopranos; Miss Nan Randolph and Miss Mabel Potter, altos; and Messrs A. L. Titsworth and David Titsworth, bassos; Miss Otter, organist. The choir chanted and rendered several other selections in a pleasing manner. The ceremonies were impressive and were held in the afternoon. At the conclusion Dr. A. S. Titsworth of New Market and three visiting deacons served communion. Services will be held in the church to-night and will be concluded to-morrow morning.

Cutting Out a Fistula.

Willie, son of Wm. L. Smalley of Craig Place, about six weeks ago had an abscess appear on his hip. The sore developed into a fistula and became so dangerous that an operation had to be performed this afternoon. Doctors Carmon and Hyde are doing the surgical work. In hopeless favor recovery.

DUNELLEN.

A surprise party was tendered to Mr. and Mrs. J. Milliken Thursday evening. A large gathering was present, and the festivities were kept up until early morning.

Mrs. M. Finger has returned from New York State, where she has been visiting. She is greatly benefited by the trip.

Mr. Jos. Benton is on a business trip to Virginia and Maryland.

Mr. Beckman is out again, having recovered from his late illness.

—The "fire-bugs" will not be glad to learn that the indisposition of Corporation Counsel Marsh was only temporary. The public will be glad to know that he is now in good health.

PERSONAL.

Ex-Sheriff Stiles estimates that the lemon tree in the show window of his store on East Front street contains upward of 500 blossoms, buds and fruit, yet the tree, only about ten feet high, is in bloom all the year round.

Mr. and Mrs. Azariah B. Brokaw of Green Valley, Ill., are visiting their parents and other relatives on East Third street, Mr. Brokaw took Horace Greeley's advice and went West thirty-three years ago, and is now one of the most substantial farmers of Tazewell county.

The marriage of S. Lavinia Whitehead to Herman A. Weber of this city occurred Thanksgiving evening, at the residence of the bride's grandparents, Rev. D. J. Yerkes, D. D., performed the ceremony which was private, owing to the sickness of the bride's grandfather, Frazee Whitehead, who is lying in a critical condition. Mr. and Mrs. Weber were the recipients of some useful and handsome presents.

Gideon Allen of Grandview avenue is a native of Washington Valley, and, although sixty-five years of age, is still in robust health, and actively engaged in business as a traveling salesman for the house of Hetfield & Dunker, of Passaic, wholesale cracker bakers. He learned his business in this city nearly half a century ago, on Front street, in the bakery owned by Jackson Pound, deceased. He married in 1848 Miss Charlotte Hetfield, daughter of Deacon Henry Hetfield, deceased, of Scotch Plains, and of six children two sons and two daughters survive. The sons are unmarried, the eldest being Allen, the stationer, on East Front street, and the younger son a bookkeeper for William Titus of Newark, the wholesale cracker baker where he has been employed for eleven years until recently, when he was on account of ill-health compelled to give it up. One of the daughters is the wife of Eugene Moore of North Plainfield, and the other, the wife of Ferdinand Smith of Plainfield, painter. Mr. Allen has three grandchildren. The family are old members of the First Baptist church.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

A HANDY young man wants a situation as coachman or gardener, best of references. Address Eddie O. Ackerman, City. 25-2

A YOUNG AMERICAN girl wishes a situation to do housework. Please call at 135 West Front street. 25-2

APARTMENTS to let corner of Third and New streets. 11-21-tf*

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 315 Craig place. 11-134,12-31

DWELLING HOUSE to rent. Twelve minutes walk from Pond Tool works. Suitable for Boarding House. Rent moderate. E. C. Mulford, agent. 5-2-tf*

FOR SALE—A small horse about 10 years old, good traveler, suitable for light work. Would exchange for buggy or dump cart. Call on Mr. Ed. Randolph, Woodlawn avenue and Randolph road, on hill, or address P. O. Box, 1001, City.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Stock and fixtures of grocery store, 96 East Front street, and house to let. Also young horse for sale. 25-3

FURNISHED ROOM to let for two gentlemen. 16 North avenue. 25-3

FOR SALE—A light easy phaeton. The property of Dr. South Enquire of Jenkins M. D., 62 East Front street. 10-31-tf

FOR SALE at a bargain, a desirable building lot on Grandview avenue. Mr. Randolph is the property. Size of lot 87 1-2 front by about 250 feet deep. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, 35 and 37 opposite Post-office. 11-3-tf*

GIRL for chamberwork and waitress. Call Monday and Tuesday, 133 Park avenue.

ROSES, fine out blooms of American Beauty, Bride, Duchess, Queen of Bedder, Catherine Mermet, Meteor, also Carnations. F. W. Miles, Somerville street, Box 600. 23-6

TREES, Winter blooming plants, Palms. In fine Rubber trees, etc., at Denton's Hillside avenue. 25-3

WANTED—A boy (colored preferred) to work at feeding printing press. Must be steady. Address, Cash, P. O. Box 1291. 25-2

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply No. 39 Craig place, North Plainfield. 25-3

WANTED—A young man who is quick at figures and a good penman to fill position of entry clerk. Apply box L. 25-2

WANTED—Experienced sales lady in dry goods store. Address Box 991, City. 11-19-tf*

YOUNG French girl wants a situation in a respectable family to mind children. Can teach French if desired. Call at W. L. Portin's, 42 Jackson avenue, or address Miss Duvernoy, P. O. Box 695.

READINGS

BY

JESSIE COUTHOUI

MUSIC BY G. CLEFF QUARTETTE

ON

Thursday, Dec. 1st.

at the

M. E. CHURCH.

Tickets all reserved. Price 50c and 75c for sale at Reynolds' and Shaw's drug stores.

Walk Around

TO

22 W. Fourth street,

TO

R. C. FISHER'S,

and examine the LARGEST VARIETY of

Pure Confectionery

SOLD IN TOWN.

PRIZE BAZAAR

under the auspices and in aid of the RELIEF FUND of the WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS, auxiliary to Post 73, G. A. R.

AT GRAND ARMY HALL,

for one week,

TO-NIGHT

Inclusive. Admission 10 cents.

Season tickets, entitling holder to one chance in prize drawing, 25c.

Committee—Mrs. S. C. Terry, Mrs. John Ritchie, Mrs. Lucy Walker, Mrs. H. C. Drake, Wm. Addis, Jas. M. Attwood, Hon. T. Walker, C. W. Harden, T. C. Doane.

MUSIC HALL.

Friday Eve., Dec. 2.

MR. A. M. PALMER

Will present the greatest success of last season at the Madison Square Theatre, entitled

"Jim the Penman"

Prices as usual.

Ticket office on Tuesday, November 29.

SKATES, SKATES AND EVERYBODY BUYS THEIR HOLIDAY GOODS. FOR BOYS, GIRLS AND ALL SIZES AND PRICES.

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE

Mrs. Anderson will receive a limited number of pupils in singing at her residence, Front street, opposite Plainfield avenue. Thoroughly qualified to prepare pupils for opera, oratorio or ballad singing. Mrs. Anderson will be glad to refer pupils to prof. Dudley

Plainfield Evening News,

E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

is published every afternoon at

No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or by mail postage prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $3 per year payable in advance.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1887.

THE DEATH OF JACOB SCHWAB.

The Fact That His Life Was Insured Leads to Dark Rumors.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Emanuel Schwab, surviving partner of the firm of Seligman & Son, jew importers, made an assignment yesterday with preferences, after confessing judgments amounting to $10,000 to Jacob Schwab, the senior partner, was killed last Monday by falling through the hatchway of his loft. The firm had been reported embarrassed before his death, and the fact since revealed, that Mr. Schwab had about $100,000 insurance on his life, much of which was very recently taken out causes some comment. The assignee in all the affairs of Mr. Schwab, Counsel for Emanuel Schwab was very indignant when these comments were mentioned to-day. He said the assignment was made necessary by the fact that young Schwab did not feel equal to the task of extricating the business from its temporary embarrassment, as the senior partner had always managed it heretofore. The assignment was to protect all creditors impartially. The idea of Mr. Schwab having committed suicide was absurd. The liabilities of the firm were estimated by the counsel at not over $100,000, and the assets in stock and accounts were about $90,000.

The Arch Anarchist's Trial.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—The trial of Herr Most for his incendiary utterances progressed slowly. Yesterday a number of witnesses were introduced who swore that the prisoner had not used the language attributed to him. Mr. Howe announced that he would call Most to the stand as a witness in his own behalf before the close of the trial. The case may last till Wednesday next.

For Selling United Ireland.

DUBLIN, Nov. 26.—Denis McNamara, a shopkeeper of Ennis, County Clare, has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment for selling copies of United Ireland, of which Mr. William O'Brien is the editor, and for refusing to give evidence concerning it. This is the first instance in which action has been prosecuted under the new press law.

Charged with Embezzling Her Children.

ZANESVILLE, O., Nov. 26.—Evidence of perjury has been obtained against Mrs. Lucy Hall, in the divorce case against Mrs. Alva Snyder for the custody of her children, and she will be arrested on the charge. In the trial it was proved since Wednesday, and more evidence will be introduced.

Jockey Spellman's Latest Trick.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Jockey Spellman, who was arrested for pulling the leg of a horse named Jockey Spellman in the Long Island handicap, by his friends, was arrested again to-day on Broadway, for driving an express wagon on the street faster than a walk, and at night he will be arraigned in answering with him riding his mount.

Secretary Lamar's Report.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Secretary Lamar has almost completed his annual report. He will recommend the establishment of a uniform system of accounts for the land offices, directly to congress or to the president, and not, as now, be subject to the supervision of the interior department.

Only a Drunken "Freak."

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Stephen Masuga has not died from the effects of whisky, and was therefore not sent back at Sing Sing. Masuga says there was no cause for the *manner*. It was a drunk a freak. Masuga said that his Hungarian companions are under arrest.

Starved Herself to Death.

LAWRENCE, Kan., Nov. 26.—Mrs. Salt, the German woman who for the past four weeks has refused to eat food for this reason, died this morning. She believed that she could be prosecuted. When any one spoke to her she would answer in quotations from the Bible.

Favoring Annexation by Canadians.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Edward Atkinson, of Boston, has written a special letter to the New York Chamber of Commerce, giving substantial reasons why the politicians of Canadian maritime provinces for $60,000,000 would be beneficial to all concerned.

Weather Indications.

For Sunday, in New Jersey, eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, and in New England, slightly cooler weather with clear ing conditions.

THE BULLETIN OF COMMERCE.

New York Money and Produce Market Quotations.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Money closed at 6 per cent. The highest rate was 6 and the lowest 6 per cent. Exchange closed heavy; posted rates, $4.84½ and $4.87½; actual rates, $4.84¼ @4.84⅝ for sixty days and $4.86 3/32@4.86 for demand. Government bonds closed steady. Railroad bonds were firm. Sales, $1,000 Ohio & Mississippi consolidated sevens at 107½.

Trading the forenoon to-day and up to 1 o'clock the afternoon was dull and generally weak, and the last named hour gives showed declines in a majority of cases of ½ to ¾ per cent., as compared with the closing prices of Wednesday. Northern Pacific preferred, Pacific Mail, Delaware and Hudson and New England were the only conspicuous exceptions to the general weakness. Pacific Mail and New England was the only conspicuous exception to the general weakness. Pacific Mail closed unchanged and 2 per cent. on a business of only 700 shares. The Oregon, Northern Pacific and Pacific Mail stocks were also stronger than the general list. The market was dull and irregular in the afternoon, and fluctuations were confined within very narrow limits. The closing was better supported than others, and closed at a fractional advance as compared with Wednesday night's closing. In the majority of cases, however, fractional declines were noted. New York and New England closed at the highest figures, the closing only ½ per cent higher for the day.

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—FLOUR—Closed steady at unchanged prices. Sales extra, $4.15@4.40; Minnesota do., $3.25@4.40; city mill extra, $4.30 @4.40; Ohio do., $3.25@4.40; Minnesota patents, closed quiet and common to choice extra, $4.30@4.60.

WHEAT—Options were active, while prices were irregular, closing unsettled and ½ @¾c lower. Spot sales closed firm and slightly higher. Spot sales of No. 1 red state at 95½c. No. 2 do., 94½c. No. 3 red winter, 94½c; ungraded red winter, 90@94½c; No. 2 red winter, closed 87¼ @88c; do. Jan., 88¾@89 15-16c; do. Feb., 90 @90½c.

CORN—Options were very active and strong, closing ¾@1c higher. Spot sales closed strong and ½@¾c higher. Spot sales of No. 1 white state at 58c; No. 2 do., 57½c. No. 2 mixed, Nov. 1, 57@57½c; Dec., 56@56¾c.

RYE—Dull, state, 69@70c.

BARLEY—Quiet.

PORK—Dull, last firm; old mess, $14.25; new do., $15@15.50.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

THEIR PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE DISCUSSED BY POWDERLY.

The Master Workman's Lecture in Aid of the Strike of Miners—A Vigorous Denial of Alleged Acts of Violence Charged Against Them.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26.—"The Past, Present and Future of the Knights of Labor" formed the subject of a lecture by General Master Workman T. V. Powderly in Concerning Industrial hall, in aid of the miners on strike in the anthracite coal region. The body of the hall was comfortably filled with Knights and their friends, among whom were many women. Mr. Powderly spoke without notes, and by no means confined himself to his subject. After denouncing monopoly as something that, if allowed to go on its way, would make this land a living hell, and the most accursed under heaven, the speaker glanced at the early history of the Knights, whose organization he declared was the strongest bulwark against ignorance, intelligence and manhood of any that ever blessed any country."

After saying considerable about immigration and the necessity for restricting it to those able to understand the privileges of the country, Mr. Powderly turned to the troubles in the coal regions, and said:

"A breaker is burned, and the telegraph conveys the news that the miners have burned it. I say that is a barefaced lie. The miners have the right to refuse to mine coal for its owners to carry on warfare against the enemy. He applauded the government controlling and owning its own line of telegraph, and then launched off on the political party of the Knights of Labor, closing with the remark that the Knights of Labor was not going to pieces. Politicians had been disappointed and dropped out.

Mr. Powderly was warmly applauded as he closed his address.

THE MILWAUKEE BREWERS.

A Circular That Will Doubtless Lead to a Prolonged Struggle.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 26.—A strike, or a lock-out, is dawning all the union brewery employees in the city is imminent. As each one of the breweries has a circular in its office, he was handed a document, signed by all the brewers in town of the city, announcing that the Brewers' Union has failed to sign the agreement submitted by the various breweries, and therefore the Brewers association had decided not to recognize the union in the future. As soon as the Brewers' Protective association was made known Richard Elsner, secretary of the union telegraphed to the secretary of the National union at Washington, asking the situation and requesting him to lay the matter before the National executive board, who will have to order the strike in event that they do not withdraw. Up to the present writing no answer had been received by the Brewers' union from the executive board. A meeting of the men in each of the breweries in town are greatly excited and the meeting was a lively one. The Brewers' union is the strongest labor organization in the city. It has 2,500 members. Of this number 1,500 belong to the 23 striking maltsters, are out of employment.

"It is an Ill Wind," Etc.

HILLSBOROUGH, Ills., Nov. 26.—The forest fires that have been raging in this section during the last few weeks have done much damage to the corn crop. Immense fires destroyed the mounds of chinch bugs that ruined the corn crop last season. Before the fire started in the mounds the bugs were literally swarming with chinch bugs.

Complaining to the Commission.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Rosin, Dean & Co., coal agents of Pittsburg, complain to the interstate commission that the Pittsburg and Lake Erie railroad refuses to allow them the $1.50 to $2.50 per ton for transporting coal from Pittsburg to Cincinnati. This they character zes as an exorbitant and unreasonable rate.

Sickles on Anarchy.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Generals Sharman and Gen. Sickles were present and spoke at last night's Evacuation day banquet to the remnant of the Old Guard veterans. Gen. Sickles said he would like to take a hand in breaking up anarchy. He would do it with law if possible, but without law if necessary.

A Congressman Who Blew Out the Gas.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Congressman Martin, of Texas, who succeeds Senator Reagan in the senate, was found by a stag at Willard's hotel, blown out the gas, it is said, the other night, and was almost suffocated before the door could be forced and he was successful. When any one spoke to her she would answer in quotations from the Bible.

Who Will Succeed Mr. Sparks?

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Secretary Lather said yesterday that he knew nothing about the rumored intention of the president to appoint Judge Allen C. Phillips, of Missouri, commissioner of the general land office.

Making Big Records.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26.—A mindaught the scores in the match in which were as follows: Littlewood, 534 miles; Albert, 481; Panchot, 467; Noremac, 446. Elson, 433.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS CONDENSED.

Near Milton, Pa., two freight trains collided yesterday. Both engines were thrown over a bridge into the Susquehanna canal, twenty feet below, and ten or fifteen cars were wrecked.

A farmer left Romeo, Mich., on Wednesday night with $600 in his pocket, proceeds of wheat sales. His horse was four miles out of town when he discovered that the money in a wood, but the money was gone. Robbed and murdered is the general verdict.

The Canandaigua National bank, Canandaigua, N. Y., has been authorized to commence business, with a capital of $100,000.

Four steam vessels went ashore on and near Bois Blanc Island, Lake Huron, during last night's storm. The steamer Lily, with propeller Albany in full of water, and her cargo of flour is ruined. It is not known if any lives were lost.

A Salvation army in Quebec had a fight on Thursday, when 600 French students from Laval university attacked it. Several casualties are reported.

A London editor has recovered damages from a London financier who had accused him of blackmail.

Prince Bismarck is reported as having told the czar that the triple alliance was the result of Russia's sullenness and ill will.

While loading a vessel with coal at Locust Point the chain which held the cars broke and three coal barges fell from the pier to the deck of the vessel. Patrick Moran, who was at work on the vessel, was instantly killed and John Drexel severely injured.

PARKER'S EULOGY OF BEECHER.

The London Divine Will Not Preach in Plymouth Church Again.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 26.—Statements which were made yesterday by a member of the Beecher Memorial committee render it exceedingly doubtful that the Rev. Dr. Joseph Parker, of London, will preach in Plymouth church on Sunday, Dec. 4. At the time that Dr. Parker delivered his eulogy of Mr. Beecher in the Brooklyn Academy of Music he took occasion to assert frequently that his oration was a labor of love, and that he was working without money and without price. The friends of Mr. Beecher congratulated themselves on this, especially as the expenses incurred by the lecture amounted to $2,000, which sum was expected to go to swell the monument fund. Mr. J. B. Ford, Dr. Parker's manager, is reported to have stated at the time that only $2,000 had been taken in, and the ministers of the fund committee refused upon this statement as authoritative.

So far the present time, however, the exact figures have not become known to any one but Maj. Ford and Dr. Parker. Repeated efforts on the part of Col. W. Hudnut, chairman of the committee having charge of the Academy meeting, and Rufus Ropes, treasurer of the fund, to obtain something definite from Maj. Ford have been attended with no satisfactory result.

Maj. Ford said last night to a reporter that the receipts in question were in the shape of a check and had been turned over at the proper time. He had paid Dr. Parker for his eulogy of Mr. Beecher just as he paid him for his lectures. Dr. Parker won't return to England on Dec. 10. His trip had been shortened because he could not stand the cold.

EX-SENATOR JONES, OF FLORIDA.

He Becomes Wild Upon Hearing of a Subscription Paper.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 26.—The condition of ex-senator Jones grows more critical. Yesterday he broke out in a wild tirade against the newspapers and his friends. When W. H. Hughes, editor of The Michigan Tradesman, and two friends were circulating a subscription for him, he rage knew no bounds. A crowd quickly collected, and it looked as though there would be blood spilt.

"Don't you advise me," he shouted. "Neither you nor your friends must step my path, I tell you. I know what they will never know until I choose to divulge it. When the proper time comes I will make such disclosures as will electrify the whole country. You will be sorry for this on your head stand. I have held my peace for three years, and I will not speak until the time has come. Then every shoney of mine will be brought to a terrible accounting."

A friend of ex-Senator Jones said last night that during his long and somewhat interesting talks with Jones he learned that the senator's mind was deranged on the subject of the ex-senator felt was working against him. He has a firm belief that a syndicate, including James G. Blaine and others, is trying to ruin him by starting newspapers, Democratic and Republican, petitioning promising old friends and enemies of his own, as well as making him the laughing stock of the whole country. Every move he has made in the interest of the syndicate, he says, has been misconstrued.

THE SHIP YARD WORKERS.

Probability that the Buffalo Strike May Lead to a General Suspension.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 26.—The labor troubles in the Buffalo shipyards are likely soon to watch into national prominence. A meeting of all the prominent ship yards connected with the lakes will be held for Monday there and then. At this assembly the several companies will be represented, there will be present the Detroit Dry Dock company, Bay City, Port Huron and Buffalo, and one from Manitowoc and Milwaukee. The meeting *will last a couple of days, or until they* thing is settled. The object of the meeting is to see if the ship yard labor trouble. It is reported that the K. of L. assemblies along the lakes are supporting the Buffalo strikers, and that they will also aid them by furnishing them work. It is presumed that the object of the Cleveland meeting is to institute a general suspension of business through all the companies, till the question is settled of employing union labor only. A strike similar to the one in Buffalo is contemplated by the K. of L. at Detroit, and from the united action of the ship building companies it looks as though ship building would be totally suspended in a short time.

Fatal Neglect of Orders.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 26.—Yesterday a local and through freight train collided near Finleyville, on the Washington branch of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. The dispatcher had ordered the trains to meet and pass at Bentleyville, two miles from Finleyville. The lady telegraph operator at Finleyville failed to deliver the order to the freight, and the collision resulted. Thomas Pettyjohn, the engineer, went to his home in Wheeling. It is said that there are three others dead in the wreck. The injured are: Frank Appleby, engineer through freight; Thomas Fawn, brakeman; Patrick Huff, brakeman, seriously cut about head; Thomas Gate, engineer local freight, head cut; Peter McGaun, arms broken and head cut.

Randall and Carlisle.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—Mr. Carlisle was asked by a reporter yesterday about a published report that he and Mr. Randall will hold a conference before congress meets on the tariff question. He replied: "Mr. Randall is in the city and it is quite likely that he and I may talk on the subject; that is, if he will talk. When I see him I shall talk to him. But there is no formal conference contemplated. I talk to all our members on that subject when I meet them, and in that way I shall confer with Mr. Randall. There have been a few reports that there should be any formal conference, but, in an informal way, Mr. Randall and I will probably discuss it when we meet. That is all."

They Found His Skeleton.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The skeleton of a man was found a few days ago in Fairfax county, Va., at a point about thirty-five miles south of here on the Virginia Midland railroad, where there are side tracks and passenger trains regularly pass. After a couple of critical examinations and visits to the place by relatives, the conclusion has been reached that the skeleton is that of Thomas Coombs, a brilliant and well known young chemist and pharmacist of this city, who has for a year or two been conducting private experiments in this country. He disappeared ten weeks or more since, and no trace was had of him until the discovery of the bones.

Barber's Work a Sunday Necessity.

BOSTON, Nov. 26.—The administrator of an estate at Salem refused to pay a barber's bill, on the ground that the shaving for which the deceased had been charged was done on Sunday. The supreme court yesterday decided that shaving is an act necessary to health and cleanliness, and that Sunday shaving is therefore legal, and the bill must be paid.

GREVY CHANGES HIS MIND

TROOPS MASSING IN PARIS IN CASE OF AN OUTBREAK.

Threatening to March on the Hotel de Ville—The Prince of Wales and Minister Phelps Exchange Courtesies at a Banquet—Other Foreign Gossip.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—President Grevy still stubbornly resists the demand for his immediate resignation. The press unanimously condemns the position taken of the crisis.

There were noisy meetings in the Belleville and Montmartre quarters of Paris last night, and during the last few days Gen. Saussier, governor of the city, has trebled the strength of the garrison of the town by bringing in troops from the country. There are as yet no active signs of disturbance, but everybody is more or less nervous about what next week will bring forth.

Congress will meet on Tuesday, and there now seems to be a small chance that the Republicans will unite before that on a candidate for the presidency, though to-day, to-morrow and Monday will be devoted to strenuous efforts to get them into caucus. If it were not for the "Vive la Pologne" incident M. Floquet, in the event of President Grevy's resignation, would be pretty sure of election. He is the most distinct personality in parliament, possibly excepting Jules Ferry. His hair is as white as snow, but he is still young, and is more popular to-day than ever before. Dr. Parker Won't Preach.

The Paix says that President Grevy will not resign if the majority in the republican in a fix position. It declares that the Orleans princes are very active, and warns Republicans to reflect on the course they are taking.

Le Paris says that M. Rouvier agreed to read President Grevy's message only on condition that the latter withdraw his accept ance of the resignation of Mr. Wilson. M. Rouvier reproached the president for accepting the ministry's resignation before the conversion operation had been concluded.

Count Paul Lefebvre de Behaine, revolutionary meeting in the Salle de Ferrier last evening. Two thousand persons were present. Inflammatory speeches were delivered *violent speeches directed against M.* Ferry. They declared that it was necessary for the people to march to the Hotel de Ville to prevent a king from going to the Tuileries.

Resolutions were adoped declaring that the people called upon the popular forces to organize themselves to venture everything against extortioners and traitors. The meeting dispersed with cries of "Vive la Commune!" There was no disorder.

It is reported that M. Rouvier's advice to M. Grevy, M. Wilson actually signed a letter of resignation in order to avoid endangering M. Grevy's position, but later, seeing that the latter was about to an admission of M. Wilson's guilt, the president and M. Wilson agreed to cancel the letter.

M. Grevy's friends, Medor de Montjou, is actively canvassing in behalf of a proposed resolution expressing confidence in M. Grevy. Although the feeling against M. Grevy has reached a high level, it is thought unlikely that his friend's efforts will be successful.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—At the banquet of the Benchers of the Temple last night, the occasion being the celebration of the Prince of Wales' year as treasurer, Minister Phelps proposed a toast to the prince, who returned the compliment in a flattering speech, expressing the hope, also, that the present good feeling between England and America would long continue. Mr. Phelps, responding, referred to the kindness the Prince of Wales had shown to foreign representatives, and especially Americans, whether in a public or private capacity, who were worthy of the honor.

Mr. O'Brien's Imprisonment.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—A letter written by Mr. Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, is published, in which he refers to the "grotesque episode" of Mr. O'Brien's clothes. He says that Mr. O'Brien is not treated in Tullamore prison either with leniency or severity. He has refused in sheltering himself under the medical opinion that his lungs are delicate and his heart's action weak. Mr. Balfour also says that if Mr. O'Brien refuses to wear the prison dress Grve will not be applied to compel him. There is no reason why he should not fulfil his term in prison, but he cannot solely be subjected to the usual discipline.

Germany's Legislative Reform Scheme.

BERLIN, Nov. 26.—The North German Gazette, commenting on the speech from the throne, says that the object of the bill for the reorganization of the army is to give Germany a strong abut an effectual increase of the defensive strength of the empire, and that the measure, taken in connection with the declarations in the speech regarding Germany's foreign policy, will be received by the country and the press with sympathy and satisfaction. The Kreuz Zeitung says that the bill entails a financial sacrifice of only 600,000 marks. The age of liability to service in the landsturm, it says, is extended a few years.

Frederick William's Gratitude.

BERLIN, Nov. 26.—In the reichstag yesterday the president read a telegram from the crown prince in response to the message of sympathy sent by that body Thursday, thanking them for their sympathy and expressing the hope that the favorable turn in his throat disease which has already resulted from his stay in the south would permit him to resume to the full extent his duties to the fatherland. In the diet the Grand Duke of Hesse expressed profound sympathy for the crown prince, and said that he hoped that God would order events for the best.

His Wife's Death Killed Him.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—A brief telegram from Havre announces the death at the Hotel Frascati, in that city, within six hours of each other, of Lord and Lady Dalhousie, of Brechin castle, Scotland, who are well known in this city and who have understood to have just returned from a visit to New York. Lady Dalhousie's mother and Dr. Fagg, an English physician, were present at the time of her death. She died on Thursday at the Hotel Frascati. Lord Dalhousie died yesterday morning of apoplexy, induced by shock caused by his wife's death.

The Inquest on the Scholten Disaster.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—The jury in the Scholten case have returned their verdict, declaring that the collision was due to an error of judgment on the part of the officers of the Victoria, and that the loss of the City of Rosa Mary without making allowance for the strong tide which was flowing. The jury highly praised the conduct of the officers and crew of the Elbe. At the conclusion of the coroner the cause in the verdict referring to erroneous judgment was stricken out.

Acquiring $47,000 Dishonestly.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—The magistrate presiding at the Westminster police court granted a summons last night against Henry Louis Bischoffsheim on a charge of obtaining £47,000 by false pretenses from James McHenry & Co., bankers, between McHenry and Bischoffsheim was in connection with the Atlantic and Great Western railway, and the alleged fraud was committed in 1874.

MAX O'RELL IN WASHINGTON.

The Author of "John Bull and His Isle" Visits the President.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—MAX O'RELL called upon the president yesterday. He was introduced by the French minister, M. Roustan, to Col. Lamont, and by him to the president. He was delighted with the absence of formality and was much surprised at the president's ease of manner and grace of action. He will be in New York to attend the meeting of authors who favor international copyrighting, and says that had his book, "John Bull and His Island," been published with a copyright provision he would have made at least $10,000 on its sale at twenty cents a copy. Two hundred thousand of these books were sold, and "John Bull and His Daughter" sold a large sale. MAX O'Rell called upon Mark Twain. He speaks in the highest terms of both him and George W. Cable, and he will write letters regarding them to the London and French newspapers with which he is connected.

MAX O'RELL.

DEATH OF GEN. LEAVENWORTH.

Brief Sketch of an Active and Distinguished Career.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 26.—Gen. Elias Warner Leavenworth, who died yesterday in this city, was a representative American and quite an historical figure in this state. He was born in Canaan, Columbia county, in 1803, was graduated at Yale college, and studied law at Great Barrington, Mass., in the office of the late William Cullen Bryant.

He began legal practice in Syracuse in 1827. He was elected mayor of that city in 1849, and again in 1850. He was a member of the assembly in 1850, and again in 1857. In 1855 he was elected secretary of state. He was a prominent figure in the Syracuse university in 1861, and in the same year was appointed a commissioner on the part of the United States under the convention with New Grenada. He was a member of the state constitutional commission of 1872, and in 1875 he was elected a member of congress, where he served with acknowledged ability and usefulness. When he retired from that field it was to make a place for Mr. Frank Hiscock, now United States senator. During his long career he held many perplexing and judicial trusts, was prominent in all public enterprises, and stood deservedly high in the estimation of a large circle of friends.

Thirteen More Saved.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—A cablegram came to the office of the Netherlands-American Steamship company this afternoon announcing the joyful news that thirteen passengers of the Scholten reported as among the missing had been saved. There were no particulars of the rescue in the cable, but it is supposed that a sons passing sailing vessel picked them up. The names of the thirteen are: Cyril Bronmovsky, Stanley Will, Joseph Bertolini and Henry Kenyon, second cabin, and Peter Jenichowski, Max Becker, Janos Pechessy, Janos Takas, Johann Gund, Andreas Alfer, Ralph Weiss, Herman Weide and Henry Husseler, steerage.

From Politics to Matrimony.

LYONS, N. Y., Nov. 26.—The lucretia Cooke and Willis H. Coon were married here Thursday. It was the most notable wedding in these parts for many years. Sellis was the leading democratic boarer in the recent school commissionership campaign in this county, and made the hottest local political campaign ever known here. When the young lady accepted the nomination Mr. Coon, a young Republican lawyer, hastened to her house and offered his services in the party's behalf. Miss Cooke declined, however, and three days after the election her engagement to Mr. Coon was announced.

Restitution After Twenty-two Years.

GLASSBORO, N. J., Nov. 26.—William C. Hoston, of South Carolina, went to Philadelphia in 1865 and was presided with his family at a hotel. While there their rooms were robbed of a valuable gold watch. Mr. Hoston came to this place soon after, and has since resided here. On Thursday, twenty-two years after the theft, he found a package on the floor of a shed adjoining his house. Inside was a costly gold watch and a card, on the inscription: "In this box you will find a gold watch, to be recognised as a substitute for the one taken from your room in Philadelphia in 1865."

Fighting for a Fortune.

MT. VERNON, Ind., Nov. 26.—A suit involving over $50,000 is being tried here for setting aside the will of the late Clinton Stacer. The principal plaintiff in the case is Mrs. Kate Hogan, a daughter of the deceased, who alleges that some of the defendants used undue influence, and that the deceased was of unsound mind. There are eight or nine children, the plaintiff receiving equal portions of the personal property, excepting the plaintiff, who received only $600. The three sons received the real estate, valued at about $120,000.

The Lehigh Strike Nearing the End.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26.—The Bulletin claims authority for the statement that the Lehigh coal strike promises to be settled speedily by arbitration. Both sides are willing to submit the matter to a board of arbitration, and if there is any hitch in bringing such a hearing about the strike will end anyway, as both sides are tired of it. Individual operators are now meeting their men and making terms with their men, who are generally willing to make concessions.

Knocked Out by Killen.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 25.—Pat Killen, of Minneapolis, and Frank Cook, of St. Louis, fought eight rounds last night. Killen was to knock out his opponent in six rounds for $250 a side and the entire gate receipts. It was easily done. Cook was knocked down twice during the first round, twice in the second, after a minute of sparring, Killen knocked him out, and the fight was awarded him by John P. Clow, the referee.

A Stranded Schooner.

LEAMINGTON, Ont., Nov. 26.—The schooner White Star, coal laden, from Oswego for Detroit, was stranded off Point Pelee this morning. Three of the crew, after a hard tussle, managed to reach the shore in a small boat. The captain and a sailor named Hunter remained nineteen hours on the wreck, when they were rescued. Hunter was badly frozen, and will probably die. The vessel is a total loss.

To Urge Philadelphia's Claims.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26.—Senator Thomas V. Cooper, chairman of the Republican state committee, is about to make a trip to Washington for the purpose of urging upon leading Republicans his project of holding the next national convention in this city. He claims that with the co-operation of business men he is sure not actively in politics there is some show of success.

SCIENTIFIC SQUIBS.

The electric light has been applied to the cycles. At a recent run of the Southsea Tricycle club, Capt. Izod rode a machine lighted by means of a small incandescent lamp, combined in one ornithical fitting with a bright reflector. The experiment was a success, the light being found to be extremely penetrating.

Sodium Water Glass, hardened in a process for getting a thread that can be spun and bleached from wood which is cut in long lengths and boiled till it will cleave apart in fibrous bundles by shaking in water. It is then marshalled by hackling machinery, and spun like hemp. This gives a very fine thread, and less boiling gives a coarser one.

The presence of sewer gas in a room may be detected as follows: Saturate unglazed paper with a solution of one Troy ounce of pure acetate of lead in eight fluid ounces of rain water; let it partially dry, then expose in the room suspected of containing sewer gas. The presence of this gas in any considerable quantity soon blackens the test paper.

Experts say that curtains and fine laces can be made of malleable iron and steel. At the Centennial exhibition a piece of steel rolled by a mill in Pittsburg was so thin that it weighed less than a book leaf, and could be blown off the hand easier than paper the same size. It is said that steel can also be rolled down to a low gauge and the patterns pressed into them. The lace can be made light or heavy, and is suitable for ladies' and children's underwear and perhaps for trimming hats, wraps and dresses.

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THE CURIOSITY SHOP.

Birthplace of Lincoln — His Childhood. The Books He Read.

A concise statement of the birth and boyhood of President Lincoln is as follows:

Abraham Lincoln was born in Hardinsburg, Larue county, Ky., on Feb. 12, 1809. His ancestors were among the early settlers of Rockingham county, Va., whither they had gone from Berks county, Pa., and from which his grandparents file removed to Kentucky about the year 1782. His father, Thomas Lincoln, born in Virginia, married Nancy Hanks, also a Virginian, in 1806. Mrs. Nancy Lincoln died in 1818, and in a year and six months Thomas married again, this wife being an old neighbor, a widow named Johnston. During the life of his first wife, in 1816, Mr. Lincoln settled in what is now Spencer county, Ind., where Abraham nearly life was spent in toiling on the farm, clearing up fresh land and doing what was heavy work for a lad of five years. It was here he received the one year's schooling which was all he ever had. He became expert at figures and read over and over the few books he could lay hands on in that wilderness home, often reading by the ruddy blaze of a log fire when the others were fast asleep. Among these books so often read were Weems' "Life of Washington," "The Pilgrim's Progress" and the Revised Statutes of Indiana. He kept a commonplace book, into which he copied such passages as struck him as particularly fine. Out of these meager surroundings grew into shape the man who ruled and guided the nation in the critical hour.

Deep sea soundings.

There are places in the ocean very near to the most frequented shores, like the gulf stream off Cape Hatteras, where it has been found impossible if not impracticable to determine the depth of the water with certainty, owing to the rapidity of the current, combined with the great depth; and the same stream, within a few miles of the north shore of Cuba, where the depth is less than 1,000 fathoms, for a long time baffled the skill of the best officers of the American navy in their efforts to obtain a section across the strait between Cuba and Key West; and on the other hand, there are areas extending hundreds of miles seaward from the coasts of continents, like the plateau off the coast of Ireland, where the depth hardly exceeds 100 fathoms, and where, if necessary, it could easily made that they would be classed in hydrographic work as "off-shore soundings." Other portions of the level, again, deepen gradually from the shore outward, and it would be difficult to say where "off-shore soundings" end and "deep sea soundings" begin.

Color.

You will find in the study of light and colors that the color of an object depends upon the reflection of rays of light from that object according to the peculiar character of its surface, and the corresponding absorption of the rays by the object. Now in a room that is dark in color, where there is an entire absence of light rays there must of necessity be no light rays to be thrown back from the surface of the object; consequently, if you can possibly perceive the object, at all which is doubtful, you will perceive it black. The law of colors is to that of reflection of light rays. The solar spectrum, in other words, a ray of light, is composed of seven colors, viz. Violet, indigo, blue, green, yellow, orange and red. An object absorbing one ray, and throwing off all the others, is the color of the ray absorbed the reflecting rays thrown together forming a color the opposite of the ray absorbed by the object, hence are complementary.

The Darwinian Theory.

According to the Darwinian theory whenever any body of animals becomes too numerous it is when they threaten the extinction of some other species of animals that are destroyed by the workings of the great law of natural selection. By this law the fittest survive and the weak perish. This law is up to operation, an infinite period of time has elapsed from the first forms of animal life the highly organized and intelligent animal known as man. This process of evolution, accordingly as we believe, is still going on continually and will finally develop men in the course of thousands of ages into beings varying in approximate perfection. These theories, it is supposed, bear a strong likeness to the millennial visions of the seers and prophets.

The Equatorial Telescope.

An equatorial telescope is a telescope mounted upon a fixed axis parallel to the axis of the earth, and therefore upon it several movable axes parallel to the equator, for the continuous observation of heavenly bodies, and for moving their sight as seen from the observer. The motion of the telescope around its fixed or polar axis is necessarily parallel to the equator, and this gives the instrument its name. In order to maintain the object observed steadily in the field of view, the telescope is made to revolve around the polar axis by an attached clock-work, which admits of regulation so as to vary the velocity of rotation according as the object under examination is the sun, the moon, a planet or a fixed star.

The States of Mexico.

There are twenty-seven states in Mexico. Their names are as follows: Aguascalientes, Campeche, Chiapas, Chihuahua, Coahuila, Colima, Durango, Guanajuato, Guerrero, Hidalgo, Jalisco, Mexico, Michoacan, Morelos, Nuevo Leon, Oaxaca, Puebla, Queretaro, San Luis Potosi, Sinaloa, Sonora, Tabasco, Tamaulipas, Tlaxcala, Vera Cruz, Yucatan, Zacatecas. The area of Mexico is 736,269.77 square miles. There are also two territories, the Federal District and Lower California, which increase the area to 812,025.24 square miles. The population is 10,240,152.

Apparent Satellites.

By looking at the planet Jupiter in a mirror you may see what appears to be "moons" alongside of the image of the planet. Those so-called moons are only multiple reflections of the planet from the front and back surfaces of the glass. Try the experiment with a bright fixed star or a distant street light, and the same multiple image will appear.

Long Bridges.

Of suspension bridges, the Brooklyn bridge is the largest, and that across the Ohio river at Cincinnati probably the second, while that across the Niagara river at the Suspension at St. Louis ranks first, and the bridge over the Susquehanna at Havre de Grace is one of the longest wooden bridges in the country.

Comets With Long Tails.

The comet of 1858 was larger than any comet that has appeared since, though the comet of fall spread from the northern to the southern horizon. Its tail was 90 degrees, or 6,000,000 miles in length, and its head 25,000 miles. The comet of 1861 was 24,000,000.

The Greek God of Love.

Eros was the servant of whom Antony demanded a sword to kill himself, but instead of giving it to his master he killed himself in a drunken frenzy. Eros, in the Greek mythology, is the god of love, and the cupid of the Latin poets.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

EQUIPMENT FOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING AT CORNELL.

A Comparison Between Healthy and Unhealthy Occupations, with Interesting Statistics Relating Thereto — Experiments Illustrating the Pressure of Air.

The experiment of the Magdeburg hemispheres, illustrating the pressure of the air, can be cheaply and easily performed. La Nature gives the following directions for doing it. Take two glass tumblers; place a piece of moistened bladder in one and cover it with the other, first placing a piece of moistened blotting paper between them.

FIG. 1—SIMPLE SCIENTIFIC EXPERIMENT.

The cradle heats the air, which expands and escapes, and finally is extinguished for lack of oxygen. As soon as the air begins to cool it contracts, and a partial vacuum is produced in the tumblers, the wet paper forming a practically air tight joint, and the whole apparatus can be lifted by the upper tumbler, the pressure of the outside air being sufficient to hold the lower one in place. The paper separating the tumblers is often broken by the expansion of the air in the upper tumbler, which is not ruffled by the candle, but this does not interfere with the success of the experiment, and is only another illustration of the atmospheric pressure.

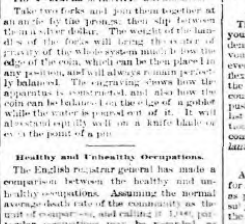


FIG. 2—SIMPLE SCIENTIFIC EXPERIMENT.

Take two forks and join them together at an angle by the prongs; then slip between them a silver dollar. The weight of the handles of the forks will keep the dollar in place on the prongs. Assuming the normal weight of a silver dollar to be 412½ grains, the combined weight of the forks will keep the dollar in equilibrium when the center of gravity of the whole system must be in the line of the edge of the coin, which can be then placed in any position, and will always remain perfectly balanced. The engraving shows how the apparatus is constructed, and also how the coin can be balanced on the edge of a goblet while the latter is poured out of it. It will also work equally well on a knife blade or even the point of a pin.

Healthy and Unhealthy Occupations.

The English registrar general has made a comparison between the healthy and unhealthy occupations. Assuming the normal average death rate of the community as the unit of comparison, and calling it 1,000, the regular occupations may be regarded as healthy or unhealthy according as the mortality represented by those pursuing them fall above or below that figure. The most healthy occupation appears to be that of ministers of religion, with 510; next, farmers, graziers, gardeners and nurserymen, 509; farmers and graziers, 511; agricultural laborers, 551; schoolmasters, 710; and grocers, 961. The most unhealthy occupations are those of earthenware manufacturers, who perish, slip builders and coal miners, with all of whom the average death rate is under 1,200. The most unhealthy occupations are the trades connected with the liquor traffic, in which the death rate is 2,200; following are the general laborers (1,846), cabmen, bargemen, hawkers and street sellers, 1,581; innkeepers, etc., 1,521; and brewers, 1,501. After the trades connected with alcohol, the highest rates are furnished by occupations which involve the breathing of dust—other than coal dust—and exposure to lead poisoning. The death rate among butchers is also high, 1,170.

Sorghum Sugar.

A correspondent writing from Port Scott, Kan., in Science, on the results of experiments carried on in Kansas under the auspices of the department of agriculture, in making sugar from sorghum, says:

This much, at least, can be said of these experiments, namely, that a perfectly good marketable sugar can be made from sorghum cane in sufficient quantities to pay at the present prices for the products and beyond. Lots of this manufactured. The question as to whether we are to have a national sugar industry in the United States will probably work out its own solution before many years. These experiments in the manufacture of sugar should have a particular interest for scientific men, for their success means not only a triumph of science, but also a complete vindication of the policy of giving governmental aid to scientific investigations. The development of the sorghum sugar industry so far has been carried on entirely by the department of agriculture with appropriations made by congress for that purpose.

Electrical Engineering at Cornell.

The equipment at Cornell in the line of electrical engineering bids fair to become, according to Science, the most complete in the country. It has been almost wholly completed by the liberality of the university. The last and most important addition to the collection is that of the Westinghouse 500 light alternating current dynamo, exciter, lamps and other electrical apparatus in establishing the plant. The list of dynamos now includes the Edison, the Gramme, the Mather, the Westinghouse alternating current and the Brush incandescent continuous, a number of Weston and minor makes, and all sizes, from a little toy machine used in the university shops to the 50 or 60 horse power machines just added to the list.

The Power of the Camera.

The photographer's lens is more discerning than the naked eye. A recent photograph of a figure painting by an American artist shows that a woman's gown was first painted a blue and texture very different from that finally chosen, the underlying brushwork appearing plainly in the photograph, though not sufficiently to mar the attractive character of the original picture. In like manner photography serves stars that to the human eye are not distinguishable from nebulous matter

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

Health of Apartment Babies. Girls—Skin Troubles—Effects of the Bath.

A society of hygiene at Moscow has issued some interesting figures on the subject of the health of school girls, showing some of the causes of the semi-invalidism and increasing number of nervous diseases that exist among even young girls. It enumerates the following:

1. Local constipation and constraint. 2. Habitual loss of sufficient and healthy sleep. 3. Irregularity and insufficiency in taking food, the omission of breakfast and the use of a stimulating, innutritious diet, such as condiments, pastry, etc. 4. Tight, heavy or insufficient clothing. 5. The unfinished of parents and daughters to accomplish much in little time.

It states that inquiries made in school rooms revealed great neglect of the bowels and health on the part of the pupils. In a New York academy a class of sixty girls between the ages of 12 and 18 years chanced to be asked by a doctor at a hot time they retired the night before. The average was found to be twenty minutes before midnight, but no surprise was manifested by teachers or regret by pupils. Out of ninety girls questioned one morning in a public school, twelve had eaten no breakfast; of these twelve, six had brought no luncheon, the other six had cake, pie or similar indigestible food.

Pimples and Blackheads.

Pimples and blackheads on the face are occasioned, says Hezikl of Health, by the torpid state of the skin; or, in other words, by the inability of the skin to perform its proper functions. The cause of these spots is nothing more or less than an obstruction of the pores of the skin; the perspiration being allowed to accumulate, the mouths of the pores, becoming clogged, irritation ensues and a pimple or black head results. The only way to be rid of them is to allow the skin to do its own work, by preserving it in a healthy condition and by keeping the whole system in order. The following ointment is recommended: Take an ounce of barley meal (the finer the better), one ounce of powdered bitter almonds, and a sufficient quantity of honey to make a smooth paste, and apply this frequently.

The Bath.

Every human habitation should contain facilities for a complete bath in water. In the long run, Dr. Hall truly says, a well known physician, scarcely one can be named as in the treatment of which a bath is useless.

To those blessed with good health, a bath gives thrift and growth to healthy functions, a brightness and delightful serenity, a clearness of mind and buoyancy of spirit. It is certainly a blessing to both mind and body. For the mental worker it is a nerve tonic. A thorough application of water of proper temperature will refresh a jaded brain to the whole system. The indoor laborer, who gets but a scanty supply of fresh air, needs a bath to obtain the skin invigorating elements of open air.

Over Stimulation of Young Brains.

The practice of forcing too and coffee to young children cannot be too strongly condemned. Childhood is the period when nervous activity is very great. The brain is then developing the supreme powers of reflection, coordination of the muscles, and the special senses are all under a constant course of training. The nervous system is pushed to its utmost capacity, and I hesitate to say that the habit of using tea or coffee as stimulants in fitful people nothing but harm can come of the use of such cerebral stimulants as tea or coffee.

Remedy for Sleeplessness.

A physician prescribes one simple remedy for sleeplessness. Compose the mind as much as possible and confine the thoughts to one subject, or to no subject. Individual, and if so they yields, rolling the eyes about and counting one direction. In a short time consciousness will be lost and you will be in the blissful land of nod.

One Thing and Another.

Jumper teeth is good for sick headache.

A diet of frogs is considered advantageous for those suffering from pulmonary complaints.

To make a soap for whitening the hands, mix thoroughly two ounces each of eau de cologne and lemon juice, with six ounces of powdered brown Windsor soap.

As much bicarbonate of soda as one can put on a three cent piece, dissolved in a small glass of water and taken before breakfast once or twice a week, sweetens the breath and relieves dyspepsia.

SOCIAL ETIQUETTE

Manners and Customs Practiced in Polite Society.

A gentleman always lifts his hat when offering a service to a lady, whether he is acquainted with her or not. It may be, says one authority on the social etiquette of New York, the restoration of a dropped kerchief or fan, the receiving of her money to pass it to the cash taker at a car, the opening of her umbrella as she descends from a carriage—all the same. He lifts it before or during the courtesy if possible. She bows, and, if she chooses, she also lifts her acknowledgment; but she does the latter faintly and does not speak. To say "Thank you" is not an act of acknowledgment, but it has ceased to be etiquette.

When a gentleman accompanies a lady upon whom such an attention is bestowed, he lifts his hat with the other while she passes through in advance of him. He always offers her the precedence, but he does it silently and without waving his gaze upon her, as if he would say: "You are a lady and I am a gentleman—I am polite for both our sakes."

A gentleman closing or rises his hat when he begs a lady's pardon for any inadvertence whether he is known to her or not.

Graceful Speech.

The value of good social accomplishment can be compared to that of a thorough knowledge of one's mother tongue. The most of us do more or less talking in the course of the average day's or working hours, and to impress those that hear us, favorably or unfavorably—as far as our culture is developed—according to the manner in which we express ourselves. How desirable it is, then, to cultivate all the graces of speech.

Where Bride and Groom Meet.

It is now the fashion for the bridegroom to meet the bride at the altar, whither she is escorted by her father, brother or nearest kinsman.

The Philadelphia Park.

Fairmount park, Philadelphia, is nearly four times as extensive as Central park, New York, having an area of 3,000 acres, while the latter has 834 acres.

ALL AROUND THE HOUSE.

Fashions in Furniture—Birds and Plants. Household Hints and Recipes.

Keep plants that are lifted from the open border in a cool room for a time and do not expose them at once to artificial heat.

Potted bulbs should be kept in a dark place till they make a good growth of roots; then bring to the light.

Ham as Epicures Like It.

Epicures say that cooking a ham in sweet cider gives so delicious a flavor that once tried the ordinary way will never satisfy again. First, have the ham in sweet pickle and not too salt. Scrub and clean it well, put into hot water and soak over night and remove the rind. Then trim nicely and boil in sweet cider. Put some sweet new hay in the bottom of a kettle, place the ham on this and cover with sweet cider; bring slowly to the boiling point and simmer till tender. When you can probe it with a fork easily it is done. Take out on to a sieve to drain, sprinkle thickly with crumbs mixed with brown sugar and set in the oven for ten minutes.

Favorite Imported Song Birds.

A well known bird dealer says that the Andreabery canaries are the best sought after of all varieties of the popular pet bird. They are somewhat larger than common canaries and have rich, full, sweet notes.

The English robin, a beautiful bird and fine singer, is coming into favor as a pet.

Other imported song birds that are much liked are linnets, thrushes, bullfinches, blackbirds, magpies, goldfinches, nightingales, black caps and starlings. Starlings, bullfinches and blackbirds are often trained to whistle one or two airs, and such birds are highly prized by their owners.

Household Helps.

Oxalic acid removes fruit and vegetable stains from the hands.

Rubbing with celery is said to take the smell of onions from the hands.

A lasting blacking for heating stoves consists of turpentine and black varnish put on with good stove polish.

Oil cloth may be improved by rubbing with half an ounce of beeswax dissolved in a saucepanful of turpentine. Apply with flannel and rub off with a dry flannel cloth.

How to Cleanse Marble.

To clean marble take two parts common soda, one part pumice stone and one part finely powdered chalk. Mix with water, rub well over the marble and wash off with soap and water.

A mixture used on stained marble consists of one ounce of ox gall, one gill of lye, one of alcohol and a half teaspoonful of turpentine made into a paste with pipe clay; put the paste on over the stain and let it remain several days.

A Western Loaf Cake.

Take three cups of bread sponge quite thick, one cup of either butter or pork gravy, two cups of coffee sugar, one and a half cups of chopped raisins and a heaping teaspoonful of ground cloves, one of cinnamon and a half teaspoonful of soda dissolved in two spoonfuls of hot water. Mix well and put in buttered dishes, let it stand and rise for half an hour in a warm place, then bake in a pretty warm oven.

Scotch Hasty Pudding.

A Scotch housekeeper's recipe for hasty pudding is: Put an ounce of butter and meat in a frying pan and let it fry out clear; add two handfuls of oatmeal and stir; now add another ounce of the chopped meat, pepper and salt, and stir till the meal browns. Serve hot.

A Simple Dessert.

Soak a quart of stale bread in cold water five minutes, pour off as much water as will escape without squeezing, and put the bread in a pudding dish. Pare, core and slice a quart of apples, lay them on the bread, add sugar and spice to taste, and bake the pudding in a moderate oven.

Celery Sauce for Turkey.

Boil a head of celery until quite tender, then put it through a sieve; add the yolks of two raw eggs in a bowl and beat it well with the strained juice of a lemon; add the celery and a couple of spoonsful of the liquor in which the turkey was boiled; salt and pepper to taste.

Tapioca Pudding.

Heat a quarter of a pound of tapioca slowly over the fire in a pint of milk, stirring that it may not burn. When the tapioca is soft beat together three eggs and four ounces of sugar, add the tapioca and half a pint of cold milk, and bake half an hour in a moderate oven.

Duchesse Potatoes.

Cut cold boiled potatoes into cubes, season with salt and pepper, dip in melted butter and lightly in flour, arrange on a baking sheet, bake fifteen minutes in a quick oven, and serve very hot.

Fashions in Furniture.

In the more expensive grades of parlor furniture walnut is almost entirely absent. Mahogany and cherry, either in natural or stained finish, and oak in natural finish or darkened to imitate the antique, are the fashionable woods. Mahogany is the handsomest of these, but is also the most expensive. Cherry is handsome and being most durable. A very elegant style of parlor suit is in highly polished mahogany wood without any upholstering. It is being intended that independent cushions shall be used.

Watered or moire plush and figured tapestry in elaborate designs appear among the newest upholstery for fine furniture.

AN EASY CHAIR.

There is endless variety in chairs for every purpose. A very pretty one reproduced from Decorator and Furnisher gives a good example of a luxurious easy chair of present style. Cane seated chairs show traces of Eastlake style, mahogany or walnut, with arms plain or carved or of bent or twisted woods. Many handsome easy chairs and rockers are entirely of wood, including the seat. These are usually finished at home with a flat plush cushion of any desired color, tied in with ribbons. Other chairs are in leather. Some are upholstered to match suits.

A large odd chair for a parlor has very thick, rounding bottom, arms and back entirely covered with elegant ruby plush. Its woodwork at all shows in this chair, except a little of the bottom of the legs. This all over stuffed style is very luxurious.

Tall slender chairs with spindle work back and small, leather covered seats, represent a very taking new style. The all over wood chairs, and wood wherever it appears in any of these, is beautifully polished.

Special Notices.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between Stephen A. Fleming and Charles F. Angleman, of Plainfield, N. J., under the firm of Fleming & Angleman, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by said Stephen A. Fleming and all demands on the said partnership are to be presented to him for payment at No. 34 North avenue.

STEPHEN A. FLEMING.
CHARLES F. ANGLEMAN.

Dated November 15th, 1887. 17-dw.

CLARK & REED, Counsellors at Law, Supreme Court Commissioners, Special Masters in Chan cery. Offices over First National Bank, Plainfield, N. J. 1 y

GOOD GIRLS for general housework, cooks, waitresses and chambermaids, apply at Mrs. Ward's Intelligence office. No. 28 Washington street. 16-3

NEW BOARDING HOUSE and furnished rooms, South East corner of Park avenue and Fourth street.
MRS. M. YARGER.

A GOOD HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP. Also Student Alderney. Owner can not keep them. Particulars of J. H. Forster, Veterinary Surgeon, 22 East Fifth street, Or at J. W. Laing's Livery Office.

HENRY HANCHETT, (Successor to Hanchett & Sparks) **GROCERS,** CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY

Are serving their patrons as usual with the best goods that money will buy and at the lowest living rates. Call and see for yourself.

TRY OUR NEW ENGLAND, QUEEN and CREAM **BREAD**

no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

Give Us A Trial

and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment constantly on hand. Only first-class material only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continued patronage.

HENRY LIEFKE

NO. 27 WEST FRONT

FOR BARGAINS

In new and second-hand House Furnishing *GOODS* and for FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK and UPHOLSTERING call at the store of

F. S. POWLISON,

35 WEST FRONT STREET.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS **FOUNDRY** and MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April 1st, 1886. We are prepared to furnish at short notice, Castings for machinery, brass building columns, girders, sewer and well covers, grates, fenders, stove grates, tailor's slugs, iron railing and various other kinds of castings. Many of the above are carried in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and patterns for whatever might be called for. New machinery built by the day or on contract. Jobbing in machinery repairs, etc.

H. KENYON

Special Notices.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE The Peppermint and Wintergreen in Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for coughs and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Instantly relieves. Be sure to send for Kemp's Brightness, Amour in Package or for Fastness of Color, or Non-fading Tablets. They do not crock or smut. For sale by R. J. Shaw, druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 5-17-1y

George D. Morrison, dealer in FLOUR AND FEED, NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

Sanderson's *XXXX* BEST FLOUR.

This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the cond dence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph

Park avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manager.

TRY B. T. BARNES' BROADWAY Molasses Candy,

FLAXSEED and LEMON COUGH DROPS, BOSTON CHIPS ETC.,

We make all our candies. Opposite Post Office.

FIRST-CLASS NICKLE *ALARM CLOCKS* **$1.25.**

first-class Nickel Time Clocks 30 cents.

AT COLLIER'S,

3 PARK AVENUE

Established 19 years. Repairing on Frene Clocks, Fine Jewelry and silverware a specialt

BUILDER James H. Pope, *Carpenter & Builder*

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE.
P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N. J.

Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 25 years experience.

PARK AVENUE *PAINT STORE,* WHOLESALE AND RETAIL **Window Glass**

Paints, White Lead, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes Wall Paper, etc.

E. M. ADAMS,

10 PARK AVENUE

Jimerson & Coyne,

have opened a store at

16 East Front St.

where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as first-class

Merchant Tailors,

to examine their fine line of samples, which they make up to order, at prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

PARK HOUSE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements may be made for parties desiring table board, and in stormy weather to be transferred to and from the Hotel. Terms reasonable.

EVAN JONES,

PROPRIETOR.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

THE STOCK OF Merino Underwear for MEN WOMEN and CHILDREN, in White, Scarlet and Grey; AT EDSALL'S,

No 30 West Front street.

is the largest and most complete ever offered by this house. We claim to have the best 50c vest; the best 75c vest; the best $1 vest; the best $.125 and the best $2 Jersey Ribbed Vests

The best 50c shirts and Drawers.

$	75c	"
"	$1	"
"	1.50	"
"	2	"
"	2.25	"

The last two mentioned are the celebrated Natural Wool.

You can surely get suited here in this line of goods. Remember, we now showing the largest assortment of handsome new

CARPETS

ART SQUARES, RUGS, OIL CLOTHS, etc.

ever shown in this part of the State and at the lowest prices.

Educational.

MISS MEYER
Will on April first will open a school for fancy sewing, crocheting and ladies handiwork, on Oct. 1. All ladies and children desiring to obtain instruction can call at the above address for terms. Samples of work can be seen at Edsall's on West Front street. 9 13 3m

MATTIE MATTISON,
Teacher of Piano. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms for the present. Best of reference. P. O. Box 1096

EDUCATION.
Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberti, P. O. Box 1096

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's, School for Girls and Kindergarten, 1 Grant corner of Washington street. For particulars address P. O. Box 684, Plainfield.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE.
18 PARK AVENUE.
Fruits of all kinds.
Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

CENTRAL R. R.
OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of Liberty Street. Time-table in effect N v. 2, 1887.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield — 3.02, 5.42, 6.10, 6.30, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.27, 6.00, 6.30, 8.02, 9.05, 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 3.27, 5.01, 8.47, 10.32, 11.32 a. m. 1.27, 3.30, 4.16, 5.30, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York, Foot Liberty Street at 4.0, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.15, 3.00, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Newark.

Leave Plainfield at 5.40, 6.9 6.29, 7.39, 7.54, 8.09, 9.32, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42 a. m., 12.56, 1.38, 2.46, 3.37, 4.31, 5.33, 6.0 6.58, 7.59, 8.39, 9.18 11.18 p. m. Sunday, 8.32, 10.32, 11.32, a. m., 1.37, 3.30, 5.16 7.36, 9.23 p. m.

Leave Newark at 6.35, 7.25, 8.05, 8.45, 10.05, 11.40 a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.45, 4.00, 5.40, 6.15, 6.40, 7.40, 8.55, 9.54, 10.30, 11.30, 12.30 p. m. Sunday 8.50 a. m., 12.30, 1.45, 4.10, 5.30, 6.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.14, 8.0, 9.37 11.30, 11.44 a. m.; 2.01, 3.30, 4.56, 5.16 5.31, 6.02, 6.48, 8.15, 9.25, 10.17, 11.26, 12.16 p. m. 12.45 night s. Sunday at 8.10, 10.14 a. m., 2.48 p. m. 4.54, 10.45 p. m.

Leave Somerville at 6.20, 7.00, 7.30, 7.55, 8.15, 9.05, 10.15, 11.15 a. m.; 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 4.30, 5.45, 6.15, 7.05, 11.00 p. m. Sunday at 1.30, 11.05 p. m.; 1.00, 4.30, 7.05, 8.30 p. m.

Plainfield and Easton.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 8.5, 9.21 a. m. 4.05, 4.56, 7.00 p. m. Saturday at 5.10 a. m., 2.34 p. m.

Leave Easton at 6.55, 8.57 a. m., 1.44, 4.15, 7.00 p. m. Saturday at 12.15 a. m., 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

8.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading Harrisburg and Main Line Points, Lehigh Valley R. R. Bridge for Schooley's Mountain. Sundays for Easton.

7.14 a. m.—For Flemington.

8.05 a. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk.

9.21 a. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk Wilk sbarre, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper and Lower Lehigh, Wilkesbarre Scranton, etc.

2.02 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

4.54 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, etc.

5.05, 5.16 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk Wilk sbarre, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper and Lower Lehigh, Wilkesbarre Scranton, etc.

6.02 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

6.28 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 3.27, 5.05, 11.05 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 6.5 p. m. Sunday 3.27 and 5.05 a. m.

For Perth Amboy 3.27, 5.45, 8.00, 11.05 11.14 a. m., 12.33 3.51, 5.26 6.05 p. m. Sunday 3.27 a. m.

For Matawan 3.27, 5.45, 8.0, 11.05 a. m., 12.33 3.25, 6.05 p. m. Sundays 8.57 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia Via Bound Brook.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 5.10, 8.05, 9.45 11.44 a. m., 2.16, 3.30*, 6.05, 8.17 p. m. 1.15 night. Sunday at 5.10*, 8.05, 8.17 p. m. 1.15 night

*Express trains marked *

RETURNING

Leave Philadelphia, Market and Green Streets, at 7.30, 8.30* 9.30 11.00 a. m.; 1.15 2.45, 4.15, 6.45, 11.40 p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a. m.; 5.30, 12.00 p. m.

Third and Berks Streets at 8.30,* 9.0) 10.30 a. m., 1.30, 3.30, 6.00, p. m. Sunday at 8.30 a.m., 4.30 p. m.

Leave Trenton Water and Tuckerton Streets, at 1.25, 8.10, 9.10, 11.10 a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25 p. m. Sunday at 1.25, 5.40, a. m., 6.15 p. m.

Plainfield connects at trains marked * at Bound Brook.

CHARLES P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt
J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Sup't.

INSURANCE.

Isaac Brokaw, *REAL ESTATE* and *Fire Insurance,*

13 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

Agent for the following first-class companies: Germania of New York, Hanover of New York, Jersey City, of Jersey City N. J. Insurance effected on all kinds of property furniture and dwellings a specialty at lowest rates.

Money to Loan on first mortgages. Bargain in Houses rented and collections made. Prompt returns.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

RUBBER STAMPS.

Orders taken for all kinds of Rubber Goods.

Rubber Type, etc for Mercantile and Family use at less than New York Prices.

Call and see samples and get prices at

ALLEN'S The Stationer, 23 EAST FRONT STREET.

PICTURE FRAMES of all kinds at *S. E. FLOWERS* at New York Prices, Studio 23 West Front street. Steamers for drawing and oil painting

FURNITURE.

FAIRCHILD'S Furniture Warerooms 21 EAST FRONT STREET

Parlor and Chamber FURNITURE.

LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, TABLES AND CHAIRS.

STRAY JOKES.

The latest things in stockings—feet.—*Epoch.*

"Took long steps, my chesh," said Solomon Isaacs. "You don't wear out your shoes nearly so quick."—Detroit Free Press.

She Had Him—This is a new shade, isn't it? "Yes, madam, it has just come in." "What is it called?" "The manufacturer wanted to pay us a delicate compliment, so he named it 'The Clerk's Favorite.'" "Give me five yards of your plainest black."—Tid Bits.

A lady in Dalton, Ga., is the possessor of a breastpin containing a lock of hair which grew on Washington's head. There are so many locks of Washington's hair still in existence that it is not surprising that nearly all his portraits show him wearing a powdered wig.—Norristown Herald.

Chicago Husband—Well, my dear, was your Egyptian class a success this afternoon? Wife—Yes, but I'm very nervous for a while. Husband—What was the trouble? Wife—Why, it was nearly 4 o'clock before the pie came from the baker's.—Epoch.

"Two thousand dollars just for a pitcher?" repeated old Mrs. Benson in amazement. "I wonder what those Chicago folks kin be thinkin of. This is one fer decorated chiny is gittin to be rather chief."—Epoch.

A Michigan town boasts a girl six feet nine inches tall. When a fellow gets a kiss from her he has to say please, and don't you forget it.—Burlington Free Press.

Playwright—I will now read you my play, Friend—But why have you given me this package? "That package contains half a dozen laundry collars. My play is a tragedy, and I don't want you to be unprepared."—From the German.

The authorship of Shakespeare's plays was settled to-day in his "Shearers Opera." "I say," said he, "I wrote Shakspeare' asks one of the characters. "Mr. Pyrites," replies the maiden fair.—New York Morning Journal.

A woman who married a one-legged man says it doesn't take much to make her husband "hopping mad."—Norristown Herald.

"May I help you to some more of the soup, Mr. Sheard?" inquired his hostess. Mr. Sheard is a country editor. "No, madam," he replied politely, "you may consider a second plate of soup crowded out to make room for more important matter."—Epoch.

End of a Room.

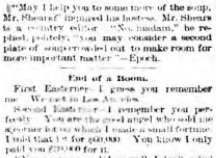
First Easterner—I guess you remember me. We met in Los Angeles.

Second Ditto—Can't remember you perfectly. You are the good angel who sold me a quarter lot on which I made a small fortune. I sold that 1" for $40 000. You know I only paid you $10 000 for it.

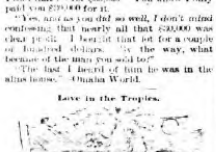
"Yes, and as you did so well, I don't mind confessing that nearly all that $30,000 was clear profit. I bought that lot for a couple of hundred dollars. By the way, what became of the man you sold to?"

"The last I heard of him he was in the alms house."—Omaha World.

Love in the Tropics.



Zulu warrior (to Rumseum, sweet Rumseum, thy ruby lips!—



Unexpected Occupant—Say, young man, I wouldn't wait for Rumsdum if I were you; I am afraid she won't be here to-night.—*Judge.*

Sent His Girl the Wrong Postal Card.

A Millertown young man not long since sent two postal cards on entirely different subjects. He then turned them over and at dessert he had to consider which shawl he had dressed on the wrong cards. The result was that the shirt maker in Harrisburg got a polite invitation to take a carriage ride in Huff Warder's buggies, while the young man's girl was made frantic by receiving the following: "Please send me a sample of the stuff your shirts are made of."—Newport Ledger.

A Long Felt Want.

American in European—I understand you are writing a novel over Wild West show.

Dashed Lady—I am writing enough, but the Indians object.

"Why so?"

"I don't know; superstition, I suppose. They say they will scalp me to-night."

"Say, Bill, take those Indians back to New York and well exact them aldermen."—Omaha World.

A St. Louis Improvement.

In some St. Louis restaurants the waiters no longer have to call the orders down to the kitchen, they touch certain electric bells instead. When a St. Louis man orders a lunch of coffee and hash and eggs, things cooked on both sides, he will no longer be obliged to listen to the waiter's pantomime in the area, while one leg is coming up. Ship-wreck then means white wings.—New York Tribune.

Perfectly Safe.

"Haven't you once vowed to your husband that you would never speak to another man, and don't think you'd better open it, though?"

"What should we do with it?"

"I'll tell you, we'll take it out and get the hired girl to open it. She has lit the fire with it for three times, this week, and I don't think that dynamite will hurt her."—Washington Critic.

The Opportunity of a Lifetime.

The following is a man recent home by a member of the Yale baseball nine.

"Next Sunday—which do you prefer, Greek or Roman? Telegraph answer before Saturday p. m."—*Life.*

Knew His Business.

Editor (to young aspirant for journalistic honors)—You are something of a writer, you say?

Young Man—Oh, yes, sir, I took second prize at school for penmanship."—*Epoch.*

Too True, Too True.

A fiddle dealer says that a violin has not improved one since 1730. The same may be said of the violin player who lives next door.—Norristown Herald.

ATTENTION

Those seeking investments or speculation. The

FINEST BUILDING PROPERTY

in this section of the county now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit. This property is located near the Grant Ave. depot, Plainfield, N. J., and in close proximity to the

POND TOOL MANUFACTORY

and the

POTTER PRESS WORKS.

It is situated in the

Healthiest,

most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. To those desiring to procure homes, or young men wishing to make small investments this opportunity is especially inviting. Builders or contractors could also find it advantageous to procure prices before looking elsewhere.

For particulars, inquire of Wm. C. Kelly, No. 36 Park avenue or Dr. Fritts, Park avenue. Map of property can be seen at Dr. Fritts' office.

MME. QUICK'S

SULPHUR AND MEDICATED

VAPOR TREATMENT

EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.

Physicians' help in curing all Chronic diseases equalizes the circulation, cleanses and purifies the blood, cures Colds, Influenza, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver, Kidney, Lung Diseases, Nervousness and General Debility. Paley and Salt Rheum and all skin diseases.

It cures the most obstinate cases of chills and *fever and all malarial disorders*

Hours from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Closed for cleansing on Wednesday.

FOTOGRAFS

INSTANTANEOUS.

Everlasting Harness Clean ent.

Retail.

Street Sprinkling and Gardening tools

THOR...

Opp. Post Office

THE

Fidelity & Casualty

COMPANY, issues

Accident Policies

for

$10,000

assuring

1. In event of death	$10,000
2. For loss of two hands	10,000
3. For loss of two eyes	10,000
4. For loss of one hand and one foot	10,000
5. For loss of both eyes	5,000
6. For loss of one hand or of one foot	5,000.00
7. For loss of one eye	$1,250
8. For disabling injuries—during the continuance of same, per week,	$25

And proportionate benefits for policies of less amount.

For circular, etc., call on

Jos. T. Vail, Agt.,

OPPOSITE DEPOT

COAL and WOOD

C. H RUGG,

Successor to Morgan Bird.

Dealer in coals but best quality Coal, such as Yeddo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring Lock and Council Ridge Coal (Well screened) Also Cord and Kindling Wood.

Orders left at my office or by postal will receive prompt attention.

No. 61 Park Avenue,

Bird's Yard,

CRIGS CARAE CARIG RARIA RIGRA ARAEG RIGS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Repairing in all its branches at

L. M. FRENCH'S

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

18 Somerset street,

PLAINFIELD.

BENJ. F. MOORE

(late of Moore Bros.)

BUTCHER,

and dealer in

FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, etc.

Corner

PARK AVENUE AND SECOND STREET

Plainfield, N. J.

Telephone Call No. 111.

Orders Called For

AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

A. M. RUNYON & SON

Undertakers and Embalmers

58 PARK AVENUE.

Telephone Call 40. Residence 18 Madison avenue. Telephone Call 32. 3Bm

Hillside cemetery

RICHARD RAY, of

Successor to P.

Livery S

NORTH AVENUE, Op... Depot.

CARRIAGES TO MEET ALL TRAINS.

Family Riding a Specialty.

S. W. WAKEFIELD,

ENGINEER

AND PRACTICAL STEAM FITTER.

Special attention given to the heating of public buildings and private dwellings by low pressure steam. Agent for the Dunning and Kleinlein Self Feeding Boiler. Send for Illustrated catalogue. Repairing promptly done. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

OFFICE

80 Somerset Street.

My Reference my work.

JOHN JOHNSON,

Dealer in

Best Quality Coal.

Yard and Office, SOUTH AVENUE.

Orders by Mail Promptly Attended to.

P. O. BOX 1467.

TO THE PUBLIC!

We wish to inform our customers and the public generally that we have on hand the

BEST QUALITY OF

LEHIGH COAL,

Fresh from the Mines.

It is under cover and well protected from the weather. We are also prepared to deliver it well screened and in good order promptly. We are also prepared to furnish all kinds of Dressed Lumber and Masons' Materials at Short Notice.

A. D. Cook and Bro.

NEW STORE.

Barkalew & Dunn,

Fine Groceries,

18 NORTH AVENUE, PLAINFIELD.

Try the Brunswick Ham recommended by Park & Tilford and Acker, Merrill & Condit.

PLAINFIELD ODDFELLS EXCAVATING COMPANY.

JONES & CO., PROPRIETORS.

Two tanks quick work, therefore less money than others. No work half-done. Our apparatus is approved of by the Board of Health. Orders left with D. W. Littell, Sanitary Plumber, No. 5 North avenue. P. O. Box 1416. Telephone call 2. Residence of Manager, David Jones, Park Place, between Putnam avenue and Broadway.

LAING'S HOTEL.

J. B. Miller & Bro.,

PROPRIETORS.

Front street opposite Madison avenue.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESORT.

Permanent Boarders Taken at Reasonable Rates.

CHEAPEST PLACE.

Stoves, Stoves! Cook STOVES

Stoves, Stoves! Office STOVES.

Double Heater and RANGES.

J. P. Laire & Co.

Ranges & Stoves

with all the latest improvements, together with a well assorted stock of

HOUSE FURNISHING ARTICLES

will be found at the well known store on the corner of Front and Plainfield streets. Special attention paid to the "Stockwell" range, which cannot be excelled. F. ANDERSON.

N. B. B.

is short for the fact that there are Nothing But Bargains in our fresh stock of New Goods in Silver and Gold at

Collier's, 3 Park Ave.

Don't go to New York stores with big rents, to get fancy prices in small lots, when you can choose from a large stock of new goods at Collier's and save car fare, time and temper. He offers all the latest styles of rings, sleeve-buttons, lace pins and scarf pins. Watches, clocks and jewelry at the lowest prices. Established 20 years.

Builders Cards

John P. Emmons,

Successor to Emmons Bros.

Mason and Builder.

Jobbing Promptly Attended to.

Corner of Washington avenue and Prospect Place. P. O. Box 988.

BUILDER,

C. J. NOEL,

Carpenter & Builder

OFFICE, 4 WEST THIRD STREET,

Shop, South, Second Street, Plainfield, N. J.

ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY FURNISHED

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder,

JOBBING

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

P. O. Box 380.

Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues

JOHN CRANDLER,

Establish... 1866

Carpenter & Builder,

38 EAST THIRD STREET

Specialty—Fine Hard Wood Work.

R. ... Ross,

1 Somerset street, North Plainfield, informs carpenters and builders that he has for sale Moulding, Sashes, Doors, Blinds and all kinds of Scroll and Turned work at reasonable prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Closed Saturdays.

R. V. Sa...

Car ente and Builder,

Elmore Clinton avenue, near depot, Evens. P. O. Box, 1788. Jobbing attended to. Estimates given cheerfully on all kinds of work.

J. Manning,

Haddonfield, Evens, P. O. Box 456.

Carpenter and Builder,

years established. Repairing promptly attended to.

Spicer & Hubbard.

Madison avenue and Third street,

Manufacturers of Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Glass of all kinds.

William C. Smith,

Practical Mason and Builder,

All orders for jobbing promptly attended to. Residence, Grandview avenue. P. O. Box 212.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale and To Let

TO LET FURNISHED.

TO LET UNFURNISHED.

Desirable Bargains in

BUILDING LOTS

FIRE INSURANCE.

Sole Agency for North America: Philadelphia, Phenix and Pennsylvania. Fund on Queen of Liverpool, England. Money to Loan on First Mortgages.

Edward C. Mulford,

Real Estate Broker, 35 and 37 North avenue opposite R. R. station, Plainfield.

Telephone No. 8.

Our Specialties

Men's All-Wool Flannel-Lined Overcoats $5 worth $10

Men's blue, black and brown Daisy Dress Ovecoats $10.

Imported Kersey and Montagnac Overcoats and Surtouts, satin-lined $15, worth $25.

Imported Flockeneusc the best made, $20. They are worth $35.

Immense line of other goods at half-price.

SCHWED BROS.

7 East Front street.

FRUITS

for

Thanksgiving

we wish to call the attention of our customers and friends to our large stock of unexcelled fruits for Thanksgiving use. Among them materials for baking such as Citron, Raisins etc. Also a fine line of Malaga Grapes lb. per pound. Grape Fruit and Oranges. Fruits furnished for Thanksgiving dinners. A choice lot of Glace Fruits, Guava Jellies, Kennedy's Champion Biscuits, etc.

KENNEY BROS.,

NO. 5 NORTH AVENUE.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE 35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE

(in Mulford's Real Estate Agency opp. depot.

The company will at once extend their incandescent lines into the residence portion of Plainfield and North Plainfield and have arranged for a staff of wiremen so that CONTRACTS

MADE AT ONCE

may be filled as soon as the lines are constructed. Wiring will be done at cost and without defacing ceilings and walls and in most cases existing gas fixtures can be provided with attachments or the lights

W. H. Moore, M'gr.

THE BEE HIVE.

Fur Trimming.

2 in. Black Hare, 25 cents per yard.
2 " Raccoon " 50 " "
2 " Grey " 50 " "
2 1-2 Silver Fox 75 " "
Ladies' Black Hare Muffs, 75 cents.

Toboggan Caps.

Jersey Toboggan caps with pompoms 25 cents.

Striped Jersey Toboggan caps with pompoms 45 cents.

Striped Jersey caps 15 cents.

Ladies' cashmere gloves in black and colored 15 cents, our line of ladies' and children coats and newmarkets will be sold at reduced rates, to make room for holiday goods.

LOUIS CALLMAN,

38 WEST FRONT ST.

Door Numbers,

DOOR PLATES AND DOOR BELLS

at

DICKINSON & CLAWSON'S,

16 Park avenue.

Sole Agent for DR. KINGS Spectacles

McDONOUGH & MARTIN,

Rumseum's, 20 Somerset street,

All customers and others desiring to use the celebrated never-slip horse-calkin shoes, will please leave their orders for same at our shop before November 1st, in order to give us a chance to supply the large demand which these celebrated shoes have. Persons desiring to use these will please bring their horse to the shop in order that we may be able to get the dimensions of their feet.

THE

People's Market,

NO. 18 PARK AVENUE.

Fresh meats,

Groceries,

Provisions,

VEGETABLES AND FRESH FISH.

The undersigned having purchased the People's Market, and good will thereof, of Mr. H. H. Barthman, desires a share of the patronage of his friends whom he assures satisfaction in quality of goods and prices. A trial solicited.

P. H. BENNETT.

WEST END

COAL YARD,

BETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Orders in all Kinds of Coal. Best of upper Lehigh Coal, all sizes, screened and delivered $5.85 per ton, until further notice. Estimates promptly furnished to parties to lay in coal. Offices No. 15 Park avenue and South Second street. Yard South Second street near Potter's Press Works.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

D. W. LITTELL,

PRACTICAL SCIENTIFIC

AND SANITARY PLUMBER,

Has for passed the examining board of Master plumbers of North Plainfield and also ex... of a member of that body of practical plumbers. I am prepared to do plumbing in any in... style of ... on North avenue, Plainfield N. J.

3-15

I have received the agency for the above celebrated lamps. They are cut, polished and ground on one side as to produce a soft and delightful light, and are guaranteed not to smoke, smell or explode, even in the event of grease found in the globe. Remember the fact of light to enter the eye with the least possible resistance.

AT DOANE'S,

Formerly Clare's. No. 9. Park Avenue.

WISH TO INFORM

my customers that I have adde

Hats and Caps

to my large stock of

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, etc.

Gents' Underwear, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Overalls, etc.

O. M. DUNHAM'S

44 WEST FRONT ST., next to Laing's Hotel

STOP. Go no further

until you have visited my store and inspected MY

Ladies $2 SHOE

either in common sense or opera toe style.

They are Beauties.

I have also a full line of Gentlemen's Shoes at prices the LOWEST.

J. J. KENNEY.

No. 29 NORTH AVENUE.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

STOVES,

Heaters, Ranges and Weatherstrips,

PLUMBING, TINNING, HARDWARE.

13 E. Front street.

Telephone Call 6.

GOOD QUALITY

BRICK

I am now prepared to furnish a superior quality of brick. I have doubled the former capacity of my yard and added many improvements.

I wish to again thank my many customers for the patronage so generously bestowed on me during the past twenty years, and solicit further favors.

Isaac Scribner,

MAPLE AVENUE NORTH PLAINFIELD

P. O. BOX 380.

CHEAP BOOKS.

We have a large line of popular books in nice cloth binding, good paper and good print at only 39 cents each. These include Emerson's Essays, Carlyle's Sartor Resartus, Adam Bede, Guy Mannering, etc., etc. Also many books for children at 15, 20, 25, 30 cents and upward.

A. W. RAND,

24 W. Front street.

Central Market

GEO. A. MOORE,

(of the late firm of Moore Bros.)

is now the sole proprietor of the old established market at

No. 14 North Ave.,

where he will continue to supply patrons with the finest grades of Fresh and Salt

MEATS

fish of all kinds, Oysters, Clams, Game in season at the lowest market prices. Anything not usually kept in stock furnished at short notice.

JOS. T. VAIL,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance.

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

Opposite Railroad Station. Residence 15 Franklin Place.

DEALER IN

Blue Stone Flagging,

P. O. Box 858

Miscellaneous Cards.

Crushed Stone,

60, 70 & 80 Cents,

May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnson's Drive in three sizes.

Mrs. Lindsays,

Intelligence Office,

No. 92 West Front street.

Hyacinths, Tulips and Crocus Cut Flowers and Winter Blooming Plants at J. Lindsey.

Don A. Gaylord, dealer in Lumber, Masons Materials, Coal and Fertilizers. Agents for the Soluble Pacific Guano. Office Madison avenue. Yard South Second street.

Wm. Claassen,

Barber and Hairdresser.

Ladies' and Childrens' hair cutting a specialty. Shaving by ticket if shaves $1.00. Saudruf re-moved with the electric hair cleaning machine at No. 5 W. Front street. 3-28-1y

Kindling Wood.

12 Barrels for $2,

at Mrs. Demens's, Water street. Orders left at Mr. P. Casey's, Trunk and Umbrella store No. 1 Somerset street or addressed to P. O. Box No. 88, promptly attended to.

Rudolph Laurent,

Practical Watchmaker

and Jeweler. Repairing of Watches and American clocks, watches and fine jewelry a specialty. No. 7 Somerset street.

H. N. Spencer, 61 Somerset Street,

Grocer and Seedsman.

Pillsbury, Gold Leaf and Mighty Dollar Flour Orange County Butter, fine Sugars, Tea, Coffees, etc. Nutmegs, Spices, pure cider vinegar 4 years old, fruit jars, jelly cans. White Granite, Yellow Ware, Wooden Pails and Tubs and Glassware, Flower Pots, etc. Finest grade Ammunition.

Robert Randolph,

Kalsominer

No. 13 East Third street. P. O. Box 81 Plainfield, N. J. Walls and ceilings Kalsomined, any color and whitewashed. Also, Carpets cleaned and put down. All orders will receive prompt attention. Charges reasonable.

Mrs. A. Corwin,

Ladies' Dresses, Underwear, Bonnets

Having fitting room is now prepared for the Winter dress making, which she does in the best and latest styles. 16 East Front street.

A. J. Couturier,

(From Paris, successor to Jules Houtes.)

Ladies' Hair Dresser.

Hair goods of every description at New York Prices. Also a full line of French perfumeries, tonics and powders. Masquerade and theatrical costumes to hire. In 97 Front street.

Thomas Kenna,

Corner of Grove street and Green Brook road,

dealer in all kinds of

Oil, Lamps and Fixtures,

At wholesale at New York prices. All orders promptly attended to.

Smalley Brothers,

78 Somerset street,

Meat Market,

Orders delivered in all parts of the city. Telephone Call No. 14.

Ten Eyck's

Meat Market,

Fruits and Vegetables in season, 37 West Front street, Plainfield, N. J.

I. L. McVoy,

Driven Well,

Gas Fitter and Well Driver. Old wells made to work easy. After an experience of fifteen years I feel confident of executing all work entrusted to my care with satisfaction. Shop 93 E. Front.

T. E. Morgans,

Newsdealer, Books, Stationery and Music, 37 1-2 West Front street.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.

ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Blue Stone Flagging,

SILLS, LINTELS, STEPS, RUBBED HEARTHS AND MANTELS

CURBING AND CROSSWALKS.

Sixteen Years' Experience.

M. POWERS,

Somerset street, opposite Jackson avenue.

P O BOX 1357.

We also supply all orders for kindling wood at terms to direct from the factory.

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

where can be found a full line of all kinds of

FRESH, SALT AND SMOKED MEATS.

Special attention given to

POULTRY VEGETABLES AND FISH.

Having the largest stock in the city, we intend to compete as near as possible with

NEW YORK MARKET PRICES.

We solicit a call that we may convince that we sell

CHEAPER

than ANY ONE in PLAINFIELD.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at

A. VANDERBEEK, 28 PARK AVE.

PIANOS TUNED.

To the Ladies.

Look at our all wool striped Flannel Skirts, made and unmade. A full line of Newmarkets, Jackets and Cloaks for Ladies, Misses and Children,

AT POPE'S.

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," MONDAY NOVEMBER 28, 1887. — Price Two Cents.

FOR PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLES AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES, TELEPHONE CALL NO. 62.

Republican Primaries.

The Republican electors of the city of Plainfield will meet in their respective wards on Monday evening, November 28th, at eight o'clock for the purpose of electing delegates to the city Republican Convention, to be held at the Republican Association rooms on East Front street, on Tuesday evening, November 29, at eight o'clock to nominate three councilmen-at-large, a city treasurer, one collector, one treasurer, two chosen freeholders, two committeemen of each ward and one school trustee, each ward is entitled to the following number of delegates.

In Ward 1 delegates and will meet at Republican Association Rooms; 2d Ward 9 delegates and will meet at Bryant School building, East Fifth street; 3d Ward 7 delegates and will meet at the Park house; 4th Ward 8 delegates and will meet at Laing's Hall.

Each ward caucus or primary will nominate the following candidates for ward officers.

One councilman, two justices of the peace, one constable, one judge of election, one inspector of election, one clerk of election, also three trustees of common council and one executive committee.

By order of the City Executive Committee.

C. M. GODDARD Chairman
Nov. 14, 1887. J. B. COWARD, Sec'

JOTTINGS.

—Republican primaries to-night.

—The gutters along Somerset street are being scraped.

—The park at Fanwood is to have its pathways lined with maples.

—The Committee on the Debt of the Trinity Reformed Church meets this afternoon.

—It has been discovered within the past few weeks that cocaine is a sure cure for yellow fever.

—Thursday and Friday were holidays for school children, as is usual at the Thanksgiving season.

—A correspondent wishes to know when Third street near Plainfield avenue will be macadamized.

—Cough candy and wild cherry cough mixture are manufactured and retailed by Field & Randolph.

—Get out your heavy clothing in readiness for a cold wave, which is expected by Tuesday at seven a. m.

—It is now almost time to think of sleighs and skates, as well as heavier clothing. See our advertisements.

—On and after January 1st, the name of the New Brooklyn post-office will be changed to South Plainfield.

—To-morrow is the only day of registration for those who desire to cast their ballots in the city election, Dec. 6.

—A large number of persons took advantage of the fair weather yesterday and went out for an afternoon drive.

—The coming lecture of Leo Daft, whose subject is, "Electric Phenomena," will be for the benefit of the Trinity Reformed church.

—In St. Mary's church, during the season of Advent, services will be held Sunday evening at eight p. m. instead of four p. m. as heretofore.

—The new Sunday school rooms of the Methodist Episcopal church, it is claimed, will be, when finished, the finest this side of the Alleghanies.

—General Harte—son of Bret Harte, the novelist—has resigned his position on the Newark Journal to become editor of the Elizabeth Herald.

—Christmas presents may be purchased at Field & Randolph, who, besides keeping a full line of drugs and medicines, have a fine stock of fancy articles.

—A fair will be held in the handsome new Sunday school building connected with the M. E. church, all next week. The proceeds will be added to the building fund.

—Yesterday what is known to Catholics as the season of Advent commenced and will continue until Christmas. Special services were held in the churches and the day was given up to prayer.

—The eleventh anniversary exercises of the Children's Home will be held in the Trinity Reformed church, Saturday evening, Dec. 3, at eight o'clock. The Rev. Dr. J. L. Hurlbut and the Rev. W. R. Richards will deliver addresses.

—This week Wednesday, the last day of November, will be the doomsday of the convicted "fire-bugs." Judge McCormick's announcement that on Wednesday he would sentence Louis and Horace VanNest and John M. Jackson was absolute.

—Rev. James Montgomery, of Jersey City, will deliver a lecture, and give an entertainment at the Reformed Church, at Metuchen, on this Monday evening, entitled "Switzerland and the Romantic Rhine as Seen Through the Camera." One hundred views will be illuminated by the stereopticon.

—Howard A. Pope has found at last, black stockings for ladies and children that will not fade or stain the feet, the dye being vegetable and not injurious. The goods, as elsewhere advertised, if not found as represented, the money will be refunded. Howard A. Pope has been appointed agent in this city.

—"Will O' the Wisperie," is the novel name by which a Methodist church recently called its entertainment, and which is in use in parts of the country are now using the same title for sociables at which recitations and singing are the chief attractions. It's poetic, even if its application is not exactly plain.

—The mite boxes at the First Presbyterian church were opened Friday afternoon. The weather was unfavorable and there were but few present. The exercises were appropriate and enjoyable. The amount in the boxes averaged twenty cents each, making no slight an addition to the fund for home missionary work.

—A meeting to consider the question of building a railroad from Somerville to Peapack, via Pluckamin and Bedminister, is called for, to take place at the Court-House in Somerville on Thursday evening, Dec. 1. The call is signed by a number of prominent men of Somerville, including Senator Thompson, J. W. Ballantine and others.

UNION'S YOUNG REPUBLICANS.

Active Workers to Organize a Bonefacial "Legislature."

The Union County Young Republican League held a meeting last Friday night at Room 6, Arcade building, Elizabeth.

Mr. L. V. DeForest was elected a member of the Executive Committee from Linden township.

The President appointed as the committee to attend the National Convention in New York on Dec. 15th, 16th and 17th, the following: C. M. Goddard of Plainfield, C. E. Reed of Rahway, F. H. Miller of Westfield, E. M. Wood and George F. Mathews of Elizabeth. Alternates were selected in the same order from the same places as follows: Judge Ulrich, H. H. Soule, David T. Pierson, E. Frank Carson and Samuel R. Ogden. The President is entitled to a seat in the convention by virtue of his office.

Mr. Goddard, as Chairman of the committee appointed to visit the Roselle Club, reported in favor of uniting with that and other clubs in the county, for the purpose of forming a League Legislature or Senate, with a view to keeping up the club interest.

There was some discussion on this matter, and Mr. DeForest explained the methods by which it was proposed to form a League Senate or Legislature. It is in all respects as like, as may be, the Legislature in session at Trenton.

The members from the different clubs are the senators or assemblymen. They are appointed to represent different counties throughout the State. A governor is appointed, a president of the senate or speaker of the house, bills are introduced in the real legislature are also introduced in this legislature, and discussed, rejected, killed, pigeon-holed, lobbied, vetoed, etc., just as at Trenton. The amusing features are in making a Republican representative Democrat and defending that side of the question, or in lobbying a bill through, or in raising absurd issues, appeals, etc. The discussions keep every one posted on the merits or demerits of a bill; instruct all as to what is being done and particularly what county Town representatives are doing; afford means of becoming acquainted with each other, and insure endless amusement.

The report of the committee was received, and on motion the League decided to go to Roselle on Friday, Dec. 9th, to confer with the other clubs as to the practicability of organizing a League Legislature.

The members of the League are requested to consider this matter and to attend, if possible, the meeting on the 9th. The Corresponding Secretary will issue a circular letter to the clubs in the county, with the plans and prospects, and it is hoped that it may meet with unanimous approval.

That the Legislature will be formed there is scarcely a doubt.

Good Plans Gang Aft Agley.

The Welsh prize singers who appeared Saturday afternoon and evening in the Stillman Opera House, North Plainfield, were heard their music. Their voices were pronounced good, and there were repeated encores.

These Welsh musicians were engaged by the Women's Christian Temperance Union, the object of which was to furnish a wholesome entertainment that would attract the poorer people of Plainfield, especially those who spend their earnings in the saloons or who suffer more or less indirectly from the drink habit. The good women thought, as many others of the sort have done, to draw from saloons for at least one Saturday and to awaken in them a desire for purer things. At first it was suggested that the concert be free, but after long thought it was decided to charge the nominal admission fee of twenty-five cents, but from them it was desired to reach should take offense because the entertainment was a "dead head" one. There are, *it is said*, some people who *feel insulted when* offered a gift.

It rather looks as though the Union had failed, in this instance, for the audience which it drew was not of the sort it most desired, and its smallness was significant that no great financial gain was secured. Mercenary motives were not what prompted the managers, but if a snug sum of money had been realized everything would have been right and more been done by the Union in one of its many branches.

Where the Money Will Go.

The Somerset County Board of Freeholders announce the following apportionment of money for the ensuing year:

Court expenses	$10,500
County Jail	1,200
Public buildings and grounds	1,000
Coroners	300
Stationery	300
Elections	480
Printing	600
Miscellaneous	1,500
Lunacy	8,820
Per diem and salaries	4,500
Interest	7,000
Bridges	32,000

—On Saturday the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal Company advanced the price of their coal twenty-five cents, making the latter price $5 per ton wholesale. Other companies will, it is said, also advance their prices.

—On Thanksgiving evening Ida Kidd, age eighteen, left home at Elizabeth to attend a ball. She has been missing ever since. Richard Barry, a prominent member of the Fire Department, also disappeared at the same time. The girl's parents say that she has eloped with Barry.

—DeVoe, the weather prophet, says that the people in the vicinity of the Gulf must look out for a cyclone during the present week. He also predicts a storm that will be sufficient snow here for a sleigh ride on Dec. 18. He advises the purchase of a heavy overcoat for Christmas, as he believes the holidays will be accompanied by very cold weather.

—On the 6th of November, Thos. G. Knowland, a Plainfield plumber, was assaulted at Campbell's Club house, in Middlesex county. His assailants, John Hogan, Thomas Conway, Wm. Mack, John Barry, John L. Duckworth and Michael Fields, have all been arrested and taken to New Brunswick to await the action of the Grand Jury.

PERSONAL.

Robert Huntsman visited New Brunswick yesterday.

Ex-Congressman Folcock of White House was in town to-day on business.

Francis C. Harder of East Front street has returned from a business trip through the South.

Miss Florence Titsworth of Madison avenue is the hostess of Miss Sheldon of Hornellsville, N. Y.

James C. Field, of the firm of Field & Randolph, made a flying trip to his old home in Clinton, N. J., over Sunday.

Mrs. Carl T. Polak, wife of ex-Councilman Polack of Netherwood, recently sprained her ankle while visiting in Brooklyn.

The Misses Sharp of New street are the entertainers of their cousin, Miss Nellie Ammerman of Hackensack, during her visit to this city.

Miss Lizzie F. Pettis, a teacher in the High School department of the Stillman School, returned home to-day from a visit to Lansingburgh, N. Y.

A number of the friends of the Rev. W. E. Honeyman have urged him to accept the presidency of the Reform Club, but he has answered "no" to all.

Master Walter D. Sturgis of the Domestic Telegraph and Telephone Company, Newark, has been confined home yesterday, after visiting relatives for a few days on Somerset street, North Plainfield.

North Plainfield is once more graced by the presence of Miss Tillie Hudson of Somerset street and Miss Mabel Collins of Manning avenue, who are spending a few days at home from boarding school.

Judge Thomas F. McCormick, who presided at Court throughout the "fire-bug" trials, has the reputation among reporters as being one of the most courteous men to interview. If he has any information for the public he cheerfully sacrifices time to tell it when a newspaper man calls.

John M. C. Marsh, whose tall figure and long mustaches make him prominent in the Court room at Elizabeth, has been nicknamed the Pooh-Bah of Westfield. His office when at Court is Constable, and he sometimes covers his rural district for his favorite newspaper.

It was expected that the Rev. T. L. Gardiner of Southern New Jersey would address the meeting at Reform Hall, last night, but was detained by the serious illness of his wife. The Rev. Mr. Livermoore, who was recently called from New York to a pastorate in New Market, was also expected to speak, but he, too, was unable to be present.

Our Benefactor's Testimonial.

We have given from their own lips, the stories of the various persons engaged in the capture of "fire-bugs" Mosher and Lee. We do not presume to say how much or how little each ought to receive, but let the persons who may contribute say for themselves, forming their opinions upon the statements of Councilman Carey, Chief Dodd, Policeman Lyon and Edwin S. Worsley. We will but add, that Councilman Carey remarked to a reporter of THE NEWS that he would be glad to pay his personal obligation to see that Mr. Worsley was properly rewarded, and he would see that he was to be had to pay him himself, as he would if the people of Plainfield did not. That will not be necessary, however. Matters are working to harmonize, don't wait for somebody else to start. Do your duty. Then your conscience will be clear. Hon. Chas. Marsh, President of the Crescent Avenue Church Board of Trustees, has consented to assist us in the undertaking, which people should understand, we have very little time to personally devote to, on account of the demands of business. Other citizens have also been seen, including Mayor Male, the Lee Brothers, whose house was the one Jackson was attempting to burn when captured, John M. Crane and as many other prominent citizens as opportunity afforded. Mayor Male told us that he and others are now raising a purse, to which he has made contribution. As our only object is to aid in showing the gratitude of the people of this city and the borough, it matters not how the money is raised so long as the object sought is accomplished, as it may be much more effectually than by us with the limited time at our disposal. Let all contribute something, and that without needless delay. The rain storm to-day may have hindered the work.

Indians at the Crescent.

A meeting will be held the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church to-morrow night, beginning at eight o'clock, for the purpose of encouraging support for the Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute, at Hampton, Va., an institution devoted to the education of the negro and Indian races. This encouragement will be given not only by addresses from Gen S. C. Armstrong, the Principal, H. B. Frissell, the Vice-Principal, and from others, but also by the presence and speech of four of the Institute's pupils, who will show in themselves what a marvelous work it is possible to perform among the children of slaves and of savages. An additional and pleasing feature will be the singing of slave songs and plantation melodies by a quartet from among the Institute pupils. The addresses from the pupils may include: "The Southern Outlook," by Thomas Cayton, Class of '73; "The Omahas and their Lands," by George Miller, a leader of his tribe; "A Dakota's Plea," by John Trackstin, a Sioux student: and "Give Us a Chance," by William B. Davenport, Class of '89, the son of a slave. One of the pupils is supported by the Crescent avenue Sunday school.

Local Stage Talent.

At a meeting held in St. Mary's Hall at four o'clock yesterday afternoon the Dramatic Association was re-organized by the election of the following officers for the ensuing year: President, John Hibbitts; Vice President, James McCarthy; Secretary, George Tobin; Treasurer, Michael Mack; Instructor, William Harding; Property-men, Michael Whalen and Richard Harding. Another meeting will be held again next Friday evening to complete the organization.

—A horse belonging to Patrick Day of West Third street dropped dead as it was being driven through the gate entrance to Mr. Day's residence, Saturday night.

—Dr. Thomas L. Janeway of New Brunswick died at Eureka Springs, Ark., last night.

ALL IN A GOOD CAUSE.

The Women's Relief Corps Bazaar a Success.

The Winfield Scott Women's Relief Corps, No. 10, auxiliary to the Grand Army of the Republic, closed a very successful fair Saturday night, when, at a late hour, most of the remaining goods were auctioned off at profit.

The handsome gold badge which it had been announced would be voted to the most popular veteran's daughter, was awarded to Miss Bertha Hyde, she having a plurality of seventy-two ballots. The money paid for votes altogether was $89.

Mrs. Coddington expresses her gratitude to the friends who voted so generously for her. She will, seeing that she scored such a large number of ballots, be given a ring as a testimonial by the managers of the bazaar.

The gold-headed cane which had been put up for the most popular newspaper man in town didn't go to the most popular one, but was disposed of to that editor who felt that such a prop was necessary to his existence, and to gratify his pretty envy and malice was willing to pay $4.20 for it.

On the first day of the fair a week ago THE NEWS' editor was by one of the committee urged to enter the competition, but the very idea was repugnant, and he positively declined, or to even allow his friends to do so, and said, if it was given to him, that under such circumstances he would give it to editor Runyon, the old gentleman to whom an account of the age, being the oldest man here in the profession, such a thing might be of service. However, would do so, free from no spirit of discourtesy but because he did not know what use he could personally make of a newspaper, a thing used by the vain or weak, as for instance the dude, the sick, the crippled or the aged. Not being a dude, nor sick, nor lamed, nor aged, what excuse could we have for carrying such a thing? To call it a testimonial, when directly or indirectly bought would be a fraud THE NEWS editor would not be guilty of, and would be ashamed to be seen carrying it under such circumstances. But for even charity sake, to help the worthy women raise funds that they might carry on the work to the end we would attention to the matter. They have attained their object, even though it seemed to many that circumstances were such to help not wound each other appear in a false light, by playing into the hands of the saloons and their lawful organ. One man, a hill-board carpenter, was on hand at the fair Saturday evening with a pocket full of books buying votes for his employer. There is no telling how much, he might have paid could he have been made longer to believe more necessary for the object. The opportunity given the saloon, to show their hatred of the paper that has fearlessly opposed them as the foes of the family and the curse of society generally was too good to be lost. They were caught in the trap. They had utterly failed in their effort to cripple the paper by having another started by their aid in a field which it was thought would not support one paper until the editor of THE NEWS demonstrated to the contrary, but they might vent their envy and malice now for a few dollars. It is a suggestive fact however that while our friend was recklessly buying votes to attain his object, his news-*boys were unable to dispose of his sheet at* any price, though shouting themselves hoarse, and were later buying all the copies of THE NEWS that could be supplied to them, returning again and again for fresh supplies, one of the boys remarking, "Everybody asks for THE NEWS. We can't sell this thing," referring to the other sheet. It is also a strange commentary that after the proprietors of that sheet had left no stone unturned, giving papers away by thousands, that they still treating even our ministers in this respect as if they were paupers by sending them papers free, that, notwithstanding *all this, they* could not reach one-fourth the number of bona fide subscribers THE NEWS is obliged to pay for it—and left it even more popular than before. But the cane was the means of adding over 70 to the treasurer's collection, and thus will be more likely to do good, in the hands of those worthy women, than being super-abundant in the saloons. We are satisfied.

The vote the first evening, uninfluenced was 25 for THE NEWS to 15 against, or just two thirds more for THE NEWS. This aroused the saloons. A dollar was sent around for ten cents on every vote. Five more votes in all, an average of one vote per day, were received for THE NEWS, so to keep the saloons stipulated to cast over 40 for each one of these, and so successful was the scheme that 242 votes were got out of 30 for THE NEWS.

It was reported that the saloons had $400 at the fair during the evening to use if necessary

Crazy Mrs. Cuff.

Efforts are being made to send Julia E., wife of Sylvester Cuff of Somerset street, North Plainfield, to the insane asylum. Mrs. Cuff, it will be remembered, is the colored woman who, over a month ago, set fire to her own house and almost killed her baby, which she stated because it was partially white and had a hair-lip. Saturday, soon after her liberation from the Somerset county jail, she went around to the local stores and made magnificent orders for which she had no money to pay. She would have the clerks cut off several yards of dress-goods, for instance, and would then attempt to carry off the parcels without explanation. She stole two shirts from Isaac Lederer of Front street and was arrested by Policeman Lynch.

Fourteen More Pledge Signers.

The Rev. W. E. Honeyman made a stirring temperance address at Reform Hall, last night, before a large and attentive audience. He urged as reasons why men ought to become total abstainers, the facts that better health is thereby secure; more money is kept in one's pocket, a man's energies are sharpened and his intellect is made more acute. John H. French supplemented Mr. Honeyman's remarks with an appeal for signers to the pledge. There were twelve responses. New officers will be elected Thursday night, and Mr. French announces himself as positively not a candidate for re-election. He has served four years.

Ramblings in Rome.

The "Eternal City," once mistress of the world, is even yet a ruler in no paltry sense, nor will her power cease while St. Peter's dome shall lift itself into the blue sky. To know and understand Rome, is, in a sense, to know the world's history. As a help to this, Mr. Ragan's pictures and description Tuesday night, go further than many hours with books, further than anything but actual travel. He wishes to share the privilege of the few. With Ragan we may view not only the monuments of departed grandeur, but we may see modern Rome, the capitol of a great living empire. Good seats may be secured at Reynold's pharmacy. For particulars see advertisement.

—Lake Hopatcong is partly frozen over, and some of the smaller ponds in this vicinity have ice on them thick enough to allow the boys to slide on it.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

A FICTITIOUS NOBLEMAN

HOODWINKS THE LEADERS OF EXCLUSIVE SOCIETY IN NEWARK.

While Telling of His Noble Relations in England and Ireland, He Manages to Capture Numerous Small Loans from His Many Admirers.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 28.—Newark society is just now bewailing the fact that for several months it has been hoodwinked by an alleged scion of a noble family—John Henry Talbot—but who in reality was an adventurer. Talbot appeared in this city last March and applied to Edward Weston, the electrician, for work, stating that he was in pecuniary circumstances. At that time he claimed to have an acquaintance with the leading families of Newark, with whom he had crossed the ocean several years ago. Mr. Weston provided for him for several weeks, and then secured him a position with the Westinghouse Electric company, at Pittsburg. He remained there until about the last of October, when he returned to Newark, stating that he had lost his position by a change in the management of the company. Mr. Weston still regarded him as a copyist, but was obliged to discharge him on account of laziness.

Talbot then claimed to have obtained employment with the Callender Insulating company, of Harrison. On his second visit to Newark Talbot brought a letter of introduction from Mr. Weston to Superintendent Parker, and another from Col. Sterling to Col. E. H. Wright. Both of the alleged signers of these letters are residents of Plainfield, and were surprised to find their entree into the inner and most exclusive circles of Newark society.

Meanwhile Talbot had been cultivating the acquaintance of the best people in Newark and Plainfield. His representations had been accepted unquestioned, and his reference to his noble relatives in England were implicitly believed. Houses that were hermetically sealed to all but the select few had him for an honored guest, and he received invitations to nearly all the high class entertainments, his family connections fully atoning for his evident lack of means.

A week ago, William Allison, an accomodated Talbot with a room in his house, *and fully believed he was what he represented* himself to be. So well liked was he that the latter unusually busy in getting a party to be given in his honor, and he was always a favored object in the drawing room.

About a week ago, however, strange stories began to circulate about him on account of his having borrowed various small sums of money from his friends in which he moved. These were followed by his identification as Hugh Leslie Courtney by a lady who saw him in a box at a theatre in this city, and who has figured in the unmasking him was then easy, and he was finally identified by Inspector Byrnes, of New York, as a man who has figured in numerous criminal affairs of the country. Talbot first became aware of this latter fact yesterday morning, when he was met by Constable Conway in front of his house. Talbot said that there was no truth in the story, and exhibited a letter purporting to be from *Lady Radcliffe*, who, he claimed, was his sister-in-law, asking him to go to Brooklyn and accompany him to Brooklyn to see certain persons who would vouch for his character.

But on arriving in New York Talbot became confused, and went to Brooklyn alone, and informed Mr. Spieden to that effect, saying that he would meet the latter at the Astor House. Although Mr. Spieden demurred at this proposal, Talbot started down the street at a rapid gait and was soon lost sight of.

Inspector Byrnes, of New York, said last night that he had recognized the man from a photograph which was shown to him by the Newark gentlemen. He is a notorious swindler, the inspector says, who has passed himself off in this country at various times and in various places as Charles Hamilton, Hugh L. Courtenay and Lord Courtenay.

[Talbot is well enough not favorably remembered by Plainfield residents. He owes numerous debts *when he left* for Newark.

Thrown Senseless While Riding

William A. Brock of Mountain avenue was out riding Saturday afternoon behind his lively bay Hambletonian horse. When opposite the residence of Mrs. E. C. Conant on Front street, in Kroma, and going towards Dunellen at a rapid pace, the horse shied toward the sidewalk so suddenly that Mr. Brock was taken completely by surprise. The heavy buck-[illegible] instantly lost, breaking the cross-tree a[illegible]ured trace, wrecking the buggy, and [illegible]ne sudden stoppage, throwing Mr. Brock out head-foremost upon the road with such force as to knock him senseless. He had on a stiff derby hat, the crown of which was cut through by a stone struck against in the fall. The rim of the hat was also badly battered. The hat probably saved his life. As it was, his head was cut and he was badly bruised about the body. The pare [illegible]ed to the scene and picked up the almost [illegible] unconscious, as if mutilated by human stool motionless, as if mutilated by that his master was prostrate at his feet. Mrs. Conant, a colored coachman hurried to the rescue, as did also Mrs. Conant herself, having witnessed the accident, while the coachman held the horse in the house which the perspiration suddenly appeared to a remarkable degree. Mrs. Conant, who had brought with her a bottle of liniment, had it applied to Mr. Brock's head. He soon returned to consciousness and after his conveyance to patched up, was taken to his home by the coachman, who considered it a wonderful escape that Mr. Brock was not trampled to death. It was one chance in a thousand. Mr. Brock was confined to the house yesterday, but will only be temporarily inconvenienced by his injuries.

—The New York papers this morning gave sensational accounts of an alleged scandal involving two of the finest families in Cranford. The Rev. Stephen H. Bookout, a Dutch Reformed New York minister, died Sept. 28th at his Sunnyside home in Cranford and bequeathed his entire estate of $75,000, or $1,000, to Miss Kitty Bookout, daughter of John G. Bookout of Cranford, ignoring his surviving daughter, Carrie H. Bookout. It is said that she was driven by gossip to transfer the property to this daughter, and now is about to institute proceedings for possession. The case will be ventilated in the courts.

—John McDermott, a convict in the State prison serving a term for horse-stealing, was stabbed twice in the breast yesterday by Angelo Jacobs, one of the Italians recently sent from New Brunswick for assault. Jacobs's weapon was a pair of scissors such as the convicts use in the cutting-shop. One stab pierced the flesh near the heart. Neither wound, however, is dangerous. The convicts had been on bad terms.

Cent-a-Word-Column.

APARTMENTS to let corner of Third and New streets. 11-21-tf-s

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 33 Carleton avenue. 11-136,19-tf

DWELLING HOUSE to rent. Twelve minutes walk from Pond Tool works. Suitable for boarding house. Rent moderate. E. C. Mulford, agent. 5-2-tf*

FLAT OR FIVE rooms to let. Enquire at No. 7 West Second street. 11-28-3

FOR SALE CHEAP—Stock and fixtures of grocery store 66 East Front street, and house to let. Also a horse and buggy. 25-3

FOR SALE—Two ponies, young, sound and kind. Address Box 301 Plainfield.

FOR SALE—Chickering piano, fine tone, will be sold cheap. Call 17 Crescent avenue. 28-3

FURNISHED ROOM to let for two gentlemen. 10 North avenue.

FOR SALE at a bargain, a desirable building lot on Eighth street, next Mr. Runkle's fine property. Size of lot 87 1-2 front by about 350 feet deep. Apply to E. C. Mulford, Broker, 35 and 37 opposite station. 11-3 tf*

LOST—On Friday evening in North Plainfield lady's low French kid shoe. Please return to Randolph's shoe store, Front street.

ROSES, fine cut blooms of American Beauty, Bennet, Papa, Gontier, Bride, Catherine Mermet, etc., also Carnations, F. W. Miles, Somerset street, Box 603. 25-6

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply No. 39 Craig place, North Plainfield. 25-3

WANTED—Experienced sales lady in dry goods store. Address Box 886, City. 11-16-tf-s

AT THE

CITY

PHARMACY

21 W. Front street.

May be found careful dispensers, who compound Physicians prescriptions with the utmost care. All prescriptions are checked so that accuracy may be insured. Only the *best grades of preparations are used in our* prescription Department.

The City Pharmacy is now the place to select

Choice Perfumes

and Toilet Requisites. We have Vichy and Carlsbad Sprudel Acid Water in our new latest style siphons.

The City Pharmacy will be open Sunday's for COMPOUNDING DRUGS and the SALE OF MEDICINES

ONLY

Hours 8. a. m. to 1 p. m. and 4 to 9 p. m.

FIELD & RANDOLPH

PROPRIETORS.

Telephone Call 109.

CRUSHED STONE.

500 Tons of a very fine grade of Crushed Stone, second size at

Chase's Cracker,

Johnston's Drive. Will be sold at a very low figure if moved this week. No reasonable offer refused. Address P. O. Box 856.

Crushed Stone,

60, 70 & 80 Cents,

May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

SMITH & ANGELLS

BLACK HOSIERY

GUARANTEED

for Men, Women and Children, will not rub, crock, soil skin or clothing, or turn gray in washing. If not found as represented the money will be refunded.

Sold in Plainfield only by

HOWARD A. POPE.

Y. M. C. A. Course

4th Ragan Lecture

Tuesday, Nov. 29th,

AT STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,

Subject:

Ramblings in Rome.

Tickets at Reynolds' Pharmacy.

READINGS

BY

JESSIE COUTHOUI

MUSIC BY G. CLEFF QUARTETTE

ON

Thursday, Dec. 1st.

at the

M. E. CHURCH.

Tickets all reserved. Price 50c and 75c for sale at Reynolds' and Shaw's drug stores

Walk Around

to

22 W. Fourth street,

to

R. C. FISHER'S,

and examine the LARGEST VARIETY of

Pure Confectionery

SOLD IN TOWN.

MUSIC HALL

Friday Eve., Dec. 2.

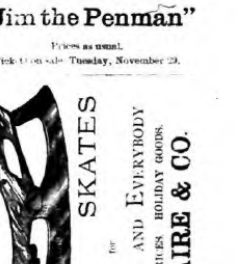
MR. A. M. PALMER

Will present the great success of last season at the Madison Square Theatre, entitled

"Jim the Penman"

Prices as usual.

Tickets on sale Tuesday, November 29.



BOYS, GIRLS AND EVERYBODY

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES

AT

J. P. LAIRE & CO.

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE.

Mr. J. L. Anderson desires a limited number of pupils in singing at her residence, Front street, opposite Plainfield avenue. Having had a thorough training for opera, oratorio or ballad singing, Mrs. Anderson will commit pupils to practice daily at her residence, free of charge. Terms low. Can refer to distinguished professors, both here and in New York. Address, P. O. Box 982.

PRIZE FIGHT.

THREE CORNERED; between

GENERAL N. DEBILITY or everywhere.

OLD DYSPEPSIA of Pietown.

and

NERVE F. TONIC of Plainfield.

BOTTLES in a sitting holder to the contest. 50c of all Druggists and Grocers.

Karl Kaerth, Referee.

Misses' and Children's SPRING HEEL SHOES, all sizes and widths from 5½ to 8½.

Doane & VanArsdale

22 West Front street.

HOLIDAY GOODS

Large, New and choice assortment of Fancy China and Bric-a-Brac, Artistic Glassware, Art Pottery, Elegant Lamps.

GAVETT'S

15 E. Front street.

1y-1-3m

Plainfield Evening News,

T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,

Is published every evening at

No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or by mail prepaid to all subscribers in the United States, $5 per year payable in advance.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1887.

A JUVENILE INCENDIARY.

A Boy with a Mania for Fires is Hanged by a Mob.

MODESTO, Cal., Nov. 28.—A body was found hanging to a tree in Patterson's field, about half a mile north of Oakdale, Saturday. Investigation proved the body to be that of a boy named Frank McCutcheon, aged 10 years, and that he came to his death at the hands of a mob. Oakdale has been visited by a great many fires recently, all of which gave unmistakable evidence of being the work of an incendiary. Friday evening about 8 o'clock young McCutcheon was caught in the act of setting fire to a barn belonging to Mollester & Dunlap, and taken before Justice Wheeler, who held him to answer before the superior court. Excitement was running high in Oakdale, and it was deemed a precautionary measure to move the prisoner immediately to the county jail, and Constable James Sawantel started out at a late hour for this city. At Patterson's field the constable was overpowered by a crowd, who took the culprit out of the officer's charge and hanged him to an oak tree in the field near the road. Deceased was a brother to the boy McCutcheon who was convicted and sentenced to eight years' imprisonment by the superior court of this county, a few months ago, for the murder of his stepbrother Just Christnick, and has borne an unsavory reputation. Before being hanged the boy confessed, acknowledging ten or twelve fires which he had set with in Oakland the been visited within the past two weeks. The discovery of the boy kindling the fire Saturday night caused a halt to the spread of the flames, and incited the populace to the unlawful act they committed. A man named Maignel has been arrested as an accessory.

Killed by a Drunken Husband.

MANCHESTER, Ky., Nov. 28.—A horrible murder occurred Saturday night. Adranken, worthless character, Larry Finn by name, killed his wife with an axe, chopping her head open and cutting the body horribly. He defied the officer who hurried to the scene, summoned by young Finn, 16 years old, who escaped from the house. The child and the boy's mother were driven from the house. The dead was then before he got back with the officer. Long pursuit unsuccessfully ensued. Finn is still at large, although the captain of the company has partially disarmed him, locking him outside, soon had him in irons.

Stanley Suffering from Hunger.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 28.—The latest Congo mail brings a letter stating that at the beginning of August Henry M Stanley was proceeding without the ammunition and stores which were to constitute the Emin Pasha relief expedition. Upon the 7th he had failed to send to Stanley's rear guard at Yambuyo, on the Arruwimi, the 500 carriers and provisions which were the object of Stanley's men who returned to Yambuyo stated that the expedition was undergoing great privations and dropping many men on the road through hunger or disease.

They Met Death Heroically.

MORRISTOWN, Nov. 28.—The children of Mr and Mrs. C. O. White—Lillie, aged 12 Georgiana, 10, and Charles, aged 8—were playing with their sleds on the hill on the west side of Block House Creek Saturday afternoon, and in their sleds on the hill on the west side of Block House Creek Saturday afternoon, and in his excitement to rescue the drowning boy he also went into the water. Their uncle, Lincoln Hoagland, a lad of 17, who was also in the water with them, threw a rope to them. The ladies were rescued after being in the water about an hour.

Trains Delayed by Snow.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28.—No trains from the east have been received here since the Sixth Ex ected some Saturday. The trains due last during the past two days are looked for by no one, for the Reading officials know, and they are not expected here until this day at noon. The storm was very severe in that vicinity, and many freight trains were caught in the drifts and wrecked. The other moderate storm is yesterday.

President Grevy Again.

PARIS, Nov. 28.—M. Grevy yesterday formally informed M. Rouvier of his resolution to resign the presidency, and said that he would send in his message to the national chamber of deputies on Thursday next. M. Rouvier proceeded at once to the room of M. Floquet to announce the resignation of the president. Monsieur Floquet on Thursday will address both houses formally.

Mr. Berry Will Probably Accept.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 28.—Mr. Thomas G. Shearman, a leading member of Plymouth church, has just returned from an audience at Hawarden with the Rev. Charles Berry at Wrexhampton, and thinks Mr. Berry will accept the call to Plymouth church, though he has not definitely announced his decision. Lyman Abbott preached in Plymouth church yesterday morning.

Manager Stetson Robbed.

BOSTON, Nov. 28.—Manager John Stetson, of the Globe theatre, was robbed early yesterday morning of a variety and diamonds, valued at about $2,000, by a thief who selected his apartments in Hayward place, adjoining the theatre. Mrs. Stetson awoke at 4 o'clock and saw a gas jet flaring, but before Mr. Stetson could reach the man he had escaped.

The Philadelphia Pedestrian Sights.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28.—The score at the finish of yesterday's six-day contest was as follows: Littlewood, 509 miles; Albert, 538; Hazlett, 517; Noremac, 511; Eaton, 507. It is said that Littlewood will make a big bid to beat the record, as he took it very easy on the last day, as did all the contestants.

Fixing the Pluralities.

ALBANY, Nov. 28.—Now that the official vote of the kings county is in, the Democratic plurality for secretary of state is their at 36,967, and the vote of all counties for Cook was 469,862; for Grant, 432,895. For comptroller, Wemple (Dem.) had a plurality of 36,496 over the Republican candidate, L'Amoreaux.

He Was His Own Executioner.

CANTON, O., Nov. 28.—Conrad Doll, the murderer of his wife and stepson, and who has been on trial here since Tuesday last, was found dead in his cell yesterday. He had committed suicide by hanging himself, using a rope made of his bed clothes.

A Car Conductor's Fortune.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 28.—Conductor Snider, of the Putnam avenue street car line, has received untold gems that he has been left $60,000 by the death of a relative in Pre-

THE FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

ONLY A WEEK MORE BEFORE IT WILL CONVENE

Gossip as to the Probable Action in Organizing for Business—Those who Are Prominently Mentioned in Connection with the House Offices.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—At 12 o'clock, noon, on next Monday week, the Fiftieth congress will convene. The Democrats who have a majority of ten in the house of representatives, exclusive of the Indiana delegation, which will not be sworn in, will organize. They will have a caucus on Saturday evening for the purpose of nominating a speaker, a clerk, sergeant at arms, postmaster and doorkeeper. It is conceded by all that Mr. John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, will be the nominee of the caucus for speaker, and this his nomination will get be antagonized by any one in the party. John P. Leedom, of Ohio, will without doubt be renominated sergeant at arms, and Lycurgus Dalton, of Indiana, will come to the front for postmaster. No formidable opposition has arisen to the retention of these officers, John B. Clark, of Missouri, will probably be renominated clerk of the house. His renomination has, until within a few days, been conceded on all sides, but a new aspirant for clerkship honors looms up in the person of William G. Rathbone, of Rochester, N. Y. He is the younger brother of George Raines, a New York Democratic state senator, who is a very prominent man in the councils of the party. George Raines died, and his brother both arrived in Washington within a day or two. The older brother is now in the interest of his brother's candidacy. Their friends claim that the entire Democratic delegation to congress from New York, as well as many prominent Democrats from that state, among them ex-Mayor Murphy, of Troy, chairman of the New York state Democratic committee, and Col. Fellows, indorse William G. Raines for the clerkship. The latter gentleman is a friend and his friends with the strength that Raines will develop between now and the meeting of the caucus next week. In fact, they talk confidently of his nomination and election.

There is a sharp contest for the doorkeepership. Samuel Donelson, of Tennessee, is a prominent candidate for the place, backed by a number of candidates, among them Mr. Hurt, of Mississippi and Platt B. Walker, of Minnesota.

The Republicans of the house will cast a complimentary vote for Thomas B. Reed, of Maine, for the speakership, and for the other offices will support the Democratic ticket.

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Murdered on Government Ground.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 28.—Ryan H. Willis son of a well-known man, Fort Hamilton was shot and killed late Saturday night by Private Patrick King, of Company I Fifth United States artillery. The shooting occurred on the government reservation at Fort Hamilton. Willis, King and half a dozen others had been drinking together at a saloon near by. They quarreled, and King went to his quarters. While Private King was getting his gun Willis and one of the men named Monahan, attacked Willis. While they were fighting King came up and shot Willis and inflicted all kinds of the government grounds. All left except Willis, who advanced toward King. The latter fired. The ball entered Willis' left side, passing through his right ward. King went to his captain's quarters, gave himself up and was put under guard. He claims that Willis threatened him with a bowie knife, but no knife can be found, and Willis' friends say he had none. King will be tried in the United States court, as the murder was committed on government ground.

A Large Pittsburg Tannery Burned.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 28.—The large tannery of the Acmetonia Tanning company, at Acmetonia station, on the West Pennsylvania railroad, caught fire at 5 o'clock Saturday morning and burned to the ground, entailing a loss of $100,000, about two-thirds of which is covered by insurance. About 500 finished skins were turned out daily and 100 hands were employed, and the works were among the largest in the country.

THE ELECTION IN ATLANTA.

What Editor Haskell Says of the Defeat of Prohibition.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Mr. Evan P. Howell, the anti-Prohibition editor of The Atlanta Constitution, take occasion as follows to the World to-day regarding the election, in which Prohibition was defeated by a plurality of about 1,000:

The election in Atlanta Saturday was as orderly and peaceable an every election ever held here. There was less bitterness in the last campaign than in the former, two years ago. There was determination on the part of the leaders. The Prohibition law had been tried for two years and it had proved a failure. The Prohibitionists claim that the law will not be tried in fair trial. Constant agitation of prohibition for years has been the only bad result I have noted so far as it affects the city. There were certainly large quantities of liquor brought into the city every day from neighboring cities, and the large majority given for anti-Prohibition was simply a protest against the law, but against the strife and bitterness engendered in the first campaign.

I am certain that the conservative men on both sides will come together and throw around the retail sale of liquor all necessary restraints, and that it will be better for the city. There is a strong feeling that the leading men to settle all further disputes on this line. There is no contest probable. The election was fair. A few wards were reported that many of the voters who had registered could not poll their votes. This resulted from frequent challenging from each side on account of non-payment of taxes. This was done to defeat the current prohibition, and the further fact that a majority was given in every ward in the city and every precinct in the county except one shows that the sentiment expressed by the present law, without regard to class or condition. I have heard no dissatisfaction expressed from any source. There is a feeling of confidence on the part of all I have talked with that the citizens of Atlanta will come together on a proper law that will permit the sale of liquor under proper restrictions, and that harmony will be restored and all pull together to increase the prosperity of Atlanta, as they did before this agitation and the nomination election.

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FIGHTING AT LIMERICK.

AN ATTEMPT TO HONOR THE MANCHESTER VICTIMS.

Meets with a Vigorous Protest from the Police, who are Hooted at and Stoned.

The Military Called Out, but No Work for Them—Other Meetings.

LIMERICK, Nov. 28.—The attempt to hold a demonstration here yesterday in honor of the Manchester martyrs was frustrated by the police, and the result was a bloody riot. Mr. John McInenery, of New York, who came here to preside over the ceremony of unveiling the statues of the martyrs, proceeded together on a motion in the presence of an immense crowd of people, when the police appeared on the scene and forbade further exercises. The crowd hooted and jeered the police, and the latter attempted to disperse the gathering and clear the streets, using bayonets and batons freely. This summary action infuriated the people, who made a desperate resistance, and many civilian constables were injured in the melee and taken to the hospital.

The unreasonable brutality of the police incensed the people in the houses and hotels along the streets, who taunted the constables from the windows with cowardice. The police charged with fixed bayonets, and threw stones and other missiles, many of them throwing their staves at the windows, smashing hundreds of panes of glass and inflicting more cuts upon some persons who were unable to get out of the way.

Meanwhile the resistance of the people in the streets, who fought in the use of stones and every conceivable form of missile, became so formidable that the police were compelled to send for the military to aid them. The troops arrived promptly, were not called into active service, as the municipal officers of the city had succeeded in quieting the people and inducing them to return to their homes. The police charged the crowd at 11 o'clock last night, and no further trouble is expected. Thirty wounded persons were treated in the hospitals, and a larger number by men taken or were able to walk to their homes.

A meeting announced to take place at Mariwood, a suburb, to celebrate the twentieth anniversary of the execution of the Manchester martyrs was proclaimed by the government, but the people assembled at Kilmurray, a place distant, and carried out their intention. A collision with the police resulted and many persons were clubbed.

Twelve thousand persons assembled in Glasnevin cemetery, near Dublin, in honor of the Manchester martyrs. Many also visited the graves of the national agents of the New York women in honor of O'Donnell, the slayer of Informer Carey. Michael Davitt, in a speech, said that the Tory leaders would be voted down next time, and Isairiot. A detachment of police was present.

ALL QUIET IN LONDON.

Only a Few Short Skirmishes Between the Police and People.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Although the general quietude of yesterday was in marked contrast with the disorder of the last few Sundays, there was still enough of the aggressive element among those who spent their time in the vicinity of Trafalgar square to give the police something to do, and to dissipate the confidence of a great many persons who believed that no further trouble was possible. Several skirmishes took place during the day, and in each case the police cleared the square in a remarkably short space of time. Nobody was allowed to loiter, and bodies of mounted police made the circuit of the square in such a way as to let the general order to "keep moving" was obeyed.

The meeting in Hyde park was somewhat smaller in respect of numbers than that of the previous Sunday, but the numerical falling off was compensated by an increase in the variety of factions and "isms" represented, even the Tichborne claimant taking a hand in the processions. At neither Trafalgar square nor Hyde park was there any demonstration suggesting a disposition to start a riot, and on the whole both the people and the police behaved creditably.

The National Needle.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The director of the Mint has handed in his annual report of the operations of the mints and assay offices for the fiscal year 1887. The total value of the gold deposited was $83,416,779, being an excess of $83,810,344 over that of 1886. The total value of the silver deposited and purchased was $48,329,931, being an excess of $10,302,005 over the preceding year. Of gold pieces, 3,724,730, valued at $82,395,279 were coined. Of silver pieces, 44,331,898, valued at $34,990,495, were coined. The bullion of silver dollars made was 33,366,831. The director estimates the stock of gold and silver coin in the United States, Nov. 1, 1887, to have been: Gold, $574,927,873; silver dollars, $277,110,157; subsidiary silver, $75,756,186, making a grand total of $927,796,216.

Lord Dalhousie's Death.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The death of Lord Dalhousie at Hayes within a few days of the demise of his wife has created a tremendous sensation here, and for a time many persons were inclined to the belief that he committed suicide. It has, however, been ascertained by the physicians who were with him and who examined his body after death that the Earl died from apoplexy. He was apparently well when he retired on Thursday night, but was stricken with apoplexy soon after going to bed, and never rallied from the attack. Lord Dalhousie was a staunch Gladstonian, and, next to the death of Lord Wolverton, his taking off is the severest loss the Liberal party has sustained in many years.

Incensed by Miss. Limousin.

PARIS, Nov. 28.—Miss. Limousin and M. Lorentz exhibited models of a safe in Rue Guy Lussac yesterday, where Miss. Limousin had a reception for the entertainment of a number of women who were present. The young men listened to her talk for some time, but became disgusted and incensed at some of her remarks in disparagement of men. Subsequently, they proceeded to smash the glasses, chairs, tables, windows, etc., completely gutting the establishment. The police arrived in time to rescue the women, put them in a cab and started them away, but the students followed the vehicle and, overtaking it, smashed the vehicle and subjected Miss. Limousin to harsh and indecent treatment.

Six Victims of an Incendiary.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 28.—At Wausau the dwelling of Carl Hoskel was burned, and Hoskel and his wife perished in the flames. Mrs. Hoskel escaped, but is insane and will probably die. The dwelling was a wooden structure and was quickly consumed. The victims were evidently asphyxiated before the flames reached them. Hoskel was dragged out of the burning building through a window and died. He had tightly clasped in his arms the inanimate bodies of his two youngest children. The casualty is made doubly horrible by the fact that the building was fired by an incendiary.

ESCAPED ARREST BY MURDER.

The Battle That Beat Officers of the Law in Arkansas.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Nov. 28.—Deputy Marshal Franklin Finley, with a posse, started the river into the Cherokee nation yesterday to arrest a horse thief and whisky peddler named Smith, who, they were told, was at a dance on the Alexander place, about a mile and a half from the river. Finley at the head Cole rode up on one side and Dalton on the other. Seeing a man at the door of the tent, Dalton inquired for Smith, when he stuck out a pistol in his face. Dalton said: "Don't shoot; I want no trouble." But Smith fired, shooting him in the left breast, inflicting a mortal wound.

Dalton said: "I am killed," and fell from his horse with the hammer of his pistol caught at half cock. Cole shot Smith as he turned to run, and the latter, as he came out with a child in her arms, and a man named Dixon followed her. Cole, who had dismounted, stepped back ward, but he saw nothing in the dark. Dixon fell dead and Dixon then fired at him before he could rise, putting a ball through his overcoat, and as he rose shot him through the right breast. Cole tried to shoot him, but the woman caught his Winchester.

He then backed to a tree and ran around it for half a dozen times, while the wife of Dixon was accidentally killed. Two bullets were put through Cole's coat, and the bark was peeled off the tree behind which he was sheltered. Finley was wounded and fell.

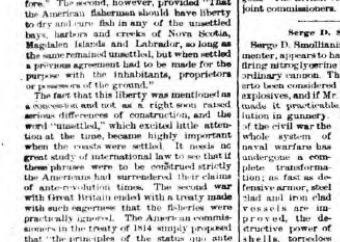
TROUBLE OVER FISH.

HISTORY OF THE COMPLICATION WITH ENGLAND.

All About the Smart Eminent Men of England and the United States Are as Fish Commissioners Now Striving to Unravel—Map of the Disputed Waters.

UST now there is much talk about the fisheries complications between the United States and Great Britain. The English colonists in America brought with them the rights of British subjects, including the unrestricted liberty of fishing on all the coasts without limitation of inshore or homeland fishplaces of drying or curing or taking bait and supplies. These rights they had not only as British subjects, but by discovery occupation and conquest. The revolution ended their rights as British subjects and required them to the claims of international country only. But their fishing rights were continued in the treaty of 1783, with only one important limitation, and that by implication rather than direct statement. Article 3 of the treaty stated (section 1) that the American people should continue to enjoy unmolested the right to fishing in all places where the inhabitants of both countries had been accustomed to fish at any time heretofore. The second, however, provided "That the American fishermen should have liberty to dry and cure fish in any of the unsettled bays, harbors and creeks of Nova Scotia, Magdalen Islands and Labrador, so long as the same remained unsettled, but when settled a previous agreement had to be made for the purpose with the inhabitants, proprietors or possessors of the ground."

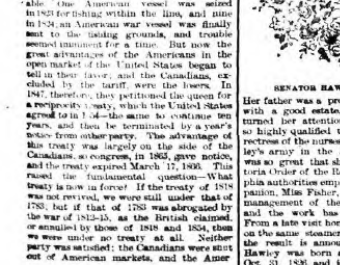
The fact that this liberty was mentioned as a concession and not as a right soon raised serious differences of construction, and the word "unsettled," which excited little attention at the time, became highly important when the coasts were settled. It needs no great study of international law to see that if these phrases were to be confirmed strictly the Americans had surrendered their claims of ante-revolution times. The second war with Great Britain ended with a treaty made with such eagerness that the fisheries were practically ignored. The American commissioners in the treaty of 1814 simply proposed that "the principles of the status quo ante bellum be applied to all the questions of difference." The British commissioners replied, making no allusion to the fisheries. The American agreed to the general treaty, but made a "distinct reservation of American rights" as to the fisheries. Of course fresh disputes arose, and President Monroe appointed Albert Gallatin and Mr. Rush to negotiate a new treaty, now much discussed and known as the treaty of Oct. 20, 1818. The first and second sections made the same provisions as the former treaty as to "unsettled coast, etc.," but in the third and fourth sections



MAP OF DISPUTED WATERS.

What United States pensioners forever any liberty [illegible] to dwell, carry on the fishery on or within three marine miles from any of the bays, creeks or harbors of His Britannic majesty's dominions in America not specified in the above mentioned four provided, however, that American fishermen shall be admitted to enter such bays or harbors for purposes of shelter and repairing damages, of purchasing wood, and obtaining water, and for no other purposes whatever. The Canadians now claim that a three marine line should be drawn from headland to headland, shutting the American vessels out of intervening bays. The reader will see by examining the accompanying map how the interpretation would curtail the rights of American fishermen.

The "limits" mentioned referred to a few specified islands and harbors. It is plain that this treaty left Americans in a much worse position than before, but its essential hardness did not attract much attention at the time, as cod fishing was all the Americans cared much about, and that was necessarily done outside the three mile limits. Soon, however, the mackerel fisheries became all important, and these in shore fishery. In consequence, much the more valuable. One American vessel was seized in 1823 for fishing within the limits, and in 1824 an American war vessel was finally sent to the fishing grounds, and trouble seemed imminent for a time. But now the great advantages of the Americans in the open market of the United States began to tell in their favor, and the Canadians, excluded by the tariff, were the losers. In 1847, therefore, they petitioned the queen for a reciprocity treaty, which the United States agreed to in 1854—the same to continue ten years, and then be determined by a year's notice from either party. The advantage of this treaty was largely on the side of the Canadians, so congress, in 1865, gave notice, and the treaty expired March 17, 1866. This raised the fundamental question—What treaty is now in force? If the treaty of 1818 was not revived, we were still under that of 1783, but if that of 1783 was revived by the war of 1813-15, as the British claimed, or annulled by those of 1818 and 1854, then we were under no treaty at all. Neither party was satisfied; the Canadians were shut out of American markets, and the Amer



FLEET OF FISHING SCHOONERS.

icans had no treaty rights to the fisheries; so, in 1871, the Washington treaty was made, but the same had been completely observed by the greater issues arising out of England's attitude toward the parties in the American civil war. The Johnson-Clarendon treaty of 1869 was hotly rejected by the senate, then followed the noted arbitration proceedings and the decision award of 1877, that Great Britain should pay the United States $15,500,000. In the Washington treaty, however, the American commissioners had incautiously agreed that American fishery rights began in 1818, and that the question of how much she should pay Great Britain for complete concessions should be determined by a reference. Also that duties on Canadian products to the amount of $750,000 per annum should be remitted. The three men to decide this were to be selected, one by the president of the United States, one by the queen, and one by the Austrian ambassador at London, unless England and the United States could agree upon him, which they did not. After many delays the commission met at Halifax in 1877, and made the celebrated Halifax award—that the United States should pay Great Britain, for full fishery rights, the enormous sum of $1,100,000, nearly $5,500,000, over $400 for every American engaged in the fisheries on the coast. Of course the award was not to the liking of Chandler, Mr. Defosse, the American protesting.

The astonishment and indignation of Americans were great, but they paid the money and finally ratified the treaty July 1, 1885. The events of the last year are fresh in the public mind, including the acts of congress authorizing the president to debar our Canadian vessels, the seizure of American vessels by Canadians, the various schemes of retaliation proposed, and finally the appointment of "negotiators"—Hon. Joseph Chamberlain on the part of Great Britain and Messrs Angell and Putnam to assist Secretary Bayard. They cannot be called "commissioners," as congress refused to authorize a commission; but the secretary simply calls them to his assistance as the head of a department may under the law. Sir Charles Tupper, of Canada, and Sir Lionel Sackville West, of England, are to "assist" Mr. Chamberlain, as the American phrase goes. The British view is that the three are joint commissioners.

Serge D. Smollianinoff.

Serge D. Smollianinoff, the Russian expert mentioned, appears to have invented a method of firing nitroglycerine in ordinary shells from ordinary cannon. This achievement has hitherto been considered impossible by experts in explosives, and if Mr. Smollianinoff has really made it practicable, we have another revolution in gunnery. In fact, since the close of the civil war the whole system of naval warfare has undergone a complete transformation; as fast as defensive armor, steel clad and iron clad vessels are improved, the destructive power of shells, torpedoes and shot is improved, till one might say the struggle has practically ended all the mighty energies of earth and sea.

SERGE D. SMOLLIANINOFF.

Mr. Smollianinoff employed two years in making nitroglycerine safe to handle while preserving its explosive powers; he has since experimented with the result that he is able to fire shells loaded with the substance and have them explode or not, as they are ordered. Furnished with his invention, Mr. Smollianinoff sent shells by his new method without once exploding in the gun. Very elaborate tests were made at Newport, R. I., in the presence of a board of officers of the navy. A big gun was used, with the ordinary service charge of powder; the shells without the ignitor were fired against strong masonry, and did not explode. Then the ignitor was attached and exposed at a mile and a half distance to

[illegible] in their work and secured [illegible] large prizes be paid for it, as Mr. Griffith claims. The [illegible] number of Monsieur has published several times in The Ledger, and Mrs. Southworth's "Lights and Shades of the Hidden Hand," has engaged a fine run of popular favor. A specialty of The Ledger stories has always been that they were never published in book form, and that they could not be obtained save in the columns of Mr. Bonner's paper.

Newspaper writers and literary people generally always have more or less trouble in getting pay for their work promptly, the general rule with publishers being with some notable exceptions among them, Mr. Bonner excepted, payment until publication. A well known contributor to the press related his experience with Mr. Bonner to the writer of this article the other day.

"Mr. Bonner is the best jay in the business," he said. "You leave some manuscript with him and go back in a week. Maybe you have left several articles. When you are announced Mr. Bonner appears at a little window. 'Ten dollars for your poem on——' he says. 'That one,' handing another one back, 'I can't use.' Then he hands you the $10 in crisp currency and you go away with me why matter rejected was not available but ten dollars. Then he said:

"'Now, Henry, you think the poem I didn't take as much better than the one I did take. So do I. That is, for me to read. But, you see, you don't understand my people. And they won't understand your poem. Why? Well, there are four words in the third line of the second verse that would be Greek to the average farmer's boy. I want matter that every member of The Ledger can comprehend, and so long as I receive plenty of such matter every week I can't afford to take any other."

In this policy lies the secret of The Ledger's success.

Mr. Bonner is known the world over as a lover of horses. In early life he cared nothing for them. But when his doctor told him he must allow himself some relaxation or lose his health he decided to try driving, and bought a good, fine mannered road horse, Col. Harper, head of the house of Harper & Brothers, gave Mr. Bonner his dust. Then Bonner determined to take the dust of no one and bought fast horses, among them being Dexter, for so many years king of the world's trotters. Among his horses are Barney, record 2:19¼; trial, 2:11½; Edwin Forrest, 2:18¾; trial, 2:11¼; Lucy, 2:19¼; Lady Russell, a sister of Maud S.; Nutbourne, out of the same dam; Day Break, out of the dam of Maud S.; Lizzie, granddaughter of Maud S., the possessor of the 2:08¾ record. She got that, however, after Mr. Bonner had bought her of William H. Vanderbilt on Long Island, in 1884, and after, on Nov. 11, in the same year, she made the mile at Lexington in 2:09 1-4. Her great record was made at Cleveland, July 30, 1885. Mr. Bonner's last catalogue is a list of sixty-one fine horses, and it shows that he has lost none of his interest in the joys of the road and of his stables in New York and on his farm near Tarrytown.

Mr. Bonner is a quiet, unassuming man, but has numbered among his friends most of the eminent men of America who have lived during his time. He is still hale and hearty.

The police of Constantinople are closing all liquor shops kept by Europeans, on the ground that they are demoralizing the Turkish people.

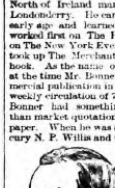
ROBERT BONNER.

THE VETERAN PUBLISHER OF THE NEW YORK LEDGER.

His Retirement from Active Life—How He Began His Career as a Printer, Bought a Commercial Paper, Changed It to a Story Paper and Became Wealthy.

Robert Bonner is no longer editor of The New York Ledger. He has made plenty of money, has warned to the grind of the editor's life, and for purposes to pay attention to his horses, his real estate and certain other little matters in which he is interested. Among other things he says he intends to find out about is the art of being a man of leisure. But he has three sons who will now conduct the paper and he will advise them whenever they want his judgment. And he will retain desk room at The Ledger office. He may not find out much about being a man of leisure under the present arrangement, but he thinks he will, and he is entitled to it if any one is.

Robert Bonner is in his fifty-fifth year. He is a North of Ireland man, and was born near Londonderry. He came to America at an early age and learned the printer's trade, worked first on The Hartford Courant, then on The New York Evening Mercury and then took up The Merchants' Ledger on his own book. As the name of the paper indicates, at the time Mr. Bonner took it it was a commercial publication in the main and it had a weekly circulation of 7,000 or 8,000. But Mr. Bonner had something more enterprising than market quotations in his mind for his paper. When he was a printer on The Mercury N. P. Willis and George P. Morris were

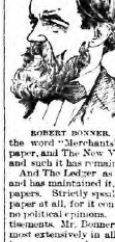


ROBERT BONNER.

its editors, and it may be that it was from them he caught the literary idea. At all events it was a literary paper that he decided to run—a paper, however, that should not be above the reading masses. It was from them that he designed to draw his support. And so in a few years he dropped the word "Merchants" from the title of his paper, and The New York Ledger it became, and such it has remained.

And The Ledger as Mr. Bonner made it, and has maintained it, is unique among newspapers. Strictly speaking it is not a newspaper at all, for it contains no news. It has no political opinions. It contains no advertisements. Mr. Bonner has always advertised most extensively in all sorts of newspapers, but no man can buy a line of space in The Ledger. It is published for the purpose of furnishing fresh, wholesome entertainment, combined with instruction, and not as an advertising medium nor as a political organ. It has been noted by the critical that The Ledger's dialect to-day is as pure as that of the highest standards. This is true, but The Ledger has numbered among its contributors some of the foremost writers of English letters. Lucy Larcom has written for it, but one story for any American publication, and that was "Hunted Down," which ran through three numbers of The Ledger.

Fanny Fern, Hegan Ward, James Parton (Fanny Fern's husband), Edward Everett, William Cullen Bryant, the elder Horace Greeley, Dr. Tyng, Dr. Alden, Hall, Tennyson and many other eminent men and women were, and some of them still are, among The Ledger's contributors. Sylvanus Cobb, Jr., and Mrs. E. D. E. N. Southworth have been among its most



GUSTAVUS ADOLPHUS COLLEGE.

[illegible] patronage. Mrs. Southworth's [illegible] large prizes be paid for it, as Mr. Griffith claims. The [illegible] number of Monsieur has published several times in The Ledger, and Mrs. Southworth's "Lights and Shades of the Hidden Hand," has engaged a fine run of popular favor. A specialty of The Ledger stories has always been that they were never published in book form, and that they could not be obtained save in the columns of Mr. Bonner's paper.

Newspaper writers and literary people generally always have more or less trouble in getting pay for their work promptly, the general rule with publishers being with some notable exceptions among them, Mr. Bonner excepted, payment until publication. A well known contributor to the press related his experience with Mr. Bonner to the writer of this article the other day.

"Mr. Bonner is the best jay in the business," he said. "You leave some manuscript with him and go back in a week. Maybe you have left several articles. When you are announced Mr. Bonner appears at a little window. 'Ten dollars for your poem on——' he says. 'That one,' handing another one back, 'I can't use.' Then he hands you the $10 in crisp currency and you go away with me why matter rejected was not available but ten dollars. Then he said:

"'Now, Henry, you think the poem I didn't take as much better than the one I did take. So do I. That is, for me to read. But, you see, you don't understand my people. And they won't understand your poem. Why? Well, there are four words in the third line of the second verse that would be Greek to the average farmer's boy. I want matter that every member of The Ledger can comprehend, and so long as I receive plenty of such matter every week I can't afford to take any other."

In this policy lies the secret of The Ledger's success.

Mr. Bonner is known the world over as a lover of horses. In early life he cared nothing for them. But when his doctor told him he must allow himself some relaxation or lose his health he decided to try driving, and bought a good, fine mannered road horse, Col. Harper, head of the house of Harper & Brothers, gave Mr. Bonner his dust. Then Bonner determined to take the dust of no one and bought fast horses, among them being Dexter, for so many years king of the world's trotters. Among his horses are Barney, record 2:19¼; trial, 2:11½; Edwin Forrest, 2:18¾; trial, 2:11¼; Lucy, 2:19¼; Lady Russell, a sister of Maud S.; Nutbourne, out of the same dam; Day Break, out of the dam of Maud S.; Lizzie, granddaughter of all, Maud S., the possessor of the 2:08¾ record. She got that, however, after Mr. Bonner had bought her of William H. Vanderbilt on Long Island, in 1884, and after, on Nov. 11, in the same year, she made the mile at Lexington in 2:09 1-4. Her great record was made at Cleveland, July 30, 1885. Mr. Bonner's last catalogue is a list of sixty-one fine horses, and it shows that he has lost none of his interest in the joys of the road and of his stables in New York and on his farm near Tarrytown.

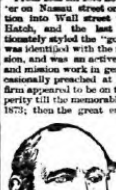
Mr. Bonner is a quiet, unassuming man, but has numbered among his friends most of the eminent men of America who have lived during his time. He is still hale and hearty.

The police of Constantinople are closing all liquor shops kept by Europeans, on the ground that they are demoralizing the Turkish people.

A. S. HATCH.

A Banker, Noted in His Day, Who Has Just Failed.

From 1863 till 1873 no firm was noted better on Nassau street or cast a fairer reflection into Wall street than that of Fisk & Hatch, and the last named was effectionately styled the "good Mr. Hatch," as he was identified with the noted Democratic mission, and was an active supporter of church and mission work in general. Indeed, he occasionally preached at the Tabernacle. The firm appeared to be on the top wave of prosperity till the memorable September days of 1873; then the great crash carried Fisk & Hatch with it. But their record was an honorable one, and creditors dealt leniently with them, so they were soon established again in business. They were extending their connections and all was going on swimmingly when in May, 1884, the noted Grant & Ward bubble burst, bringing failure followed thick and fast. Fisk & Hatch found themselves loaded with unavailable securities, and once more went to the wall. This time the ruin seemed complete, as ugly charges were filed against the firm. But that was a time when Wall street was suspicious, and though the firm was broken up the individual members escaped further annoyance. Mr. Fisk afterward organized the house of Fisk, Hatch & Sons, which is still in business, and the old house became A. S. Hatch & Co. But its strength and glory were gone, and so when it was announced on the Stock Exchange a few days ago that A. S. Hatch had failed there was no excitement. It was the third time and final. The old banker and broker prided drops out of Wall street for good, and like so many before him, the man once so prominent among the wealthy, once president of the Stock Exchange, will live out his days in retirement and soon be forgotten among the devotees of Mammon.

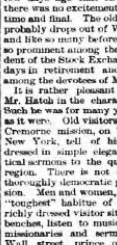


A. S. HATCH.

It is rather pleasant now to contemplate Mr. Hatch in the character of a preacher. Such he was for many years—a lay preacher, as it were. Old visitors to Jerry McAuley's Cremorne mission, on Thirty-second street, New York, tell of his appearance there, dressed in simple elegance, and of his practical sermons to the queer converts of that region. There is not in the world a more thoroughly democratic place than that mission. Men and women, black and white, the "toughest" habitue of the slums and the richly dressed visitor sit side by side on the benches, listen to music produced by lady missionaries and sermons delivered by a Wall street prince or a Baxter street "rough." Mr. Hatch was always heard with deep interest, as his sermons were intensely practical. After him some of the "boys" usually gave their experience, and very suggestive and characteristic they were. Short addresses were racy and full of blunt humor. Many a poor fellow who takes in the Cremorne meetings will be sorry for the misfortune of Mr. Hatch.

Gustavus Adolphus College.

With this is given a cut of the main building of Gustavus Adolphus college, a Scandinavian institution of St. Peter, Minnesota, together with a portrait of the rector of the school, the Rev. Mr. Wahlstrom.



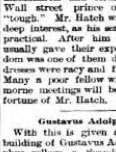
GUSTAVUS ADOLPHUS COLLEGE.

latest science years, first as an academy and later with a more extended curriculum. It is patronized almost exclusively by Scandinavians who have settled in the northwest and the rolls show a goodly array of students of both sexes, as it is run on the co-educational plan. Its faculty is ample and its professors are young men of energy. The college is distinctly religious and Lutheran, and many of its students are fitting themselves for the Gospel ministry. Both the English and the Scandinavian languages are used.

At the recent dedication of certain new buildings of this institution Governor McGill and other Minnesota dignitaries were present and took part in the ceremonies.

Dr. Morell Mackenzie.

There is much indignation in Germany over Dr. Morell Mackenzie, who, through the influence of Queen Victoria, has hitherto had exclusive charge of the crown prince, now slowly dying with cancer of the throat. The German press unites in saying that the English physician's diagnosis of the disease was wrong from the start, and that had some of the renowned specialists of Germany, many possessed been intrusted with the case a cure might have been effected, while this is out of the question now.



DR. MORELL MACKENZIE.

Dr. Morell Mackenzie was born in the year 1837, at Leytonstone, county of Essex, England. He studied in London, and passed a successful examination when he was 22 years old, whereupon he practiced at the London hospitals, attaining the degree of M. A. in 1862. He now devoted himself particularly to the study of diseases of the larynx, and this with such success that in 1865 a treatise on the subject by him received the gold prize of the Royal Surgical society. In order to complete his special studies he went to Paris, then to Vienna, and finally to Buda Pesth, where, under the direction of the famous Czermach, he became a thorough expert with the laryngoscope. Before he had left London he had founded the first clinic for diseases of the throat. On his return to London he also lectured at the London Medical college on laryngology, and wrote various scientific works and essays in medical papers, which soon gained him a famous name and a most remunerative practice.

Manufacturers of fire brick say that the only reliable way to distinguish good clay is by tasting. If it tastes salty, it is genuine fire clay; if flat and dull, it is worthless for fire brick.

WALL PAPERS.

G. F. & C. E. Brown

WALL PAPER.

WINDOW SHADES,

INTERIOR DECORATIONS

21 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

PEARSON & GAYLE,

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 1471.

W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street.

H. E. Gayle, 24 E. 31st Second street.

All Work Promptly Attended to.

CASEY

FURNITURE EXPRESS

LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.

Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.

45 WEST FRONT STREET.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle

28 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper Hangers.

WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

INSURANCE

Wm. A. Woodruff,

Represents the following first-class Insurance companies:

Fire Association of Philadelphia; Liverpool, London and Globe of England; Westchester of New York; Norwich Union of England; North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England; The Queen of England; The Mercantile of New York; Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at best rates.

MONEY TO LOAN

on approved security and has bargains in

REAL ESTATE

Office Berry's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second St.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR

HATS

at

C. B. Crane's

Hat Store,

12 PARK AVE. Next to Walker's Bakery.

PLAINFIELD IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDRY

and

MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April 1866. We are prepared to furnish at short notice, Castings for machinery, bridge building columns, girders, sewer and wa ters, tram cars, furnace pots, stove grates, tailor's slugs, iron railing and various other kinds of castings. Many of the above are carried in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and patterns for work that might be called for. Now machinery built by the day or on contract. Jobbing in machinery repairs, etc.

H. KENYON

Special Notices.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? It is a fact of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balsam were not a genuine remedy. Don't be afraid and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your house. Sold by druggists generally. Large size 50c and $1.00.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS.

Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

DON'T

Do your own dyeing, at home, with Peerless Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere in a package. Try them. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Fastness. Package for 36 cents of Color, or non-fading qualities. They do not crock or stain. For sale by R. J. Shaw druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 2-17-1y

George D. Morrison,

dealer in

FLOUR AND FEED,

NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

Sanderson's

XXXX

BEST FLOUR.

This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

PLAINFIELD DIST. TEL. & F. A. CO.

Messenger Service

B. & O. Telegraph Co

Money Transferred by Telegraph

Par Avenue. W. S. SLITER, Manager.

TRY

B. T. BARNES'

BROADWAY

Molasses Candy.

FLAXSEED and LEMON COUGH DROPS, BOSTON CHIPS ETC.,

We make all our candies. Opposite Post Office.

FIRST-CLASS NICKLE

ALARM CLOCKS

$1.25.

First-Class Nickel Time Clocks, 30 cents.

AT COLLIER'S,

3 PARK AVENUE.

Established 19 years. Repairing on Fine Clocks, Fine Jewelry and silverware a specialty

BUILDER

James H. Pope,

Carpenter & Builder

RESIDENCE, 18 SUMMIT AVENUE,

P. O. Box 980. North Plainfield, N. J.

Repairing attended to. Estimates given on all kinds of work. 28 years experience.

PAINTERS.

Woolston & Buckle

28 NORTH AVENUE.

Painters and Paper Hangers.

WALL PAPERS, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES Brushes, etc.

Window Glass

Paints, White Lead, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes Wall Paper, etc.

E. M. ADAMS,

10 PARK AVENUE

Simerson & Coyne,

have opened a store at

16 East Front St.

where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as first-class

Merchant Tailors,

to examine their fine line of samples, which they make up to order, at prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

PARK HOUSE,

[illegible] newly furnished and renovated, First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. [illegible] Terms reasonable.

EVAN JONES,

PROPRIETOR.

CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

THE STOCK OF

Merino Underwear

for MEN WOMEN and CHILDREN,

in White, Scarlet and Grey.

AT EDSALL'S,

No 20 West Front street.

is the largest and most complete ever offered by this house. We claim to have the best the trade; the best 75c [illegible] the best $1 vest; the best $1.25 and the best 5 Jersey Ribbed Vests The Best 50c Shirts and Drawers.

4	25c
5	35c
6	$1
7	1.50
8	2.00
9	2.50

The last two mentioned are the celebrated "Natura Wool."

You can surely get suited here in this line of goods. Remember, we are now showing the largest assortment of handsome new

CARPETS

ART SQUARES, RUGS, OIL CLOTHS, etc.

over shown in this part of the State and at the Lowest prices.

Educational.

MISS. MEYER

of 60 Pearl street will open a school for fancy and plain crocheting and ladies handiwork, on Oct. 1. All ladies and children desiring to obtain instruction will please call at the above address for terms. Samples of work can be seen at Edsall's on West Front street. 9 13 2m

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,

Teacher of Elocution. Gives lessons either at her own or at pupil's residence. Liberal terms to clubs. Best of references. P. O. Box 1000.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms, address Miss. Alberta F. Q. Box 1000.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Miss Scribner and Miss Newton's, School for Girls on LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington avenue. For particulars address P. O. Box 808, Plainfield.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,

182 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCOS, Etc.

CENTRAL R. R

OF NEW JERSEY.

Stations in New York, foot of [illegible] Time-tables in effect Nov 2 [illegible]

Plainfield and New York Division.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.45, 10.00 a. m., 2.30, 7.30, 8.04 p. m. Sunday 3.27, 8.45, 11.48 a. m., 12.30, 4.30 p. m. Leave New York, Foot of Liberty street, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 3.30, 4.30, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 8.00, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 8.00, 9.00 p. m.

Plainfield and Newark Division.

Leave Plainfield 6.10, 7.14, 8.00, 8.45, 9.30, 10.37, 11.09, 11.47 a. m., 12.33, 1.10, 2.25, 3.27, 4.31, 5.30, 6.10, 6.38, 7.28, 8.08, 9.17, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Sunday 8.57 a. m., 4.30, 6.10, 6.38, 7.28, 8.08, 9.17, 10.30, 11.30 p. m. Leave Newark at 6.01, 7.05, 8.05, 8.45, 9.45, 10.45, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.35, 3.45, 4.45, 5.50, 6.35, 7.10, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 11.05 p. m. Sunday at 8.50 a. m., 5.50, 6.35, 7.10, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 11.05 p. m.

Plainfield and Somerville.

Leave Plainfield at 5.10, 7.14, 8.00, 9.30, 11.09 a. m., 12.33, 2.25, 4.31, 5.30, 6.10, 7.28, 9.17, 10.30 p. m. Sunday at 5.10 a. m., 4.31 p. m. Leave Somerville at 6.00, 8.20, 7.04, 7.35, 8.35, 9.15, 10.18, 11.15 a. m., 12.55, 3.05, 4.00, 5.40, 6.15, 7.00, 8.58, 9.15, m. Sunday at 7.15 a. m. 7.00 p. m.

Westward Connections.

5.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Harrisburg and Intermediate points.

7.14 a. m.—For Flemington, Lambertville, Trenton and Bridge for Philadelphia.

9.30 a. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Driftonia, Shenandoah, Scranton, etc.

11.09 a. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre Scranton.

12.33 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

2.25 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

4.31 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Manch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Driftonia, Shenandoah, Scranton, etc.

5.30, 6.10 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, Schuylkill, Mt. Carmel, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre Scranton.

6.02 p. m.—For Flemington.

6.28 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Manch Chunk, etc.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc.

Leave Plainfield at 9.27, 8.05, 11.08 a. m., 12.33, 3.25, 6.03 p. m. Sunday (except Ocean Grove) 9.27 a. m.

For Perth Amboy 3.27, 8.45, 8.05, 10.08 11.47 a. m., 12.33, 3.51, 5.25 6.05 p. m. Sunday 9.57 a. m.

For Matawan, 3.27, 5.45, 8.05, 11.08 a. m., 12.33 5.25, 6.03 p. m. Sunday 9.57 a. m.

Plainfield & Philadelphia Via Jamesburg.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton at 5.10, 9.05 9.43 11.44 a. m., 2.15, 3.40, 7.00, 7.57 p. m. 5.10 only Sunday at 5.10, 8.9 a. m. 4.54 p. m. 1.28 night

RETURNING

Leave Third and Berks Streets at 8.30, 9.00 a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 6.00 p. m. Sunday 6.00 p. m.

Leave Philadelphia, Kensington and Berks Streets, at 7.20, 8.00, 9.10, 10.10, 11.30 a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.25 Sunday at 7.20, 8.00, 9.10, 10.10, 11.30 a. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked change cars at Bound Brook.

J. E. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Sup't.

INSURANCE.

Isaac Brokaw.

REAL ESTATE

and

Fire Insurance,

182 DUER STREET, NORTH PLAINFIELD

Agent for the following first-class companies: Germania, of New York, Hanover of New York, Jersey City, of Jersey City N. J. Insurance effected on all kinds of property Furniture and dwellings a specialty at lowest rates.

Money to Loan on first mortgages. Bargain in Real Estate. Rents rented and collections made. Prompt returns.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

RUBBER STAMPS.

Orders taken for all kinds of Rubber Stamps,

Rubber Type,

etc for Mercantile and Family use at less than

New York Prices.

Call and see samples and get prices at

ALLEN'S

The Stationer,

28 EAST FRONT STREET.

PICTURE

FRAMES

of all kinds at

S. E. FLOWERS

at New York Prices, Studio 28 West Front street. Stamping for draw ing and oil painting

FURNITURE.

FAIRCHILD'S

Furniture Warerooms

81 EAST FRONT STREET

Parlor and Chamber

FURNITURE.

LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, TABLES AND CHAIRS.

LIGHT AND AIRY.

Conundrum.

Chew, chew, chew,
Oh, gentle, fair friend!
And I would tell the reason could utter
The thoughts that I know in me.
With a pop, pop, pop,
Gently I give it to see we are still,
And oh, the ecstasy of the ravenous mouth,
And oh, my body, soft and sweet!
The will for the joy of mine dreams
At night is my tenderly to grieve,
That between these teeth is my quid of gum.
Dost enjoy the fate of mine face.
The current of my active street,
Bones, [illegible] still cease,
But oh, for the [illegible] of rest
And a moment of [illegible]
—Chicago News.

A Case of Diagnosis.

Noted Physician—No, I was not out long. Just [illegible] to [illegible]
Wife—What was it, dear?
"First, I went to see our old pet German [illegible]
governess, [illegible] the millionaire [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

Established 1884 — PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," TUESDAY NOVEMBER 29, 1887. — Price Two Cents.

FOR PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE BEST STYLE AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES, TELEPHONE CALL NO. 43.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its want column daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of securing all kinds of employment and the best class of help. For Boarding and For Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisement per reader than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand upon its columns daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

—People seek the sunny side of the street to-day.

—A fair will be held at the chapel of the church of the Holy Cross all next week.

—One thousand men and boys wanted at Bell's. See his new advertisement to-day.

—A fair for the benefit of St. Mary's T. A. B. Society is being projected by its members.

—Mrs. Julia E., wife of Sylvester Cuff, colored, was to-day pronounced insane, and was removed to the asylum at Trenton.

—The Y. M. C. A. Seniors are all requested to be present at the meeting this evening at 7:30 o'clock, as a matter of great interest will be presented.

—Mr. Eagan's lecture in the Stillman Music Hall to-night, will be on "Ramblings in Rome." This is the fourth of the Y. M. C. A. Course.

—It is quite the fashion now for the lady to present her fiance with a betrothal ring. The ring just now in favor for this purpose is a gold one with a single stone set flush.

—The Plainfield Cornet Band last night rehearsed the programme to be played at the reception tendered them by the Rahway Cornet Band next Monday evening.

—The Board of Registry in the Fourth Ward whiled away the long and weary hours this morning playing dominoes. But one vote had been registered up to eleven o'clock this morning.

—John J. Kenney, the North avenue shoe dealer, calls the attention of the public to a new ladies' shoe, which he is disposing of at the lowest possible prices. See his advertisement.

—Mr. C. W. McCutchen was the conductor of the Young Men's Christian Association meeting last night. There were over seventy present. The services partook of the nature of thanksgiving and praise.

—Officers and Indian and negro students of the Hampton Normal and Agriculture Institute of Hampton, Va., will take part in interesting exercises in the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church, to-night.

—Men are again wearing rings on the little as well as the third finger of the left hand. Generally speaking, they are heavy bands of gold, with one or three gems set flush. Seal rings are also worn; also the silver ones described.

—The Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Episcopal church will hold a fair and festival in the new Sunday school hall on West Front street, beginning Dec. 6th and ending the 9th. The proceeds will be for the building fund. A loan art exhibition, and old curiosity shop are among the special features announced.

—The practice of ringing the church bells of New Brunswick at 9 o'clock Sunday morning will no longer continue, the trustees of the various churches having decided to abolish the old time practice. It rather looks as though it's only a matter of time when New Brunswick will get rid of its churches altogether.

—The wives of Louis and Horace VanNest are circulating petitions asking the court to be lenient in pronouncing sentence on the fire-bugs. The petitions will be presented in court to-morrow morning. A petition ought to be circulated asking that these two convicts with all the rest of the gang receive the full penalty of the law.

—It will give the public confidence to know that Hon. John W. Murray is taking an active interest to see that Mr. Worsley is handsomely compensated for what he has done. When Mr. Murray takes hold of anything it is usually handsomely done. He says Plainfield at the proper time can't afford to do anything mean in such a matter, and he is right. It won't.

—The Court of Pardons yesterday considered forty-one applications of convicts and granted five pardons, as follows: George R. Lennon of Essex, sentenced in June last for obtaining goods under false pretenses; Charles H. Davis of Monmouth, a convict in 1886 for assault; Dominco C. Vesco of Hudson county, sentenced in 1886 for atrocious assault; William C. Burnett of Passaic, sentenced in 1886 for forgery, and John Reed of Somerset, sentenced in 1886 for assault and battery.

—The Central Railroad Company is buying large tracts of land at Elizabeth, adjacent to the road. It has just purchased Hall & Curtis's extensive coal yard, corner of Jefferson avenue and the railroad. The company is also negotiating for more land between their road and East Grand street. They are rapidly building an immense brick freight house, and it is believed that a new depot is contemplated on the land they have just purchased. It is rumored that a number of buildings will be put up at Elizabeth, which is now the principal headquarters and the seat of their chief repair and machine shops.

—Concerning the late civil war a historian claims that the nation's dead are buried in seventy-three national cemeteries, of which only twelve are in the Northern States. The proportion of deaths from all causes in the troops of each State was as follows: Maine, 1 in 7; New Hampshire, 1 in 7; Vermont, 1 in 6; Massachusetts, 1 in 9; Rhode Island, 1 in 11; Connecticut, 1 in 10; New York, 1 in 12; New Jersey, 1 in 12; Pennsylvania, 1 in 12; Delaware, 1 in 20; Maryland, 1 in 26; Ohio, 1 in 9; Indiana, 1 in 8; Illinois, 1 in 7; Michigan, 1 in 5; Wisconsin, 1 in 7; Minnesota, 1 in 5; Iowa, 1 in 6; Kentucky 6; Kansas, 1 in 5; California, 1 in 20; West Virginia, 1 in 9; Kentucky, 1 in 19; Missouri, 1 in 9.

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES

NOMINATIONS AND WARD ELECTIONS MADE LAST NIGHT.

For City Council: First Ward, Daniel S. Roberts; Second, Chas. B. Corwin; Third, Francis E. Marsh; Fourth, William Addis.

As announced by the call published in THE NEWS, last night was the time designated for the holding of the Plainfield Republican primaries. The meeting in each ward was well attended and was called to order promptly at the advertised time, eight o'clock.

THE FIRST WARD

primary was held in Republican Headquarters on Front street, and was called to order by Joseph B. Coward. Ex-Sheriff Geo. M. Stiles was appointed chairman; J. B. Coward was made secretary; Geo. Phillips and Geo. W. Moore were chosen inspectors of election; and Nicholas Conway was elected clerk of election.

For Councilman Daniel S. Roberts, who received 24 votes, was nominated. James H. Kenyon was given four votes and Hugo Weigmann came last with two.

For delegates to city Republican convention, to be held this evening in Republican Headquarters—J. Fred. MacDonald, Augustus Frazee, Samuel T. Wilbur, Dr. J. B. Probasco, Elias T. Bird, Joseph B. Coward and Robert A. Meeker. The unsuccessful nominees were: Lewis Peterson, Geo. A. Phillips, Wm. Washington, Wm. B. Ayres, Geo. Moore and Nelson Runyon.

For Justices of the Peace Daniel L. Allen and Louis Peterson were nominated.

For Constable John B. Goble received 22 votes, Runyon J. Walker, 6.

Robert Sutphen was elected Judge of the ward election; Geo. W. Moore, Inspector; and Elias Bird, clerk.

On the City Republican Executive Committee Geo. M. Stiles, Dr. Probasco and J. B. Coward were elected over Messrs. Wilbur, Washington and Bird.

On motion the City Executive Committee was empowered to fill vacancies that may occur in the delegation.

Adjourned at 9:30.

THE SECOND WARD

primary was held at the Bryant school building, East Sixth street. Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh called the meeting to order; Geo. H. Goddard was elected Chairman; F. A. Dunham, Secretary and Clerk of election; H. H. Baker, Judge of Election; and J. B. Rogers and Alexander A. Vanderbeek, Inspectors of Election.

On motion of Craig A. Marsh it was decided to forward instructions to the City Republican Executive Committee requiring them hereafter to furnish blank tallies for the nominations of the officers of local primaries.

For Councilman Chas. B. Corwin was nominated by a vote of 27. James L. Anthony received 26 ballots.

For delegates to the City Convention the following were appointed: Chas. G. Crawford, Wm. Sampson, Jesse L. Hurlbut, E. C. Mulford, H. H. Baker, Henry Hanchett, Gershom Frazee, Henry C. Squires and F. O. Herring. The defeated ones were: Wm. H. Brewer, F. A. Dunham, G. D. Hatton, V. W. Lee, Wm. Cowl, M. Goddard, John H. Doane, John Johnston and G. F. Suydam.

For Justice of the Peace Cadwallader Jones received the nomination.

For Constable Chas. W. Dodd was nominated by 19 votes over Wm. R. Mattox's 6.

Other elections were: Judge of Election—F. A. Dunham.

Inspector of Election—John H. Doane.

Clerk of Election—H. A. Thorn.

City Republican Executive Committee—F. A. Dunham, C. M. Goddard, John H. Dunnell.

On motion the delegation was empowered to fill vacancies in their ranks. Mr. Baker protested against this and claimed that it was improper, but Counsellor Marsh showed that it was a custom well established, and the motion was carried.

Adjourned at 9:15.

THE THIRD WARD

primary was held at the Park House. A. Gilbert was elected Chairman; O. B. Leonard Secretary and Clerk of Election; T. O. Randolph, Judge of Election; M. M. Thorn, Inspector of Election.

For Councilman Frank Marsh was nominated.

For Justices of the Peace, J. Oakley Norclyne and T. J. Lyness were nominated.

The delegates elected to the City Republican Convention were: A. Gilbert, E. R. Pope, O. T. Waring, G. W. Rockfellow and J. E. Tracy. John Murray, E. R. Pope, O. T. Waring and W. R. Potts were elected members of the City Republican Executive Committee.

THE FOURTH WARD.

Republican primary held in Laing's Hall were well attended last evening. Joseph B. Miller was chosen as Chairman, and William Addis Secretary.

The election board consisted of Stephen Ryder, Judge, and Thomas Price and Robert Mitchell, Inspectors.

The following persons were then put in nomination:

Councilman—William Addis.

Justices of the Peace—Henry Force and Theodore J. Gillies.

Delegates to the City Convention—Alexander Tunworth, Robert Simpson, W. W. Correll, W. R. Codington, Wallace Vail, F. J. Flanagan, Henry W. Force and Tunis J. Carey.

Members of the City Executive Committee—J. B. Miller, Louis Decamp and Tunis J. Carey.

Constable—F. J. Flanagan.

Judge of Election—Stephen Ryder.

Inspector—*J. B. Martin.*

Clerk—Abram Augleman.

—Foreman James Skelley of the Electric Light Company met with a painful accident yesterday afternoon. He was engaged in putting a converter in the Chautauqua building, when it fell, landing on his left thumb, severely crushing it.

PERSONAL.

Commercial traveler Harry Lewis, of New Brunswick, was in town yesterday.

The Rev. T. Logan Murphy preached to a large audience in St. John's church, Elizabeth, Sunday evening.

Rev. Father O'Reilley of Dunellen, who has been sojourning in Europe for the past couple of months, is expected home in two weeks.

Edward Ryder of Central avenue is making some extensive improvements to his residence. Among other things he is having a large kitchen erected.

Ex-Mayor Rockfellow is now a Republican. He was elected Mayor of Plainfield as a Democrat a few years ago by a large majority, but has become disgusted with the tribe for its subserviency to the saloons.

A Despairing Wife.

A respectable-looking middle-aged woman called on us this morning and handed us the following communication with a request that it be published:

To the EVENING NEWS:—Where are the policemen that liquor can be sold in North Plainfield on Sunday, and men get so drunk as to be unable to walk? Is there no hope for AN AFFLICTED WIFE?

As the woman started to relate her trouble, she could not speak for emotion, the tears suddenly coming into her eyes and blinding her sight. She said her husband had squandered his wages in the saloons Saturday and all day Sunday, and was unable to work Monday from the effects of the spree, while the saloons had all the money his family required for food and clothing. In relating her misery to a neighbor, she was directed to come to THE NEWS' office, in the hope of relief. Yet people will allow such a curse to exist among us. It gave the woman comfort to know that the delinquent officials might be exposed in the columns of her family and other families made unhappy and impoverished by the same cause.

Where the Constables Were.

As a matter of fact the constables were scouring the mountains in search of transgressors of the game-laws. That may have been all right, but they were meanwhile neglecting offenses nearer home.

Marshal Becker and Police-warden Sterling on Sunday arrested Frank Mowrey and Wm. Jennings, two boys, for Sunday gunning. The arrests were made in Warren township. *Mayor Cooley of North Plainfield* fined each of the duck $25 and costs. Both fines were paid, but Mowrey's father protested. The Constables get one half the fines.

List of Advertised Letters

Remaining in Plainfield Post Office for week ending Nov. 25, 1887.

Cowtz, Mrs John	Noian, Geo R
Cowtz, Mrs John	Nelson, J C
Conrad, Miss Katie	Penniman, Edward A
Carpenter, Howard F	Randolph, Edward
Cowtz, Mrs John	Runyon, E C
Donnell, Miss Ellis O	S S S
Dunnell, Miss	Smith, Miss Minnie
Horton, Mrs T R	Taylor, Mrs B R
Homer, G R	Tiedman, Henry
Hatton, Mrs Kate	Tweken, Mrs Louise
Halsey, Miss E D	Velin, Olimpeo
Lukes, Mrs E J	VanArsdale, Miss M
Low, Mr Fred J	Woodward, Luther H
Nedeam, John 68	Williams, Miss Cassie
	Warmser, Mr Ford

Persons calling for above please say advertised. W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

A Borough Wrangle.

The widow of the late Cornelius Boice of North Plainfield yesterday gave permission to a member of Henry Southard's family to hang her washing in the Boice orchard, near The's Lake. Garret Vance, executor of the Cornelius Boice estate, not knowing that the permission had been granted, protested pretty warmly to Mr. Southard, and a fight between the two seemed imminent. Mr. Taynor finally had Mr. Southard arrested for threats, on a complaint issued by Mayor Cooley. Justice Austin dismissed the case.

—The date for the service of song in the Crescent Avenue Presbyterian church has been changed to Sunday evening, Dec. 18th.

—A Frenchman employed by the Rev. Mr. Love became intoxicated yesterday and made himself offensive near Mr. Whitney's store on Front street. Policeman Lynch locked the man up.

—A grand jubilee of the Sons of Temperance was held in Westfield last night. Councilman Marvin M. Dunham and thirteen choristers were among the visitors from the two Odd Fellows in that city.

—Corporation Counsel Marsh scored a victory in the Fourth District Court of New York, yesterday, against his old time opponent, S. C. Illienstern, formerly of this city, and now of New York.

—A number of citizens in the Second Ward, learning of a deal to prevent Councilman Bowers being renominated, talk of running him on an independent ticket. This is the Merry Christmas Bowers. He is one of the kind of men we can't have too many of as officials for the good of the city.

—Rumors that a certain telephone lineman was robbed a fellow-worker and has fled to New York are denied by Mrs. Bowman, who keeps the boarding house where the robbery is alleged to have occurred, and are also denied by the lineman whom it was said had been robbed.

—The ladies of the Church of the Holy Cross will hold their annual parlor sale in the school building adjoining the church, to-morrow afternoon and evening, Nov. 30th, as elsewhere advertised. Various fancy articles appropriate for Christmas gifts, together with refreshments of all kinds—deliciously cooked—will be dispensed by the fair ladies of the fair.

—In all probability the Plainfield "fire bugs" will be brought before the Court this week, will be sentenced to *such punishment* as the Court believes to be just, and will at once enter upon their terms of imprisonment. This is law, order, civilization. In California they do things differently. Last week a boy age 16, was arrested as an incendiary. He confessed to ten or twelve fires, and was taken to jail. Within two days he was found dangling from a tree near the scene of his execrable work.—*Elizabeth Journal.*

Detective vs. "Fire-Bug."

The saloon-organ continues its attack upon *Edwin S. Worsley, as it has hitherto attacked* the others to whom Plainfield is indebted for ridding us of the "fire-bugs."

Its latest attack is in the form of a letter from self-confessed "fire-bug" Jackson, now awaiting sentence, which it publishes to make it appear that Mr. Worsley led the gang into their "trouble." Of course, Mr. Worsley entrapped Jackson and the rest of the gang after they had baffled all the efforts of our police and of detectives and had destroyed hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of Plainfield property years before Mr. Worsley ever heard of Plainfield. Here is Jackson's letter, as published in the saloon-organ yesterday and re-published in the New York papers to-day.

ELIZABETH, Nov. 27—87.

DEAR SIR:—My time is growing short here in Elizabeth, and I think I am bound to write you a few lines in regards of Theodore Van-Nest. I understand that it is or was through his persuasion that I got six years. But thank God that it is not so. I would be only too glad to get on the stand and help to defend him, for of the charge that he is guilty of. I wish it understood by you and any of his friends, and also by his wife, that "Murphy" had ought to be here in jail in Theodore's place. That he, "Murphy," is the man that got us all in this trouble. I feel very sorry for Theodore's wife and little one, because I have a wife and children myself, but I trust in God we will all right in the end.

I hope that you and all of his friends will do all that lies in your power for him, because I know that he is innocent of the charge and I am the man to stand by him whether he goes to Trenton or stays home.

Yours Respectfully,

JOHN M. JACKSON.

Now as to Jackson, aside from this case, see what a villain he is. On August 28th we published the exceedingly pitiful story of Jackson's wife, as given from her own lips to the editor of THE NEWS. In twenty years experience as a journalist we never heard of a more sorrowful one.

Mrs. Jackson had her three or four children about her. She was sick and neat and well-behaved, and though, in extreme poverty, she showed her earnest efforts to make the best of the situation. Her husband, she said, she had tried hard to save long before his arrest. She had fought the saloons to prevent them selling him liquor, and for this had received the greatest of insults, Jackson earned $7.50 per week as a well-driver. Often he spent nearly all this in the saloons, leaving his family to starve, but for the struggles of his delicate wife, who worked as long as she was able, and then, driven to destitution, she was to saw starvation staring her and her little ones in the face, went in debt to buy food and begged the heartless owners not to sell her husband any more liquor, and, when they continued to do so, brought the case to be classified as stated. Yet this man Jackson, who would allow his wife and children to so suffer, this coward and villain of the basest type accepted by the saloon organ as a means to blacken the character of the man who served the people so grandly, and who we hope the people will as grandly reward.

This Jackson was considered so rotten that counsel on neither side would accept his testimony, though the defense may try to delay his being properly punished.

When Mr. Worsley had himself imprisoned with Jackson as a blind, their conversation was taken down by a stenographer, unseen, but by Mr. Worsley's direction. Jackson spoke first, saying, "Be careful 'Murphy,' Theodore Van Nest is trying to get you sworn to and in the possession of the prosecution, to be used as occasion requires, which shows that half the Jackson family has never been told.

Mrs. Jackson has earned the lasting gratitude of the people of Plainfield for the assistance given by her testimony during the trial. She ought to be handsomely rewarded.

Bound Brook's Waterworks.

A stock company has been formed at Bound Brook for the purpose of establishing a pipe line between Buttermilk Falls and that place and supplying pure water. The company will take the name Bound Brook Water Works, and will begin operations as soon as posible, the whole of the capital stock ($25,000) having been paid in.

The stream from which the new company will get its supply has for the past ninety years been utilized as the motive power in running a large flour mill in Middlebrook, the owners of which have raised strong objections to the new water company cutting off the supply of water, as it will necessitate the expense of putting steam in its place. They claim that the law allows them a prior right to the stream, since the business they conduct has for so many years been established and made continuous use of the water coming from Buttermilk Falls, thus giving them a State privilege which no corporation has any right to take away without paying for it.

An Ex-Plainfielder Assaulted.

John Ford, who says he is a laborer, living at Fifty-ninth street and Ninth avenue, New York, rapped on the windows of S. C. Lillenstern's tailor shop at 146 and 148 Bowery, New York, last night, until Mr. Lillenstern came out on the sidewalk. Then Ford seized the tailor by the throat and pushed his watch from his vest pocket. Mr. Lillenstern grappled with Ford and held him until Policeman Porter came along. Ford savagely attacked the officer, and Porter and three other policemen had all they could do to get him to the Mulberry street station house. They clubbed him.

Up to about three years ago Mr. Lillenstern was in business on Front street, Plainfield, at the store now owned by the Schwed Brothers.

A Quadruple Runaway.

A horse belonging to James A. Guttridge, a Scotch Plains butcher, left standing on Park avenue, yesterday afternoon became frightened and ran away.

The animal ran down that thoroughfare at a break-neck speed, and was only caught after it succeeded in making kindling-wood of the wagon to which it was attached. The horse escaped any serious injury. *What remained of the wagon was removed from* Park avenue about six o'clock last evening by Daniel Randolph.

A horse owned by Mr. Rogers of Washington Valley and also owned by Dr. Tunworth were also frightened and ran a short distance. It was Mr. Rogers' horse that ran into Mr. McDonald's coupe.

A coupe belonging to Hugh McDonald was run into, but was not greatly damaged.

LATEST DISPATCHES.

THE NEWS controls the services of the American Press Association and the United Press, and is the only paper published in this section that possesses a Telegraphic News Franchise.

A NEW TRIAL FOR SHARP.

The Boodler May yet Escape Sing Sing.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 29.—The Court of Appeals has just rendered its decision in the Jacob Sharp case. It reverses the decisions of the courts below and orders a new trial.

ELIZABETH, Nov. 27—87.

DEAR SIR:—My time is growing short here in Elizabeth, and I think I am bound to write you a few lines in regards of Theodore VanNest. I understand that it is or was through his persuasion that I got six years. But thank God that it is not so. I would be only too glad to get on the stand and help to defend him, for of the charge that he is guilty of. I wish it understood by you and any of his friends, and also by his wife, that "Murphy" had ought to be here in jail in Theodore's place. That he, "Murphy," is the man that got us all in this trouble. I feel very sorry for Theodore's wife and little one, because I have a wife and children myself, but I trust in God we will all right in the end.

I hope that you and all of his friends will do all that lies in your power for him, because I know that he is innocent of the charge and I am the man to stand by him whether he goes to Trenton or stays home.

Yours Respectfully,

JOHN M. JACKSON.

Prizes Won at the Fair.

At the Women's Relief Corps prize bazaar chance No. 15 drew the year's sail subscription to the Constitutionalist, Mrs. W. R. Mattox being the holder.

Chance ticket No. 5 drew the hat. Mrs. E. C. Morse was the winner.

No. 12, course ticket, took the individual salt and pepper castor.

No. 147, course ticket, won the napkin ring.

No. 11, chance ticket, held by Mr. Thorn, wins the crazy-work sofa pillow, which may be secured at 12 North avenue.

No. 39, chance ticket, takes the lamp. The holder is requested to call for it at No. 12 North avenue.

The Republican Councilmanic Nominees.

Daniel S. Roberts, nominated last night for Councilman from the First Ward, sends us word that he declines the nomination.

Charles B. Corwin, who was nominated by the Second Ward Republicans last night is an anti-license man.

William Addis, the Fourth Ward nominee for Councilman, is a license man.

The license people counted on Mr. Roberts, but he declined to be considered a candidate. Mr. Francis E. Marsh, who was nominated by the Second Ward Republicans last night is an anti-license man.

Frank E. Marsh, renominated from the Third Ward, is an anti-license man.

William Addis, the Fourth Ward nominee for Councilman, is a license man.

The license people counted on Mr. Roberts, but he declined to be considered a candidate.

Charles B. Corwin

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E. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,

is published every afternoon

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And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or by mail postage prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $6 per year payable in advance.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1887.

"AWFUL ENOCH, THE FLY CROOK,"

Flits a Vicious Young Jerseyite with Thoughts of Murder.

MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., Nov. 29.—A youthful desperado of 13 years named Elmer Middleton, created a sensation of a very decided sort at the public school at Masonville, a small post village along the line of the railroad, a day or two since.

He had been in the habit of reading all sorts of trashy bowsknife literature, to the neglect of his studies, and consequently was not looked upon with favor by the teacher, Miss Evelyn Randall, who found him a difficult subject to manage. Whenever any of the school-children offended, he would lie in wait for them along the roadside and pelt them with eggs that were in their clothes. A week ago he threw a cat at the preacher.

On Friday young Middleton, while sitting in the schoolroom, was found poring over a volume entitled, "Awful Enoch, the Fly Crook." This was confiscated, whereupon he acted in so contumacious a manner that the teacher was obliged to expel him. In a half hour he came back to the school armed with a loaded shotgun, which he aimed at Miss Randall, at the same time remarking, "Hold up your hands or I'll let daylight through you!"

A scene of confusion at once occurred. Some of the children screamed, others jumped out of the windows, while others tried to get down the cellar. The young ruffian was master of the situation, and there is no knowing what he would have done had not a passing laborer seized him and taken the gun away. It is likely that he will be sent to the reform school at Jamesburg.

Going Back to Work.

BUFFALO, Nov. 29.—After remaining out for four weeks, the striking and locked-out ship carpenters, calkers, and shed workers went back. A conference between the interested parties was held, and it was agreed that none of the men are to be discharged, and they will not be compelled to sign the agreement which paved the trouble. The six months' agreement no longer goes into force, will be kept at work. The Union Dry Dock company estimate the loss of wages to the men since the strike began at $50,000.

Death of Dr. Livingston Janeway.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Dr. Thomas Livingston Janeway, of New Brunswick, N. J., died at Roslyn, L. I., of Bright's disease. The deceased was a graduate of Rutgers college and the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons, from which latter institution he received his degree during the [illegible] He was president [illegible] and was president of the State Medical society of New Jersey in [illegible]. He was 56 years of age and unmarried.

Omaha Wants It Also.

OMAHA, Nov. 29.—The people of this city have caught the infection of the $10,000 affair in Indianapolis by the exposures of the next Republican national convention if held in Omaha. A committee of fifteen, including the governor of the state, leaves Omaha Dec. 1 per Washington to present Omaha's claim for the convention.

Funeral of Capt. Bradford.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 29.—Twenty thousand people viewed the remains of Capt. Mike Bradford, the champion oarsman, at the late residence, John O'Neil, on Grant street, Sunday. His brothers, Edward and James, brought the body from Philadelphia on Saturday at 2:30 o'clock. Soldiers' guards were stationed at each end of the house, after which the body was laid in state. Rev. Dr. Lewis Quayle's sermon at the residence was reported during the ceremony. Next to none but the only one of the boys remaining in the life-saving service, says in effect that [illegible] as usual next summer.

Under Falling Rocks.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Nov. 29.—Patrick Kinehan and Larry Culpin, miners employed at the Sugar Notch mines of the Hoyer-over Coal company, were caught in a heavy fall of rock and coal yesterday, and crushed to death. Their mutilated bodies were recovered.

The International Baseball League.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—President Collins, of the international baseball league, has called a meeting for Dec. 1, in the Fifth Avenue hotel. The admission of several new clubs to the league will be considered.

Weather Indications.

For Wednesday, in New Jersey, eastern New York and southern New England and in New England, fair to clear weather, with northwesterly winds, also nearly stationary, followed by rising temperature.

THE BULLETIN OF COMMERCE.

New York Money and Produce Market Quotations.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Money closed at 2 per cent. Sterling exchange unchanged, quiet and easy. Exchange closed steady, posted rates, $4.84½ for sixty days and $4.87½@4.87¾ for sight. Commercial bills closed steady, currency 60 days bid at 4.83½, currency sight bid at 4.86½, cotton bills 4.83½@4.83¾.

The stock market this morning was active, but was mainly in the cutting of rates by the Grand Trunk. Louisville and Nashville, Missouri Pacific, Kansas and Texas was pressed for sale on a rumor that it would pass the payment of no rent on the lease of the Memphis and Charleston. Afterwards a rumor was promptly denied, the stock fell over several points. Reading, Richmond and Tennessee and Coal were also pressed for sale. The market declines ranging from ½ to 1 per cent. Northwest was slightly injured. While working about the fire, Hugh Brackett, a fireman, fell from a two-story building and was severely hurt. The building was owned by Henry Hess, on which he has $5,000 and the surance $4,000; Guckert & Cole's loss is $15,000, and their insurance amounts to $10,000.

The Atlanta Election.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 29.—The Prohibition party yesterday nodified Ordinary Calhoun and Chief Jones to order the count of the election of the 26th. They have three days in which to file a bill, and until it is decided whether or not an injunction will be made the ordinary cannot announce the vote as official. The vote as reported from the different precincts figures up 1,142 majority for Gov. Alfred H. Colquitt. It is generally conceded that the Prohibitionists will not contest, as the frauds were of such a character that they would be very difficult to prove, even if true.

Governor G. Blaine's Return.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—Mr. James G. Blaine is expected to reach this city on his return to the United States on the arrival of the steamer Gaelic from Japan. Five days after his arrival in San Francisco the National Republican convention will be held. Mr. Blaine will remain in California until the nomination has been made. Nebraska, Missouri, Kentucky, Ohio and New York will be visited by him en route to his home in Augusta, Me.

Readings by Distinguished Authors.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—The first of a two days' series of readings from their own works was given at Chickering hall yesterday by James Russell Lowell, Mark Twain, Edward Eggleston, R. H. Stoddard, H. C. Bunner, James Whitcomb Riley and George W. Cable, to raise money to aid in securing an international copyright law. There was a large and fashionable audience present, and the authors received generous tributes of applause.

THE FLAG OF LIBERTY.

A TRIBE OF INDIANS TRANSFERRED TO ALASKA.

Farewell to Canada—Missionary Duncan's Description of the Removal—Floating the Stars and Stripes—A Remarkable Scene—their Enemies' Tactics.

BOSTON, Nov. 29.—A letter received by a clergyman in this city from William Duncan, the missionary, whose persecution and that of his followers in British Columbia a few months ago created such an excitement, gives an account of the transfer of the whole Indian colony to the new settlement, New Metlakahtla, in Alaska, under the American flag. The flag was hoisted on the arrival of the American origin, of the failure of this bold attempt, but Mr. Duncan says that he has succeeded in transferring by canoes and other vessels to Alaska, all of the 800 followers from British Columbia to the United States territory. He says:

"I landed here on Aug. 7 and found about forty of our people awaiting my arrival. A goodly number of fellow passengers from the steamer landed with me, and we had a very solemn religious service on the shore. The Hon. Mr. Dawson, commissioner of education at Washington, and the Rev. Dr. Fraser, of California, addressed the people. Then we were raised with all due honors. On Aug. 16 a fleet of fifty canoes of our people arrived and gave me a very hearty greeting. As soon as their canoes were hauled up and they had taken some refreshment we met together for worship on the beach. The concluding prayer by a native showed by the fervency how intensely they realized the importance of that hour and the magnitude of the work they had undertaken. Their long looked for arrival in their new home. The first steamer arrived from Metlakahtla with twenty-eight canoes and boats in tow. From the deck of the steamer flag staff floated their effects began. First after first of canoes braved the stormy sea, and, though several times in great peril, I am thankful to say that upward of 800 of the people have got safely over, with most of their personal belongings. The weather is now so very stormy that we have to stay operations on the sea for a while.

"Our location is in many respects very suitable for an Indian town, but we shall have heavy work clearing away the forest. At present we have occupied the fringe of the heavily timbered shore, and our huts, nestling among the big trees, are extended for fully a mile. The people are already fairly sheltered for the winter. Our first work of a permanent kind was to put up our steam sawmill, and I am thankful to say it is delivered up and at work. We have now a large building going up as the weather permits us, 100 by 50 feet, which is a part of the saloon machinery. A slope to build, but in the meantime we have a shed for church and school. I have already got plans out and workmen ready for building a large guest house, for the numerous strangers from the interior will present themselves.

"I must not omit to mention briefly what our enemies are doing. The governments of British Columbia and Canada and the ecclesiastical power which rules there are greatly incensed at our action. Everything is being done that malice can invent to annoy and impoverish us. Our church village hall, cannery, sawmill, store and workshops are all seized. More than that, they have taken from us over 80,000 feet of lumber, which we had sawed for the church. The poor people are subjected to such annoyance that they almost fear to go for their personal property, for while men have been sent to the old village under the strong arm against our people if we attempt to bring away the buildings I have named. Nothing, save the power of God in the arm of our enemies is better than to see the people driven to desperation and commit some breach of the peace, that thereby the law (so called) might be invoked to punish them, but I am happy to say that thus far they have nobly restrained themselves under great provocation, and are even cheerful under their hardships and heavy loss. For some time to come our struggle with adversity will be great, having all our public buildings to rebuild, as well as home-townships in a forest."

JUMPED FROM A BURNING BUILDING.

John Dedig Receives Injuries that will Lead to His Death.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 29.—Fire broke out in the oakum shop of Hussey & Co., Sheridan and Cherry alleys, yesterday afternoon and entirely destroyed the building and contents. The shop was a four story brick structure, and filled with inflammable materials. The fire started in the shaving pit, situated in the cellar, and, running up the shaving chute and the stair well, was carried to every floor of the building in a few minutes. Sixty men were employed in the building. Four of them were cut off from the stairway by the flames, lost their presence of mind, and jumped from the windows of the top floor to the street. John Dedig had both thighs and his jaw broken, and will die. Louis Targ and William Stump caught Delphous' arms as they fell, and escaped with ugly bruises. John Devine jumped to a ladder the firemen were raising and was slightly injured. While working about the fire, Hugh Brackett, a fireman, fell from a two-story building and was severely hurt. The building was owned by Henry Hess, on which he has $5,000 and the surance $4,000; Guckert & Cole's loss is $15,000, and their insurance amounts to $10,000.

The Atlanta Election.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 29.—The Prohibition party yesterday notified Ordinary Calhoun and Chief Jones to order the count of the election of the 26th. They have three days in which to file a bill, and until it is decided whether or not an injunction will be made the ordinary cannot announce the vote as official. The vote as reported from the different precincts figures up 1,142 majority for Gov. Alfred H. Colquitt. It is generally conceded that the Prohibitionists will not contest, as the frauds were of such a character that they would be very difficult to prove, even if true.

Booth and Barrett in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 29.—Edwin Booth and Lawrence Barrett began a two weeks' engagement at the Chestnut Street opera house last evening, before one of the largest and most fashionable audiences of the season. "Julius Cæsar" was presented, with Booth as Brutus, Barrett as Cassius, and Cassius. Upon their appearance in the first act the two tragedians received an ovation, the applause continuing for some minutes. Both actors are favorites in this city.

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SOURNING FOR THE ANARCHISTS.

Editor Sheridan's Kindred but Graceful Harangue to his Fore Assistants.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Cooper Union was packed last night with people who sympathized in the fullest extent with the executed Chicago Anarchists. The meeting was called by the German Trades Federation (not the American Federation of Trades Unions), and the hall and the speakers were received by most of the women present, and red neckties and hat bands by the men. There was a red flag over the stage, and part of the portraits of the dead Anarchists were draped with black. Many police were present, but found no work to do.

Editor Sheridan was the principal speaker. He declared that the real foreign class in this country—the class foreign to the interests of the people—was the Goulds, Vanderbilts and Sages. The Jay Gould born were not necessarily foreigners to free institutions, but the Jay-Gouldistic class referred to was. The cry of the rich for law and order was a cry for protection to their ill-gotten gains. The hanging of Chicago was meant to intimidate those who dared to think of political reform. If the red flag, steeped in the blood of martyrs to liberty, was dangerous to law and order, it was because law and order no longer represented liberty. The speaker said all over the land people were up and they had taken some refreshment we met together for worship on the beach. The concluding prayer by a native showed by the fervency how intensely they realized the importance of that hour and the magnitude of the work they had undertaken. Their long looked for arrival in their new home. The first steamer arrived from Metlakahtla with twenty-eight canoes and boats in tow. From the deck of the steamer flag staff floated their effects began. First after first of canoes braved the stormy sea, and, though several times in great peril, I am thankful to say that upward of 800 of the people have got safely over, with most of their personal belongings. The weather is now so very stormy that we have to stay operations on the sea for a while.

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THE DARLING LIFE SAVERS.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT.

The Record of a Year in the Work of Rescuing the Unfortunates Threatened with Death by Shipwreck—A Remarkably Gratifying Showing.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The annual report of General Superintendent Kimball, of the life saving service, shows that the establishment embraced at the close of the last fiscal year 218 stations, as follows: 106 on the Atlantic, 44 on the lakes, 7 on the Pacific and 61 on the falls of the Ohio, Louisville, Ky.

The number of disasters reported within the field of station operations during the year was 324. On board these vessels were 4,327 persons. Of these 4,272 were saved and 55 lost. The value of the vessels involved in the disasters is estimated at $6,380,070, and that of the cargoes at $2,288,775, making the total value of property $7,055,700, of which $5,788,820 was saved and $1,289,880 lost. The number of vessels total loss was 74. Besides the foregoing there were during the year 155 casualties to smaller craft, such as sailboats, rowboats, etc., on which there were 274 persons, 271 of whom were saved and 3 lost. The property involved in these instances is estimated at $66,880, of which $62,915 was saved and $3,915 lost.

In addition to persons saved from vessels there were 23 others rescued, who had fallen from wharves, piers, etc., and who would have perished without the aid of the life saving crews.

In rendering assistance in saving vessels and cargoes more work was accomplished than in any previous year, except the one immediately preceding, 693 vessels having been floated off when stranded, repaired when damaged, and kept out of dangerous positions and similarly assisted by the station crews. There were besides 210 instances where vessels running into danger of stranding were warned off by the signals of the crews, most of them thus being probably saved from partial or total destruction.

In every case of loss of life investigations were made, which showed that there was no failure in duty on the part of the station force engaged. The successful sacrifice during the year of eight members of life saving crews and of one shipwreck expectant volunteer in the effort to rescue. The report gives full and specific accounts of all the disasters connected with the loss of these persons.

An unusual number of snow storms and the prevalence of fogs made the operations of the service during the year unusually difficult and dangerous; but, nevertheless, the station crews succeeded in saving a much greater number of lives and a larger amount of property than ever before, in some instances performing feats of unparalleled enterprise and daring. On one occasion a lifeboat crew went 100 miles to a wreck, and brought ashore 24 persons, the crews of two vessels. On several occasions the station men went [illegible]

The following table gives a summary of the statistics of the service from the introduction of the present system, in 1871, to the close of the fiscal year:

Numbers of disasters	2,300
Number of persons involved	24,566
Number of persons saved	24,366
Number of persons lost	200
Value of vessels	$41,000,000
Value of cargo	16,659,759
Value of property involved	25,540,779
Value of property saved	24,350,666
Value of property lost	1,190,179

The loss of life, as stated above, includes 181 persons lost at the wrecks of the steamers Huron and Metropolis, and also 14 other persons, mainly the crew of the Huron, who perished, for reasons given in the report, leaving the total number of lives lost during the sixteen years of the existence of the system only 337 out of over 35,000 involved.

Testifying for Most.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—In the Most trial yesterday afternoon Gu tav Stephen and Gustave Rotzwig testified that they heard Most's speech, and that it did not contain the incendiary language alleged. Rosenzweig said he did not know whether he was an Anarchist or not, and did not exactly know what anarchy was, though he had been studying the subject eight years. He testified that Dreyfus, not Most, had the violent language to Most, left the hall fifteen minutes before Most finished his speech. Herr Most will be put on the stand today to wind up the testimony. Judge Cowing, who presides at this trial, received an anonymous letter yesterday threatening him with death if he charged the jury against Most. The judge will pay no attention to the letter, which he says is doubtless the work of some cowardly crank.

Officials Behind the Bars.

OMAHA, Nov. 29.—A. J. Sawyer, mayor of the city of Lincoln, and the seven members of the city council, elected were locked up at the county jail here yesterday afternoon to serve sentences imposed by Judge Brewer, of the United States circuit court, for contempt in violating an injunction. The council claim that Judge Brewer had no jurisdiction in the case, and the matter will be carried to the supreme court. Hon. G. M. Lambertson, their attorney, left last night for Washington to secure a writ of habeas corpus and thus test the matter.

They Declare They Will Parade.

QUINCY, Nov. 29.—Ten men in every indication that to-night will witness a scene of terrible bloodshed here. Armed mobs parade the street nightly in expectation of the Salvation Army parading, while the army has only remained in since Saturday in consequence of earnest entreaties of its friends and of Mayor Langelier and the police board, who state that they have not the means of protecting them against such a mob, and that if they parade it must be at their peril. The Salvationists declare that they will parade, regardless of consequences.

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EXPLOSION OF A HOTEL BOILER.

One Person Killed and a Number Severely Injured—Building Wrecked.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 29.—Yesterday morning a boiler used for heating under the floor at the Kirby house and a terrifying accident was the result. As a result of the explosion the central portion of the building was entirely wrecked, one person was killed, and a number of people badly burned. It was thought at the time that the number of dead would be something fearful. The section of the rear wall which fell on the thirty feet wide and extended from the ground to the fourth story.

In the dining room there was wild commotion. Most of the guests had finished breakfast, but among the few who were still at their meals there was a wild tumult and loud cries for help. On the lower floor, none of the guests were hurt. In the kitchen were wreck and desolation. Over a dozen girls were in the room at the time, and almost buried under the mass of tumbling walls.

The fire department was on hand at once, and had their best to allay the excitement and look out for the unfortunates. The following girls were taken out of the ruins badly injured: Anna Kennedy, Carry Olson, Julia Field, Mary Meyer, Nora Dougherty, Addie Buckle, Maggie Doran, Alice Burke, Mary Kroeger, Mary Leahy and Eva Frederickson.

At 11 o'clock the firemen found the dead body of Mrs. F. M. Gage, the assistant cook, under the ruins. It was shockingly mangled.

Frank Rempel, the head cook, who was missing at first, has since been found alive, but is badly hurt. One arm and three ribs are broken, and he is badly injured about the head.

THE PRESIDENT OF FRANCE.

An Insurrection Feared Should Ferry or Clemenceau be Chosen.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—The Communists and Socialists are out like. The meetings which are held every night show a vast increase in strength. A feeling of uneasiness prevails throughout the capital, and the more conservative people are getting thoroughly scared. Should either M. de Freycinet or M. Ferry be elected to succeed M. Grevy as president, it is feared by many that there will be trouble. M. Devouisle, who has resumed the leading role in the Patriotic League, even go-s so far as to threaten to overthrow the republican military society if ex-Premier Ferry, the man who showed the white feather in the Boulanger affair, is chosen. Of all the candidates for the Tonquin disasters, is elected president of the republic. Otherwise the situation remains ale at the same. M. Grevy's message of inauguration will be read by Premier Rouvier on Thursday to the senate and to the chamber of deputies, which were yesterday adjourned until that date. On Friday both chambers assemble and M. Grevy formally so-ks

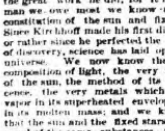
THE SPECTROSCOPE.

AND HOW IT WAS UTILIZED BY GUSTAV ROBERT KIRCHHOFF.

The Wonderful Instrument by Which We Are Able to Determine the Component Parts of the Sun and the Stars—Fraunhofer's Lines Popularly Explained.

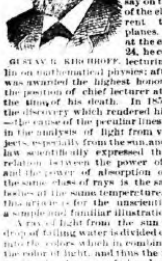
The announcement of the death of the renowned savant, Gustav Robert Kirchhoff, at Berlin, brings to the mind of all lovers of knowledge a realizing sense of the great work he did; for it is to this man we owe most we know about the constitution of the sun and fixed stars. Since Kirchhoff made his first discoveries, or rather since he perfected the processes of discovery, science has laid open a new universe. We now know the ultimate composition of light, the very substance of the sun, the method of its incandescence, the very metals which float as vapor in its superheated envelope or boil in its molten mass; and we know, too, that the sun and the fixed stars are composed of the same substances, though in varying proportions, as those which form our earth—iron, nickel and cobalt, lithia and calcium, oxygen and hydrogen.

Kirchhoff was born at Konigsberg, March 12, 1824, and from his earliest youth was an enthusiastic devotee of science. Experiments in electricity, made before he reached manhood, resulted in some discoveries which established his fame. In 1845, to publish an essay on the passage of the electric current through planes. In 1848, at the early age of 24, he commenced



GUSTAV R. KIRCHHOFF, lecturing in Berlin on mathematical physics; afterward he was appointed the highest honor, holding the position of chief lecturer at Berlin at the time of his death. In 1859 he made the discovery which rendered him famous—the fixed dark lines traversing that show in the analysis of light from various objects, especially from the sun and the great stars, are of definite position and number. The relation between the power of emission and the power of absorption of one and the same class of rays is the same for all bodies of the same temperature." But as this article is for the unscientific, we use a simple and familiar illustration.

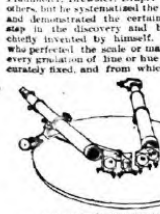
Ray of light from the sun entering a deep of falling water is divided or resolved into the colors which in combination form the color of light, and thus the rainbow is produced. Each of these colors has the same power of absorbing the sun's rays. But early experiments showed that the light from different incandescent substances did not show the same division. Thus if a ray of light from a lamp burning in alcohol and common salt be admitted into a dark chamber through a narrow aperture, divided as above and thrown upon a screen, the spectrum shows only two yellow bands, all the other rays ob-



SPECTRA ACCORDING TO KIRCHHOFF AND BUNSEN.

scurable from sunlight being absent. Burning platinum casts nearly the same spectrum as the sun, while sodium, lithium and potassium show colored bands separated by blank spaces. It is plain that such knowledge needed only to be systematized to enable the scientist to determine the substances in any burning object and early in this century Fraunhofer perfected a spectroscope by which he separated a ray from the sun so that he mapped upon the screen 576 clearly distinct lines. This was regarded as such a marvelous achievement that these have since been known among scientists as "Fraunhofer's lines." Subsequent experiments have greatly improved upon his methods by what is called a collimating telescope and with this Kirchhoff succeeded in dividing a sun ray till it showed over 4,000 lines.

In 1855 Tyndall used prisms of rock salt and other improved appliances, and proved for the first time that the heat of the sun's "invisible rays of the sun far exceed the visible in number," but in 1859 Kirchhoff had made the most important discoveries, enabling scientists hereafter to analyze the substance of the sun at their leisure. Dark bars of various length were also observed across the fine lines of the spectrum, and it was shown that the same substance at the same heat, or casting a ray of light, produced the same bars at the same points in the spectrum. The demonstration was complete. Spectrum analysis took its place as a recognized branch of science. To speak of Kirchhoff as the inventor would be unjust to Herschel, Fraunhofer, Brewster, Draper and many others, but he systematized the knowledge and demonstrated the certainty of each step in the discovery and by methods chiefly invented by himself. He it was who perfected the scale or map on which every ray, dark line or line can be accurately fixed, and from which it can be



KIRCHHOFF'S SPECTROSCOPE.

referred with certainty to its source in the substance of the flame from which the ray proceeds. Following is a table of the substances and their relative amount found floating in the luminous atmosphere of the sun by Kirchhoff

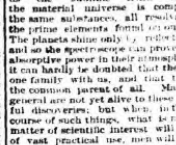
Hydrogen	4	Manganese	37
Sodium	18	Cyanogen	13
Barium	11	Cobalt	19
Calcium	75	Nickel	9
Magnesium	5	Zinc	1
Aluminium	2	Copper	1
Iron	460	Lithium	300

Spectroscopic analysis has also shown that the fixed stars are like the sun in general constitution; but important specific differences are found, especially between those which shine with white and those with red light. Aldebaran, for instance, contains hydrogen, sodium, magnesium, tellurium, calcium, bismuth, antimony and mercury; but in Betelgeuse hydrogen is wanting. Comets show different elements, or in very different proportions, in the nucleus and tail. The stars have been divided into four great classes, corresponding to these minor variations of their substance; but enough is proved to impress upon us the sublime truth that all the material universe is composed of the same elements, all resolvable into the prime elements found in our earth. The planets shine only by reflected light, and so the spectroscope is powerless to tell us anything about their atmosphere; but it can hardly be doubted that they are of one family with us, and that the sun is the common parent of all. Mankind in general are not yet alive to these wonderful discoveries; but when, in the usual course of such things, what is now mere matter of scientific interest will be made of vast practical use, men will place in the list of the world's great benefactors the name of Gustav Robert Kirchhoff.

THE FLOWER WOMAN

As She Is to Be Seen in the Down Town New York Markets.

She was cheery and hopeful in the spring—the New York flower woman. Yes, and she looked fresher as to clothes, and begging for pardon, as to body, summer has left its traces on her. Her bonnet, which was almost saucily sensonable in



A BROADWAY FLOWER GIRL.

April, began to show some wear and tear. It has had its own time in sun and rain, for the good woman has never bothered herself with the impediment of an umbrella. Cloaks and shawls she is devoted to, and wears them faithfully in summer and winter.

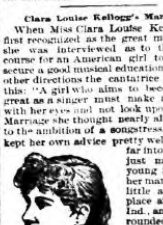
In headwear she gives a hood the preference, regardless of heat.

In the spring, too, her pots of flowers are "never taking." In their appearance. They partake now of the melancholy spirit of the autumn. She gets on best in walking off the dull, drizzly days. Those are hers! arranged in pots but the most clumsy way, for the flower woman seems not to have been shut out by nature for the calling she has chosen. You can fancy her as graceful with a scrub brush and lastly with a broom, but when it comes to flowers she is wanting. Neither was she endowed with taste. We have heard it remarked that flower women were always the farthest from beauty of all women-kind. Why, inscrutable wisdom alone knows.

Of comfortable proportions is the flower woman. She sits as serenely as Fate from morning until night, regarding more on her tongue for business success than on her hands or feet.

Custom is a curious phenomenal. Yet they must come occasionally or she would not be at the same corner day after day. If she had the knack of making her flowers look fresher, more attractive and thriving she could sell them, for you can sell anything and everything in New York, even Croton water if you have the skill to bottle and label it nicely.

Through the winter the flower woman will only appear at fitful intervals and then for a short time only. She will go into the fruit business or possibly devote herself to dispensing matches at ten cents a pair. Once more she will be seen at her old corner—she is happy nowhere else. Years may come and years may go, but until the last enemy of man overtakes her she will dabble in the commerce of the sidewalk.



CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG.

Clara Louise Kellogg's Marriage.

When Miss Clara Louise Kellogg was first recognized as the great musical star she was interviewed as to the proper course for an American girl to pursue to secure a professional position. Among other directions the cantatrice gave was this: "A girl who aims to become truly great as a singer must not make a covenant with her eyes not to look upon a man." Marriage she thought nearly always fatal to the ambition of a songstress. She has kept her own advice pretty well, as she is far into 40 and but married to young Strakosch. The little affair took place at Elkhart, Ind., and was surrounded with all possible mystery for a few days when the official who filled the license was pledged to secrecy for some time by Carl Strakosch, and so was

CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG the Rev. F. W. Adams, of St. John's Episcopal church in Elkhart, who performed the ceremony, but, all the same, the facts were quickly known. Ever since the occasion which Carl Strakosch saved her from drowning Miss Kellogg has had her little romance about him. He is a nephew of the noted Max Strakosch, is at least two years younger than his bride, and is not noted for anything in particular. It seems to be the rule for great singers to marry men of comparative obscurity, and not always than themselves; and it is also worth noting that such marriages have generally proved fortunate—notably that of Jenny Lind.

Two Beaux to Her String.

Celia—Why don't you encourage attentions from both Tom and Harry?

Irene—Well, dear, I like Tom best, but he is not very well off, and can't afford a couple if we go to the theatre. I call him "my fine weather beau."

Celia—Then what do you call Harry?

Irene—My rainbow.—Harper's Bazar.

Tombstone in the German Empire.

The oldest tombstone in the German empire is said to be one at Worms, which bears the date of 900 A. D.

IN EMERGENCIES.

WHAT TO DO WHEN A BLOOD VESSEL IS RUPTURED.

In Cases of Hemorrhage Sudden Apprehension is Excited That is Warranted—How to Stop Bleeding from Arteries and Veins—Valuable Advice.

When profuse hemorrhage from a wounded blood vessel occurs, the beholder, be he friend or stranger, if in many instances so terror stricken he looses all presence of mind, and loses time in giving the assistance which might have been saved by timely intervention. In nearly all cases of hemorrhage much more apprehension is excited than warranted. The amount of blood actually lost is generally much overestimated. There is a common expression, "a little blood makes a great show." This is quite true, for a small quantity will soil much clothing, and but little seed be added to a basin of water to render it very high colored.

It is well to remember that one-eighth of the weight of the human body is blood; in other words, that, in a person of average size, there are from sixteen to eighteen pints. In health, a pint—even a quarter—of blood can be withdrawn from the vessels without injury, and doubtless in but few cases would a loss of one-quarter the entire amount contained in the body prove fatal. From this statement it must not be inferred that when hemorrhage occurs treatment may be leisurely applied; far from it. The bleeding should in all cases be immediately arrested, if possible. The reader should know, however, how great a loss can be sustained, without life being threatened, for it is the fear of immediate death that is terrorizing and renders one powerless in such emergencies.

ARTERIES AND VEINS.

An artery is known to have been wounded when blood of a bright red color spurts out in jets, corresponding to the beats of the pulse. If a vein is opened, dark red blood flows from the wound in a steady stream. Bleeding from wounded arteries is in nearly all instances by far the most dangerous. In cases of hemorrhage at all profuse, firm pressure should be instantly made directly upon the bleeding part. The next step to take will depend upon the situation and character of the wound. If the injury is on either of the limbs and is severe, it is always well to have the patient placed flat on his back and the injured member elevated and supported by an assistant. During this procedure the bleeding must be prevented by unrelaxed pressure.

If a small artery has been cut, it will be known by the size of the jet which spurts out when the wound was received. In such cases bandaging directly over the wound will often control the hemorrhage. A pad should be made a little larger than the cut, by folding or rolling firmly a piece of cloth. This, when ready, should be placed over the wound, the fingers which have been strongly pressed it being quickly lifted up for the purpose, and as quickly should they renew their pressure on the pad. Over this a bandage can then be applied, a piece of sheet, three or four inches wide and six feet long, being used.

If the bleeding is constantly ceased, to wet and keep the bandage saturated with cold water and this will be supplied as all that there remains to do. If, however, the bleeding persists, then the treatment is to be advised by a physician. Very valuable must be employed. In such cases no attempt should be made to permanently arrest the hemorrhage by bandaging the wound, but between it and the heart, around the limb, a firm bandage is put. This bandage, large cord or a piece of rubber tubing should be drawn tightly and tied in a knot, to shut off the supply of blood. Not until this is effected should there should pressure of the fingers on the bleeding part be relaxed.

A SIMPLE LAW EXPLAINED.

In cases where the wound is large, and several small arteries are opened, and pressure with the finger does not control the bleeding, then the bandage should be applied directly over the injury. Bleeding from small veins is generally easily controlled by bandaging over the wound. When, however, important vessels are opened, as the femoral artery in the larged veins of the leg, then the blood should be cut off from the bleeding part by tightly bandaging, not between it and the body but between the wound and the extremity. This simple law may easily be explained; the blood goes to the extremities through the arteries, but returns through the veins.

To control hemorrhage in some situations is more difficult than in others. If a large artery is opened above the knee or elbow it is impossible for bandage can be drawn tightly enough to cut off the blood between the wound and the body without improvising a tourniquet. To do this is easy, however. A common handkerchief can be tied loosely around the leg or arm, and the slack taken up by twisting with a cane or stick until sufficient pressure is exerted to prevent the passage of blood to the wound. The advice of Dr. Hope is well worth remembering: "If you be by yourself in the fields, and get a severe cut with a scythe, or in any sudden emergency, such as a railroad accident, use the remedy which has saved many a life on the field of battle. Take a handful of dry earth, and bind it on the wound and grasp tightly till you call for assistance."

As previously stated, in nearly all cases of hemorrhage from wounds there is no necessity for fear, and often short delay especially as fear perverts the judgment of those who could much more serve the true interests of the sufferer by keeping cool and collected. Of course, in all emergencies a physician should be immediately sent for. If the bleeding is controlled by pressure of the fingers, all other operations which follow can be done leisurely, as there is no urgent haste and none should be indulged in.—Journal of Health.

A Big, Horrid Man.

It was in Wauhesha last summer that a Chicago woman became acquainted with a distinguished professor from the east. He was a man of grave and dignified demeanor, and inspired the somewhat flippant Chicago woman with no little awe. With the professor was his young wife, a particularly quiet young woman, who seldom spoke. The Chicago woman, being left alone with them, undertook to furnish the chat. "I was sitting out here on the piazza last night," said she, "after every one else had left, and I chanced to overhear a bit of conversation from one of the windows. I don't suppose a serious gentleman like yourself, professor, will be at all interested, and I will for the amusement of your wife. The voices floating out were those of a man and woman, and I heard the man say: 'Poor little birdie, is oo afraid to tell 'ittle dicky bird all about it?' I guess, big horrid man?" The little woman from Chicago got no further, for the professor and his wife had turned a vivid scarlet.—The Argonaut.

Madonnas in the Art Shops.

There is a perfect epidemic of Madonnas in the art shops. Whether it is simply the artistic value of the pictures that has caused them to be reproduced in photo-gravure, engraving and etching, or whether it is the result of that new fashion of "baby loving," is one secret to know.—Chicago Herald.

THE BRECKINRIDGE STATUE.

Lately Unveiled with Proper Ceremonies at Lexington, Ky.

The recent unveiling of a monument to John C. Breckinridge, at Lexington, Ky., is the culmination of a series of events which could have occurred in no other land than the United States. Here is a man who has served his country on foreign fields, entered the state legislature and national congress as soon as his age allowed, been elected to the second highest office in the nation at the early age of 35, and filled the three functions of vice president, senator elect from Kentucky and candidate for president one year only to be a fugitive and in arms against that country the next year; four years later an exile, and at the last an honored citizen of his native state and once more assured of national honors if death had not intervened. Yet this man died at the early age of 54! His life is the epitome of the amazing opportunities through which his nation passed in the last quarter of its first century.

THE BRECKINRIDGE STATUE.

The ceremonies of unveiling the Breckinridge statue moved in the presence of an immense throng, including the governor and senators from Kentucky and many veterans of the north and south who had met in battle array. The principal address was delivered by Senator J. C. S. Blackburn. The statue is the work of Valentine, the Virginia sculptor, and is of heroic size, eight feet high, representing Breckinridge in the attitude of an orator. He was almost a perfect model of manhood, and the statue presents his handsome form and striking, intellectual features with all their life and animation. A pleasing feature of the ceremonies was that veterans of both the Mexican and civil wars, soldiers and civilians of like varying views took part equally. It was to honor a great Kentuckian they were there; not to perpetuate old time hatreds.

John Cabell Breckinridge was born near Lexington, Jan. 21, 1821; graduated at Center college, Danville; entered on the practice of the law in Lexington and soon rose to the head of the Lexington district. He advanced so rapidly in congress that in 1856, when but just of the legal age, he was elected vice president of the United States on the Buchanan, his youth and chivalrous bearing adding much strength in the west to the ticket. In 1860 he was the candidate of the southern democracy for the presidency against Douglas and Lincoln. Breckinridge, large cord or a piece of rubber tubing should be drawn tightly and tied in a knot, to shut off the supply of blood. Not until this is effected should there should pressure of the fingers on the bleeding part be relaxed.

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OH, BOLD IS THE FROST.

Oh, bold is the frost that comes nipping and slipping
And painting the woodland over,
While the woods are ablaze in the soft autumn haze
That hangs o'er the distant meadow,
And the thin, crispy air to the meadow so fair,
Clings with the strength of a lover.

Oh, bold is the frost that comes tipping and slipping
By gullet of grass o'er the trees
Till the acorns fall down from the oak's lofty crown
At every caress of the breeze,
And the woodland perfume and the grape's purple bloom
The world wears across apparse.

Oh, bold is the frost that comes nipping and slipping
The breath of the summer away,
And it sails in its wake that the springtime gave life
In the tender sunshine of May.
And it frights the wild deer in the hollow old tree,
And fills every heart with dismay.

Oh, bold is the frost that comes nipping and slipping
The hands in each river and rill,
Till it stops their bright smiles and frolicsome wiles
And binds their blue waves in its will.
And it trails its fierce hands over fair innocent lands
And withers the valley and hill.

Oh, cold is the frost that comes gripping and gripping
With rage as no latter can read,
To help those, good Lord, whom the frost I shall afford
To have no other labor to feed;
For the rich in their wealth, they garner their wealth
With grimness that cannot be told.

Edward Dalton Dohan.

ABUSE OF THE TOOTH PICK.

An Indispensable Little Instrument Often Used at Improper Times.

The tooth pick, when used with discretion at proper times and in proper places, is an indispensable little implement to its owner, and cannot be dispensed with in civilized society and the preservation of the teeth. So, also, is the use of the tooth brush. This adjunct of the toilet is, however, never used in public. The person who, after partaking of a meal, should proceed to publicly use his tooth brush would speedily find himself banished from every society. Yet such action would be less objectionable to witness than the servility to the human appetite to pretend to refinement and culture at a table d'hote. There is before me a bill which may be rightly used in this connection, and no person who has ever visited Europe will fail to understand the feeling of disgust which will result in his case.

I would seem to be almost unnecessary to take notice of such habits as these, but how often they would make us ashamed of ourselves if we were compelled to witness them. And yet, in some public eating houses, the toothpick holder is a regular ornamentation of the meal table, and its contents are freely worked.

In no other country than the writer has ever visited have toothpicks been publicly used in private houses or in the presence of others. And this remark is a literal truth. Women of the better class not only never dream of using a toothpick before people, but the concealment is something that it is rare to be found by even the closest friend. Here, however, it is to uncommon occurrence to have a lady ask for the toothpicks, and select one with the thanks will fit her needs.—The Epoch.

The "Lightning Calculator."

I was much interested during a recent visit to the exposition by an adding machine skilfully manipulated by a young man with the most astonishing results. It may be all right, but it will never, to my mind, succeed the present system of attaining the total of a column of figures. For a century and the world has given the lightning calculators and club tongued men have stood on the corners and with blackboard and chalk have shown how the work of the pleading accountant can be reduced from hours almost to seconds. Yet what business house or bank would for a minute let a bookkeeper or accountant in its employ who depended upon one of those seemingly brilliant schemes to quick results? I have known men who could run a three rows of figures at a time, but I never knew one yet who, after having done so, did not, with a proper regard to his own responsibility for any averring errors, run over the three columns in the old fashioned way of put down the total carry the 0 to be sure that the first result "proved."—Accountant in Globe-Democrat.

City Horses at Dinner.

Of all the barbarously stupid and wasteful contrivances man has invented the horse bucket of which hartsaved horses take their dinners, is the most ridiculous. Opposite my window as I write is a row of a dozen expired horses with their heads full of the office. The horses are chasing their oats about in the depths of their nose bags or tossing three-quarters of their dinner away in their vain endeavors to get the other fourth part of it. Each one in front of them is strewn with oats enough to feed a crop from. The poor beasts are inhibited half out of their wits and have not half of a necessary meal, and no one is the gainer but the sparrows. It would not seem absolutely irreverent to attach a trough to rest on the shafts or pole of a wagon, and so feed the horses at their ease. The mere sacrifice of the grain offers a hint at this themselves, for you will often see them nicely resting the bag on the pole or shaft in order to get at the low side of grain within, which, by the way, may be taken to show once more that horse sense is possible in worth human consideration.—Alfred Trumble in New York Sun.

Well Water of Doubtful Quality.

As the country becomes older, wells which formerly yielded good water are becoming unwholesome, and late in the season furnish water of doubtful quality. This fact is well understood in cities where artificial supplies of water replace that from wells. The same impurity in the water doubtless exists in many country wells, and is the cause of sickness and death at this season of the year. If the well can be cleaned out, it should be done wherever possible every two or three years. Most people will be surprised at the amount of impurities to be found in old wells whose water they may for years have been drinking. If the well never gets low enough to be cleaned out its water should be filtered before being considered fit for home use.—Boston Budget.

ATTENTION

Those seeking investments or speculation. The FINEST BUILDING PROPERTY in this section of the country now offered for sale at prices calculated to suit. This property is located near the Grant Ave. depot, Plainfield, N. J., and is a rare opportunity to the

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It is situated in the

Healthiest,

most delightful and prosperous part of the City of Plainfield. To those desiring to procure homes, or young men wishing to make small investments this opportunity is especially inviting. Builders or contractors could also find it advantageous to procure prices before looking elsewhere.

For particulars, inquire of Wm. C. Kelly, No. 36 Park avenue or Dr. Fritts, Park avenue. Map of property can be seen at Dr. Fritts office.

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EAST FIFTH STREET BETWEEN SYCAMORE AND PEACH STREETS.

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It cures the most obstinate cases of chills and fever and all malarial disorders.

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7. For loss of one eye 5,000
8. For disabling injuries, during the continuance of total disability, per week $50

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OPPOSITE DEPOT.

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Successor to Morgan Bird,

Dealer in none but best quality Coal, such as Weldo, Upper Lehigh, Honeybrook, Spring Creek and Diamond Ridge Coal. Wall screened. Also Coal and Kindling Wood.

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FRESH AND SALT MEATS, POULTRY, &c.

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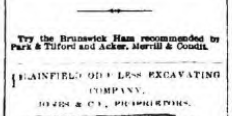

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N. B. B.

is short for the fact that there are Nothing But Bargains in the finest stock of New Goods to silver and gold at

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Don't go to New York stores with late rents, or to Jewelry stores at local rates, when you can choose from a large stock of new goods at C. Bloch's and save as fare, time and temper. He offers all the latest styles of rings, sleeve buttons, lace pins and neck pins, watches, clocks and jew lry at the lowest prices. Established 19 years.

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PLAINFIELD EVENING NEWS.

ESTABLISHED 1884. PLAINFIELD, N. J., "THE COLORADO OF THE EAST," WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1887. PRICE TWO CENTS.

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS FROM A CARD TO A POSTER, IN THE MOST STYLISH AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES. TELEPHONE CALL NO. 42.

THE NEWS reaches all classes of our citizens. Its short columns daily furnishes a quantity of interesting reading and is the means of procuring all kinds of employment and the best of help. It is the place for Boarding and for Sale and Rent, it furnishes a better class of customers than can be obtained through any other medium, and its general advertisements pay better than those of all the other papers combined, as the constant demand proves continual and daily testifies. In all that space in which daily testifies. In all that makes a thoroughly complete, general and family newspaper THE NEWS stands at the head of journalism in this section at least.

JOTTINGS.

Mrs. Fisher, 21 West Fourth street, calls attention to her large assortment of candies, etc., which she would like you to inspect. See advertisement.

Hello, hello, Central! Connect me with J. P. Laire & Co's hardware store, I want to purchase a pair of skates. The number of his new telephone call is 72.

Frederick Robinson has been chosen as the candidate for councilman from the Fourth Ward to fill the vacancy caused by the declination of Daniel R. Roberts.

The membership committee of the Y. M. C. A. meets to-morrow evening at 7:30 o'clock. Applications for membership should be left with the committee at that time.

The photographs of Talbot alias Lord Courtaney as published in the New York papers, would never assist as the means of his capture. There is not the slightest resemblance.

Mrs. Horace VanNest has not circulated any petition for the extinguishment of the sentence of Lord Sudeley, as both burt at the report circulated to that effect. The petition was circulated only by Mrs. Louis VanNest.

At the Eighth Annual Convention of the Mechanical Engineers held in Philadelphia Monday evening, President George H. Babcock of Eighth street, this city, read his annual address. Subject: "The Engineer—His commission and His achievements."

The sudden spell of cold weather makes us look for our heavy overcoats. If we have not got them, then we seek for the place offering the most tempting inducements. Werner puts in his claim that he has it, and advises people in his new announcement elsewhere to call and see.

Our contemporary glories in the fact that our effort to help raise a popular subscription to reward the persons, and those who have earned the gratitude of our people, does not seem thus far to be a success. That is something which, if true, should be a burning shame, and not something to be proud of.

The annual meeting to elect officers of the Children's Home is to be held in the parlor of the Y. M. C. A. Thursday afternoon. A half public memorial anniversary exercises will be held in Trinity Reformed church Saturday evening at eight o'clock, and will be addressed by Rev. Dr. Ketcham, and Rev. Mr. Richards.

Yesterday afternoon the Coroners jury who were making inquiry into the death of Elias M. Quillan, who was killed at Centreville by a flying switch engine on the night of the 2 weeks ago, returned a verdict holding the Railroad company responsible, for the woman's death, because the tracks were not fenced in as required by law.

It is found that it will be impossible to get the new Sunday school building of the M. E. church completed in time for the fair intended to be held next week, and the fair will therefore be postponed one week. That is, the dates will be Dec. 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th, instead of Dec. 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th. It will be duly advertised later on.

If the ticket which the saloon keepers were anxious to see nominated last evening at the Republican City Convention had won, they would be wiped out of existence forever, house and but two against. As the case now stands, the saloons cannot count with any certainty upon more than one—Mr. Addis, the Fourth Ward candidate. The saloon organ was very happy yesterday over the Wright decision in Jersey City, and we confess the outlook for the temperance people was disheartening. To-day the case is reversed by the action of the convention, much as one might regret the defeat of some of the men, who believed that the best way to regulate the liquor traffic was by license. There are a few very prominent Democrats who believe the same way, and are an honor to the city but there are also some equally respectable and capable Democrats who believe the curse should be wiped out to save innocent families from misery. Unfortunately there are not enough of them to control the party, and prevent the saloons and their backers running it to suit themselves and bring reproach on the very name of Democrat, and some of the more respectable members, like ex-Mayor Rockfellow for instance, leave it in disgust.

"Jim the Penman."

In English society several years ago there was an actual "Jim the Penman," and it was the so-established forgery of a bill of exchange which Sir Charles Young made use of in the composition of the play. It tells the story of a man, who, possessing the talent of the most skillful forger, raised himself from a clerkship in a banking house to a high place in English society, accumulated great wealth, finally entered parliament and maintained for years the falsest position. One of a strong federation of forgers, his operations included not only England and the Continent, but America as well. Everyone had heard of his remarkable transactions, but who he really was remained a mystery to the banks and to the police. Tom Kissane (miss Rogers) incident, which recently claimed a large share of public attention, is another instance of a man who led a double life and of "Jim the Penman" around whom the English Baron has constructed a story of such absorbing interest.

JACKSON GETS 15 YEARS

AND LOUIS AND HORACE VAN NEST GET 5 YEARS EACH

What the Judge Said in Sentencing.—He Called the "Pire-Bugs" Demons and Wished He Could Make the Punishment Heavier.—Jackson's Story has no Weight.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 30.—At 11:30 this morning Judge McCormick, speaking for himself and his associates, Judges Hyer and Harper, sentenced John M. Jackson king of the "fire-bugs," to fifteen years' imprisonment and gave Louis and Horace VanNest a sentence of five years each. Costs are included in all three cases.

When Prosecutor W. R. Wilson arose from consultation with Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh and moved for sentence, ex-Congressman Alvah A. Clark stepped forward and moved for an arrest of judgment. That motion was denied. He then requested the Court to sign a bill of particulars recording the exceptions of the counsel for the defense as a preliminary to carrying the case to a higher court.

"I am not certain that we will appeal the case," said Mr. Clark "but I want every legal advantage, and this is a necessary step."

Judge McCormick said that he wouldn't sign the bill before pronouncing judgment, and Jackson and the VanNests were led into the room for sentence. All three were dressed in their best. Each twitched his mustache nervously and stood in a weak-kneed, ungainly attitude.

JACKSON'S STATEMENT READ.

Mr. Clark read the written statement of Jackson, whose somewhat voluminous document set forth the fact that whiskey had brought him into his troubles. He took full blame of the McCutchen barn fire and charged Horace with touching the match to the Parse house. He endeavored to clear Louis and Theodore altogether.

Mr. Clark told the Court that the defense had not put Jackson on the witness stand during the trial because his testimony would have convicted Horace, though it acquitted Louis, and Horace had refused point blank to plead guilty, as he had been advised.

Mr. Clark announced his firm belief in Louis's innocence, and asked for a lenient sentence for Louis, at least. He said that if Louis received a heavy sentence he would desire to appeal the case; but he might patiently suffer a light punishment, because his means would not allow an appeal.

A petition for a light sentence for Louis was then presented.

WHO SIGNED THE PETITION FOR LOUIS.

The names signed to this petition were: Elias M. Quillan, who was killed at Centreville; Samuel Parse, whose residence was burned two weeks ago, returned a verdict holding the Railroad company responsible, for the woman's death, because the tracks were not fenced in as required by law.

It is found that it will be impossible to get the new Sunday school building of the M. E. church completed in time for the fair intended to be held next week, and the fair will therefore be postponed one week. That is, the dates will be Dec. 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th, instead of Dec. 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th. It will be duly advertised later on.

James. M. Dunn, J. D. Runyon, G. Belcher, M. B. Long, M. D., D. A. Roberts, Geo. M. Stiles, J. G. Miller, B. Frank Coriell, sons of the grand jurors; R. J. Shaw, R. R. Fairchild, R. H. Price, T. J. Gillies, C. B. Crane, Chas. W. DeGraw, T. H. Boehmer, Robert Walker, Runyon J. Walker, S. Thorn, Seth B. Ryder, Joseph Noel, R. R. Rogers, I. D. Ten Eyck, L. B. Woolston, G. W. Steiner, F. C. Krewson, Jacob Voehl, A. D. Jennings, W. H. Combs, James Rowe, A. M. Frazee, I. A. Connett, W. C. Butler, D. W. Rogers, J. L. Force, J. C. Pote, Horace M. Sherwin, H. Werner, W. Wallace Coriell, E. M. Laing and Benj. F. Moore.

THE COURT DENOUNCES JACKSON.

The Court ordered Jackson to step forward, and in scathing terms the incendiary child was denounced.

"You are," said Judge McCormick, one of a gang of demons who have infested Plainfield. Your crime is next to murder, and in many respects you are worse than a murderer. You have not only destroyed property but you have put human life in danger. The thought of your villainy is enough to cause a shudder. Even murderers sometimes give notice of their crime, but you crept about secretly at night and applied the torch, while you knew not whether or not innocent victims were sleeping in the house you fired.

"And here let me say that it is a powerful temperance lesson that your drinking-habits helped drag you down to your present condition. Your Counsel have done all they could. You are guilty and must be punished.

"On indictment No. 17, in which you are charged with Theodore VanNest of burning the McCutcheon barn you are sentenced to five years in State prison, with costs. On No. 18, by which you alone are charged with the firing of the Parsee Los house, five years and costs is the sentence. On No. 19, accusing you jointly with Horace and Louis of burning the Carman Parse house you receive a similar sentence. Each successive term of five years is to begin when the other is ended, making fifteen continuous years in all."

"HORACE AND LOUIS ALSO AN INCENDIARY."

In sentencing Horace and Louis for complicity in the Parse fire the Court announced its regret that it could pronounce no heavier sentence than five years each.

"The Court believes you both as guilty as Jackson," said the Judge, "notwithstanding Jackson's statement about Louis, and notwithstanding Mr. Clark's announcement of his faith in Louis's innocence. If the indictment had only been framed under the 54th, or arson statute, we could and would give a harder punishment."

When they heard their doom the "fire-bugs" were all three very pale. Their pallor was not sudden, nor had it lessened when they left the room. The wife of Louis burst into tears.

The cases of Ephriam Carman and Theodore VanNest will be moved for trial Dec. 19th.

THE INDIAN AND THE NEGRO.

Plainfieldeen Meet Young Men of Both Races.

Two-hundred colored persons and a thousand Caucasians nestled into the Crescent avenue Presbyterian church, last night, eager to hear the Indian and negro students of the Hampton Institute tell something of what is being done in the north and West to educate two of the peoples of these United States.

As announced in THE NEWS of Monday, the meeting was for the purpose of encouraging support for the Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute, an institution at Hampton, Va., devoted to the education of the negro and Indian races.

This encouragement was given by an address from Gen. S. C. Armstrong, the Principal, and by the presence and speech of four of the Institute's pupils, who showed in themselves what a marvelous work it is possible to perform among the children of slaves and savages. An additional and pleasing feature was the singing of slave songs and plantation melodies by Messrs. Daggs, Wainwright, Trigg and Johnson, the Institute quartette.

Rev. Wm. R. Richards, pastor of the Crescent Avenue church, has a sister who is a teacher in the Institute. Mr. Richards made a fervent opening prayer.

Thomas Cayton, colored, of the class of '79, spoke on

THE SOUTHERN OUTLOOK.

"I am," he said, "one of a race of people who are being greatly benefitted by the opportunities for higher culture my education from Hampton I went as teacher with four others into a Southern school, and we saw some good in imparting much knowledge to many others. Some of our former pupils themselves went to teaching years ago; some have graduated in Literature or mathematics; almost all are to-day doing a good work among their own people. One in particular, by the name of Lawson, has been a professor of mathematics in a Southern university; he now holds a position in the Tuscaloo Normal school.

"The Southern negro wants education, but he lacks means; and those charity institutions are indeed a God send to him.

"A few days ago I was respected in the South by blacks and whites alike said, when leaving, 'I only desire to have my children continued in school.' As a slave I helped to instruct others' offspring; as a freeman I am permitted to instruct my own; that is the general impression throughout the South.

The fact that this essay was entirely original—as were, in fact, all those that followed—added interest to it.

The next speaker was an Indian student, George Miller, who with his wife and family live in one of the cottages on the Hampton Institute grounds. Mr. Miller is a leader of his tribe, of whom he spoke in his address on "The Omahas and Their Lands."

AN INDIAN'S SAGE REMARKS.

"I wish I could talk very good," he began, in his pleasing, broken way, "for then I could tell you all about the interesting customs of my people. In my tribe a married man has 160 acres of land and a single man has sixty. This may seem like a great deal, but it is very hard for the people to get along. The government helps the Indian from time to time with any luxuries, you may be sure.

"The Indians know about God, but they don't know about Jesus. Some are Christians; most are not. When I think of God it makes me feel sorry. In my race we can't talk the English language and learn of Christ. It is only for us who do know to teach the rest.

"There are some Indians very wise; there are some not very nice; just as your white people are not all the same. God made the Indians quite as well as the whites, yet some of the whites call the Indians names, like 'bucks' and 'squaws.' We want to be just like you. But we've got to have somebody to teach us. That's all I can say now. If you want to know more I will tell you another time."

Miss Frances A. Stone is supported by a scholarship furnished by the Crescent Avenue Sunday school. He delivered a speech entitled

"A DAKOTA'S PLEA."

"Some claim," he remarked, "that as soon as the Indian returns to his father's home he will fall back into the old life and will disgrace his institution. That is not right, some few do slip, but by no means all.

"The Indian likes whisky and other bad things. That is his misfortune. The poor Indian has no one to tell him about the Bible. I want to plead for help for him. Give him education. Send to us knowledge. Then in three or four years he will be ready for citizenship. But if you try to take up his lands before these few years of education there will be trouble. He will, however, let his lands be taken up and become a citizen, when he knows more about civilization.

"We are all brothers and sisters, so we live to love and to help each other. The Indians are in darkness and can't help themselves. They want your aid. Your influence can bring them to work."

William B. Davenport, Class of '80, made an impressive oration entitled, "Give Us a Chance. "His was

A DRAMATIC STORY.

"I was born," he said, "in 1858. My father was a slave; my mother was a free woman. Therefore, I am free-born, but the son of a slave. The dark cold night, the slaveholder and his overseer, came to our cabin, and angry because he had just found out that my mother was a free woman, had my father bound with ropes and dragged off to the Richmond prison, to be sold at auction. On the day of the sale, however, my father was seized with an epileptic fit, and was pronounced by the Georgia slave-traders to be unfitted for a slave. He became a drug on the market and was sent home again to his wife and family, where he remained until, in 1877, he died. The day of his death I was teaching in a Maryland school. They spoke of sending for me, but my father, thoughtful ex-slave that he was, knew that I was better for me to be teaching my fellow-men than to be idle at his bed side.

"And he was right for my knowledge. The thought of an education was not suggested to me. It came like an inspiration. I attended the public school at Annapolis for some time, and by chance heard of the Hampton Institute. My parents were too poor to send me there, but I sent for the catalogue, and he promised to do the best he could. So I began to work my way. The first day I was put in charge of an ox-team. That was fun. The next day I was set to work planting sweet potatoes. That wasn't such good fun. Well, I got through the first year's course in '78. During '78 I worked at the Centennial in Philadelphia and earned enough to help me through until '77. But the next year I was financially embarrassed to a great degree—so my aid came; we're very glad of it—and I had to give up the Institute for teaching. Hampton had helped me; now I had to help myself. My idea was to teach a year and then study a year, but the death of my father postponed my studies for a year longer still. I taught in Maryland four years, and in '81 went to the Old Dominion State to see my mother, whom I had left six years before. I arrived just in time, for the old log cabin was fast falling to pieces. I built a neat cottage for her, and she lives there to-day, seventy years old.

"Well, I have been teaching ever since, until this year, when I again entered the Institute to study, finish my course and go out with increased knowledge to help educate my race.

"The outlook in the South is good. The people pay less attention to politics and more to buying land and entering business enterprises. But before the colored race can be uplifted entirely there must prevail in their midst a higher moral light, and this must be based on a purer home-life than that in which they have lived. There are many ignorant negroes in the South. Many ignorant whites, too. Hundreds have never seen the inside of a school house. And some day on some great national issue these same ignoramuses may possibly tip the scales against their educated fellow-citizens. This is why we need to help push on the work of education to the utmost."

Gen. Armstrong explained the purposes of the Institute and said that there are now 605 students under its charge; of these 137 are Indians. Its idea is education by self-help, and no more outside assistance is asked than is necessary. The school is a trades school and turns out two-hundred graduates—men and women who can both teach their people and do manual labor. The student-earnings last year were $43,000, and as a great deal of outside assistance was needed, 38 ll, the trustees are thankful for all financial aid. At the request of Mr. Richards the General read a letter from the only criminal who ever was graduated from the Institute.

"Some locksmiths," explained the General, "but over nine-hundred of our students remain true to their principles."

FIRE-WATER WAS HIS RUIN.

The letter was from Frank Wyckoff, an Indian now in the Sioux Falls (Dak.) penitentiary for stealing alcohol and giving it to others of his tribe.

"Since I have done this thing," he wrote, "I fear I have lost all claim to friends. Some white ladies came to see me here and I was ashamed to look them in the face. I had to look down. * * * I came out here to teach my brothers of Christ. But they asked too many questions that I could not answer. They asked what was death in the hereafter, God, why were men of so many colors? And why did the people kill Jesus Christ, if he was the son of God? I did not tell them that the other Indian students how to answer them, so that they could answer themselves. Teach them, too, that this low, dirty stuff, whisky, is what turned me out of the narrow path. Tell the school that whiskey brought me here, and that they will never get in a place like this if they never drink the poison. * * * I have no Bible to read. I am forsaken. But it is my own fault. I will try to return to the straight way when I get out of here. And I will try to go back to the school and learn to answer those hard questions."

Representatives of the Institute were at the Crescent church three years ago. Then it was that the Sunday school began furnishing their scholarship, which costs $70 a year. Those interested in the subject are requested to communicate with Gen. S. C. Armstrong, Hampton, Va.

The Squirrel Won.

Isaac Brokaw has been for many years Assessor of North Plainfield township. He is also a large dealer in real estate, as his advertisement in another column indicates. Yesterday he was out on the mountain with a gun. A gun suggests barn, but the Assessor would not harm anyone. He was seen to run to a stone fence and suddenly become quite lively. One who did not know any better might have thought he was trying to dance a can-can. He built and a gallop, all in one. He certainly did not dance the stately minuet, nor did he howl for joy, even if he did make the mud fly.

As one drew nearer it was seen that one of his fingers was in the mouth of a squirrel, who had taken refuge behind a rail fence's leg. The squirrel tried to get away—so did the Assessor. They first tried to get away with each other. But as they couldn't hitch very well they thought they had better part. But somehow they couldn't agree. Let go my finger, you son of Brierus, or somebody else, yelled the Assessor. He forgot that the squirrel didn't go much on the classics. The squirrel, with a chirp, bit all the harder, which meant you drop my leg first. The Assessor didn't want to be mean about the matter. He yielded. The squirrel let go and bounded for the woods, as the Assessor, with a bleeding finger, bitten nearly through, bounded for "home, sweet home," mentally resolving never again to fool with a squirrel's hind leg.

PERSONAL.

A sociable was held at the residence of Mr. Radford on West Front street last evening at which a number of young people were present. The evening was pleasantly spent in games, etc., and at twelve o'clock the guests departed well pleased with their entertainment.

Rev. J. L. Hurlbut, D. D., will give a black board illustrative Bible talk before the Y. M. C. A. Sessions on Friday evening of this week at 8 o'clock. Dr. Hurlbut has delivered this lecture with great acceptance in other places and it is hoped that all will avail themselves of this opportunity of hearing it.

A suit in New York Supreme Court brought by Frances Bacon against Newby & Evans, to prevent them painting off on the public fraudulent "Bacon" pianos, was won by the testimony of F. P. VanArsdale of this city, who testified as an expert of nearly forty years' experience, and, who is still a dealer, as well as a piano tuner. The Tribune and Times reporters were present.

John M. Crane of LaGrande avenue came within two of securing the nomination for Councilman-at-Large, at the Republican city convention last evening. He would have made an excellent councilman, but it is some satisfaction to know that such good men generally have been selected. They could not all be chosen, and it would have been a great loss to have left off Councilman John B. Dumont, whose services to the city are of such inestimable value.

A Stranger's Fall.

James Hurley, a moulder from New York, came to this city yesterday in search of employment, and met with a severe accident. He was walking along the railroad and fell from the Park avenue bridge, striking his head on the jagging and cutting a deep gash. He also received painful injuries to his shoulder. Policeman Lynch happened along and took the unfortunate man to the station house, where his wound was washed and he was given lodging for the night. This morning he was able to go his way.

REPUBLICAN NOMINEES.

DUMONT, ERICKSON AND SQUIRES FOR COUNCILMEN-AT-LARGE.

Hubbard for Assessor, Johnson for Collector, Titsworth for Treasurer—Other Nominations.

The Republican city convention, to put in nomination candidates for city and county offices, was held in the Republican headquarters last evening.

Shortly after eight o'clock the delegates were called to order by Alexander Gilbert, chairman of the last convention, and John W. Murray was chosen as permanent chairman. Joseph B. Coward performed the duties of secretary.

A roll call of the delegates showed the following present:

THE FIRST WARD

J. Fred. MacDonald, Augustus Frase, Samuel T. Wilbur, Dr. J. B. Probasco, Elias T. Bird Joseph B Coward and Robert A. Meeker.

THE SECOND WARD

Chas. G. Crawford, Wm. H. Sampson, Jesse L. Hurlbut, E. C. Mulford, H. H. Baker, Henry Hanchett, Gershom Frazee, Henry C. Squires and F. O. Herring.

THE THIRD WARD

A. Gilbert, E. R. Pope, O. T. Waring, G. W. Rockfellow and J. E. Tracy.

THE FOURTH WARD,

A. Titsworth, W. R. Codington, Wallace Vail, F. J. Flanagan, Henry W. Force and Tunis J. Carey.

There being a vacancy of two in the Fourth Ward, that delegation substituted the names of Messrs. J. B. Miller and Louis DeCamp.

Nominations were declared in order for Councilman-at-Large and the wards upon roll call named the following:

First Ward—John B. Dumont; Second Ward—Henry C. Squires and James L. Anshony; Third Ward—E. N. Erickson; Fourth Ward—B. Frank Coriell and John M. Crane.

The ballot which was taken resulted as follows: Dumont, 22; Squires, 13; Anthony, 8; Erickson, 28; Coriell, 7; Crane, 14; Rev. J. L. Hurlbut, 1.

Messrs. Dumont and Erickson were declared as two of the nominees and a ballot was taken for the third with the annexed result: Squires, 16; Crane, 13; Coriell, 1; blank, 1. Mr. Squires receiving a majority of the votes was declared the nominee.

Messrs. Samuel P. T. Wilbur, E. C. Mulford and W. R. Potts, acted as the Election Board.

The other candidates placed in nomination are as follows:

Assessor—Jos. A. Hubbard; Collector—John Johnson; Treasurer—Alexander Titsworth.

Freeholders—Messrs. J. Frank Hubbard and Andrew Vanderbeek.

Commissioners of Appeal—Messrs. S. MacDonald and Manning Vermeule.

When the nomination for a school trustee was in order, Rev. J. L. Hurlbut, a member of the Board of Education and delegate from the Second Ward, made a short address favoring the nomination of Judge Harper, a member of the present Board and a Democrat. The idea of putting a Democrat in nomination did not suit the delegates and Rev. A. H. Lewis was chosen as the candidate.

Ex-Councilman Tracy from the Third Ward offered the following resolution which was unanimously adopted;

Resolved, That in the judgment of this convention representing the Republican voters of the city of Plainfield, the interests of the people of the State will be promoted by the adoption by the Legislature at its present session, of a law designed to promote the cause of temperance, commonly known as a local option law, and that this convention respectfully urges upon the Legislature the passage of such a measure.

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution, authenticated by the president and secretary of this convention, be transmitted to the Senator and member of Assembly from this district.

The convention was harmonious throughout and when Ex-Mayor Rockfellow, a former Democrat and delegate from the Third Ward, deposited his ballot for Councilman-at-large, he was loudly applauded by those in attendance. The convention then adjourned sine die.

State Teachers' Association.

The annual meeting of the New Jersey State Teachers' Association will be held again in Trenton this year on the 29th, 29th, and 30th of December. The meeting promises to be one of unusual interest. A prominent feature of the occasion will be the exhibit of school work. This year, instead of having the exhibit classified in accordance with the schools of cities or towns, it will be arranged by subjects, in separate rooms. Comparison of work can thus be more readily made. There will be a department of mathematics, of penmanship and book keeping, of drawing, of industrial and kindergarten work, of language, of natural sciences and of miscellaneous work. Each of these departments will be under the management of a special committee. The Executive Committee has done all in its power to provide an excellent programme, and a full attendance of the teachers of the State is confidently expected.

READINGS

BY

JESSIE COUTHOUI

MUSIC BY G. CLEFF QUARTETTE

ON

Thursday, Dec. 1st.

at the

M. E. CHURCH.

Tickets all reserved. Price 50c and 75c for sale at Reynolds' and Shaw's drug stores

Thermometer Record.

The following is the record of the thermometer for this day and for that corresponding date of last year, as kept at Stelle's drug store, corner of Front street and Park avenue.

	1887	1886		
6 a. m.	24	31	Sun rises	7 03
2 p. m.	40	35	Sun sets	4 34
12 m	34	32	Moon rises	
9 p. m.	35	33	Moon sets	5 46

Cent-a-Word Column.

DRESSMAKING of all kinds done at very reasonable prices at 33 Carleton avenue. 11-15s, 12-2t

FOR SALE—Lot on Front street, near Richmond avenue, 50 by 135. Cl. running through to Second street, 300 feet with two dwelling houses on the same. Apply to P. O. Box 360. 11-28-tf

FOUR OR FIVE rooms to let. Enquire at No. 7 West Second street. 11-28-3

FOR SALE—Chickering piano, fine tone, will be sold cheap. Call 17 Crescent avenue. 28-3

NURSE OR WAITRESS—A thoroughly respectable girl wishes position as nurse to take charge of small children or do waiting in a small family. Address care Mrs. Chapman. Eighth street, corner Central avenue. 30-2

ROSES, fine cut blooms of American Beauty, Bennet, Paps, Gontier, Brids, Catherine Mermet, etc., also Carnations. F. W. Miles, Somerset street. Box 609. 23-6

TO LET—A nine room house on Grandview avenue. Has furnace. Will be rented low until Spring. Apply to Isaac Brokaw, real estate, 12 Dorr street. 11-30-tf

STRAYED or stolen on the 29th inst. from 441 East Second street a brown and white setter pup. Finder please return to the above address and receive liberal reward. 30-2

TREES, Winterblooming plants, Palms and Happy Dream Pillows, at Denton's, Hillside avenue. 30-5

WANTED—A girl as chambermaid and waitress. 133 Park avenue, Eighth and Ninth street. 30-2

WANTED—Experienced sales lady in dry goods store. Address Box 296, City. 11-16-tf

FROM THE GULF COAST.

The leading druggist of Miss Point, Miss., J. W. Stewart, writes: "I am sure that Van Vert's Bukan is the best cough remedy that I have ever sold, and while you keep it at its present standard I shall always keep it and advise my customers to use it. Trial size free.

LESSONS IN VOCAL CULTURE.

Mrs. J. L. Anderson desires a limited number of pupils in singing at her residence Front street, opposite Plainfield avenue. Thoroughly qualified to prepare voices for opera, oratorio or ballad singing. Mrs. Anderson will permit pupils to practice daily at her rooms, free of charge, if desired. Can refer to distinguished persons, both here and in New York. Address, P. O. Box 862.

TAXES.

Notice is hereby given to the Tax Payers of the CITY OF PLAINFIELD, that the taxes assessed in said city for the year 1887 are due and payable, and that IF THE SAID TAXES BE NOT PAID by the

20th day of December

next, the names of the defaulters, with their respective taxes, will be returned to the City Judge for prosecution. The

COMMISSIONERS OF APPEAL

in cases of taxation in and for said city will meet at the Common Council Chamber on TUESDAY, the 22d day of NOVEMBER next, at 10 from two to five o'clock p. m. to hear complaints relating to assessments.

JOHN JOHNSON, Collector of Taxes.

Dated Plainfield, N. J., Oct. 1st, 1887.

12 cawtd

Christmas Goods

at

FAIRCHILD'S

Furniture Warerooms

21 EAST FRONT STREET.

A large line of useful

Holiday Presents

at prices that will please everybody.

MUSIC HALL,

engagement of the Double Dramatic Association of Brooklyn, N. Y., in

Lester Wallack's

Great Success, the Military Comedy

OURS

AT STILLMAN MUSIC HALL,

Monday Dec. 5th,

Tickets for sale at Field and Randolph's, Shaw's and Reynolds' drug stores on and after December 1st.

At Usual Prices.

Annual Parlor Sale

by the Ladies' of the Church of the

HOLY CROSS

in the

School Building,

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON and EVENG,

NOV. 30th.

Admission 10 Cents.

Christmas Cards

AND

NOVELTIES

Prangs, Tucks, Whitneys and others.

A FULL LINE AT LOW PRICES

A. W. RAND,

24 W. Front street.

NOTICE—A cut in prices in

Overcoats, Overcoats, Overcoats.

Suitings, Suitings, Suitings,

A variegating to the extremely warm weather of late at this season of the year, we will offer our entire stock of overcoats and suitings at a sacrifice. Call and secure one of our $5.00 overcoats, it will astonish you. Our stock of satin lined coats ranging in prices from $16.00 to $25.00 are equal to any custom coat at $30.00.

Pants from $3 to $8.00 and we guarantee a fit.

WERNER'S

Clothing House,

30 West Front street.

SMITH & ANGELLS

BLACK HOSIERY

GUARANTEED

for Men, Women and Children, will not rub, crock, soil skin or clothing, or turn gray in washing. If not found as represented the money will be refunded.

Sold in Plainfield only by

HOWARD A. POPE.

1,000 Men and Boys

To examine the largest assortment of Gents' Furnishings ever offered in this part of the State, consisting of all kinds of neckties, shirts and drawers from 40 cents up, silk and linen handkerchiefs, scarfs, ties, collars and cuffs, cardigan jackets, laundried and unlaundried shirts. All kinds of gloves, including several kinds of kid in stitched and embroidered backs. Silk mufflers etc.

The front part of the store is now filled to its utmost capacity with the handsomest line of pretty and useful articles suitable for Christmas presents that we have ever shown. All marked at remarkably low prices.

You are most cordially invited to come in and look around whether you wish to buy or not. Don't spend your money in New York when you can do just as well at home and help sustain a first-class institution in your own city, such as

EDSALL'S

30 West Front street. Plainfield, N. J

Walk Around

to

22 W. Fourth street,

to

R. C. FISHER'S,

and examine the LARGEST VARIETY of

Pure Confectionery

SOLD IN TOWN.

MUSIC HALL.

Friday Eve., Dec. 2.

MR. A. M. PALMER

Will present the greatsuccess of last season at the Madison Square Theatre, entitled

"Jim the Penman"

Prices as usual.

Tickets on sale Tuesday, November 29.

Plainfield Evening News.

T. W. MORRISON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Is published every afternoon at

No. 7 SOMERSET STREET, PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

And delivered within the City and Borough limits at ten cents per week, or by mail, to any one prepaid to all parts of the United States, at $6 per year payable in advance.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1887.

SULLIVAN AND MITCHELL TO FIGHT.

The Match Made in a Moment of Passion. The Smith-Kilrain Battle.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—Sullivan and Mitchell were introduced last night for a mill, a side, for a fight with bare knuckles to a finish. The match was made suddenly, while both men

CHAMPION SULLIVAN.

were in a passion. Both have already posted £100 a piece, and will put up the rest within a week. The fight will occur in London, probably after the Smith-Kilrain fight, which will come off in about three weeks. The match came about at a conference of sporting men last night. Mitchell checked Sullivan, and the latter becoming exasperated, offered to fight after the above last night. Harry Phillips, Sullivan's backer, readily backed the champion for the affray, but he persuaded him not to fight at once.

It was definitely arranged to-day by the parties to the Smith-Kilrain match that The Police Gazette belt, for which the men are to fight, should be deposited in the office of Sporting Life pending the battle. It was also decided to send Messrs. Fleming and Harding, representing respectively Smith and Kilrain, to Spain to select a suitable place for the fight, and if found satisfactory that twelve men selected by each side should witness the contest, instead of fifty, as at first proposed.

Pacific Railroad Commission's Report.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Mr. Anderson, of the Pacific railroad investigating commission, is busily engaged putting the finishing touches to the report of the commission. It will be in readiness for the printer by about 600 pages, which will probably be handed to the president on Thursday. The commission are very reticent about the character of their report, but it is believed by many that in it they will recommend liberal action in cases where extensions of time are desired, and will not favor the public interests. The present management of the Union Pacific, it is believed, will be commended as specially deserving of consideration at the hands of congress in the matter of its obligations to the government.

He Murdered Three Wives.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 30.—Stephney Bailey murdered his wife about two weeks ago and attempted to burn the body in the burnside mill. Upon being arrested he cut his throat. He died from the effects of his wound Monday in the Berkley county jail. A few hours before his death Bailey confessed that he had murdered two previous wives, the last two being the third.

To Push the Tehauntepec Ship Canal.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 30.—Col. Andrews, of the Tehauntepec Ship Railway company, has received the charter of the corporation from Atlanta, where it had been sent for Gov. Hill's signature. A meeting of the stockholders will be held in New York next week and the charter duly completed. Arrangements will be made to commence immediately upon the work.

The Refuge for Canadian Defaulters.

TORONTO, Ont., Nov. 30.—Herbert C. Smith, assistant cashier in John Mcdonald & Co.'s wholesale dry goods house in this town and is now in Buffalo. His accounts are short over $100, caused by bucket shop speculations.

For Attempted Bribery.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The secretary of interior has made up the case of attorney general to institute criminal proceedings against Carpenter & Hazen, of Superior, Colo., for attempting to bribe a United States special agent.

Harvard Freshmen Will Not Row.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 30.—The governing committee at Harvard has announced that the Harvard freshmen cannot row the Yale freshmen at New London next summer.

Death of a Popular Educator.

ALBANY, Nov. 30.—Charles E. Carlisle, president of Albany Business college, died last night, in the 30th year of his age.

Weather Indications.

For Thursday, in New Jersey, eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, and in New England, fair to partly cloudy weather with no decided change in temperature, and variable winds, followed by cloudiness and snow.

THE BULLETIN OF COMMERCE.

New York Money and Produce Market Quotations.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Money closed at 2 per cent. the lowest rate. The highest rate was 6 per cent. Exchange closed steady, posted rates $4.82½ and $4.85½ for sixty days, and $4.84 and $4.86 for demand. Government bonds closed steady; currency 6s, 121¾ bid; 4s, coup., 126¾ bid; 4s, reg., 117¾ bid.

The stock market was fairly active this morning. During the first hour of business there was a free and strong advance, but the subsequent prices declining 1@1½ per cent. Reading, Northwestern and Rock Island were the favorites for sale. After 11 o'clock there was a steadier feeling and a general and final recovery, up 1 p. m., of about half the decline was not quite recovered, but a good many stocks were fractionally higher than they closed last night. The last hour was quiet and steady. Stocks, bonds, time and sterling all closed steadily hardened in most instances to the close. The advance for the week ranges from ½ to 2 per cent., while in case of Oregon improvement the advance amounted to 4 per cent. Lake Shore and Michigan was the weakest stock, and closed at a decline of ¾ per cent.

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—FLOUR—Closed steady and without material change; winter wheat extra, $ [illegible]; minnesota do. $3.10@3.60; city mill extra, $4.05@4.30. Southern flour closed steady, without change to choice extra, $4.20@4.60.

WHEAT—Options were moderately active and irregular, closing weak at a slight decline. Spot lots closed dull and weak. No. 2 red, spot sales of No. [illegible] at 82½@82¾; No. 2 red winter, May, [illegible]; No. 2 red winter, [illegible]; No. 3 red winter, [illegible]; No. 2 red winter, Jan., 85@85¾; do. Feb., 86@86¾; do. May, 89@89¾.

CORN—Options were dull, but firm, and closed unchanged. Spot lots closed steady and unchanged. Spot sales of No. 2 mixed at 46@46¾, ungraded, 44@46½; No. 2 mixed, Dec., 45¾c bid, do. Jan., 46¾c bid, do. May, 49¾c.

OATS—Options were dull, but firm, and closed unchanged. Spot lots closed steady and unchanged. Spot sales of No. 2 white state at 36@36½; No. 2 mixed, Jan., 30¾c; do. May, 33¾c.

SHARP WILL NOT GO UP.

AT LEAST UNTIL HE HAS HAD AN OTHER TRIAL.

The Court of Appeals Unanimous in Setting Aside the Verdict of the Lower Court—A Review of the Decision—The Boodler will be Admitted to Bail.

ALBANY, N. Y., 30.—Among the bundle of decisions handed down in the court of appeals yesterday morning in the presence of a quiet-a quiet crowd of lawyers, among which were E. W. Cooke, Clinton, W. Cockran and Col. Robert Ingersoll, is the decision in the Sharp case. A moment later every one present knew that the court of appeals had not only reversed, but severely Judge Barrett and the general term decision, squashed Judge Potter, reversed the conviction of Sharp, and granted him a new trial. The opinions were read by Judge Danforth and Peckham. Judge Danforth's is devoted principally to the proposition that Sharp's rights were infringed on by the use against him on his trial of the testimony he gave under his subpœna as a witness before the senate committee that investigated the Broadway bribery.

In his preliminary remarks Judge Danforth says of the evidence in the case:

"Direct evidence was given from which a jury might find that Sharpe had in fact been bribed, and other evidence altogether of a circumstantial character, and by no means conclusive, but sufficient, as the jury may have said by their verdict, to warrant a finding that Sharp was concerned in the commission of the crime, and therefore guilty of the offense charged. Exceptions were taken in behalf of the defendant to several decisions of the trial court in admitting against his objection certain items of evidence which, it is claimed, were immaterial, and without which it is claimed by the appellant a conviction could not or might not have been obtained."

Of these testimony before the senate committee, Judge Danforth says that the prosecution described it as irrefutable evidence of his complicity in the bribery. The defense objected to its reception.

Section 79 of the penal code declares:

1 A person offending against any provision of sec. 78 [bribery] of this code shall be liable to bribery is a competent witness against another person so offending, and may be compelled to appear and give evidence on any trial, hearing, proceeding or investigation in the same manner as any other person.

2 But the testimony so given shall not be used in any prosecution or proceeding civil or criminal against the person so testifying.

3 A person testifying to the giving of a bribe which has been accepted shall not thereafter be prosecuted for the reception or payment of such bribe by him, and may plead or prove the giving of such testimony accordingly, in bar of such in the event of any such prosecution.

By a subsequent section—712 of the penal code—these provisions are so modified as not to protect a witness who has proved against that the witness upon any charge of perjury committed upon such examination.

In reversing the lower opinion declares:

If Sharp's case comes under section 79 of the penal code then the testimony before the senate was relevant and no protest of his could avail. But his case does not come within it. The legislature, for certain reasons of its own, required a discovery of the whole truth, and the court has held that not being voluntary testimony, it should not be admitted in a court of justice. Sharp was forced to give testimony and cannot be said to have been guilty of bribery in his own case. There can be no volition when there is no power to refuse. The Keeler case is then cited.

The court then says: "It seems to us that the evidence of Sharp before the senate committee was given under the penalty of commitment and imprisonment for contempt."

In the face of the people the court holds that the testimony in the case of The People vs. Sharp should, therefore, not otherwise than as a matter of favor to the appellant, such case or at least should not have been compulsory testimony.

Upon the latter clause the decision of a majority of the judges is made.

Continuing, they say that the action of the legislature was simply taken so as to govern it in its legislative matters, and not for the purpose of giving the courts material to prosecute Sharp. It was a matter to annul a charter alleged to have been obtained by fraud, as in the case of the Manhattan company.

After defining in detail to the work done by the senate committee and commenting it with the exception that they do not think Sharp, as a self-confessed bribe giver, should be allowed to give evidence, the court says that they do not think that anybody's evidence in the legislative property not evidence for the conviction of the minds of the legislative committee. Testimony, therefore, which is now to cause given, being given under compulsion, should not be used in any prosecution, civil or criminal, against the person so testifying. Two instances are cited of cases from Massachusetts legislature to uphold its decision. The court then reviews the process in before the legislative committee.

The evidence of Pottie, the legislative clerk, is said by the court to have not been admissible, for the introduction of this evidence would be to him a manifest injustice by creating a prejudice in the public mind. The evidence of Pottie was reviewed at length. The introduction of the testimony of Miller is also held upon as irrelevant. The court looks upon the majority of the evidence before the senate as altogether circumstantial.

The writer of the opinion, in closing, says that it is impossible to find any reason for or lawful purpose to be gained by the proof offered, and the admission was a very dangerous deviation from the general rule which excludes it as irrelevant to the issue.

After dwelling upon the absence of Williams, Mahoney and Fulgraff, whose testimony might have changed the complexion of the case, the court says: "The exceptions referred to point to violations of rules to the manner of the conduct of the trial upon the benefit of those exceptions he is entitled. They require a new trial, and that it may be had the judgment of the court below and the verdict must be reversed and a new trial granted."

Judge Peckham in agreeing with the decision of Judge Danforth says that in which he says that the admission of evidence given by the witness proper was an error. When a man is on trial for one offense it is not just or to conduct him of many, by a witness compelled upon to give testimony only in that case; that is, a case of a man committing former crimes should not be brought to conduct him of one charged later on. Under such conditions it does not seem that the evidence by Pottie was connected legitimately with the allegation of bribery of Sharp. He furthermore would not convict Sharp, but only tends to show that he had been guilty of a crime in the conclusion of Broadway in the bill permitting railways to be laid in the streets in New York city. It is the sample, bald and naked proposition which the evidence is claimed to prove, viz., the interest of the prisoner, and his interest is to be established by proof of the commission of a crime under the circumstances detailed, and months before the commission of the one charged in the indictment. After citing many cases, Judge Peckham says that in no case has affirmed the decision written by Judge Danforth.

SHARP WILL BE ADMITTED TO BAIL.

He Don't Know Whether He Will Appeal to the Court of Appeals Again or Not.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Assistant District Attorney Nicoll was seen by a reporter to-day and asked if he would appeal to the court of appeals again in the Sharp case. He replied: "I don't know what I will do. I will have to give the district attorney notice. Fifty thousand dollars was the amount of bail in the first trial. Now, with so much less evidence against him, I think the amount of bail ought to be greatly reduced. The district attorney has forty-eight hours to examine whatever bail we offer."

Assistant District Attorney Martine frankly admitted that the reversal was a surprise and disappointment to him. The court of appeals might be right, he said, and he would have to argue from that standpoint. "But we had good judicial backing on the points that will justify our use of them," he added. "If I were not to do it after long study to see it through I would move at once to put Sharp on for a retrial, and in that event I would oppose the application for bail. But as the case necessarily goes over to January, at least, I will not object to bail, though I cannot say yet what amount I should be inclined to fix."

"The decision," said the district attorney, "will certainly have an effect upon the cases of Richmond and Kerr, who are indicted as bribers. The case of O'Brien, and Mc Quade, that are up on appeal, some of these points also govern, and both of these cases will undoubtedly be affected."

Mr. Nicoll said that if all this senate testimony is excluded," said Assistant District Attorney Semple, "there is still evidence enough to show Sharp's connection with the crime. We can still show his connection with the raising of the money to bribe the aldermen."

The bundle that wrecked the visage of ex-Alderman Patrick Farley, who stood on the outside of his own bar discussing with a friend the merits of a particular brand of rye, was delivered to Sharp last night at No. 311 Bowery the reversal of the general term decision in the Sharp case met with approval amidst the saloon. "So I think of the decision," he said. "I am delighted with it—more delighted than I can tell you. I have believed all along that this would be the result, and I am certain that Judge Barrett didn't see how a body like the court of appeals could countenance the methods of testimony used in that trial."

Ex-Alderman William Miles refused to be interviewed.

Ex-Alderman Patrick Farley said: "We have been going it pretty fast, and have been trying to cut me date the judges all along, but you are beaten now and I am glad of it."

Ex-Alderman Sheils said: "The court of appeals is the highest authority in the state, and my opinion is of no service to the public whatever."

Ex-Alderman Thomas Cleary, on whose trial the jury disagreed, was seen at his office on the eighth floor of the Equitable building. He could not hear of the finding of a new trial. When asked if he had any opinion to express he said that he had none, and did not care to be interviewed about it. He was busy attending to other matters, and showed no feeling either in expression of face or manner.

Judge Barrett declined to speak on the matter, saying it would be in bad taste.

HOW THE NEWS WAS RECEIVED.

Sharp Manifests No Concern, but His Wife is Hysterical.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The immediate family of Jacob Sharp and his numerous counsel exhibited far greater curiosity as to the opinion of the court of appeals than Mr. Sharp himself. Mr. Sharp thinking that while the court of last resort had rendered a decision was brought to the jail by a reporter. Warden Keating was informed that the decision was in favor of Sharp, but he declined to permit word to be sent to the prisoner. However, knowing under what strain Mrs. Sharp was laboring, Mr. Keating went to her and told her what he had heard.

"Oh, can it be true?" eagerly asked Mrs. Sharp.

She was told how the news had been brought, but was advised to patiently wait for the official notification, which could not be long in coming. "God grant it may be true," was the fervent response of the prisoner's wife.

"Why, Mrs. Sharp looked better than she has little things about the room and tried to appear as if nothing had happened.

By mutual understanding no one has recently been represented to have been much worse, there has been no change to speak of. A physician calls every day about noon and remains only a short time.

Edward Clark, a brother of Congressman Bourke Cockran's partner, came to the jail about 11 o'clock to say that Sharp had been granted a new trial. Mrs. Sharp was informed and who in turn told her husband. The former was inclined to be hysterical, but Sharp himself made no comment. If it had been an ordinary piece of news in which he was not especially interested he could not have manifested less concern. He and wife had both been in a sort of stupor, and when Mr. Clark was ushered in with the telegram from Attorney from Congressman Cockran himself, everything was in favor of the boodler, it made no difference to Sharp. But his wife was overjoyed, kneeling by the side of her husband and giving expression to her gratification by words, tears and sobs.

Peculiar Case in Illinois.

OAKLAND, Ills., Nov. 30.—Sunday morning, Mrs. Able, wife of a farmer living a short distance south of this place, died, to all appearances. The funeral was arranged for Monday, and the body was placed in a coffin and prepared for burial. The sorrow stricken relatives of the supposed deceased woman had assembled in the house, when Mrs. Able suddenly returned to consciousness and sat up in her coffin. On realizing her surroundings she fainted away, and while unconscious was carried to bed. A doctor was sent for, and shortly afterward Mrs. Able gave birth to a male child. She and the baby are both doing well, but the double joy of the happy father and husband was not jealousy of Pawiyk. He was found murdered near a railroad track Friday morning.

Mariner's Murderer Sentenced.

BUFFALO, Nov. 30.—Frank Curcio, convicted of manslaughter for the killing of Frank Marino, was yesterday sentenced to fourteen years imprisonment. Curcio is quite a superior Italian, and made a pathetic appeal for mercy, in which he was seconded by many witnesses, but the judge gave him almost the full extent of the law, hinting, however, that he might hope for pardon.

The "Whyo" Leader Must Hang.

ALBANY, Nov. 30.—Daniel Driscoll, the leader of the "Whyo" gang who murdered Senne Gerrity in John McCarthy's dive in New York city some time ago, will have to hang. The court of appeals has affirmed the decision of the lower court.

MOST AGAIN CONVICTED.

ANARCHY AS DESCRIBED BY THE ARCH ANARCHIST.

After Four Hours' Deliberation the Jury Returns a Verdict of Guilty—The Verdict Causes General Surprise—Motion Made for a New Trial.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—It was 11 o'clock yesterday forenoon when Judge Cowing came into the court of general sessions and took his seat on the bench. His expression did not show a shade of anxiety, even if he did receive a few threatening and anonymous letters from cranks or the enemies of Most.

Assistant District Attorney Delancey Nicoll was the late-

JOHANN MOST.

comer, and the only representative of the big regulator pointed at 11:35 o'clock when he entered. He was heard that Jacob Sharp had been granted a new trial, but his face wore a look as much as to say, "What's that to me?"

The court was called to the witness stand. Assistant District Attorney Nicoll if he knew anything of the threatening letters which had been sent to the judge. Most indignantly denied all knowledge of them, and emphasized by saying that he himself received many anonymous letters every day, which he never read. He testified that he was born in Augsburg, Germany, and is 41 years old. He had been in this country about five years. He considered himself a good German scholar. In response to questions Most admitted that he had been incited to riot, or had advised opposition to the due execution of the law. He denounced bitterly the execution of the Chicago Anarchists, and asserted that the symbol of the gallows would be hereafter as the cross to the Christian.

Mr. Nicoll asked Most when was the first time that he was in prison. Mr. Howe objected, was overruled, and allowed an exception. Then Most said that he was sent to prison in Austria in 1869. In 1870 he was sentenced to prison for "treason against the Austrian despotism." Again in 1872 he was sent to prison because he called the emperor of Germany a "slaughterer and a miscreant." It was in Chemnitz. He was imprisoned again in 1874, at Berlin, for blasphemy. He was imprisoned in 1878, in Berlin, for blasphemy. He served two months. The next time he was tried in England "for applauding the killing of the czar of Russia." It was not a speech this time, but a newspaper article which Most wrote. He served eight months in Berlin, England, and came to this country in 1882. He traveled and delivered lectures on Socialism and Anarchy.

Most's definition of anarchy was an extended one. He described himself as a communistic Anarchist. He said it took him ten years to understand anarchy. Anarchists desired to overthrow the present form of government. He thought the present powers of the state would be destroyed when the people grew stronger. The state of anarchy would be unlimited commerce, but in which there should be communities of men, among whom wealth was equally distributed. There would be scientific schools, where both sexes would be educated in the same way. He believed in forces. The difficulty caused by capital will most likely end in revolution. "Our principle," he said, "is peaceably if we can, forcible if we must." He thought that in the coming revolution explosives will be used on both sides. Dynamite bombs are more effective than cannon.

A long dispute arose when Most was asked if he believed in a God who punished perjury. Most finally, in answer to the question whether he believed in a supreme being who punished those who give perjured testimony, said that he did not. He believed, however, that he would be punished here for perjury.

The prosecution offered in evidence the previous indictment of Most and the record of the trial and conviction, to show that the book on the "Art of Revolutionary Warfare" was not introduced in evidence on Most's trial. Mr. Howe objected, saying it had been introduced and excluded. Most said Recorder Smyth had bitterly referred to it and had really sentenced him on it. Both sides then announced that they had no more evidence to offer.

Judge Cowing limited the time of each side in summing up to one hour.

Mr. Howe said this was not a trial of John Most, but a trial to decide whether the liberty of free speech shall exist in this country.

District Attorney Nicoll said that when Most threatens an individual or a class he is liable under the statute. The only question was whether Most did so or not.

Judge Cowing, in his charge, said free speech does not mean that an individual has the right to slander his neighbor or to incite to riot. After going over the testimony carefully he said he failed to find anything in the speech of Most, as he gave it at the trial, that came within the statute.

The jury went out at 5:30 p. m., and returned at 10 p. m. with a verdict of guilty. The verdict created general surprise, as the prevailing impression had been that the evidence was insufficient. The judge's charge was also considered to be in Most's favor. It is supposed that the jury was influenced by Most's bad record as an agitator, and the fact of his many previous convictions on similar charges.

Mr. Howe moved for a new trial, and argument on the motion will be heard next Monday. Sentence was therefore deferred. Most will be locked up in the Tombs until the question of a new trial is decided.

On the first ballot the jury stood seven for acquittal and five for conviction. After several ballots it became one to one. Finally the six for acquittal gave in. It took three hours to change the first man from acquittal to conviction. The rest followed more rapidly.

In moving for a new trial Mr. Howe said he believed the evidence in regard to Most's having written the books on dynamite bombs had caused him adverse verdict. He thought the evidence improperly admitted. Mr. Howe privately intimates that he may move to set aside the verdict on the ground that one of the jurors spoke on Most's conduct, and asked witnesses questions showing that he was playing the part of a detective and not as a juror.

Most, when asked what he thought of the verdict, was calm, and merely said, "I would be so surprised at anything, because the majority of people do not understand our views. If the jury were better informed concerning us they would have brought in another verdict." Most considered the judge's charge very fair, and he thought the jury would have acquitted him if they had generally understood Mr. Howe's explanation of the law governing the case.

WE CANNOT INTERFERE.

Secretary Bayard Responds to Mayor Lowell's Request.

LOWELL, Mass., Nov. 30.—Mayor Abbott received Secretary Bayard's reply to his letter in the case of Cullen, of this city, arrested in London and dynamited. The secretary replies that the matter is in the hands of the authorities in the matter beyond the newspaper reports that Cullen and Hawkins have been arrested because they were in possession of dynamite bombs, and are charged with the laws of England. "The department has no authority to apply for a stay of proceedings pending investigations. The investigation is doubtless being conducted as fairly as usual, and except to secure a fair trial under the laws, the department would have no authority to interfere, except to prevent arbitrary treatment or a denial of justice to one of its citizens. No foreign government would be permitted to interfere otherwise in similar proceedings in the courts of this country.

ANOTHER AMERICAN CHAMPION.

Casey Defeats Lawlor for the World's Handball Championship.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The American and decisive game in the handball tournament in the international tournament between Philip Casey, of Brooklyn, and John Lawlor, of Dublin, was played in Casey's court in Brooklyn yesterday afternoon. The match was for the first eleven in twenty-one games. Lawlor had the advantage in having won six out of the ten played in Ireland, but, notwithstanding this he was the favorite in the betting at $100 to $60. Both men were in excellent condition and played at their best, but Lawlor could not win a game from Casey, the latter taking seven straight games. This gives the championship to Casey. Lawlor is dissatisfied, because he thinks he was hindered in the first game, and wants to arrange another match.

Reduced Telegraph Rates.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The Western Union Telegraph company announces the following reduction in telegraph rates, to take effect on Dec. 1 next: The maximum rate east of and including Montana, New Mexico and Texas will be reduced from $1 to seventy-five cents. Within the section east of the Mississippi river and north of Tennessee and North Carolina, the maximum rate will be reduced from seventy-five cents to fifty cents. Within the section south of and including Tennessee and north of the Mississippi river, the maximum rate will be reduced from sixty cents to fifty cents. The highest rates on the company's lines between extreme eastern and western points from 4,000 to 5,000 miles apart, will be $1.

The People who "Work" the Mails.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The report of Gen. West, chief postoffice inspector, shows that during the year 1,200 arrests were made by postoffice inspectors. Of the persons arrested 211 were postal employes and 562 were not connected with the service. Of the arrested persons 1,000 were convicted, 74 awaiting trial and the others variously disposed of. During the year 44,096 complaints of irregularities in the mails were made, where the letters contained money the report shows that nearly as much was recovered as was lost. There are now in the service 103 inspectors.

Gone Into Liquidation.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The well known firm of Brown, Wood & Kingman, dry goods commission merchants of New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, have gone into liquidation. The firm was one of the leading houses of the United States, doing a business of $12,000,000 to $14,000,000 a year. Notwithstanding this, it was supposed to have abundant capital for their immense trade. The principal places of business of the firm were at 58 Worth street, New York, and 31 Bedford street, Boston.

A Pennsylvania Educational Commission.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 30.—The governor has appointed as a commission to examine and make inquiry and report on the subject of industrial education in this state; George W. Atherton, president of the State college; A. H. Fetterwolf, Ph. D., president of Girard college; Nathan C. Schaffer, Ph. D.; Kutztown; George J. Luey, Pittsburg; Hon. Thomas Ross, Northampton. The governor's action is in pursuance of the joint resolution of the legislature approved May 19, 1885.

A Stay for Chicago's Boodlers.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—The appellate court has granted a supersedeas in the omnibus boodler case, in which ex-Commissioner Van Pelt, Wren, Varnell, Leyden and Ochs, now confined in the county jail, are defendants, and from the time of the execution of the sentence will, in consequence, be extended until the arguments on the errors claimed can be heard. It was the intention of Sheriff Matson to take the six "boodlers" to Joliet penitentiary this morning.

A Pioneer in the Mining Industry.

DETROIT, Nov. 30.—Wells Burt, one of the pioneers in the mining industry, died here yesterday. Mr. Burt was born near Buffalo in 1800, his father, Wm. A. Burt, inventor of the solar compass. When 21 years old Wells Burt, having lived then some years in the state with his father, was appointed United States deputy surveyor. He was a large holder of the stock of the Lake Superior Mining company, of the Peninsula Iron company and other corporations.

The Authors' Readings.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—The second day of readings by famous authors, in aid of the international copyright, was held at Chickering hall yesterday. The hall was crowded, principally by ladies, who enthusiastically applauded the authors. Selections from their works were read by James Russell Lowell, Richard Malcolm Johnston, George William Curtis, Thomas Nelson Page, W. D. Howells, Frank R. Stockton and Charles Dudley Warner.

Charged with Murder.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Nov. 30.—John Pawlyik, a young Hungarian, was arrested in this city yesterday and lodged in jail, charged with the murder of Wellen Gomyman named Frank Groszko, near Pottstown, last Thursday. Pawlyik had been a boarder in Groszko's home, and the latter had frequently quarreled with him, the cause jealousy of Pawlyik. He was found murdered near a railroad track Friday morning.

Tried to Board a Moving Train.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 30.—John Connolly, a produce dealer, residing at Fishers, was seriously and probably fatally injured in Pittsford yesterday afternoon while attempted to get on a moving train, and losing his footing was thrown beneath the wheels. Both feet were severed at the ankles and he was fractured. He has not yet regained consciousness, and his condition is regarded as extremely critical.

Judge Rapallo Still Very Weak.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Judge Rapallo's condition remains unchanged. Although allowed to sit up for some hours during the day in an invalid chair, he still continues very weak.

FERRY OR DE FREYCINET?

EITHER MAY BE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

M. Blowitz Predicts the Election of De Freycinet on the Second Ballot—Seven Years of Violence Should Ferry be Chosen.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—The news from France is here thought disquieting, though M. Blowitz predicts that M. de Freycinet will be elected president on the second ballot. Nobody ventures to doubt M. Blowitz's infallibility or prophetic inspiration. Still, there is a strong feeling that which M. Ferry might possibly step in. The Right may vote for him on the first ballot. They are not sague to support a man whom they regard as author of what they call the persecution of priests, but they may. If they do they will, assuming M. Blowitz's figures to be correct, assuredly elect him. The congress will consist of 600 members—300 Republicans and 300 Republicans. An absolute majority of the whole number, or 601, will be necessary for a election. M. Ferry can count on 330 Republicans on the first ballot.

There are three reasons why a coalition between the Ferryists and Royalists is not impossible. First, the Royalists are aware of being willing to play the role of Gen. Monk to the Comte de Paris' Charles II. His enemies believe him capable of betraying the republic for Royalty, and they believe the Radical opposition to him is violent enough to encourage the Moderates of all parties to support him, as the lesser of two evils. Third, the right are absolutely powerless unless they coalesce with one of the Republican groups. It is grossly improbable that M. de Freycinet, in the circumstances would make himself the tool of a Royalist restoration, but a bargain of some sort between him and the Royalists is not out of the question. The Radicals are certainly becoming alarmed. They attack M. Ferry with the utmost bitterness. Anarchists, Socialists, Communists and the mob of Paris openly threaten a revolution if M. Ferry is elected. Probably his election would be followed by a descent into the streets. The mob of Paris might in that case relearn the lesson taught them on the suppression of the Commune, which they now seem to have forgotten.

M. de Freycinet's election means a Clemenceau ministry, which is a scarecrow to the Moderates. Altogether the situation is so strained that efforts are making both openly and secretly to arrange that M. Grevy should remain. That, in the circumstances, is a desperate expedient. A Parisian writes: "Both sides have discovered that the recent manœuvres have broken both the letter and spirit of the constitution, and that the president henceforth can know no fixed term of office, but will be removable whenever a combination in the chamber refuses to supply him a cabinet."

PARIS, Nov. 30.—A number of members of the cabinet of deputies yesterday went to the palace of the Elysee and requested President Grevy not to resign.

The members of the Left will not attend the initial meeting of the Radicals, but will be present at the plenary gathering at Versailles to-morrow morning.

The Radicals are energetically oppose M. Ferry as a candidate for the presidency, and accuse him of bribery and corruption in the administration of affairs in Tunis and Tonquin.

M. Paul Deroulede, the leader of the Patriotic league, threatens to march to the palace of the Elysee at the head of fifty or sixty men if M. Ferry is elected, and prevent him from entering.

Death by Coal Gas.

HURON, D. T., Nov. 30.—Last Friday Mrs. John H. Gowan went away on a visit, leaving her husband and daughter alone. No signs of life being noticed, neighbors yesterday forced an entrance into the house and found the old man lying dead upon the bed. On the bed directly opposite side of the room lay the daughter, also showing signs of life. On the floor lay a dead cat. Death was caused by coal gas. The young girl cannot possibly recover.

Professional Cards.

DR. F. E. HENDRICKSON, DENTIST, Office, Room 13, First floor, Dr. E. W. Anderson; office, No. 13 East Front street. Gas administered.

B. FOSGATE, ARCHITECT, Plainfield, N. J. Park avenue, opposite depot. 8-28-3m

CHARLES H. SMITH, ARCHITECT, Rooms 9 and 10, Residence, Seventh street corner of Madison avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone Call 71.

CRAIG & MARSH, Counsellor at Law. Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Office corner Front and Somerset streets.

DR. CHAS. R. THEIRS, DENTIST, Over Second Front, Office hours 9 to 4. Local anæsthetic application for extracting teeth without pain. Gold filling a specialty.

ELECTRIC BATHS.
Dr. Ellis Hamilton is prepared to treat all nervous affections, uterine complaint, skin disease, sciatica, rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, constipation and chronic diseases generally, by electricity and electric baths. Consultation free. Lady attendant for the ladies. 61 East Second street, corner of Washington street.

F. A. DUNHAM,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, No. 7 Park avenue. Civil Engineering in all its branches studied in with promptness. Parties sent to all parts of the country. Residence corner of Fifth and Sycamore streets.

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors at Law. Commissioners of Deeds. Masters in Chancery. Notaries Public. Office, Court House, Park avenue and Second street.

J. H. FERSTER,
Veterinary Surgeon. Office in Laing's old stand, Front street, between Park and Madison avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Day and night calls promptly attended. Telephone Call No. 18. Constitution on diseases of all domesticated animals. Residence 72 East Fifth street.

OSCAR S. TEALL,
Architect, 287 Broadway, New York city, rooms 22 and 38. Specifications and Tenders' Bank Blanks constantly on hand. Plainfield N. J.

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
Successor to Dr. E. W. South, 16 Front street, Plainfield, N. J. Office hours 7 to 8 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m.

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Large, New and choice assortment of Fancy China and Bric-a-Brac, Artistic Glassware, Art Pottery, Elegant Lamps.

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Successor to Hanchett & Sparks
GROCERS,
CORNER OF FIFTH ST. AND BROADWAY

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no paper labels used as it don't benefit the bread, but first class material which makes it unequaled in quality.

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and be convinced.

All kinds of fancy cakes made to order and a full assortment of confectionery. Trade of first-class material only. Thankful for past favors we solicit a continuance of same.

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NO. 27 WEST FRONT

FOR BARGAINS
in the new and second-hand
House Furnishing
GOODS
and for
FIRST-CLASS CABINET WORK
and
UPHOLSTERING
call at the new store of

J. S. POWLISON,
56 WEST FRONT STREET.

CRUSHED STONE,
500 Tons of a very fine grade of Crushed Stone, second size at
Chase's Cracker,
Johnston's Drive. Will be sold at a very low figure if moved this week. No reasonable offer refused. Address P. O. Box 856.

Crushed Stone,
60, 70 & 80 Cents.
May now be bought at Chase's Cracker on Johnston's Drive in three sizes.

For Bargains in PIANOS, ORGANS, etc. Call before you buy at
A. VANDERBEEK, 29 PARK AVE.
PIANOS TUNED.

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES,
for
BOYS, GIRLS AND EVERYBODY
ALL SIZES AND PRICES. HOLIDAY GOODS.
J. P. LAIRE & CO.

Misses' and Children's SPRING HEEL SHOES, all sizes and widths from 25c to $2.50.
Doane & VanArsdale
22 [illegible] East Front street.

TIERRA DEL FUEGO,

AND THE INDIANS OF THAT FAR AWAY ISLAND.

Reports from Consul Baker of Interest to All Who Care for Anthropological Studies—The Yahgan and the Ona Indians—Much Curious Information.

The state department at Washington, writes F. G. Carpenter, lately received a report from Consul Baker, who represents this government at Buenos Ayres, in regard to the inhabitants of Tierra del Fuego. This country comprises the islands lying south of the Straits of Magellan, and is perhaps as little known as any land on the face of the globe. During the last few years explorations have been made of it, however, by the government of the Argentine Republic, and Consul Baker has gathered a large amount of valuable information from reports to that country. He says that the climate is more moderate than that of Canada, that part of the country contains great quantities of gold, and that it is full of beautiful scenery. The country is about as big as Kansas in area and its width is about 350 miles. It has mountains, lakes and rivers, and it is by no means the region of perpetual snow that it has been supposed to be.

The consul sends some sketches of the inhabitants, and these sketches are reproduced for this article. He says the inhabitants are of two classes, and that they are the most barbarous of savages. The

YAHGAN INDIANS.

Yahgans, or southern tribes, are not cannibals, as has been supposed, and they do not eat meat which is not cooked. They are chiefly fishers and hunters, and the women among them are the best of swimmers. The woman has the right to sell all the girls in the catches sheets that required for her family, and they are said to be good cooks, though they never know anything about boiling their food until they had had no vessels in which they could do so. They do not intermarry with blood relatives, and the men have one, two or three wives, according to their circumstances. They are great quarrelers among themselves, and they are both crafty and treacherous. Having no fixed principle they are governed entirely by their desires and passions. Tattooing is unknown but the girls paint their faces for fashion and the men for mourning. They are fond of each other's company, and, sitting around the fires of their huts or wigwams, they are very jovial over their meals. When they have satisfied their hunger in the amplest manner—for they generally have an abundance of food—they indulge in the most animated conversation and in the most excessive demonstrations of joy. Their laughter is natural and hearty, but it is sometimes so excessive and boisterous as to drive a serious person quite frantic.

These Indians are not nearly so fine looking as the Onas, who inhabit the northern part of Tierra del Fuego. They are tall, strong and muscular, and their height is often over six feet. There are only three tribes of them, and they are chiefly hunters. The men do the hunting, while the women do the heavy work and carry the burdens. Their skin is of a clear copper color, and it is soft and oily to the touch. Their dark, lusterless, woolly hair falls in tufts around a large forehead close in the top of the head. The face is oval shaped, the forehead narrow, the eyebrows slightly arched and the cheek bones prominent. They have small mouths, full lips, teeth and aquiline noses. They do not have any beard to speak of and their shoulders are broad and their chests well developed. Popper, who explored the island for the Argentine Republic, speaks of them as follows: "The bulky hands of the Onas contain short fingers, which terminate in flat, square nails. The general gait of these Indians is heavy. The dimensions of the extremities vary very much, according to the time at which he has taken his Fuegian meal. In the lower parts of the body nature has been less prodigal. The legs, although straight and strong, are not in proportion to the body, the calves are meager, terminating in ill-defined lines, and the feet are of moderate size. Notwithstanding the rough and severe climate which prevails, the inhabitants use no other clothing than a cloak or poncho of guanaco skins, and they generally live in tents, the sides of which are made of a couple of poles on the windy side, over which skins are stretched and can be banked. The only decoration I observed on the women is a bracelet of perforated shells. It is quite impossible to distinguish the females from the males by their dress, though they exhibit but little modesty in exposing their persons."

"The Onas are extremely nimble. Being obliged to hunt the guanacos on foot, they acquire the habit of running with indefatigable swiftness. Through curiosity I measured the tracks left in the sand by

FAMILY OF ONA INDIANS.

an Indian who fled before us, and the length of each step was nearly two meters. The women are also the best I have seen them inflict on themselves, and which perhaps are connected with some superstitious belief, denote strength of mind, and lead me to the conviction that these aborigines can, without much suffering, bear fatigue, cold, hunger and every species of painful impression.

"With regard to the intellectual faculties of the Onas, they cannot be much developed, if we may judge by the primitive implements they use in their everyday life. Their tools, for the most part, consist of pieces of iron, taken from some vessel that was wrecked, wrapped up and tied to pieces of wood by leather thongs. For digging up the ground they use the shoulder blade of the guanaco, and the only water vessels they have are large marine shells, scallop or trumpet shaped. They have no canoes nor do they devote themselves to fishing. They only pick up the fish cast on shore when the heavy tides run out. Some intellectual effort is remarked in the construction of arrows and bows. The former are beautifully finished and evenly pointed with sharpened stones or pieces of glass picked up on the shore. The bows are made of the staves, which are so interwoven as to be at the same time strong and flexible. A cord made of guanaco sinew, placed across the opening of the bow, serves as a handle. To catch birds, they use traps made of thin and flexible whalebone, in the form of a noose, which, being hidden in the grass, answer the same purpose as the well known wooden trap for catching partridges and other game.

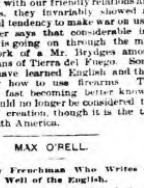
"During the course of the expedition I tried to enter into friendly relations with the Onas whom I met, but, I am sorry to say, without any success. Instead of corresponding with our friendly relations and dispositions, they invariably showed an undisguised tendency to make war on us."

Mr. Baker says that considerable improvement is going on through the missionary work of a Mr. Bridges among these Indians of Tierra del Fuego. Some of them have learned English and they know now how to use firearms. The country is fast becoming better known, and it should no longer be considered the tail end of creation, though it is the tail end of South America.

MAX O'RELL.

The Witty Frenchman Who Writes So Well of the English.

"Max O'Rell" is in the United States and has already begun to write. Not much in that announcement, the average reader may think, but Max O'Rell is just now considered by the critics the coming man in humorous literature of the higher order. Only three years ago he was an unknown teacher of French in St. Paul's school, London, plodding out his income by occasional London letters to the Paris press. In his London work he obtained an insight into the



MAX O'RELL.

habits of British manners and methods greater than that possessed by any recent writer from another country since the days of Voltaire, and, pressed into the service of a Parisian publication, he wrote "John Bull and His Island," which captured the reading public as it were, by storm. It was full of satire and cutting wit, and was savagely abused by the Paris correspondents of the British press, but when translated and put in the hands of the British people it spread at once into great popularity. He also wrote "Dear the Boys," a humorous account of his experience in writing "John Bull's Womankind." "The Dear Neighbors," and "Land of the Moonseer," all noted for happy description of local and national character. As a result he is famous and comes to America to lecture and gather material for more sketches.

Of Paul Déroulède, much is his true name—who was born in Brittany in 1848, was colonel for a soldier in Paris, obtained a prize at the Sorbonne and was made an officer of the legion of honor before he entered the army. His first campaign was against the Germans, who captured him at Sedan, he remained in prison to serve against the Paris commune, in which service he received a wound in the arm which incapacitated him for the army and he was retired on pension. He went to London to try and at journalism, but became a and married an educated English lady, who survived him by but a short time. He speaks English with unusual clearness and fluency, and the slight accent noticeable in his lectures adds to their interest. He is a poet also. His nom de plume is the result of a pleasant romance. His grandfather, Max Blonet, was a surgeon in the army of the great Napoleon, was captured and held some time in London, where he fell in love with a beautiful English girl named Déroulède, whom he married as soon as released. Their grandson combined their names for his nom de plume. He is thus almost as much Irish as French, in which will rather add to his popularity in America. He has one complaint to make at the start, that as irresponsible American publisher has undertook to vile a translation of one of his books as to make him ridiculous, and give the impression that his works are obscene. He dwells on the peculiar differences between the French and English, the characteristics of the Scotch and other topics. He is but 39 years old, in the vigor of manhood and may look forward to many years of good work.

Tyranny of Morocco's Sultan.

Morocco is behind the times, a thousand years behind in methods and morals. The people have no rights that the sultan is bound to respect. The latter's subjects are his property that his majesty desires it is taken from him without a moment's warning. If the luckless possessor of a good farm or a handsome horse is not willing to relinquish it at the first intimation that the sultan would be pleased with it, he is arrested on some fictitious seven sation, put in irons, and at any rate whipped till he turns the desired property over to the imperial rascal, when he is allowed to go his way a beggared man, and in all probability a cripple for life.

So keen is the scent of the emperor and his officers after property of every kind that his subjects are literally compelled to live in a state of apparent poverty, abstaining from the luxuries of life not only, but even from its comforts, unless they can manage to secure the protection of some foreign power through its consul, or ally themselves in trade with some foreigner that even the sultan will not dare to use high handed measures. Thus the merchants of Tangier, whose bazars are full of tempting fabrics, act as the resident agents of some foreign house, or else are under the protection of one of the foreign consuls, each of whom is entitled by law to a certain number of protégés or clients, among the native subjects, whose goods are thus protected from seizure.—Joseph T. Alling in Cosmopolitan.

WIVES IN THE CITY.

LITTLE REDRESS FOR WOMEN DESERTED BY THEIR HUSBANDS.

Marital Troubles Brought to Light in the Police Courts of New York City—Choice Between Pauperism and Starvation. Delinquent Husbands.

Men tired of their wives simply stores than a fair share of the time and attention of the police magistrates, and the latter, very little redress for women deserted by their husbands. Before a magistrate can interfere at all in behalf of the woman she is obliged to appear in the courtroom in search of charity and correction for a requisition to the magistrate in the district in which she resides. This requisition empowers, or rather orders, the magistrate before whom a warrant for the arrest of the delinquent husband. Before obtaining this order on the magistrate the applicant is obliged to swear that she is without means of support, and that she will be obliged to call on the city to support her if her husband is not compelled to provide for her. If she asks for the full measure of life she will not get them, because, having secured the arrest of her husband, she merely occupies the position of a witness in the police court. She has to swear that she will have to be supported by the city if the city does not compel her husband to provide for her; therefore the city may say, without any success, instead of corresponding with our friendly relations and dispositions, they invariably showed an undisguised tendency to make war on us."

Mr. Baker says that considerable improvement is going on through the missionary work of a Mr. Bridges among these Indians of Tierra del Fuego. Some of them have learned English and they know now how to use firearms. The country is fast becoming better known, and it should no longer be considered the tail end of creation, though it is the tail end of South America.

MAX O'RELL.

The Witty Frenchman Who Writes So Well of the English.

"Max O'Rell" is in the United States and has already begun to write. Not much in that announcement, the average reader may think, but Max O'Rell is just now considered by the critics the coming man in humorous literature of the higher order. Only three years ago he was an unknown teacher of French in St. Paul's school, London, plodding out his income by occasional London letters to the Paris press. In his London work he obtained an insight into the habits of British manners and methods greater than that possessed by any recent writer from another country since the days of Voltaire, and, pressed into the service of a Parisian publication, he wrote "John Bull and His Island," which captured the reading public as it were, by storm. It was full of satire and cutting wit, and was savagely abused by the Paris correspondents of the British press, but when translated and put in the hands of the British people it spread at once into great popularity. He also wrote "Dear the Boys," a humorous account of his experience in writing "John Bull's Womankind." "The Dear Neighbors," and "Land of the Moonseer," all noted for happy description of local and national character. As a result he is famous and comes to America to lecture and gather material for more sketches.

Of Paul Déroulède, much is his true name—who was born in Brittany in 1848, was colonel for a soldier in Paris, obtained a prize at the Sorbonne and was made an officer of the legion of honor before he entered the army. His first campaign was against the Germans, who captured him at Sedan, he remained in prison to serve against the Paris commune, in which service he received a wound in the arm which incapacitated him for the army and he was retired on pension. He went to London to try and at journalism, but became a and married an educated English lady, who survived him by but a short time. He speaks English with unusual clearness and fluency, and the slight accent noticeable in his lectures adds to their interest. He is a poet also. His nom de plume is the result of a pleasant romance. His grandfather, Max Blonet, was a surgeon in the army of the great Napoleon, was captured and held some time in London, where he fell in love with a beautiful English girl named Déroulède, whom he married as soon as released. Their grandson combined their names for his nom de plume. He is thus almost as much Irish as French, in which will rather add to his popularity in America. He has one complaint to make at the start, that an irresponsible American publisher has undertook to vile a translation of one of his books as to make him ridiculous, and give the impression that his works are obscene. He dwells on the peculiar differences between the French and English, the characteristics of the Scotch and other topics. He is but 39 years old, in the vigor of manhood and may look forward to many years of good work.

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A METHODIST CENTENNIAL.

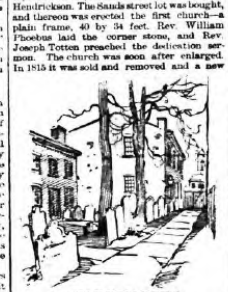
New Brooklyn Followers of Wesley Have Been Celebrating.

The Methodists of Brooklyn, assisted by many visitors from other places, have devoted a week to celebrating the centennial of Methodism in that city. There have been services in turn at all the churches, beginning with the old Sands street church, which is affectionately called the mother of all, for

SANDS STREET CHURCH.

on that ground the first Methodist sermon in Brooklyn was preached 100 years ago. It does not seem a sacred place now. The passenger on the Brooklyn end of the great New York and Brooklyn bridge looks down into it as he comes footway and the walls of the Sands' school building are directly over part of the graves, cutting family burial plots in two. Yet a few of the tombstones are still legible—the oldest that of Hannah, wife of Burdette Stryker, who died Aug. 1, 1797. The dates range thence to 1854.

Philip Embury, an Irishman who landed at New York in 1766, is considered the pioneer of Brooklyn Methodism. He preached in John street, New York, and as many of his congregation lived in Brooklyn he crossed to visit them; and in 1768 Thomas Webb, an officer in the British army, organized a class and held meetings on the east side of Front street. Finally, in 1787, Woolman Hickson preached the first regular sermon, standing on a table in the open air where the Sands street church now stands. Then Porter Cannon, an enthusiastic old Methodist, gave the use of his cooper shop near by, and in that the society grew slowly. In May, 1794, the Methodist Church of Brooklyn was organized with these trustees. John Garrison, Thomas Van Pelt, Burkett Stryker, Isaac Mures, Richard Everett and Stephen Hendrickson. The Sands street lot was bought, and thereon was erected the first church—a plain frame, 40 by 54 feet. Rev. William Phoebus laid the corner stone, and Rev. Joseph Totten preached the dedication sermon. The church was soon after enlarged. In 1815 it was sold and removed and a new



SANDS STREET CEMETERY.

one built; it was again removed and a much finer one built, and that was destroyed by fire, giving place to the present brick edifice. This is rather an elegant structure, with seating capacity for 1,200 persons. It is heated by steam and well ventilated; for it is a delight to the antiquarian and the sentimentalist. To the right of the pulpit is a memorial tablet to Rev. Joseph Harper, of Harper Brothers, who died in 1870. On the other side is one to the noted Moses F. Odell, who died in 1866. But on the north wall is a tablet interesting to Methodists all the world, with inscription beginning thus:

Sacred to the memory of
Rev. John Summerfield, A. M.
Ætat 27.

A preacher of the Methodist connection Born in England; born again in Ireland By the first, a child of grace; by the second, a child of God.

The rest details his life. It seems incredible that this noted man should have died at the early age of 27, in 1825. He left a reputation for eloquence seldom equaled. His remains have been removed to Woodlawn cemetery since the neighborhood became such a busy one, and now the old church must be removed to make room for the bridge extension and approaches thereto; so the late services there were in the nature of a farewell meeting.

The centennial services began in the old mother church on Sunday, the 12th, with morning sermon by Rev. Dr. Foster, of Drew colors. They have no equal for Strength, seminary, and evening by Rev. Dr. Alexander McLean. For the rest of the week there were successive services morning and evening at the other Sands street churches. Brooklyn now has fifty-five Methodist churches, with a total membership of 14,361. The colored Methodists of New York also held centennial exercises during an Sweeney hall. They included music by Blind Tom and an interesting address by Rev. W. B. Pearson, the first colored missionary. He is a native of Jamaica, has studied and lived in England, served long on the Congo and translated part of the Bible into the native Feotte tongue.

The Literary Calendar Still Lives.

The literary calendar continues its perennial and baneful career. Holmes, Whittier, Longfellow, Bryant, Emerson, Lowell and other representatives of the Boston mythology have been gone over anew, and new selects as from their many sayings have been compiled, each having some one of 365 dates attached. The amount of trouble that these things cause in otherwise happy homes will be greater than ever, for they are widely bought by thoughtless people. Humanity is prone to err. Errors seem to be a prominent part of its destiny. When a man somewhat feverish from a heavy supper over night or a woman immersed to the curve of her chin in the frivolities of society awakens in the morning and cannot discover in the whole list of the year's writings a line having a choicely pointed rebuke plunged into the depths of his or her consciousness, life ceases largely to be an illusion.—New York Times.

WALL PAPERS.

G. F. & C. E. Brown

WALL PAPER.

WINDOW SHADES,

INTERIOR DECORATIONS

28 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK.

PEARSON & GAYLE.

Carpenters & Builders

P. O. BOX 1461.

W. J. Pearson, Vine street, near Emily street.
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All Work Promptly Attended to.

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LARGE JUMBO COVERED TRUCKS.

Warranted to give satisfaction. Goods delivered to any part of the United States.

Second-hand Furniture bought and sold.

48 WEST FRONT STREET.

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Fire Association of Philadelphia, Liverpool London and Globe of England, Westchester of New York, Northern Union of England, North British Mercantile of England; The Northern of England, The Queen of England; The Merchants of Newark; The Washington Life of New York and other equally good companies and procures insurance at best rates, has

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on approved security and has bargains in

REAL ESTATE

Office Berry's Building, corner of Front street and Park avenue. Residence cor. E. Second St.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY YOUR

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at

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FOUNDRY

and

MACHINE SHOP

corner of Third and Richmond streets. Established April 1886. We are prepared to furnish at short notice, Castings for machinery bridges building columns, girders, sewer and well covers, grate bars, furnace pots, stove grates, tailor's slugs, iron railing and various other kinds of castings. Many of the above are carried in stock. We have a large variety of patterns and are prepared to furnish drawings and prices for any castings that may be called for. New machinery built by the day or on contract. Jobbing in machinery repairs, etc.

H. KNYON

Special Notices.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of Bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the article contains, or does not contain, what it will treat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose—in fact experience seldom equaled. His remains have been removed to Woodlawn cemetery since the neighborhood became such a busy one, and now the old church must be removed to make room for the bridge extension and approaches thereto; so the late services there were in the nature of a farewell meeting.

CHOICE CUT FLOWERS,

Fresh every day. Designs for weddings, parties and funerals. Made up at short notice in the latest styles of art. Miss A. E. Lincoln, Park avenue, opposite North avenue.

LADIES

Do Your own dyeing, at home, with Peerless Dyes. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. 10c. a package. Best colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness and Fastness. Ask Druggist for Fastness of Color, or non-fadine qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by R. J. Shaw, druggist, Plainfield, N. J. 3-17-tf

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dealer in

FLOUR AND FEED,

NORTH AVENUE, OPP. DEPOT.

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BEST FLOUR.

This uniformly graded and reliable flour becoming popular and deserves the confidence of every household.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

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The City Pharmacy is now the place to select

Choice Perfumes

and Toilet Requisites. We have Vichy and and Carbonic Acid Water in our new latest style siphons.

The City Pharmacy will be open Sunday's for COMPOUNDING DRUGS and the SALE OF MEDICINES

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Window Glass

Paints, White Lead, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes Wall Paper, etc.

E. M. ADAMS,

16 PARK AVENUE

Fimerson & Coyne,

have opened a store at

16 East Front St.

where they will welcome their friends and all others desiring their services as first-class

Merchant Tailors,

to examine their fine line of samples, which they make up to order, at prices which will be found exceedingly reasonable.

PARK HOUSE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Newly furnished and renovated. First-class in every particular. Under entire new management. Apply early for choice rooms. Special arrangements may be made for parties desiring table board, and storage weather to be transferred to and from the Hotel.

Terms reasonable.

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CENTRAL AND COMFORTABLE is the

CITY HOTEL,

Corner of Park avenue and Second Street, only three minutes from the depot.

J. H. Staats, Prop'r.

GOOD Accommodations.

PRIZE FIGHT.

THREE CORNERED; between

GENERAL N. DEBILITY of everywhere.

OLD DYSPEPSIA of Pletown.

and

NERVE F. TONIC of Plainfield.

BOTTLES(admitting holder to the contest) 50c of all Druggists and Grocers.

Carl Kaerth, Referee.

Educational.

MISS. MEYER

of 60 Pearl street will open a school for fancy sewing, crocheting and ladies handiwork, on Oct. 1st. All ladies and children desiring to obtain instruction will please call at the above address for terms. Samples of work can be seen at Edsall's on West Front street. 9 13 2m

MISS NETTIE MATTISON,

Teacher of Piano. Gives dances either at her home or at residence. Liberal terms to classes. Best of references. P. O. Box 1088.

ELOCUTION.

Instruction in Elocution, class or private lessons. For terms address Mrs. Alberti, P. O. Box 1089.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Miss Steiner and Miss Newton's, School for Girls on LaGrande avenue, corner of Washington street. For particulars address P. O. Box 805, Plainfield.

COOK'S FRUIT STORE,

18 PARK AVENUE.

Fruits of all kinds.

Also a Large Assortment of CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO, Etc.

CENTRAL R. R

OF NEW JERSEY

Time in New York, foot of Liberty st. Time-table in effect Nov 21 1887.

Plainfield and New York.

Leave Plainfield at 5.07, 5.45, 6.30, 6.59, 7.36, 7.58, 8.05, 8.19, 8.40, 9.05, 11.11, 11.17, 11.44, 12.05, 12.36, 1.21, 2.15, 3.13, 4.13, 4.43, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.56, 7.43, 9.30 (via Lehigh), 11.30 p. m. Sunday 5.07, 5.45, 8.30, 9.45, 11.11, 11.17, 12.05, 1.21, 3.13, 4.13, 5.32, 6.05, 6.32, 6.56, 7.43, 9.30 (via Lehigh), 11.30 p. m.

Leave New York, foot of Liberty st. 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 9.30, 10.00, 10.30, 11.00, 11.30, 12.00, 12.30, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30,

STORIES OF MEN.

Dr. Bryant's Joke Upon a Teller of Old Stories.

Dr. Bryant, who accompanied President Cleveland on his recent tour through the west and south, is a veracious man, who never jokes and never uses slang. One day the doctor was walking through the woods on the Belle-Meade farm, near Nashville, with Gen. Hagan, a Kentuckian, who is known far and wide as a very successful raconteur. The general was in particularly high spirits that day, and stories ran out of him like sap out of a sugar maple.

At the end of one especially good story the doctor, who did not seem to be much pricked by the point of it, could not help but at the time, which he had been some time examining, and said:

"General, you raise a good many chestnuts here, don't you?"

All the rest of the day the doctor was ordered why Gen. Hagan told no more stories. —Chicago News.

Elihu Washburne, Sr., and Jr.

Elihu B. Washburne, jr., who was called home by the ill-health of his distinguished father from the college he had been attending at Kingston, N. Y., told those to whom he is a friend at the Gotham hotel, New York: The ex-minister was not seriously ailing in appreciation of Amer an humor. From the time he was reached in the old oak cradle at Livermore he has the personal faculty of failed with the utmost facility to appreciate Yankee wit. Last summer Elihu, jr., spent some weeks with his father at the old homestead in Maine. During the collegiate year the young man had not failed to draw on his father for funds. As the old gentleman was counting out the money and satisfactorily parting with the purse of youth to make money fly upward, like the sparks, Elihu, jr., crowed by in the ball singing in a fine baritone:

The fifteen-I Cars
In my inside pocket,

whereat the elder lost no time in answering, in the same measure, but with a slightly sarcastic variation:

Some when Elihu,
Some when!

—Chicago Herald.

NOVEMBER WEATHER PROVERBS.

As November 21, so the whole winter.

As November, so the following March.

Thunder in November indicates a fertile year to come.

As the wind is in the month of November so it will be December.

As at st, Catharine's (25th) foul or fair, so will be the next February.

When in November the wat r is low it will show so all the whole winter.

If the general Michaelmas day at mi ter ... ow is in time of Christmas day.

If the st. Martin (11th) be fair, dry and clear, the coming winter will not be long.

If there be ice in November that will bear a duck, the same will be nothing thereafter thin sheet of ice.

If the last of the fruit and grapes remain on the vine until Old Christmas day, a cold winter may be expected.—Whittaker's Shipping List.

CREATION'S LOWER ORDERS.

Capt. Bauldry, of New Bedford, this year killed thirty-five whales and secured 2,500 barrels of oil and 48,000 pounds of bone.

Snakes are fed long with bright red rings around their necks are reported to have been seen in sweet corn in Farm near Lenoxdale, Mass.

A Philadelphian was the owner of a pet cow that died recently at the age of 31. He claims that it was the longest lived cow on record.

At Bar Harbor, Me., Charles Smith shot a blue heron that measured 6 feet 2 inches in length and 7 feet 6 inches from tip to tip. A search revealed the remains of a pout, a pout, a pout,